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Subscriber Access Configuration Guide

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About This Guide

This preface provides the following guidelines for using the *Junos[®] OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide*:

- [JUNOS Documentation and Release Notes on page lvii](#)
- [Objectives on page lviii](#)
- [Audience on page lviii](#)
- [Supported Routing Platforms on page lix](#)
- [Using the Indexes on page lix](#)
- [Using the Examples in This Manual on page lix](#)
- [Documentation Conventions on page lx](#)
- [Documentation Feedback on page lxii](#)
- [Requesting Technical Support on page lxii](#)

JUNOS Documentation and Release Notes

For a list of related JUNOS documentation, see <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/software/junos/>.

If the information in the latest release notes differs from the information in the documentation, follow the *JUNOS Release Notes*.

To obtain the most current version of all Juniper Networks[®] technical documentation, see the product documentation page on the Juniper Networks website at <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/>.

Juniper Networks supports a technical book program to publish books by Juniper Networks engineers and subject matter experts with book publishers around the world. These books go beyond the technical documentation to explore the nuances of network architecture, deployment, and administration using the Junos operating system (Junos OS) and Juniper Networks devices. In addition, the Juniper Networks Technical Library, published in conjunction with O'Reilly Media, explores improving network security, reliability, and availability using Junos OS configuration techniques. All the books are for sale at technical bookstores and book outlets around the world. The current list can be viewed at <http://www.juniper.net/books>.

Objectives

This guide provides an overview of the subscriber access management features of the Junos OS and describes how to configure and manage remote subscriber access on the routing platform.



NOTE: For additional information about Junos OS—either corrections to or information that might have been omitted from this guide—see the software release notes at <http://www.juniper.net>.

Audience

This guide is designed for network administrators who are configuring and monitoring Juniper Networks MX Series Ethernet Services Routers.

To use this guide, you need a broad understanding of networks in general, the Internet in particular, networking principles, and network configuration. You must also be familiar with one or more of the following Internet routing protocols:

- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
- Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP)
- Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)
- Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) router discovery
- Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)
- Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
- Protocol-Independent Multicast (PIM)
- Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP)
- Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Personnel operating the equipment must be trained and competent; must not conduct themselves in a careless, willfully negligent, or hostile manner; and must abide by the instructions provided by the documentation.

Supported Routing Platforms

For the features described in this manual, the Junos OS currently supports the following routing platforms:

- MX Series routers

Using the Indexes

This reference contains two indexes: a complete index that includes topic entries, and an index of statements and commands only.

In the index of statements and commands, an entry refers to a statement summary section only. In the complete index, the entry for a configuration statement or command contains at least two parts:

- The primary entry refers to the statement summary section.
- The secondary entry, usage guidelines, refers to the section in a configuration guidelines chapter that describes how to use the statement or command.

Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming configuration into the current candidate configuration. The example does not become active until you commit the candidate configuration.

If the example configuration contains the top level of the hierarchy (or multiple hierarchies), the example is a *full example*. In this case, use the **load merge** command.

If the example configuration does not start at the top level of the hierarchy, the example is a *snippet*. In this case, use the **load merge relative** command. These procedures are described in the following sections.

Merging a Full Example

To merge a full example, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration example into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following configuration to a file and name the file **ex-script.conf**. Copy the **ex-script.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
system {
  scripts {
    commit {
      file ex-script.xml;
    }
  }
}
```

```
}
interfaces {
  fxp0 {
    disable;
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.0.0.1/24;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

2. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge** configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# load merge /var/tmp/ex-script.conf
load complete
```

Merging a Snippet

To merge a snippet, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration snippet into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following snippet to a file and name the file **ex-script-snippet.conf**. Copy the **ex-script-snippet.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
commit {
  file ex-script-snippet.xml; }
```

2. Move to the hierarchy level that is relevant for this snippet by issuing the following configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system scripts
[edit system scripts]
```

3. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge relative** configuration mode command:

```
[edit system scripts]
user@host# load merge relative /var/tmp/ex-script-snippet.conf
load complete
```

For more information about the **load** command, see the [Junos OS CLI User Guide](#).

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page [lx](#) defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons





Icon	Meaning	Description
	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.

Table 2 on page lxi defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

Convention	Description	Examples
Bold text like this	Represents text that you type.	To enter configuration mode, type the configure command: user@host> configure
Fixed-width text like this	Represents output that appears on the terminal screen.	user@host> show chassis alarms No alarms currently active
<i>Italic text like this</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduces important new terms. Identifies book names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A policy <i>term</i> is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions. <i>Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide</i> RFC 1997, <i>BGP Communities Attribute</i>
<i>Italic text like this</i>	Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements.	Configure the machine's domain name: [edit] root@# set system domain-name <i>domain-name</i>
Text like this	Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; interface names; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level. The console port is labeled CONSOLE.
< > (angle brackets)	Enclose optional keywords or variables.	stub <default-metric <i>metric</i> >;

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (*continued*)

Convention	Description	Examples
(pipe symbol)	Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity.	broadcast multicast <i>(string1 string2 string3)</i>
# (pound sign)	Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies.	rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS only
[] (square brackets)	Enclose a variable for which you can substitute one or more values.	community name members [community-ids]
Indentation and braces ({ })	Identify a level in the configuration hierarchy.	[edit] routing-options { static { route default { nexthop <i>address</i> ; retain; } } }
;(semicolon)	Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level.	
J-Web GUI Conventions		
Bold text like this	Represents J-Web graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces. To cancel the configuration, click Cancel.
> (bold right angle bracket)	Separates levels in a hierarchy of J-Web selections.	In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols>Ospf .

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can send your comments to techpubs-comments@juniper.net, or fill out the documentation feedback form at <https://www.juniper.net/cgi-bin/docbugreport/>. If you are using e-mail, be sure to include the following information with your comments:

- Document or topic name
- URL or page number
- Software release version (if applicable)

Requesting Technical Support

Technical product support is available through the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC). If you are a customer with an active J-Care or JNASC support contract,

or are covered under warranty, and need postsales technical support, you can access our tools and resources online or open a case with JTAC.

- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the JTAC User Guide located at <http://www.juniper.net/us/en/local/pdf/resource-guides/7100059-en.pdf> .
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit <http://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/> .
- JTAC Hours of Operation —The JTAC centers have resources available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

For quick and easy problem resolution, Juniper Networks has designed an online self-service portal called the Customer Support Center (CSC) that provides you with the following features:

- Find CSC offerings: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/support/>
- Find product documentation: <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/>
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: <http://kb.juniper.net/>
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/>
- Search technical bulletins for relevant hardware and software notifications: <https://www.juniper.net/alerts/>
- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: <http://www.juniper.net/company/communities/>
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: <http://www.juniper.net/cm/>

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: <https://tools.juniper.net/SerialNumberEntitlementSearch/>

Opening a Case with JTAC

You can open a case with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at <http://www.juniper.net/cm/> .
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, visit us at <http://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html>

PART 1

Managing Access Networks

- [Subscriber Access Overview on page 3](#)

CHAPTER 1

Subscriber Access Overview

- [Subscriber Access Overview on page 3](#)
- [Subscriber Access Environment on page 4](#)
- [Relationship Between Subscribers and Interfaces in an Access Network on page 5](#)
- [Subscriber Access Support Considerations on page 5](#)
- [Subscriber Access Licensing Overview on page 6](#)
- [Subscriber Management Unified ISSU Support on page 7](#)
- [Verifying and Monitoring Subscriber Management Unified ISSU State on page 8](#)
- [Subscriber Access Operation Flow Using DHCP Relay on page 8](#)
- [Subscriber Activation and Service Management in an Access Network on page 9](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Access on page 10](#)
- [Collecting Subscriber Access Logs Before Contacting Juniper Technical Support on page 13](#)

Subscriber Access Overview

The Juniper Networks Junos OS subscriber access feature provides subscriber access, authentication, and service creation, activation, and deactivation. You can also collect accounting information and statistics for subscriber service sessions.

The subscriber access feature supports both CLI and AAA-based configuration (such as RADIUS) for subscribers. Access and services start when the router receives a message from a client (such as a DHCP discover message). For RADIUS clients, RADIUS Access-Accept messages and Change-of-Authorization-Request (CoA-Request) messages can create, modify, and delete subscriber sessions as well as activate and deactivate service sessions. You can use CLI commands to create a dynamic profile, which acts as a template of user attributes.

A subscriber service is based on the combination of a defined dynamic profile and attributes configured through authentication. Dynamic profiles can include dynamic firewall filters, class-of-service (CoS) settings, and protocol (IGMP) settings that define access limits for subscribers and the scope of a service granted to the subscriber after access is obtained.

The subscriber access feature provides the following convenience and flexibility to service providers and subscribers:

- Service providers can separate services and access technology and eliminate unprofitable flat-rate billing. They gain the ability to efficiently design, manage, and deliver services that subscribers want, and then bill subscribers based on connect time, bandwidth, and the actual service used.
- Subscribers benefit by gaining access to multiple simultaneous services. Depending on the service provider configuration, subscribers can dynamically connect to and disconnect from various services when they want and for however long they want. Subscribers can be billed based on the service level and usage, rather than being charged a set rate regardless of usage.

Subscriber Access Terms and Acronyms

[Table 3 on page 4](#) defines terms and acronyms that are used in this discussion of subscriber access.

Table 3: Subscriber Access Terms and Acronyms

Term	Definition
AAA method for subscriber authentication	The AAA method that uses authentication (for example, including RADIUS VSAs in the Access-Accept packet) to verify a subscriber and activate a service when the subscriber logs in.
Dynamic profile	A template that defines a set of characteristics that are combined with authorization attributes and are dynamically assigned to static interfaces to provide dynamic subscriber access and services for broadband applications.
RADIUS CoA method	The method that uses RADIUS CoA-Request messages and VSAs to activate a service for a subscriber that is already logged in.
Subscriber access technology	The technology used by a subscriber to access services (for example, DHCP).

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Access Environment on page 4](#)
- [Subscriber Access Licensing Overview on page 6](#)
- [Subscriber Access Operation Flow Using DHCP Relay on page 8](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Access on page 10](#)

Subscriber Access Environment

A subscriber access environment can include various components, including subscriber access technologies and authentication protocols.

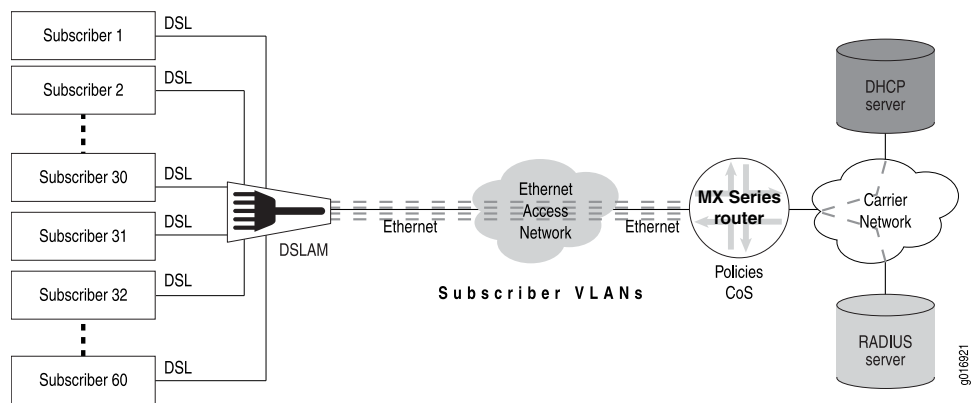
The subscriber access technologies include:

- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server
 - Local DHCP server
 - External DHCP server
- Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

The subscriber authentication protocols include the RADIUS server.

Figure 1 on page 5 shows an example of a basic subscriber access network.

Figure 1: Subscriber Access Network Example



Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Access Overview on page 3](#)

Relationship Between Subscribers and Interfaces in an Access Network

To the router, a subscriber is an authenticated user. This release supports configurations of only one subscriber per logical interface. However, a subscriber can be either one authenticated client or a group of clients on a single, authenticated VLAN.

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interface Overview on page 567](#)

Subscriber Access Support Considerations

The subscriber access feature is limited to MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers and the interfaces you can use when configuring dynamic profiles.

Platform Support

Even though many statements appear in the CLI for various other platforms, Juniper Networks supports subscriber access DHCP configuration on MX Series routers only. In addition, PPPoE configuration is currently supported on MX Series routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers.

Interface Support

You can use dynamic profiles to configure statically created interfaces and also to create and configure interfaces dynamically. Subscriber interfaces support IPv4 and IPv6 addressing.

To identify subscribers statically, you can reference a static VLAN interface in a dynamic profile. To identify subscribers dynamically, you create variables for demux interfaces that are dynamically created when subscribers log in.

The subscriber access feature supports the following device types:

- GE -- Gigabit Ethernet
- XE -- 10-Gigabit Ethernet
- AE -- Aggregated Ethernet

DPC Support

Certain subscriber management features require the use of specific dense port concentrators (DPCs) on the MX series router. For a list of the MX series DPCs and the features they support, see the [MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers Line Card Guide](#).

Routing Engine Support

Subscriber management features require the use of either the RE2000 or RE1800 routing engine. The RE1300 routing engine is not supported for use with subscriber management configurations.

Related Documentation

- [Relationship Between Subscribers and Interfaces in an Access Network on page 5](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Access on page 10](#)

Subscriber Access Licensing Overview

To enable some Juniper Networks Junos OS features or router scaling levels, you might have to purchase, install, and manage separate software license packs. The presence on the router of the appropriate software license keys (passwords) determines whether you can configure and use certain features or configure a feature to a predetermined scale.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring the Router to Strictly Enforce the Subscriber Scaling License on page 177](#)
- For information about installing and managing Junos OS licenses, see the [Junos OS Installation and Upgrade Guide](#)

Subscriber Management Unified ISSU Support

The unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) feature supports both the DHCP access model and the PPPoE access model used by subscriber management. This support ensures that the router preserves active DHCP and PPPoE subscriber sessions and session services after a unified ISSU has completed.

The [Junos OS High Availability Configuration Guide](#) describes the supported platforms and modules, CLI statements, and procedures you use to configure and initiate unified ISSU. You can use the **issu** flag with the **traceoptions** statement to trace subscriber management unified ISSU events. You can also use the **show system subscriber-management summary** command to display information about the unified ISSU state.

This overview describes specific considerations for unified ISSU support of the DHCP and PPPoE access models for subscriber management, and covers the following topics:

- [Unified ISSU Support for DHCP Access Model on page 7](#)
- [Unified ISSU Support for PPPoE Access Model on page 7](#)

Unified ISSU Support for DHCP Access Model

Unified ISSU supports the subscriber management DHCP access model, which includes DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay, and DHCP relay proxy.

Accounting, filter, and class of service (CoS) statistics for DHCP subscribers are preserved after a unified ISSU on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.

Unified ISSU Support for PPPoE Access Model

Unified ISSU supports the subscriber management PPPoE access model for static and dynamic PPPoE access, and includes the following features:

- Terminated, non-tunneled PPPoE connections configured with static or dynamic PPP logical interfaces and static or dynamic underlying interfaces
- Subscriber services on single-link PPP interfaces
- Preservation of statistics for accounting, filter, and CoS on MPC/MIC interfaces

Accounting statistics for PPPoE subscribers are *not* preserved after a unified ISSU on Enhanced Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2E) PICs on M120 and M320 routers.

Unified ISSU for the subscriber management PPPoE access model *does not support* Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP) bundle interfaces. MLPPP bundle interfaces require the use of an Adaptive Services PIC or Multiservices PIC to provide PPP subscriber services. These PICs do not support unified ISSU.

Related Documentation

- [Verifying and Monitoring Subscriber Management Unified ISSU State on page 8](#)
- [Unified ISSU Support on MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers](#) in Unified ISSU System Requirements
- For information about unified ISSU, see the [Junos OS High Availability Configuration Guide](#)

Verifying and Monitoring Subscriber Management Unified ISSU State

Purpose Display the state of unified ISSU for subscriber management features.

Action The first example indicates that control plane quiescing as part of unified ISSU is not in progress (for example, unified ISSU has not been started, has already completed, or control plane quiescing has not started). The second example shows that unified ISSU is in progress and that a participating subscriber management daemon requires 198 seconds to quiesce the control plane.

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management summary
General:
  Graceful Restart      Enabled
  Mastership            Master
  Database              Available
  Chassisd ISSU State   IDLE
  ISSU State            IDLE
  ISSU Wait             0
```

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management summary
General:
  Graceful Restart      Enabled
  Mastership            Master
  Database              Available
  Chassisd ISSU State   DAEMON_ISSU_PREPARE
  ISSU State            PREPARE
  ISSU Wait             198
```

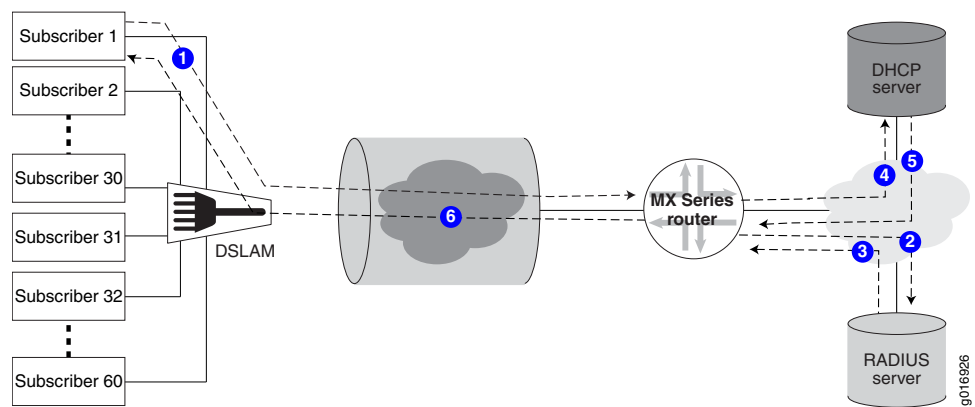
- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Management Unified ISSU Support on page 7](#)
 - See the “Unified ISSU” chapter in the *Junos OS High Availability Configuration Guide*

Subscriber Access Operation Flow Using DHCP Relay

The subscriber access feature requires that a subscriber (for example, a DHCP client) send a discover message to the router interface to initialize dynamic configuration of that interface.

[Figure 2 on page 9](#) shows the flow of operations that occurs when the router is using DHCP relay to enable access for a subscriber.

Figure 2: Subscriber Access Operation Flow



The following general sequence occurs during access configuration for a DHCP client:

1. The client issues a DHCP discover message.
2. The router issues an authorization request to the RADIUS server.
3. The RADIUS server issues an authorization response to the router.
4. The router passes the DHCP discover message through to the DHCP server.
5. The DHCP server issues an IP address for the client.
6. The router DHCP component sends an acknowledgement back to the client.

The subscriber now has access to the network and the authorized service.

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Access Overview on page 3](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Access on page 10](#)

Subscriber Activation and Service Management in an Access Network

The subscriber access feature uses dynamic profiles to activate subscribers and manage services.

A dynamic profile is a set of characteristics, defined in a template, that the router uses to provide dynamic subscriber access and services.

By using dynamic profiles you can:

- Define access for your network
- Define different service levels for subscribers
- Preprovision services that you can activate later

Using AAA-based login (RADIUS-based login or RADIUS CoA) you can:

- Provide subscribers with dynamic activation and deactivation based on service selection

- Provide greater flexibility and efficient management for a large number of subscribers and services

Components of a Dynamic Profile

You can use dynamic profiles to define various router components for subscriber access.

These components include the following:

- Dynamic firewall filters—Includes input and output filters to enforce rules that define whether to permit or deny packets that are transmitting an interface on the router. To apply dynamic firewall filters to the subscriber interface, you configure static input and output firewall filters and reference those filters in dynamic profiles.
- Dynamic Class of Service (CoS)—Includes CoS values that define a service for a subscriber. For example, you can configure the shaping rate for traffic in a video service by referencing CoS statements in a dynamic profile.
- Dynamic signaling protocol—Includes dynamic IGMP configuration for host to router signaling for IPv4 to support IP multicasting.

Router Predefined Variables Used by Dynamic Profiles

The router contains many predefined variables. These variables enable dynamic association of certain interface-specific values to incoming subscriber requests. You must specify these predefined variables in certain statements within a dynamic profile. When a client accesses the router, the dynamic profile configuration replaces the predefined variable with the actual data from an incoming client data packet and configuration (local and RADIUS).

Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Subscriber Interface Overview on page 567](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)

Configuring Subscriber Access

To configure subscriber access:

1. Configure the client access protocol.
 - Configure DHCP local server.
See [“Extended DHCP Local Server Overview” on page 144](#).
 - Configure DHCP relay.
See [“Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview” on page 216](#).
 - Configure PPP.

See the “Configuring Logical Interface Properties” and “Configuring Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet” chapters of the *Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

2. Configure subscriber authentication, accounting, and addressing.
 - a. Configure RADIUS:
 1. Specify the RADIUS servers.
See “[Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access](#)” on page 31.
 2. Specify any optional server attributes.
See “[Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access](#)” on page 37.
 3. (Optional) Configure the CoA feature for the RADIUS dynamic-request server to change or deactivate the service after login.
See “[Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support](#)” on page 55.
 4. Configure subscriber accounting (RADIUS accounting).
See “[Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting](#)” on page 27.
 - b. Configure addressing:
 - See “[Configuring Address-Assignment Pools](#)” on page 114.
3. Create and manage dynamic profiles for access and service.
 - a. Configure a basic dynamic profile.
See “[Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile](#)” on page 511.
See “[Example: Minimum PPPoE Dynamic Profile](#)” on page 535
 - b. Configure a dynamic profile for access.
See “[Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access](#)” on page 517.
 - c. Configure a dynamic profile for services.
See “[Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Various Levels of Services](#)” on page 518.
 - d. Configure a default subscriber service.
See “[Configuring a Default Subscriber Service](#)” on page 868.
 - e. Configure the static subscriber interfaces to be referenced in the dynamic profile.
See “[Configuring a Subscriber Interface with a Static VLAN Interface](#)” on page 574.
 - f. Specify the interface-name and unit variables that the router uses to dynamically associate to a subscriber’s incoming interface.

See [“Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces”](#) on page 576.

- g. Add, modify, or delete dynamic profile values to manage subscriber access and services.

See [“Modifying Dynamic Profiles with Versioning Disabled”](#) on page 521.

The router dynamically activates or modifies the subscriber service using the RADIUS configuration.

- When the subscriber logs in, the router dynamically activates the service.

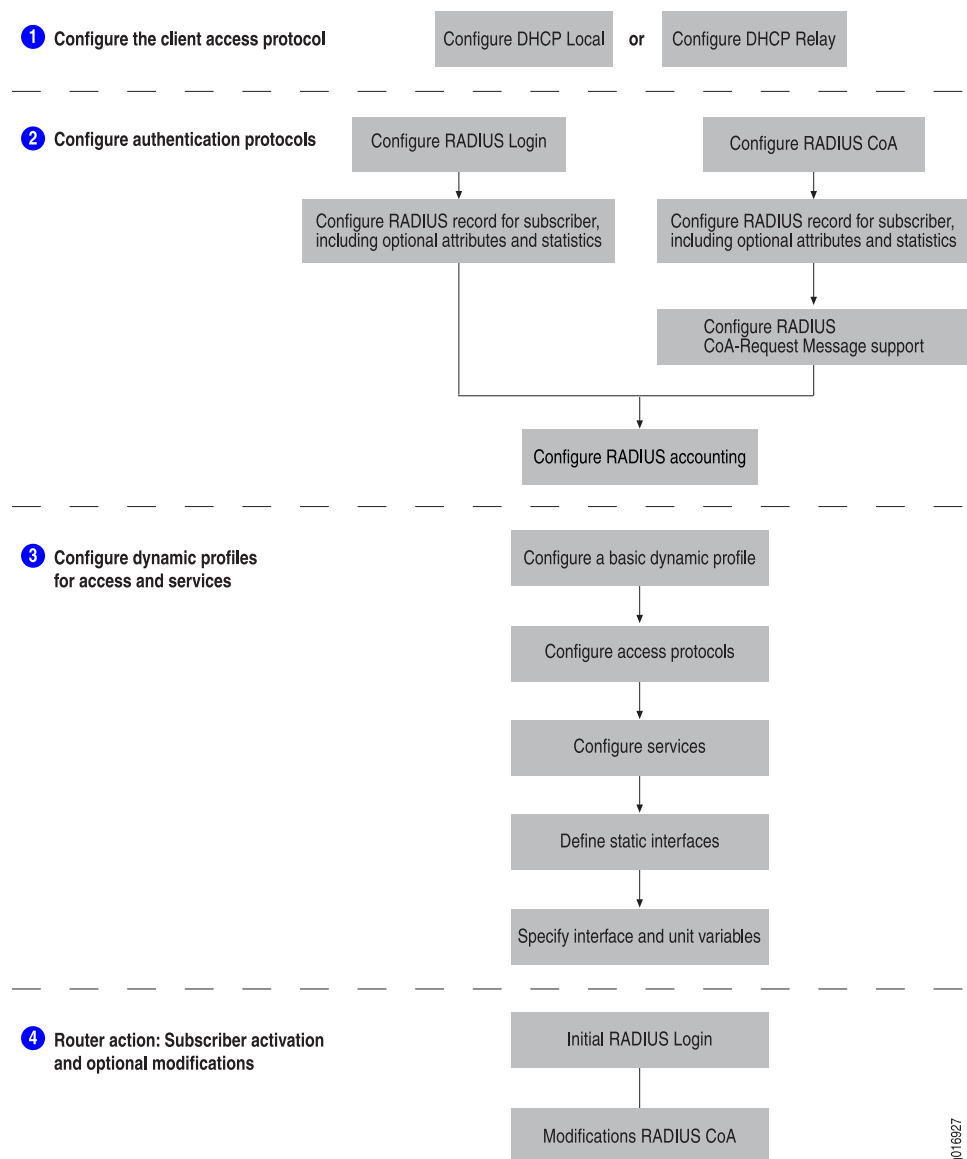
See [“Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview”](#) on page 51.

- If RADIUS CoA has been configured, the router can dynamically modify the service for a subscriber.

See [“RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview”](#) on page 52.

[Figure 3 on page 13](#) shows the configuration sequence you perform for DHCP-based subscriber access. It also shows the dynamic configuration performed by the router.

Figure 3: Subscriber Access Configuration Workflow



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Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Access Overview on page 3](#)
- [Subscriber Access Support Considerations on page 5](#)
- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 867](#)
- [CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 861](#)

Collecting Subscriber Access Logs Before Contacting Juniper Technical Support

Problem When you experience a subscriber access problem in your network, we recommend that you collect certain logs before you contact Juniper Technical Support. This topic shows you the most useful logs for a variety of network implementations. In addition to the

relevant log information, you must also collect standard troubleshooting information and send it to Juniper Technical Support in your request for assistance.

Solution To collect standard troubleshooting information:

- Redirect the command output to a file.

```
user@host> request support information | save rsi-1
```

To configure logging to assist Juniper Technical Support:

1. Review the following blocks of statements to determine which apply to your configuration.
2. Copy the relevant statements into a text file and modify the log filenames as you want.
3. Copy the statements from the text file and paste them into the CLI on your router to configure logging.
4. Commit the logging configuration to begin collecting information.



NOTE: The maximum file size for DHCP local server and DHCP relay log files is 1 GB. The maximum number of log files for DHCP local server and DHCP relay is 1000.



BEST PRACTICE: Enable these logs only to collect information when troubleshooting specific problems. Enabling these logs during normal operations can result in reduced system performance.

[edit]

```
set system syslog archive size 100m files 25
```

```
set system auto-configuration traceoptions file filename
```

```
set system auto-configuration traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
```

```
set protocols ppp-service traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
```

```
set protocols ppp-service traceoptions level all
```

```
set protocols ppp-service traceoptions flag all
```

```
set protocols ppp traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
```

```
set protocols ppp traceoptions level all
```

```
set protocols ppp traceoptions flag all
```

```
set protocols ppp monitor-session all
```

```
set interfaces pp0 traceoptions flag all
```

```
set demux traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
```

```
set demux traceoptions level all
```

```
set demux traceoptions flag all
```

```
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions file filename
```

```
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions file size 100m
```

```
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions file files 25
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions flag all

set class-of-service traceoptions file filename
set class-of-service traceoptions file size 100m
set class-of-service traceoptions flag all
set class-of-service traceoptions file files 25

set routing-options traceoptions file filename
set routing-options traceoptions file size 100m
set routing-options traceoptions flag all
set routing-options traceoptions file files 25

set interfaces traceoptions file filename
set interfaces traceoptions file size 100m
set interfaces traceoptions flag all
set interfaces traceoptions file files 25

set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions file filename
set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions file size 100m
set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions flag all
set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions file files 25
```


PART 2

AAA Service Framework for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring the AAA Service Framework for Subscriber Access on page 19](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools for Subscriber Access on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Domain Maps for Subscriber Access on page 125](#)
- [AAA and Remote Subscriber Access Configuration Examples on page 137](#)

CHAPTER 2

Configuring the AAA Service Framework for Subscriber Access

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 21](#)
- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23](#)
- [Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access on page 24](#)
- [RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off Messages on page 25](#)
- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 25](#)
- [Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 27](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)
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- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30](#)
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- [Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-ID RADIUS Attribute on page 34](#)
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- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 39](#)
- [Configuring How RADIUS Attributes Are Used for Subscriber Access on page 40](#)
- [Centrally Configured Opaque DHCP Options on page 46](#)
- [Monitoring DHCP Options Configured on RADIUS Servers on page 49](#)
- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 51](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 51](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 52](#)

- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 53](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 55](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the RADIUS Dynamic-Request Feature on page 55](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 55](#)
- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 56](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 68](#)
- [Error-Cause Codes \(RADIUS Attribute 101\) for Dynamic Requests on page 70](#)
- [Mapping Application Terminate Reasons and RADIUS Terminate Codes on page 71](#)
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- [DHCP Terminate Reasons on page 73](#)
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- [Attaching Access Profiles on page 99](#)
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- [Configuring Subscriber Session Options on page 102](#)
- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 103](#)
- [AAA Configuration Testing and Troubleshooting on page 103](#)
- [Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration on page 104](#)
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105](#)
- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename on page 106](#)
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- [Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Database Log File on page 107](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Database Messages to Be Logged on page 108](#)
- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Tracing Flags on page 108](#)
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log Files on page 109](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Messages to Be Logged on page 110](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log File on page 110](#)

- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Trace Log Filename on page 111](#)
- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Tracing Flags on page 111](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 111](#)

AAA Service Framework Overview

The authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) Service Framework provides a single point of contact for all the authentication, authorization, accounting, address assignment, and dynamic request services that the router supports for network access. The framework supports authentication and authorization through external servers, such as RADIUS. The framework also supports accounting and dynamic-request change of authorization (CoA) and disconnect operations through external servers, and address assignment through a combination of local address-assignment pools and RADIUS.

When interacting with external back-end RADIUS servers, the AAA Service Framework supports standard RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks vendor specific attributes (VSAs). The AAA Service Framework also includes an integrated RADIUS client that is compatible with RADIUS servers that conform to RFC-2865, *Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)*, RFC-2866, *RADIUS Accounting*, and RFC-3576, *Dynamic Authorization Extensions to Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)*, and which can initiate requests.

You create the following types of configurations to manage subscriber access.

- **Authentication**—Authentication parameters defined in the access profile determine the authentication component of the AAA processing. For example, subscribers can be authenticated using an external authentication service such as RADIUS.
- **Accounting**—Accounting parameters in the access profile specify the accounting part of the AAA processing. For example, the parameters determine how the router collects and uses subscriber statistics. You can also configure AAA to enable the router to collect statistics on a per-service session basis for subscribers.
- **RADIUS-initiated dynamic requests**—A list of authentication server IP addresses in the access profile specify the RADIUS servers that can initiate dynamic requests to the router. Dynamic requests include CoA requests, which specify VSA modifications and service changes, and disconnect requests, which terminate subscriber sessions. The list of authentication servers also provide RADIUS-based dynamic service activation and deactivation during subscriber login.
- **Address assignment**—The AAA Service Framework assigns addresses to subscribers based on the configuration of local address-assignment pools. For example, the AAA framework collaborates with RADIUS servers to assign addresses from the specified pools.
- **Subscriber secure policy**—RADIUS VSAs and attributes provide RADIUS-initiated traffic mirroring on a per-subscriber basis.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
- [RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off Messages on page 25](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 25](#)
- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 51](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)

Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers

You specify the RADIUS servers that the router or switch can use and you configure how the router or switch interacts with the servers. You can configure the router or switch to use multiple RADIUS servers on the network.

To specify a RADIUS server and how the router or switch interacts with the server:

1. Configure the IP address of the RADIUS server and specify that you want to configure the router or switch interaction with the server.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit radius-server 192.168.1.250
```

2. (Optional) Configure the RADIUS server accounting port number. The default accounting port number is 1813.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set accounting-port 1813
```

3. (Optional) Configure the port number the router or switch uses to contact the RADIUS server. The default port number is 1812.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set port 18914
```

4. (Optional) Configure the number of times that the router or switch attempts to contact a RADIUS accounting server. You can configure the router or switch to retry from 1 through 16 times. The default setting is 3 retry attempts.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set retry 4
```

5. Configure the required secret (password) that the local router or switch passes to the RADIUS client. Secrets enclosed in quotation marks can contain spaces.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set secret $nt1UE1*7688+
```

6. (Optional) Configure the maximum number of outstanding requests that a RADIUS server can maintain. An outstanding request is a request to which the RADIUS server has not yet responded. You can limit the number from 0 through 2000 outstanding

requests per RADIUS server. The default setting is 1000 outstanding requests per server.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests 500
```

7. Configure the source address for the RADIUS server. Each RADIUS request sent to a RADIUS server uses the specified source address. The source address is a valid IPv4 address configured on one of the router or switch interfaces.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set source-address 192.168.1.100
```

8. (Optional) Configure the length of time that the local router or switch waits to receive a response from a RADIUS server. By default, the router or switch waits 3 seconds. You can configure the timeout to be from 1 through 90 seconds.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set timeout 45
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 21](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access

You use an access profile to configure authentication and accounting support for the subscriber access management feature. The access profile enables you to specify the type of methods used for authentication and accounting. You can also configure how subscriber access management collects and uses accounting statistics.

To configure authentication and accounting for subscriber access:

1. Specify the authentication and accounting methods to use.
[See “Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access” on page 24.](#)
2. Specify how accounting statistics are collected.
[See “Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting” on page 27.](#)

**Related
Documentation**

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 21](#)
- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access

You can specify the authentication and accounting methods that subscriber access management uses.

You can configure multiple authentication and accounting methods—the **authentication-order** and **accounting order** statements specify the order in which the subscriber access management feature uses the methods. For example, an authentication entry of **radius password** specifies that RADIUS authentication is performed first and, if it fails, local authentication (**password**) is done.

You can specify the following authentication methods:



NOTE: For this release, you must always specify the radius authentication method. Subscriber access management does not support the **password** keyword (the default), and authentication fails when no method is specified.

- **password**—Local authentication
- **radius**—RADIUS-based authentication

You can specify the following accounting methods:

- **radius**—RADIUS-based accounting

To configure the authentication and accounting methods for subscriber access management:

1. Specify the authentication methods and the order in which they are used. For this release, only **radius** is supported.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]  
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```

2. Specify the accounting method.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]  
user@host# set accounting order radius
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off Messages

Subscriber management supports RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off messages to indicate the current state of RADIUS accounting support.

RADIUS Acct-On messages indicate that accounting is being supported. Subscriber management issues Acct-On messages in the following situations:

- Accounting is enabled through configuration (for example, an accounting server is configured).
- A new access profile is configured and committed for a logical system/routing instance context. However, no Acct-On message is sent if the accounting server exists prior to the access profile and if it is simply modified.
- The router performs a cold reboot.
- The router performs a warm reboot and there are no subscribers currently logged in.
- The Authd process restarts and there are no active subscribers.

RADIUS Acct-Off messages indicate that accounting is not supported. Subscriber management issues Acct-Off messages in the following situations:

- The Authd process is terminated and there are no active subscribers.
- The router is shut down and accounting servers are currently configured (this action also logs out all current subscribers).
- The router is rebooted and redundancy is disabled.

Related Documentation

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 21](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)

RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview

The AAA Service Framework enables you to configure how the router collects and uses accounting statistics for subscriber management.

For example, you can specify when statistics collection is terminated, the order in which different accounting methods are used, the types of statistics collected, and how often statistics are collected. You can also configure the router to request that the RADIUS server immediately update the accounting statistics when certain events occur, such as when a subscriber logs in or when a change of authorization (CoA) occurs.

Subscriber management provides two levels of subscriber accounting—subscriber session and service session. In subscriber session accounting, the router collects statistics for the entire subscriber session. In service session accounting, the router collects statistics for specific service sessions for the subscriber.

The router uses the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs listed in [Table 4 on page 26](#) to provide the accounting statistics for subscriber and service sessions. If the session has both IPv4 and IPv6 families enabled, the router reports statistics for both families.



NOTE:

RADIUS reports subscriber statistics as an aggregate of both IPv4 statistics and IPv6 statistics.

- For an IPv4-only configuration, the standard RADIUS attributes report the IPv4 statistics and the IPv6 VSA results are all reported as 0.
- For an IPv6-only configuration, the standard RADIUS attributes and the IPv6 VSA statistics are identical, both reporting the IPv6 statistics.
- When both IPv4 and IPv6 are configured, the standard RADIUS attributes report the combined IPv4 and IPv6 statistics. The IPv6 VSAs report IPv6 statistics.

Table 4: RADIUS Attributes and VSAs Used for Per-Subscriber Session Accounting

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Type of Statistics
26–151	IPv6-Acct-Input-Octets	IPv6
26–152	IPv6-Acct-Output-Octets	IPv6
26–153	IPv6-Acct-Input-Packets	IPv6
26–154	IPv6-Acct-Output-Packets	IPv6
26–155	IPv6-Acct-Input-Gigawords	IPv6
26–156	IPv6-Acct-Output-Gigawords	IPv6
47	Acct-Input-Packets	IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation
48	Acct-Output-Packets	IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation
52	Acct-Input-Gigawords	IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation
53	Acct-Output-Gigawords	IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)
- [Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting on page 29](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting

When you configure RADIUS accounting, by default the router sends the accounting reports to the accounting servers in the context in which the subscriber was last authenticated. However, in a Layer 3 wholesale network environment, the wholesaler and retailer might use different RADIUS accounting servers, and both might want to receive accounting reports. In this situation, you can configure RADIUS accounting duplicate reporting, which sends reports to both the wholesaler and the retailer accounting servers.

[Table 5 on page 27](#) shows where subscriber management sends the accounting reports when you enable duplicate reporting. Subscriber management sends duplicate reports based on the access profile in which you configure the **duplication** statement, where the subscriber resides, and how the subscriber is authenticated.

Table 5: Duplicate RADIUS Accounting Reporting

Access Profile in Which Duplication Is Configured	Where Subscriber Is Authenticated	Subscriber's Target Logical System/Routing Instance	Accounting Servers Where Accounting Reports Are Sent
retailer A	wholesaler	retailer A	wholesaler and retailer A
wholesaler	wholesaler and retailer A	retailer A	wholesaler and retailer A
wholesaler and retailer B	wholesaler and retailer A	retailer B	wholesaler, retailer A, and retailer B
not configured (default)	any	any	single report sent to accounting servers in the context in which subscriber was last authenticated

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)

Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting

To configure accounting for a subscriber session, you use an access profile, and specify how the subscriber access management feature collects and uses the accounting statistics. The router uses the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs discussed in [“RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview” on page 25](#) to provide the accounting statistics for the subscriber session.

To configure accounting for a subscriber session:

1. At the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level, specify that you want to configure accounting.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]  
user@host# edit accounting
```

2. (Optional) Configure AAA to issue an Acct-Stop message if the AAA server denies access to the subscriber.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set accounting-stop-on-access-deny
```

3. (Optional) Configure AAA to send an Acct-Stop message if the subscriber fails AAA but is granted access by the AAA server.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set accounting-stop-on-failure
```

4. (Optional) Configure the router or switch to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server when a CoA occurs.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set coa-immediate-update
```

5. (Optional) Configure subscriber management to send the RADIUS accounting report to both the wholesaler and the retailer accounting servers.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set duplication
```

6. (Optional) Configure the router or switch to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server when the router or switch receives a response (for example, an ACK or timeout) to the Acct-Start message.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set immediate-update
```

7. (Optional) Configure the order in which multiple accounting methods are used.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set order [ accounting-order ]
```

8. (Optional) Configure the types of statistics to gather. You can specify that the router or switch collect both volume and time statistics or only time statistics for subscriber sessions. When you change the type of statistics being collected, current subscribers continue to use the previous collection specification. Subscribers who log in after the change use the new specification.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set statistics (time | volume-time)
```

9. (Optional) Override the default behavior and specify that, after a CoA action that changes the RADIUS Class attribute, accounting reports for the subscriber's service sessions continue to use the original Class attribute that was assigned when the service sessions were created. The new Class attribute value is used in accounting reports for the subscriber session only. By default, the accounting reports for both the

subscriber session and the subscriber's service sessions use the new Class attribute value.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set coa-no-override service-class-attribute
```

10. (Optional) Configure the number of minutes between accounting updates. You can configure an interval from 10 through 1440 minutes. All values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10. For example, the values 811 through 819 are all accepted by the CLI, but are all rounded up to 820.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set update-interval minutes
```

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 25](#)
- [Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 27](#)
- [Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting on page 29](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting

Subscriber management enables you to configure the router to collect statistics on a per-service session basis for subscribers. Per-service session accounting requires two operations. First, RADIUS must be configured to provide the name of the service, the accounting interval to use, and the type of statistics to collect (either time statistics or a combination of time and volume statistics). Second, if RADIUS VSA 26-69 is configured for time and volume statistics, you must also configure a firewall or fast update firewall filter that counts service packets—the service packet information provides the volume statistics.

The router uses the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs discussed in “[RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview](#)” on page 25 to provide the accounting statistics for the subscriber session.



NOTE: The collection of time-only service statistics is supported for all service sessions. However, time and volume statistics are provided for only firewall and fast update firewall service sessions.

To configure the router to provide per-service accounting statistics:

1. Ensure that the required RADIUS VSAs are configured.
See [Table 6 on page 30](#) for the VSAs that the router uses for per-service accounting.
2. Configure the classic firewall filter or fast update filter to count the service packets.
See “[Configuring Service Packet Counting](#)” on page 912.

Table 6: Juniper Networks VSAs Used for Per-Service Session Accounting

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value
26-69	Service-Statistics	Enable or disable statistics for the service	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = disable 1 = enable time statistics 2 = enable time and volume statistics
26-83	Service-Session	Service string sent from the RADIUS server	string: service-name with parameter values sent from RADIUS server NOTE: When VSA 26-83 is not available from the RADIUS server, subscriber management sends the service name in accounting stop and start messages.
26-140	Service-Interim-Acct-Interval	Amount of time between interim accounting updates for this service	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> range = 600–86400 seconds 0 = disabled

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Service Packet Counting on page 912](#)
- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 25](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access

Include the **radius** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level to specify the RADIUS parameters for the subscriber access manager feature. The following list provides an overview of the parameters you can configure:

- The IP addresses of one or more RADIUS authentication and accounting servers.
- Options for the RADIUS servers, such as the format (decimal or description) used for the accounting session, the method (round-robin or direct) the router or switch uses to communicate with the servers, the NAS identifier to use for RADIUS requests, and the revert time setting that specifies when the router or switch reverts to using the primary RADIUS server.
- The RADIUS attributes to be ignored or excluded from RADIUS messages.

To configure RADIUS server parameters:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS support.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify the addresses of RADIUS authentication and accounting servers.

See [“Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access” on page 31](#).

3. Configure the RADIUS server options.

See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access” on page 37](#).

4. Configure RADIUS attributes that are ignored or excluded from RADIUS messages.

See [“Configuring How RADIUS Attributes Are Used for Subscriber Access” on page 40](#).

Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access

You can specify one or more RADIUS authentication or accounting servers to use for subscriber access management.

To configure RADIUS authentication and accounting support:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS support.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server used for authentication.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.251
```

3. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server used for accounting.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set accounting-server 192.168.1.250
```

To configure multiple RADIUS authentication or accounting servers:

- Specify the IP addresses of all RADIUS servers used for authentication or accounting.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.251 192.168.1.252
user@host# set accounting-server 192.168.1.250 192.168.1.251
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37](#)
- [Configuring How RADIUS Attributes Are Used for Subscriber Access on page 40](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access

You can specify options that the router uses when communicating with RADIUS authentication and accounting servers for subscriber access.

The following list describes the RADIUS options you can configure:

- **accounting-session-id-format**—The format the router uses to identify the accounting session. The identifier can be in one of the following formats. The router uses **decimal** format by default.
 - **decimal**—For example, **435264**
 - **description**—In the format, *jnpr interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id*. For example, *jnpr fastEthernet 3/2.6:1010101010101*
- **client-accounting-algorithm** and **client-authentication-algorithm**—The method the router uses to access RADIUS accounting and RADIUS authentication servers. You can specify the following methods:
 - **direct**—The default method, in which there is no load balancing. For example, in the direct method, the router always accesses **server1** (the primary server) first, and uses **server2** and **server3** as backup servers.
 - **round-robin**—The method that provides load balancing by rotating router requests among the list of configured RADIUS servers. For example, if three RADIUS servers are configured to support the router, the router sends the first request to **server1**, and uses **server2** and **server3** as backup servers. The router then sends the second request to **server2**, and uses **server3** and **server1** as backups.



NOTE: When a RADIUS server in the round-robin list becomes unreachable, the next reachable server in the round-robin list is used for the current request. That same server is also used for the next request because it is at the top of the list of available servers. As a result, after a server failure, the server that is used takes up the load of two servers.

- **coa-dynamic-variable-validation**—The optional method that the router uses when processing CoA requests that include changes to a client profile dynamic variable that cannot be applied. The optional configuration specifies that when a CoA operation is unable to apply a requested change to a client profile dynamic variable, subscriber management does not apply any changes to client profile dynamic variables in the CoA request and then responds with a NACK. In the default method, subscriber management does not apply the incorrect update but does apply the other changes to the client profile dynamic variables, and then responds with an ACK message.
- **ethernet-port-type-virtual**—The physical port type of **virtual** that the router uses to authenticate clients. The port type is passed in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type). By default the router passes a port type of **ethernet** in RADIUS attribute 61.
- **interface-description-format**—The information that is excluded from the interface description that the router passes to RADIUS for inclusion in the RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-Id). By default, the router includes both the **subinterface** and the **adapter** in the interface description. You can specify:
 - **exclude-adapter**—Exclude the adapter.
 - **exclude-subinterface**—Exclude the subinterface.

- **nas-identifier**—The value for the client RADIUS attribute 32 (NAS-Identifier), which is used for authentication and accounting requests. You can specify a string in the range 1 through 64 characters.
- **nas-port-extended-format**—The extended format for RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) and for the width of the fields in the NAS-Port attribute that the RADIUS client uses. You can specify:
 - **adapter-width *width***—Number of bits in the adapter field.
 - **port-width *width***—Number of bits in the port field.
 - **slot-width *width***—Number of bits in the slot field.
 - **stacked-vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the SVLAN ID field.
 - **vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the VLAN ID field.



NOTE: The total of the widths must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration will fail.

- **nas-port-id-delimiter**—The character used as the separator between values in the NAS-Port-ID string.
- **nas-port-id-format**—Optional information included in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-ID).
- **nas-port-type**—The port type used to authenticate subscribers.
- **revert-interval**—The number of seconds that the router waits after a server has become unreachable. The router rechecks the connection to the server when the **revert-interval** expires. If the server is then reachable, it is used in accordance with the order of the server list. You can configure from 0 (off) through 429496729 seconds. The default is 60 seconds.
- **vlan-nas-port-stacked-format**—The format that turns off RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) to include the S-VLAN ID, in addition to the VLAN ID, for subscribers on Ethernet interfaces.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37](#)

Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access

You can specify options that the router uses when communicating with all configured RADIUS servers for subscriber access.

The following list describes the global RADIUS options you can configure:

- **revert-interval**—The number of seconds that the router waits after a server has become unreachable. The router rechecks the connection to the server when the **revert-interval** expires. If the server is then reachable, it is used in accordance with the order of the

server list. You can configure from 0 (off) through 429496729 seconds. The default is 60 seconds.

- **request-rate**—The number of requests per second that the router can send to all configured RADIUS servers collectively. By limiting the flow of requests from the router to the RADIUS servers, you can prevent the RADIUS servers from being flooded with requests. You can configure from 500 through 4000 requests per second. The default is 500 requests per second.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access Globally on page 39](#)
- [request-rate on page 1538](#)
- [revert-interval on page 1542](#)

Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-ID RADIUS Attribute

Subscriber management uses the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) to provide an interface description that identifies the physical interface that is used to authenticate subscribers. The NAS-Port-ID is included in RADIUS Access-Request, Acct-Start, Acct-Stop, Acct-On, and Acct-Off messages.

You can configure access profiles to specify additional information in the NAS-Port-ID. The additional information can be any combination of the interface description (the default value), the Agent Circuit ID, the Agent Remote ID, and the NAS identifier. You can also specify an optional delimiter character, which separates the values in a NAS-Port-ID. The default delimiter character is the hash character (#).

A default NAS-Port-ID consists of the following **interface-description** string:

[physical-interface].<interface-type>-<slot>/<adapter>/<port><subinterface>[:<svlan>-<vlan>]

For example: **ge-1/2/0.100:100**

You might optionally configure an access profile that specifies that the NAS-Port-ID includes the NAS identifier, the Agent Circuit ID, and the Agent Remote ID, in addition to the default interface description. For this configuration, the NAS-Port-ID consists of the following string:

nas-identifier#interface-description#agent-circuit-id#agent-remote-id

For example:

retailer25#ge-1/2/0.100:100#ACI 12/1/22/1230:1.1.23#ARI 55/2/23.9999:10.11.1923



NOTE: The NAS-Port-ID displays the configured values in the following order (where # is the delimiter):

nas-identifier#interface-description#agent-circuit-id#agent-remote-id

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 39](#)
 - [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 31](#)

Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS Attribute

Subscriber management uses the NAS-Port-Type (RADIUS attribute 61) to identify the type of physical port that is used to authenticate subscribers. By default, subscriber management uses a NAS-Port-Type of **ethernet**.

You can optionally configure access profiles to provide the value for the NAS-Port-Type attribute, which enables you to explicitly specify the NAS port type that is used for a given connection. For example, you might configure an access profile that specifies that a NAS port type of **wireless** is used for all Ethernet connections that are managed by that access profile.



NOTE: The **ethernet-port-type-virtual** configuration statement takes precedence over the **nas-port-type** statement when you include both statements in the same access profile. When you include the **ethernet-port-type-virtual** statement, subscriber management uses the RADIUS attribute value of 5, which specifies a NAS port type of **virtual**.

Table 7 on page 35 shows the supported port type values for RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type) that you can include in an access profile.

Table 7: RADIUS NAS-Port-Type Values

Statement Option	NAS-Port-Type Value	Description
<i>value</i>	0–65535	Number that indicates either the IANA-assigned value for the RADIUS port type or a custom number-to-port type defined by the user
adsl-cap	12	Asymmetric DSL, carrierless amplitude phase (CAP) modulation
adsl-dmt	13	Asymmetric DSL, discrete multitone (DMT)
async	0	Asynchronous
cable	17	Cable
ethernet	15	Ethernet
fdi	21	Fiber Distributed Data Interface
g3-fax	10	G.3 Fax

Table 7: RADIUS NAS-Port-Type Values (*continued*)

Statement Option	NAS-Port-Type Value	Description
hdlc-clear-channel	7	HDLC Clear Channel
iapp	25	Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP)
idsl	14	ISDN DSL
isdn-sync	2	ISDN Synchronous
isdn-v110	4	ISDN Async V.110
isdn-v120	3	ISDN Async V.120
piafs	6	Personal Handyphone System (PHS) Internet Access Forum Standard
sdsl	11	Symmetric DSL
sync	1	Synchronous
token-ring	20	Token Ring
virtual	5	Virtual
wireless	18	Other wireless
wireless-1x-ev	24	Wireless 1xEV
wireless-cdma2000	22	Wireless code division multiple access (CDMA) 2000
wireless-ieee80211	19	Wireless 802.11
wireless-umts	23	Wireless universal mobile telecommunications system (UMTS)
x25	8	X.25
x75	9	X.75
xdsl	16	DSL of unknown type

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37](#)

Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access

You can specify options that the router or switch uses when communicating with RADIUS authentication and accounting servers for subscriber access.

To configure RADIUS authentication and accounting server options:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# edit options
```

3. (Optional) Configure the method the router or switch uses to access RADIUS accounting servers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set client-accounting-algorithm round-robin
```

4. (Optional) Configure the method the router or switch uses to access RADIUS authentication servers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set client-authentication-algorithm round-robin
```

5. (Optional) Configure the format the router or switch uses to identify the accounting session.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set accounting-session-id-format decimal
```

6. (Optional) Specify the information that is excluded from the interface description that the router or switch passes to RADIUS for inclusion in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-Id).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set interface-description-format exclude-adapter
```

7. (Optional) Configure the value for the client RADIUS attribute 32 (NAS-Identifier), which is used for authentication and accounting requests.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-identifier 56
```

8. (Optional) Configure the RADIUS client to use the extended format for RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) and specify the width of the fields in the NAS-Port attribute. The total of the widths must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration will fail.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-extended-format 16
```

9. (Optional) Configure the delimiter character that the router inserts between values in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-ID).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
```

```
user@host# set nas-port-id-delimiter %
```

10. (Optional) Configure the information that the router includes in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-ID).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-id-format agent-circuit-id agent-remote-id
```

11. (Optional) Configure the port type that is included in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type). This specifies the port type the router uses to authenticate subscribers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-type ethernet wireless-ieee80211
```



NOTE: This statement is ignored if you configure the `ethernet-port-type-virtual` in the same access profile.

12. (Optional) Configure the router or switch to use a port type of `virtual` to authenticate clients.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set ethernet-port-type-virtual
```



NOTE: This statement takes precedence over the `nas-port-type` statement if you include both in the same access profile.

13. (Optional) Configure the number of seconds that the router or switch waits after a server has become unreachable.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set revert-interval port-width 1200
```

14. (Optional) Specify that RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) includes the S-VLAN ID, in addition to the VLAN ID, for subscribers on Ethernet interfaces.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set vlan-nas-port-stacked-format
```

15. (Optional) Configure the router to use the optional behavior when processing CoA requests that include changes to client profile dynamic variables.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set coa-dynamic-variable-validation
```

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 31](#)
- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
- [Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS Attribute on page 35](#)
- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 39](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

Configuring RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access Globally

You can configure RADIUS options that apply to all RADIUS servers globally.

To configure RADIUS options globally:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options.

```
[edit access ]
user@host# edit radius-options
```

2. (Optional) Configure the number of requests per second that the router can send to all the RADIUS servers collectively.

```
[edit access radius-options]
user@host# set request-rate 1000
```

3. (Optional) Configure the number of seconds that the router or switch waits after a server has become unreachable.

```
[edit access radius-options]
user@host# set revert-interval port-width 1200
```

Related Documentation

- [Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access on page 33](#)
- [request-rate on page 1538](#)
- [revert-interval on page 1542](#)

Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options

You can include optional values in the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87), which identifies the physical interface subscriber management uses to authenticate subscribers. By default, the NAS-Port-ID includes the **interface-description** value that describes the physical interface. You can include the following values in the NAS-Port-ID:

- **agent-circuit-id**
- **agent-remote-id**
- **interface-description**
- **nas-identifier**

To configure an access profile to provide additional options in the NAS-Port-ID:

1. Specify the access profile you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile retailer25
```

2. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options.

```
[edit access profile retailer25]
user@host# edit radius options
```

3. Specify the character to use as the delimiter between the different attribute values in the NAS-Port-ID. By default, subscriber management uses the hash character (#).

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options]  
user@host# set nas-port-delimiter %
```

4. Specify that you want to configure the format of the NAS-Port-ID.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options]  
user@host# edit nas-port-id-format
```

5. Include the interface description in the NAS-Port-ID. (The interface description is not included by default when you configure the **nas-port-id-format** statement.)

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options nas-port-id-format]  
user@host# set interface-description
```

6. Include the Agent Circuit ID in the NAS-Port-ID.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options nas-port-id-format]  
user@host# set agent-circuit-id
```

7. Include the Agent Remote ID in the NAS-Port-ID.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options nas-port-id-format]  
user@host# set agent-remote-id
```

8. Include the NAS identifier value in the NAS-Port-ID.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options nas-port-id-format]  
user@host# set nas-identifier
```

Configuring How RADIUS Attributes Are Used for Subscriber Access

You can specify the attributes RADIUS ignores in RADIUS Access-Accept messages, and the attributes RADIUS excludes from specified message types.

To configure the attributes RADIUS ignores or excludes:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]  
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify that you want to configure how RADIUS attributes are ignored or excluded.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]  
user@host# edit attributes
```

3. Specify the attributes you want RADIUS to ignore when the attributes are in Access-Accept messages. See [Table 8 on page 41](#) for the attributes you can configure.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius attributes]  
user@host# set ignore input-filter output-filter
```

4. Configure RADIUS to exclude the specified attribute from the specified RADIUS message type. See [Table 9 on page 41](#) for the attributes and message type combinations you can configure.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius attributes]  
user@host# set exclude input-filter output-filter
```

You use the **ignore** statement to configure the router or switch to ignore a particular attribute in RADIUS Access-Accept messages. By default, the router or switch processes the attributes received from the external AAA server. [Table 8 on page 41](#) lists the attributes supported in the **ignore** statement.

Table 8: Attributes That Can Be Ignored in RADIUS Access-Accept Messages

CLI Entry	Attribute Name	Attribute Number
dynamic-iflset-name	Interface-Set-Name	Juniper Networks VSA 26-130
framed-ip-netmask	Framed-Ip-Netmask	RADIUS attribute 9
input-filter	Ingress-Policy-Name	Juniper Networks VSA 26-10
logical-system:routing-instance	Virtual-Router	Juniper Networks VSA 26-1
output-filter	Egress-Policy-Name	Juniper Networks VSA 26-11

You use the **exclude** statement to configure the router or switch to exclude the specified attributes from the specified type of RADIUS message. Not all attributes appear in all types of RADIUS messages—the CLI indicates the RADIUS message type. By default, the router or switch includes the specified attributes in RADIUS Access-Request, Acct-On, Acct-Off, Acct-Start, and Acct-Stop messages. [Table 9 on page 41](#) lists the attributes and message types supported in the **exclude** statement.

Table 9: Attributes That Can Be Excluded from RADIUS Messages

CLI Entry	Attribute Name	Attribute Number	Supported Message Type
accounting-authentic	Acct-Authentic	RADIUS attribute 45	Accounting-On Accounting-Off
accounting-delay-time	Acct-Delay-Time	RADIUS attribute 41	Accounting-On Accounting-Off
accounting-session-id	Acct-Session-Id	RADIUS attribute 44	Access-Request Accounting-On Accounting-Off Accounting-Stop
accounting-terminate-cause	Acct-Terminate-Cause	RADIUS attribute 49	Accounting-Off

Table 9: Attributes That Can Be Excluded from RADIUS Messages (*continued*)

CLI Entry	Attribute Name	Attribute Number	Supported Message Type
called-station-id	Called-Station-Id	RADIUS attribute 30	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
calling-station-id	Calling-Station-Id	RADIUS attribute 31	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
class	Class	RADIUS attribute 25	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
delegated-ipv6-prefix	Delegated-IPv6-Prefix	RADIUS attribute 123	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
dhcp-gi-address	DHCP-GI-Address	Juniper Networks VSA 26–57	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
dhcp-mac-address	DHCP-MAC-Address	Juniper Networks VSA 26–56	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
dhcp-options	DHCP-Options	Juniper Networks VSA 26–55	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
downstream-calculated-qos-rate	Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate	Juniper Networks VSA 26–141	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop Interim-accounting
dsl-forum-attributes	Not applicable	Excludes the DSL Forum VSA (IANA vendor ID 3561)	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop Interim-accounting

Table 9: Attributes That Can Be Excluded from RADIUS Messages (*continued*)

CLI Entry	Attribute Name	Attribute Number	Supported Message Type
dynamic-iflset-name	Qos-Set-Name	Juniper Networks VSA 26–130	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
event-timestamp	Event-Timestamp	RADIUS attribute 55	Accounting-On Accounting-Off Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
framed-ip-address	Framed-IP-Address	RADIUS attribute 8	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
framed-ip-netmask	Framed-IP-Netmask	RADIUS attribute 9	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
framed-ip-route	Framed-Route	RADIUS attribute 22	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
framed-ipv6-pool	Framed-IPv6-Pool	RADIUS attribute 100	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
framed-ipv6-prefix	Framed-IPv6-Prefix	RADIUS attribute 97	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
framed-ipv6-route	Framed-IPv6-Route	RADIUS attribute 99	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
framed-pool	Framed-Pool	RADIUS attribute 88	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
input-filter	Ingress-Policy-Name	Juniper Networks VSA 26–10	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
input-gigapackets	Acct-Input-Gigapackets	Juniper Networks VSA 26–42	Accounting-Stop
input-gigawords	Acct-Input-Gigawords	RADIUS attribute 52	Accounting-Stop
input-ipv6-gigawords	IPv6-Acct-Input-Gigawords	Juniper Networks VSA 26–155	Accounting-Stop

Table 9: Attributes That Can Be Excluded from RADIUS Messages (*continued*)

CLI Entry	Attribute Name	Attribute Number	Supported Message Type
input-ipv6-octets	IPv6-Acct-Input-Octets	Juniper Networks VSA 26–151	Accounting-Stop
input-ipv6-packets	IPv6-Acct-Input-Packets	Juniper Networks VSA 26–153	Accounting-Stop
interface-description	Interface-Desc	Juniper Networks VSA 26–53	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
nas-identifier	NAS-Identifier	RADIUS attribute 32	Access-Request Accounting-on Accounting-off Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
nas-port	NAS-Port	RADIUS attribute 5	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
nas-port-id	NAS-Port-Id	RADIUS attribute 87	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
nas-port-type	NAS-Port-Type	RADIUS attribute 61	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
output-filter	Egress-Policy-Name	Juniper Networks VSA 26–11	Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop
output-gigapackets	Acct-Output-Gigapackets	Juniper Networks VSA 26–43	Accounting-Stop
output-gigawords	Acct-Output-Gigawords	RADIUS attribute 53	Accounting-Stop
output-ipv6-gigawords	IPv6-Acct-Output-Gigawords	Juniper Networks VSA 26–156	Accounting-Stop

Table 9: Attributes That Can Be Excluded from RADIUS Messages (*continued*)

CLI Entry	Attribute Name	Attribute Number	Supported Message Type
output-ipv6-octets	IPv6-Acct-Output-Octets	Juniper Networks VSA 26-152	Accounting-Stop
output-ipv6-packets	IPv6-Acct-Output-Packets	Juniper Networks VSA 26-154	Accounting-Stop
upstream-calculated-qos-rate	Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate	Juniper Networks VSA 26-142	Access-Request Accounting-Start Accounting-Stop Interim-accounting

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23](#)
- [Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access on page 31](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)

Centrally Configured Opaque DHCP Options

Subscriber management enables you to centrally configure DHCP options on a RADIUS server and then distribute the options on a per-subscriber basis. This method results in RADIUS-sourced DHCP options—the DHCP options originate at the RADIUS server and are sent to the subscriber. This differs from the traditional client-sourced method (also called DHCP-sourced) of configuring DHCP options, in which the options originate at the client and are sent to the RADIUS server. The subscriber management RADIUS-sourced DHCP options are also considered to be *opaque*, because DHCP local server performs minimal processing and error checking for the DHCP options string before passing the options to the subscriber.

Subscriber management uses Juniper Networks VSA 26-55 (DHCP-Options) to distribute the RADIUS-sourced DHCP options. The RADIUS server includes VSA 26-55 in the Access-Accept message that the server returns during subscriber authentication. The RADIUS server sends the Access-Accept message to the RADIUS client, and then on to DHCP local server for return to the DHCP subscriber. The RADIUS server can include multiple instances of VSA 26-55 in a single Access-Accept message. The RADIUS client concatenates the multiple instances and uses the result as a single instance.

There is no CLI configuration required to enable subscriber management to use the centrally configured DHCP options—the procedure is triggered by the presence of VSA 26-55 in the RADIUS Access-Accept message.

When building the offer packet for the DHCP client, DHCP local server uses the following sequence:

1. Processes any RADIUS-configured parameters that are passed as separate RADIUS attributes; for example, RADIUS attribute 27 (Session Timeout).
2. Processes any client-sourced parameters; for example, RADIUS attributes 53 (DHCP Message Type) and 54 (Server Identifier).
3. Appends (without performing any processing) the opaque DHCP options string contained in the VSA 26-55 received from the RADIUS server.

In addition to supporting central configuration of DHCP options directly on the RADIUS server (RADIUS-sourced options), subscriber management also supports the traditional client-sourced options configuration, in which the router's DHCP component sends the options to the RADIUS server. The client-sourced DHCP options method is supported for both DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent; however, the RADIUS-sourced central configuration method is supported on DHCP local server only. Both the RADIUS-sourced and client-sourced methods support DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers.



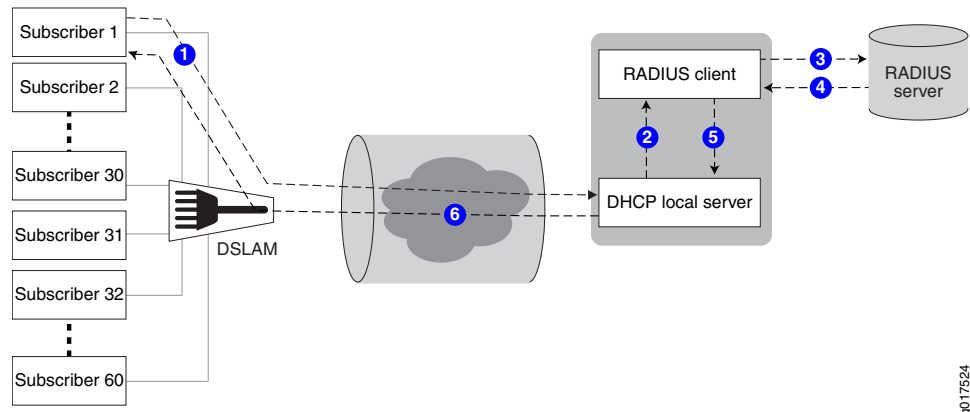
NOTE: You can use the RADIUS-sourced and client-sourced methods simultaneously on DHCP local server. However, you must ensure that the central configuration method does not include options that override client-sourced DHCP options, because this can create unpredictable results.

- [Data Flow for RADIUS-Sourced DHCP Options on page 47](#)
- [Multiple VSA 26-55 Instances Configuration on page 48](#)
- [DHCP Options That Cannot Be Centrally Configured on page 48](#)

Data Flow for RADIUS-Sourced DHCP Options

Figure 4 on page 47 shows the procedure subscriber management uses when configuring DHCP options for subscribers.

Figure 4: DHCP Options Data Flow



The following general sequence describes the data flow when subscriber management uses RADIUS-sourced DHCP options and VSA 26-55 to configure a DHCP subscriber:

1. The subscriber sends a DHCP discover message (or DHCPv6 solicit message) to the DHCP local server. The message includes client-sourced DHCP options.
2. The DHCP local server initiates authentication with the Junos OS RADIUS client.
3. The RADIUS client sends an Access-Request message on behalf of the subscriber to the external RADIUS server. The message includes the subscriber's client-sourced DHCP options.
4. The external RADIUS server responds by sending an Access-Accept message to the RADIUS client. The Access-Accept message includes the RADIUS-sourced opaque DHCP options in VSA 26-55.
5. The RADIUS client sends the DHCP options string to DHCP local server. If there are multiple VSA 26-55 instances, the RADIUS client first assembles them into a single options string.
6. DHCP local server processes all options into the DHCP offer (or DHCPv6 reply) message, except for the RADIUS-sourced VSA 26-55 DHCP options. After processing all other options, DHCP local server then appends the unmodified VSA 26-55 DHCP options to the message and sends the message to the subscriber.
7. The subscriber is configured with the DHCP options.
8. The following operations occur after the subscriber receives the DHCP options:

- **Accounting**—The RADIUS client sends Acct-Start and Interim-Accounting requests to the RADIUS server, including the RADIUS-sourced DHCP options in VSA 26-55. By default, the DHCP options are included in accounting requests.
- **Renewal**—When the subscriber renews, the cached DHCP options value is returned in the DHCP renew (or DHCPv6 ACK) message. The originally assigned DHCP options cannot be modified during a renew cycle.
- **Logout**—When the subscriber logs out, the RADIUS client sends an Acct-Stop message to the RADIUS server, including the RADIUS-sourced VSA 26-55.

Multiple VSA 26-55 Instances Configuration

VSA 26-55 supports a maximum size of 247 bytes. If your RADIUS-sourced DHCP options field is greater than 247 bytes, you must break the field up and manually configure multiple instances of VSA 26-55 for the RADIUS server to return. When using multiple instances for an options field, you must place the instances in the packet in the order in which the fragments are to be reassembled by the RADIUS client. The fragments can be of any size of 247 bytes or less.



BEST PRACTICE: For ease of configuration and management of your DHCP options, you might want to have one DHCP option per VSA 26-55 instance, regardless of the size of the option field.

When the RADIUS client returns a reassembled opaque options field in an accounting request to the RADIUS server, the client uses 247-byte fragments. If you had originally created instances of fewer than 247 bytes, the returned fragments might not be the same as you originally configured on the RADIUS server.



NOTE: If you are configuring Steel-Belted Radius (SBR) to support multiple VSA 26-55 instances, ensure that you specify VSA 26-55 with the RO flags in the Subscriber Management RADIUS dictionary file. The R value indicates a multivalued reply attribute and the O value indicates an ordered attribute.

DHCP Options That Cannot Be Centrally Configured

Table 10 on page 48 shows the DHCP options that you must not centrally configure on the RADIUS server.

Table 10: Unsupported Opaque DHCP Options

DHCP Option	Option Name	Comments
Option 0	Pad Option	Not supported.
Option 51	IP Address Lease Time	Value is provided by RADIUS attribute 27 (Session-Timeout).

Table 10: Unsupported Opaque DHCP Options (*continued*)

DHCP Option	Option Name	Comments
Option 52	Option Overload	Not supported.
Option 53	DHCP Message Type	Value is provided by DHCP local server.
Option 54	Server Identifier	Value is provided by DHCP local server.
Option 55	Parameter Request List	Value is provided by DHCP local server.
Option 255	End	Value is provided by DHCP local server.
–	DHCP magic cookie	Not supported.

Related Documentation

- [Monitoring DHCP Options Configured on RADIUS Servers on page 49](#)

Monitoring DHCP Options Configured on RADIUS Servers

Purpose View information for DHCP options that are centrally configured on a RADIUS server and that are distributed using Juniper Networks VSA 26–55 (DHCP-Options).

Action To display information for opaque DHCP options:

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: DHCP
IP Address: 192.168.9.7
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073744127
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-prof-23
MAC Address: 00:10:95:00:00:98
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: jnpr :2304
Session Timeout (seconds): 3600
Idle Timeout (seconds): 600
Login Time: 2011-08-25 14:43:52 PDT
DHCP Options: len 52
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 08 33 04 00 00
00 3c 0c 15 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 36 2f
33 2d 37 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c

```

Meaning DHCP Options: len 52
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 08 33 04 00 00

```
00 3c 0c 15 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 36 2f
33 2d 37 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c
```

The DHCP options output provides the following information:

- The **len** field is the total number of hex values in the message.
- The hex values specify the type, length, and value (TLV) of DHCP options, and are converted to decimal to identify the DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132.

The number of hex values that make up a particular DHCP option varies, depending on the length of the option. For example, the first DHCP option specified in the output includes three sets of hex values (**35 01 01**). The first hex value (**35**) identifies the option type, the second value (**01**) indicates the length of the value entry, which in this case is one set of hex values. The third hex value (**01**) specifies the value for the DHCP option.

In the second DHCP option specification (**39 02 02 40**), the hex value **39** is the type, and the length of **02** specifies that two sets of hex entries make up the value for the option. Therefore, this option specification uses four sets of hex entries; one for the type (**39**), one to specify the length (**02**), and two for the option value (**02 40**).

The third DHCP option is specified by the hex values **3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 08**. The hex value **3d** is the type, followed by the length (**07**), which specifies that the next seven sets of hex entries make up the value for the option. Therefore, this option specification uses a total of nine sets of hex entries; one for the type (**3d**), one to specify the length (**07**), and seven for the value of the DHCP option (**01 00 10 94 00 00 08**).

[Table 11 on page 50](#) describes the first two options in more detail.

Table 11: DHCP Options Description

Option	Type	Length	Value
35 01 01	35 = decimal 53 (Code 53 in RFC 2132 is the DHCP Message Type option)	01 = the length of the option is one set of hex values (the next set in the list)	01 = value of the message type that is described in RFC 2132. The code 01 specifies a message type of DHCPDISCOVER.
39 02 02 40	39 = decimal 57 (Code 57 is the Maximum DHCP Message Size option)	02 = the length of the option is two sets of hex values (the next two sets in the list)	0240 = converted to a length of 576 octets

Related Documentation

- [Centrally Configured Opaque DHCP Options on page 46](#)
- show subscribers

Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management

RADIUS dynamic requests provide an efficient way to centrally manage subscriber sessions. The AAA Service Framework's RADIUS dynamic request support allows RADIUS servers to initiate user-related operations, such as a termination operation, by sending unsolicited request messages to the router. Without the RADIUS dynamic request feature, the only way to disconnect a RADIUS user is from the router, which can be cumbersome and time-consuming in large networks.

In a typical client-server RADIUS environment, the router functions as the client and initiates requests sent to the remote RADIUS server. However, when using RADIUS dynamic requests, the roles are reversed. For example, during a disconnect operation, the remote RADIUS server performs as the client and initiates the request (the disconnect action) — the router functions as the server in the relationship.

You create an access profile to configure the router to support RADIUS dynamic requests. This configuration enables the router to receive and act on the following types of messages from remote RADIUS servers:

- Access-Accept messages—Dynamically activate services based on attributes in RADIUS Access-Accept messages received when a subscriber logs in.
- Change-of-Authorization (CoA) messages—Dynamically modify active sessions based on attributes in CoA messages. CoA messages can include service creation requests, deletion requests, RADIUS attributes, and Juniper Networks VSAs.
- Disconnect messages—Immediately terminate specific subscriber sessions.

Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 51](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 52](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 53](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 55](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 55](#)
- [Error-Cause Codes \(RADIUS Attribute 101\) for Dynamic Requests on page 70](#)

Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview

The AAA Service Framework enables the router to dynamically activate subscriber services as part of a subscriber login operation.

The framework sets up the subscriber session and then completes the service action specified by the Juniper Networks VSA 26–65 that is received in the Access-Accept message. If the service request is unsuccessful, the framework logs out the subscriber.

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 51](#)

- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 55](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 53](#)

RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization (CoA) Overview

The AAA Service Framework uses CoA messages to dynamically modify active subscriber sessions. For example, RADIUS attributes in CoA messages might instruct the framework to create, modify, or terminate a subscriber service.

CoA Messages

Dynamic request support enables the router to receive and process unsolicited CoA messages from external RADIUS servers. RADIUS-initiated CoA messages use the following codes in request and response messages:

- CoA-Request (43)
- CoA-ACK (44)
- CoA-NAK (45)

Qualifications for Change of Authorization

To complete the change of authorization for a user, you specify identification attributes and session attributes. The identification attributes identify the subscriber. Session attributes specify the operation (activation or deactivation) to perform on the subscriber's session and also include any client attributes for the session (for example, QoS attributes). The AAA Service Framework handles the actual request.

[Table 12 on page 52](#) shows the identification attributes for CoA operations.



NOTE: Using the Acct-Session-ID attribute to identify the subscriber session is more explicit than using the User-Name attribute. When you use the Acct-Session-ID, the attribute identifies the specific subscriber and session. When you use the User-Name as the identifier, the CoA operation is applied to the first session that was logged in with the specified username. However, because a subscriber might have multiple sessions associated with the same username, the first session might not be the correct session for the CoA operation.

Table 12: Identification Attributes

Attribute	Description
User-Name [RADIUS attribute 1]	Subscriber username.
Acct-Session-ID [RADIUS attribute 44]	Specific subscriber and session.

Table 13 on page 53 shows the session attributes for CoA operations. Any additional client attributes that you include depend on your particular session requirements.

Table 13: Session Attributes

Attribute	Description
Activate-Service [Juniper Networks VSA 26–65]	Service to activate for the subscriber.
Deactivate-Service [Juniper Networks VSA 26–66]	Service to deactivate for the subscriber.

Message Exchange

The RADIUS server and the AAA Service Framework on the router exchange messages using UDP. The CoA-Request message sent by the RADIUS server has the same format as the Disconnect-Request packet that is sent for a disconnect operation.

The response is either a CoA-ACK or a CoA-NAK message:

- If the AAA Service Framework successfully changes the authorization, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a CoA-ACK message, and the data filter is applied to the session.
- If AAA Service Framework is unsuccessful, the request is malformed, or attributes are missing, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a CoA-NAK message.



NOTE: The AAA Service Framework processes one dynamic request at a time per subscriber. If the framework receives a second dynamic request (either another CoA or a Disconnect-Request) while processing a previous request for the same subscriber, the framework responds with a CoA-NAK message.

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 51](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 51](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 53](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 55](#)

RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview

This section describes the AAA Service Framework's support for RADIUS-initiated disconnect dynamic requests. The AAA Service Framework uses disconnect messages to dynamically terminate active subscriber sessions.

Disconnect Messages

To centrally control the disconnection of remote access subscribers, the RADIUS dynamic request feature on the router receives and processes unsolicited messages from RADIUS servers.

The dynamic request feature uses the existing format of RADIUS disconnect request and response messages. RADIUS-initiated disconnect uses the following codes in its RADIUS request and response messages:

- Disconnect-Request (40)
- Disconnect-ACK (41)
- Disconnect-NAK (42)

Qualifications for Disconnect

For the AAA Service Framework to disconnect a user, the Disconnect-Request message must contain an attribute with an accounting session ID. The Disconnect-Request message can contain an Acct-Session-Id (44) attribute or an Acct-Multi-Session-Id (50) attribute for the session ID or both. If both the Acct-Session-Id and Acct-Multi-Session-Id attributes are present in the request, the router uses both attributes. If the User-Name (1) attribute is also present in the request, the username and accounting session ID are used to perform the disconnection. The AAA Service Framework handles the actual request.

Message Exchange

The RADIUS server and the AAA Service Framework exchange messages using UDP. The Disconnect-Request message sent by the RADIUS server has the same format as the CoA-Request packet that is sent for a change of authorization operation.

The disconnect response is either a Disconnect-ACK or a Disconnect-NAK message:

- If the AAA Service Framework successfully disconnects the user, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a Disconnect-ACK message.
- If the AAA Service Framework cannot disconnect the user, the request is malformed, or attributes are missing from the request, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a Disconnect-NAK message.



NOTE: The AAA Service Framework processes one dynamic request at a time per subscriber. If the framework receives a second dynamic request while processing a previous request (either a CoA or another Disconnect-Request) for the same subscriber, the framework responds with a Disconnect-NAK message.

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 51](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 51](#)

- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 55](#)

Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support

The router uses the list of specified RADIUS authentication servers for both authentication and dynamic request operations. The router listens on UDP port 3799 for dynamic requests.

To configure RADIUS dynamic request support:

- Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]  
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.3
```

To configure the router to support dynamic requests from more than one RADIUS server:

- Specify the IP addresses of multiple RADIUS servers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]  
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.3 192.168.10.15
```

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 51](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 51](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 52](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 53](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 55](#)
- [Error-Cause Codes \(RADIUS Attribute 101\) for Dynamic Requests on page 70](#)

Verifying and Managing the RADIUS Dynamic-Request Feature

Purpose Display RADIUS dynamic request statistics and information.

Action

- To display RADIUS dynamic request statistics:

```
user@host>show network-access aaa statistics dynamic-requests
```

Related Documentation

- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework

The AAA Service Framework supports RADIUS attributes and vendor-specific attributes (VSAs). This support provides tunable parameters that the subscriber access management feature uses when creating subscribers and services.

RADIUS attributes are carried as part of standard RADIUS request and reply messages. The subscriber management access feature uses the RADIUS attributes to exchange specific authentication, authorization, and accounting information. VSAs allow the subscriber access management feature to pass implementation-specific information that provide extended capabilities, such as service activation or deactivation, and enabling and disabling filters.

When you use dynamic profiles, the AAA Service Framework supports the use of Junos OS predefined variables to specify the RADIUS attribute or VSA for the information obtained from the RADIUS server.

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 56](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 68](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 501](#)

RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework

Table 14 on page 56 describes the RADIUS IETF attributes that the Junos OS AAA Service Framework supports.



NOTE: A “Yes” entry in the Dynamic CoA Support column indicates that the attribute can be dynamically configured by Access-Accept messages and dynamically modified by CoA-Request messages.

Table 14: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Dynamic CoA Support
1	User-Name	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name of user to be authenticated. • Configurable username override. 	No
2	User-Password	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Password of user to be authenticated by Password Authentication Protocol (PAP). • Configurable password override. 	No
4	NAS-IP-Address	IP address of the network access server (NAS) that is requesting authentication of the user.	No

Table 14: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Dynamic CoA Support
5	NAS-Port	Physical port number of the NAS that is authenticating the user. For a tunneled PPP user in an L2TP LNS session, there is no physical port. In this case, the port value is reported as 4194303.	No
6	Service-Type	Type of service the user has requested or the type of service to be provided.	No
8	Framed-IP-Address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IP address to be configured for the user. 0.0.0.0 or absence is interpreted as 255.255.255.254. 	No
9	Framed-IP-Netmask	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IP network to be configured for the user when the user is a router or switch to a network. Absence implies 255.255.255.255. 	No
11	Filter-ID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name of the filter list for the user. Interpreted as input policy name. 	Yes
18	Reply-Message	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text that may be displayed to the user. Only the first instance of this attribute is used. 	No
22	Framed-Route	String that provides routing information to be configured for the user on the NAS in the format: <addr>[/<maskLen>] [<nexthop> [<cost>]] [tag <tagValue>] [distance <distValue>]	Yes
25	Class	Arbitrary value that the NAS includes in all accounting packets for the user if supplied by the RADIUS server.	No
27	Session-Timeout	Maximum number of consecutive seconds of service to be provided to the user before termination of the session.	No
31	Calling-Station-ID	Phone number from which the call originated.	No
32	NAS-Identifier	NAS originating the request.	No

Table 14: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Dynamic CoA Support
40	Acct-Status-Type	Whether this Accounting-Request marks the beginning of the user service (Start), the end (Stop), or the interim (Interim-Update).	No
41	Acct-Delay-Time	Number of seconds the client has been trying to send a particular record.	No
42	Acct-Input-Octets	Number of octets that have been received from the port during the time this service has been provided.	No
43	Acct-Output-Octets	Number of octets that have been sent to the port during the time this service has been provided.	No
44	Acct-Session-ID	<p>Unique accounting identifier that makes it easy to match start and stop records in a log file. The identifier can be in one of the following formats:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> decimal—For example, 435264 description—In the generic format, jnpr interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id; For example, jnpr fastEthernet 3/2.6:1010101010101 	No
45	Acct-Authentic	Method by which user was authentication: whether by RADIUS, the NAS itself, or another remote authentication protocol.	No
46	Acct-Session-Time	Number of seconds that the user has received service	No
47	Acct-Input-Packets	Number of packets that have been received from the port during the time this service has been provided to a framed user.	No
48	Acct-Output-Packets	Number of packets that have been sent to the port in the course of delivering this service to a framed user.	No

Table 14: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Dynamic CoA Support
49	Acct-Terminate-Cause	Reason the service (a PPP session) was terminated. The service can be terminated for the following reasons: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User Request (1)—User initiated the disconnect (log out). • Idle Timeout (4)—Idle timer has expired. • Session Timeout (5)—Client reached the maximum continuous time allowed on the service or session. • Admin Reset (6)—System administrator terminated the session. • Port Error (8)—PVC failed; no hardware or no interface. • NAS Error (9)—Negotiation failures, connection failures, or address lease expiration. • NAS Request (10)—PPP challenge timeout, PPP request timeout, tunnel establishment failure, PPP bundle failure, IP address lease expiration, PPP keep-alive failure, tunnel disconnect, or an unaccounted-for error. 	No
52	Acct-Input-Gigawords	Number of times the Acct-Input-Octets counter has wrapped around 2^{32} during the time this service has been provided. Can be present in Accounting-Request records only where the Acct-Status-Type is set to Stop or Interim-Update	No
53	Acct-Output-Gigawords	Number of times the Acct-Output-Octets counter has wrapped around 2^{32} in the course of delivering this service. Can be present in Accounting-Request records only where the Acct-Status-Type is set to Stop or Interim-Update.	No
55	Event-Timestamp	Time that this event occurred on the NAS, in seconds, since January 1, 1970 00:00 UTC.	No
61	NAS-Port-Type	Type of physical port the NAS is using to authenticate the user. For a tunneled PPP user in an L2TP LNS session, there is no physical port. In this case, the port type is Virtual .	No

Table 14: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Dynamic CoA Support
64	Tunnel-Type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tunneling protocol to use (in the case of a tunnel initiator) or the tunneling protocol already in use (in the case of a tunnel terminator). Only L2TP tunnels are currently supported. 	No
65	Tunnel-Medium-Type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transport medium to use when creating a tunnel for protocols that can operate over multiple transports. Only IPv4 is currently supported. 	No
66	Tunnel-Client-Endpoint	Address of the initiator end of the tunnel (LAC).	No
67	Tunnel-Server-Endpoint	Address of the server end of the tunnel (LNS).	No
69	Tunnel-Password	Encrypted password used to authenticate to a remote server. Recommended over using VSA Tunnel-Password [26-9] because of the encryption. Do not use both this attribute and the VSA.	No
82	Tunnel-Assignment -Id	Tunnel to which a session is assigned. When user profiles share the same values for Tunnel-Assignment-Id, Tunnel-Server-Endpoint, and Tunnel-Type, the LAC can group these users into the same tunnel. This grouping enables fewer tunnels to be created. (LAC)	No
83	Tunnel-Preference	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Included in each set of tunneling attributes to indicate the relative preference assigned to each tunnel when more than one set of tunneling attributes is returned by the RADIUS server to the tunnel initiator. Included in the Tunnel-Link-Start, the Tunnel-Link-Reject, and the Tunnel-Link-Stop packets (LAC only). 	No

Table 14: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Dynamic CoA Support
85	Acct-Interim-Interval	<p>Number of seconds between each interim accounting update for this session.</p> <p>The router uses the following guidelines for interim accounting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attribute value is within the acceptable range (from 600 through 86,400 seconds)—Accounting is updated at the specified interval. Attribute value of 0—No RADIUS accounting is performed. Attribute value is less than the minimum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the minimum interval (600 seconds). Attribute value is greater than the maximum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the maximum interval (86,400 seconds). 	No
87	NAS-Port-Id	<p>Text string that identifies the physical interface of the NAS that is authenticating the user.</p> <p>For a tunneled PPP user in an L2TP LNS session, there is no physical port, and the NAS-Port-Id value has the following format: <i>media:local address:peer address: local tunnel id:peer tunnel id: local session id:peer session id: call serial number.</i> For example, ip:172.20.0.1:192.168.0.2: 3341:21031:16138:11846:2431. The local information refers to the LNS and the peer information refers to the LAC.</p>	No
88	Framed-Pool	Name of an assigned address pool to use to assign an address for the user.	No
90	Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id	Name of the tunnel initiator (LAC) used during the authentication phase of tunnel establishment.	No
91	Tunnel-Server-Auth-Id	Name of the tunnel terminator (LNS) used during the authentication phase of tunnel establishment.	No
95	NAS-IPv6-Address	Address of the NAS that is requesting authentication of the user.	No

Table 14: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Dynamic CoA Support
96	Framed-Interface-ID	Interface identifier that is configured for the user.	No
97	Framed-IPv6-Prefix	IPv6 prefix and address that are configured for the user. Prefix lengths of 128 are associated with host addresses. Prefix lengths less than 128 are associated with NDRA prefixes.	No
98	Login-IPv6-Host	System the user connects to when the Login-Service attribute is included.	No
99	Framed-IPv6-Route	IPv6 routing information that is configured for the user.	Yes
100	Framed-IPv6-Pool	Name of the assigned pool used to assign the address and IPv6 prefix for the user.	No
123	Delegated-IPv6-Prefix	IPv6 prefix that is delegated to the user.	No
242	Ascend-Data-Filter	Binary data that specifies RADIUS policy definitions.	Yes

Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework

Table 15 on page 63 describes Juniper Networks VSAs supported by the Junos OS AAA Service Framework. The AAA Service Framework uses vendor ID 4874, which is assigned to Juniper Networks by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA).



NOTE: A “Yes” entry in the Dynamic CoA Support column indicates that the attribute can be dynamically configured by Access-Accept messages and dynamically modified by CoA-Request messages.

Table 15: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value	Dynamic CoA Support
26-1	Virtual-Router	<p>Client logical system:routing instance name. Allowed only from AAA server for “default” logical system:routing instance.</p> <p>When this VSA is not included in the subscriber profile, the routing instance assigned to the subscriber—the one in which the subscriber session comes up—varies by subscriber type.</p> <p>For DHCP and PPPoE subscribers, it is the default routing instance.</p> <p>For L2TP tunnel subscribers, it is the routing instance in which the tunnel resides, whether default or non-default. If the tunnel routing instance is not default and you want the L2TP session to be in the default routing instance, you must use the Virtual-Router VSA to set the desired routing instance.</p>	string: <i>logical system:routing instance</i>	No
26-4	Primary-DNS	Client DNS address negotiated during IPCP.	integer: 4-byte <i>primary-dns-address</i>	No
26-5	Secondary-DNS	Client DNS address negotiated during IPCP	integer: 4-byte <i>secondary-dns-address</i>	No
26-6	Primary-WINS	Client WINS (NBNS) address negotiated during IPCP.	integer: 4-byte <i>primary-wins-address</i>	No
26-7	Secondary-WINS	Client WINS (NBNS) address negotiated during IPCP.	integer: 4-byte <i>secondary-wins-address</i>	No
26-8	Tunnel-Virtual-Router	Virtual router name for tunnel connection.	string: <i>tunnel-virtual-router</i>	No
26-9	Tunnel-Password	<p>Tunnel password in cleartext.</p> <p>Do not use both this VSA and the standard RADIUS attribute Tunnel-Password [69]. The standard attribute is recommended because the password is encrypted when that attribute is used.</p>	string: <i>tunnel-password</i>	No
26-10	Ingress-Policy-Name	Input policy name to apply to client interface.	string: <i>input-policy-name</i>	Yes

Table 15: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value	Dynamic CoA Support
26-11	Egress-Policy-Name	Output policy name to apply to client interface.	string: <i>output-policy-name</i>	Yes
26-23	IGMP-Enable	Whether IGMP is enabled or disabled on a client interface.	integer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0=disable 1=enable 	Yes
26-25	Redirect-VRouter-Name	Client logical system:routing instance name indicating to which logical system:routing instance the request is redirected for user authentication.	string: <i>logical-system:routing-instance</i>	No
26-33	Tunnel-Max-Sessions	Maximum number of sessions allowed in a tunnel.	integer: 4-octet	No
26-34	Framed-IP-Route-Tag	Route tag to apply to returned framed-ip-address.	integer: 4-octet	No
26-42	Input-Gigapackets	Number of times the input-packets attribute rolls over its 4-octet field.	Integer	No
26-43	Output-Gigapackets	Number of times the output-packets attribute rolls over its 4-octet field.	Integer	No
26-47	Ipv6-Primary-DNS	Client primary IPv6 DNS address negotiated by DHCP.	hexadecimal string: <i>ipv6-primary-dns-address</i>	No
26-48	Ipv6-Secondary-DNS	Client secondary IPv6 DNS address negotiated by DHCP.	hexadecimal string: <i>ipv6-secondary-dns-address</i>	No
26-55	DHCP-Options	Client DHCP options.	string: <i>dhcp-options</i>	No
26-56	DHCP-MAC-Address	Client MAC address.	string: <i>mac-address</i>	No
26-57	DHCP-GI-Address	DHCP relay agent IP address.	integer: 4-octet	No
26-58	LI-Action	Traffic mirroring action. For dynamic CoA, VSA 26-58 changes the action on the mirrored traffic identified by VSA 26-59.	0=stop mirroring 1=start mirroring 2=no action	Yes (together with 26-59)

Table 15: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value	Dynamic CoA Support
26-59	Med-Dev-Handle	Identifier that associates mirrored traffic to a specific subscriber. For dynamic CoA, VSA 26-58 changes the action on the mirrored traffic identified by VSA 26-59.	Salt-encrypted string	Yes (together with 26-58)
26-60	Med-Ip-Address	IP address of content destination device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded.	Salt-encrypted IP address	No
26-61	Med-Port-Number	UDP port in the content destination device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded.	Salt-encrypted integer	No
26-63	Interface-Desc	Text string that identifies the subscriber's access interface.	string: <i>interface-description</i>	No
26-64	Tunnel-Group	Name of the tunnel group (profile) assigned to a domain map.	string: <i>tunnel-group-name</i>	No
26-65	Activate-Service	Service to activate for the subscriber.	string: <i>service-name</i>	No
26-66	Deactivate-Service	Service to deactivate for the subscriber.	string: <i>service-name</i>	No
26-69	Service-Statistics	Whether statistics for the service is enabled or disabled.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 = disable • 1 = enable time statistics • 2 = enable time and volume statistics 	Yes
26-71	IGMP-Access-Name	Access list to use for the group (G) filter.	string: 32-octet	Yes
26-72	IGMP-Access-Src-Name	Access list to use for the source-group (S,G) filter.	string: 32-octet	Yes
26-74	MLD-Access-Name	Access list to use for the group (G) filter.	string: 32-octet	Yes
26-75	MLD-Access-Src-Name	Access list to use for the source-group (S,G) filter.	string: 32-octet	Yes
26-77	MLD-Version	MLD protocol version.	integer: 1-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1=MLD version 1 • 2=MLD version 2 	Yes

Table 15: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value	Dynamic CoA Support
26-78	IGMP-Version	IGMP protocol version.	integer: 1-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1=IGMP version 1• 2=IGMP version 2• 3=IGMP version 3	Yes
26-83	Service-Session	Name of the service.	string: <i>service-name</i>	No
26-84	Mobile-IP-Algorithm	Authentication algorithm used for Mobile IP registration.	integer: 4-octet	No
26-85	Mobile-IP-SPI	Security parameter index number for Mobile IP registration.	integer: 4-octet	No
26-86	Mobile-IP-Key	Security association MD5 key for Mobile IP registration.	string: key	No
26-87	Mobile-IP-Replay	Replay timestamp for Mobile IP registration.	integer: 4-octet	No
26-89	Mobile-IP-Lifetime	Registration lifetime for Mobile IP registration.	integer: 4-octet	No
26-97	IGMP-Immediate-Leave	IGMP Immediate Leave.	integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0=disable• 1=enable	Yes
26-100	MLD-Immediate-Leave	MLD Immediate Leave.	integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0=disable• 1=enable	Yes
26-106	IPv6-Ingress-Policy-Name	Input policy name to apply to a user IPv6 interface.	string: <i>policy-name</i>	Yes
26-107	IPv6-Egress-Policy-Name	Output policy name to apply to a user IPv6 interface.	string: <i>policy-name</i>	Yes

Table 15: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value	Dynamic CoA Support
26-108	CoS-Traffic-Control-Profile-Parameter-Type	CoS traffic-shaping parameter type and description: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • T01: Scheduler-map name • T02: Shaping rate • T03: Guaranteed rate • T04: Delay-buffer rate • T05: Excess rate • T06: Traffic-control profile • T07: Shaping mode • T08: Byte adjust • T09: Adjust minimum • T10: Excess-rate high • T11: Excess-rate low • T12: Shaping rate burst • T13: Guaranteed rate burst 	Two parts, delimited by white space: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parameter type • Parameter value Examples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • T01 smap_basic • T02 50m • T03 1m • T04 2000 • T05 200 • T06 tcp-gold • T07 frame-mode • T08 50 	Yes
26-109	DHCP-Guided-Relay-Server	IP address of DHCP server that DHCP relay agent uses to forward the discover PDUs.	integer: 4-byte <i>ip-address</i>	No
26-130	Qos-Set-Name	Interface set to apply to the dynamic profile.	string: <i>interface-set-name</i>	No
26-140	Service-Interim-Acct-Interval	Amount of time between interim accounting updates for this service.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • range = 600 through 86400 seconds • 0 = disabled 	Yes
26-141	Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate	Calculated (adjusted) downstream QoS rate in Kbps as set by the ANCP configuration.	range = 1000 through 4,294,967,295	
26-142	Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate	Calculated (adjusted) upstream QoS rate in Kbps as set by the ANCP configuration.	range = 1000 through 4,294,967,295	
26-143	Max-Clients-Per-Interface	Maximum allowable client sessions per interface. For DHCP clients, this value is the maximum sessions per logical interface. For PPPoE clients, this value is the maximum sessions (PPPoE interfaces) per PPPoE underlying interface.	integer: 4-octet	No

Table 15: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value	Dynamic CoA Support
26-146	CoS-Scheduler-Pmt-Type	CoS scheduler parameter type and description: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Null: CoS scheduler name • T01: CoS scheduler transmit rate • T02: CoS scheduler buffer size • T03: CoS scheduler priority • T04: CoS scheduler drop-profile low • T05: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-low • T06: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-high • T07: CoS scheduler drop-profile high • T08: CoS scheduler drop-profile any 	Three parts, delimited by white space: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scheduler name • Parameter type • Parameter value Examples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • be_sched • be_sched T01 12m • be_sched T02 26 	Yes
26-151	IPv6-Acct-Input-Octets	IPv6 receive octets.	integer	No
26-152	IPv6-Acct-Output-Octets	IPv6 transmit octets.	integer	No
26-153	IPv6-Acct-Input-Packets	IPv6 receive packets.	integer	No
26-154	IPv6-Acct-Output-Packets	IPv6 transmit packets.	integer	No
26-155	IPv6-Acct-Input-Gigawords	IPv6 receive gigawords.	integer	No
26-156	IPv6-Acct-Output-Gigawords	IPv6 transmit gigawords.	integer	No
26-158	PPPoE-Padn	Route add for PPPoE sessions	string	No
26-161	IPv6-Delegated-Pool-Name	Address pool used to locally allocate a delegated prefix (IA_PD).	string	No

DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes

Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) attributes are RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) that are defined by the DSL Forum. The attributes transport DSL information that is not supported by standard RADIUS attributes and which convey information about the associated DSL subscriber and data rate. The attributes are defined in RFC 4679, *DSL Forum Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes*.



NOTE: Junos OS uses the vendor ID 3561, which is assigned by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA), for the DSL Forum VSAs.

Subscriber management does not process DSL values—the router simply passes the values received from the subscriber to the RADIUS server, without performing any parsing or manipulation. However, you can manage the content of DSL VSA values either by using the client configuration to restrict the DSL VSAs that the client sends, or by configuring the RADIUS server to ignore unwanted DSL VSAs.

Table 16 on page 69 describes the DSL Forum VSAs.

Table 16: DSL Forum VSAs

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value
[26-1]	Agent-Circuit-Id	Identifier for the subscriber agent circuit ID that corresponds to the DSLAM interface from which subscriber requests are initiated	string
[26-2]	Agent-Remote-Id	Unique identifier for the subscriber associated with the DSLAM interface from which requests are initiated	string
[26-129]	Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream	Actual upstream data rate of the subscriber's synchronized DSL link	integer: 4-octet
[26-130]	Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream	Actual downstream data rate of the subscriber's synchronized DSL link	integer: 4-octet
[26-131]	Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream	Minimum upstream data rate configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet
[26-132]	Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream	Minimum downstream data rate configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet
[26-133]	Attainable-Data-Rate-Upstream	Upstream data rate that the subscriber can attain	integer: 4-octet
[26-134]	Attainable-Data-Rate-Downstream	Downstream data rate that the subscriber can attain	integer: 4-octet
[26-135]	Maximum-Data-Rate-Upstream	Maximum upstream data rate configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet
[26-136]	Maximum-Data-Rate-Downstream	Maximum downstream data rate configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet
[26-137]	Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream-Low-Power	Minimum upstream data rate in low power state configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet

Table 16: DSL Forum VSAs (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description	Value
[26-138]	Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream-Low-Power	Minimum downstream data rate in low power state configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet
[26-139]	Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream	Maximum one-way upstream interleaving delay configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet
[26-140]	Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream	Subscriber's actual one-way upstream interleaving delay	integer: 4-octet
[26-141]	Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream	Maximum one-way downstream interleaving delay configured for the subscriber	integer: 4-octet
[26-142]	Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream	Subscriber's actual one-way downstream interleaving delay	integer: 4-octet
[26-144]	Access-Loop-Encapsulation	Encapsulation used by the subscriber associated with the DSLAM interface from which requests are initiated	string: 3-byte
[26-254]	IWF-Session	Indication that the interworking function (IWF) has been performed for the subscriber's session	No data field required

Error-Cause Codes (RADIUS Attribute 101) for Dynamic Requests

When a RADIUS-initiated CoA or disconnect operation is unsuccessful, the router includes an error-cause attribute (RADIUS attribute 101) in the CoA-NAK or Disconnect-NAK message that it sends back to the RADIUS server. If the detected error does not map to one of the supported error-cause attributes, the router sends the message without an error-cause attribute. [Table 17 on page 70](#) describes the error-cause codes.

Table 17: Error-Cause Codes (RADIUS Attribute 101)

Code	Value	Description
401	Unsupported attribute	The request contains an attribute that is not supported (for example, a third-party attribute).
402	Missing attribute	A critical attribute (for example, the session identification attribute) is missing from a request.
404	Invalid request	Some other aspect of the request is invalid, such as if one or more attributes are not formatted properly.
503	Session context not found	The session context identified in the request does not exist on the router.

Table 17: Error-Cause Codes (RADIUS Attribute 101) (*continued*)

Code	Value	Description
504	Session context not removable	The subscriber identified by attributes in the request is owned by a component that is not supported.
506	Resources unavailable	A request could not be honored due to lack of available NAS resources (such as memory).

Mapping Application Terminate Reasons and RADIUS Terminate Codes

The Junos OS software uses default configuration mapping of terminate reasons for various protocols (AAA, DHCP, L2TP, and PPP) to RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attributes. You can optionally create customized mappings between a terminate reason and a RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute, enabling you to provide different information about the cause of a termination.

When a AAA, DHCP, L2TP, or PPP session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal terminate reason and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (RADIUS attribute 49). RADIUS attribute 49 is also included in RADIUS Acct-Off and Acct-Stop messages. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot terminated sessions.



NOTE: A single mapping for RADIUS account termination is shared by all clients.

Table 18 on page 71 lists the IETF RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause codes that you can use to map application terminate reasons. In addition, you can also configure and use proprietary codes for values beyond 22.

Table 18: Supported RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Codes

Code	Name	Description
1	User Request	User initiated the disconnect (log out)
2	Lost Carrier	DCD was dropped on the port
3	Lost Service	Service can no longer be provided; for example, the user's connection to a host was interrupted
4	Idle Timeout	Idle timer expired
5	Session Timeout	Subscriber reached the maximum continuous time allowed for the service or session
6	Admin Reset	System administrator reset the port or session

Table 18: Supported RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Codes *(continued)*

Code	Name	Description
7	Admin Reboot	System administrator terminated the session on the NAS; for example, prior to rebooting the NAS
8	Port Error	NAS detected an error on the port that required ending the session
9	NAS Error	NAS detected an error (other than on the port) that required ending the session
10	NAS Request	NAS ended the session for a non-error reason
11	NAS Reboot	NAS ended the session due to a non-administrative reboot
12	Port Unneeded	NAS ended the session because the resource usage fell below the low threshold; for example, the bandwidth-on-demand algorithm determined that the port was no longer needed
13	Port Preempted	NAS ended the session to allocate the port to a higher-priority use
14	Port Suspended	NAS ended the session to suspend a virtual session
15	Service Unavailable	NAS was unable to provide the requested service
16	Callback	NAS is terminating the current session in order to perform callback for a new session
17	User Error	An error in the user input caused the session to be terminated
18	Host Request	The login host terminated the session normally
19	Supplicant Restart	Supplicant state machine was reinitialized
20	Reauthentication Failure	A previously authenticated supplicant failed to reauthenticate successfully following expiration of the reauthentication timer or explicit reauthentication request by management action
21	Port Reinitialized	The port's MAC has been reinitialized
22	Port Administratively Disabled	The port has been administratively disabled

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Custom Terminate Reason Mappings on page 97](#)
- [AAA Terminate Reasons on page 73](#)
- [DHCP Terminate Reasons on page 73](#)
- [L2TP Terminate Reasons on page 74](#)
- [PPP Terminate Reasons on page 90](#)

AAA Terminate Reasons

Table 19 on page 73 lists the default AAA terminate mappings. The table indicates the supported AAA deny and shutdown reasons and the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attributes they are mapped to by default.

Table 19: Default AAA Mappings

AAA Deny or Shutdown Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
deny address allocation failure	17	user error
deny no resources	10	NAS request
deny server request timeout	17	user error
shutdown administrative reset	6	admin reset
shutdown remote reset	10	NAS request

Related Documentation

- [Mapping Application Terminate Reasons and RADIUS Terminate Codes on page 71](#)
- [Configuring Custom Terminate Reason Mappings on page 97](#)

DHCP Terminate Reasons

Table 20 on page 73 lists the default DHCP terminate mappings. The table indicates the supported DHCP terminate reasons and the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attributes they are mapped to by default.

Table 20: Default DHCP Mappings

DHCP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
nak	15	service unavailable
nas logout	10	NAS request
no offers	4	idle timeout
lost-carrier	2	session terminated / modem dropped DCD
client request	1	user request

L2TP Terminate Reasons

Table 21 on page 74 lists the default L2TP terminate mappings. The table indicates the supported L2TP terminate reasons and the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attributes they are mapped to by default.

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
issu in progress	9	NAS error
session access interface down	8	port error
session admin close	6	admin reset
session admin drain	6	admin reset
session call down	10	NAS request
session call failed	15	service unavailable
session create failed limit reached	9	NAS error
session create failed no resources	9	NAS error
session create failed single shot tunnel already fired	9	NAS error
session create failed too busy	9	NAS error
session failover protocol resync disconnect	6	admin reset
session hardware unavailable	8	port error
session no resources server port	9	NAS error
session not ready	9	NAS error
session rx cdn	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp bad value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp duplicate value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
session rx cdn avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp missing mandatory assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp missing mandatory result code	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx cdn avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx cdn no resources	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp bad value framing type	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp bad value proxy authen type	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp bad value unsupported proxy authen type	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing mandatory connect speed	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing mandatory framing type	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen challenge	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen id	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen name	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen response	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx iccn avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx iccn no resources	10	NAS request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
session rx iccn unexpected	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp bad value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp duplicate value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp missing mandatory assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx icrp avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx icrp no resources	10	NAS request
session rx icrp unexpected	10	NAS request
session rx icrq admin close	6	admin reset
session rx icrq authenticate failed host	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp bad value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp bad value bearer type	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp bad value cisco nas port	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp duplicate value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp missing mandatory assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp missing mandatory call serial number	10	NAS request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
session rx icrq avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx icrq avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx icrq no resources	10	NAS request
session rx icrq unexpected	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp bad value framing type	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp missing mandatory connect speed	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp missing mandatory framing type	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx occn avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx occn no resources	10	NAS request
session rx occn unexpected	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp bad value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp duplicate value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp missing mandatory assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp missing random vector	10	NAS request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
session rx ocrp avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp no resources	10	NAS request
session rx ocrp unexpected	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq admin close	10	admin reset
session rx ocrq authenticate failed host	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp bad value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp bad value bearer type	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp bad value framing type	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp duplicate value assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory assigned session id	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory bearer type	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory call serial number	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory called number	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory framing type	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory maximum bps	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory minimum bps	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx ocrq avp unknown	10	NAS request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
session rx ocrc no resources	10	NAS request
session rx ocrc unexpected	10	NAS request
session rx ocrc unsupported	9	NAS error
session rx sli avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx sli avp bad value accm	10	NAS request
session rx sli avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx sli avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx sli avp missing mandatory accm	10	NAS request
session rx sli avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx sli avp missing secret	10	NAS request
session rx sli avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx sli no resources	10	NAS request
session rx unexpected packet lac incoming	10	NAS request
session rx unexpected packet lac outgoing	10	NAS request
session rx unexpected packet lns incoming	10	NAS request
session rx unexpected packet lns outgoing	10	NAS request
session rx unknown session id	10	NAS request
session rx wen avp bad hidden	10	NAS request
session rx wen avp malformed bad length	10	NAS request
session rx wen avp malformed truncated	10	NAS request
session rx wen avp missing mandatory call errors	10	NAS request
session rx wen avp missing random vector	10	NAS request
session rx wen avp missing secret	10	NAS request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
session rx wen avp unknown	10	NAS request
session rx wen no resources	10	NAS request
session timeout connection	10	NAS request
session timeout inactivity	4	idle timeout
session timeout session	5	session timeout
session timeout upper create	9	NAS error
session transmit speed unavailable	9	NAS error
session tunnel down	15	service unavailable
session tunnel failed	15	service unavailable
session tunnel switch profile deleted	6	admin reset
session tunneled interface down	8	port error
session unknown cause	9	NAS error
session upper create failed	9	NAS error
session upper removed	15	service unavailable
session warmstart not operational	15	service unavailable
session warmstart recovery error	15	service unavailable
session warmstart upper not restacked	10	NAS request
tunnel admin close	6	admin reset
tunnel admin drain	6	admin reset
tunnel control channel failed	15	service unavailable
tunnel created no sessions	1	user request
tunnel destination address changed	6	admin reset
tunnel destination down	10	NAS request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel failover protocol no resources for recovery tunnel	15	service unavailable
tunnel failover protocol no resources for session resync	15	service unavailable
tunnel failover protocol not supported	15	service unavailable
tunnel failover protocol not supported by peer	15	service unavailable
tunnel failover protocol recovery control channel failed	15	service unavailable
tunnel failover protocol recovery tunnel failed	15	service unavailable
tunnel failover protocol recovery tunnel finished	1	user request
tunnel failover protocol recovery tunnel primary down	1	user request
tunnel failover protocol session resync failed	15	service unavailable
tunnel host profile changed	6	admin reset
tunnel host profile deleted	6	admin reset
tunnel rx scccn authenticate failed challenge	17	user error
tunnel rx scccn avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn avp bad value challenge response	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn avp missing challenge response	17	user error
tunnel rx scccn avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn avp unexpected challenge response	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx scccn session id not null	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx sccn unexpected	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp authenticate failed challenge	17	user error
tunnel rx sccrp authenticate failed host	17	user error
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value bearer capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value challenge	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value challenge response	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value failover capability	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value protocol version	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value receive window size	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp missing challenge response	17	user error
tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory host name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory protocol version	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp unexpected challenge response	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx sccrp avp unexpected challenge without secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrp unexpected	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq admin close	6	admin reset
tunnel rx sccrq authenticate failed host	17	user error
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value bearer capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value challenge	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value failover capability	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value protocol version	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value receive window size	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory host name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory protocol version	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx sccrq avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp unexpected challenge without secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq bad address	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq no resources max tunnels	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx sccrq unexpected	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn	1	user request
tunnel rx stopccn avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp bad value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp missing mandatory result code	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx stopccn session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx frs avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx frs avp missing mandatory failover session state	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx frs avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx frs avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx frs avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx frs no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx frs session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq avp missing mandatory failover session state	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsq session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsr avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx fsr avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx unexpected packet	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx unexpected packet for session	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx unknown packet message type indecipherable	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx unknown packet message type unrecognized	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn authenticate failed challenge	17	user error
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp bad value challenge response	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp missing challenge response	17	user error
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp unexpected challenge response	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccn session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp authenticate failed challenge	17	user error
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value bearer capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value challenge	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value challenge response	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value protocol version	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value receive window size	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value suggested control sequence	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp mismatched host name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp mismatched vendor name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing challenge response	17	user error
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory host name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory protocol version	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp unexpected challenge response	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp unexpected challenge without secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrp session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq admin close	6	admin reset
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value bearer capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value challenge	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value protocol version	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value receive window size	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value tunnel recovery	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp duplicate value tie breaker	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp mismatched host name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp mismatched vendor name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory framing capabilities	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory host name	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory protocol version	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory tunnel recovery	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing tie breaker	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp unexpected challenge without secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery sccrq session id not null	15	service unavailable

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel rx recovery sccrq tunnel id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp bad hidden	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp bad value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp malformed bad length	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp malformed truncated	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing mandatory result code	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing random vector	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing secret	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp unknown	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn no resources	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery stopccn session id not null	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery unexpected packet	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery unknown packet message type indecipherable	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx recovery unknown packet message type unrecognized	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx session packet null sid invalid	15	service unavailable
tunnel rx session packet null sid without assigned session id	15	service unavailable
tunnel timeout connection	15	service unavailable
tunnel timeout connection recovery tunnel	15	service unavailable
tunnel timeout idle	1	user request

Table 21: Default L2TP Mappings (*continued*)

L2TP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
tunnel unknown cause	9	NAS error
tunnel warmstart not operational	15	service unavailable
tunnel warmstart recovery error	15	service unavailable

- Related Documentation**
- [Mapping Application Terminate Reasons and RADIUS Terminate Codes on page 71](#)
 - [Configuring Custom Terminate Reason Mappings on page 97](#)

PPP Terminate Reasons

Table 22 on page 90 lists the default PPP terminate mappings. The table indicates the supported PPP terminate reasons and the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attributes they are mapped to by default.

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
admin logout	10	NAS request
authenticate authenticator timeout	17	user error
authenticate challenge timeout	10	NAS request
authenticate chap no resources	10	NAS request
authenticate chap peer authenticator timeout	17	user error
authenticate deny by peer	17	user error
authenticate inactivity timeout	4	idle timeout
authenticate max requests	10	NAS request
authenticate no authenticator	10	NAS request
authenticate pap peer authenticator timeout	17	user error
authenticate pap request timeout	10	NAS request

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings (continued)

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
authenticate session timeout	5	session timeout
authenticate too many requests	10	NAS request
authenticate tunnel fail immediate	10	NAS request
authenticate tunnel unsupported tunnel type	10	NAS request
bundle fail create	10	NAS request
bundle fail engine add	10	NAS request
bundle fail fragment size mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail fragmentation location	10	NAS request
bundle fail fragmentation mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail join	10	NAS request
bundle fail link selection mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail local mped not set yet	10	NAS request
bundle fail local mrru mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail local mru mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail peer mrru mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail reassembly location	10	NAS request
bundle fail reassembly mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail record network	10	NAS request
bundle fail server location mismatch	10	NAS request
bundle fail static link	10	NAS request
failover during authentication	6	admin reset
interface admin disable	6	admin reset
interface down	2	lost carrier

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings (*continued*)

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
interface no hardware	8	port error
ip admin disable	10	NAS request
ip inhibited by authentication	10	NAS request
ip link down	10	NAS request
ip max configure exceeded	10	NAS request
ip no local ip address	10	NAS request
ip no local ip address mask	10	NAS request
ip no local primary dns address	10	NAS request
ip no local primary nbns address	10	NAS request
ip no local secondary dns address	10	NAS request
ip no local secondary nbns address	10	NAS request
ip no peer ip address	10	NAS request
ip no peer ip address mask	10	NAS request
ip no peer primary dns address	10	NAS request
ip no peer primary nbns address	10	NAS request
ip no peer secondary dns address	10	NAS request
ip no peer secondary nbns address	10	NAS request
ip no service	10	NAS request
ip peer renegotiate rx conf ack	10	NAS request
ip peer renegotiate rx conf nak	10	NAS request
ip peer renegotiate rx conf rej	10	NAS request
ip peer renegotiate rx conf req	10	NAS request
ip peer terminate term ack	10	NAS request

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings (continued)

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
ip peer terminate code rej	10	NAS request
ip peer terminate term req	10	NAS request
ip service disable	10	NAS request
ip stale stacking	10	NAS request
ipv6 admin disable	10	NAS request
ipv6 inhibited by authentication	10	NAS request
ipv6 link down	10	NAS request
ipv6 local and peer interface ids identical	10	NAS request
ipv6 max configure exceeded	10	NAS request
ipv6 no local ipv6 interface id	10	NAS request
ipv6 no peer ipv6 interface id	10	NAS request
ipv6 no service	10	NAS request
ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf ack	10	NAS request
ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf nak	10	NAS request
ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf rej	10	NAS request
ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf req	10	NAS request
ipv6 peer terminate code rej	10	NAS request
ipv6 peer terminate term ack	10	NAS request
ipv6 peer terminate term req	10	NAS request
ipv6 service disable	10	NAS request
ipv6 stale stacking	10	NAS request
lcp authenticate terminate hold	10	NAS request
lcp configured mrru too small	10	NAS request

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings (*continued*)

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
lcp configured mru invalid	10	NAS request
lcp configured mru too small	10	NAS request
lcp dynamic interface hold	10	NAS request
lcp keepalive failure	10	NAS request
lcp loopback rx conf req	10	NAS request
lcp loopback rx echo reply	10	NAS request
lcp loopback rx echo req	10	NAS request
lcp max configure exceeded	10	NAS request
lcp mru changed	10	NAS request
lcp negotiation timeout	10	NAS request
lcp no localaccm	10	NAS request
lcp no localacfc	10	NAS request
lcp no local authentication	10	NAS request
lcp no local endpoint discriminator	10	NAS request
lcp no local magic number	10	NAS request
lcp no local mrru	10	NAS request
lcp no local mru	10	NAS request
lcp no localpfc	10	NAS request
lcp no peer accm	10	NAS request
lcp no peer authentication	10	NAS request
lcp no peer endpoint discriminator	10	NAS request
lcp no peer magicnumber	10	NAS request
lcp no peer mrru	10	NAS request

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings (*continued*)

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
lcp no peer mru	10	NAS request
lcp no peer pfc	10	NAS request
lcp peer terminate code rej	1	user request
lcp peer terminate term ack	1	user request
lcp peer terminate term req	1	user request
lcp peer terminate protocol reject	1	user request
lcp peer renegotiate rx conf ack	1	user request
lcp peer renegotiate rx conf nak	1	user request
lcp peer renegotiate rx conf rej	1	user request
lcp peer renegotiate rx conf req	1	user request
lcp tunnel disconnected	10	NAS request
lcp tunnel failed	10	NAS request
link interface no hardware	8	port error
lower interface attach failed	2	lost carrier
lower interface teardown	2	lost carrier
mpls admin disable	10	NAS request
mpls link down	10	NAS request
mpls max configure exceeded	10	NAS request
mpls no service	10	NAS request
mpls peer renegotiate rx conf ack	10	NAS request
mpls peer renegotiate rx conf nak	10	NAS request
mpls peer renegotiate rx conf rej	10	NAS request
mpls peer renegotiate rx conf req	10	NAS request

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings (*continued*)

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
mpls peer terminate code rej	10	NAS request
mpls peer terminate term ack	10	NAS request
mpls peer terminate term req	10	NAS request
mpls service disable	10	NAS request
mpls stale stacking	10	NAS request
network interface admin disable	6	admin reset
no bundle	10	NAS request
no interface	8	port error
no link interface	8	port error
no ncps available	10	NAS request
no network interface	10	NAS request
no upper interface	9	NAS error
osi admin disable	10	NAS request
osi link down	10	NAS request
osi max configure exceeded	10	NAS request
osi no local align npdu	10	NAS request
osi no peer align npdu	10	NAS request
osi no service	10	NAS request
osi peer renegotiate rx conf ack	10	NAS request
osi peer renegotiate rx conf nak	10	NAS request
osi peer renegotiate rx conf rej	10	NAS request
osi peer renegotiate rx conf req	10	NAS request
osi peer terminate code rej	10	NAS request

Table 22: Default PPP Mappings (*continued*)

PPP Terminate Reason	RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause	
	Code	Description
osi peer terminate term ack	10	NAS request
osi peer terminate term req	10	NAS request
osi service disable	10	NAS request
osi stale stacking	10	NAS request
recovery active state cleanup	9	NAS error
recovery configured state cleanup	9	NAS error
recovery init state cleanup	9	NAS error
recovery terminated state cleanup	9	NAS error
recovery terminating state cleanup	9	NAS error
session init failed	9	NAS error
subscriber mgr activation failed	9	NAS error
subscriber mgr get credentials failed	9	NAS error
subscriber mgr link interface not found	9	NAS error
subscriber mgr set state active failed	9	NAS error

- Related Documentation**
- [Mapping Application Terminate Reasons and RADIUS Terminate Codes on page 71](#)
 - [Configuring Custom Terminate Reason Mappings on page 97](#)

Configuring Custom Terminate Reason Mappings

Junos OS supports default configuration mapping of terminate reasons for various protocols (AAA, DHCP, L2TP, and PPP) to RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attributes. When a AAA, DHCP, L2TP, or PPP session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal terminate reason and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (RADIUS attribute 49). RADIUS attribute 49 is also included in RADIUS Acct-Off and Acct-Stop messages.

You can create customized mappings between a terminate reason and a RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute to provide different information about the cause of a termination.

To configure customized mappings between a terminate reason and a RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute:

1. Edit the **access** hierarchy.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access
```

2. Edit the **terminate-code** statement.



NOTE: Terminate codes do not appear as options on platforms where they are not supported.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit terminate-code
```

3. Specify the protocol option (aaa | dhcp | l2tp | ppp) that you want to modify.

```
[edit access terminate-code]
user@host# set protocol-option
```

4. Specify the terminate reason that you want to modify.

```
[edit access terminate-code protocol-option]
user@host# set term-reason
```



NOTE: Attempts to set a terminate reason mapping to its default value are rejected by the CLI.

5. Specify the RADIUS termination cause value (from 1 through 4294967295) that you want to use for the termination reason.

```
[edit access terminate-code protocol-option term-reason]
user@host# set radius term-cause
```



NOTE: Deleting a customized mapping restores the default.

Related Documentation

- [Mapping Application Terminate Reasons and RADIUS Terminate Codes on page 71](#)
- [AAA Terminate Reasons on page 73](#)
- [DHCP Terminate Reasons on page 73](#)
- [L2TP Terminate Reasons on page 74](#)
- [PPP Terminate Reasons on page 90](#)

Configuring an Access Profile for Subscriber Management

Access profiles enable you to specify subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters. After access profiles are created, you can attach them at the **[edit**

`logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name`] hierarchy level or for use in automatically configuring VLANs or stacked VLANs at the `[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure vlan-ranges]` or `[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]` hierarchy levels.

To configure an access profile:

1. Edit the access stanza.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access
```

2. Specify an existing or new access profile name.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit profile profile-name
```

3. Specify any desired subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters for the access profile.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Attaching Access Profiles on page 99](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for VLAN Interfaces on page 556](#)
- [profile on page 1501](#)

Attaching Access Profiles

After you have created the access profile that specifies the subscriber access management authentication and accounting parameters, you can attach the profile. Subscriber access management supports attaching access profiles at the following hierarchy levels:

- `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name]`
- `[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure vlan-ranges]`
- `[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]`

To attach an access profile:

1. Edit the desired hierarchy level.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit logical-systems LSI routing-instances R11
```

2. Specify the name of the access profile that you want to attach.

```
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name]
user@host# set access-profile vz-bos-metro-fios-basic
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 21](#)

RADIUS Support for Dynamic Router Advertisement

The AAA Service Framework enables you to use RADIUS to select the router advertisement prefix used in a subscriber session's dynamic router advertisement configuration.

When a subscriber connects to an interface, the AAA Service Framework selects the router advertisement prefix based on the following order:

1. IPv6-NdRa-Prefix attribute specified in the RADIUS authentication grant—If the AAA Service Framework receives the IPv6-NdRa-Prefix attribute [VSA 26–129] in the RADIUS Access-Accept message, the router uses the returned VSA value.
2. IPv6-NdRa-Pool-Name attribute specified in the RADIUS authentication grant—If the AAA Service Framework receives the IPv6-NdRa-Pool-Name attribute [VSA 26–157] in the RADIUS Access-Accept message, the router is allocated a prefix from the locally configured address-assignment pool that matches the returned VSA.
3. Local configuration—If neither attribute is returned in the RADIUS authentication grant, the AAA Service Framework allocates the router a prefix from the locally configured address pool that is designated for the Router Advertisement protocol on the router.

Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Router Advertisement Configuration Overview on page 1063](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Router Advertisement on page 117](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)

Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access

You can limit subscriber access by configuring a session timeout or an idle timeout. Use a session timeout to specify a fixed period of time that the subscriber is permitted to have access. Use an idle timeout to specify a maximum period of time that the subscriber can be idle. You can use these timeouts separately or together. By default, neither timeout is present.



NOTE: For all subscriber types other than DHCP (such as L2TP-tunneled and PPP-terminated subscribers), the session timeout value limits the subscriber session. For DHCP subscribers, the session timeout value is used to limit the lease. The lease expires when the timeout value expires. If this value is not supplied by either the CLI or RADIUS, the DHCP lease does not expire.

The idle timeout is based on accounting statistics for the subscriber. The router determines subscriber inactivity by monitoring data traffic, both upstream from the user and downstream to the user. Control traffic is ignored. The subscriber is not considered idle as long as data traffic is detected in either direction.

When either timeout period expires, the non-DHCP subscribers are gracefully logged out, similarly to a RADIUS-initiated disconnect or a CLI-initiated logout. DHCP subscribers

are disconnected. The Acct-Terminate-Cause [RADIUS attribute 49] value includes a reason code of 5 for a session timeout and a code of 4 for an idle timeout.

You can configure these limitations to subscriber access on a per-subscriber basis by using the RADIUS attributes Session-Timeout [27] and Idle-Timeout [28]. RADIUS returns these attributes in Access-Accept messages in response to Access-Request messages from the access server.

Service providers often choose to apply the same limitations to large numbers of subscribers. You can reduce the RADIUS provisioning effort for this scenario by defining the limitations for subscribers in an access profile on a per-routing-instance basis. If you do so, RADIUS attributes subsequently returned for a particular subscriber logged in with the profile override the per-routing-instance values.

The available range for setting a timeout is the same whether you configure it in the CLI or through the RADIUS attributes. Session timeouts can be set for 1 minute through 527,040 minutes in the CLI and the corresponding number of seconds (60 through 31,622,400) in the Session-Timeout attribute [27]. Idle timeouts can be set for 10 minutes through 1440 minutes in the CLI and the corresponding number of seconds (600 through 86,400) in the Idle-Timeout attribute [28].

The router interprets the values in the attributes to conform to the supported ranges. For example, for Session-Timeout [27]:

- A value of zero is treated as no timeout.
- A value in the range 1 through 59 is raised to 60 seconds.
- A value that exceeds 31,622,400 is reduced to 31,622,400 seconds.

For Idle-Timeout [28]:

- A value of zero is treated as no timeout.
- A value in the range 1 through 599 is raised to 600 seconds.
- A value that exceeds 86,400 is reduced to 86,400 seconds.

In configurations using dynamically created subscriber VLANs, the idle timeout also deletes the inactive subscriber VLANs when the inactivity threshold has been reached. In addition to deleting inactive dynamic subscriber VLANs, the idle timeout also removes dynamic VLANs when no client sessions were ever created (for example, in the event no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN or following the occurrence of an error during session creation or client authentication where no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN).

When using the idle timeout for dynamic VLAN removal, keep the following in mind:

- The idle timeout period begins after a dynamic subscriber VLAN interface is created or traffic activity stops on a dynamic subscriber VLAN interface.
- If a new client session is created or a client session is reactivated successfully, the client idle timeout resets.

- The removal of inactive subscriber VLANs functions only with VLANs that have been authenticated.

**Related
Documentation**

- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 56](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Options on page 102](#)
- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 103](#)

Configuring Subscriber Session Options

Subscriber session timeouts enable you to place limits on subscriber access based on how long the session has been up, how long the user has been inactive, or both. The subscriber session timeouts apply to both L2TP-tunneled and PPP-terminated subscriber sessions.



NOTE: To configure the timeout attributes in RADIUS, refer to the documentation for your RADIUS server.

To configure limitations on subscriber sessions:

1. Edit session options for the router access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile profile-name session-options
```

2. Configure the maximum period a subscriber session can be active.

```
[edit access profile profile-name session-options]
user@host# set client-session-timeout minutes
```

3. Configure the maximum period a subscriber session can be idle.

```
[edit access profile profile-name session-options]
user@host# set client-idle-timeout minutes
```

For example, to configure a client session timeout of 2 hours and an idle timeout of 15 minutes in the **acc-prof** profile:

```
[edit]
access {
  profile {
    acc-prof {
      session-options {
        client-session-timeout 120;
        client-idle-timeout 15;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 100](#)
- [client-idle-timeout on page 1172](#)

- [client-session-timeout on page 1173](#)

Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs

Subscriber session timeouts enable you to place limits on subscriber access based on how long the session has been up, how long the user has been inactive, or both. In configurations using dynamically created subscriber VLANs, the idle timeout also:

- Deletes the inactive subscriber VLANs when the inactivity threshold has been reached.
- Removes dynamic VLANs when no client sessions were ever created (for example, in the event no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN or following the occurrence of an error during session creation or client authentication where no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN).



NOTE: To configure the idle timeout attribute in RADIUS, refer to the documentation for your RADIUS server.

To remove inactive dynamic subscriber VLANs:

1. Edit session options for the router access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile profile-name session-options
```

2. Configure the maximum period a subscriber session can remain idle.

```
[edit access profile profile-name session-options]
user@host# set client-idle-timeout minutes
```

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 100](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Options on page 102](#)
- [client-idle-timeout on page 1172](#)

AAA Configuration Testing and Troubleshooting

Subscriber management supports a test feature that enables you to check the AAA configuration of a subscriber. You might use the test feature to verify the subscriber's AAA settings and to help troubleshoot or isolate subscriber login problems. The AAA test process creates a pseudo session that authenticates the subscriber, allocates an address for the subscriber, and issues an accounting start packet. The process then issues an accounting stop request, releases the address, and terminates the pseudo session.

The AAA test results provide details about the attributes that subscriber management assigns to the subscriber during login. The attributes might be assigned by RADIUS, a dynamic profile, static interface configuration, or might be statically assigned. You can test the AAA configuration for DHCP, PPP, and authd-lite subscribers. For L2TP clients,

the AAA test process displays all tunnel parameters but does not create an actual tunnel session.



NOTE: The `test` command does not support volume-time accounting. If volume-time accounting is configured for the test subscriber, the `test` command replaces the statistics with time-only accounting statistics.

Related Documentation • [Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration on page 104](#)

Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration

Purpose Display the AAA attributes that subscriber management assigns to the subscriber during login.

The following example tests the AAA configuration for a PPP subscriber. You can use the `test aaa dhcp user` command to perform a similar test for DHCP subscribers and the `test aaa authd-lite user` command to test authd-lite subscribers.



NOTE: The `test` command does not support volume-time accounting. If volume-time accounting is configured for the test subscriber, the `test` command replaces the statistics with time-only accounting statistics.

Action `user@host>test aaa ppp user thomastank password 00N15&`

```
Authentication Grant
*****User Attributes*****
  User Name - thomastank
  Client IP Address - 192.168.1.1
  Client IP Netmask - 255.255.0.0
  Virtual Router Name - default
  Reply Message - NULL
  Primary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
  Secondary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
  Primary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
  Secondary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
  Framed Pool - addr_pool2
  Session Timeout - 0
  Idle Timeout - 0
  Service Type - 0
  Client Ipv6 Address - ::
  Client Ipv6 Mask - null
  Framed Ipv6 Prefix - ::/0
  Framed Ipv6 Pool - not-set
  Nas Ipv6 Address - ::
  NDRA Ipv6 Prefix - not-set
  Login Ipv6 Host - ::
  Framed Interface Id: - 0:0:0:0
  Delegated Ipv6 Prefix - ::/0
  Delegated Ipv6 Pool - not-set
  User Password - 00N15&
```

```

CHAP Password - NULL
NAS Ip Address - 0.0.0.0
NAS Port - 0
NAS Port Type - 5
Client Session Activate request sent
Client Session Activated
Filter Id - not set
Framed MTU - (null)
Framed Route - not set
Ingress Policy Name - not set
Egress Policy Name - not set
IGMP - disabled
Redirect VR Name - default
Service Bundle - Null
Framed Ip Route Tag - not set
LI Action - 0
LI Intercept Id - 0
Med Ipaddress - 0.0.0.0
Med Port Number - 0
Ignore DF Bit - disabled
IGMP Access Group Name - not set
IGMP Access Source Group Name - not set
MLD Access Group Name - not set
MLD Access Source Group Name - not set
IGMP Version - IGMP Version not set
MLD Version - MLD Version not set
IGMP Immediate Leave - disabled
MLD Immediate Leave - disabled
IPv6 Ingress Policy Name - not set
IPv6 Egress Policy Name - not set
Cos Parameter Type - not-set
Cos Scheduler Parameter Type - not-set
Acct Session ID- 8
Acct Interim Interval - 0
Acct Type - 0
Ingress Statistics disabled
Egress Statistics disabled
****Pausing 10 seconds before disconnecting the test user*****
Logging out subscriber
Test complete. Exiting

```

Related Documentation • [AAA Configuration Testing and Troubleshooting on page 103](#)

Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access

The Junos OS trace feature tracks subscriber management database operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `smid`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.

2. When the trace log file **filename** reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called **filename**, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure all aspects of subscriber management database tracing operations:

1. Configure a trace log filename.
See [“Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename” on page 106](#).
2. Configure the number and size of trace logs.
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Database Log Files” on page 107](#).
3. Configure user access to trace logs.
See [“Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Database Log File” on page 107](#).
4. Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Database Messages to Be Logged” on page 108](#).
5. Configure flags to specify which events are logged.
See [“Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Tracing Flags” on page 108](#).

Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for the subscriber management database is **smid**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for subscriber management database tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]  
user@host# set file smi_logfile_1
```

Related Documentation

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105](#)

Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Database Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format *.number.gz*. The newest archived file is *.0.gz* and the oldest archived file is *.(maximum number)-1.gz*. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

Related Documentation

- Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105

Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Database Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105](#)

Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Database Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]  
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105](#)

Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]  
user@host# set flag flag
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105](#)

Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access

The Junos OS trace feature tracks subscriber management database replication operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `bdbrepd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*,

until it reaches capacity again. At this point, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). You can also specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure all aspects of subscriber management database replication tracing operations:

1. Configure a trace log filename.
[See “Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Trace Log Filename” on page 111.](#)
2. Configure the number and size of trace logs.
[See “Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log Files” on page 109.](#)
3. Configure user access to trace logs.
[See “Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log File” on page 110.](#)
4. Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.
[See “Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Messages to Be Logged” on page 110.](#)
5. Configure flags to specify which events are logged.
[See “Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Tracing Flags” on page 111.](#)

Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]  
user@host# set file bdrep_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108](#)

Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]  
user@host# set file bdrep_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108](#)

Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]  
user@host# set file bdrep_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]  
user@host# set file bdbrep_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108](#)

Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for the subscriber management database is **bdbrepd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for subscriber management database tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]  
user@host# set file bdbrep_logfile_1
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108](#)

Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]  
user@host# set flag flag
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108](#)

Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information

Purpose View or clear subscriber access statistics and information.

Action • To display subscriber AAA statistics:

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics
```

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics authentication
```

- To display RADIUS server status and information:
`user@host> show network-access aaa radius-servers`
- To display subscriber access AAA information:
`user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers`
- To display subscriber session information:
`user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id session-id`
- To clear subscriber access statistics and to log out specific subscribers:
`user@host> clear network-access aaa subscriber`
- To clear AAA accounting statistics:
`user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics accounting`
- To clear AAA address-assignment statistics for a client:
`user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics address-assignment client`
- To clear AAA address-assignment pool statistics:
`user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool pool-name`
- To clear AAA authentication statistics:
`user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics authentication`

**Related
Documentation**

- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

CHAPTER 3

Configuring Address-Assignment Pools for Subscriber Access

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses on page 115](#)
- [Configuring a Named Address Range for Dynamic Address Assignment on page 115](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking on page 116](#)
- [Configuring Static Address Assignment on page 117](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Router Advertisement on page 117](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 118](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes on page 118](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 119](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 120](#)
- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 120](#)

Address-Assignment Pools Overview

The address-assignment pool feature supports subscriber management functionality by enabling you to create IPv4 and IPv6 address pools that different client applications can share. For example, multiple client applications, such as DHCP, can use an address-assignment pool to provide addresses for their particular clients. Client applications can acquire addresses for either authenticated or unauthenticated clients.

Address-assignment pools support both dynamic and static address assignment. In dynamic address assignment, a client is automatically assigned an address from the address-assignment pool. In static address assignment, which is supported for IPv4 pools only, you reserve an address that is then always used by a particular client. Addresses that are reserved for static assignment are removed from the dynamic address pool and cannot be assigned to other clients.

You can configure named address ranges within an address-assignment pool. A named range is a subset of the overall address range. A client application can use named ranges to manage address assignment based on client-specific criteria. For example, for IPv4 address-assignment pools, you might create a named range that is based on a specific

DHCP option 82 value. Then, when a DHCP client request matches the specified option 82 value, an address from the specified range is assigned to the client.

You can link address-assignment pools together to provide backup pools for address assignment. When the primary pool is fully allocated, the router switches to the linked, or secondary, pool and begins allocating addresses from that pool.

You can also explicitly identify that an address-assignment pool is used for ND/RA.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 120](#)
- [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 139](#)

Configuring Address-Assignment Pools

The address-assignment pool feature supports subscriber management functionality by enabling you to create address pools that can be shared by different client applications. An address-assignment pool can support either IPv4 address or IPv6 addresses. You cannot use the same pool for both types of address.



.....

NOTE: You cannot use address-assignment pools with the J Series Services Routers DHCP server. Also, address-assignment pools are completely separate from services PIC-based L2TP LNS address pools, which you create with the `address-pool` statement at the `[edit access]` hierarchy level, and NAT pools, which you create with the `pool` statement at the `[edit services nat]` hierarchy level.

.....

To configure an address-assignment pool:

1. Configure the address-assignment pool name and specify the addresses for the pool.
See [“Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses” on page 115](#).
2. (Optional) Configure named ranges (subsets) of addresses.
See [“Configuring a Named Address Range for Dynamic Address Assignment” on page 115](#).
3. (Optional) Configure address-assignment pool linking and specify the secondary pool to use when the primary pool is fully allocated.
See [“Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking” on page 116](#).
4. (Optional) Create static address bindings (IPv4 only).
See [“Configuring Static Address Assignment” on page 117](#).
5. (Optional) Configure attributes for DHCP clients.
See [“Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes” on page 118](#).
6. (Optional) Specify that the address-assignment pool is used for router advertisement.

See [“Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Router Advertisement” on page 117](#).

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 120](#)
- [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 139](#)

Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses

To configure an address-assignment pool, you must specify the name of the pool and configure the addresses for the pool.

To configure an IPv4 address-assignment pool:

1. Configure the name of the pool and specify the IPv4 family.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet
```

2. Configure the network address and the prefix length of the addresses in the pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]
user@host# set network 192.168.0.0/16
```

To configure an IPv6 address-assignment pool:

1. Configure the name of the pool and specify the IPv6 family.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6
```

2. Configure the IPv6 network prefix for the address pool. The prefix specification is required when you configure an IPv6 address-assignment pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6]
user@host# set prefix 2008:2009::/32
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)

Configuring a Named Address Range for Dynamic Address Assignment

You can optionally configure multiple named ranges, or subsets, of addresses within an address-assignment pool. During dynamic address assignment, a client can be assigned an address from a specific named range. To create a named range, you specify a name for the range and define the address range.

To create a named range within an IPv4 address-assignment pool:

1. Specify the name of the address-assignment pool and the IPv4 family.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet
```

2. Configure the name of the range and the lower and upper boundaries of the addresses in the range.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]
user@host# set range southeast low 192.168.102.2 high 192.168.102.254
```

To create a named range within an IPv6 address-assignment pool:

1. Specify the name of the address-assignment pool and the IPv6 family.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6
```

2. Configure the name of the range and define the range. You can define the range based on the lower and upper boundaries of the prefixes in the range, or based on the length of the prefixes in the range.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6]
user@host# set range dsl-range low 2008:2010:2011:0100::/64 high
2008:2010:2011:ffff::/64
user@host# set range fiber-east prefix-length 48
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
 - [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)

Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking

Address-assignment pool linking enables you to specify a secondary address pool for the router to use when the primary address-assignment pool is fully allocated. When the primary pool is has no available addresses, the router automatically switches over to the linked secondary pool and begins allocating addresses from that pool. The router uses a secondary pool only when the primary address-assignment pool is fully allocated.

You can create a chain of multiple linked pools. For example you can link pool A to pool B, and link pool B to pool C. When pool A has no available addresses, the router switches to using pool B for addresses. When pool B is exhausted, the router switches to pool C. There is no limit to the number of linked pools in a chain. However, you cannot create multiple links to or from the same pool—a pool can be linked to only one secondary pool, and a secondary pool can be linked from only one primary pool. Also, two linked primary and secondary pools must be of the same family type, either IPv4 or IPv6.

To link an address-assignment pool to a secondary pool:

1. Specify the name of the primary address-assignment pool.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool pool-name
```

2. Configure the secondary pool to which the primary pool will be linked.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1]
user@host# set link pool-name
```


- Related Documentation**
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
 - [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 120](#)
 - [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 139](#)

Configuring Static Address Assignment

You can optionally create a static IPv4 address binding by reserving a specific address for a particular client. The address is removed from the address-assignment pool so that it is not assigned to another client. When you reserve an address, you identify the client host and create a binding between the client MAC address and the assigned IP address. IPv6 address-assignment pools do not support static address binding.

To configure a static binding for an IPv4 address:

1. Specify the name of the IPv4 address-assignment pool containing the IP address you want to reserve for the client.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet
```

2. Specify the name of the client for the static binding, the client MAC address, and the IP address to reserve for the client. This configuration specifies that the client with MAC address 90:00:00:01:00:01 is always assigned IP address 192.168.44.12.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]
user@host# set host svale6_boston_net hardware-address 90:00:00:01:00:01
ip-address 192.168.44.12
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
 - [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)

Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Router Advertisement

You can create an address-assignment pool that is explicitly used for router advertisement address assignment. You populate the address-assignment pool using the standard procedure, but you additionally specify that the pool is used for router advertisement.

To create an address-assignment pool that is used for router advertisement:

1. Configure the IPv6 address-assignment pool.
[See “Configuring Address-Assignment Pools” on page 114](#)
2. Specify that the address-assignment pool is used for router advertisement.

```
[edit access address-assignment]
user@host# set neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement chi-fiber-ra
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
 - [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 139](#)

Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps

You can receive advanced warning that an address pool or linked set of address pools is running short on available addresses by setting usage threshold traps. An address pool has SNMP thresholds associated with it that allow the local address server to signal SNMP traps when certain conditions exist. These thresholds include high utilization threshold and abated utilization threshold. If a pool's outstanding addresses exceed the high utilization threshold and the SNMP trap signaling is enabled, SNMP is notified. Likewise, when a pool's utilization drops below the abated threshold utilization threshold, SNMP is notified. When the system reaches the high utilization value, it sends warning messages. When memory usage falls to the abated utilization value, the system stops sending warning messages.

To set the usage for threshold traps:

- Specify the percentage after which the address pool usage is exceeded that an SNMP trap is generated.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment high-utilization 95
```

To set the abated value for the trap:

- Specify the percentage below which the address pool usage is abated that an SNMP trap is generated.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment abated-utilization 80
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
 - [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 139](#)

Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes

You use the address-assignment pool feature to include application-specific attributes when clients obtain an address. The client application, such as DHCP, uses the attributes to determine how addresses are assigned, and to also provide optional application-specific characteristics to the client. For example, the DHCP application might specify that a client that matches certain prerequisite information is dynamically assigned an address from a particular named range. Based on which named range is used, DHCP specifies additional DHCP attributes such as the boot file that the client uses, the lease grace period, and the maximum lease time.

You use the `dhcp-attributes` statement to configure DHCP client-specific attributes for address-assignment pools. “[DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools](#)” on page 119 describes the supported attributes you can configure for IPv4 and IPv6 address-assignment pools.

To configure address-assignment pool attributes for DHCP clients:

1. Specify the name and IP family of the address-assignment pool.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet
```

2. Configure optional DHCP client attributes.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]
user@host# set dhcp-attributes boot-server 192.168.200.100 grace-period 3600
maximum-lease-time 18000
```

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 119](#)

DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools

Table 23 on page 119 describes the DHCP client attributes that you can use with the `dhcp-attributes` statement when you configure address-assignment pools. Table 24 on page 120 describes the DHCPv6 client attributes for configuring IPv6 address-assignment pools.

Table 23: DHCP Attributes

Attribute	Description	DHCP Option
<code>boot-file</code>	Boot filename advertised to the client, and used by the client to complete configuration.	67
<code>boot-server</code>	Boot server containing the boot file.	66
<code>domain-name</code>	Domain in which clients search for a DHCP server host.	15
<code>grace-period</code>	Grace period offered with the lease.	—
<code>maximum-lease-time</code>	Maximum lease time allowed by the DHCP server.	51
<code>name-server</code>	IP address of domain name server.	6
<code>netbios-node-type</code>	NetBIOS node type.	46
<code>option</code>	User-defined options.	—
<code>option-match</code>	Maps option 82 value to named address range.	—
<code>router</code>	IP address for routers on the subnetwork.	3
<code>server-identifier</code>	IP address used as the DHCP source address	54

Table 23: DHCP Attributes (*continued*)

Attribute	Description	DHCP Option
tftp-server	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server that the client uses to obtain the client configuration file.	150
wins-server	IP address of the Windows NetBIOS name server.	44

Table 24: DHCPv6 Attributes

Attribute	Description	DHCPv6 Option
dns-server	IPv6 address of DNS server to which clients can send DNS queries.	23
grace-period	Grace period offered with the lease.	—
maximum-lease-time	Maximum lease time allowed by the DHCP server.	—
option	User-defined options.	—
sip-server-address	IPv6 address of SIP outbound proxy server.	22
sip-server-domain-name	Domain name of the SIP outbound proxy server.	21

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes on page 118](#)

Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements

The address-assignment pool feature is part of the Junos OS Subscriber Management Feature Pack license. You must install and properly configure the license to meet the requirements for using the address-assignment pool feature.

Related Documentation

- For information about installing and managing Junos OS licenses, see the “Managing Junos OS Licenses” chapter of the [Junos OS Installation and Upgrade Guide](#)

Tracing General Authentication Service Processes

The Junos OS trace operations feature tracks general authentication service operations and records events in a log file. By default, the tracing operation is inactive. To trace general authentication service processes, you specify flags in the **traceoptions** statement at the **[edit system processes general-authentication-service]** hierarchy level. The default tracing behavior is the following:

- Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename, `authd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory (`/var/log`) in which trace files are located.
- When the trace log file `filename` reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed `filename.0.gz`. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called `filename`, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, `filename.0.gz` is renamed `filename.1.gz` and `filename` is compressed and renamed `filename.0.gz`. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).

- By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

The general authentication service tracing operations are described in the following sections:

- [Configuring the General Authentication Service Processes Trace Log Filename on page 121](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of General Authentication Service Processes Log Files on page 121](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Log File on page 122](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Lines to Be Logged on page 122](#)
- [Configuring the Trace Operation on page 123](#)

Configuring the General Authentication Service Processes Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for general authentication service is `authd`. You can specify a different name by including the `file` statement at the `[edit system processes general-authentication-service]` hierarchy level:

To configure the filename for general authentication service tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1
```

Configuring the Number and Size of General Authentication Service Processes Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format `.number.gz`. The newest archived file is `.0.gz` and the oldest archived file is `.(maximum number)-1.gz`. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any

existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output, by including the **files** and **size** options with the **traceoptions** statement.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

Configuring Access to the Log File

By default, log files can be accessed only by the user who configures the tracing operation. You can allow all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, in which the log file can only be read by the user who configured tracing:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

Configuring a Regular Expression for Lines to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all lines relevant to the logged events. You can refine the output by including regular expressions (regex) that will be matched.

To configure regular expressions to match:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 match regular-expression
```

Configuring the Trace Operation

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which trace operations are logged by including specific tracing flags. The following table describes the flags that you can include.

Flag	Description
address-assignment	Trace all address-assignment pool events
all	Trace all tracing operations
configuration	Trace configuration events
framework	Trace authentication framework events
gx-plus	Trace Gx-Plus events
jsrc	Trace JSRC events
ldap	Trace LDAP authentication events
local-authentication	Trace local authentication events
radius	Trace RADIUS authentication events

To configure the flags for the event to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set flag address-assignment
```


CHAPTER 4

Configuring Domain Maps for Subscriber Access

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)
- [Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map on page 128](#)
- [Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map on page 129](#)
- [Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map on page 129](#)
- [Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 130](#)
- [Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 131](#)
- [Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 132](#)
- [Specifying Domain Name Delimiters on page 133](#)
- [Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain Names on page 133](#)
- [Enabling Domain Name Stripping on page 134](#)
- [Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map on page 134](#)
- [Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 135](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Domain Map Configuration on page 135](#)

Domain Mapping Overview

Domain mapping enables you to configure a map that specifies access options and session-specific parameters. The map is based on the domain name of subscriber sessions — the router applies the mapped options and parameters to sessions for subscribers that have the specified domains. For example, you might configure a domain map that is based on the domain name **xyz.com**. The options and parameters in that domain map are then applied when subscribers with the specified domain name (for example, **bob@xyz.com**, **raj@xyz.com**, and **juan@xyz.com**) request an AAA service.

Domain maps provide efficiency, and enable you to make changes for a large number of subscribers in one operation. For example, if an address assignment pool becomes exhausted due to the number of subscribers obtaining addresses from the pool, you can create a domain map that specifies that subscribers in a particular domain obtain addresses from a different pool. In another use of domain maps, you might create a new dynamic profile and then configure a domain map to specify which subscribers (by their domain) use that dynamic profile.

[Table 25 on page 126](#) describes the access options and parameters you can configure in domain maps.

Table 25: Domain Map Options and Parameters

Option	Description
AAA logical system/routing instance	Logical system/routing instance in which AAA sends authentication and accounting requests for the subscriber sessions..
Access profile	Access profile applied to subscriber sessions.
Address pool	Address pool used to allocate addresses to subscribers.
Domain name rules	Rules for domain name usage, including domain name stripping, supported delimiters, and parse direction (delimiters and the parse direction are configured globally).
Dynamic profile	Dynamic profile applied to subscriber sessions.
PADN parameters	PPPoE route information for subscriber sessions.
Target logical system/routing instance	Logical system/routing instance to which the subscriber interface is attached.
Tunnel profile	Tunnel profile applied to subscriber sessions.

Default Domain Map

You can configure a default domain map that the router uses for subscribers whose domain name does not explicitly match any existing domain maps. The router also uses the default domain map when a subscriber username does not include a domain name.

You might configure the default domain map to provide limited feature support for guest subscribers, such as a specific address pool used for guests or the logical system that provides AAA services. When the router is unable to match a subscriber request to a domain map, the router then uses the rules specified in the default domain map configuration to handle the subscriber request.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Configuring Domain Maps

To configure domain maps:

1. Create the domain map. For the map name, specify the domain name that you want the domain map to use. (Use **default** for the name of the default domain map.)

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

- For example, to create a domain map to be mapped to subscribers with the domain name **xyz.com**:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map xyz.com
```

- To create a default domain map to be mapped to subscribers with non-matching domain names and subscribers without domain names:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map default
```

2. (Optional) Specify the access profile used to apply access rules for the domain map.
See [“Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map” on page 128](#).
3. (Optional) Configure the dynamic profile that provides dynamic access rules for the domain map.
See [“Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map” on page 129](#).
4. (Optional) Specify the address pool used to allocate address for the domain map.
See [“Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map” on page 129](#).
5. (Optional) Configure a non-default logical system/routing instance in which AAA requests are sent for the domain map.
See [“Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map” on page 130](#).
6. (Optional) Configure a non-default target logical system/routing instance for the subscriber context.
See [“Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map” on page 131](#).
7. (Optional) Configure rules for domain names; for example; delimiters, parsing direction, and domain stripping. Delimiters and parsing direction are configured globally for all domain maps. Domain stripping is enabled in the domain map.

See [“Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps” on page 132.](#)

8. (Optional) Configure the tunnel profile that provides tunnel definitions for the domain map..

See [“Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map” on page 134.](#)

9. (Optional) Configure the PADN parameters used for PPPoE route information for the domain map.

See [“Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map” on page 135.](#)

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Domain Map Configuration on page 135](#)

Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map

You use access profiles to specify the access rules and options (for example, the RADIUS authentication server and attributes) that the router applies to subscriber sessions. The domain map feature enables you to apply a specific access profile for subscribers in a particular domain.

Access profiles can be specified or modified in several different ways. If conflicts occur, the router applies the access profiles based on the precedence rules shown in [Table 26 on page 128.](#)

Table 26: Precedence Rules for Applying Access Profiles

Precedence (High to Low)	How the Access Profile Is Applied
1	Specified by the RADIUS Redirect-VRouter-Name attribute (VSA 26-25)
2	Specified in the domain map configuration stanza
3	Indirectly specified in the domain map configuration stanza by the AAA logical system/routing instance mapping
4	Specified in the client configuration stanza
5	Specified in the logical system/routing instance configuration stanza

To include an access profile in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the access profile you want to include in the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set access-profile profile-name
```

- Related Documentation
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
 - [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map

A dynamic profile defines the set of characteristics that provide dynamic access and services for subscriber sessions (such as class-of-service, protocols, and interface support). The domain map feature enables you to apply a specific dynamic profile based on subscriber domains.

Dynamic profiles are configured at the **[edit dynamic-profiles]** hierarchy, and can be specified or modified in several different ways. If conflicts occur, the router applies the dynamic profiles based on the precedence rules shown in [Table 27 on page 129](#).

Table 27: Precedence Rules for Applying Dynamic Profiles

Precedence (High to Low)	How the Dynamic Profile Is Applied
1	Specified by the RADIUS Virtual-Router attribute (VSA 26-1) or the Redirect-VRouter-Name attribute (VSA 26-25)
2	Specified in the domain map configuration stanza
3	Specified in the client configuration stanza

To include a dynamic profile in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```
2. Specify the dynamic profile you want to include in the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set dynamic-profile profile-name
```

- Related Documentation
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
 - [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map

You can use the domain map feature to specify the address pool that the router uses to allocate address for subscriber sessions. The address pool can include both IPv4 and IPv6 address ranges.

Address pools can be specified or modified in several different ways. If conflicts occur, the router applies the address pool based on the precedence rules shown in [Table 28 on page 130](#).

Table 28: Precedence Rules for Determining the Address Pool to Use

Precedence (High to Low)	How the Address Pool Reference Is Provided
1	Specified by the RADIUS Framed-Pool attribute (RADIUS attribute 88)
2	Configured in the domain map configuration stanza
3	Specified in the client configuration stanza (by address match rules)

To specify the address pool used for a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the address pool you want to use for the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set address-pool pool-name
```

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map

By default a domain map uses the subscriber logical system/routing instance as the context in which the **authd** daemon sends AAA authentication and accounting requests. You can optionally configure the domain map to direct AAA requests to a particular context based on the subscriber domain name. Specifying a non-default AAA context enables you to manage workflow and traffic load, and to efficiently make changes for a large number of subscribers. For example, after upgrading your RADIUS services, you might configure a domain map to specify that all subscribers in the domain **xyz.com** are now authenticated by a RADIUS server in a particular non-default AAA context.



NOTE: When you specify a non-default AAA context, that context also becomes the subscriber's context unless the domain map or the authentication server explicitly specifies the subscriber context. You use the **target-logical-system** command to explicitly configure the target logical system/routing instance for subscribers.

To configure a non-default logical system in which you want the **authd** daemon to send AAA requests:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
```

```
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

- Specify the logical system and optionally the non-default routing instance for AAA requests.

- To configure a non-default logical system and default routing instance for AAA requests:

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set aaa-logical-system logical-system-name
```

- To configure a non-default logical system and a non-default routing instance for AAA requests:

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set aaa-logical-system logical-system-name aaa-routing-instance
routing-instance-name
```

To configure the default logical system and a non-default routing instance for AAA requests:

- Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

- Specify the non-default routing instance. The AAA logical system is automatically set to the default.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name
```

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)
- [Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 131](#)

Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map

By default, the router places a subscriber in the logical system/routing instance of the interface on which the subscriber negotiations start. Subscriber management can then use the authentication server or a domain map to change the subscriber's logical system/routing instance.

To use the domain map method, you configure the domain map to specify the target logical system and routing instance for the subscriber's interface. You can optionally configure the domain map to use the default logical system and a specific non-default routing instance.

To configure a non-default target logical system for a subscriber's interface:

- Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the target logical system and, optionally, the non-default target routing instance for the subscriber's interface.

- To configure a non-default target logical system and default target routing instance:

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]  
user@host# set target-logical-system logical-system-name
```

- To configure a non-default target logical system and a non-default target routing instance:

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]  
user@host# set target-logical-system logical-system-name target-routing-instance  
routing-instance-name
```

To configure a default target logical system and a non-default routing instance for a subscriber's interface:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the non-default target routing instance. The target logical system is automatically set to the default.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]  
user@host# set target-routing-instance routing-instance-name
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps

You can configure how the router determines domain names for the domain mapping feature. At the global level, you can specify rules that are used for all domain maps. The global rules enable you to specify additional characters that the router can recognize as domain name delimiters and to specify the direction the router uses to parse domain names. At the domain map level, you can enable domain name stripping. Domain name stripping specifies that the router remove the domain name from the subscriber username prior to performing any additional processing for the domain map.

To configure domain name usage rules for domain maps:

1. (Optional) Configure the domain name delimiters you want the router to recognize for all domain maps.

See [“Specifying Domain Name Delimiters” on page 133](#).

2. (Optional) Configure the parse direction you want the router to use when determining domain names for all domain maps.

See [“Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain Names” on page 133](#).

3. (Optional) Configure the router to remove the domain name from usernames in the domain map before using AAA services.

See [“Enabling Domain Name Stripping” on page 134](#).

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
 - [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Specifying Domain Name Delimiters

A delimiter is the character that separates a subscriber username from the domain name. Delimiters are commonly used for domain name parsing or stripping. You can specify a maximum of eight delimiters that the router uses to recognize domain names for all domain maps. If you do not configure any delimiters, the router uses the @ character by default.

For example, your network might include the subscribers **bob@abc.com**, **pete!xyz.com**, and **maria\pqr.com**. In this case, you configure the router to recognize the characters @, !, and \ as delimiters.

Keep the following guidelines in mind when specifying delimiters:

- You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.
- If you configure optional delimiters, you must also specify the @ character (the default delimiter) if you want to continue to use it as a delimiter.
- If you configure optional delimiters and then unconfigure them, the router sets the domain map delimiter back to the default @ character.

To configure domain name delimiters for all domain maps:

1. Specify that you want to configure domain attributes.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access domain
```

2. Specify the characters you want to use as delimiters. Do not include spaces between the delimiters.

```
[edit access domain]
user@host# set delimiter [delimiter-character]
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 132](#)

Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain Names

You can specify the direction in which the router performs the parsing operation it uses to identify subscriber domain names for all domain maps. During the parsing operation, the router searches the username until it recognizes a delimiter. It then considers anything

to the right of the delimiter as the domain. By default, the router parses from right to left, starting at the right-most character in the username.

The parsing direction you use is important when there are nested domain names. For example, for the username `user1@abc.com@xyz.com`, right-to-left parsing produces a domain name of `xyz.com`. For the same username, left-to-right parsing produces a domain name of `abc.com@xyz.com`.

To configure the domain name parsing direction for all domain maps:

1. Specify that you want to configure domain attributes.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access domain
```

2. Specify the parsing direction you want the router to use.

```
[edit access domain]
user@host# set parse-direction (left-to-right | right-to-left)
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 132](#)

Enabling Domain Name Stripping

You can configure the router to strip the domain name from usernames before any AAA services are used. Domain name stripping is done for domain maps. The router uses the delimiters and parsing direction you globally configure to determine the domain name that is removed. For example, if the router uses the default delimiter and parsing direction **right-to-left**, the username `user1@xyz.com` is stripped to be `user1`.

To configure the router to strip the domain name from usernames in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map for the stripping operation.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Enable domain name stripping.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set strip-domain
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 132](#)

Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map

Tunnel profiles specify tunnel definitions (for example, a set of L2TP tunnels and their attributes) that the router applies to subscriber sessions. The domain map feature enables you to apply a specific tunnel profile to subscribers in a particular domain.



NOTE: A tunnel profile specified by a RADIUS server in the Tunnel-Group attribute (VSA 26-64) takes precedence over the tunnel profile specified in the domain map.

To include an tunnel profile in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the tunnel profile you want to include in the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set tunnel-profile profile-name
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map

You can configure PPPoE to receive PPPoE Active Discovery Network (PADN) messages when a subscriber connects to a PPPoE server. The PADN information associates the PPPoE session with a set of routes that the session can use. You can configure the route information in domain maps, which enables you to apply specific PADN information to subscribers in a particular domain. You can configure a maximum of 16 routes in a domain map.

To configure PADN parameters in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the PADN route information you want to include in the domain map. For each route, include the destination IP address, subnet mask, and route metric.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set padn destination-address mask destination-mask metric route-metric
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

Verifying and Managing Domain Map Configuration

Purpose Display information related to domain maps.

Action • To display statistics for domain maps:

`user@host> show network-access domain-map`

- To display domain map information for a specific subscriber session:

`user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id`

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
 - [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

CHAPTER 5

AAA and Remote Subscriber Access Configuration Examples

- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 137](#)
- [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 139](#)

Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting

This example shows a RADIUS-based authentication and accounting configuration.

```
[edit access]
radius-server {
  192.168.1.250 {
    port 1812;
    accounting-port 1813;
    retry 3;
    secret &tIUeI*7688+;
    source-address 192.168.1.100;
    timeout 45;
  }
  192.168.1.251 {
    port 1812;
    accounting-port 1813;
    retry 3;
    secret $Dyu*UY(877-;
    source-address 192.168.1.100;
    timeout 30;
  }
  192.168.1.252 {
    port 1812;
    secret $Dyu*UY(877-;
  }
}
profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic {
  authentication {
    order radius none;
  }
  accounting {
    order radius;
    accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
  }
}
```

```
    accounting-stop-on-failure;
    immediate-update;
    statistics time;
    update-interval 12;
  }
  radius {
    authentication-server 192.168.1.251 192.168.1.252;
    accounting-server 192.168.1.250 192.168.1.251;
    options {
      accounting-session-id-format decimal;
      client-accounting-algorithm round-robin;
      client-authentication-algorithm round-robin;
      nas-identifier 56;
      nas-port-id-delimiter %;
      nas-port-id-format {
        nas-identifier;
        interface-description;
      }
      nas-port-type {
        ethernet {
          wireless-80211;
        }
      }
    }
  }
  attributes {
    ignore {
      framed-ip-netmask;
    }
    exclude {
      accounting-delay-time [accounting-start accounting-stop];
      accounting-session-id [access-request accounting-on accounting-off
        accounting-start accounting-stop];
      dhcp-gi-address [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
      dhcp-mac-address [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
      nas-identifier [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
      nas-port [accounting-start accounting-stop];
      nas-port-id [accounting-start accounting-stop];
      nas-port-type [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
    }
  }
}
[edit logical-systems isp-bos-metro-12 routing-instances isp-cmbrg-12-32]
interfaces {
  lo0 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 192.168.1.100/24;
      }
    }
  }
  ge-0/0/0 {
    vlan-tagging;
    unit 0 {
      vlan-id 200;
      family inet {
```

```

        unnumbered-address lo0.0;
    }
}
}
}

```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)

Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool

This example shows an address-assignment pool configuration that creates two pools, one for IPv4 DHCP clients (**isp_1**), and a second pool (**chi-fiber-ra**) that is used for router advertisement.

```

[edit access]
address-assignment {
  network-discovery-router-advertisement chi-fiber-ra;
  pool isp_1 {
    family inet {
      network 192.168.0.0/16;
      range southeast {
        low 192.168.102.2 high 192.168.102.254;
      }
      range northeast {
        low 192.168.119.2 high 192.168.119.250;
      }
    }
    host svale6.boston.net {
      hardware-address 90:00:00:01:00:01;
      ip-address 192.168.44.12;
    }
    dhcp-attributes {
      option-match {
        option-82 {
          circuit-id fiber range northeast;
        }
        option-82 {
          circuit-id cable_net range southeast;
        }
      }
      boot-file boot.client;
      boot-server 192.168.200.100;
      grace-period 3600;
      maximum-lease-time 18000;
      netbios-node-type p-node;
      router 192.168.44.44 192.168.44.45;
    }
  }
}
pool chi-fiber-ra {
  family inet6 {
    prefix 2008:2009:2010::/48;
    range fiber3 {
      low 2008:2009:2010::1/64;
      high 2008:2009:2010::5/64;
    }
  }
}

```

```
    }  
  }  
}
```

This example creates an IPv4 address-assignment pool named **isp-1**, which contains two named address ranges, **southeast** and **northeast**. The address-assignment pool also contains a static binding for client **host sval6.boston.net**. The **ISP_1** pool configuration also includes the **dhcp-attributes** statement, indicating that the pool is used for DHCP clients. If the option 82 **circuit-id** entry matches the string **fiber**, then DHCP assigns the client an address from the **northeast** range. If the option 82 **circuit-id** matches the string **cable_net**, DHCP assigns an address from the **southeast** range.

The second address-assignment pool created in this example is **chi-fiber-ra**. The **neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement** statement at the beginning of the syntax specifies that this named address-assignment pool is used for router advertisement. The syntax at the end of the example configures the address-assignment pool named **chi-fiber-ra**.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Router Advertisement on page 117](#)

PART 3

DHCP Local Server for Subscriber Access

- [DHCP Local Server Overview on page 143](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Local Server on page 153](#)
- [DHCP Local Server Examples on page 203](#)

CHAPTER 6

DHCP Local Server Overview

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [DHCP Local Server Handling of Client Information Request Messages on page 149](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 150](#)
- [Port Number Requirements for DHCP Firewall Filters on page 152](#)

Extended DHCP Local Server Overview

You can enable the router to function as an extended DHCP local server and configure the extended DHCP local server options on the router. The extended DHCP local server provides an IP address and other configuration information in response to a client request. The DHCP local server supports the attachment of dynamic profiles and also interacts with the local AAA Service Framework to use back-end authentication servers, such as RADIUS, to provide subscriber authentication. You can configure dynamic profile and authentication support on a global basis or for a specific group of interfaces.

The extended DHCP local server enhances traditional DHCP server operation by utilizing centralized address-assignment pools. The address-assignment pools are managed independently of the DHCP local server and can be shared by different client applications.

You can also configure the extended DHCP local server to support IPv6 clients. Both DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server support the specific address request feature, which enables you to assign a particular address to a client. See [“DHCPv6 Local Server Overview” on page 148](#) for information about the DHCPv6 local server feature.



NOTE: You cannot configure the extended DHCP local server and extended DHCP relay on the same interface.

To configure the extended DHCP local server on the router, you include the **dhcp-local-server** statement at the **[edit system services]** hierarchy level. See the [“\[edit system services dhcp-local-server\] Hierarchy Level” on page 1091](#) for the complete DHCP local server syntax.

This overview covers:

- [Interaction Among the DHCP Client, Extended DHCP Local Server, and Address-Assignment Pools on page 144](#)
- [Providing DHCP Client Configuration Information on page 145](#)
- [Minimal Configuration for Clients on page 146](#)
- [DHCP Local Server and Address-Assignment Pools on page 146](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection on page 147](#)

Interaction Among the DHCP Client, Extended DHCP Local Server, and Address-Assignment Pools

In a typical carrier edge network configuration, the DHCP client is on the subscriber's computer, and the DHCP local server is configured on the router. The following steps provide a high-level description of the interaction among the DHCP local server, DHCP client, and address-assignment pools:

1. The DHCP client sends a discover packet to one or more DHCP local servers in the network to obtain configuration parameters and an IP address for the subscriber.
2. Each DHCP local server that receives the discover packet then searches its address-assignment pool for the client address and configuration options. Each local server creates an entry in its internal client table to keep track of the client state, then sends a DHCP offer packet to the client.
3. On receipt of the offer packet, the DHCP client selects the DHCP local server from which to obtain configuration information and sends a request packet indicating the DHCP local server selected to grant the address and configuration information.
4. The selected DHCP local server sends an acknowledgement packet to the client that contains the client address lease and configuration parameters. The server also installs the host route and ARP entry, and then monitors the lease state.

Providing DHCP Client Configuration Information

When the extended DHCP application receives a response from an external authentication server, the response might include information in addition to the IP address and subnet mask. The extended DHCP application uses the information from the authentication grant for the response the DHCP application sends to the DHCP client. The DHCP application can either send the information in its original form or the application might merge the information with local configuration specifications. For example, if the authentication grant includes an address pool name and a local configuration specifies DHCP attributes for that pool, the extended DHCP application merges the authentication results and the attributes in the reply that the server sends to the client.

A local configuration is optional — a client can be fully configured by the external authentication service. However, if the external authentication service does not provide client configuration, you must configure the local address-assignment pool to provide the configuration for the client. When a local configuration specifies options, the extended DHCP application adds the local configuration options to the offer PDU the server sends to the client. If the two sets of options overlap, the options in the authentication response from the external service take precedence.

When you use RADIUS to provide the authentication, the additional information might be in the form of RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs. [Table 29 on page 145](#) lists the information that RADIUS might include in the authentication grant. See [“RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework” on page 55](#) for a complete list of RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs that the extended DHCP applications supports for subscriber access management.

Table 29: Information in Authentication Grant

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description
RADIUS attribute 8	Framed-IP-Address	Client IP address
RADIUS attribute 9	Framed-IP-Netmask	Subnet mask for client IP address (DHCP option 1)

Table 29: Information in Authentication Grant (*continued*)

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description
Juniper Networks VSA 26-4	Primary-DNS	Primary domain server (DHCP option 6)
Juniper Networks VSA 26-5	Secondary-DNS	Secondary domain server (DHCP option 6)
Juniper Networks VSA 26-6	Primary-WINS	Primary WINS server (DHCP option 44)
Juniper Networks VSA 26-7	Secondary-WINS	Secondary WINS server (DHCP option 44)
RADIUS attribute 27	Session-Timeout	Lease time
RADIUS attribute 88	Framed-Pool	Address assignment pool name
Juniper Networks VSA 26-109	DHCP-Guided-Relay-Server	DHCP relay server

Minimal Configuration for Clients

The extended DHCP local server provides a minimal configuration to the DHCP client if the client does not have DHCP option 55 configured. The server provides the subnet mask of the address-assignment pool that is selected for the client. In addition to the subnet mask, the server provides the following values to the client if the information is configured in the selected address-assignment pool:

- **router**—A router located on the client's subnet. This statement is the equivalent of DHCP option 3.
- **domain name**—The name of the domain in which the client searches for a DHCP server host. This is the default domain name that is appended to hostnames that are not fully qualified. This is equivalent to DHCP option 15.
- **domain name server**—A Domain Name System (DNS) name server that is available to the client to resolve hostname-to-client mappings. This is equivalent to DHCP option 6.

DHCP Local Server and Address-Assignment Pools

In the traditional DHCP server operation, the client address pool and client configuration information reside on the DHCP server. With the extended DHCP local server, the client address and configuration information reside in centralized address-assignment pools, which are managed independently of the DHCP local server and which can be shared by different client applications.

The extended DHCP local server also supports advanced pool matching and the use of named address ranges. You can also configure the local server to use DHCP option 82 information in the client PDU to determine which named address range to use for a

particular client. The client configuration information, which is configured in the address-assignment pool, includes user-defined options, such as boot server, grace period, and lease time.

Configuring the DHCP environment that includes the extended DHCP local server requires two independent configuration operations, which you can complete in any order. In one operation, you configure the extended DHCP local server on the router and specify how the DHCP local server determines which address-assignment pool to use. In the other operation, you configure the address-assignment pools used by the DHCP local server. The address-assignment pools contain the IP addresses, named address ranges, and configuration information for DHCP clients. See [“Configuring Address-Assignment Pools” on page 114](#) for details about creating and using address-assignment pools.



NOTE: The extended DHCP local server and the address-assignment pools used by the server must be configured in the same logical system and routing instance.

DHCP Liveness Detection

Liveness detection for DHCP subscriber IP sessions utilizes an active liveness detection protocol to institute liveness detection checks for relevant clients. Clients are expected to respond to liveness detection requests within a specified amount of time. If the responses are not received within that time for a given number of consecutive attempts, then the liveness detection check fails and a failure action is implemented. You can configure



NOTE: DHCP liveness detection either globally or per DHCP group.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 157](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 150](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)
- [Use of DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option to Request a Specific IP Address on page 171](#)
- [Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 195](#)
- [Subscriber Management Unified ISSU Support on page 7](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 196](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 194](#)
- [Example: Minimum Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 203](#)

- [Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching on page 203](#)
- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 205](#)

DHCPv6 Local Server Overview

The DHCPv6 local server enhances the extended DHCP local server by providing support for IPv6. When a DHCPv6 client logs in, the DHCPv6 local server uses the AAA service framework to interact with the RADIUS server. The RADIUS server, which is configured independently of DHCP, authenticates the client and supplies the IPv6 prefix and client configuration parameters.

You can configure DHCPv6 local server to communicate the following attributes to the AAA service framework and RADIUS at login time:

- Client username
- Client password



NOTE: The client username, which uniquely identifies a subscriber, must be present in the configuration in order for DHCPv6 local server to use RADIUS authentication.

Based on the attributes that the DHCPv6 local server provides, RADIUS returns the information listed in [Table 30 on page 148](#) to configure the client:

Table 30: RADIUS Attributes and VSAs for DHCPv6 Local Server

Attribute Number	Attribute Name	Description
27	Session-Timeout	Lease time, in seconds. If not supplied, the lease does not expire
123	Delegated-IPv6-Prefix	Prefix that is delegated to the client
26-143	Max-Clients-Per-Interface	Maximum number of clients allowed per interface

The DHCPv6 local server is compatible with the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent, and can be enabled on the same interface as either the extended DHCP local server or DHCP relay agent.

The DHCPv6 local server provides many of the same features as the extended DHCP local server, including:

- Configuration for a specific interface or for a group of interfaces
- Site-specific usernames and passwords

- Numbered Ethernet interfaces
- Statically configured CoS and filters
- AAA directed login
- Use of the IA_NA option to assign a specific address to a client



NOTE: DHCPv6 local server does not support dynamic profiles or the local address-assignment pool feature, which the DHCP local server does support.

To configure the extended DHCPv6 local server on the router, you include the **dhcpv6** statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level. See the “[edit system services dhcp-local-server] Hierarchy Level” on page 1091 for the complete DHCP local server syntax, including the DHCPv6 syntax.

You can also include the **dhcpv6** statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- **[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server]**
- **[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server]**
- **[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server]**

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 161](#)
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Configuring Passwords for Usernames on page 179](#)
- [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180](#)
- [Use of DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option to Request a Specific IP Address on page 171](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 194](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 204](#)

DHCP Local Server Handling of Client Information Request Messages

DHCP clients that already have externally provided addresses may solicit further configuration information from a DHCP server by sending a DHCP information request that indicates what information is desired. By default, DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server ignore any DHCP information requests that they receive. You can override this default behavior to enable processing of these messages. Include the **process-inform**

statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]** or **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]** hierarchy level.

By default, DHCP relay and DHCP relay proxy automatically forward DHCP information request messages without modification if the messages are received on an interface configured for a DHCP server group. DHCP relay and relay proxy drop information request messages received on any other interfaces. You cannot disable this default DHCP relay and relay proxy behavior.

The information requested by these clients has typically been configured with the **dhcp-attributes** statement for an address pool defined by the **address-assignment pool pool-name** statement at the **[edit access]** hierarchy level.

When you enable processing of DHCP information requests, you can optionally specify the name of the pool from which the local server retrieves the requested configuration information for the client. If you do not specify a local pool, then the local server requests that AAA selects and returns only the name of the relevant pool.

DHCP local server responds to the client with a DHCP acknowledgment message that includes the requested information—if it is available. DHCPv6 local server responds in the same manner but uses a DHCP reply message. No subscriber management is applied as a result of the DHCP information request message.

When DHCPv6 is configured over PPP interfaces, the PPP RADIUS authentication data can be used to select the pool from which the response information is taken. Additionally other RADIUS attributes can also be inserted into the DHCPv6 reply message. If an overlap exists between RADIUS attributes and local pool attributes, the RADIUS values are used instead of the local configuration data. If no RADIUS information is received from the underlying PPP interface, then the behavior is the same as described previously for non-PPP interfaces.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 169](#)

Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview

The router's DHCP support enables you to attach a dynamic profile to a DHCP subscriber interface. When a DHCP subscriber logs in, the router instantiates the specified dynamic profile and then applies the services defined in the profile to the interface.

You can attach dynamic profiles to all interfaces or you can specify a particular group of interfaces to which the profile is attached. Both the DHCP local server and the DHCP relay agent support the attachment of dynamic profiles to interfaces.

You can enable the following optional features when the dynamic profile is attached. The two options cannot be used together.

- Enable multiple DHCP subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface. The firewall filters, CoS schedulers, and IGMP configuration of the clients are merged.

- Specify the primary dynamic profile that is instantiated when the first subscriber logs in.

Multiple DHCP Subscribers Sharing the Same VLAN Logical Interface

The **aggregate-clients** statement specifies that the router merge the firewall filters, CoS schedulers, and IGMP configuration of multiple DHCP clients that are on the same VLAN logical interface (for example, multiple clients belonging to the same household). You can configure the aggregate-clients support for all interfaces or for a group of interfaces. The **aggregate-clients** statement provides the option of either merging (chaining) or replacing software components for each client.

By default, the feature is disabled and a single DHCP client is allowed per VLAN when a dynamic profile is associated with the VLAN logical interface.

When you specify the **merge** option, the router aggregates the software components for multiple subscribers as follows:

- Firewall filters—The filters are chained together using the precedence as the order of execution. If the same firewall filter is attached multiple times, the filter is executed only once.
- CoS schedulers—The different CoS schedulers are merged as if the scheduler map has multiple schedulers. The merge operation for the individual traffic-control-profiles parameters (shaping-rate, delay-buffer-rate, guaranteed-rate) preserves the maximum value for each parameter.
- IGMP configuration—The current IGMP configuration is replaced with the configuration of the newest DHCP client.

When you specify the **replace** option, the entire logical interface is replaced whenever a new client logs in to the network using the same VLAN logical interface. For example, if a customer subscribes to voice, video, and data services on the network, when a voice client logs in, instead of applying a specific voice filter for only that service, the entire voice, video, and data filter chain is applied.



NOTE: You cannot use a dynamic demux interface to represent multiple subscribers in a dynamic profile attached to an interface. One dynamic demux interface represents one subscriber. Do not configure the **aggregate-clients** option when attaching a dynamic profile to a demux interface for DHCP.

Primary Dynamic Profile

The **use-primary** option enables you to specify the primary dynamic profile that is instantiated when the first subscriber logs in. Subsequent subscribers are not assigned the primary dynamic profile; instead, they are assigned the dynamic profile specified for the interface. When the first subscriber logs out, the next subscriber that logs in is assigned the primary dynamic profile.

This feature can conserve logical interfaces in a network where dynamic IP demux interfaces are used to represent subscribers. To conserve interfaces, make sure the primary profile that you specify does not create a demux interface, but provides the initial policies for the primary interface subscriber.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

Port Number Requirements for DHCP Firewall Filters

When you configure a firewall filter to perform some action on DHCP packets at the Routing Engine, such as protecting the Routing Engine by allowing only proper DHCP packets, you must specify both port 67 (bootps) and port 68 (bootpc) for both the source and destination. The firewall filter acts at both the line cards and the Routing Engine.

This requirement applies to both DHCP local server and DHCP relay, but it applies only when DHCP is provided by the `jdhcpd` process. MX Series routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers use `jdhcpd`. For DHCP relay, that means the configuration is required only at the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]` hierarchy level and not at the `[edit forwarding-options helpers bootp]` hierarchy level.

DHCP packets received on the line cards are encapsulated by `jdhcpd` with a new UDP header where their source and destination addresses are set to port 68 before being forwarded to the Routing Engine.

For DHCP relay and DHCP proxy, packets sent to the DHCP server from the router have both the source and destination UDP ports set to 67. The DHCP server responds using the same ports. However, when the line card receives these DHCP response packets, it changes both port numbers from 67 to 68 before passing the packets to the Routing Engine. Consequently the filter needs to accept port 67 for packets relayed from the client to the server, and port 68 for packets relayed from the server to the client.

Failure to include both port 67 and port 68 as described here results in most DHCP packets not being accepted.

For complete information about configuring firewall filters in general, see [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide](#).

**Related
Documentation**

- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 205](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)

CHAPTER 7

Configuring DHCP Local Server

- [DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview on page 154](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients on page 155](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 156](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)
- [Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 157](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges on page 160](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 161](#)
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface on page 163](#)
- [Disabling ARP Table Population on page 164](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Local Server on page 165](#)
- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 166](#)
- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 168](#)
- [Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 169](#)
- [Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support on page 170](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
- [Use of DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option to Request a Specific IP Address on page 171](#)
- [Multiple Address Assignment for DHCPv6 Clients on page 172](#)
- [Specifying the Delegated Address Pool for IPv6 Prefix Assignment on page 172](#)
- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 173](#)
- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174](#)
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- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)
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- [Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients on page 187](#)
- [Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails on page 188](#)
- [Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect on page 188](#)
- [Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication on page 189](#)
- [Requesting DHCP Local Server to Initiate Reconfiguration of Client Bindings on page 189](#)
- [Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages on page 190](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 191](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity on page 192](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 194](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 194](#)
- [Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 195](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 196](#)

DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview

In some network environments, client IDs and MAC addresses might not be unique, resulting in duplicate clients. For example, two network adapters might be manufactured with the same hardware address, resulting in a duplicate MAC address among the DHCP clients attached to the router. A duplicate DHCP client occurs when a client attempts to get a lease, and that client has the same client ID or the same MAC address as an existing DHCP client.

When DHCP server receives a request from a new client that has a duplicate ID or MAC address, DHCP server terminates the address lease for the existing client and returns the address to its original address pool. DHCP server then assigns a new address and lease to the new client.

By default, both DHCP local server and DHCP relay use the subnet information to differentiate between duplicate clients. However, in some cases, this level of differentiation is not adequate. For example, when multiple subinterfaces share the same underlying loopback interface with the same preferred source address, the interfaces appear to be on the same subnet. In this situation, the default configuration prevents duplicate clients.

You can provide greater differentiation between duplicate clients by configuring DHCP to consider the client subinterface when duplicate clients occur. In this optional configuration, DHCP uniquely identifies:

- The subnet on which the client resides

- The subinterface on which the client resides
- The client within the subnet

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 156](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients on page 155](#)

Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients

This topic describes the guidelines for configuring DHCP to include the client subinterface in order to distinguish between duplicate clients (clients with the same MAC address or client ID) in a subscriber access environment.

When configuring DHCP duplicate client support, consider the following guidelines:

- The optional DHCP duplicate client support feature is used for DHCPv4 clients. For DHCPv6, client identification is independent of MAC address.
- For DHCP relay agent configuration:
 - DHCP relay must be configured to insert option 82, regardless of whether or not the incoming packet has option 82.
 - Option 82 must include the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1).
 - Option 82 must be the interface name, not the interface description.
 - DHCP server must echo option 82 in the server's reply. This is required because of the following:
 - The giaddr inserted by DHCP relay is the same for duplicate clients on different subinterfaces. The DHCP local server uses option 82 when allocating the IP address.
 - DHCP relay uses the echoed option 82 to learn the client subinterface and to construct the client key.
- For the Layer 3 wholesale model:
 - The wholesaler and retailer logical system/routing instances must have the same **duplicate-clients-on-interface** statement configuration.
 - For DHCP relay, the wholesaler and the retailer routing contexts must both be configured with the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) in option 82.

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview on page 154](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 156](#)

Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support

You can optionally configure DHCP local server and DHCP relay to include a client subinterface when distinguishing between two clients that have the same MAC address or client ID. The configuration is a global setting for each logical system/routing instance.

To configure DHCP local server to include the client subinterface:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

2. Configure the optional duplicate client support.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set duplicate-clients-on-interface
```

To configure DHCP relay agent to include the client subinterface:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2. Configure the optional duplicate client support.

```
[edit system services dhcp-relay]
user@host# set duplicate-clients-on-interface
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview on page 154](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients on page 155](#)

Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP

The extended DHCP local server, including DHCPv6 local server, and the extended DHCP relay agent, including DHCPv6 relay agent, support the use of external AAA authentication services, such as RADIUS, to authenticate DHCP clients. When the extended DHCP local server or relay agent receives a discover PDU from a client, the extended DHCP application contacts the AAA server to authenticate the DHCP client. The extended DHCP application can obtain client addresses and DHCP configuration options from the external AAA authentication server.



NOTE: This section uses the term *extended DHCP application* to refer to both the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent.

The external authentication feature also supports AAA directed logout. If the external AAA service supports a user logout directive, the extended DHCP application honors the logout and responds as though it were requested by a CLI management command. All of the client state information and allocated resources are deleted at logout. The extended

DHCP application supports directed logout using the list of configured authentication servers you specify with the [authentication-server](#) statement at the **[edit access profile profile-name]** hierarchy level.

You can configure either global authentication support or group-specific support.

You must configure the **username-include** statement to enable the use of authentication. The **password** statement is not required and does not cause DHCP to use authentication if the **username-include** statement is not included.

To configure DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent authentication support:

1. Specify that you want to configure authentication options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

2. (Optional) Configure a password that authenticates the username to the external authentication service.

See [“Configuring Passwords for Usernames”](#) on page 179.

3. (Optional) Configure optional features to create a unique username.

See [“Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients”](#) on page 180.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview](#) on page 144
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview](#) on page 216
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview](#) on page 148
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview](#) on page 218

Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use

You can specify the match order in which the extended DHCP local server uses the client data to determine the address-assignment pool that provides the IP address and configuration for a DHCP client. You use the **pool-match-order** statement to specify the

match order. If you do not specify the **pool-match-order**, the router uses the default **ip-address-first** matching to select the address pool. After DHCP local server determines the address assignment pool to use, the server performs the matching based on the criteria you specified in the pool configuration.

In the default **ip-address-first** matching, the server selects the address-assignment pool to use by matching the IP address in the client DHCP request with the network address of the address-assignment pool. If the client request contains the gateway IP address (giaddr), the local server matches the giaddr to the address-assignment pool's address. If there is no giaddr in the request, then the DHCP local server matches the IP address of the receiving interface to the address of the address-assignment pool.

In **external-authority** matching, the DHCP local server receives the address assignment from an external authority, such as RADIUS or Diameter. If RADIUS is the external authority, the DHCP local server uses the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute (RADIUS attribute 100) to select the pool. If Diameter is the external authority, the server uses the Diameter counterpart of the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute to determine the pool.

For IPv4 address-assignment pools, you can optionally configure the extended DHCP local server to match the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in the client DHCP packets to a named range in the address-assignment pool used for the client. Named ranges are subsets within the overall address-assignment pool address range, which you can configure when you create the address-assignment pool.



NOTE: To use the DHCP local server option 82 matching feature with an IPv4 address-assignment pool, you must ensure that the **option-82** statement is included in the **dhcp-attributes** statement for the address-assignment pool.

To configure the matching order the extended DHCP local server uses to determine the address-assignment pool used for a client:

1. Access the **pool-match-order** configuration.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit pool-match-order
```

2. Specify the pool matching methods in the order in which the router performs the methods. You can specify the methods in any order. All methods are optional—the router uses the **ip-address-first** method by default.

- Configure the router to use an external addressing authority.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server pool-match-order]
user@host# set external-authority
```

- Configure the router to use the ip-address-first method.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server pool-match-order]
user@host# set ip-address-first
```

- (IPv4 address-assignment pools only) Specify the option 82 matching method.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server pool-match-order]
```

```
user@host# set option-82
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching on page 203](#)

Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations

You use the group feature to group together a set of interfaces and then apply a common DHCP configuration to the named interface group. The extended DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent all support interface groups.

The following steps create a DHCP local server group; the steps are similar for the DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent.

To configure a DHCP local server interface group:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

2. Create the group and assign a name.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit group boston
```

3. Specify the names of one or more interfaces on which the extended DHCP application is enabled. You can repeat the **interface interface-name** statement to specify multiple interfaces within the group, but you cannot use the same interface in more than one group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.1
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.2
```

4. (Optional) You can use the **upto** option to specify a range of interfaces for a group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.3 upto fe-1/0/1.9
```

5. (Optional) You can use the **exclude** option to exclude a specific interface or a specified range of interfaces from the group. For example:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.1 upto fe-1/0/1.102
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.6 exclude
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.70 upto fe-1/0/1.80 exclude
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 161](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges on page 160](#)

Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges

This topic describes guidelines to consider when configuring interface ranges for named interface groups for DHCP local server and DHCP relay. The guidelines refer to the following configuration statement:

```
user@host# set interface interface-name upto upto-interface-name
```

- The start subunit, **interface *interface-name***, serves as the key for the stanza. The remaining configuration settings are considered attributes.
- If the subunit is not included, an implicit .0 subunit is enforced. The implicit subunit is applied to all interfaces when autoconfiguration is enabled. For example, **interface *ge-2/2/2*** is treated as **interface *ge-2/2/2.0***.
- Ranged entries contain the **upto** option, and the configuration applies to all interfaces within the specified range. The start of a ranged entry must be less than the end of the range. Discrete entries apply to a single interface, except in the case of autoconfiguration, in which a 0 (zero) subunit acts as a wildcard.
- Interface stanzas defined within the same router context are dependent and can constrain each other—both DHCP local server and DHCP relay are considered. Interface stanzas defined across different router contexts are independent and do not constrain one another.
- Each interface stanza, whether discrete or ranged, has a unique start subunit across a given router context. For example, the following configuration is not allowed within the same group because **ge-1/0/0.10** is the start subunit for both.

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.10
```

- Two groups cannot share interface space. For example, the following configuration is not allowed because the three stanzas share the same space and interfere with one another—interface **ge-1/0/0.26** is common to all three.

```
dhcp-relay group diamond interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
dhcp-local-server group ruby interface ge-1/0/0.26
dhcp-relay group sapphire interface ge-1/0/0.25 upto ge-1/0/0.35
```

- Two ranges cannot overlap, either within a group or across groups. Overlapping occurs when two interface ranges share common subunit space but neither range is a proper subset of the other. The following ranges overlap:

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.20 upto ge-1/0/0.40
```

- A range can contain multiple nested ranges. A nested range is a proper subset of another range. When ranges are nested, the smallest matching range applies.

In the following example, the three ranges nest properly:

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.12 upto ge-1/0/0.15 exclude
interface ge-1/0/0.25 upto ge-1/0/0.29 exclude
```

- Discrete interfaces take precedence over ranges. In the following example, interface **ge-1/0/0.20** takes precedence and enforces an interface client limit of 5.

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.15 upto ge-1/0/0.25 exclude
interface ge-1/0/0.20 overrides interface-client-limit 5
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)

Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options

You can include the following statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]** hierarchy level to set group-specific DHCP local server configuration options, and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level to set global DHCP local server configuration options. Statements configured at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]** hierarchy level apply only to the named group of interfaces, and override any global DHCP local server settings configured with the same statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level.

DHCPv6 local server supports the same set of statements with the exception of the **dynamic-profile** statement.

- **authentication**—Configure the parameters the router sends to the external AAA server.
- **dynamic-profile**—Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to a group of interfaces.
- **interface**—Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within the specified group.
- **overrides**—Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP local server. For information, see “[Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings](#)” on page 162.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)

Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings

Subscriber management enables you to override certain default DHCP and DHCPv6 local server configuration settings. You can override settings at the global level, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group.

- To override global default DHCP local server configuration options, include the **overrides** statement and its subordinate statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** or **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.
- To override DHCP local server configuration options for a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]** or **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group]** hierarchy level.
- To override DHCP local server configuration options for a specific interface within a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name interface]** or **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name interface]** hierarchy level.

To override default DHCP local server configuration settings:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

Global override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

Group level override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit group boston overrides
```

Per-interface override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit group boston overrides interface fe-1/0/1.1
```

2. (Optional) Override the maximum number of DHCP clients allowed per interface.

See [“Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface” on page 163](#).

3. (Optional) Override ARP table population in distrusted environments.

See [“Disabling ARP Table Population” on page 164](#).

4. (Optional) Configure DHCP client auto logout.

See [“Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients” on page 168](#).

5. (Optional) Enable processing of information requests from clients.

See [“Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests” on page 169](#).

6. (Optional, DHCPv6 only) Specify a delegated pool name to use for DHCPv6 multiple address assignment.

See [“Specifying the Delegated Address Pool for IPv6 Prefix Assignment” on page 172](#).

7. (Optional, DHCPv6 only) Enable DHCPv6 rapid commit support.
See [“Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support” on page 170.](#)
8. (Optional) Delete DHCP override settings.
See [“Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings” on page 171.](#)

**Related
Documentation**

- [Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 161](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)

Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface

By default, there is no limit to the number of DHCP local server or DHCP relay clients allowed on an interface. However, you can override the default setting and specify the maximum number of clients allowed per interface, in the range 1 through 500,000. When the number of clients on the interface reaches the specified limit, no additional DHCP Discover PDUs or DHCPv6 Solicit PDUs are accepted. When the number of clients subsequently drops below the limit, new clients are again accepted.



NOTE: The maximum number of DHCP (and DHCPv6) local server clients or DHCP (and DHCPv6) relay clients can also be specified by Juniper Networks VSA 26-143 during client login. The VSA-specified value always takes precedence if the `interface-client-limit` statement specifies a different number.

If the VSA-specified value differs with each client login, DHCP uses the largest limit set by the VSA until there are no clients on the interface.

To configure the maximum number of DHCP clients allowed per interface:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.
 - For DHCP local server:


```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCPv6 local server:


```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCPv6 relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the maximum number of clients allowed per interface. (DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent and DHCPv6 relay agent all support the **interface-client-limit** statement.)

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set interface-client-limit number
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Disabling ARP Table Population

By default, DHCP populates the ARP table with the MAC address of a client when the client binding is established. However, you may choose to use the DHCP **no-arp** statement to hide the subscriber MAC address information, as it appears in ARP table entries.

When running in a trusted environment (that is, when not using the **no-arp** statement), DHCP populates the ARP table with unique MAC addresses contained within the DHCP PDU for each DHCP client:

Table 31: ARP Table in Trusted Environment

IP Address	MAC Address
Client 1 IP Address	MAC A
Client 2 IP Address	MAC B
Client 3 IP Address	MAC C

In distrusted environments, you can specify the **no-arp** statement to hide the MAC addresses of clients. When you specify the **no-arp** statement, DHCP does not automatically populate the ARP table with MAC address information from the DHCP PDU for each client. Instead, the system performs an ARP to obtain the MAC address of each client and obtains the MAC address of the immediately attached device (for example, a DSLAM). DHCP populates the ARP table with the same interface MAC address (for example, MAC X from a DSLAM interface) for each client:

Table 32: ARP Table in Distrusted Environment

IP Address	MAC Address
Client 1 IP Address	MAC X
Client 2 IP Address	MAC X
Client 3 IP Address	MAC X

To disable ARP table population:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCP relay:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Disable ARP table population with client-specific information. (DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **no-arp** statement.)

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set no-arp
```

- For DHCP relay:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set no-arp
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)

Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Local Server

You can configure how DHCP local server handles DHCP snooped packets. Depending on the configuration, DHCP local server either forwards or drops the snooped packets it receives.

[Table 33 on page 166](#) indicates the action the router takes for DHCP local server snooped packets.



NOTE: Configured interfaces are those interfaces that have been configured with the **group** statement in the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server]` hierarchy. Non-configured interfaces are those that are in the logical system/routing instance but have not been configured by the **group** statement.

Table 33: Actions for DHCP Local Server Snooped Packets

forward-snooped-clients Configuration	Action on Configured Interfaces	Action on Non-Configured Interfaces
forward-snooped-clients not configured	dropped	dropped
all-interfaces	forwarded	forwarded
configured-interfaces	forwarded	dropped
non-configured-interfaces	dropped	forwarded

To configure DHCP snooped packet forwarding for DHCP local server:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP local server.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system services dhcp-local-server
```

2. Enable DHCP snooped packet forwarding for DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit forward-snooped-clients
```

3. Specify the interfaces that are supported for snooped packet forwarding.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server forward-snooped-clients]
user@host# set (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces | non-configured-interfaces)
```

For example, to configure DHCP local server to forward DHCP snooped packets on only configured interfaces:

```
[edit]
system {
  services {
    dhcp-local-server {
      forward-snooped-clients configured-interfaces;
    }
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Snooping Support on page 237](#)

DHCP Auto Logout Overview

This topic provides an introduction to the optional DHCP auto logout feature and includes the following sections:

- [Auto Logout Overview on page 167](#)
- [How DHCP Identifies and Releases Clients on page 167](#)
- [Option 60 and Option 82 Requirements on page 168](#)

Auto Logout Overview

Auto logout is an optional configuration for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent that improves the efficiency of DHCP IP address assignment. Auto logout enables IP addresses to be immediately released and returned to the address pool when the addresses are no longer used by DHCP clients. DHCP can then assign the addresses to other clients. Without auto logout, an IP address is blocked for the entire lease period, and DHCP must wait until the address lease time expires before reusing the address.

Auto logout is particularly useful when DHCP uses long lease times for IP address assignments and to help avoid allocating duplicate IP addresses for a single client. For example, you might have an environment that includes set-top boxes (STB) that are often upgraded or replaced. Each time a STB is changed, the new STB repeats the DHCP discover process to obtain client configuration information and an IP address. DHCP views the new STB as a completely new client and assigns a new IP address—the previous IP address assigned to the client (the old STB) remains blocked and unavailable until the lease expires. If auto logout is configured in this situation, DHCP recognizes that the new STB is actually the same client and then immediately releases the original IP address. DHCP relay agent acts as a proxy client for auto logout and sends a DHCP release message to the DHCP server.

How DHCP Identifies and Releases Clients

The auto logout feature requires that DHCP explicitly identify clients. By default, DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent identify clients based on MAC address or Client Identifier. However, in some cases this type of identification might not be sufficient. For example, in the previous STB example, each STB has a different MAC address, so DHCP incorrectly assumes that an upgraded or replacement STB is a new client.

In order to explicitly identify clients, auto logout uses a secondary identification method when the primary identification method is unsuccessful—the primary method is considered unsuccessful if the MAC address or Client Identifier does not match that of an existing client. The secondary identification method is based on the DHCP option 60 and option 82 information in DHCP discover messages.

Both the primary and secondary identification methods use subnet information to differentiate between clients. The primary identification method differentiates between two clients with the same MAC address (or same Client Identifier) if the clients are on different subnets. Similarly, the secondary identification method considers two clients as different if they have the same option 60 and option 82 information, but different subnets.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent perform the following operations when auto logout is enabled and the secondary identification method identifies a duplicate client (that is, the discover packet is from an existing client).

- DHCP local server immediately releases the existing address.
- DHCP relay agent immediately releases the existing client and then sends a DHCP release packet to the DHCP server. Sending the release packet ensures that DHCP relay and the DHCP server are synchronized.



NOTE: If the DHCP relay agent is in snoop mode, DHCP relay releases the client but does not send a release packet to the DHCP server if the discover packet is for a passive client (a client added as a result of snooped packets) or if the discover packet is a snooped packet.

Option 60 and Option 82 Requirements

DHCP local server requires that the received discover packet include both DHCP option 60 and option 82. If either option is missing, DHCP local server cannot perform the secondary identification method and auto logout is not used.

DHCP relay agent requires that the received discover packet contain DHCP option 60. DHCP relay determines the option 82 value based on the guidelines provided in “[DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout](#)” on page 247.

Related Documentation

- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 168](#)
- [DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout on page 247](#)
- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 175](#)

Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients

You can configure the extended DHCP local server and extended DHCP relay to automatically log out DHCP clients. Auto logout immediately releases an existing client when DHCP receives a discover packet that has the same DHCP option 60 and DHCP option 82 information as the existing client. DHCP then releases the existing client IP address without waiting for the normal lease expiration.



NOTE: When the existing client is released, the new client undergoes the normal authentication process. The new client might not receive the same IP address as the original client.

To configure DHCP client auto logout:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.
 - For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```
2. Enable auto logout. (DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **client-discover-match** statement.)

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set client-discover-match
```

- For DHCP relay:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set client-discover-match
```



NOTE: If you change the auto logout configuration, existing clients continue to use the auto logout setting that was configured when they logged in. New clients use the new setting.

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 166](#)
- [DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout on page 247](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests

By default, DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server do not respond to information request messages from the client. You can enable DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server to process these messages and respond to them with an acknowledgment (ack or reply message, respectively) and the requested information.

DHCP relay agent automatically forwards the information request messages without modification to the configured server group by means of the interfaces configured for the respective server group. The messages are dropped if they are received on an unconfigured interface. DHCP relay proxy also supports forwarding these messages. You cannot disable forwarding of the information request messages.

Configure one or more local address pools if you want to use a local pool rather than one provided by AAA. See [“Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses” on page 115](#). For processing information request messages, the address configuration is not necessary. For DHCP local server, you must specify the IPv4 family; for DHCPv6 local server, you must specify the IPv6 family.

See [“Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes” on page 118](#) for details about how to configure the information sought by clients that send information request messages.

To enable processing of DHCP client information request messages:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
```

```
user@host# set process-inform
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]  
user@host# set process-inform
```

2. (Optional) Specify a pool name from which DHCP information is returned to the client.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides process-inform]  
user@host# set pool pool-name
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides process-inform]  
user@host# set pool pool-name
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support

You can configure the extended DHCPv6 local server to support the DHCPv6 Rapid Commit option (DHCPv6 option 14). When rapid commit is enabled on the extended DHCPv6 local server, the server recognizes the Rapid Commit option in Solicit messages sent from the DHCPv6 client. (DHCPv6 clients are configured separately to include the DHCPv6 Rapid Commit option in the Solicit messages.) The server and client then use a two-message exchange (Solicit and Reply) to configure clients, rather than the default four-method exchange (Solicit, Advertise, Request, and Reply). The two-message exchange provides faster client configuration, and is beneficial in environments in which networks are under a heavy load.

You can configure the DHCPv6 local server to support the Rapid Commit option globally, for a specific group, or for a specific interface. By default, Rapid Commit support is disabled on the DHCPv6 local server.

To configure the DHCPv6 local server to support the DHCPv6 Rapid Commit option:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Enable rapid commit support.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]  
user@host# set rapid-commit
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
 - [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)

Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings

You can delete override settings for DHCP local server and DHCP relay globally, for a named group, or for a specific interface within a named group. You can delete a specific override setting or all overrides.

- To delete a specific DHCP override setting at a particular hierarchy level, include the **overrides** statement with the appropriate subordinate statements. For example, to delete the DHCP local server override **no-arp** setting for a group named **marin20**:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# delete group marin20 overrides no-arp
```

- To delete all DHCP override settings at a hierarchy level, include the **overrides** statement without any subordinate statements. For example, to delete all DHCP relay overrides for interface **fxp0.0**, which is in group **marin20**:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# delete group marin20 interface fxp0.0 overrides
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Use of DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option to Request a Specific IP Address

Subscriber management enables you to specify that DHCP local server assign a particular address to a client. For example, if a client is disconnected, you might use this capability to assign the same address that the client was using prior to being disconnected. If the requested address is available, DHCP assigns it to the client. If the address is unavailable, the DHCP local server offers another address, based on the address allocation process.

Both DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server support the specific address request feature. DHCP local server uses DHCP option 50 in DHCP DISCOVER messages to request a particular address, while DHCPv6 local server uses the IA_NA option (Identity Association for Non-Temporary Addresses) in DHCPv6 SOLICIT messages.



NOTE: The DHCPv6 IA_NA option allows multiple addresses; subscriber management supports only a single address. If you specify more than one address, the DHCPv6 local server uses only the first address you specify. The DHCPv6 local server also ignores any preferred lifetime or valid lifetime settings in the IA_NA option.

Multiple Address Assignment for DHCPv6 Clients

Subscriber management enables you to assign multiple addresses to a single DHCPv6 client. Multiple address support is enabled by default, and is activated when the DHCPv6 local server receives a DHCPv6 Solicit message from a subscriber that contains multiple addresses.

For example, you might use the multiple address assignment feature in a networking environment in which a customer premises equipment (CPE) device requires a host address and a delegated prefix. In such an environment, you can configure subscriber management to assign both a DHCPv6 IA_NA (Identity Association for Non-Temporary Addresses) and an IA_PD (Identity Association for Prefix Delegation) address to the client (the CPE device).

- [Multiple Address Assignment Using Local Address Pools or RADIUS on page 172](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variable for Multiple DHCPv6 Address Assignment on page 172](#)

Multiple Address Assignment Using Local Address Pools or RADIUS

You can use either local address pools or RADIUS when assigning multiple addresses to a DHCP client. When at least one address is successfully allocated, the router creates a subscriber entry and binds the entry to the assigned address. If both addresses are successfully allocated, the router creates a single subscriber entry and binds both addresses to that entry.

You can also configure a delegated address pool, which explicitly specifies the address pool that subscriber management uses to assign IPv6 prefixes for subscribers.

Junos OS Predefined Variable for Multiple DHCPv6 Address Assignment

Subscriber management provides a predefined variable that you can use to dynamically configure DHCPv6 multiple address assignment. You apply the Junos OS predefined variable, **\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-multi-address**, as a demux source address in a dynamic profile. When the dynamic profile is attached to a subscriber, the variable is expanded to include both the host and prefix addresses. You use this variable instead of the **\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-address** variable, which supports a single IPv6 address.

You include the **\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-multi-address** variable at the **[edit dynamic-profile profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family inet6 demux-source]** hierarchy level.

- Related Documentation**
- [Specifying the Delegated Address Pool for IPv6 Prefix Assignment on page 172](#)
 - [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)

Specifying the Delegated Address Pool for IPv6 Prefix Assignment

You can explicitly specify a delegated address pool, which subscriber management uses to assign IPv6 prefixes for subscribers. You can specify the delegated address pool globally, for a specific group of interfaces, or for a particular interface.



NOTE: You can also use by Juniper Networks VSA 26-161 to specify the delegated address pool. The VSA-specified value always takes precedence over the delegated-address statement.

To configure the delegated address pool for DHCPv6 local server:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the delegated address pool.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set delegated-pool paris-cable-12
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events

You can configure the router to maintain DHCP subscribers when an event occurs that normally results in the router deleting the subscriber. For example, by default, the router logs out DHCP subscribers when an interface delete event occurs, such as a DPC reboot or failure. However, if you configure the router to maintain subscribers, the router identifies each subscriber that was on the deleted interface, and resumes normal packet processing for the subscriber when the interface is restored.



NOTE: Subscribers are logged off as usual when their lease expires, even if the router is configured to maintain subscribers and the subscriber is on a deleted interface that has not yet been restored.

You configure the router to maintain subscribers on a global basis— the configuration applies to DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCP relay clients in all logical routers and routing instances. When you enable the maintain subscribers feature, the router applies the feature to existing subscribers as well as subscribers who later connect.

If the maintain subscribers feature is enabled on the router, you can explicitly delete a subscriber binding and log out the subscriber by either specifying a lease expiration timeout or using one of the following commands, as appropriate:

- `clear dhcp server binding`
- `clear dhcpv6 server binding`

- [clear dhcp relay binding](#)

Related Documentation

- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature on page 174](#)

Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events

You can specify a configuration in which the router does not log out a subscriber when the subscriber's interface is deleted.

To configure the router to maintain DHCP subscribers when the subscriber interface is deleted:

1. Specify that you want to configure subscriber management.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit subscriber-management
```

2. Configure the router to support the maintain-subscriber feature.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management]
user@host# edit maintain-subscriber
```

3. Configure the router to enable the maintain-subscriber feature when an interface-delete event occurs.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management maintain-subscriber]
user@host# set interface-delete
```

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 173](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature on page 174](#)

Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature

Purpose Display information related to the DHCP maintain-subscribers feature and explicitly log out maintained clients.

Action

- To display DHCP local server binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:

```
user@host>show dhcp server binding detail
```
- To display DHCPv6 local server binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:

```
user@host>show dhcpv6 server binding detail
```
- To display DHCP relay binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:

```
user@host>show dhcp relay binding detail
```
- To explicitly log out a DHCP local server subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:

```
user@host>clear dhcp server binding binding-type
```

- To explicitly log out a DHCPv6 local server subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:

```
user@host>clear dhcpv6 server binding binding-type
```

- To explicitly log out a DHCP relay subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:

```
user@host>clear dhcp relay binding binding-type
```

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 173](#)
- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174](#)

Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access

This topic provides the procedure you use to display current DHCP bindings, clear selected bindings, and verify that the specified bindings are successfully cleared.

Subscriber management enables you to clear DHCP bindings at several different levels for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent. For example, you can clear the DHCP bindings on all interfaces, a group of interfaces, or a specific interface. You can also clear DHCP bindings based on IP address, MAC address, session-ID, DHCPv6 prefix, DHCPv6 Client ID, FPC, PIC, port, VLAN, or stacked VLAN (S-VLAN).

This topic includes examples to show several variations of the clear DHCP binding feature. The examples use DHCP local server commands; however, the procedure and commands are similar for DHCP relay agent, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCPv6 relay agent.

To clear bindings and verify the results for a specific IP address:

1. Display current bindings. Issue the appropriate variation of the **show dhcp server binding** command.

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
2 clients, (2 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)

IP address      Hardware address  Type    Lease expires at
192.168.32.1    90:00:00:01:00:01 active    2011-10-17 11:38:47 PST
192.168.32.3    90:00:00:02:00:01 active    2011-00-17 11:38:41 PST
```

2. Clear the binding you want to remove.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding 192.168.32.1
```

3. Verify that the binding has been cleared.

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
1 clients, (1 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)

IP address      Hardware address  Type    Lease expires at
192.168.32.3    90:00:00:02:00:01 active    2011-00-17 11:38:41 PST
```

The following examples show variations of the clear DHCP binding feature. The examples use the DHCP local server version of the commands.



NOTE: IP demux interfaces are not supported by the show and clear DHCP bindings commands for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent.

To clear all bindings:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding all
```

To clear bindings on a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding interface fe-0/0/2
```

To clear all bindings over an interface. This example uses the wildcard option.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

To clear bindings on top of a specific VLAN. This example clears all bindings on top of VLAN 100.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0:100
```

To clear bindings for a specific S-VLAN. This example clears bindings on S-VLAN 100-200.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0:100-200
```

To clear all bindings on top of all demux VLANs:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding demux0
```

To clear all bindings on top of an underlying interface. This example clears the bindings on all demux VLANs on top of interface ae0:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ae0
```

To clear PPP bindings. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears the PPP bindings over interface pp0.100 and pp0.200.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding pp0.*
```

To clear all bindings on an FPC. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/*
```

To clear all bindings on a PIC. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1, PIC 0.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/*
```

To clear all bindings on a port. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1, PIC 0, port 0.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 166](#)

- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 168](#)

Configuring the Router to Strictly Enforce the Subscriber Scaling License

You can configure the router to strictly enforce the subscriber scaling feature, which is part of the Junos Subscriber Access Feature Pack license. The subscriber scaling feature specifies the maximum number of subscribers that can be logged in at any one time.

When you configure strict scaling license support, the router performs the following actions:

- Strictly enforces the subscriber scaling license and does not allow any grace period. When the number of logged-in subscriber reaches the number allowed by the scaling license, no additional subscribers are allowed to log in.
- Creates the informational log message, "90 percent of installed subscriber scale licenses in use" in `/var/log/messages`, to inform you when you have 10 percent of the total allowed licenses remaining. The router clears this condition when license usage falls below 90 percent. The log message is created again if the 90 percent usage is later reached.

To configure the router to strictly enforce the subscriber scaling license:

1. Specify that you want to configure subscriber management.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit subscriber-management
```

2. Configure the router to enforce the scaling license.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management]
user@host# set enforce-strict-scale-limit-license
```

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Access Licensing Overview on page 6](#)
- For information about installing and managing Junos OS licenses, see the *Junos OS Installation and Upgrade Guide*

Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces

This topic describes how to attach a dynamic profile to a DHCP subscriber interface. When a DHCP subscriber logs in, the specified dynamic profile is instantiated and the services defined in the profile are applied to the interface.

This topic contains the following sections:

- [Attaching a Dynamic Profile to All DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 178](#)
- [Attaching a Dynamic Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 178](#)

Attaching a Dynamic Profile to All DHCP Subscriber Interfaces

To attach a dynamic profile to all DHCP subscriber interfaces:

1. At the DHCP configuration hierarchy, use the **dynamic-profile** statement to specify the name of the dynamic profile to attach to all interfaces.
 - For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set dynamic-profile vod-profile-22
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set dynamic-profile vod-profile-west
```
2. Optionally, you can configure the attribute to use when attaching the specified profile.

You can include either the **aggregate-clients** option to enable multiple DHCP subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface, or the **use-primary** option to specify that the primary dynamic profile is used. The **aggregate-clients** option does not apply to demux subscriber interfaces. The two options are mutually exclusive.

 - To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dynamic-profile]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```
 - To use the primary dynamic profile:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile]
user@host# set use-primary subscriber_profile
```

Attaching a Dynamic Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscriber Interfaces

Before you begin:

- Configure the interface group.

See [“Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations”](#) on page 159.

To attach a dynamic profile to a group of interfaces:

1. At the DHCP configuration hierarchy, specify the name of the interface group and the dynamic profile to attach to the group.
 - For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group boston dynamic-profile vod-profile-42
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set group quebec dynamic-profile vod-profile-east
```
2. Optionally, you can configure the attribute to use when attaching the specified profile.

You can include either the **aggregate-clients** option to enable multiple DHCP subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface, or the **use-primary** option to specify that the primary dynamic profile is used. The **aggregate-clients** option does not apply to demux subscriber interfaces. The two options are mutually exclusive.

- To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dynamic-profile]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```

- To use the primary dynamic profile:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile]
user@host# set use-primary subscriber_profile
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 150](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on IP Demux Interfaces on page 589](#)

Configuring Passwords for Usernames

You can configure an optional password that the extended DHCP application presents to the external AAA authentication service to authenticate the specified username.

To configure a password that authenticates the username:

1. Specify that you want to configure authentication options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit authentication
```

2. Configure the password. (DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCP relay agent all support the **password** statement.)

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication]
user@host# set password myPassword1234
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)

- For information about supported characters in passwords, see “Configuring Special Requirements for Plain-Text Passwords” in the *Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide*

Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients

You can configure the extended DHCP application to include additional information in the username that is passed to the external AAA authentication service when the DHCP client logs in. This additional information enables you to construct usernames that uniquely identify subscribers.



NOTE: If you do not include a username in the authentication configuration, the router does not perform authentication; however, the IP address is provided by the local pool if it is configured.

When you use the DHCPv6 local server, you must configure authentication and the client username; otherwise client login fails.

The following list describes the optional information that you can include as part of the username:

- **circuit-type**—The circuit type used by the DHCP client, for example **enet**.
- **client-id**—The client identifier option (option 1). (DHCPv6 local server DHCPv6 relay agent only)
- **delimiter**—The delimiter character that separates components that make up the concatenated username. The default delimiter is a period (.). The semicolon (;) is not supported as a delimiter character.
- **domain-name**—The client domain name as a string. The router adds the @ delimiter to the username.
- **interface-name**—The interface name, including the interface device and associated VLAN IDs.
- **logical-system-name**—The name of the logical system, if the receiving interface is in a logical system.
- **mac-address**—The client MAC address, in a string of the format **xxxx.xxxx.xxxx**. (Not supported for DHCPv6 local server)
- **option-60**—The portion of the option 60 payload that follows the length field. (Not supported for DHCPv6 local server)
- **option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>**—The specified contents of the option 82 payload. (Not supported for DHCPv6 local server)
 - **circuit-id**—The payload of the Agent Circuit ID suboption.
 - **remote-id**—The payload of the Agent Remote ID suboption.

- Both **circuit-id** and **remote-id**—The payloads of both suboptions, in the format: **circuit-id[delimiter]remote-id**.
- Neither **circuit-id** or **remote-id**—The raw payload of the option 82 from the PDU is concatenated to the username.



NOTE: For DHCP relay agent, the option 82 value used in creating the username is based on the option 82 value that is encoded in the outgoing (relayed) PDU.

- **relay-agent-interface-id**—The Interface-ID option (option 18). (DHCPv6 local server only)
- **relay-agent-remote-id**—The DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37). (DHCPv6 local server only)
- **relay-agent-subscriber-id**—The DHCPv6 Relay Agent Subscriber-ID option (option 38). (DHCPv6 local server only)
- **routing-instance-name**—The name of the routing instance, if the receiving interface is in a routing instance.
- **user-prefix**—A string indicating the user prefix.

The router creates the unique username by including the specified additional information in the following order, with the fields separated by a delimiter.

For DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent:

```
user-prefix[delimiter]mac-address[delimiter]logical-system-name[delimiter]
routing-instance-name[delimiter]circuit-type[delimiter]interface-name[delimiter]option-82[delimiter]
option-60@domain-name
```

For DHCPv6 local server:

```
user-prefix[delimiter]logical-system-name[delimiter]routing-instance-name[delimiter]
circuit-type[delimiter]interface-name[delimiter]relay-agent-remote-id[delimiter]
relay-agent-subscriber-id[delimiter]relay-agent-interface-id[delimiter]client-id@domain-name
```

To configure a unique username:

1. Specify that you want to configure authentication.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
```

```
user@host# edit authentication
```

2. Specify that you want to include optional information in the username. (DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCP relay agent all support the **username-include** statement.)

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication]  
user@host# set username-include
```

3. (Optional) Specify the optional information you want to include in the username.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication username-include]  
user@host# set username-include circuit-type  
user@host# set username-include domain-name isp55.com  
user@host# set username-include mac-address  
user@host# set username-include user-prefix wallybrown
```

The previous **username-include** configuration produces this unique username:

```
wallybrown.0090.1a01.1234.enet@isp55.com
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)

Understanding Dynamic Reconfiguration of Extended DHCP Local Server Clients

Dynamic reconfiguration of clients enables the extended DHCP local server to initiate a client update without waiting for the client to initiate a request.

Default Client/Server Interaction

Typically the DHCP client initiates all of the basic DHCP client/server interactions. The DHCP server sends information to a client only in response to a request from that client. In subscriber management scenarios, this behavior does not enable a client to be quickly updated with its network address and configuration in the event of server changes.

For example, suppose a service provider restructured its addressing scheme or changed the server IP addresses that it provided to clients. Without dynamic reconfiguration, the service provider typically clears the DHCP server binding table, but cannot inform the DHCP clients that their bindings have been cleared. Consequently, the DHCP client operates as though its IP address is still valid, but it is now unable to communicate over the access network, resulting in an outage. The DHCP local server has to wait for the client to send a message to renew its lease or rebind to the server. In response, the server sends a NAK message to the client to force it to begin the DHCP connection process again. Alternatively, the provider can wait for customers to make a service call about the network failures and then instruct them to power cycle their customer premises equipment to reinitiate the connection. Neither of these actions is timely or convenient for customers.

Dynamic Client/Server Interaction for DHCPv4

Dynamic reconfiguration for DHCPv4 is available through a partial implementation of RFC 3203, *DHCP Reconfigure Extension* for DHCPv4. It enables the DHCPv4 local server to send a message to the client to force reconfiguration.

The server sends a `forcerenew` message to a DHCPv4 client, initiating a message exchange. In response, DHCPv4 clients that support the `forcerenew` message then send a lease renewal message to the server. The server rejects the lease renewal request and sends a NAK to the client, causing the client to reinitiate the DHCP connection. A successful reconnection results in the reconfiguration of the DHCP client. Only the exchange of `forcerenew`, `renew`, and NAK messages is supported from RFC 3202. DHCP relay and DHCP relay proxy do not participate in the client reconfiguration or react to `forcerenew` messages other than to forward them to the client.

When the local server state machine starts the reconfiguration process on a bound client, the client transitions to the reconfiguring state and the local server sends a `forcerenew` message to the client. Because the client was in the bound state before entering the reconfiguring state, all subscriber services, such as forwarding and statistics, continue to work. Client statistics are not maintained in the interval between a successful reconfiguration and the subsequent client binding. When the server responds to the client renewal request with a NAK, the client entry is removed from the binding table and final statistics are reported. New statistics are collected when the client sends a `discover` message to establish a new session.

Dynamic Client/Server Interaction for DHCPv6

Dynamic reconfiguration for DHCPv6 is available through a partial implementation of RFC 3315, *Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)*. It enables the DHCPv6 local server to send a message to the client to force reconfiguration.

DHCPv6 servers send `reconfigure` messages to DHCPv6 clients, initiating a message exchange. In response, DHCPv6 clients that support the `reconfigure` message transition to the renewing state and send a `renew` message to the server. The server returns a reply message with a lifetime of zero (0). The client transitions to the init state and sends a `solicit` message. The server sends an `advertise` message to indicate that it is available for service. The client sends a request for configuration parameters, which the server then includes in its reply. DHCP relay and DHCP relay proxy do not participate in the client reconfiguration or react to `reconfigure` messages other than to forward them to the client.

When a DHCPv6 server is triggered to initiate reconfiguration on a bound DHCPv6 client, the client transitions to the reconfigure state. All subscriber services, such as forwarding and statistics, continue to work. The server then sends the `reconfigure` message to the client. If the DHCPv6 client is already in the reconfigure state, the DHCPv6 server ignores the reconfiguration trigger. For clients in any state other than bound or reconfigure, the server clears the binding state of the client, as if the `clear dhcpv6 server binding` command had been issued.

Dynamic Configuration Options

You can enable dynamic reconfiguration for all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by a specified group of interfaces, and you can modify the behavior accordingly.

- To enable dynamic reconfiguration with default reconfiguration values for all DHCP clients, include the **reconfigure** statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level for DHCPv4 clients, and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level for DHCPv6 clients.
- Alternatively, to enable dynamic reconfiguration for only the DHCP clients serviced by a specified group of interfaces, include the **reconfigure** statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]** hierarchy level for DHCPv4 clients, and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name]** hierarchy level for DHCPv6 clients.

You can optionally modify the behavior of the reconfiguration process by including the appropriate statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]** hierarchy level for all DHCPv4 clients, and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]** hierarchy level for all DHCPv6 clients. To override this global configuration for only the DHCP clients serviced by a specified group of interfaces, you can include the statements with different values at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]** hierarchy level for DHCPv4 clients, and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name reconfigure]** hierarchy level for DHCPv6 clients.

Include the **attempts** statement to specify how many times the local server sends the **forcerenew** or **reconfigure** message to initiate client reconfiguration. Include the **timeout** statement to set the interval between the first and second attempts. The interval between each subsequent attempt doubles the previous value. For example, if the first value is 2, the first retry is attempted 2 seconds after the first attempt fails. The second retry is attempted 4 seconds after the first retry fails. The third retry is attempted 8 seconds after the second retry fails, and so on.

By default, the DHCP client's original configuration is restored if all of the reconfiguration attempts fail. Include the **clear-on-abort** statement to delete the client instead.

You can configure an authentication token by including the **token** statement. The DHCP local server then includes this token inside the authentication option when it sends **forcerenew** or **reconfigure** messages. If the service provider has previously configured the DHCP client with this token, then the client can compare that token against the newly received token, and reject the message if the tokens do not match. This functionality corresponds to RFC 3118, *Authentication for DHCP Messages*, section 4.

In the event of a RADIUS-initiated disconnect (RID), the client is deleted by default. You can configure the client to be reconfigured instead of deleted by including the **radius-disconnect** statement. The client is deleted if all attempts to reconfigure the client fail.

For the DHCPv6 server only, you can include the **strict** statement. By default, the server accepts solicit messages from clients that do not support server-initiated reconfiguration.

Including this statement causes the server to discard solicit messages from nonsupporting clients; consequently the server does not bind these clients.

You can force the local server to initiate the reconfiguration process for clients by issuing the **request dhcp server reconfigure** command for DHCPv4 clients, and the **request dhcpv6 server reconfigure** command for DHCPv6 clients. Command options determine whether reconfiguration is then attempted for all clients or specified clients.

Events that take place while a reconfiguration is in process take precedence over the reconfiguration. [Table 34 on page 185](#) lists the actions taken in response to several different events.

Table 34: Action Taken for Events That Occur During a Reconfiguration

Event	Action
Server receives a discover (DHCPv4) or solicit (DHCPv6) message from the client.	Server drops packet and deletes client.
Server receives a request, renew, rebind, or init-reboot message from the client.	DHCPv4—Server sends NAK message and deletes client. DHCPv6—Server drops packet and deletes client. Server replies to renew message with lease time of zero (0).
Server receives a release or decline message from the client.	Server deletes client.
The client lease times out.	Server deletes client.
The clear dhcp server binding command is issued.	Server deletes client.
The request dhcp server reconfigure (DHCPv4) or request dhcpv6 server reconfigure (DHCPv6) command is issued.	Command is ignored.
GRES or DHCP restart occurs.	Reconfiguration process is halted.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185](#)

Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration

The DHCP local server can initiate reconfiguration of its clients to avoid extended outages because of server configuration changes. In addition to requesting that the DHCP local server initiate reconfiguration, you can specify the reconfiguration behavior.

To configure dynamic reconfiguration of DHCP clients:

1. Enable dynamic reconfiguration with default values for all clients.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

2. (Optional) Override the global configuration for a particular group of clients.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group-name]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

3. (Optional) Configure how the server attempts reconfiguration.

See [“Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients”](#) on page 187.

4. (Optional) Configure the response to a failed reconfiguration.

See [“Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails”](#) on page 188.

5. (Optional) Configure the behavior in response to a RADIUS-initiated disconnect.

See [“Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect”](#) on page 188.

6. (Optional) Configure a token for rudimentary server authentication.

See [“Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication”](#) on page 189.

7. (Optional) Initiate reconfiguration of some or all client bindings.

See [“Requesting DHCP Local Server to Initiate Reconfiguration of Client Bindings”](#) on page 189.

8. (Optional) Prevent DHCPv6 clients from binding if they do not support reconfigure messages.

See [“Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages”](#) on page 190.

Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients

You can configure how many attempts the local server makes to initiate reconfiguration of the DHCP client by sending `forcerenew` messages. You can also specify how long the server waits between attempts. By default, eight attempts are made and the initial interval is two seconds.

Each successive attempt doubles the interval between attempts. For example, if the first value is 2, the first retry is attempted 2 seconds after the first attempt fails. The second retry is attempted 4 seconds after the first retry fails. The third retry is attempted 8 seconds after the second retry fails, and so on. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.

(Optional) To configure DHCP local server reconfiguration behavior for all DHCP clients:

1. Specify the number of reconfiguration attempts.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]
user@host# set attempts 5
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set attempts 5
```

2. Specify the interval between reconfiguration attempts.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]
user@host# set timeout 8
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set timeout 8
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statements at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level or the `[edit system services dhcpv6 dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185](#)
- [attempts on page 1137](#)
- [timeout on page 1609](#)

Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails

You can configure the local server to delete the client when the maximum number of reconfiguration attempts has been made without success. By default, the client's original configuration is restored.

(Optional) To configure the DHCP local server to delete the client when reconfiguration is not successful, for all clients:

- Specify the client deletion.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]
user@host# set clear-on-abort
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set clear-on-abort
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statement at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level or the `[edit system services dhcpv6 dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185](#)
- [clear-on-abort on page 1165](#)

Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect

You can configure the local server to reconfigure the client when the client receives a RADIUS-initiated disconnect. By default, the client is deleted when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received.

(Optional) To configure the DHCP local server to reconfigure the client instead of deleting the client when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received, for all clients:

- Specify the RADIUS-initiated disconnect trigger.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure trigger]
user@host# set radius-disconnect
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure trigger]
user@host# set radius-disconnect
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statement at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure trigger]`

hierarchy level or the `[edit system services dhcpv6 dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure trigger]` hierarchy level.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185](#)
 - [radius-disconnect on page 1516](#)
 - [trigger on page 1644](#)

Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication

You can configure the local server to include a constant, unencoded token in the DHCP forcerenew message as part of the authentication option it sends to clients. The client compares the received token with a token already configured on the client. If the tokens do not match, the DHCP client discards the forcerenew message. Use of the token provides rudimentary protection against inadvertently instantiated DHCP servers.

(Optional) To configure the DHCP local server to include a token in the forcerenew message sent to the client, for all clients:

- Specify the token.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]
user@host# set token 8ysIU9E32k8r
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set token 8ysIU9E32k8r
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statement at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level or the `[edit system services dhcpv6 dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185](#)
 - [token on page 1612](#)

Requesting DHCP Local Server to Initiate Reconfiguration of Client Bindings

You can request that the DHCP local server initiate reconfiguration of all of clients or only specified clients.

To request reconfiguration of all clients:

- Specify the **all** option.

For DHCPv4:

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure all
```

For DHCPv6:

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure all
```

You can use any of the following methods to request reconfiguration of specific clients:

- Specify the IP address of the DHCP client.

For DHCPv4:

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure 192.168.27.3
```

For DHCPv6:

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure 2001:bd8:1111:2222::
```

- Specify the client ID of a DHCPv6 client.

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure  
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:02
```

- Specify the session ID of a DHCPv6 client.

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure 5
```

- Specify the MAC address of a DHCPv4 client.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure 12:23:34:45:56:67
```

- Specify an interface; reconfiguration is attempted for all clients on this interface.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure interface fe-0/0/0.100
```

- Specify a logical system; reconfiguration is attempted for all clients or the specified clients in this logical system.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure all logical-system ls-bldg5
```

- Specify a routing instance; reconfiguration is attempted for all clients or the specified clients in this routing instance.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure all routing-instance ri-boston
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185](#)
- [request dhcp server reconfigure](#)

Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages

The DHCPv6 client and server negotiate the use of reconfigure messages. When the client can accept reconfigure messages from the server, then the client includes the Reconfigure Accept option in both solicit and request messages sent to the server.

By default, the DHCPv6 server accepts solicit messages from clients regardless of whether they support reconfiguration. You can specify that the server require clients to accept reconfigure messages. In this case, the DHCPv6 server includes the Reconfigure Accept option in both advertise and reply messages when reconfiguration is configured for the client interface. Solicit messages from nonsupporting clients are discarded and the clients are not allowed to bind.

(Optional) To configure the DHCPv6 local server to require that all clients accept reconfiguration:

- Specify strict reconfiguration.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set strict
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statement at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level.

The `show dhcpv6 server statistics` command displays a count of solicit messages that the server has discarded.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185](#)
- [strict on page 1594](#)

DHCP Liveness Detection Overview

Unlike PPP, DHCP does not define a native keepalive mechanism as part of either the DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 protocols. Without a keepalive mechanism, DHCP local server, DHCP relay, or DHCP relay proxy is unable to quickly detect if it has lost connectivity with a subscriber and must rely on standard DHCP subscriber session termination messages.

DHCP clients often do not send DHCP release messages prior to exiting the network. The discovery of their absence is dependent on existing DHCP lease time and release request mechanisms. These mechanisms are often considered insufficient when serving as session health checks for clients in a DHCP subscriber access network. Because DHCP lease times are typically too long to provide an adequate response time for a session health failure, and configuring short DHCP lease times can pose an undue burden on control plane processing, implementing a DHCP liveness detection mechanism enables better monitoring of bound DHCP clients. When configured with a liveness detection protocol, if a given subscriber fails to respond to a configured number of consecutive liveness detection requests, the subscriber binding is deleted and its resources released.

DHCP liveness detection for DHCP subscriber IP sessions utilizes an active liveness detection protocol to institute liveness detection checks for relevant clients. Clients must respond to liveness detection requests within a specified amount of time. If the responses are not received within that time for a given number of consecutive attempts, then the liveness detection check fails and a failure action is implemented.

Using DHCP liveness detection, IP sessions are acted upon as soon as liveness detection checks fail. This faster response time serves to:

- Provide more accurate time-based accounting of subscriber sessions.
- Better preserve router resources.
- Help to reduce the window of vulnerability to some security attacks.

Examples of liveness detection protocols include Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) for both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers, IPv4 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) for DHCPv4 subscribers, and IPv6 Neighbor Unreachability Detection for DHCPv6 subscribers.



NOTE: This release supports only BFD for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 liveness detection.

When configuring BFD liveness detection, keep the following in mind:

- You can configure DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 liveness detection either globally or per DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 group.
- DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 subscriber access clients that do not support BFD are not affected by the liveness detection configuration. These clients can continue to access the network (once validated) even if BFD liveness detection is enabled on the router.
- When configured, DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 initiates liveness detection checks for relevant clients (that is, clients that support BFD) when those clients enter a bound state.
- After protocol-specific messages are initiated for a BFD client, they are periodically sent to the subscriber IP address of the client and responses to those liveness detection requests are expected within a configured amount of time.
- If liveness detection responses are not received from clients that support BFD within the configured amount of time for a configured number of consecutive attempts, the liveness detection check is deemed to have failed and a configured failure action is implemented.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity on page 192](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity on page 255](#)

Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity

Liveness detection for DHCP subscriber IP sessions utilizes an active liveness detection protocol to institute liveness detection checks for relevant clients. Clients must respond to liveness detection requests within a specified amount of time. If the responses are not received within that time for a given number of consecutive attempts, then the liveness detection check fails and a failure action is implemented.



NOTE: You can also configure DHCP liveness detection for DHCP relay.

To configure liveness detection for DHCP local server:

1. Specify that you want to configure liveness detection.

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit liveness-detection
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]
user@host# edit liveness-detection
```



NOTE: Liveness detection is also supported for DHCPv6 configurations. To configure DHCPv6 liveness detection, include the `liveness-detection` statement, and any subsequent configuration statements, at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]` or `[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name]` hierarchy level.

2. Specify that you want to configure the liveness detection method.

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection]
user@host# edit method
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name liveness-detection]
user@host# edit method
```

3. Specify the liveness detection method that you want DHCP to use.



NOTE: In this release, the only method supported for liveness detection is Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD).

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method]
user@host# edit bfd
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name liveness-detection method]
user@host# edit bfd
```

4. Configure the liveness detection method as desired.

See “[Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients](#)” on page 209 for an example of how to configure DHCPv4 groups for DHCP local server liveness detection.

5. Configure the action the router takes when a liveness detection failure occurs.

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection]
user@host# edit failure-action action
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name liveness-detection]
user@host# edit failure-action action
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 191](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity on page 255](#)
- [Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209](#)
- [Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCP Local Server Configuration

Purpose View or clear information about client address bindings and statistics for the extended DHCP local server.

Action • To display the address bindings in the client table on the extended DHCP local server:

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
```

- To display extended DHCP local server statistics:

```
user@host> show dhcp server statistics
```

- To clear the binding state of a DHCP client from the client table on the extended DHCP local server:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding
```

- To clear all extended DHCP local server statistics:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server statistics
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration

Purpose View or clear information about client address bindings and statistics for the DHCPv6 local server.

Action • To display the address bindings in the client table on the DHCPv6 local server:

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding
```

- To display DHCPv6 local server statistics:

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server statistics
```

- To clear all DHCPv6 local server statistics:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server binding
```

- To clear all DHCPv6 local server statistics:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server statistics
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

Graceful Routing Engine Switchover

For EX Series switches, only extended DHCP local server maintains the state of active DHCP client leases. The DHCP local server supports the attachment of dynamic profiles and also interacts with the local AAA Service Framework to use back-end authentication servers, such as RADIUS, to provide subscriber authentication. You can configure dynamic profile and authentication support on a global basis or for a specific group of interfaces. The extended DHCP local server also supports the use of Junos address-assignment pools or external authorities, such as RADIUS, to provide the client address and configuration information.

For MX Series routers, the extended DHCP local server and the DHCP relay agent applications both maintain the state of active DHCP client leases in the session database. The extended DHCP application can recover this state if the DHCP process fails or is manually restarted, thus preventing the loss of active DHCP clients in either of these circumstances. However, the state of active DHCP client leases is lost if a power failure occurs or if the kernel stops operating (for example, when the router is reloaded) on a single Routing Engine.

You can enable graceful switchover support on both EX Series switches and MX Series routers. To enable graceful switchover support for the extended DHCP local server or extended DHCP relay agent on a switch, include the **graceful-switchover** statement at the **[edit chassis redundancy]** hierarchy level. To enable graceful Routing Engine switchover support on MX Series routers, include the **graceful-switchover** statement at the **[edit chassis redundancy]** hierarchy level. You cannot disable graceful Routing Engine switchover support for the extended DHCP application when the router is configured to support graceful Routing Engine switchover.

For more information about using graceful Routing Engine switchover, see the [Junos OS High Availability Configuration Guide](#).

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Subscriber Management Unified ISSU Support on page 7](#)

Tracing Extended DHCP Operations

Both the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent support tracing operations. DHCP tracing operations track extended DHCP operations and record them in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

You can configure DHCP trace operations at the global level and at the interface level. Global DHCP tracing logs all DHCP-related events, whereas interface-level tracing logs only interface-specific DHCP events. If you configure interface-level trace operations, you can specify tracing for a range of interfaces or an individual interface. However, only a single interface-level log file is supported. That is, you cannot specify different interface-level log files for different interfaces or groups of interfaces.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

- Important events for both global and per-interface tracing are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename, `jdhcpd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
- When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

- By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure global DHCP tracing operations.

- Specify tracing operations for DHCP local server and DHCP relay:

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]
user@host# edit traceoptions
```

The tracing configuration is applied globally to all DHCP applications in every LS:RI. Configuration of event tracing on a per-LS:RI basis is not supported. DHCP tracing is configurable only in the default LS:RI. However, DHCP applications (local server or relay) do not have to be configured in the default LS:RI. This behavior was different in software releases before Junos OS Release 11.4, where you had to configure a DHCP application in the default LS:RI in order to configure DHCP tracing, even when you wanted to run DHCP and trace its operations only in a nondefault LS:RI.

In the earlier software releases, you configured tracing statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** and **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy levels. These statements have been deprecated and hidden in favor of the statements at the **[edit system processes dhcp-service]** hierarchy level.



NOTE: The deprecated statements may be removed from a future release; we recommend that you transition to the new statements.

Because you can configure DHCP tracing at three different hierarchy levels (one new and recommended, two old and deprecated), the following rules apply to manage the interaction:

- When you configure a filename or any other options for the trace log file, the configuration at the **[edit system processes dhcp-service]** hierarchy level has the highest precedence, followed by the configuration at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level, and finally with the lowest precedence, the configuration at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.
- The flag configurations for multiple hierarchy levels are merged and applied to all trace log events.
- The deprecated statements do not support filtering the generation of DHCP trace log events by severity level. If you use these statements, trace logging operates with an implicit severity of **all**, regardless of the severity level configured at the **[edit system processes dhcp-service]** hierarchy level.

For information about configuring per-interface tracing options, see [“Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces” on page 200](#).

The extended DHCP traceoptions operations are described in the following sections:

- [Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename on page 197](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files on page 198](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File on page 198](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged on page 199](#)
- [Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags on page 199](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged on page 200](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 200](#)

Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output is **jdhcpd**. You can specify a different name by including the **file** option. DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **file** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement.

To change the filename:

- Specify a filename for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename
```

- Specify a filename for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename
```

Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, **filename**, reaches 2 MB, **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**, and a new file called **filename** is created. When the new **filename** reaches 2 MB, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, **filename.19.gz**, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, **filename.18.gz** is compressed and renamed to **filename.19.gz**.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **files** and **size** options for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename files number size maximum-file-size
```

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename files number size maximum-file-size
```

Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **world-readable** option and the **no-world-readable** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename world-readable
```

- Configure the log file to be world-readable for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, in which the log file can only be read by the user who configured tracing:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename no-world-readable
```

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename no-world-readable
```

Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events. You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **match** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Specify the regular expression for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename match regular-expression
```

- Specify the regular expression for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename match regular-expression
```

Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **flag** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. A smaller set of flags is supported for interface-level tracing than for global tracing. To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Specify the flags for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set flag flag
```

- Specify the flags for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]  
user@host# set flag flag
```

Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **level** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Specify the severity level for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set level severity
```

- Specify the severity level for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]  
user@host# set level severity
```

Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces

In addition to the global DHCP tracing operations, subscriber management enables you to trace extended DHCP operations for a specific interface or for a range of interfaces.

Configuring per-interface tracing is a two-step procedure. In the first step, you specify the tracing options that you want to use, such as file information and flags. In the second step, you enable the tracing operation on the specific interfaces.

To configure per-interface tracing operations:

1. Specify the tracing options you want to use.



NOTE: Per-interface tracing uses the same default tracing behavior as the global extended DHCP tracing operation. The default behavior is described in [“Tracing Extended DHCP Operations” on page 196](#).

- a. Specify that you want to configure per-interface tracing options.

- For DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]
user@host# edit interface-traceoptions
```

- b. (Optional) Specify the tracing file options.

- Configure the name for the file used for the trace output.

See [“Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename” on page 197](#).

- Configure the number and size of the log files.

See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files” on page 198](#).

- Configure access to the log file.

See [“Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File” on page 198](#).

- Configure a regular expression to filter logging events.

See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged” on page 199](#).

- c. (Optional) Specify tracing flag options.

See [“Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags” on page 199](#).

- d. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.

See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged” on page 200](#).

2. Enable tracing on an interface or interface range.

The following examples show a DHCP local server configuration. You can also use the **trace** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

- Enable tracing on a specific interface.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group group-name interface interface-name trace
```

- Enable tracing on a range of interfaces.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group group-name interface interface-name upto interface
interface-name trace
```


CHAPTER 8

DHCP Local Server Examples

- [Example: Minimum Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 203](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching on page 203](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 204](#)
- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 205](#)
- [Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209](#)

Example: Minimum Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration

This example shows the minimum configuration you need to use for the extended DHCP local server on the router:

```
[edit system services]
dhcp-local-server {
  group group_one {
    interface fe-0/0/2.0;
  }
}
```

This example creates the server group named **group_one**, and specifies that the DHCP local server is enabled on interface **fe-0/0/2.0** within the group. The DHCP local server uses the default pool match configuration of **ip-address-first**.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)

Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching

This example shows an extended DHCP local server configuration that includes optional IPv4 address-assignment pool matching and interface groups. For pool matching, this configuration specifies that the DHCP local server first check the response from an external authentication authority (for example, RADIUS) and use the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute to determine the address-assignment pool to use for the client address. If no external authority match is found, the DHCP local server then uses ip-address-first matching together with the option 82 information to match the named address range

for client IPv4 address assignment. The option 82 matching must also be included in the address-assignment pool configuration.

```
[edit system services]
dhcp-local-server {
  group group_one {
    interface fe-0/0/2.0;
    interface fe-0/0/2.1;
  }
  group group_two {
    interface fe-0/0/3.0;
    interface fe-0/0/3.1;
  }
  pool-match-order {
    external-authority
    ip-address-first;
    option-82;
  }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
 - [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)

Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration

This example shows a sample extended DHCPv6 local server configuration. The second part of the example shows a sample RADIUS authentication configuration—authentication must be configured for DHCPv6 local server operations.

```
[edit system services]
dhcp-local-server {
  dhcpv6 {
    authentication {
      password v679M8vt;
      username-include {
        user-prefix wallybrown;
        domain-name isp55.com;
      }
    }
    group group_two {
      authentication {
        password P$55qw4$$;
        username-include {
          user-prefix south5;
          domain-name isp55.com;
        }
      }
      interface ge-1/0/3.0;
    }
  }
}
```

The following is a sample RADIUS authentication configuration.


```
[edit access]
radius-server {
  192.168.1.250 {
    port 1812;
    secret &tIUeI*7688+;
  }
}
profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic {
  accounting-order radius;
  authentication-order radius;
  radius {
    authentication-server 192.168.1.250;
    accounting-server 192.168.1.250;
  }
  accounting {
    order radius;
    accounting-stop-on-failure;
    accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
    update-interval 10;
    statistics time;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)

Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine

This example shows how to configure a firewall filter to ensure that proper DHCP packets can reach the Routing Engine on MX Series routers.

- [Requirements on page 205](#)
- [Overview on page 205](#)
- [Configuration on page 206](#)
- [Verification on page 208](#)

Requirements

This configuration example applies only to routers where DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent services are provided by the `jdhcpd` process rather than the legacy `dhcpd` process or `fud` (UDP forwarding) process. MX Series routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers use `jdhcpd`. For DHCP relay, that means the configuration is required only at the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]` hierarchy level and not at the `[edit forwarding-options helpers bootp]` hierarchy level.

No special configuration beyond device initialization is required before you can configure this feature.

Overview

Firewall filters that perform some action on DHCP packets at the Routing Engine, such as a filter to protect the Routing Engine by allowing only proper DHCP packets, require

that both port 67 (bootps) and port 68 (bootpc) are configured as both source and destination ports.

DHCP packets received on the line cards are encapsulated by `jdhcpd` with a new UDP header where their source and destination addresses are set to port 68 before being forwarded to the Routing Engine. For DHCP relay and DHCP proxy, packets sent to the DHCP server from the router have both the source and destination UDP ports set to 67. The DHCP server responds using the same ports. However, when the line card receives these DHCP response packets, it changes both port numbers from 67 to 68 before passing the packets to the Routing Engine. Consequently the filter needs to accept port 67 for packets relayed from the client to the server, and port 68 for packets relayed from the server to the client.

In this example, you configure two filter terms, **`dhcp-client-accept`** and **`dhcp-server-accept`**. The match conditions for **`dhcp-client-accept`** specify a source address and destination address for broadcast packets, the UDP protocol used for DHCP packets, and the bootpc (68) source port and bootps (67) destination port. Packets that match these conditions are counted and accepted.

The match conditions for **`dhcp-server-accept`** specify the UDP protocol used for DHCP packets, and both port 67 and 68 for both source port and destination port. Packets that match these conditions are counted and accepted.



NOTE: This example does not show all possible configuration choices, nor does it show how the filter is applied in your configuration. This example applies to both static application of the filter as well as dynamic application with a dynamic profile.

Configuration

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the sample Routing Engine DHCP filter, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI.

```
[edit]
edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect
edit term dhcp-client-accept
set from source-address 0.0.0.0/32
set from destination-address 255.255.255.255/32
set from protocol udp
set from source-port 68
set from destination-port 67
set then count dhcp-client-accept
set then accept
up
edit term dhcp-server-accept
set from protocol udp
set from source-port 67
set from source-port 68
set from destination-port 67
set from destination-port 68
```

```
set then count dhcp-server-accept
set then accept
top
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode*.

To configure a DHCP firewall filter to protect the Routing Engine:

1. Create or specify a firewall filter.

```
[edit firewall]
user@host# edit family inet filter RE-protect
```
2. Create a filter term for the client.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect]
user@host# edit term dhcp-client-accept
```
3. Specify the match conditions for DHCP packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-client-accept]
user@host# set from source-address 0.0.0.0/32
user@host# set from destination-address 255.255.255.255/32
user@host# set from protocol udp
user@host# set from source-port 68
user@host# set from destination-port 67
```
4. Specify the action to take for matched packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-client-accept]
user@host# set then count dhcp-client-accept
user@host# set then accept
```
5. Create a filter term for the server.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect]
user@host# edit term dhcp-server-accept
```
6. Specify the match conditions for DHCP packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-server-accept]
user@host# set from protocol udp
user@host# set from source-port [67 68]
user@host# set from destination-port [67 68]
```
7. Specify the action to take for matched packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-server-accept]
user@host# set then count dhcp-client-accept
user@host# set then accept
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show firewall** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show firewall
family inet {
```

```
filter RE-protect {
  term dhcp-client-accept {
    from {
      source-address {
        0.0.0.0/32;
      }
      destination-address {
        255.255.255.255/32;
      }
      protocol udp;
      source-port 68;
      destination-port 67;
    }
    then {
      count dhcp-client-accept;
      accept;
    }
  }
  term dhcp-server-accept {
    from {
      protocol udp;
      source-port [ 67 68 ];
      destination-port [ 67 68 ];
    }
    then {
      count dhcp-server-accept;
      accept;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To confirm that the Routing Engine DHCP protection filter is properly passing DHCP packets, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying the DHCP Filter Operation on page 208](#)

Verifying the DHCP Filter Operation

Purpose Verify that both counters increment as DHCP traffic passes to the Routing Engine.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show firewall family inet filter RE-protect** command.

```
user@host> show firewall family inet filter RE-protect
Filter: RE-protect
Counters:
Name                                     Bytes      Packets
dhcp-client-accept                       328         1
dhcp-server-accept                       574         1

user@host> show firewall family inet filter RE-protect
Filter: RE-protect
Counters:
```

Name	Bytes	Packets
dhcp-client-accept	660	2
dhcp-server-accept	1152	2

Meaning The output lists both configured counters, dhcp-client-accept and dhcp-server-accept. By issuing the command more than once, you can see that the byte and packet fields both show that traffic is being accepted and counted.

- Related Documentation**
- [Port Number Requirements for DHCP Firewall Filters on page 152](#)
 - [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)
 - [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients

This example shows how to configure group liveness detection for DHCP local server subscribers using Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) as the liveness detection method.

- [Requirements on page 209](#)
- [Overview on page 209](#)
- [Configuration on page 210](#)

Requirements

- Juniper Networks MX Series routers.
- Junos OS Release 12.1R1 or later.
- Configure DHCP local server. See "[Extended DHCP Local Server Overview](#)" on page 144.

Overview

In this example, you configure group liveness detection for DHCP local server subscribers by completing the following operations:

1. Enable liveness detection for DHCP local server subscriber groups.
2. Specify BFD as the liveness detection method for all dynamically created DHCP local server subscribers.
3. Configure BFD-specific statements to define how the protocol behaves.
4. Configure the action the router takes when a liveness detection failure occurs.



NOTE: This example explains how to configure liveness detection for a DHCPv4 network. Liveness detection is also supported for DHCPv6 configurations. To configure DHCPv6 liveness detection, include the `liveness-detection` statement, and any subsequent configuration statements, at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]` or `[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name]` hierarchy level.

Configuration

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure group liveness detection for DHCP local server:

1. Specify that you want to configure liveness detection.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server ]
user@host# edit liveness-detection
```
2. Specify that you want to configure liveness detection for a specific DHCP local server group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection]
user@host# edit group local_group_1
```
3. Specify that you want to configure the liveness detection method.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection]
user@host# edit method
```
4. Specify BFD as the liveness detection method that you want DHCP to use.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method]
user@host# edit bfd
```
5. Configure the detection time threshold (in milliseconds) at which a trap is produced.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set detection-time threshold 30000
```
6. Configure the time (in milliseconds) for which BFD holds a session up notification.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set holddown-interval 50
```
7. Configure the BFD minimum transmit and receive interval (in milliseconds).



NOTE: You do not need to configure the BFD minimum transmit and receive interval if you configure the `minimum-interval` for the BFD `transmit-interval` statement and the `minimum-receive-interval`.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-servergroup local_group_1 liveness-detection method
bfd]
user@host# set minimum-interval 45000
```

8. Configure the minimum receive interval (in milliseconds).



NOTE: You do not need to configure the BFD minimum receive interval if you configure the BFD minimum transmit and receive interval.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set minimum-receive-interval 60000
```

9. Configure a multiplier value for the detection time.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set multiplier 100
```

10. Disable the ability for BFD interval timers to change or adapt to network situations.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set no-adaptation
```

11. Configure the BFD session mode.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set session-mode automatic
```

12. Configure the threshold and minimum interval for the BFD transmit interval.



NOTE: You do not need to configure the transmit interval values if you have already configured the minimum transmit and receive interval for BFD.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set transmit-interval threshold 60000 minimum-interval 45000
```

13. Configure the BFD protocol version you want to detect.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection
method bfd]
user@host# set version automatic
```

14. Configure the action the router takes when a liveness detection failure occurs. In this example, the failure action is to clear the client session only when a liveness detection failure occurs and the local interface is detected as being up.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group local_group_1 liveness-detection]
user@host# edit failure-action action
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show system** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
regress@montag# show system
services {
  dhcp-local-server {
    group local_group_1 {
      liveness-detection {
        failure-action clear-binding-if-interface-up;
        method {
          bfd {
            version automatic;
            minimum-interval 45000;
            minimum-receive-interval 60000;
            multiplier 100;
            no-adaptation;
            transmit-interval {
              minimum-interval 45000;
              threshold 60000;
            }
            detection-time {
              threshold 30000;
            }
            session-mode automatic;
            holddown-interval 50;
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 191](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity on page 192](#)

PART 4

DHCP Relay Agent for Subscriber Access

- [DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 215](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Relay Agent on page 223](#)
- [DHCP Relay Agent Examples on page 279](#)

CHAPTER 9

DHCP Relay Agent Overview

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218](#)
- [DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 219](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 221](#)

Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview

You can configure extended DHCP relay options on the router and enable the router to function as a DHCP relay agent. A DHCP relay agent forwards DHCP request and reply packets between a DHCP client and a DHCP server.

DHCP relay supports the attachment of dynamic profiles and also interacts with the local AAA Service Framework to use back-end authentication servers, such as RADIUS, to provide subscriber authentication. You can attach dynamic profiles and configure authentication support on a global basis or for a specific group of interfaces.

You can use DHCP relay in carrier edge applications such as video/IPTV to obtain configuration parameters, including an IP address, for your subscribers. For more information about how to use the DHCP relay agent in a video/IPTV application, see the [Junos OS Feature Guides](#).



NOTE: The extended DHCP relay agent options configured with the `dhcp-relay` statement are incompatible with the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent options configured with the `bootp` statement. As a result, you cannot enable both the extended DHCP relay agent and the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent on the router at the same time.

For information about the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent, see the [Junos OS Policy Framework Configuration Guide](#).

You can also configure the extended DHCP relay agent to support IPv6 clients. See “[DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview](#)” on [page 218](#) for information about the DHCPv6 relay agent feature.

To configure the extended DHCP relay agent on the router, include the `dhcp-relay` statement at the `[edit forwarding-options]` hierarchy level. See the “[\[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay\] Hierarchy Level](#)” on [page 1084](#) for the complete DHCP relay agent syntax.

You can also include the `dhcp-relay` statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options]`
- `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options]`
- `[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options]`

This overview covers:

- [Interaction Among the DHCP Relay Agent, DHCP Client, and DHCP Servers on page 217](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection on page 217](#)

Interaction Among the DHCP Relay Agent, DHCP Client, and DHCP Servers

In a typical carrier edge network configuration, the DHCP client is on the subscriber's computer, and the DHCP relay agent is configured on the router between the DHCP client and one or more DHCP servers.

The following steps describe, at a high level, how the DHCP client, DHCP relay agent, and DHCP server interact in a configuration that includes two DHCP servers.

1. The DHCP client sends a discover packet to find a DHCP server in the network from which to obtain configuration parameters for the subscriber, including an IP address.
2. The DHCP relay agent receives the discover packet and forwards copies to each of the two DHCP servers. The DHCP relay agent then creates an entry in its internal client table to keep track of the client's state.
3. In response to receiving the discover packet, each DHCP server sends an offer packet to the client. The DHCP relay agent receives the offer packets and forwards them to the DHCP client.
4. On receipt of the offer packets, the DHCP client selects the DHCP server from which to obtain configuration information. Typically, the client selects the server that offers the longest lease time on the IP address.
5. The DHCP client sends a request packet that specifies the DHCP server from which to obtain configuration information.
6. The DHCP relay agent receives the request packet and forwards copies to each of the two DHCP servers.
7. The DHCP server requested by the client sends an acknowledgement (ACK) packet that contains the client's configuration parameters.
8. The DHCP relay agent receives the ACK packet and forwards it to the client.
9. The DHCP client receives the ACK packet and stores the configuration information.
10. If configured to do so, the DHCP relay agent installs a host route and Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) entry for this client.
11. After establishing the initial lease on the IP address, the DHCP client and the DHCP server use unicast transmission to negotiate lease renewal or release. The DHCP relay agent "snoops" on all of the packets unicast between the client and the server that pass through the router to determine when the lease for this client has expired or been released. This process is referred to as *lease shadowing* or *passive snooping*.

DHCP Liveness Detection

Liveness detection for DHCP subscriber IP sessions utilizes an active liveness detection protocol to institute liveness detection checks for relevant clients. Clients are expected to respond to liveness detection requests within a specified amount of time. If the responses are not received within that time for a given number of consecutive attempts, then the liveness detection check fails and a failure action is implemented.



NOTE: DHCP liveness detection either globally or per DHCP group.

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218](#)
- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 150](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)
- [DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 219](#)
- [Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 195](#)
- [Subscriber Management Unified ISSU Support on page 7](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Relay Configuration on page 270](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 196](#)
- [Example: Minimum DHCP Relay Agent Configuration on page 279](#)
- [Example: DHCP Relay Agent Configuration with Multiple Clients and Servers on page 279](#)
- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Forward DHCP Client Traffic on page 287](#)
- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Drop DHCP Client Traffic on page 288](#)
- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 205](#)

DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview

The DHCPv6 relay agent enhances the extended DHCP relay agent by providing support in an IPv6 network. The DHCPv6 relay agent passes messages between the DHCPv6 client and the DHCPv6 server, similar to the way DHCP relay agent supports an IPv4 network.

When a DHCPv6 client logs in, the DHCPv6 relay agent uses the AAA service framework to interact with the RADIUS server to provide authentication and accounting. The RADIUS server, which is configured independently of DHCP, authenticates the client and supplies the IPv6 prefix and client configuration parameters, such as session timeout and the maximum number of clients allowed per interface.

The DHCPv6 relay agent is compatible with the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent, and can be enabled on the same interface as either the extended DHCP local server or DHCP relay agent.

To configure the DHCPv6 relay agent on the router, you include the **dhcpv6** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.

You can also include the **dhcpv6** statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- **[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay]**

- `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay]`
- `[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay]`

Related Documentation

- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)
- [Configuring Passwords for Usernames on page 179](#)
- [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 194](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 204](#)

DHCP Relay Proxy Overview

DHCP relay proxy mode is an enhancement to extended DHCP relay. DHCP relay proxy supports all DHCP relay features while providing additional features and benefits.

Normally, extended DHCP relay operates as a helper application for DHCP operations. Except for the ability to add DHCP relay agent options and the gateway address (giaddr) to DHCP packets, DHCP relay is transparent to DHCP clients and DHCP servers, and simply forwards messages between DHCP clients and servers.

When you configure DHCP relay to operate in proxy mode, the relay is no longer transparent. In proxy mode, DHCP relay conceals DHCP server details from DHCP clients, which interact with a DHCP relay in proxy mode as though it is the DHCP server. For DHCP servers there is no change, because proxy mode has no effect on how the DHCP server interacts with the DHCP relay.

DHCP relay proxy provides the following benefits:

- DHCP server isolation and DoS protection—DHCP clients are unable to detect the DHCP servers, learn DHCP server addresses, or determine the number of servers that are providing DHCP support. Server isolation also provides denial-of-service (DoS) protection for the DHCP servers.
- Multiple lease offer selection—DHCP relay proxy receives lease offers from multiple DHCP servers and selects a single offer to send to the DHCP client, thereby reducing traffic in the network. Currently, the DHCP relay proxy selects the first offer received.
- Support for both numbered and unnumbered Ethernet interfaces—For DHCP clients connected through Ethernet interfaces, when the DHCP client obtains an address, the DHCP relay proxy adds an access internal host route specifying that interface as the

outbound interface. The route is automatically removed when the lease time expires or when the client releases the address.

- Logical system support—DHCP relay proxy can be configured in a logical system, whereas a non-proxy mode DHCP relay cannot.



NOTE: Extended DHCP relay proxy is not supported for the J Series Services Routers DHCP server. Also, you cannot configure both DHCP relay proxy and extended DHCP local server on the same interface.

Interaction Among DHCP Relay Proxy, DHCP Client, and DHCP Servers

The DHCP relay agent is configured on the router, which operates between the DHCP client and one or more DHCP servers.

The following steps provide a high-level description of how DHCP relay proxy interacts with DHCP clients and DHCP servers.

1. The DHCP client sends a discover packet to locate a DHCP server in the network from which to obtain configuration parameters for the subscriber.
2. The DHCP relay proxy receives the discover packet from the DHCP client and forwards copies of the packet to each supporting DHCP server. The DHCP relay proxy then creates a client table entry to keep track of the client state.
3. In response to the discover packet, each DHCP server sends an offer packet to the client, which the DHCP relay proxy receives. The DHCP relay proxy does the following:
 - a. Selects the first offer received as the offer to sent to the client
 - b. Replaces the DHCP server address with the address of the DHCP relay proxy
 - c. Forwards the offer to the DHCP client.
4. The DHCP client receives the offer from the DHCP relay proxy.
5. The DHCP client sends a request packet that indicates the DHCP server from which to obtain configuration information—the request packet specifies the address of the DHCP relay proxy.
6. The DHCP relay proxy receives the request packet and forwards copies, which include the address of selected server, to all supporting DHCP servers.
7. The DHCP server requested by the client sends an acknowledgement (ACK) packet that contains the client configuration parameters.
8. The DHCP relay proxy receives the ACK packet, replaces the DHCP server address with its own address, and forwards the packet to the client.
9. The DHCP client receives the ACK packet and stores the configuration information.

10. If configured to do so, the DHCP relay proxy installs a host route and Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) entry for the DHCP client.
11. After the initial DHCP lease is established, the DHCP relay proxy receives all lease renewals and lease releases from the DHCP client and forwards them to the DHCP server.

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
 - [Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode on page 267](#)

Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview

The router's DHCP support enables you to attach a dynamic profile to a DHCP subscriber interface. When a DHCP subscriber logs in, the router instantiates the specified dynamic profile and then applies the services defined in the profile to the interface.

You can attach dynamic profiles to all interfaces or you can specify a particular group of interfaces to which the profile is attached. Both the DHCP local server and the DHCP relay agent support the attachment of dynamic profiles to interfaces.

You can enable the following optional features when the dynamic profile is attached. The two options cannot be used together.

- Enable multiple DHCP subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface. The firewall filters, CoS schedulers, and IGMP configuration of the clients are merged.
- Specify the primary dynamic profile that is instantiated when the first subscriber logs in.

Multiple DHCP Subscribers Sharing the Same VLAN Logical Interface

The **aggregate-clients** statement specifies that the router merge the firewall filters, CoS schedulers, and IGMP configuration of multiple DHCP clients that are on the same VLAN logical interface (for example, multiple clients belonging to the same household). You can configure the aggregate-clients support for all interfaces or for a group of interfaces. The **aggregate-clients** statement provides the option of either merging (chaining) or replacing software components for each client.

By default, the feature is disabled and a single DHCP client is allowed per VLAN when a dynamic profile is associated with the VLAN logical interface.

When you specify the **merge** option, the router aggregates the software components for multiple subscribers as follows:

- Firewall filters—The filters are chained together using the precedence as the order of execution. If the same firewall filter is attached multiple times, the filter is executed only once.
- CoS schedulers—The different CoS schedulers are merged as if the scheduler map has multiple schedulers. The merge operation for the individual traffic-control-profiles

parameters (shaping-rate, delay-buffer-rate, guaranteed-rate) preserves the maximum value for each parameter.

- IGMP configuration—The current IGMP configuration is replaced with the configuration of the newest DHCP client.

When you specify the **replace** option, the entire logical interface is replaced whenever a new client logs in to the network using the same VLAN logical interface. For example, if a customer subscribes to voice, video, and data services on the network, when a voice client logs in, instead of applying a specific voice filter for only that service, the entire voice, video, and data filter chain is applied.



NOTE: You cannot use a dynamic demux interface to represent multiple subscribers in a dynamic profile attached to an interface. One dynamic demux interface represents one subscriber. Do not configure the **aggregate-clients** option when attaching a dynamic profile to a demux interface for DHCP.

Primary Dynamic Profile

The **use-primary** option enables you to specify the primary dynamic profile that is instantiated when the first subscriber logs in. Subsequent subscribers are not assigned the primary dynamic profile; instead, they are assigned the dynamic profile specified for the interface. When the first subscriber logs out, the next subscriber that logs in is assigned the primary dynamic profile.

This feature can conserve logical interfaces in a network where dynamic IP demux interfaces are used to represent subscribers. To conserve interfaces, make sure the primary profile that you specify does not create a demux interface, but provides the initial policies for the primary interface subscriber.

Related Documentation

- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

CHAPTER 10

Configuring DHCP Relay Agent

- [DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview on page 224](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients on page 225](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 226](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 226](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 227](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges on page 228](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)
- [Overwriting giaddr Information on page 232](#)
- [Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address on page 233](#)
- [Overriding Option 82 Information on page 233](#)
- [Using Layer 2 Unicast Transmission for DHCP Packets on page 234](#)
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- [Disabling ARP Table Population on page 235](#)
- [Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface on page 236](#)
- [DHCP Snooping Support on page 237](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Snooping for DHCP Relay Agent on page 238](#)
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- [Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 244](#)
- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 246](#)
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- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 248](#)
- [Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted on page 249](#)
- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 250](#)
- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 251](#)
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- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 252](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 254](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity on page 255](#)
- [Disabling DHCP Relay on page 257](#)
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- [Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259](#)
- [Using Matching Option 60 Strings to Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 260](#)
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- [Displaying a Count of Discarded DHCP Packets with Option 60 Information on page 263](#)
- [Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information on page 263](#)
- [Configuring Server Groups on page 266](#)
- [Configuring Active Server Groups on page 267](#)
- [Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode on page 267](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 268](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 268](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Relay Configuration on page 270](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Relay Configuration on page 270](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 271](#)
- [Disabling DHCP Relay on page 277](#)

DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview

In some network environments, client IDs and MAC addresses might not be unique, resulting in duplicate clients. For example, two network adapters might be manufactured with the same hardware address, resulting in a duplicate MAC address among the DHCP clients attached to the router. A duplicate DHCP client occurs when a client attempts to get a lease, and that client has the same client ID or the same MAC address as an existing DHCP client.

When DHCP server receives a request from a new client that has a duplicate ID or MAC address, DHCP server terminates the address lease for the existing client and returns the address to its original address pool. DHCP server then assigns a new address and lease to the new client.

By default, both DHCP local server and DHCP relay use the subnet information to differentiate between duplicate clients. However, in some cases, this level of differentiation is not adequate. For example, when multiple subinterfaces share the same underlying loopback interface with the same preferred source address, the interfaces appear to be on the same subnet. In this situation, the default configuration prevents duplicate clients.

You can provide greater differentiation between duplicate clients by configuring DHCP to consider the client subinterface when duplicate clients occur. In this optional configuration, DHCP uniquely identifies:

- The subnet on which the client resides
- The subinterface on which the client resides
- The client within the subnet

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 156](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients on page 155](#)

Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients

This topic describes the guidelines for configuring DHCP to include the client subinterface in order to distinguish between duplicate clients (clients with the same MAC address or client ID) in a subscriber access environment.

When configuring DHCP duplicate client support, consider the following guidelines:

- The optional DHCP duplicate client support feature is used for DHCPv4 clients. For DHCPv6, client identification is independent of MAC address.
- For DHCP relay agent configuration:
 - DHCP relay must be configured to insert option 82, regardless of whether or not the incoming packet has option 82.
 - Option 82 must include the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1).
 - Option 82 must be the interface name, not the interface description.
 - DHCP server must echo option 82 in the server's reply. This is required because of the following:
 - The giaddr inserted by DHCP relay is the same for duplicate clients on different subinterfaces. The DHCP local server uses option 82 when allocating the IP address.
 - DHCP relay uses the echoed option 82 to learn the client subinterface and to construct the client key.
- For the Layer 3 wholesale model:
 - The wholesaler and retailer logical system/routing instances must have the same **duplicate-clients-on-interface** statement configuration.
 - For DHCP relay, the wholesaler and the retailer routing contexts must both be configured with the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) in option 82.

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview on page 154](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 156](#)

Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support

You can optionally configure DHCP local server and DHCP relay to include a client subinterface when distinguishing between two clients that have the same MAC address or client ID. The configuration is a global setting for each logical system/routing instance.

To configure DHCP local server to include the client subinterface:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

2. Configure the optional duplicate client support.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set duplicate-clients-on-interface
```

To configure DHCP relay agent to include the client subinterface:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2. Configure the optional duplicate client support.

```
[edit system services dhcp-relay]
user@host# set duplicate-clients-on-interface
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Duplicate Client Differentiation Using Client Subinterface Overview on page 154](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for DHCP Duplicate Clients on page 155](#)

Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP

The extended DHCP local server, including DHCPv6 local server, and the extended DHCP relay agent, including DHCPv6 relay agent, support the use of external AAA authentication services, such as RADIUS, to authenticate DHCP clients. When the extended DHCP local server or relay agent receives a discover PDU from a client, the extended DHCP application contacts the AAA server to authenticate the DHCP client. The extended DHCP application can obtain client addresses and DHCP configuration options from the external AAA authentication server.



NOTE: This section uses the term *extended DHCP application* to refer to both the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent.

The external authentication feature also supports AAA directed logout. If the external AAA service supports a user logout directive, the extended DHCP application honors the logout and responds as though it were requested by a CLI management command. All of the client state information and allocated resources are deleted at logout. The extended

DHCP application supports directed logout using the list of configured authentication servers you specify with the [authentication-server](#) statement at the [\[edit access profile profile-name\]](#) hierarchy level.

You can configure either global authentication support or group-specific support.

You must configure the **username-include** statement to enable the use of authentication. The **password** statement is not required and does not cause DHCP to use authentication if the **username-include** statement is not included.

To configure DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent authentication support:

1. Specify that you want to configure authentication options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

2. (Optional) Configure a password that authenticates the username to the external authentication service.

See [“Configuring Passwords for Usernames” on page 179](#).

3. (Optional) Configure optional features to create a unique username.

See [“Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients” on page 180](#).

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218](#)

Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations

You use the group feature to group together a set of interfaces and then apply a common DHCP configuration to the named interface group. The extended DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent all support interface groups.

The following steps create a DHCP local server group; the steps are similar for the DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent.

To configure a DHCP local server interface group:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

2. Create the group and assign a name.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit group boston
```

3. Specify the names of one or more interfaces on which the extended DHCP application is enabled. You can repeat the **interface interface-name** statement to specify multiple interfaces within the group, but you cannot use the same interface in more than one group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.1
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.2
```

4. (Optional) You can use the **upto** option to specify a range of interfaces for a group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.3 upto fe-1/0/1.9
```

5. (Optional) You can use the **exclude** option to exclude a specific interface or a specified range of interfaces from the group. For example:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.1 upto fe-1/0/1.102
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.6 exclude
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.70 upto fe-1/0/1.80 exclude
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 161](#)
- [Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges on page 160](#)

Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges

This topic describes guidelines to consider when configuring interface ranges for named interface groups for DHCP local server and DHCP relay. The guidelines refer to the following configuration statement:

```
user@host# set interface interface-name upto upto-interface-name
```


- The start subunit, **interface *interface-name***, serves as the key for the stanza. The remaining configuration settings are considered attributes.
- If the subunit is not included, an implicit **.0** subunit is enforced. The implicit subunit is applied to all interfaces when autoconfiguration is enabled. For example, **interface ge-2/2/2** is treated as **interface ge-2/2/2.0**.
- Ranged entries contain the **upto** option, and the configuration applies to all interfaces within the specified range. The start of a ranged entry must be less than the end of the range. Discrete entries apply to a single interface, except in the case of autoconfiguration, in which a **0** (zero) subunit acts as a wildcard.
- Interface stanzas defined within the same router context are dependent and can constrain each other—both DHCP local server and DHCP relay are considered. Interface stanzas defined across different router contexts are independent and do not constrain one another.
- Each interface stanza, whether discrete or ranged, has a unique start subunit across a given router context. For example, the following configuration is not allowed within the same group because **ge-1/0/0.10** is the start subunit for both.

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.10
```

- Two groups cannot share interface space. For example, the following configuration is not allowed because the three stanzas share the same space and interfere with one another—interface **ge-1/0/0.26** is common to all three.

```
dhcp-relay group diamond interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
dhcp-local-server group ruby interface ge-1/0/0.26
dhcp-relay group sapphire interface ge-1/0/0.25 upto ge-1/0/0.35
```

- Two ranges cannot overlap, either within a group or across groups. Overlapping occurs when two interface ranges share common subunit space but neither range is a proper subset of the other. The following ranges overlap:

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.20 upto ge-1/0/0.40
```

- A range can contain multiple nested ranges. A nested range is a proper subset of another range. When ranges are nested, the smallest matching range applies.

In the following example, the three ranges nest properly:

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.12 upto ge-1/0/0.15 exclude
interface ge-1/0/0.25 upto ge-1/0/0.29 exclude
```

- Discrete interfaces take precedence over ranges. In the following example, interface **ge-1/0/0.20** takes precedence and enforces an interface client limit of 5.

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.15 upto ge-1/0/0.25 exclude
interface ge-1/0/0.20 overrides interface-client-limit 5
```

Related Documentation

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)

Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options

You can include the following statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]** hierarchy level to set group-specific DHCP relay agent configuration options. Group-specific statements apply only to the named group of interfaces, and override any global DHCP relay agent settings for the same statement.

Include the statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name]** hierarchy level to configure group-specific options for DHCPv6 relay agent.

- **active-server-group**—Configure an active server group to apply a common DHCP relay agent configuration to a named group of DHCP server addresses. For information, see [“Configuring Active Server Groups” on page 267](#).
- **authentication**—Configure the parameters the router sends to the external AAA server.
- **dynamic-profile**—Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to a group of interfaces.
- **interface**—Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within the specified group.
- **overrides**—Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP relay agent. For information, see [“Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings” on page 230](#).
- **relay-agent-interface-id**—(DHCPv6 only) Insert the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in DHCPv6 packets destined for the DHCPv6 server.
- **relay-option-60**—(DHCPv4 only) Use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP client packets to select a DHCP server to which to forward packets. For more information, see [“Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers” on page 259](#).
- **relay-option-82**—(DHCPv4 only) Enable or disable the insertion of option 82 information in packets destined for a DHCP server. For information, see [“Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information” on page 263](#).

Related Documentation

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)

Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings

Subscriber management enables you to override certain default DHCP and DHCPv6 relay agent configuration settings. You can override the settings at the global level, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group.

- To override global default DHCP relay agent configuration options, include the **overrides** statement and its subordinate statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.
- To override DHCP relay configuration options for a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]** hierarchy level.

- To override DHCP relay configuration options for a specific interface within a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* interface]** hierarchy level.
- To configure overrides for DHCPv6 relay, use the supported statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

To override default DHCP relay agent configuration settings:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

Global override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

Group-level override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group boston overrides
```

Per-interface override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group boston interface fe-1/0/1.2 overrides
```

2. (DHCPv4 only) Enable DHCP relay proxy mode.
See [“Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode” on page 267](#).
3. (DHCPv4 only) Overwrite the giaddr in DHCP packets that the DHCP relay agent forwards.
See [“Overwriting giaddr Information” on page 232](#).
4. (DHCPv4 only) Replace the IP source address in DHCP relay request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr).
See [“Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address” on page 233](#).
5. (DHCPv4 only) Override the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets.
See [“Overriding Option 82 Information” on page 233](#).
6. (DHCPv4 only) Override the setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets and use the Layer 2 unicast transmission method.
See [“Using Layer 2 Unicast Transmission for DHCP Packets” on page 234](#).
7. (DHCPv4 only) Trust DHCP client packets that have a giaddr of 0 and that contain option 82 information.
See [“Trusting Option 82 Information” on page 234](#).
8. (DHCPv4 only) Override the ARP table population in distrusted environments.
See [“Disabling ARP Table Population” on page 164](#).

9. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Override the maximum number of DHCP clients allowed per interface.

See [“Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface” on page 163.](#)

10. (DHCPv4 only) Configure client auto logout.

See [“DHCP Auto Logout Overview” on page 166.](#)

11. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Enable or disable support for DHCP snooped clients on interfaces.

See [“Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent” on page 239.](#)

12. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Send release messages to the DHCP server when clients are deleted.

See [“Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted” on page 249.](#)

13. (DHCPv4 only) Disable the DHCP relay agent on specific interfaces.

See [“Disabling DHCP Relay” on page 257.](#)

14. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Disable automatic binding of stray DHCP requests.

See [“Disabling Automatic Binding of Stray DHCP Requests” on page 257.](#)

- Related Documentation**
- [Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230](#)
 - [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)

Overwriting giaddr Information

You can configure the DHCP relay agent to change the gateway IP address (giaddr) field in packets that it forwards between a DHCP client and a DHCP server.

To overwrite the giaddr of every DHCP packet with the giaddr of the DHCP relay agent before forwarding the packet to the DHCP server:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that the giaddr of DHCP packets is overwritten.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set always-write-giaddr
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
 - [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address

You can configure the DHCP relay agent to replace request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr) before forwarding the packet to the DHCP server.

To replace the source address with giaddr:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that you want to replace the IP source address in DHCP relay request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr).

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set replace-ip-source-with giaddr
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
 - [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Overriding Option 82 Information

You can configure the DHCP relay agent to add or remove the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets.

This feature causes the DHCP relay agent to perform one of the following actions, depending on the configuration:

- If the DHCP relay agent is configured to add option 82 information to DHCP packets, it clears the existing option 82 values from the DHCP packets and inserts the new values before forwarding the packets to the DHCP server.
- If the DHCP relay agent is not configured to add option 82 information to DHCP packets, it clears the existing option 82 values from the packets, but does not add any new values before forwarding the packets to the DHCP server.

To override the default option 82 information in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that the option 82 information in DHCP packets is overwritten.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set always-write-option-82
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
 - [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Using Layer 2 Unicast Transmission for DHCP Packets

You can configure the DHCP relay agent to override the setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets. DHCP relay agent then instead uses the Layer 2 unicast transmission method to send DHCP Offer reply packets and DHCP ACK reply packets from the DHCP server to DHCP clients during the discovery process.

To override the default setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that the DHCP relay agent uses the Layer 2 unicast transmission method.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set layer2-unicast-replies
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Trusting Option 82 Information

By default, the DHCP relay agent treats client packets with a giaddr of 0 (zero) and option 82 information as if the packets originated at an untrusted source, and drops them without further processing. You can override this behavior and specify that the DHCP relay agent process DHCP client packets that have a giaddr of 0 (zero) and contain option 82 information.

To configure DHCP relay agent to trust option 82 information:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that the DHCP relay agent process DHCP client packets with a giaddr of 0 and that contain option 82 information.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set trust-option-82
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Disabling ARP Table Population

By default, DHCP populates the ARP table with the MAC address of a client when the client binding is established. However, you may choose to use the DHCP **no-arp** statement to hide the subscriber MAC address information, as it appears in ARP table entries.

When running in a trusted environment (that is, when not using the **no-arp** statement), DHCP populates the ARP table with unique MAC addresses contained within the DHCP PDU for each DHCP client:

Table 35: ARP Table in Trusted Environment

IP Address	MAC Address
Client 1 IP Address	MAC A
Client 2 IP Address	MAC B
Client 3 IP Address	MAC C

In distrusted environments, you can specify the **no-arp** statement to hide the MAC addresses of clients. When you specify the **no-arp** statement, DHCP does not automatically populate the ARP table with MAC address information from the DHCP PDU for each client. Instead, the system performs an ARP to obtain the MAC address of each client and obtains the MAC address of the immediately attached device (for example, a DSLAM). DHCP populates the ARP table with the same interface MAC address (for example, MAC X from a DSLAM interface) for each client:

Table 36: ARP Table in Distrusted Environment

IP Address	MAC Address
Client 1 IP Address	MAC X
Client 2 IP Address	MAC X
Client 3 IP Address	MAC X

To disable ARP table population:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCP relay:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Disable ARP table population with client-specific information. (DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **no-arp** statement.)

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]  
user@host# set no-arp
```

- For DHCP relay:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set no-arp
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)

Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface

By default, there is no limit to the number of DHCP local server or DHCP relay clients allowed on an interface. However, you can override the default setting and specify the maximum number of clients allowed per interface, in the range 1 through 500,000. When the number of clients on the interface reaches the specified limit, no additional DHCP Discover PDUs or DHCPv6 Solicit PDUs are accepted. When the number of clients subsequently drops below the limit, new clients are again accepted.



NOTE: The maximum number of DHCP (and DHCPv6) local server clients or DHCP (and DHCPv6) relay clients can also be specified by Juniper Networks VSA 26-143 during client login. The VSA-specified value always takes precedence if the `interface-client-limit` statement specifies a different number.

If the VSA-specified value differs with each client login, DHCP uses the largest limit set by the VSA until there are no clients on the interface.

To configure the maximum number of DHCP clients allowed per interface:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit overrides
```


- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the maximum number of clients allowed per interface. (DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent and DHCPv6 relay agent all support the **interface-client-limit** statement.)

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set interface-client-limit number
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

DHCP Snooping Support

DHCP snooping provides DHCP security on the router by filtering incoming messages. When DHCP snooping is enabled, the router differentiates between trusted and untrusted interfaces, and forwards messages from trusted sources while rejecting the untrusted messages.

In Junos OS, DHCP snooping is enabled in a routing instance when you configure either the **dhcp-relay** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options]** hierarchy level, or the **dhcp-local-server** statement at the **[edit system services]** hierarchy level in that routing instance. However, depending on the Junos OS release, the router processes the snooped packets differently, as described in the following list:

- In Junos OS Release 10.0 and earlier, the router processes snooped packets normally.
- In Junos OS Release 10.1 and later, the router discards snooped packets by default. To enable normal processing of snooped packets in Junos OS Release 10.1 and later, you must explicitly configure the **allow-snooped-clients** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.

You can configure DHCP snooping support for the following:

- DHCPv4 relay agent—Override the router's default snooping configuration and specify that DHCP snooping is enabled or disabled globally, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group.

In a separate procedure, you can set a global configuration to specify whether the DHCPv4 relay agent forwards or drops snooped packets for all interfaces, only configured interfaces, or only nonconfigured interfaces. The router also uses the global

DHCP relay agent snooping configuration to determine whether to forward or drop snooped BOOTREPLY packets.

- DHCPv6 relay agent—As you can with snooping support for the DHCPv4 relay agent, you can override the default DHCPv6 relay agent snooping configuration on the router to explicitly enable or disable snooping support globally, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface with a named group of interfaces.

In multi-relay topologies where more than one DHCPv6 relay agent is between the DHCPv6 client and the DHCPv6 server, snooping enables intervening DHCPv6 relay agents between the client and the server to correctly receive and process the unicast traffic from the client and forward it to the server. The DHCPv6 relay agent snoops incoming unicast DHCPv6 packets by setting up a filter with UDP port 547 (the DHCPv6 UDP server port) on a per-forwarding table basis. The DHCPv6 relay agent then processes the packets intercepted by the filter and forwards the packets to the DHCPv6 server.

Unlike the DHCPv4 relay agent, the DHCPv6 relay agent does not support global configuration of forwarding support for DHCPv6 snooped packets.

- DHCP local server—Configure whether DHCP local server forwards or drops snooped packets for all interfaces, only configured interfaces, or only nonconfigured interfaces.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring DHCP Snooping for DHCP Relay Agent on page 238](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Local Server on page 165](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Snooping Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 281](#)

Configuring DHCP Snooping for DHCP Relay Agent

DHCP relay agent uses a two-part configuration to determine how to handle DHCP snooped packets. First, you enable or disable snooping support for DHCP relay agent and, optionally, override the default snooping configuration. Then you configure the forwarding action for snooped clients, which specifies whether DHCP relay agent forwards or drops snooped traffic.

To configure DHCP snooping for DHCP relay agent:

1. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Enable or disable DHCP snooping. You can configure DHCP snooping globally, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.
[See “Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent” on page 239.](#)
2. (DHCPv4 only) Configure snooped packets forwarding support.
[See “Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Relay Agent” on page 244.](#)

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Snooping Support on page 237](#)

- [Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 239](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 244](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Snooping Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 281](#)

Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent

DHCP relay agent uses a two-part configuration to determine how to handle DHCP snooped packets. This topic describes the first procedure, in which you configure DHCP relay to either enable or disable support for snooped packets.

The second procedure, which applies only to DHCPv4 relay agent, is described in “[Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Relay Agent](#)” on [page 244](#), and configures the **forward-snooped-clients** statement, which determines whether the snooped packets are forwarded or dropped, depending on the type of interface.



NOTE: The router has a default global setting that specifies whether DHCP snooping support is enabled or disabled for DHCP relay. In Junos OS Release 10.0 and earlier, DHCP snooping is enabled by default. In Junos OS Release 10.1 and later, DHCP snooping is disabled by default.

You can override the default global snooping configuration for DHCP relay agent and DHCPv6 relay agent and explicitly enable or disable snooping support. You can configure the explicit snooping support globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface in a group.

- To enable DHCP relay or DHCPv6 relay snooping support, include the **allow-snooped-clients** option in the **overrides** statement.
- To disable DHCP relay or DHCPv6 relay snooping support, include the **no-allow-snooped-clients** option in the **overrides** statement.

To enable or disable DHCP snooping support globally:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
```

2. Specify that you want to override the default configuration.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

3. Enable or disable DHCP snooping support.

- To enable DHCP snooping:

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```

- To disable DHCP snooping:

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set no-allow-snooped-clients
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set no-allow-snooped-clients
```

For example, to enable global DHCP snooping support :

```
forwarding-options {
  dhcp-relay {
    overrides {
      allow-snooped-clients;
    }
  }
}
```

To enable or disable DHCP snooping support for a group of interfaces:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
```

2. Specify the named group.

- For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group group-name
```
 - For DHCPv6 relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group group-name
```
3. Specify that you want to override the default configuration.
- For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCPv6 relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name]
user@host# edit overrides
```
4. Enable or disable DHCP snooping support.
- To enable DHCP snooping:
 - For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```
 - For DHCPv6 relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```
 - To disable DHCP snooping:
 - For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name overrides]
user@host# set no-allow-snooped-clients
```
 - For DHCPv6 relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name overrides]
user@host# set no-allow-snooped-clients
```

For example, to enable DHCP snooping support on all interfaces in group **boston**:

```
forwarding-options {
  dhcp-relay {
    group boston {
      overrides {
        allow-snooped-clients;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

To enable or disable DHCP snooping support on a specific interface:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
```

2. Specify the named group containing the interface.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group group-name
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group group-name
```

3. Specify the interface for which you want to configure DHCP snooping.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]
user@host# edit interface interface-name
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name]
user@host# edit interface interface-name
```

4. Specify that you want to override the default configuration on the interface.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name interface interface-name]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name interface
interface-name]
user@host# edit overrides
```

5. Enable or disable DHCP snooping support.

- To enable DHCP snooping:

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name interface interface-name
overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name interface
interface-name overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```

- To disable DHCP snooping:

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name interface interface-name
overrides]
user@host# set no-allow-snooped-clients
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name interface
interface-name overrides]
user@host# set no-allow-snooped-clients
```

For example, to disable DHCP snooping support on interface **ge-2/1/8.0** in group **boston**:

```
forwarding-options {
  dhcp-relay {
    group boston {
      interface ge-2/1/8.0 {
        overrides {
          no-allow-snooped-clients;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

To enable DHCPv6 snooping support on interface **ge-3/2/1.1** in group **sunnyvale**:

```
forwarding-options {
  dhcp-relay {
    dhcpv6 {
      group sunnyvale {
        interface ge-3/2/1.1 {
          overrides {
            allow-snooped-clients;
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 244](#)
- [DHCP Snooping Support on page 237](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Relay Agent

You can configure how DHCP relay agent handles DHCP snooped packets. Depending on the configuration, DHCP relay agent either forwards or drops the snooped packets it receives.

DHCP relay uses a two-part configuration to determine how to handle DHCP snooped packets. This topic describes how you use the **forward-snooped-clients** statement to manage whether DHCP relay agent forwards or drops snooped packets, depending on the type of interface on which the packets are snooped. In the other part of the DHCP relay agent snooping configuration, which is described in “[Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent](#)” on page 239, you enable or disable the DHCP relay snooping feature.

[Table 37 on page 244](#) shows the action the router takes on snooped packets when DHCP snooping is enabled by the **allow-snooped-clients** statement. [Table 38 on page 245](#) shows the action the router takes on snooped packets when DHCP snooping is disabled by the **no-allow-snooped-clients** statement.

The router also uses the configuration of the DHCP relay agent forwarding support to determine how to handle snooped BOOTREPLY packets. [Table 39 on page 245](#) shows the action the router takes for the snooped BOOTREPLY packets.



NOTE: Configured interfaces have been configured with the **group** statement in the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy. Non-configured interfaces are in the logical system/routing instance but have not been configured by the **group** statement.

Table 37: Actions for DHCP Relay Agent Snooped Packets When DHCP Snooping Is Enabled

forward-snooped-clients Configuration	Action on Configured Interfaces	Action on Non-Configured Interfaces
forward-snooped-clients not configured	snooped packets result in subscriber creation	dropped
all-interfaces	forwarded	forwarded
configured-interfaces	forwarded	dropped
non-configured-interfaces	snooped packets result in subscriber creation	forwarded

Table 38: Actions for DHCP Relay Agent Snooped Packets When DHCP Snooping Is Disabled

forward-snooped-clients Configuration	Action on Configured Interfaces	Action on Non-Configured Interfaces
forward-snooped-clients not configured	dropped	dropped
all-interfaces	dropped	forwarded
configured-interfaces	dropped	dropped
non-configured-interfaces	dropped	forwarded

Table 39: Actions for Snooped BOOTREPLY Packets

forward-snooped-clients Configuration	Action
forward-snooped-clients not configured	snooped BOOTREPLY packets dropped if client is not found
forward-snooped-clients all configurations	snooped BOOTREPLY packets forwarded if client is not found

To configure DHCP snooped packet forwarding and BOOTREPLY snooped packet forwarding for DHCP relay agent:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay
```

2. Enable DHCP snooped packet forwarding.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit forward-snooped-clients
```

3. Specify the interfaces that are supported for snooped packet forwarding.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay forward-snooped-clients]
user@host# set (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces | non-configured-interfaces)
```

For example, to configure DHCP relay agent to forward DHCP snooped packets on only configured interfaces:

```
[edit]
forwarding-options {
  dhcp-relay {
    forward-snooped-clients configured-interfaces;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Snooping Support on page 237](#)

- [Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 239](#)

DHCP Auto Logout Overview

This topic provides an introduction to the optional DHCP auto logout feature and includes the following sections:

- [Auto Logout Overview on page 246](#)
- [How DHCP Identifies and Releases Clients on page 246](#)
- [Option 60 and Option 82 Requirements on page 247](#)

Auto Logout Overview

Auto logout is an optional configuration for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent that improves the efficiency of DHCP IP address assignment. Auto logout enables IP addresses to be immediately released and returned to the address pool when the addresses are no longer used by DHCP clients. DHCP can then assign the addresses to other clients. Without auto logout, an IP address is blocked for the entire lease period, and DHCP must wait until the address lease time expires before reusing the address.

Auto logout is particularly useful when DHCP uses long lease times for IP address assignments and to help avoid allocating duplicate IP addresses for a single client. For example, you might have an environment that includes set-top boxes (STB) that are often upgraded or replaced. Each time a STB is changed, the new STB repeats the DHCP discover process to obtain client configuration information and an IP address. DHCP views the new STB as a completely new client and assigns a new IP address—the previous IP address assigned to the client (the old STB) remains blocked and unavailable until the lease expires. If auto logout is configured in this situation, DHCP recognizes that the new STB is actually the same client and then immediately releases the original IP address. DHCP relay agent acts as a proxy client for auto logout and sends a DHCP release message to the DHCP server.

How DHCP Identifies and Releases Clients

The auto logout feature requires that DHCP explicitly identify clients. By default, DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent identify clients based on MAC address or Client Identifier. However, in some cases this type of identification might not be sufficient. For example, in the previous STB example, each STB has a different MAC address, so DHCP incorrectly assumes that an upgraded or replacement STB is a new client.

In order to explicitly identify clients, auto logout uses a secondary identification method when the primary identification method is unsuccessful—the primary method is considered unsuccessful if the MAC address or Client Identifier does not match that of an existing client. The secondary identification method is based on the DHCP option 60 and option 82 information in DHCP discover messages.

Both the primary and secondary identification methods use subnet information to differentiate between clients. The primary identification method differentiates between

two clients with the same MAC address (or same Client Identifier) if the clients are on different subnets. Similarly, the secondary identification method considers two clients as different if they have the same option 60 and option 82 information, but different subnets.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent perform the following operations when auto logout is enabled and the secondary identification method identifies a duplicate client (that is, the discover packet is from an existing client).

- DHCP local server immediately releases the existing address.
- DHCP relay agent immediately releases the existing client and then sends a DHCP release packet to the DHCP server. Sending the release packet ensures that DHCP relay and the DHCP server are synchronized.



NOTE: If the DHCP relay agent is in snoop mode, DHCP relay releases the client but does not send a release packet to the DHCP server if the discover packet is for a passive client (a client added as a result of snooped packets) or if the discover packet is a snooped packet.

Option 60 and Option 82 Requirements

DHCP local server requires that the received discover packet include both DHCP option 60 and option 82. If either option is missing, DHCP local server cannot perform the secondary identification method and auto logout is not used.

DHCP relay agent requires that the received discover packet contain DHCP option 60. DHCP relay determines the option 82 value based on the guidelines provided in “[DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout](#)” on page 247.

Related Documentation

- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 168](#)
- [DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout on page 247](#)
- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 175](#)

DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout

[Table 40 on page 248](#) indicates how the DHCP relay agent determines the option 82 value used for the client auto logout feature. Depending on the configuration settings, DHCP relay agent takes the action indicated in the right column.

Table 40: DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout

DHCP Relay Agent Configuration Settings				giaddr in non-snooped packet	Action Taken
DHCP Relay Configured with Option 82	Discover Packet Contains Option 82	Override "trust-option-82"	Override "always-write-option-82"		
No	No	—	—	—	No secondary search performed
No	Yes	Yes	—	—	Use option 82 from packet
No	Yes	No	—	Zero	Drop packet
No	Yes	No	—	Non-zero	Use option 82 from packet
Yes	No	—	—	—	Use configured option 82
Yes	Yes	No	—	Zero	Drop packet
Yes	Yes	No	No	Non-zero	Use option 82 from packet
Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Non-zero	Overwrite the configured option 82
Yes	Yes	Yes	No	—	Use option 82 from packet
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Overwrite the configured option 82

- Related Documentation**
- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 166](#)
 - [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 168](#)

Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients

You can configure the extended DHCP local server and extended DHCP relay to automatically log out DHCP clients. Auto logout immediately releases an existing client when DHCP receives a discover packet that has the same DHCP option 60 and DHCP option 82 information as the existing client. DHCP then releases the existing client IP address without waiting for the normal lease expiration.



NOTE: When the existing client is released, the new client undergoes the normal authentication process. The new client might not receive the same IP address as the original client.

To configure DHCP client auto logout:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Enable auto logout. (DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the `client-discover-match` statement.)

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set client-discover-match
```

- For DHCP relay:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set client-discover-match
```



NOTE: If you change the auto logout configuration, existing clients continue to use the auto logout setting that was configured when they logged in. New clients use the new setting.

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 166](#)
- [DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout on page 247](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted

By default, when DHCP relay and relay proxy delete a client, they do not send a release message to the DHCP server. You can override the default behavior and configure DHCP relay and relay proxy to send a release message whenever they delete a client. The release message sent by DHCP relay and relay proxy includes option 82 information.



NOTE: In Junos OS Release 10.1 and earlier, DHCP relay sends a release message to the DHCP server when the client-discover-match statement is included as a DHCP relay override. In Junos OS Release 10.2 and later, you must include the send-release-on-delete statement to configure DHCP relay and relay proxy to send the release message when the client-discover-match statement is included.

You can use the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]` hierarchy level to override the default behavior for DHCPv6 relay agent.

To send a release message:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that you want DHCP relay and relay proxy (or DHCPv6 relay agent) to send a release message when clients are deleted.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set send-release-on-delete
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events

You can configure the router to maintain DHCP subscribers when an event occurs that normally results in the router deleting the subscriber. For example, by default, the router logs out DHCP subscribers when an interface delete event occurs, such as a DPC reboot or failure. However, if you configure the router to maintain subscribers, the router identifies each subscriber that was on the deleted interface, and resumes normal packet processing for the subscriber when the interface is restored.



NOTE: Subscribers are logged off as usual when their lease expires, even if the router is configured to maintain subscribers and the subscriber is on a deleted interface that has not yet been restored.

You configure the router to maintain subscribers on a global basis— the configuration applies to DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCP relay clients in all logical

routers and routing instances. When you enable the maintain subscribers feature, the router applies the feature to existing subscribers as well as subscribers who later connect.

If the maintain subscribers feature is enabled on the router, you can explicitly delete a subscriber binding and log out the subscriber by either specifying a lease expiration timeout or using one of the following commands, as appropriate:

- `clear dhcp server binding`
- `clear dhcpv6 server binding`
- `clear dhcp relay binding`

Related Documentation

- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature on page 174](#)

Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events

You can specify a configuration in which the router does not log out a subscriber when the subscriber's interface is deleted.

To configure the router to maintain DHCP subscribers when the subscriber interface is deleted:

1. Specify that you want to configure subscriber management.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit subscriber-management
```

2. Configure the router to support the maintain-subscriber feature.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management]
user@host# edit maintain-subscriber
```

3. Configure the router to enable the maintain-subscriber feature when an interface-delete event occurs.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management maintain-subscriber]
user@host# set interface-delete
```

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 173](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature on page 174](#)

Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature

Purpose Display information related to the DHCP maintain-subscribers feature and explicitly log out maintained clients.

Action • To display DHCP local server binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:

user@host>show dhcp server binding detail

- To display DHCPv6 local server binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:

user@host>show dhcpv6 server binding detail

- To display DHCP relay binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:

user@host>show dhcp relay binding detail

- To explicitly log out a DHCP local server subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:

user@host>clear dhcp server binding *binding-type*

- To explicitly log out a DHCPv6 local server subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:

user@host>clear dhcpv6 server binding *binding-type*

- To explicitly log out a DHCP relay subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:

user@host>clear dhcp relay binding *binding-type*

**Related
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 173](#)
- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174](#)

Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access

This topic provides the procedure you use to display current DHCP bindings, clear selected bindings, and verify that the specified bindings are successfully cleared.

Subscriber management enables you to clear DHCP bindings at several different levels for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent. For example, you can clear the DHCP bindings on all interfaces, a group of interfaces, or a specific interface. You can also clear DHCP bindings based on IP address, MAC address, session-ID, DHCPv6 prefix, DHCPv6 Client ID, FPC, PIC, port, VLAN, or stacked VLAN (S-VLAN).

This topic includes examples to show several variations of the clear DHCP binding feature. The examples use DHCP local server commands; however, the procedure and commands are similar for DHCP relay agent, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCPv6 relay agent.

To clear bindings and verify the results for a specific IP address:

1. Display current bindings. Issue the appropriate variation of the **show dhcp server binding** command.

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
2 clients, (2 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)
```

IP address	Hardware address	Type	Lease expires at
192.168.32.1	90:00:00:01:00:01	active	2011-10-17 11:38:47 PST
192.168.32.3	90:00:00:02:00:01	active	2011-00-17 11:38:41 PST

2. Clear the binding you want to remove.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding 192.168.32.1
```

3. Verify that the binding has been cleared.

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
1 clients, (1 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)

IP address      Hardware address  Type    Lease expires at
192.168.32.3    90:00:00:02:00:01 active          2011-00-17 11:38:41 PST
```

The following examples show variations of the clear DHCP binding feature. The examples use the DHCP local server version of the commands.



NOTE: IP demux interfaces are not supported by the show and clear DHCP bindings commands for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent.

To clear all bindings:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding all
```

To clear bindings on a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding interface fe-0/0/2
```

To clear all bindings over an interface. This example uses the wildcard option.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0. *
```

To clear bindings on top of a specific VLAN. This example clears all bindings on top of VLAN 100.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0:100
```

To clear bindings for a specific S-VLAN. This example clears bindings on S-VLAN 100-200.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0:100-200
```

To clear all bindings on top of all demux VLANs:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding demux0
```

To clear all bindings on top of an underlying interface. This example clears the bindings on all demux VLANs on top of interface ae0:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ae0
```

To clear PPP bindings. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears the PPP bindings over interface pp0.100 and pp0.200.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding pp0.*
```

To clear all bindings on an FPC. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/*
```

To clear all bindings on a PIC. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1, PIC 0.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/*
```

To clear all bindings on a port. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1, PIC 0, port 0.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 166](#)
- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 168](#)

DHCP Liveness Detection Overview

Unlike PPP, DHCP does not define a native keepalive mechanism as part of either the DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 protocols. Without a keepalive mechanism, DHCP local server, DHCP relay, or DHCP relay proxy is unable to quickly detect if it has lost connectivity with a subscriber and must rely on standard DHCP subscriber session termination messages.

DHCP clients often do not send DHCP release messages prior to exiting the network. The discovery of their absence is dependent on existing DHCP lease time and release request mechanisms. These mechanisms are often considered insufficient when serving as session health checks for clients in a DHCP subscriber access network. Because DHCP lease times are typically too long to provide an adequate response time for a session health failure, and configuring short DHCP lease times can pose an undue burden on control plane processing, implementing a DHCP liveness detection mechanism enables better monitoring of bound DHCP clients. When configured with a liveness detection protocol, if a given subscriber fails to respond to a configured number of consecutive liveness detection requests, the subscriber binding is deleted and its resources released.

DHCP liveness detection for DHCP subscriber IP sessions utilizes an active liveness detection protocol to institute liveness detection checks for relevant clients. Clients must respond to liveness detection requests within a specified amount of time. If the responses are not received within that time for a given number of consecutive attempts, then the liveness detection check fails and a failure action is implemented.

Using DHCP liveness detection, IP sessions are acted upon as soon as liveness detection checks fail. This faster response time serves to:

- Provide more accurate time-based accounting of subscriber sessions.
- Better preserve router resources.
- Help to reduce the window of vulnerability to some security attacks.

Examples of liveness detection protocols include Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) for both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers, IPv4 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) for DHCPv4 subscribers, and IPv6 Neighbor Unreachability Detection for DHCPv6 subscribers.



NOTE: This release supports only BFD for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 liveness detection.

When configuring BFD liveness detection, keep the following in mind:

- You can configure DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 liveness detection either globally or per DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 group.
- DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 subscriber access clients that do not support BFD are not affected by the liveness detection configuration. These clients can continue to access the network (once validated) even if BFD liveness detection is enabled on the router.
- When configured, DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 initiates liveness detection checks for relevant clients (that is, clients that support BFD) when those clients enter a bound state.
- After protocol-specific messages are initiated for a BFD client, they are periodically sent to the subscriber IP address of the client and responses to those liveness detection requests are expected within a configured amount of time.
- If liveness detection responses are not received from clients that support BFD within the configured amount of time for a configured number of consecutive attempts, the liveness detection check is deemed to have failed and a configured failure action is implemented.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity on page 192](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity on page 255](#)

Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity

Liveness detection for DHCP subscriber IP sessions utilizes an active liveness detection protocol to institute liveness detection checks for relevant clients. Clients must respond to liveness detection requests within a specified amount of time. If the responses are not received within that time for a given number of consecutive attempts, then the liveness detection check fails and a failure action is implemented.



NOTE: You can also configure DHCP liveness detection for DHCP local server.

To configure liveness detection for DHCP relay:

1. Specify that you want to configure liveness detection.

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit liveness-detection
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]
user@host# edit liveness-detection
```



NOTE: Liveness detection is also supported for DHCPv6 configurations. To configure DHCPv6 liveness detection, include the **liveness-detection** statement, and any subsequent configuration statements, at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6] or [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name*] hierarchy level.

2. (Optional) Specify that you want to use DHCP relay proxy mode.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]
user@host# set overrides proxy-mode
```

3. Specify that you want to configure the liveness detection method.

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection]
user@host# edit method
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name liveness-detection]
user@host# edit method
```

4. Specify the liveness detection method that you want DHCP to use.



NOTE: In this release, the only method supported for liveness detection is Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD).

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method]
user@host# edit bfd
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name liveness-detection method]
user@host# edit bfd
```

5. Configure the liveness detection method as desired.

See [“Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients” on page 289](#) for an example of how to globally configure DHCP relay liveness detection.

6. Configure the action the router takes when a liveness detection failure occurs.

- For DHCP global configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection]
user@host# edit failure-action action
```

- For DHCP group configuration:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name liveness-detection]
user@host# edit failure-action action
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 191](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity on page 192](#)
- [Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209](#)
- [Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289](#)

Disabling DHCP Relay

You can disable DHCP relay on all interfaces or a group of interfaces.

To disable DHCP relay agent:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Disable the DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set disable-relay
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)

Disabling Automatic Binding of Stray DHCP Requests

DHCP requests that are received but have no entry in the database are known as stray requests. By default, DHCP relay, DHCP relay proxy, and DHCPv6 relay agent attempt to bind the requesting client by creating a database entry and forwarding the request to the DHCP server. If the server responds with an ACK, the client is bound and the ACK is forwarded to the client. If the server responds with a NAK, the database entry is deleted.

and the NAK is forwarded to the client. This behavior occurs regardless of whether authentication is configured.

You can override the default configuration at the global level, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group. Overriding the default causes DHCP relay, DHCP relay proxy, and DHCPv6 relay agent to drop all stray requests instead of attempting to bind the clients.



NOTE: In Junos OS Release 10.4 and later, automatic binding of stray requests is enabled by default.

In Junos OS Release 10.3 and earlier releases, automatic binding of stray requests is disabled by default. In those releases, DHCP relay drops stray requests and forwards a NAK to the client when authentication is configured. Otherwise, DHCP relay attempts to bind the requesting client. In those releases, DHCP relay proxy always drops stray requests and forwards a NAK to the client, regardless of the authentication configuration.

- To disable automatic binding behavior, include the **no-bind-on-request** statement when you configure DHCP overrides at the global, group, or interface level.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

- To override the default behavior for DHCPv6 relay agent, configure the override at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

The following two examples show a configuration that disables automatic binding of stray requests for a group of interfaces and a configuration that disables automatic binding on a specific interface.

To disable automatic binding of stray requests on a group of interfaces:

1. Specify the named group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group boston
```

2. Specify that you want to configure overrides.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston]
user@host# edit overrides
```

3. Disable automatic binding for the group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

To disable automatic binding of stray requests on a specific interface:

1. Specify the named group of which the interface is a member.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group boston
```

- Specify the interface on which you want to disable automatic binding.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston]
user@host# edit interface fe-1/0/1.2
```

- Specify that you want to configure overrides.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston interface fe-1/0/1.2]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- Disable automatic binding on the interface.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston interface fe-1/0/1.2 overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers

You can configure the extended DHCP relay agent to use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP client packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers. This feature is useful in network environments where DHCP clients access services provided by multiple vendors and DHCP servers. For example, a DHCP client might gain Internet access from a particular DHCP server provided by one vendor, and access IPTV service from a different DHCP server provided by another vendor. The option 60 string enables vendors to include vendor-specific information in DHCP client packets.

You can configure option 60 support globally or for a named group of interfaces. You can also configure option 60 support for the extended DHCP relay agent on a per logical system and per routing instance basis.

To configure the DHCP relay agent to use option 60 vendor-specific information to select a DHCP server to which to forward the client packets:

- Specify that you want to configure option 60 support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit relay-option-60
```

- (Optional) Configure the DHCP relay to use matching option 60 strings to process client traffic.

See [“Using Matching Option 60 Strings to Process DHCP Client Traffic” on page 260](#).

- (Optional) Configure the DHCP relay to use nonmatching option 60 strings to process client traffic.

See [“Using Nonmatching Option 60 Strings to Process DHCP Client Traffic” on page 262](#).

- (Optional) Display a count of the number of discarded packets with option 60 information.

See [“Displaying a Count of Discarded DHCP Packets with Option 60 Information” on page 263](#).

- Related Documentation**
- [Using Matching Option 60 Strings to Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 260](#)
 - [Using Nonmatching Option 60 Strings to Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 262](#)
 - [Displaying a Count of Discarded DHCP Packets with Option 60 Information on page 263](#)

Using Matching Option 60 Strings to Process DHCP Client Traffic

Configuring option 60 support helps you manage multivendor networks by enabling the extended DHCP relay agent to compare option 60 vendor-specific strings received in DHCP client packets against a list of ASCII or hexadecimal strings that you configure on the router.

You can configure exact match or partial match criteria for option 60 string-to-DHCP server mapping and specify either the **ascii** statement (to define a nonempty ASCII match string of 1 through 255 alphanumeric characters) or the **hexadecimal** statement (to define a hexadecimal match string of 1 through 255 hexadecimal characters [0 through 9, a through f, A through F]).

When you configure a partial match, the option 60 string can contain a superset of the configured ASCII or hexadecimal string, provided that the leftmost characters of the option 60 string entirely match the characters in the configured match string. For a partial match, the longest match rule applies. For example, the extended DHCP relay agent matches the string “test123” before it matches the string “test”.

If the option 60 string received in the DHCP client packet matches the configured ASCII or hexadecimal string, you can define one of the following actions for the associated DHCP client packets:

- Relay client traffic to a group of specific DHCP relay servers that provide the requested client service.

The DHCP client packet is relayed to all of the servers in the specified group that map to the vendor class identifier information provided in the option 60 string. To configure the named group of DHCP relay servers, which are also referred to as vendor-option servers, include the **server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level, as described in “Configuring Server Groups” on page 266.

The following additional considerations apply when you configure an ASCII or hexadecimal match string:

- You can configure the same ASCII or hexadecimal match string as both an exact (**equals**) match and as a partial (**starts-with**) match. In that case, the exact string match configured with the **equals** statement takes precedence over the partial string match configured with the **starts-with** statement.
- A server group can contain multiple server addresses and can map to more than one match string.
- You can configure an unlimited number of match strings.
- The use of wildcard attributes in match strings is not supported.
- Forward client traffic to a specific extended DHCP local server.
- Drop (discard) the packets. Specifying that certain DHCP client packets be dropped can be useful when DHCP clients request services that are invalid or no longer supported.

1. Configure match criteria:

- To specify an exact, left-to-right match of the configured match string with the option 60 string, use the **vendor-option equals** statement:

- To specify a nonempty ASCII match string.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60]
user@host# set vendor-option equals ascii video55
```

- To specify a hexadecimal match string.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60]
user@host# set vendor-option equals hexadecimal ff
```

- To specify a partial match of the configured match string with the option 60 string, use the **vendor-option starts-with** statement:

- To specify a partial ASCII match string.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60]
user@host# set vendor-option starts-with ascii video
```

- To specify a partial hexadecimal match string.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60]  
user@host# set vendor-option starts-with hexadecimal ff
```

2. Configure the action to take when the DHCP client packet matches the configured ASCII or hexadecimal string:

- To relay client traffic to a group of specific DHCP relay servers that provide the requested client service.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option equals ascii  
video55]  
user@host# set relay-server-group
```

The DHCP client packet is relayed to all of the servers specified in the [server-group](#) statement at the [\[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay\]](#) hierarchy level that map to the vendor class identifier information provided in the option 60 string.

- To forward client traffic to a specific extended DHCP local server.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option equals ascii  
video55]  
user@host# set local-server-group
```

To configure an extended DHCP local server, include the **dhcp-local-server** statement at the [\[edit system services\]](#) hierarchy level. For information about configuring and using the extended DHCP local server, see [“Extended DHCP Local Server Overview” on page 144](#).

- To drop (discard) the packets:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option equals ascii  
video55]  
user@host# set drop
```

Related Documentation

- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Forward DHCP Client Traffic on page 287](#)
- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Drop DHCP Client Traffic on page 288](#)

Using Nonmatching Option 60 Strings to Process DHCP Client Traffic

If the option 60 string received in the DHCP client packet does not match the configured ASCII or hexadecimal string, you can specify the default action that the DHCP relay agent uses for the associated DHCP client packets.

In rare instances, the extended DHCP relay agent might receive a DHCP client packet with an option 60 string of zero (0) length. In this case, there is nothing in the option 60 string against which to match. As a result, such packets are treated as if they contained nonmatching option 60 strings; that is, they can be relayed to a default DHCP relay server, forwarded to a default DHCP extended local server, or dropped.

- To relay client traffic to a default extended DHCP relay server that you specify:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option]
```

```
user@host# set default-relay-server-group relayServer16
```

- To forward client traffic to a default extended DHCP local server that you specify:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option]
```

```
user@host# set default-local-server-group localServer25
```

- To drop (discard) the nonmatching packets:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option]
```

```
user@host# set drop
```

Related Documentation

- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Forward DHCP Client Traffic on page 287](#)
- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Drop DHCP Client Traffic on page 288](#)

Displaying a Count of Discarded DHCP Packets with Option 60 Information

To display the number of discarded DHCP client packets containing option 60 vendor-specific information, use the following operational command:

- **show dhcp relay statistics**

Related Documentation

- [Junos OS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference](#)

Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information

You can enable or disable support for the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in packets destined for a DHCP server. You can configure option 82 support globally or for a named group of interfaces.

To restore the default behavior (option 82 information is not inserted into DHCP packets), you use the **delete relay-option-82** statement.

To configure support for the DHCP relay agent information option 82, you use the **relay-option-82** statement.

The following sections describe the option 82 operations you can configure:

- [Configuring Agent Circuit ID Information on page 263](#)
- [Configuring an Option 82 Prefix on page 264](#)
- [Using a Textual Description in Option 82 on page 266](#)

Configuring Agent Circuit ID Information

You use the **relay-option-82** statement to enable insertion of option 82 information in DHCP packets. You must also specify at least the **circuit-id** statement to include the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) of the DHCP relay agent information option.

If you specify the **circuit-id** statement, the format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet (**fe**) or Gigabit Ethernet (**ge**) interfaces is one of the following, depending on your network configuration:

- For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that do not use virtual local area networks (VLANs) or stacked VLANs (S-VLANs):

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port

- For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-id

- For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use S-VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id

To enable insertion of option 82 information:

1. Specify that you want to configure option 82 support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit relay-option-82
```

2. Specify insertion of the Agent Circuit ID suboption.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]
user@host# set circuit-id
```

Configuring an Option 82 Prefix

You can include an optional prefix to the base option 82 information in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server.

The prefix is separated from the option 82 Agent Circuit ID information by a colon (:), and can include any combination of the **host-name**, **logical-system-name**, and **routing-instance-name** options. The DHCP relay agent obtains the values for the **host-name**, **logical-system-name**, and **routing-instance-name** as follows:

- If you include the **host-name** option, the DHCP relay agent uses the hostname of the router configured with the **host-name** statement at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level.
- If you include the **logical-system-name** option, the DHCP relay agent uses the logical system name configured with the **logical-system** statement at the **[edit logical-system]** hierarchy level.
- If you include the **routing-instance-name** option, the DHCP relay agent uses the routing instance name configured with the **routing-instance** statement at the **[edit routing-instances]** hierarchy level or at the **[edit logical-system logical-system-name routing-instances]** hierarchy level.

If you include the hostname and either or both of the logical system name and the routing instance name in the prefix, the hostname is followed by a forward slash (/). If you include both the logical system name and the routing instance name in the prefix, these values are separated by a semicolon (;).

The following examples show several possible formats for the Agent Circuit ID information when you specify the **prefix** statement for Fast Ethernet (**fe**) or Gigabit Ethernet (**ge**) interfaces with S-VLANs.

- If you include only the hostname in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:

```
hostname:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

- If you include only the logical system name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:

```
logical-system-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

- If you include only the routing instance name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:

```
routing-instance-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

- If you include both the hostname and the logical system name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:

```
host-name/logical-system-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

- If you include both the logical system name and the routing instance name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:

```
logical-system-name;routing-instance-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

- If you include the hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:

```
host-name/logical-system-name;routing-instance-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use VLANs but not S-VLANs, only the **vlan-id** value appears in the Agent Circuit ID format. For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that do not use VLANs or S-VLANs, neither the **vlan-id** value nor the **svlan-id** value appears.

To configure an optional prefix with the option 82 information:

1. Specify that you want to configure option 82 support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit relay-option-82
```

2. Specify insertion of the Agent Circuit ID information.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]
user@host# edit circuit-id
```

3. Specify that the prefix is included in the option 82 information. In this example, the prefix includes the hostname and logical system name

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 circuit-id]
user@host# set prefix host-name logical-system-name
```

Using a Textual Description in Option 82

By default, when DHCP option 82 is inserted into client packets, the Agent Circuit ID suboption includes the interface identifier. You can optionally configure that the Agent Circuit ID suboption include the textual description that is configured for the interface instead of the interface identifier. You can use the textual description for either the logical interface or the device interface.

You can include the textual interface description in the Agent Circuit ID suboption for static interfaces. The textual description is configured using the **description** statement at the **[edit interfaces *interface-name*]** hierarchy level. If you specify that the textual description is used and no description is configured for the interface, DHCP relay defaults to using the interface identifier.

To configure the DHCP relay option 82 suboption to include the textual interface description:

1. Specify that you want to configure option 82 support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit relay-option-82
```

2. Specify insertion of the Agent Circuit ID information.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]
user@host# edit circuit-id
```

3. Specify that the textual description is included in the option 82 information. In this example, the option 82 information includes the description used for the device interface.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 circuit-id]
user@host# set use-interface-description device
```

Configuring Server Groups

You can configure a named group of DHCP servers for use by the extended DHCP relay agent on the router.

You specify the name of the DHCP server group and the IP addresses of one or more DHCP servers that belong to this group. You can configure a maximum of five IP addresses per named server group.

To configure a named server group:

1. Specify the name of the server group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set server-group myServerGroup
```

2. Add the IP addresses of the DHCP servers belonging to the group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay server-group myServerGroup]
user@host# set 192.168.100.50
user@host# set 192.168.100.75
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Configuring Active Server Groups

You can configure an active server group. Using an active server group enables you to apply a common DHCP relay agent configuration to a named group of DHCP server addresses.

Use the statement at the **[edit ... dhcpv6]** hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

To configure an active server group:

- Specify the name of the active server group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set active-server-group myServerGroup
```

To create an active server group as a global DHCP relay agent configuration option, include the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level. To have the group apply only to a named group of interfaces, include the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]** hierarchy level.

Including the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]** hierarchy level (as a group-specific option) overrides the effect of including the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level as a global option.

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
 - [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)

Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode

You can enable DHCP relay proxy mode on all interfaces or a group of interfaces.

To enable DHCP relay proxy mode:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```
2. Enable DHCP relay proxy mode.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set proxy-mode
```

- Related Documentation**
- [DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 219](#)
 - [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230](#)

Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets

You can configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert the DHCPv6 Interface-ID (Option 18) in the packets that the relay sends to a DHCPv6 server. You can optionally include a prefix, which can include any combination of hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name. You can also specify that the packets include the textual interface description instead of the interface identifier.



NOTE: If you configure the optional Steps 2 or 3, and the specified information does not exist (for example, there is no interface description), DHCPv6 relay ignores the optional configuration and inserts the interface identifier in the packets.

To insert the DHCPv6 Interface-ID option (Option 18) in DHCPv6 packets :

1. Configure the DHCPv6 relay to include Option 18.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit relay-agent-interface-id
```

2. (Optional) Specify the prefix to include in Option 18.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id]
user@host# set prefix prefix
```

3. (Optional) Specify that the Option 18 include the textual description of the interface. You can specify either the **logical** interface description or the **device** interface description.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id]
user@host# set use-interface-description (logical | device)
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces

This topic describes how to attach a dynamic profile to a DHCP subscriber interface. When a DHCP subscriber logs in, the specified dynamic profile is instantiated and the services defined in the profile are applied to the interface.

This topic contains the following sections:

- [Attaching a Dynamic Profile to All DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 269](#)
- [Attaching a Dynamic Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 269](#)

Attaching a Dynamic Profile to All DHCP Subscriber Interfaces

To attach a dynamic profile to all DHCP subscriber interfaces:

1. At the DHCP configuration hierarchy, use the **dynamic-profile** statement to specify the name of the dynamic profile to attach to all interfaces.
 - For DHCP local server:


```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set dynamic-profile vod-profile-22
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set dynamic-profile vod-profile-west
```
2. Optionally, you can configure the attribute to use when attaching the specified profile.

You can include either the **aggregate-clients** option to enable multiple DHCP subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface, or the **use-primary** option to specify that the primary dynamic profile is used. The **aggregate-clients** option does not apply to demux subscriber interfaces. The two options are mutually exclusive.

- To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface:


```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dynamic-profile]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```
- To use the primary dynamic profile:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile]
user@host# set use-primary subscriber_profile
```

Attaching a Dynamic Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscriber Interfaces

Before you begin:

- Configure the interface group.

See [“Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations”](#) on page 159.

To attach a dynamic profile to a group of interfaces:

1. At the DHCP configuration hierarchy, specify the name of the interface group and the dynamic profile to attach to the group.
 - For DHCP local server:


```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group boston dynamic-profile vod-profile-42
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set group quebec dynamic-profile vod-profile-east
```
2. Optionally, you can configure the attribute to use when attaching the specified profile.

You can include either the **aggregate-clients** option to enable multiple DHCP subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface, or the **use-primary** option to specify that the primary dynamic profile is used. The **aggregate-clients** option does not apply to demux subscriber interfaces. The two options are mutually exclusive.

- To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dynamic-profile]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```

- To use the primary dynamic profile:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile]
user@host# set use-primary subscriber_profile
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
 - [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 150](#)
 - [Example: Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on IP Demux Interfaces on page 589](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCP Relay Configuration

Purpose View or clear address bindings or statistics for extended DHCP relay agent clients:

- Action**
- To display the address bindings for extended DHCP relay agent clients:

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding
```

- To display extended DHCP relay agent statistics:

```
user@host> show dhcp relay statistics
```

- To clear the binding state of DHCP relay agent clients:

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding
```

- To clear all extended DHCP relay agent statistics:

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay statistics
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Relay Configuration

Purpose View or clear address bindings or statistics for extended DHCPv6 relay agent clients:

- Action**
- To display the address bindings for extended DHCPv6 relay agent clients:

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding
```

- To display extended DHCPv6 relay agent statistics:

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay statistics
```

- To clear the binding state of DHCPv6 relay agent clients:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding
```

- To clear all extended DHCPv6 relay agent statistics:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay statistics
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

Tracing Extended DHCP Operations

Both the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent support tracing operations. DHCP tracing operations track extended DHCP operations and record them in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

You can configure DHCP trace operations at the global level and at the interface level. Global DHCP tracing logs all DHCP-related events, whereas interface-level tracing logs only interface-specific DHCP events. If you configure interface-level trace operations, you can specify tracing for a range of interfaces or an individual interface. However, only a single interface-level log file is supported. That is, you cannot specify different interface-level log files for different interfaces or groups of interfaces.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

- Important events for both global and per-interface tracing are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename, `jdhcpd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
- When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

- By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure global DHCP tracing operations.

- Specify tracing operations for DHCP local server and DHCP relay:

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]
user@host# edit traceoptions
```

The tracing configuration is applied globally to all DHCP applications in every LS:RI. Configuration of event tracing on a per-LS:RI basis is not supported. DHCP tracing is

configurable only in the default LS:RI. However, DHCP applications (local server or relay) do not have to be configured in the default LS:RI. This behavior was different in software releases before Junos OS Release 11.4, where you had to configure a DHCP application in the default LS:RI in order to configure DHCP tracing, even when you wanted to run DHCP and trace its operations only in a nondefault LS:RI.

In the earlier software releases, you configured tracing statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** and **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy levels. These statements have been deprecated and hidden in favor of the statements at the **[edit system processes dhcp-service]** hierarchy level.



NOTE: The deprecated statements may be removed from a future release; we recommend that you transition to the new statements.

Because you can configure DHCP tracing at three different hierarchy levels (one new and recommended, two old and deprecated), the following rules apply to manage the interaction:

- When you configure a filename or any other options for the trace log file, the configuration at the **[edit system processes dhcp-service]** hierarchy level has the highest precedence, followed by the configuration at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level, and finally with the lowest precedence, the configuration at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.
- The flag configurations for multiple hierarchy levels are merged and applied to all trace log events.
- The deprecated statements do not support filtering the generation of DHCP trace log events by severity level. If you use these statements, trace logging operates with an implicit severity of **all**, regardless of the severity level configured at the **[edit system processes dhcp-service]** hierarchy level.

For information about configuring per-interface tracing options, see [“Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces” on page 200](#).

The extended DHCP traceoptions operations are described in the following sections:

- [Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename on page 273](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files on page 273](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File on page 274](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged on page 274](#)
- [Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags on page 274](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged on page 275](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 275](#)

Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output is **jdhcpd**. You can specify a different name by including the **file** option. DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **file** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement.

To change the filename:

- Specify a filename for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename
```

- Specify a filename for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename
```

Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, **filename**, reaches 2 MB, **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**, and a new file called **filename** is created. When the new **filename** reaches 2 MB, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, **filename.19.gz**, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, **filename.18.gz** is compressed and renamed to **filename.19.gz**.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **files** and **size** options for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename files number size maximum-file-size
```

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename files number size maximum-file-size
```

Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **world-readable** option and the **no-world-readable** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename world-readable
```

- Configure the log file to be world-readable for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, in which the log file can only be read by the user who configured tracing:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename no-world-readable
```

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename no-world-readable
```

Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events. You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **match** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Specify the regular expression for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename match regular-expression
```

- Specify the regular expression for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]  
user@host# set file filename match regular-expression
```

Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **flag** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. A smaller set of flags is supported for interface-level tracing than for global tracing. To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Specify the flags for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set flag flag
```

- Specify the flags for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set flag flag
```

Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **level** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Specify the severity level for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

- Specify the severity level for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces

In addition to the global DHCP tracing operations, subscriber management enables you to trace extended DHCP operations for a specific interface or for a range of interfaces.

Configuring per-interface tracing is a two-step procedure. In the first step, you specify the tracing options that you want to use, such as file information and flags. In the second step, you enable the tracing operation on the specific interfaces.

To configure per-interface tracing operations:

- Specify the tracing options you want to use.



NOTE: Per-interface tracing uses the same default tracing behavior as the global extended DHCP tracing operation. The default behavior is described in [“Tracing Extended DHCP Operations” on page 196](#).

- a. Specify that you want to configure per-interface tracing options.

- For DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]  
user@host# edit interface-traceoptions
```

- b. (Optional) Specify the tracing file options.

- Configure the name for the file used for the trace output.

See [“Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename” on page 197](#).

- Configure the number and size of the log files.

See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files” on page 198](#).

- Configure access to the log file.

See [“Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File” on page 198](#).

- Configure a regular expression to filter logging events.

See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged” on page 199](#).

- c. (Optional) Specify tracing flag options.

See [“Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags” on page 199](#).

- d. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.

See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged” on page 200](#).

2. Enable tracing on an interface or interface range.

The following examples show a DHCP local server configuration. You can also use the **trace** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

- Enable tracing on a specific interface.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]  
user@host# set group group-name interface interface-name trace
```

- Enable tracing on a range of interfaces.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]  
user@host# set group group-name interface interface-name upto interface  
interface-name trace
```


Disabling DHCP Relay

You can disable DHCP relay on all interfaces or a group of interfaces.

To disable DHCP relay agent:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Disable the DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set disable-relay
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171](#)

CHAPTER 11

DHCP Relay Agent Examples

- [Example: Minimum DHCP Relay Agent Configuration on page 279](#)
- [Example: DHCP Relay Agent Configuration with Multiple Clients and Servers on page 279](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Snooping Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 281](#)
- [Example: Enabling DHCP Snooping Support for DHCPv6 Relay Agent on page 283](#)
- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Forward DHCP Client Traffic on page 287](#)
- [Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Drop DHCP Client Traffic on page 288](#)
- [Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289](#)

Example: Minimum DHCP Relay Agent Configuration

This example shows the minimum configuration you need to use the extended DHCP relay agent on the router:

```
[edit forwarding-options]
dhcp-relay {
  server-group {
    test 10.0.2.1;
  }
  active-server-group test;
  group all {
    interface fe-0/0/2.0;
  }
}
```

This example creates a server group and an active server group named **test** with IP address 10.0.2.1. The DHCP relay agent configuration is applied to a group named **all**. Within this group, the DHCP relay agent is enabled on interface fe-0/0/2.0.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Example: DHCP Relay Agent Configuration with Multiple Clients and Servers

This example shows an extended DHCP relay agent configuration for a network that includes multiple DHCP clients and DHCP servers. Additional details follow the example.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
dhcp-relay {
  server-group {
    sp-1 {
      10.0.2.1;
      10.0.2.2;
    }
    sp-2 {
      10.33.2.1;
      10.33.2.2;
      10.33.2.3;
    }
  }
  active-server-group sp-1;
  overrides layer2-unicast-replies;
  group clients_a {
    relay-option-82 circuit-id;
    interface fe-1/0/1.1;
    interface fe-1/0/1.2;
    interface fe-1/0/1.3;
  }
  group clients_b {
    relay-option-82 {
      circuit-id {
        prefix routing-instance-name;
      }
    }
    interface fe-1/0/1.4;
    interface fe-1/0/1.5;
    interface fe-1/0/1.6;
  }
  group eth_dslam_relay {
    active-server-group sp-2;
    overrides {
      trust-option-82;
      layer2-unicast-replies;
    }
    interface fe-1/0/1.7;
    interface fe-1/0/1.8;
    interface fe-1/0/1.9;
  }
}
```

This example creates two server-groups: **sp-1**, which includes DHCP server addresses 10.0.2.1 and 10.0.2.2, and **sp-2**, which includes DHCP server addresses 10.33.2.1, 10.33.2.2, and 10.33.2.3. The active server group to which the DHCP relay agent configuration applies is **sp-1**. A global override is set that causes the DHCP relay agent to use Layer 2 unicast transmission to send DHCP reply packets from the DHCP server to DHCP clients during the discovery process.

The example also creates three groups of subscribers and their associated Fast Ethernet interfaces: **clients_a**, **clients_b**, and **eth_dslam_relay**. These groups are configured to meet different needs, as follows:

- The **clients_a** and **clients_b** groups consist of basic subscribers. The service provider for these groups inserts option 82 information in the DHCP packets that are destined for the DHCP server.
- The subscribers in **eth_dslam_relay** are connected to an Ethernet digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) that functions as a Layer 2 DHCP relay agent. The active server group for **eth_dslam_relay** is **sp-2**. Overrides are set for the **eth_dslam_relay** group that enable the DHCP relay agent to trust option 82 information and to use Layer 2 unicast transmission to send DHCP reply packets to DHCP clients during discovery.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

Example: Configuring DHCP Snooping Support for DHCP Relay Agent

This example shows how to configure DHCP snooping support for DHCP relay agent.

- [Requirements on page 281](#)
- [Overview on page 281](#)
- [Configuration on page 281](#)

Requirements

- Configure DHCP relay agent. See “[Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview](#)” on page 216.

Overview

In this example, you configure DHCP snooping support for DHCP relay agent by completing the following operations:

- Override the default DHCP snooping configuration and enable DHCP snooping support for the interfaces in group **frankfurt**.
- Configure DHCP relay agent to forward snooped packets to only configured interfaces.



NOTE: By default, DHCP snooping is enabled globally in Junos OS Release 10.0 and earlier and disabled globally in Junos OS Release 10.1 and later.

Configuration

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure DHCP relay support for DHCP snooping:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay
```
2. Specify the named group of interfaces on which DHCP snooping is supported.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group frankfurt
```

3. Specify the interfaces that you want to include in the group. DHCP relay agent considers these as the configured interfaces when determining whether to forward or drop traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group frankfurt]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.3 upto fe-1/0/1.9
```

4. Specify that you want to override the default configuration for the group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group frankfurt]
user@host# edit overrides
```

5. Enable DHCP snooping support for the group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group frankfurt overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```

6. Return to the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level to configure the forwarding action and specify that DHCP relay agent forward snooped packets on only configured interfaces:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group frankfurt overrides]
user@host# up 2
```

7. Enable DHCP snooped packet forwarding for DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit forward-snooped-clients
```

8. Specify that snooped packets are forwarded on only configured interfaces (the interfaces in group **frankfurt**).

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay forward-snooped-clients]
user@host# set configured-interfaces
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show forwarding-options** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the instructions in this example to correct it. The following output also shows a range of configured interfaces in group **frankfurt**.

```
[edit]
regress@montag# show forwarding-options
dhcp-relay {
  forward-snooped-clients configured-interfaces;
  group frankfurt {
    overrides {
      allow-snooped-clients;
    }
    interface fe-1/0/1.3 {
      upto fe-1/0/1.9;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Snooping Support on page 237](#)

- [Configuring DHCP Snooping for DHCP Relay Agent on page 238](#)

Example: Enabling DHCP Snooping Support for DHCPv6 Relay Agent

Snooping support for DHCPv6 relay agent is disabled on the router by default. This example shows how to override the default DHCPv6 relay agent snooping configuration to explicitly enable DHCPv6 snooping for a named group of interfaces and for a specific interface within a different named group.



NOTE: You can also enable DHCPv6 snooping support globally by using the `allow-snooped-clients` statement at the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]` hierarchy level.

- [Requirements on page 283](#)
- [Overview on page 283](#)
- [Configuration on page 284](#)
- [Verification on page 286](#)

Requirements

This example uses the following hardware and software components:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers
- Junos OS Release 12.1

Before you begin:

- Configure DHCPv6 relay agent.

See [“DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview” on page 218](#)

- Configure named DHCPv6 relay agent interface groups to which you want to apply a common DHCP configuration.

See [“Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations” on page 159](#)

Overview

In this example, you override the default DHCPv6 relay agent snooping configuration to explicitly enable DHCP snooping for both of the following:

- All of the interfaces in the group named **boston**
- Interface **ge-3/2/1.1** in the group named **sunnyvale**

Configuration

To override the default DHCPv6 relay agent snooping configuration to explicitly enable DHCPv6 snooping for a named group of interfaces and for a specific interface within a named group, perform these tasks:

- [Enabling DHCPv6 Snooping Support for a Named Group of Interfaces on page 284](#)
- [Enabling DHCPv6 Snooping Support for a Specific Interface in a Named Group on page 285](#)

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group boston overrides allow-snooped-clients
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group sunnyvale interface ge-3/2/1.1 overrides
allow-snooped-clients
```

Enabling DHCPv6 Snooping Support for a Named Group of Interfaces

Step-by-Step Procedure

To enable DHCPv6 snooping support for a named group of interfaces:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
```
2. Specify the named group of interfaces for which you want to enable DHCPv6 snooping.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group boston
```
3. Specify that you want to override the default DHCPv6 configuration for the interfaces in that group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group boston]
user@host# edit overrides
```
4. Enable DHCPv6 snooping support for all interfaces in group **boston**.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group boston overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```

Results

From configuration mode, confirm the results of your configuration by issuing the **show** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# show
dhcpv6 {
  group boston {
    overrides {
```



```

        allow-snooped-clients;
    }
}

```

If you are done configuring the router, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Enabling DHCPv6 Snooping Support for a Specific Interface in a Named Group

- Step-by-Step Procedure** To enable DHCPv6 snooping support for a specific interface within a named group of interfaces:
- Return to the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** hierarchy level to specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent.


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group boston overrides]
user@host# up 2
```
 - Specify the named group containing the interface.


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group sunnyvale
```
 - Specify the interface in group **sunnyvale** for which you want to enable DHCPv6 snooping.


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group sunnyvale]
user@host# edit interface ge-3/2/1.1
```
 - Specify that you want to override the default DHCPv6 configuration for interface **ge-3/2/1.1** in group **sunnyvale**.


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group sunnyvale interface ge-3/2/1.1]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - Enable DHCPv6 snooping support for interface **ge-3/2/1.1** in group **sunnyvale**.


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group sunnyvale interface ge-3/2/1.1
overrides]
user@host# set allow-snooped-clients
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm the results of your configuration by issuing the **show** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```

[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# show
dhcpv6 {
  group boston {
    overrides {
      allow-snooped-clients;
    }
  }
  group sunnyvale {
    interface ge-3/2/1.1 {
      overrides {
        allow-snooped-clients;
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```
    }  
  }  
}
```

If you are done configuring the router, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To verify the DHCPv6 configuration in a multi-relay topology, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Address Bindings for DHCPv6 Relay Agent Clients on page 286](#)

Verifying the Address Bindings for DHCPv6 Relay Agent Clients

Purpose Verify the DHCPv6 address bindings in the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) client table.

Action Display detailed information about address bindings for DHCPv6 relay agent clients.

```
user@host > show dhcpv6 relay binding detail
```

```
Session Id: 13  
  Client IPv6 Prefix: 3000:0:0:8001::5/128  
  Client DUID: LL0x1-00:00:65:03:01:02  
  State: BOUND(DHCPV6_RELAY_STATE_BOUND)  
  Lease Expires: 2011-11-21 06:14:50 PST  
  Lease Expires in: 293 seconds  
  Lease Start: 2011-11-21 06:09:50 PST  
  Incoming Client Interface: ge-3/2/1.1  
  Server Address: unknown  
  Next Hop Server Facing Relay: 4000::2  
  Server Interface: none  
  Client Id Length: 10  
  Client Id: /0x00030001/0x00006503/0x0102
```

Meaning The **Server Address** field in the **show dhcpv6 relay binding detail** command output typically displays the IP address of the DHCPv6 server. In this example, the value **unknown** in the **Server Address** field indicates that this is a multi-relay topology in which the DHCPv6 relay agent is not directly adjacent to the DHCPv6 server, and does not detect the IP address of the server.

In that case, the output instead includes the **Next Hop Server Facing Relay** field, which displays the next-hop address in the direction of the DHCPv6 server.

- Related Documentation**
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218](#)
 - [DHCP Snooping Support on page 237](#)
 - [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)
 - [Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent on page 239](#)

Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Forward DHCP Client Traffic

This example extended DHCP relay agent configuration shows how to use the option 60 vendor-specific information in DHCP client packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers. A more detailed explanation follows the example.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
dhcp-relay {
  server-group {
    sp-1 {
      10.0.2.1;
    }
    sp-2 {
      10.33.2.1;
    }
    sp-3 {
      10.22.2.1;
    }
    sp-4 {
      10.10.2.1;
    }
  }
  active-server-group sp-1;
  relay-option-60 {
    vendor-option {
      equals {
        ascii motorola {
          relay-server-group sp-2;
        }
      }
      starts-with {
        hexadecimal ff {
          relay-server-group sp-3;
        }
      }
      default-relay-server-group sp-4;
    }
  }
  group all {
    interface fe-0/0/2.0;
  }
}
```

This example defines the following actions for DHCP client packets containing option 60 information:

- All packets that contain an exact match with the ASCII string “motorola” are relayed to server group **sp-2**.
- All packets that start with the hexadecimal string “ff” are relayed to server group **sp-3**.
- All packets that do not either exactly match the ASCII string “motorola” or start with the hexadecimal string “ff” are relayed to the default relay server group, **sp-4**.

DHCP client packets that do not contain option 60 information are relayed to the currently configured active server group, **sp-1**.

Server groups **sp-1**, **sp-2**, **sp-3**, and **sp-4** in this example are configured with the **server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259](#)
- [server-group on page 1566](#)

Example: Using Option 60 Strings to Drop DHCP Client Traffic

This example extended DHCP relay agent configuration shows how to use the option 60 vendor-specific information in DHCP client packets to drop client traffic. Specifying that certain DHCP client packets be dropped can be useful when DHCP clients request services that are invalid or no longer supported.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
dhcp-relay {
  server-group {
    sp-1 {
      10.0.2.1;
    }
  }
  active-server-group sp-1;
  relay-option-60 {
    vendor-option {
      drop;
    }
  }
  group all {
    interface fe-0/0/2.0;
  }
}
```

In this example, all DHCP client packets containing option 60 information are discarded (dropped), and all packets that do not contain option 60 information are relayed to the currently configured active server group, **sp-1**.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259](#)

Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients

This example shows how to configure liveness detection for DHCP relay agent subscribers using Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) as the liveness detection method.

- [Requirements on page 289](#)
- [Overview on page 289](#)
- [Configuration on page 289](#)

Requirements

- Juniper Networks MX Series routers.
- Junos OS Release 12.1R1 or later.
- Configure DHCP relay agent. See “[Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview](#)” on page 216.

Overview

In this example, you configure liveness detection for DHCP relay agent subscribers by completing the following operations:

1. Enable liveness detection globally for DHCP relay subscribers.
2. Specify BFD as the liveness detection method for all dynamically created DHCP relay subscribers.
3. Configure BFD-specific statements to define how the protocol behaves.
4. Configure the action the router takes when a liveness detection failure occurs.



NOTE: This example explains how to configure liveness detection for a DHCPv4 network. Liveness detection is also supported for DHCPv6 configurations. To configure DHCPv6 liveness detection, include the [liveness-detection](#) statement, and any subsequent configuration statements, at the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]` or `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name]` hierarchy level.

Configuration

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure liveness detection for DHCP relay:

1. Specify that you want to configure liveness detection.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit liveness-detection
```
2. Specify that you want to configure the liveness detection method.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection]
user@host# edit method
```
3. Specify BFD as the liveness detection method that you want DHCP to use.

- ```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method]
user@host# edit bfd
```
4. Configure the detection time threshold (in milliseconds) at which a trap is produced.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set detection-time threshold 50000
```
  5. Configure the time (in milliseconds) for which BFD holds a session up notification.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set holddown-interval 50
```
  6. Configure the BFD minimum transmit and receive interval (in milliseconds).  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set minimum-interval 45000
```
  7. Configure the minimum receive interval (in milliseconds).  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set minimum-receive-interval 60000
```
  8. Configure a multiplier value for the detection time.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set multiplier 100
```
  9. Disable the ability for BFD interval timers to change or adapt to network situations.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set no-adaptation
```
  10. Configure the BFD session mode.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set session-mode automatic
```
  11. Configure the threshold and minimum interval for the BFD transmit interval.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set transmit-interval threshold 60000 minimum-interval 45000
```
  12. Configure the BFD protocol version you want to detect.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd]
user@host# set version automatic
```
  13. Configure the action the router takes when a liveness detection failure occurs. In this example, the failure action is to clear the client session only when a liveness detection failure occurs and the local interface is detected as being up.  

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection]
user@host# edit failure-action action
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show forwarding-options** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the instructions in this example to correct it. The following output also shows a range of configured interfaces in group frankfurt.

```
[edit]
regress@montag# show forwarding-options
```

```
dhcp-relay {
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action clear-binding-if-interface-up;
 method {
 bfd {
 version automatic;
 minimum-interval 45000;
 minimum-receive-interval 60000;
 multiplier 100;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval 45000;
 threshold 60000;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold 50000;
 }
 session-mode automatic;
 holddown-interval 50;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 191](#)
- [Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity on page 255](#)





## PART 5

# PPP for Subscriber Access

- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Overview on page 295](#)
- [Configuring PPP for Subscriber Access on page 297](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Services for MLPPP Interfaces on page 301](#)



# Dynamic Profiles for PPP Overview

- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 295](#)

## Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview

---

Subscriber management PPP support enables you to create and attach dynamic profiles for PPP subscriber interfaces. When the PPP subscriber logs in, the router instantiates the specified dynamic profile and then applies the attributes defined in the profile to the interface.

Dynamic profiles are used for both static and dynamic PPP interfaces. For static PPP interfaces, you use the CLI to attach dynamic profiles, which specify PPP options. For dynamic PPP interfaces, the dynamic profile creates the interface, including the PPP options.



**NOTE:** Dynamically created interfaces are supported only on PPPoE interfaces.

Unlike traditional PPP support, subscriber management does not allow bi-directional PPP authentication—authentication is performed only by the router, never by the remote peer. The router's AAA process manages authentication and address assignment for subscriber management. When you configure PPP options for a dynamic profile, you can configure either CHAP or PAP authentication, but you do not configure any additional options under either the CHAP or PAP stanza. Also, other PPP options, which are either commonly used or mandatory for a traditional PPP interface configuration, are not supported in subscriber management dynamic profiles.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298](#)
- [Verifying and Managing PPP Configuration for Subscriber Management on page 300](#)
- [Example: Minimum PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 535](#)



# Configuring PPP for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298](#)
- [Understanding How the Router Processes Subscriber-Initiated PPP Fast Keepalive Requests on page 299](#)
- [Verifying and Managing PPP Configuration for Subscriber Management on page 300](#)

## Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers

---

You can configure a dynamic profile that includes PPP authentication that enables PPP clients to dynamically access the network. You can specify either CHAP or PAP authentication.

For dynamic interfaces, the router supports unidirectional authentication only—the router always functions as the authenticator. When you configure PPP authentication in a dynamic profile, the **pap** and **chap** statements do not support any additional configuration options, including the **passive** statement.



**NOTE:** Dynamic profiles for PPP subscribers are supported only on PPPoE interfaces.

To configure authentication in a dynamic profile for PPP subscriber interfaces:

1. Name the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles vod-profile-25
```

2. Configure the interfaces and unit for the dynamic profile. Use **pp0** for the interface type and the Junos predefined variable for the unit.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles vod-profile-25]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
```

3. Configure PPP options.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles vod-profile-25 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit ppp-options
```

4. Specify the authentication protocol used in the dynamic profile. You can configure either CHAP or PAP. There are no additional options for either authentication protocol.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles vod-profile-25 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
 ppp-options]
user@host# set chap
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 295](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Example: Minimum PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 535](#)
- [Verifying and Managing PPP Configuration for Subscriber Management on page 300](#)

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## Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces

---

You can attach a dynamic profile to a static PPP subscriber interface. When a PPP subscriber logs in, the specified dynamic profile is instantiated and the services defined in the profile are applied to the interface.

To attach a dynamic profile to a static PPP subscriber interface:

1. Specify that you want to configure PPP options.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 0]
user@host# edit ppp-options
```

2. Specify the dynamic profile you want to associate with the interface.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 0 ppp-options]
user@host# set dynamic-profile vod-profile-50
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 295](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Example: Minimum PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 535](#)
- [Verifying and Managing PPP Configuration for Subscriber Management on page 300](#)

---

## Understanding How the Router Processes Subscriber-Initiated PPP Fast Keepalive Requests

---

On MX Series routers with Modular Port Concentrators/Modular Interface Cards (MPCs/MICs), the Packet Forwarding Engine on an MPC/MIC processes and responds to Link Control Protocol (LCP) Echo-Request packets that the PPP subscriber (client) initiates and sends to the router. LCP Echo-Request packets and LCP Echo-Reply packets are part of the PPP keepalive mechanism that helps determine whether a link is functioning properly.

Previously, LCP Echo-Request packets and LCP Echo-Reply packets were handled on an MX Series router by the Routing Engine. Support for the PPP fast keepalive feature enables the Packet Forwarding Engine on the MPC/MIC to receive LCP Echo-Request packets from the PPP subscriber and transmit LCP Echo-Reply packets in response, without having to send the LCP packets to the Routing Engine for processing. The mechanism by which LCP Echo-Request packets are processed by the Packet Forwarding Engine instead of by the Routing Engine is referred to as *PPP fast keepalive*.

Relieving the Routing Engine of having to process LCP Echo-Request packets provides increased bandwidth on the router to support a larger number of subscribers with improved performance.

- [How PPP Fast Keepalive Processing Works on page 299](#)
- [Statistics Display for PPP Fast Keepalive on page 300](#)

### How PPP Fast Keepalive Processing Works

You do not need any special configuration on an MX Series router with MPCs/MICs to enable processing of PPP fast keepalive requests on the Packet Forwarding Engine. The feature is enabled by default, and cannot be disabled.

The following sequence describes how an MX Series router processes LCP Echo-Request packets and LCP Echo-Reply packets on the Packet Forwarding Engine on the MPC/MIC:

1. The Routing Engine notifies the Packet Forwarding Engine when transmission of keepalive requests is enabled on a PPP logical interface. The notification includes the magic numbers of both the server and the remote client.
2. The Packet Forwarding Engine receives the LCP Echo-Request packet initiated by the PPP subscriber (client).
3. The Packet Forwarding Engine validates the peer magic number in the LCP Echo-Request packet, and transmits the corresponding LCP Echo-Reply packet containing the magic number negotiated by the router.
4. If the Packet Forwarding Engine detects a loop condition in the link, it sends the LCP Echo-Request packet to the Routing Engine for further processing.

The Routing Engine continues to process LCP Echo-Request packets until the loop condition is cleared.

Transmission of keepalive requests from the Packet Forwarding Engine on the router is not currently enabled.

### Statistics Display for PPP Fast Keepalive

When an MX Series router with MPCs/MICs is using PPP fast keepalive for a PPP link, the **Keepalive statistics** field in the output of the **show interfaces pp0.logical statistics** operational command does not include statistics for the number of keepalive packets received or sent, or the amount of time since the router received or sent the last keepalive packet.

#### Related Documentation

- Configuring Keepalives in [Junos OS Interfaces Fundamentals Configuration Guide](#)
- Disabling the Sending of PPPoE Keepalive Messages in [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

---

## Verifying and Managing PPP Configuration for Subscriber Management

**Purpose** View or clear information about PPP configuration for subscriber management.

**Action** • To display information about PPP interfaces:

user@host> **show ppp interface**

• To display PPP statistics information:

user@host> **show ppp statistics**

• To display PPP session summary information:

user@host> **show ppp summary**

#### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 295](#)
- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)



# Configuring Subscriber Services for MLPPP Interfaces

- [Dynamic PPP Subscriber Services for Static MLPPP Interfaces on page 301](#)
- [Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302](#)
- [Configuring PPP Subscriber Services for MLPPP Bundles on page 302](#)
- [Enabling PPP Subscriber Services for Static Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 303](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to MLPPP Bundles on page 303](#)

## Dynamic PPP Subscriber Services for Static MLPPP Interfaces

---

Dynamic subscriber services are supported for MLPPP bundle interfaces, with certain interface and hardware restrictions. See [“Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces” on page 302](#). Multiclass MLPPP (MCML) enables the relative prioritization of up to eight classes of traffic over an MLPPP bundle, but only on link services intelligent queuing (IQ) (LSQ) interfaces.

RADIUS previously supported only authentication for MLPPP. Address management, service deactivation, and dynamic selection of subscriber properties based on RADIUS user ID are now also supported.

RADIUS can dynamically allocate IPv4 addresses for MLPPP connections. When the first subscriber logs in, an address is allocated. The same address is allocated to all links in a bundle. Any other address provided for any of the links is ignored. The IP address is released for re-allocation when the last member link in a bundle logs out. Similar to the address allocation, the services configured for the first subscriber to log in are configured for all subsequent subscribers in the bundle.

The Acct-Multi-Session-Id [50] attribute enables RADIUS to link multiple related sessions into a single log file. RADIUS uses the session database (SDB) bundle session ID for the value of Acct-Multi-Session-Id. This bundle ID enables RADIUS to initiate a disconnect for an entire bundle. By tracking the member link sessions, RADIUS is also able to disconnect the individual member links in a bundle.

The Acct-Link-Count [51] attribute records the number of links present in a multilink session at the time the accounting record is generated.

- Related Documentation**
- [Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302](#)
  - [Configuring PPP Subscriber Services for MLPPP Bundles on page 302](#)

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## Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces

PPP subscriber services are supported for MLPPP bundle interfaces. These services require the following hardware:

- M120 router or M320 router
- Channelized DS3/E3 Enhanced IP PIC (PB-4CHDS3-E3-IQE-BNC) to support MLPPP subscriber access
- An Adaptive Services PIC or Multiservices PIC to support subscriber services on LSQ MLPPP bundle interfaces

Subscriber services are not supported for single-link PPP interfaces with this hardware.

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic PPP Subscriber Services for Static MLPPP Interfaces on page 301](#)

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## Configuring PPP Subscriber Services for MLPPP Bundles

You can configure PPP subscriber services for static LSQ MLPPP bundle interfaces.

To configure PPP subscriber services for static LSQ MLPPP bundle interfaces:

1. Enable PPP subscriber services for the interfaces.  
[See “Enabling PPP Subscriber Services for Static Non-Ethernet Interfaces” on page 303.](#)
2. Attach a dynamic profile to the MLPPP bundle interface.  
[See “Attaching Dynamic Profiles to MLPPP Bundles” on page 303.](#)

- Related Documentation**
- [Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302](#)
  - [Example: Minimum MLPPP Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
  - [Example: Configuring CoS on Static LSQ MLPPP Bundle Interfaces on page 618](#)

## Enabling PPP Subscriber Services for Static Non-Ethernet Interfaces

You can enable PPP subscriber services for certain non-Ethernet interface types on particular associated PICs. Supported interfaces are listed in [“Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces” on page 302](#).

To enable PPP subscriber services on supported non-Ethernet interfaces:

- Configure PPP subscriber services.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# set ppp-subscriber-services enable
```

To disable PPP subscriber services on supported non-Ethernet interfaces:

- Disable PPP subscriber services.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# set ppp-subscriber-services disable
```

### Related Documentation

- For hardware requirements, see [Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302](#)
- [Configuring PPP Subscriber Services for MLPPP Bundles on page 302](#)

## Attaching Dynamic Profiles to MLPPP Bundles

You can attach a dynamic profile to a static MLPPP bundle interface. When a PPP subscriber logs in on a member link, the specified dynamic profile is instantiated and the services defined in the profile are applied to the LSQ bundle interface.

To attach a dynamic profile to a static LSQ MLPPP bundle interface:

1. Specify that you want to configure PPP options.

```
[edit interfaces lsq-3/3/0 unit 0]
user@host# edit ppp-options
```

2. Specify the dynamic profile you want to associate with the interface.

```
[edit interfaces lsq-3/3/0 unit 0 ppp-options]
user@host# set dynamic-profile vod-profile-50
```

### Related Documentation

- [Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302](#)
- [Configuring PPP Subscriber Services for MLPPP Bundles on page 302](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 295](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring PPP Subscriber Services for MLPPP Bundles on page 302](#)

- [Example: Minimum MLPPP Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: Configuring CoS on Static LSQ MLPPP Bundle Interfaces on page 618](#)

## PART 6

# L2TP for Subscriber Access

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)
- [Configuring L2TP for Subscriber Access on page 319](#)



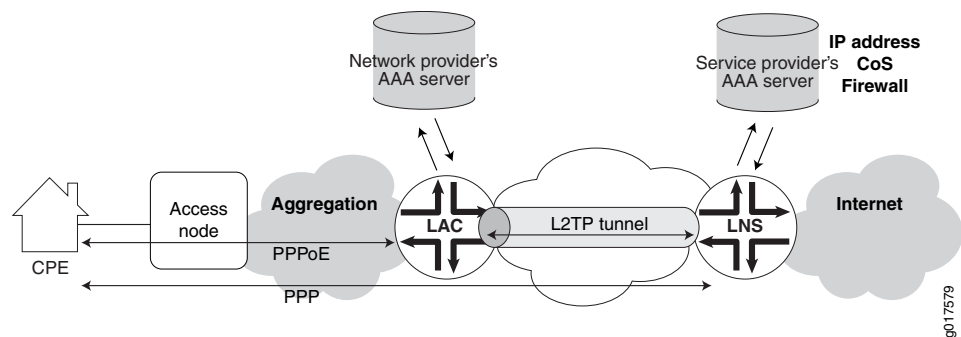
# L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)
- [L2TP Terminology on page 309](#)
- [L2TP Implementation on page 310](#)
- [LAC Tunnel Selection Overview on page 312](#)
- [L2TP Failover and Peer Resynchronization on page 315](#)
- [L2TP and Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 316](#)

## L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview

The Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is a client-server protocol that allows the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) to be tunneled across a network. L2TP encapsulates Layer 2 packets, such as PPP, for transmission across a network. An L2TP access concentrator (LAC), configured on an access device, receives packets from a remote client and forwards them to an L2TP network server (LNS) on a remote network. The LNS functions as the logical termination point of the PPP session tunneled by the LAC from the remote client. [Figure 5 on page 307](#) shows a simple L2TP topology.

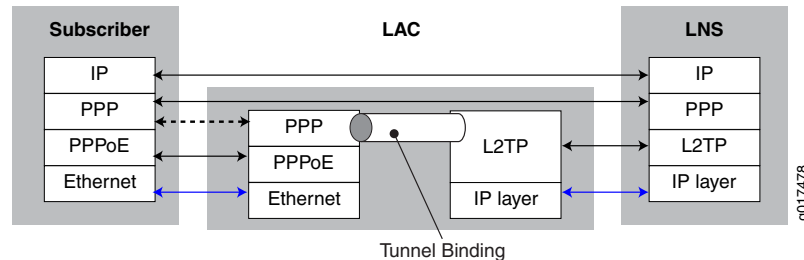
**Figure 5: Typical L2TP Topology**



L2TP separates the termination of access technologies, such as cable or xDSL, from the termination of PPP and subsequent access to a network. This separation enables public ISPs to outsource their access technologies to competitive local exchange carriers (CLECs). L2TP provides ISPs the capability to supply VPN service; private enterprises can reduce or avoid investment in access technologies for remote workers.

You can configure your router to act as the LAC in PPP pass-through mode in which the LAC receives packets from a remote client and then forwards them at Layer 2 directly to the LNS. The PPP session is terminated on the LNS. This LAC implementation supports only Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) subscribers over dynamic or static logical interfaces. [Figure 6 on page 308](#) shows the protocol layer stacking for an L2TP pass-through connection.

**Figure 6: Protocol Stacking for L2TP Subscribers in Pass-Through Mode**



**NOTE:** On MX Series routers, L2TP is supported only on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers. It is not supported on MX80 routers.

On MX Series routers, the LAC and LNS functions are supported only on MPCs; they are not supported on any services PIC or MS-DPC. Certain M Series routers support LNS functions on services PICs. For more information about the L2TP implementation on M Series routers, see the [Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

The LAC dynamically creates tunnels based on AAA authentication parameters and transmits L2TP packets to the LNS by means of the IP/User Datagram Protocol (UDP). Traffic travels in an L2TP *session*; a tunnel is an aggregation of one or more sessions. You can also provision a domain map that is used by AAA to determine whether to tunnel or terminate the PPPoE subscriber on the LAC. A one-to-one mapping exists between each PPP subscriber tunneled to the LNS and an L2TP session.

When the LNS is an MX Series router, a LAC-facing peer interface on an MPC provides an IP address for the exchange of IP packets between the tunnel endpoints; the Routing Engine maintains the L2TP tunnels. The Packet Forwarding Engine hosts one or more inline services (si) interfaces. These interfaces function like a virtual physical interface and *anchor* the L2TP sessions on the LNS. The si interface enables L2TP services without requiring a special services PIC. Finally, another interface is used to transmit the subscriber data to and from the Internet.

The characteristics of the tunnel can originate either from a tunnel profile that you configure or from RADIUS tunnel attributes and vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) from the AAA server accessible at the LAC. You can include a tunnel profile in a domain map, which applies the tunnel profile before RADIUS authentication takes place. You can use RADIUS standard attributes and VSAs to override any or all characteristics configured by the tunnel profile in a domain map. Alternatively, RADIUS can itself apply a tunnel profile when the RADIUS Tunnel-Group VSA [26-64] is specified in the RADIUS login.



The Virtual-Router VSA [26-1] in the subscriber profile on the service provider AAA server (accessible from the LNS) determines the routing instance in which the L2TP session is brought up on the LNS. When this VSA is not present, the subscriber session comes up in the same routing instance as the tunnel, because the AAA server can be accessed only from the routing instance in which the tunnel terminates on the LNS.

This behavior is different than for DHCP and non-tunneled PPPoE subscribers, which come up in the default routing instance in the absence of the Virtual-Router VSA. For L2TP subscribers, you must include this VSA in the subscriber profile when you want the subscriber session to come up in a different routing instance than the tunnel routing instance.

The LAC supports RADIUS-initiated mirroring, which creates secure policies based on certain RADIUS VSAs, and uses RADIUS attributes to identify a subscriber whose traffic is to be mirrored. (This feature is not supported for an LNS configured on an MX Series router.)

The LAC supports unified ISSU. When an upgrade is initiated, the LAC completes any L2TP negotiations that are in progress but rejects any new negotiations until the upgrade has completed. No new tunnels or sessions are established during the upgrade. Subscriber logouts are recorded during the upgrade and are completed after the upgrade has completed. The LNS does not support unified ISSU. When LNS destinations exist, the LNS gracefully rejects the upgrade and the unified ISSU does not proceed.

#### Related Documentation

- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 56](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321](#)
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy and L2TP LAC Subscribers on page 985](#)
- [Unified ISSU Concepts](#)

## L2TP Terminology

Table 41 on page 309 describes the basic terms for L2TP.

**Table 41: L2TP Terms**

| Term | Description                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AVP  | Attribute value pair (AVP)—Combination of a unique attribute—represented by an integer—and a value containing the actual value identified by the attribute.                                             |
| Call | A connection (or attempted connection) between a remote system and the LAC.                                                                                                                             |
| LAC  | L2TP access concentrator (LAC)—A node that acts as one side of an L2TP tunnel endpoint and is a peer to the LNS. The LAC sits between an LNS and a remote system and forwards packets to and from each. |

Table 41: L2TP Terms (*continued*)

| Term                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LNS                  | L2TP network server (LNS)—A node that acts as one side of an L2TP tunnel endpoint and is a peer to the LAC. The LNS is the logical termination point of a PPP connection that is being tunneled from the remote system by the LAC.                                            |
| Peer                 | In the L2TP context, either the LAC or LNS. The LAC's peer is an LNS, and vice versa.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Proxy authentication | PPP pre-authentication performed by the LAC on behalf of the LNS. The proxy data is sent by the LAC to the LNS containing attributes such as authentication type, authentication name, and authentication challenge. The LNS responds with the authentication results.        |
| Proxy LCP            | Link Control Protocol (LCP) negotiation that is performed by the LAC on behalf of the LNS. The proxy is sent by the LAC to the LNS containing attributes such as the last configuration attributes sent and received from the client.                                         |
| Remote system        | An end system or router attached to a remote access network, which is either the initiator or recipient of a call.                                                                                                                                                            |
| Session              | A logical connection created between the LAC and the LNS when an end-to-end PPP connection is established between a remote system and the LNS.<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> There is a one-to-one relationship between established L2TP sessions and their associated PPP connections. |
| Tunnel               | A connection between the LAC-LNS pair consisting of a control connection and 0 or more L2TP sessions.                                                                                                                                                                         |

**Related Documentation**

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)

## L2TP Implementation

L2TP is implemented on four levels:

- Source—The local router acting as the LAC.
- Destination—The remote router acting as the LNS.
- Tunnel—A direct path between the LAC and the LNS.
- Session—A PPP connection in a tunnel.

When the router has established destinations, tunnels, and sessions, you can control the L2TP traffic. Making a change to a destination affects all tunnels and sessions to that destination; making a change to a tunnel affects all sessions in that tunnel. For example, closing a destination closes all tunnels and sessions to that destination.

## Sequence of Events on the LAC

The router acting as the LAC creates destinations, tunnels, and sessions dynamically, as follows:

1. The client initiates a PPP connection with the router.
2. The router and the client exchange Link Control Protocol (LCP) packets. The LAC negotiates on behalf of the LNS; this is known as *proxy LCP*.
3. The LAC authenticates the client on behalf of the LNS; this is known as *proxy authentication*. By using either a local database related to the domain name or RADIUS authentication, the router determines either to terminate or to tunnel the PPP connection.
4. If the router discovers that it should tunnel the session, it does the following:
  - a. Sets up a new destination or selects an existing destination.
  - b. Sets up a new tunnel or selects an existing tunnel.

When a shared secret is configured in either the tunnel profile or the RADIUS attribute Tunnel-Password [69]—depending on which method is used to configure the tunnel—the secret is used to authenticate the tunnel during the establishment phase. The LAC includes the Challenge AVP in the SCCRP message sent to the LNS. The LNS returns the Challenge Response AVP in the SCCRP message. If the response from the LNS does not match the value expected by the LAC, then tunnel authentication fails and the tunnel is not established.

- c. Opens a new session.
5. The router forwards the results of the LCP negotiations and authentication to the LNS.

A PPP connection now exists between the client and the LNS.



**NOTE:** The router discards received packets if the size of the variable-length, optional offset pad field in the L2TP header is too large. The router always supports packets that have an offset pad field of up to 16 bytes, and may support larger offset pad fields, depending on other information in the header. This restriction is a possible, although unlikely, cause of excessive discarding of L2TP packets.

## Sequence of Events on the LNS

A router acting as an LNS might be set up as follows:

1. The LAC initiates a tunnel with the router acting as the LNS.
2. The LNS verifies that a tunnel with this LAC is valid: the destination is configured, the hostname and the tunnel password are correct.
3. The LNS completes the tunnel setup with the LAC.

4. The LAC sets up a session and initiates a session request to the LNS.
5. The LNS uses a static interface or creates a dynamic interface to anchor the PPP session.
6. If they are enabled and present, the LNS accepts the proxy LCP and the proxy authentication data and passes them to PPP.
7. PPP processes the proxy LCP, if it is present, and, if the proxy LCP is acceptable, places LCP on the LNS in opened state without renegotiation of LCP.
8. PPP processes the proxy authentication data, if it is present, and passes the data to AAA for verification. (If the data is not present, PPP requests the data from the peer.)



**NOTE:** When the proxy LCP is not present or not acceptable, the LNS negotiates LCP with the peer. When LCP renegotiation is enabled on the LNS, the LNS ignores any pre-negotiated LCP parameters and renegotiates both the LCP parameters and PPP authentication with the PPP client.

9. The LNS passes the authentication results to the peer.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)

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## LAC Tunnel Selection Overview

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L2TP enables you to specify:

- Up to 31 destinations for a domain.
- Up to eight levels of preference. Preference indicates the order in which the router attempts to connect to the destinations specified for a domain. Zero (0) is the highest level of preference.
- Up to 31 destinations for a single preference level.

When the LAC determines that a PPP session should be tunneled, it selects a tunnel from a set of tunnels associated with either the PPP user or the PPP user's domain. The router provides the following methods for selecting tunnels:

- Tunnel selection failover between preference levels (the default behavior)
- Tunnel selection failover within a preference level
- Maximum sessions per tunnel
- Weighted load balancing

### Tunnel Selection Failover Between Preference Levels

When a user tries to log in to a domain, in the default method, the router attempts to connect to a destination in that domain by means of the associated tunnel with the highest preference level. If more than one destination is considered reachable by a tunnel

in the preference level, the router randomly selects a destination and attempts to contact it through its associated tunnel at that level. If the router is unsuccessful, it marks the destination as unreachable and does not try to connect to that destination for five minutes. The router then moves to the next lower preference level and repeats the process.

For example, suppose that there are three destinations for a domain and a tunnel has been defined for each destination: A, B, and C. All destinations are considered reachable, and the preference levels for the tunnels are assigned as follows:

- A at preference 0
- B at preference 1
- C at preference 2

When a PPP user tries to connect to the domain, the router initially attempts to reach a destination by a tunnel at preference level 0. In this example, that is destination A. If this connection attempt fails, the router excludes destination A for five minutes and goes to the next level (preference 1) to reach a destination for the domain. At level 1, it attempts to connect to destination B. If the second connection attempt also fails, the router excludes destination B in addition to the already excluded destination A. The router goes to the next level (preference 2), and attempts to connect to destination C, the only destination in the domain that is still available. If that attempt also fails, the router has attempted to connect to every tunnel available for the domain. When the exclusion period for destination A expires, the router can attempt again to connect to destination A, and so on.

Although the five-minute timer typically prevents an unreachable destination from being tried until the timer expires, the timer is ignored in some circumstances. For example, if all destinations at a preference level are marked as unreachable when a user tries to log in to a domain, the router chooses and attempts to connect to the destination that failed first and therefore has the shortest time remaining until the timer expires. The key is to understand that the router always chooses a single destination at each level of preference, even if all destinations have recently failed.

If more than one destination for the domain is present at a preference level, the router randomly selects among them. If the router fails to connect to a destination at all preference levels with destinations for the domain, it cycles back to the highest level that still has a destination not excluded by an attempt.

For example, suppose that again there are three destinations for a domain and a tunnel has been defined for each destination: A, B, and C. All destinations are considered reachable, but the tunnels are distributed among the preference levels as follows:

- A and B at preference 0
- C at preference 1

If a PPP user tries to connect to the domain, the router randomly selects between A and B at level 0. Suppose it selects B, but the connection attempt fails. The router excludes destination B for five minutes and goes to the next level (preference 1) to reach a destination for the domain. At level 1, it attempts to connect to destination C. If the second

connection attempt also fails, the router excludes destination C in addition to the already excluded destination B. The router cycles back to preference level 0. If destination B is still excluded, it attempts to connect to destination A. If the exclusion period for destination B has expired, then the router once again randomly selects between A and B to attempt a connection.

### Tunnel Selection Failover Within a Preference Level

When tunnel selection failover within a preference level is configured, if the router tries to connect to a destination and is unsuccessful, it selects a new destination at the same preference level. If all destinations at a preference level are marked as unreachable, the router does not attempt to connect to a destination at that level. It drops to the next lower preference level to select a destination.

If all destinations at all preference levels are marked as unreachable, the router chooses the destination that failed first and tries to make a connection. If the connection fails, the router rejects the PPP user session without attempting to contact the remote router.

For example, suppose that there are four destinations for a domain and a tunnel has been defined for each destination: A, B, C, and D. All destinations are considered reachable, and the preference levels for the tunnels are assigned as follows:

- A and B at preference 0
- C and D at preference 1

When the router attempts to connect to the domain, suppose it randomly selects tunnel B from preference 0. If it fails to connect to the destination, the router excludes tunnel B for five minutes and attempts to connect to a destination with tunnel A. If this attempt also fails, the router drops to preference level 1. Then suppose the router randomly selects tunnel C. If it also fails to connect to a destination with tunnel C, the router excludes tunnel C for five minutes and attempts to connect with tunnel D. If this connection attempt fails, then the router attempts to use tunnel B again, the original selection. If that attempt fails, the user session is rejected.

### Tunnel Selection and Maximum Sessions per Tunnel

When the maximum number of sessions allowed per tunnel is configured, the router takes that setting into consideration during the tunnel selection process. The maximum number of sessions per tunnel can be configured through a RADIUS Tunnel-Max-Sessions VSA [26-64] or by including the **max-sessions** statement in a tunnel profile.

If a randomly selected tunnel has a current session count equal to its maximum session count, the router does not attempt to connect to a destination with that tunnel. Instead, it selects an alternate tunnel from the set of reachable tunnels at the same preference level. If no additional reachable tunnels exist at the current preference level, the router drops to the next lower preference level to make the selection. This process is consistent, regardless of which fail-over scheme is currently running on the router.

If the maximum number of sessions is not configured for a tunnel, then that tunnel has no upper limit on the number of sessions it can support. By default, the maximum sessions value is 0 (zero), which allows unlimited sessions in the tunnel.

## Tunnel Selection with Weighted Load Balancing

The maximum sessions value for a tunnel is used for weighted load balancing to select among multiple tunnels with the same preference level.

The weight of a tunnel is determined by the tunnel's maximum session limit and the maximum session limits of the other tunnels at the same preference level. The tunnel with the largest maximum session value has the largest weight. The tunnel with the next largest maximum session value has the next largest weight, and so on. The tunnel with the smallest maximum session value has the smallest weight.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters on page 323](#)

## L2TP Failover and Peer Resynchronization

L2TP failover enables a failed L2TP endpoint to resynchronize with its nonfailed peer during recovery and restart of the L2TP protocol on the failed endpoint. L2TP failover is enabled by default.

The failover and L2TP peer resynchronization process does all of the following:

- Prevents the nonfailed endpoint from prematurely terminating a tunnel while the failed endpoint is recovering.
- Reestablishes the sequence numbers required for the operation of the L2TP control protocol.
- Resolves inconsistencies in the tunnel and session databases of the failed endpoint and the nonfailed endpoint.

The router supports both the L2TP failover protocol method (described in *RFC 4951, Fail Over Extensions for Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) "failover"*) and the L2TP silent failover method. The differences between these two methods are as follows:

- With the L2TP failover protocol method, both endpoints must support the method or recovery always fails. The L2TP failover protocol method also requires a nonfailed endpoint to wait an additional recovery time period while the failed endpoint is recovering to prevent the nonfailed endpoint from prematurely disconnecting the tunnel. The additional recovery period delays the detection of tunnel keepalive failures.
- Silent failover operates entirely within the failed endpoint and does not require nonfailed endpoint support—this improves interoperability between peers. Silent failover does not require additional recovery time by the nonfailed endpoint, which also eliminates the potential for degraded responsiveness to the loss of tunnel connectivity.

The default resynchronization method in Junos OS is

*failover-protocol-fall-back-to-silent-failover*. The recovery method used depends on the results of the failover capability negotiation that takes place between L2TP peers when they establish a tunnel, which works as follows:

- L2TP on the LAC by default attempts to negotiate the L2TP failover protocol first. When L2TP determines that the remote peer supports the L2TP failover protocol, then the L2TP failover protocol method is used.
- When L2TP determines that the remote peer does not support the L2TP failover protocol, then the L2TP silent failover method is used. Falling back on this secondary method prevents the failover from forcing a disconnection of the tunnel to the peer and all its sessions.

You can change the default behavior by including the **disable-failover-protocol** statement at the **[edit services l2tp]** hierarchy level. This statement forces the LAC to operate only in silent failover mode. This configuration can be useful when routers that act as the LNS either are configured for silent failover or incorrectly negotiate use of the failover protocol even though they do not support it. However, when you issue this statement and the LNS supports only failover protocol, then the LAC cannot negotiate failover protocol, and recovery (failover protocol recovery initiated by the LNS) always fails.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [L2TP and Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 316](#)
- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)

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## L2TP and Graceful Routing Engine Switchover

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Graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) is supported on MX Series routers acting as either the L2TP LAC or LNS. In the event that L2TP (the l2tp-universal-edge process) restarts or that the router fails over from the active routing engine (RE) to the standby RE, L2TP graceful Routing Engine switchover ensures that the following occurs:

- The LAC and the LNS recover destinations, tunnels, and sessions that were already established at the time of the failure or restart.
- The LAC and the LNS respond to tunnel keepalive requests received during the switchover for established tunnels, but do not generate any keepalives until the switchover is complete.
- The LAC and the LNS delete all the tunnels and sessions that are not in the Established state.
- The LAC and the LNS reject requests to create new tunnels and sessions.
- The LAC and the LNS send another disconnect notification to the peer for sessions and tunnels that are already in the Disconnecting state at the time of the failure or restart. For sessions and tunnels that were coming up at that time, the LAC and LNS send a disconnect notification to the peer.
- The LAC and the LNS restart timers for the full timeout period for recovered L2TP destinations, tunnels, and sessions.





**NOTE:** Graceful Routing Engine switchover is supported only by L2TP LAC and LNS on MX Series routers. It is not supported by L2TP LNS on M Series routers.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [L2TP Failover and Peer Resynchronization on page 315](#)
- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)



# Configuring L2TP for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)
- [Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321](#)
- [Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters on page 323](#)
- [Configuring LAC Tunnel Selection Failover Within a Preference Level on page 323](#)
- [Configuring Weighted Load Balancing for LAC Tunnel Sessions on page 324](#)
- [Preventing the LAC from Sending Calling Number AVP 22 to the LNS on page 325](#)
- [Configuring the Method to Set the LAC Connection Speeds to the LNS on page 325](#)
- [Preventing the LAC From Negotiating L2TP Failover Protocol on page 326](#)
- [Setting the Format for the Tunnel Name on page 326](#)
- [Configuring the Number of L2TP Control Message Retransmissions on page 327](#)
- [Setting the L2TP Tunnel Idle Timeout on page 328](#)
- [Setting the L2TP Destruct Timeout on page 329](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)
- [Configuring a AAA Local Access Profile on the LNS on page 333](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for L2TP LNS with Inline Services on page 333](#)
- [Configuring the L2TP LNS Peer Interface on page 335](#)
- [Enabling Inline Service Interfaces on page 336](#)
- [Configuring an Inline Service Interface for L2TP LNS on page 336](#)
- [Configuring Options for the LNS Inline Services Logical Interface on page 337](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337](#)
- [Configuring a Pool of Inline Services Interfaces for Dynamic LNS Sessions on page 339](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Dynamic LNS Sessions on page 340](#)
- [Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341](#)
- [Configuring the L2TP Trace Log Filename on page 342](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of L2TP Log Files on page 342](#)

- [Configuring Access to the L2TP Log File on page 343](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for L2TP Messages to Be Logged on page 343](#)
- [Configuring the L2TP Tracing Flags on page 344](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which L2TP Messages Are Logged on page 344](#)
- [Verifying and Managing L2TP for Subscriber Access on page 344](#)
- [Testing L2TP Tunnel Configurations from the LAC on page 345](#)
- [Example: Configuring an L2TP LNS on page 347](#)

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## Configuring an L2TP LAC

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To configure an L2TP LAC:

1. Configure a tunnel profile to apply to subscribers.  
[See “Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access” on page 321.](#)
2. (Optional) Configure the method used for selecting among multiple tunnels.
  - [See “Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters” on page 323.](#)
  - [See “Configuring Weighted Load Balancing for LAC Tunnel Sessions” on page 324.](#)
  - [See “Configuring LAC Tunnel Selection Failover Within a Preference Level” on page 323.](#)
3. (Optional) Configure the LAC to not send Calling Number AVP 22 to the LNS.  
[See “Preventing the LAC from Sending Calling Number AVP 22 to the LNS” on page 325.](#)
4. (Optional) Specify the method for setting the transmit and receive connect speeds.  
[See “Configuring the Method to Set the LAC Connection Speeds to the LNS” on page 325.](#)
5. (Optional) Disable negotiation of the L2TP failover protocol to force use of only the silent failover resynchronization mechanism.  
[See “Preventing the LAC From Negotiating L2TP Failover Protocol” on page 326.](#)
6. (Optional) Specify the format for the tunnel name.  
[“Setting the Format for the Tunnel Name” on page 326.](#)
7. (Optional) Specify how many times L2TP retransmits unacknowledged control messages.  
[See “Configuring the Number of L2TP Control Message Retransmissions” on page 327.](#)
8. (Optional) Specify how long a tunnel can remain idle before being torn down.  
[See “Setting the L2TP Tunnel Idle Timeout” on page 328.](#)
9. (Optional) Specify how long the L2TP retains information about terminated dynamic tunnels, sessions, and destinations.  
[See “Setting the L2TP Destruct Timeout” on page 329.](#)
10. (Optional) Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.

See “Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access” on page 341

## Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access

The tunnel profile specifies a set of attributes to characterize the tunnel. The profile can be applied by a domain map or automatically when the tunnel is created.



**NOTE:** RADIUS attributes and VSAs can override the values you configured by a tunnel profile in a domain map. In the absence of a domain map, RADIUS can supply all the characteristics of a tunnel. The steps in the following procedure list the corresponding standard RADIUS attribute or VSA that you can configure on your RADIUS server to modify or configure the tunnel profile.

RADIUS-supplied attributes are associated with a tunnel by a tag carried in the attribute, which matches the tunnel identifier. A tag of 0 indicates the tag is not used. If L2TP receives a RADIUS attribute with a tag of 0, the attribute cannot be merged with the tunnel profile configuration corresponding to the subscriber domain because a tunnel profile cannot provide a tunnel tag (tunnel identifier) of 0. Only tags in the range of 1 through 31 are supported.

To configure a tunnel definition for a tunnel profile:

1. Specify the tunnel profile for which you are defining a tunnel. (Tunnel-Group [26-64])

```
[edit access]
user@host# set tunnel-profile profile-name
```

2. Specify an identifier (name) for the L2TP control connection for the tunnel.

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name]
user@host# set tunnel tunnel-id
```

3. Configure the IP address of the local L2TP tunnel endpoint, the LAC. (Tunnel-Client-Endpoint [66])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set source-gateway address client-ip-address
```

4. Configure the IP address of the remote L2TP tunnel endpoint, the LNS. (Tunnel-Server-Endpoint [67])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set remote-gateway address server-ip-address
```

5. (Optional) Configure the preference level for the tunnel. (Tunnel-Preference [83])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set preference number
```

6. (Optional) Configure the hostname of the local client (LAC). (Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id [90])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set source-gateway gateway-name client-name
```

7. (Optional) Configure the hostname of the remote server (LNS). (Tunnel-Server-Auth-Id [91])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set remote-gateway gateway-name server-name
```

8. (Optional) Specify the medium (network) type for the tunnel. (Tunnel-Medium-Type [65])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set medium type
```

9. (Optional) Specify the protocol type for the tunnel. (Tunnel-Type [64])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set type tunnel-type
```

10. (Optional) Configure the assignment ID for the tunnel. (Tunnel-Assignment-Id [82])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set identification name
```

11. (Optional) Configure the maximum number of sessions allowed in the tunnel. (Tunnel-Max-Sessions [26-33])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set max-sessions number
```

12. (Optional) Configure the password for remote server authentication. (Standard RADIUS attribute Tunnel-Password [69] or VSA Tunnel-Password [26-9])

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set secret password
```

13. (Optional) Configure the logical system to use for the tunnel.

If you configure a logical system, you must also configure a routing instance.

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set logical-system logical-system-name
```

14. (Optional) Configure the routing instance to use for the tunnel. (Tunnel-Virtual-Router [26-8])

If you configure a routing instance, configuring a logical system is optional.

```
[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id]
user@host# set routing-instance routing-instance-name
```

The following example shows a complete configuration for a tunnel profile:

```
tunnel-profile marketing {
 tunnel 1 {
 preference 5;
 remote-gateway {
 address 172.16.98.4;
 gateway-name work;
 }
 source-gateway {
 address 192.168.4.10;
 gateway-name local;
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 secret mk5Sn$3k%V;
 logical-system bos-metro-5;
 routing-instance rox-12-32;
 medium ipv4;
 type l2tp;
 identification tunnel_to_work;
 max-sessions 32;
 }
}

```

**Related Documentation** • [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)

## Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters

When the LAC determines that a PPP session should be tunneled, it selects a tunnel from the set of tunnels associated with either the PPP user or the PPP user's domain. You can configure how a tunnel is selected and whether certain information is sent by the LAC to the LNS.

To configure tunnel selection parameters:

1. (Optional) Configure how a tunnel is selected when a connection attempt fails.  
See [“Configuring LAC Tunnel Selection Failover Within a Preference Level” on page 323](#).
2. (Optional) Configure how sessions are load-balanced among tunnels.  
See [“Configuring Weighted Load Balancing for LAC Tunnel Sessions” on page 324](#).

**Related Documentation** • [LAC Tunnel Selection Overview on page 312](#)

## Configuring LAC Tunnel Selection Failover Within a Preference Level

You can configure how LAC tunnel selection continues in the event of a failure to connect. By default, when the router is unable to connect to a destination at a given preference level, it attempts to connect at the next lower level. You can specify that the router instead attempt to connect to another destination at the same level as the failed attempt.

If all destinations at a preference level are marked as unreachable, the router does not attempt to connect to a destination at that level. It drops to the next lower preference level to select a destination.

If all destinations at all preference levels are marked as unreachable, the router chooses the destination that failed first and tries to make a connection. If the connection fails, the router rejects the PPP user session without attempting to contact the remote router.

For example, suppose there are four tunnels for a domain: A, B, C, and D. All tunnels are considered reachable, and the preference levels are assigned as follows:

- A and B at preference 0

- C and D at preference 1

When the router attempts to connect to the domain, suppose it randomly selects tunnel B from preference 0. If it fails to connect to tunnel B, the router excludes tunnel B for five minutes and attempts to connect to tunnel A. If this attempt also fails, the router drops to preference 1. Then suppose the router selects tunnel C. If it also fails to connect to tunnel C, the router excludes tunnel C for five minutes and attempts to connect to tunnel D.

You configure the preference level used for this tunnel selection method in the tunnel profile or the RADIUS Tunnel-Preference [83] attribute.

To enable tunnel selection failover within a preference level:

- Specify failover within preference.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# set fail-over-within-preference
```

#### Related Documentation

- [LAC Tunnel Selection Overview on page 312](#)
- [Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters on page 323](#)
- [Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321](#)
- [Configuring How RADIUS Attributes Are Used for Subscriber Access on page 40](#)

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## Configuring Weighted Load Balancing for LAC Tunnel Sessions

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You can configure how L2TP LAC sessions are distributed across tunnels. You can specify that the router uses the maximum sessions per tunnel to choose among multiple tunnels that share the same preference level.

The weight of a tunnel is proportional to its maximum session limit and the maximum session limits of the other tunnels at the same preference level. The tunnel with the largest maximum session value has the highest weight. The tunnel with the next larger maximum session value has the next higher weight, and so on. The tunnel with the smallest maximum session value has the lowest weight.

When you configure weighted load balancing, the tunnel with the highest weight in the preference level is selected until the maximum number of sessions for the tunnel is reached. Then the router selects the tunnel with the next higher weight to establish connections until that tunnel's maximum session limit is reached, and so on.

To configure weighted load balancing:

- Specify load balancing.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# set weighted-load-balancing
```

#### Related Documentation

- [LAC Tunnel Selection Overview on page 312](#)



- [Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters on page 323](#)

## Preventing the LAC from Sending Calling Number AVP 22 to the LNS

Calling Number AVP 22 typically identifies the interface that is connected to the customer in the access network. When RADIUS includes the Calling-Station-Id in the Access-Accept message, that value is used for the Calling Number AVP. Otherwise, the underlying interface (for example, the S-VLAN IFL) on which the PPPoE session is established is used for the Calling Number AVP value.

By default, the LAC includes this AVP in the incoming-call request (ICRQ) packets that it sends to the LNS. However, you may wish to hide your network access interface information. To do so, you can configure the tunnel so that the LAC does not send the Calling Number AVP to the LNS.

To disable sending the Calling Number AVP:

- Configure disabling.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# set disable-calling-number-avp
```

### Related Documentation

- [LAC Tunnel Selection Overview on page 312](#)

## Configuring the Method to Set the LAC Connection Speeds to the LNS

During the establishment of an L2TP tunnel session, the LAC sends L2TP (Tx) Connect Speed BPS AVP 24 to the LNS in Incoming-Call-Connected (ICCN) messages. AVP 24 conveys the transmit speed of the subscriber's access interface; that is, it represents the speed of the connection from the LAC to the LNS, from the perspective of the LAC. The L2TP Rx Connect Speed AVP 38 is included in the message when the RX speed is different from the TX speed. AVP 38 conveys the receive speed of the connection from the LNS to the LAC, again from the perspective of the LAC. When AVP 38 is not sent, it means that the connection speed is the same in both directions; the LNS uses the value in AVP 24 for both transmit and receive speeds.

You can configure what the LAC uses as a resource for setting these speeds. To use the recommended (advisory) downstream traffic shaping rate for AVP 24 and the recommended upstream shaping rate for AVP 38, include the **tx-connect-speed-method advisory** statement at the **[edit services l2tp]** hierarchy level. You configure the advisory rates under the PPPoE logical interface underlying the subscriber interface with the **advisory-options** statement at the **[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]** hierarchy level. When the advisory speed is not configured on the underlying interface, the **tx-connect-speed-method advisory** statement automatically sets the speed to 1 Gbps and sends this value in both AVP 24 and AVP 38.

Alternatively, to derive the speeds from the PPPoE IA tags, use the **tx-connect-speed-method dsl-forum** statement. In this case, AVP 24 is the value of

Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream (VSA 26-129). AVP 38 is the value of Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream (26-130), and is sent only when the VSA values differ.

To set the method for calculating the transmit speed:

- Configure the advisory method to use the underlying interface's recommended shaping rates.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# set tx-connect-speed-method advisory
```

- Configure the DSL Forum method to use the values provided in the PPPoE IA tags.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# set tx-connect-speed-method dsl-forum
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)

---

## Preventing the LAC From Negotiating L2TP Failover Protocol

The L2TP LAC implementation on MX Series routers supports L2TP failover and peer resynchronization with a failed remote endpoint. The LAC supports both the L2TP failover protocol method and the L2TP silent failover method. By default, L2TP on the LAC attempts to negotiate the L2TP failover protocol with the LNS. When negotiation determines that the LNS supports this method, then the LAC uses L2TP failover protocol if the LNS fails. When the LNS does not support L2TP failover protocol, then the LAC uses silent failover in the event of an LNS failure. The ability to fall back on silent failover prevents the failover from forcing a disconnection of the tunnel to the peer and all the associated sessions.

You can disable the default behavior to force the LAC to operate only in silent failover mode. This configuration can be useful when routers that act as the LNS either are configured for silent failover or incorrectly negotiate use of the failover protocol even though they do not support it. However, when you issue this statement and the LNS supports only failover protocol, then the LAC cannot negotiate failover protocol, and recovery (failover protocol recovery initiated by the LNS) always fails.

To disable negotiation of the L2TP failover protocol:

- Configure disabling.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# set disable-failover-protocol
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)

---

## Setting the Format for the Tunnel Name

By default, the name of a tunnel corresponds to the Tunnel-Assignment-Id [82] returned by the AAA server. You can optionally configure the LAC to use more elements in the construction of a tunnel name by including the **assignment-id-format client-server-id**

statement at the **[edit services l2tp tunnel]** hierarchy level. This format uses three attributes: Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id [90], Tunnel-Server-Endpoint [67], and Tunnel-Assignment-Id [82]. These attributes correspond, respectively, to the values configured in the tunnel profile for the LAC (source gateway) name, the tunnel endpoint (remote gateway) address on the LNS, and the tunnel ID.

A consequence of the **client-server-id** format is that the LAC automatically creates a new tunnel when the AAA server returns a different Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id than previously returned.



**NOTE:** Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, we recommend that you explicitly unconfigure the feature by including the **no assignment-id-format assignment-id** statement at the **[edit services l2tp tunnel]** hierarchy level.

To change how the tunnel name is formatted:

- Configure the format.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel]
user@host# set assignment-id-format client-server-id
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)

## Configuring the Number of L2TP Control Message Retransmissions

L2TP peers maintain a queue of control messages that must be sent to the peer device. After a message is sent, the local peer waits for a response from the remote peer. If a response is not received, the local peer retransmits the message. You can configure how many times an unacknowledged message is retransmitted by the LAC or the LNS. For tunnels that have been established, include the **retransmission-count-established** statement at the **[edit services l2tp tunnel]** hierarchy level. For tunnels that are not yet established, include the **retransmission-count-not-established** statement.

The local peer waits one second for the first response to a control message. The retransmit timer then doubles the interval between each successive retransmission, up to a maximum interval of 16 seconds. This behavior allows the remote peer more time to respond. If the maximum retransmission count is reached and no response has been received, the tunnel and all its sessions are cleared.



**BEST PRACTICE:** Before you downgrade to a Junos OS release that does not support these statements, we recommend that you explicitly unconfigure the feature by including the **no retransmission-count-established** statement and the **no retransmission-count-non-established** statement at the **[edit services l2tp tunnel]** hierarchy level.



**BEST PRACTICE:** During a unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) on an MX Series router configured as the LAC, the LAC does not respond to control messages from the LNS. This can result in dropping LAC L2TP sessions. You can avoid this situation by ensuring that the maximum retransmission count on the LNS is set to 16 or higher.

To set the maximum retransmission count for established tunnels:

- Configure the count.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel]
user@host# set retransmission-count-established count
```

To set the maximum retransmission count for non-established tunnels:

- Configure the count.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel]
user@host# set retransmission-count-not-established count
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

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## Setting the L2TP Tunnel Idle Timeout

You can configure the LAC or the LNS to specify how long a tunnel without any sessions remains active. The idle timer starts when the last session on the tunnel is terminated. When the timer expires the tunnel is disconnected. This idle timeout frees up resources otherwise consumed by inactive tunnels.

If you set the idle timeout value to zero, the tunnel is forced to remain active indefinitely after the last session is terminated until one of the following occurs:

- You issue the **clear services l2tp tunnel** command.
- The remote peer disconnects the tunnel.



**BEST PRACTICE:** Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, we recommend that you explicitly unconfigure the feature by including the **no idle-timeout** statement at the **[edit services l2tp tunnel]** hierarchy level.

To set the tunnel idle timeout:

- Configure the timeout period.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel]
user@host# set idle-timeout seconds
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)
  - [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

## Setting the L2TP Destruct Timeout

You can configure the LAC or the LNS to specify how long the router attempts to maintain dynamic destinations, tunnels, and sessions after they have been destroyed. This destruct timeout aids debugging and other analysis by saving underlying memory structures after the destination, tunnel, or session is terminated. Any specific dynamic destination, tunnel, or session may not be maintained for this entire time period if the resources must be reclaimed early to allow new tunnels to be established.



**BEST PRACTICE:** Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, we recommend that you explicitly unconfigure the feature by including the `no destruct-timeout` statement at the `[edit services l2tp]` hierarchy level.

To set the L2TP destruct timeout:

- Configure the timeout period.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# set destruct-timeout seconds
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)
  - [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

## Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces

In addition to performing the specific LNS configuration procedure that follows, you must also configure a RADIUS server and optionally configure an address pool on the local routing instance to be used by RADIUS to assign addresses to PPP subscribers at login.

To configure an L2TP LNS with inline service interfaces:

1. Configure a user group profile that defines the PPP configuration for tunnel subscribers.  
See [“Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile” on page 331](#).
2. Configure an L2TP access profile that defines the L2TP parameters for each LNS client (LAC).  
See [“Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS” on page 331](#).
3. (Optional) Configure a AAA access profile to override the access profile configured under the routing instance.  
See [“Configuring a AAA Local Access Profile on the LNS” on page 333](#).

4. Configure a pool of addresses to be dynamically assigned to tunneled PPP subscribers.  
See [“Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for L2TP LNS with Inline Services” on page 333](#).
5. Configure the peer interface to terminate the tunnel and the PPP server-side IPCP address.  
See [“Configuring the L2TP LNS Peer Interface” on page 335](#).
6. Enable inline service interfaces on an MPC.  
See [“Enabling Inline Service Interfaces” on page 336](#).
7. Configure a service interface.  
See [“Configuring an Inline Service Interface for L2TP LNS” on page 336](#).
8. Configure options for each inline service logical interface.  
See [“Configuring Options for the LNS Inline Services Logical Interface” on page 337](#).
9. Configure the L2TP tunnel group.  
See [“Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces” on page 337](#).
10. (Optional) Configure a dynamic profile that dynamically creates L2TP logical interfaces.  
See [“Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Dynamic LNS Sessions” on page 340](#).
11. (Optional) Configure a service interface pool for dynamic LNS sessions.  
See [“Configuring a Pool of Inline Services Interfaces for Dynamic LNS Sessions” on page 339](#).
12. (Optional) Specify how many times L2TP retransmits unacknowledged control messages.  
See [“Configuring the Number of L2TP Control Message Retransmissions” on page 327](#).
13. (Optional) Specify how long a tunnel can remain idle before being torn down.  
See [“Setting the L2TP Tunnel Idle Timeout” on page 328](#).
14. (Optional) Specify how long the L2TP retains information about terminated dynamic tunnels, sessions, and destinations.  
See [“Setting the L2TP Destruct Timeout” on page 329](#).
15. (Optional) Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.  
See [“Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access” on page 341](#).

You also need to configure CoS for LNS sessions. For more information, see [“Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LNS Inline Service” on page 774](#).

**Related  
Documentation**

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)

## Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile

You can configure a user group profile that enables the LNS to apply PPP attributes to the PPP subscribers tunneled from the LAC. The user group profile is associated with clients (LACs) in the L2TP access profile. Consequently all subscribers handled by a given client share the same PPP attributes.

To configure a user group profile:

1. Create the profile.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit group-profile profile-name
```

2. Configure the interval between PPP keepalive messages for the L2TP tunnel terminating on the LNS.

```
[edit access group-profile profile-name]
user@host# set ppp keepalive seconds
```

3. Configure PPP authentication methods that apply to tunneled PPP subscribers at the LNS.

```
[edit access group-profile profile-name]
user@host# set ppp ppp-options chap
user@host# set ppp ppp-options pap
```

4. Configure how long the PPP subscriber session can be idle before it is considered to have timed out.

```
[edit access group-profile profile-name]
user@host# set ppp idle-timeout 200
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

## Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS

Access profiles define how to validate Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) connections and session requests. Within each L2TP access profile, you configure one or more clients (LACs). The client characteristics are used to authenticate LACs with matching passwords, and to establish attributes of the client tunnel and session. You can configure multiple access profiles and multiple clients within each profile.

To configure an L2TP access profile:

1. Create the access profile.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit profile access-profile-name
```

2. Configure characteristics for one or more clients (LACs).

```
[edit access profile access-profile-name]
```

```
user@host# client client-name
```



**NOTE:** Except for the special case of the default client, the LAC client name that you configure in the access profile must match the hostname of the LAC. In the case of a Juniper Networks router acting as the LAC, the hostname is configured in the LAC tunnel profile with the `gateway gateway-name` statement at the `[edit access tunnel-profile profile-name tunnel tunnel-id source-gateway]` hierarchy level. Alternatively, the client name can be returned from RADIUS in the attribute, Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id [90].



**NOTE:** Use `default` as the client name when you want to define a default tunnel client. The default client enables the authentication of multiple LACs with the same secret and L2TP attributes. This behavior is useful when, for example, many new LACs are added to the network, because it enables the LACs to be used without additional LNS profile configuration.

Use `default` only on MX Series routers. The equivalent client name on M Series routers is `*`.

3. (Optional) Specify a local access profile that overrides the global access profile and the tunnel group AAA access profile to configure RADIUS server settings for the client.

```
[edit access profile access-profile-name client client-name]
user@host# set l2tp aaa-access-profile
```

4. Configure the LNS to renegotiate the link control protocol (LCP) with the PPP client tunneled from the client.

```
[edit access profile access-profile-name client client-name]
user@host# set l2tp lcp-renegotiation
```

5. Configure the maximum number of sessions allowed in a tunnel from the client (LAC).

```
[edit access profile access-profile-name client client-name]
user@host# set l2tp maximum-sessions-per-tunnel number
```

6. Configure the tunnel password used to authenticate the client (LAC).

```
[edit access profile access-profile-name client client-name]
user@host# set l2tp shared-secret shared-secret
```

7. Associate a group profile containing PPP attributes to apply for the PPP sessions being tunneled from this LAC client.

```
[edit access profile access-profile-name client client-name]
user@host# set user-group-profile group-profile-name
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)



- [Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337](#)

## Configuring a AAA Local Access Profile on the LNS

For some LNS tunnels, you might wish to override the access profile configured at the routing instance that hosts the tunnel with a particular RADIUS server configuration. You can configure a local access profile to do so. You can subsequently use the **aaa-access-profile** statement to apply the local access profile to a tunnel group or LAC client.

A local access profile applied to a client overrides a local access profile applied to a tunnel group, which in turn overrides the access profile for the routing instance.

To configure a AAA local access profile:

1. Create the access profile.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit profile local-aaa-profile-name
```

2. Configure the order of AAA authentication methods.

```
[edit access profile local-aaa-profile-name]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```

3. Configure the RADIUS server attributes, such as the authentication password.

```
[edit access profile local-aaa-profile-name]
user@host# set radius-server server-address secret password
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)

## Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for L2TP LNS with Inline Services

You can configure pools of addresses that can be dynamically assigned to the tunneled PPP subscribers. The pools must be local to the routing instance where the subscriber comes up. The configured pools are supplied in the RADIUS Framed-Pool and Framed-IPv6-Pool attributes. Pools are optional when Framed-IP-Address is sent by RADIUS.

To configure an address-assignment pool, you must specify the name of the pool and configure the addresses for the pool.

You can optionally configure multiple named ranges, or subsets, of addresses within an address-assignment pool. During dynamic address assignment, a client can be assigned an address from a specific named range. To create a named range, you specify a name for the range and define the address range.



**NOTE:** Be sure to use the address-assignment pools (address-assignment) statement rather than the address pools (address-pool) statement.

To configure an IPv4 address-assignment pool for L2TP LNS:

1. Configure the name of the pool and specify the IPv4 family.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool pool-name family inet
```

2. Configure the network address and the prefix length of the addresses in the pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool pool-name family inet]
user@host# set network ip-prefix / <prefix-length>
```

3. Configure the name of the range and the lower and upper boundaries of the addresses in the range.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool pool-name family inet]
user@host# set range range-name low lower-limit high upper-limit
```

For example, to configure an IPv4 address-assignment pool:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool lns-v4-pool family inet
[edit access address-assignment pool lns-v4-pool family inet]
user@host# set network 192.168.1.1/16
[edit access address-assignment pool lns-v4-pool family inet]
user@host# set range lns-v4-pool-range low 192.168.1.1 high 192.168.255.255
```



**NOTE:** Dual-stack (IPv4/IPv6) LNS is supported, but IPv6-only subscribers are not supported.

To configure an IPv6 address-assignment pool for L2TP LNS:

1. Configure the name of the pool and specify the IPv6 family.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool pool-name family inet6
```

2. Configure the IPv6 network prefix for the address pool. The prefix specification is required when you configure an IPv6 address-assignment pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool pool-name family inet6]
user@host# set prefix ipv6-prefix
```

3. Configure the name of the range and define the range. You can define the range based on the lower and upper boundaries of the prefixes in the range, or based on the length of the prefixes in the range.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool pool-name family inet6]
user@host# set range range-name low lower-limit high upper-limit
```

For example, to configure an IPv6 address-assignment pool:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool lns-v6-pool family inet6
[edit access address-assignment pool lns-v6-pool family inet6]
user@host# set prefix 2010:9999::/32
[edit access address-assignment pool lns-v6-pool family inet6]
user@host# set range lns-v6-pool-range low 2010:9999:1::/48 high 2010:9999::ffff::/48
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)

## Configuring the L2TP LNS Peer Interface

The peer interface connects the LNS to the cloud towards the LACs so that IP packets can be exchanged between the tunnel endpoints. MPLS and aggregated Ethernet can also be used to reach the LACs.



**NOTE:** On MX Series routers, you must configure the peer interface on an MPC.

To configure the LNS peer interface:

1. Specify the interface name.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# edit interface-name
```

2. Enable VLANs.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set vlan-tagging
```

3. Specify the logical interface, bind a VLAN tag ID to the interface, and configure the address family and the IP address for the logical interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# edit unit logical-unit-number
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# set vlan-id number
user@host# set family family address ip-address
```



**NOTE:** The IPv6 address family is not supported as a tunnel endpoint.

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

## Enabling Inline Service Interfaces

---

The inline service interface is a virtual physical interface that resides on the Packet Forwarding Engine. This `si` interface, referred to as an *anchor* interface, makes it possible to provide L2TP services without a special services PIC. The inline service interface is supported only by MPCs on MX Series routers. Four inline service interfaces are configurable per MPC-occupied chassis slot.

To enable inline service interfaces:

1. Access an MPC-occupied slot and the PIC where the interface is to be enabled.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# edit fpc slot-number pic number
```

2. Enable the interface and specify the amount of bandwidth reserved on each Packet Forwarding Engine for tunnel traffic using inline services.

```
[edit chassis fpc slot-number pic number]
user@host# set inline-services bandwidth (1g | 10g)
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

## Configuring an Inline Service Interface for L2TP LNS

---

The inline service interface is a virtual physical service interface that resides on the Packet Forwarding Engine. This `si` interface, referred to as an *anchor* interface, makes it possible to provide L2TP services without a special services PIC. The inline service interface is supported only by MPCs on MX Series routers. Four inline service interfaces are configurable per MPC-occupied chassis slot.

You can maximize the number of sessions that can be shaped in one service interface by setting the maximum number of hierarchy levels to two. In this case, each LNS session consumes one L3 node in the scheduler hierarchy for shaping.

If you do not specify the number of levels (two is the only option), then the number of LNS sessions that can be shaped on the service interface is limited to the number of L2 nodes, or 4096 sessions. Additional sessions still come up, but they are not shaped.

To configure an inline service interface:

1. Access the service interface.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# edit si-slot/pic/port
```

2. (Optional; for per-session shaping only) Enable the inline service interface for hierarchical schedulers and limit the number of scheduler levels to two.

```
[edit interfaces si-slot/pic/port]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2
```

3. (Optional; for per-session shaping only) Configure services encapsulation for inline service interface.

```
[edit interfaces si-slot/pic/port]
user@host# set encapsulation generic-services
```

4. Configure the IPv4 family on the reserved unit 0 logical interface.

```
[edit interfaces si-slot/pic/port]
user@host# set unit 0 family inet
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

## Configuring Options for the LNS Inline Services Logical Interface

You must specify characteristics—**dial-options**—for each of the inline services logical interfaces that you configure for the LNS. LNS on MX Series routers supports only one session per logical interface, so you must configure it as a **dedicated** interface; the **shared** option is not supported. (LNS on M Series routers supports **dedicated** and **shared** options.) You also configure an identifying name for the logical interface that matches the name you specify in the access profile.

To configure the logical interface options:

1. Access the inline services logical interface.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces si-fpc/pic/port unit logical-unit-number
```

2. Specify an identifier for the logical interface.

```
[edit interfaces si-fpc/pic/port unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# set dial-options l2tp-interface-id name
```

3. Configure the logical interface to be used for only one session at a time.

```
[edit interfaces si-fpc/pic/port unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# set dial-options dedicated
```

4. Configure the address family for each logical interface and enable the local address on the LNS that provides local termination for the L2TP tunnel to be derived from the specified interface name.

```
[edit interfaces si-fpc/pic/port unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)

## Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces

The L2TP tunnel group specifies attributes that apply to L2TP tunnels and sessions from a group of LAC clients. These attributes include the access profile used to validate L2TP

connection requests made to the LNS on the local gateway address, a local access profile that overrides the global access profile, the keepalive timer, and whether the IP ToS value is reflected.



**NOTE:** If you delete a tunnel group, all L2TP sessions in that tunnel group are terminated. If you change the value of the `local-gateway-address`, `service-device-pool`, or `service-interface` statements, all L2TP sessions using those settings are terminated. If you change or delete other statements at the `[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]` hierarchy level, new tunnels you establish use the updated values but existing tunnels and sessions are not affected.

To configure the LNS tunnel group:

1. Create the tunnel group.

```
[edit services l2tp]
user@host# edit tunnel-group name
```

2. Specify the service anchor interface responsible for L2TP processing on the LNS.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set service-interface interface-name
```

This service anchor interface is required for static LNS sessions, and for dynamic LNS sessions that do not balance traffic across a pool of anchor interfaces. The interface is configured at the `[edit interfaces]` hierarchy level.

3. (Optional; for load-balancing dynamic LNS sessions only) Specify a pool of inline service anchor interfaces to enable load-balancing of L2TP traffic across the interfaces.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set service-device-pool pool-name
```

The pool is defined at the `[edit services service-device-pools]` hierarchy level.

4. (For dynamic LNS sessions only) Specify the name of the dynamic profile that defines and instantiates inline service interfaces for L2TP tunnels

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set dynamic-profile profile-name
```

The profile is defined at the `[edit dynamic-profiles]` hierarchy level.

5. Specify the access profile that validates all L2TP connection requests to the local gateway address.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set l2tp-access-profile profile-name
```

6. Configure the local gateway address on the LNS; corresponds to the IP address that is used by LACs to identify the LNS.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set local-gateway address address
```

7. (Optional) Configure the interval at which the LNS sends hello messages if it has received no messages from the LAC.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set hello-interval seconds
```

8. (Optional) Specify a local access profile that overrides the global access profile to configure RADIUS server settings for the tunnel group.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set aaa-access-profile profile-name
```

This local profile is configured at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level.

9. (Optional) Configure the LNS to reflect the IP ToS value from the inner IP header to the outer IP header (applies to CoS configurations).

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
user@host# set tos-reflect
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)

## Configuring a Pool of Inline Services Interfaces for Dynamic LNS Sessions

You can create a pool of inline service interfaces, also known as a *service device pool*, to enable load-balancing of L2TP traffic across the interfaces. The pool is supported for dynamic LNS configurations, where it provides a set of logical interfaces that can be dynamically created and allocated to L2TP sessions on the LNS. The pool is assigned to an LNS tunnel group. L2TP maintains the state of each inline service interface and uses a round-robin method to evenly distribute the load among available interfaces when new session requests are accepted.



**NOTE:** Load balancing is available only for dynamically created subscriber interfaces.

LNS sessions anchored on an MPC are not affected by a MIC failure as long as some other path to the peer LACs exists. If the MPC hosting the peer interface fails and there is no path to peer LACs, the failure initiates termination and clean-up of all the sessions on the MPC.

If the MPC anchoring the LNS sessions itself fails, the Routing Engine does not relocate sessions to another slot and all sessions are terminated immediately. New sessions can come up on another available interface when the client retries.

To configure the service device pool:

1. Create the pool.

```
[edit services service-device-pools]
user@host# edit pool pool-name
```

2. Specify the inline service interfaces that make up the pool.

```
[edit services service-device-pools name pool pool-name]
user@host# set interface service-interface-name
user@host# set interface service-interface-name
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337](#)

---

## Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Dynamic LNS Sessions

You can configure L2TP to dynamically assign inline service interfaces for L2TP tunnels. You must define one or more dynamic profiles and assign a profile to each tunnel group. Both IPv4-only and dual-stack IPv4/IPv6 interfaces are supported.

To configure the L2TP dynamic profile:

1. Create the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-name
```

2. Configure the interface to be dynamically assigned to the routing instance used by the tunneled PPP clients.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-instances "$junos-routing-instance"]
user@host# set interface $junos-interface-name
```

3. Configure the routing options for access routes in the routing instance.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-instances "$junos-routing-instance"
 routing-options access]
user@host# set route next-hop $junos-framed-route-nexthop
user@host# set route metric $junos-framed-route-cost
user@host# set route preference $junos-framed-route-distance
```

4. Configure the routing options for access-internal routes in the routing instance.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-instances "$junos-routing-instance"
 routing-options access-internal]
user@host# set route $junos-subscriber-ip-address
```

5. Define the interfaces used by the dynamic profile. The variable is dynamically replaced by one of the configured inline service interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name]
user@host# set interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

6. Configure the inline services logical interfaces to be dynamically instantiated.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"]
user@host# set unit $junos-interface-unit
```

7. Specify an identifier for the logical interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
```



```
user@host# set dial-options l2tp-interface-id name
```

8. Configure each logical interface to be used for only one session at a time.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set dial-options dedicated
```

9. Configure the address family for the logical interfaces and enable the local address on the LNS that provides local termination for the L2TP tunnel to be derived from the specified interface name.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337](#)

## Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access

The Junos OS trace feature tracks L2TP operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.



**NOTE:** This topic refers to tracing L2TP operations on MX Series routers. To trace L2TP operations on M Series routers, see [Tracing L2TP Operations](#).

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `jl2tpd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure L2TP tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the L2TP Trace Log Filename” on page 342](#).
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of L2TP Log Files” on page 342](#).
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the L2TP Log File” on page 343](#).
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for L2TP Messages to Be Logged” on page 343](#).
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the L2TP Tracing Flags” on page 344](#).
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which L2TP Messages Are Logged” on page 344](#).

---

## Configuring the L2TP Trace Log Filename

---

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for L2TP is **jl2tpd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for L2TP tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit services l2tp traceoptions]
user@host# set file l2tp_logfile_1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341](#)

---

## Configuring the Number and Size of L2TP Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit services l2tp traceoptions]
user@host# set file l2tp_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341](#)

## Configuring Access to the L2TP Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit services l2tp traceoptions]
user@host# set file l2tp_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit services l2tp traceoptions]
user@host# set file l2tp_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for L2TP Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all lines relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit services l2tp traceoptions]
user@host# set file l2tp_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341](#)

---

## Configuring the L2TP Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.  

```
[edit services l2tp traceoptions]
user@host# set flag flag
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341](#)

---

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which L2TP Messages Are Logged

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.  

```
[edit services l2tp traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341](#)

---

## Verifying and Managing L2TP for Subscriber Access

**Purpose** View or clear information about L2TP tunnels and sessions.

- Action**
- To display a summary of L2TP tunnels, sessions, errors, and control and data packets:  

```
user@host> show services l2tp summary
```
  - To display the L2TP destinations:  

```
user@host> show services l2tp destination
```
  - To clear all L2TP destinations:  

```
user@host> clear services l2tp destination all
```

- To display the L2TP sessions:

```
user@host> show services l2tp session
```

- To clear all L2TP sessions, the session with a specified local session ID, or sessions associated with the local gateway specified by an IP address or name:

```
user@host> clear services l2tp session all
user@host> clear services l2tp session local-session-id 40553
user@host> clear services l2tp session local-gateway 10.1.1.2
user@host> clear services l2tp session local-gateway-name lns-mx960
```

- To clear statistics for all L2TP sessions, the session with a specified local session ID, or sessions associated with the local gateway specified by an IP address or name:

```
user@host> clear services l2tp session statistics all
user@host> clear services l2tp session statistics local-session-id 17967
user@host> clear services l2tp session statistics local-gateway 10.1.1.2
user@host> clear services l2tp session statistics local-gateway-name lns-mx960
```

- To display the L2TP tunnels:

```
user@host> show services l2tp tunnel
```

- To clear all L2TP tunnels, the tunnel with a specified local tunnel ID, or tunnels associated with the local gateway specified by an IP address or name:

```
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel all
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel local-tunnel-id 40553
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel local-gateway 10.1.1.2
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel local-gateway-name lns-mx960
```

- To clear statistics for all L2TP tunnels, the tunnel with a specified local tunnel ID, or tunnels associated with the local gateway specified by an IP address or name:

```
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel statistics all
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel statistics local-tunnel-id 40553
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel statistics local-gateway 10.1.1.2
user@host> clear services l2tp tunnel statistics local-gateway-name lns-mx960
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference.](#)

## Testing L2TP Tunnel Configurations from the LAC

You can test L2TP tunnel configurations on the LAC and successful subscriber authentication and tunneling without bringing up a PPP user and an associated tunnel.

Issue the **test services l2tp tunnel** command from CLI operational mode to map a subscriber to an L2TP tunnel, verify the L2TP tunnel configuration (both locally on the LAC and on a back-end server such as a RADIUS server), and verify that L2TP tunnels from the LAC can be established with the remote LNS.

The Junos OS LAC implementation enables you to configure multiple tunnels from which one tunnel is chosen for tunneling a PPP subscriber. You can use the **test services l2tp tunnel** command to test all possible tunnel configurations to verify that each can be established. Alternatively, you can test only a specific tunnel for the subscriber.

You must specify a configured subscriber username when you issue the command. The test generates a dummy password—*testpass*—for the subscriber, or you can optionally specify the password. The test verifies whether the subscriber identified by that username can be tunneled according to the tunnel configuration. If the subscriber can be tunneled, then the test verifies whether the L2TP tunnel can be established with the LNS according to the L2TP configuration.

You can optionally specify a tunnel ID, in which case only that tunnel is tested; the tunnel must be already configured for that username. If you omit this option, the test is applied to the full set of tunnel configurations that are returned for the username. The tunnel ID you specify is the same as that used by Tunnel-Assignment-Id (RADIUS attribute 82) and specified by the **identification** statement in the tunnel profile.

To test subscriber authentication and tunnel configuration:

- Specify only the username.

Example 1:

```
user@host> test services l2tp tunnel user test-user1@example.com

Subscriber: test-user1@example.com, authentication failed
```

The user failed authentication with the generated password and consequently was not tunneled.

Example 2:

```
user@host> test services l2tp tunnel user user23@example.com

Subscriber: user23@example.com, authentication success, l2tp tunneled
Tunnel-name Tunnel-peer Logical-System Routing-Instance Status
test1tunnel 192.168.2.3 default default Up
test2tunnel 172.24.3.3 default default Peer unresponsive
test3tunnel 172.24.5.1 default test Up
```

This user was authenticated with the generated password and successfully tunneled. A set of tunnels was found to be associated with that username and the entire set was tested.

- Specify the username and the user's configured password.

```
user@host> test services l2tp tunnel user test-user1@example.com password grZ98#jW

Subscriber: test-user1@example.com, authentication success, locally
terminated
```

The subscriber was authenticated. However, the user was terminated locally rather than tunneled; this means that no tunnel was found to be associated with the user.

- Specify the username and a particular tunnel for the subscriber.

```
user@host> test services l2tp tunnel user rx37w@example.com tunnel-name ce-lac
```

```
Subscriber: rx37w@example.com, authentication success, l2tp tunneled
Tunnel-name Tunnel-peer Logical-System Routing-Instance Status
ce-lac 192.168.5.10 default default Up
```

The subscriber was authenticated and tunneled. The specified tunnel was found for the subscriber and the tunnel was established, confirming the tunnel configuration.

- Specify the username, the user's configured password, and a tunnel.

```
user@host> test services l2tp tunnel user fanta4-mfg-fan@example.com password
dieda499 tunnel-name tunnel5
```

```
Subscriber: fanta4-mfg-fan@example.com, authentication success, l2tp
tunneled
```

The subscriber was authenticated and tunneled. The absence of tunnel information in the output indicates that the specified tunnel configuration does not exist.

#### Related Documentation

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)

## Example: Configuring an L2TP LNS

This example shows how you can configure an L2TP LNS on an MX Series router to provide tunnel endpoints for an L2TP LAC in your network. This configuration includes a dynamic profile for dual-stack subscribers.

- [Requirements on page 347](#)
- [Overview on page 348](#)
- [Configuration on page 350](#)

### Requirements

L2TP LNS requires the following hardware and software:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router
- One or more MPCs
- Junos OS Release 11.4 or later

No special configuration beyond device initialization is required before you can configure this feature.

You must configure certain standard RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs in the attribute return list on the AAA server associated with the LNS for this example to work. [Table 42 on page 348](#) lists the attributes with their required order setting and values. We recommend that you use the most current Juniper Networks RADIUS dictionary, available in the *Downloads* box on the *Junos OS Subscriber Management* page for the current release at

[http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/en\\_US/junos/information-products/pathway-pages/subscriber-access/index.html](http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/en_US/junos/information-products/pathway-pages/subscriber-access/index.html).

Table 42: VSA and Standard RADIUS Attribute Names, Order, and Values Required for Example

| VSA Name [Number]           | Order | Value          |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------------|
| CoS-Parameter-Type [26-108] | 1     | T01 Multiplay  |
| CoS-Parameter-Type [26-108] | 2     | T02 10m        |
| CoS-Parameter-Type [26-108] | 3     | T08 -36        |
| CoS-Parameter-Type [26-108] | 4     | T07 cell-mode  |
| Framed-IPv6-Pool [100]      | 0     | jnpr_ipv6_pool |
| Framed-Pool [88]            | 0     | jnpr_pool      |
| Egress-Policy-Name [26-11]  | 0     | classify       |
| Ingress-Policy-Name [26-10] | 0     | classify       |
| Virtual-Router [26-1]       | 0     | default        |

## Overview

The LNS employs user group profiles to apply PPP attributes to the PPP subscribers that are tunneled from the LAC. LACs in the network are clients of the LNS. The clients are associated with user group profiles in the L2TP access profile configured on the LNS. In this example, the user group profile **ce-l2tp-group-profile** specifies the following PPP attributes:

- A 30-second interval between PPP keepalive messages for L2TP tunnels from the client LAC terminating on the LNS.
- A 200-second interval that defines how long the PPP subscriber session can be idle before it is considered to have timed out.
- Both PAP and CHAP as the PPP authentication methods that apply to tunneled PPP subscribers at the LNS.

The L2TP access profile **ce-l2tp-profile** defines a set of L2TP parameters for each client LAC. In this example, the user group profile **ce-l2tp-group-profile** is associated with both clients, **lac1** and **lac2**. Both clients are configured to have the LNS renegotiate the link control protocol (LCP) with the PPP client rather than accepting the pre-negotiated LCP parameters that the LACs pass to the LNS. LCP renegotiation also causes authentication to be renegotiated by the LNS; the authentication method is specified in the user group profile. The maximum number of sessions allowed per tunnel is set to 1000 for **lac1** and to 4000 for **lac2**. A different password is configured for each LAC.

A local AAA access profile, **aaa-profile**, enables you to override the global AAA access profile, so that you can specify an authentication order, a RADIUS server that you want to use for L2TP, and a password for the server.



In this example, an address pool defines a range of IP addresses that the LNS allocates to the tunneled PPP sessions. This example defines ranges of IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.

Two inline service interfaces are enabled on the MPC located in slot 5 of the router. For each interface, 10 Gbps of bandwidth is reserved for tunnel traffic on the interface's associated PFE. These *anchor* interfaces serve as the underlying physical interface. To enable CoS queue support on the individual logical inline service interfaces, you must configure both services encapsulation (**generic-services**) and hierarchical scheduling support on the anchors. The IPv4 address family is configured for both anchor interfaces. Both anchor interfaces are specified in the **lns\_p1** service device pool. The LNS can balance traffic loads across the two anchor interfaces when the tunnel group includes the pool.

This example uses the dynamic profile **dyn-lns-profile2** to specify characteristics of the L2TP sessions that are created or assigned dynamically when a subscriber is tunneled to the LNS. For many of the characteristics, a predefined variable is set; the variables are dynamically replaced with the appropriate values when a subscriber is tunneled to the LNS.

The interface to which the tunneled PPP client connects (**\$junos-interface-name**) is dynamically created in the routing instance (**\$junos-routing-instance**) assigned to the subscriber. Routing options for access routes include the route's next hop address (**\$junos-framed-route-nexthop**), metric (**\$junos-framed-route-cost**), and preference (**\$junos-framed-route-distance**). For access-internal routes, a dynamic IP address variable (**\$junos-subscriber-ip-address**) is set.

The logical inline service interfaces are defined by the name of a configured anchor interface (**\$junos-interface-ifd-name**) and a logical unit number (**\$junos-interface-unit**). The profile assigns **l2tp-encapsulation** as the identifier for the logical interface and specifies that each interface can be used for only a single session at a time.

The IPv4 address is set to a value returned from the AAA server. For IPv4 traffic an input firewall filter **\$junos-input-filter** and an output firewall filter **\$junos-output-filter** are attached to the interface. The loopback variable (**\$junos-loopback-interface**) derives an IP address from a loopback interface (**lo**) configured in the routing instance and uses it in IPCP negotiation as the PPP server address. Because this is a dual-stack configuration, the IPv6 address family is also set, with the addresses provided by the **\$junos-ipv6-address** variable.

The minimal configuration for the Router Advertisement Protocol in the dynamic profile specifies the **\$junos-interface-name** and **\$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix** variables to dynamically assign a prefix value in IPv6 neighbor discovery router advertisements.

The dynamic profile also includes the class of service configuration that is applied to the tunnel traffic. The traffic control profile (**tc-profile**) includes variables for the scheduler map (**\$junos-cos-scheduler-map**), shaping rate (**\$junos-cos-shaping-rate**), overhead accounting (**\$junos-cos-shaping-mode**), and byte adjustment **\$junos-cos-byte-adjust**. The dynamic profile applies the CoS configuration—including the forwarding class, the output traffic control profile, and the rewrite rules—to the dynamic service interfaces.

The **tg-dynamic** tunnel group configuration specifies the access profile **ce-l2tp-profile**, the local AAA profile **aaa-profile**, and the dynamic profile **dyn-lns-profile2** that are used

to dynamically create LNS sessions and define the characteristics of the sessions. The `lns-p1` service device pool associates a pool of service interfaces with the group to enable LNS to balance traffic across the interfaces. The local gateway address `11.1.1.2` corresponds to the remote gateway address that is configured on the LAC.



**NOTE:** This example does not show all possible configuration choices.

## Configuration

### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure an L2TP LNS, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI.

```
[edit]
edit access group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile
set ppp idle-timeout 200
set ppp ppp-options pap
set ppp ppp-options chap
set ppp keepalive 30
top
edit access profile ce-l2tp-profile
set client lac1 l2tp maximum-sessions-per-tunnel 1000
set client lac1 l2tp interface-id l2tp-encapsulation-1
set client lac1 l2tp lcp-renegotiation
set client lac1 l2tp shared-secret "lac1-secret"
set client lac1 user-group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile
set client lac2 l2tp maximum-sessions-per-tunnel 4000
set client lac2 l2tp interface-id l2tp-encap-2
set client lac2 l2tp lcp-renegotiation
set client lac2 l2tp shared-secret "lac2-secret"
set client lac2 user-group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile
top
edit access profile aaa-profile
set authentication-order radius
set radius-server 172.21.146.93 secret "aaa-secret"
top
edit access address-assignment pool client-pool1 family inet
set network 192.168.1.1/16
set range lns-v4-pool-range low 192.168.1.1
set range lns-v4-pool-range high 192.168.255.255
top
edit access address-assignment pool client-ipv6-pool2 family inet6
set prefix 2010:db8::/32
set range lns-v6-pool-range low 2001:db8:1::/48
set range lns-v6-pool-range high 2001:db8:ffff::/48
top
set interfaces ge-5/0/1 unit 11 vlan-id 11
set interfaces ge-5/0/1 unit 11 family inet address 11.1.1.2/24
set interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet address 127.0.0.1/32
top
set chassis fpc 5 pic 0 inline-services bandwidth 10g
set chassis fpc 5 pic 2 inline-services bandwidth 10g
top
edit interfaces si-5/0/0
```

```

set hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2
set encapsulation generic-services
set unit 0 family inet
top
edit interfaces si-5/2/0
set hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2
set encapsulation generic-services
set unit 0 family inet
top
set services service-device-pools pool lns_p1 interface si-5/0/0
set services service-device-pools pool lns_p1 interface si-5/2/0
top
edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 routing-instances $junos-routing-instance
set interface $junos-interface-name
edit routing-options access route $junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix
set next-hop $junos-framed-route-nexthop
set metric $junos-framed-route-cost
set preference $junos-framed-route-distance
up 2
edit access-internal route $junos-subscriber-ip-address
set qualified-next-hop $junos-interface-name
up 5
edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit $junos-interface-unit
set dial-options l2tp-interface-id l2tp-encapsulation
set dial-options dedicated
set family inet filter input $junos-input-filter
set family inet filter output $junos-output-filter
set family inet unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
set family inet6 address $junos-ipv6-interface
set family inet6 filter input $junos-input-ipv6-filter
set family inet6 filter output $junos-output-ipv6-filter
up 3
edit protocols router-advertisement
set interface $junos-interface-name prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix
top
[edit class-of-service]
edit rewrite-rules dscp rewriteDSCP forwarding-class expedited-forwarding
set loss-priority high code-point af11
set loss-priority high code-point af12
top
edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 class-of-service traffic-control-profiles tc-profile
set scheduler-map $junos-cos-scheduler-map
set shaping-rate $junos-cos-shaping-rate
set overhead-accounting $junos-cos-shaping-mode
set overhead-accounting bytes $junos-cos-byte-adjust
up
edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit $junos-interface-unit
set forwarding-class expedited-forwarding
set output-traffic-control-profile tc-profile
set rewrite-rules dscp rewriteDSCP
edit interfaces si-5/0/0
set output-control-profile-remaining tc-profile
top
set services l2tp tunnel-group tg-dynamic l2tp-access-profile ce-l2tp-profile
set services l2tp tunnel-group tg-dynamic aaa-access-profile aaa-profile
set services l2tp tunnel-group tg-dynamic local-gateway address 11.1.1.2

```

```
set services l2tp tunnel-group tg-dynamic service-device-pool lns_p1
set services l2tp tunnel-group tg-dynamic dynamic-profile dyn-lns-profile2
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode*.

To configure an L2TP LNS with inline service interfaces:

1. Configure a user group profile that defines the PPP configuration for tunnel subscribers.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile
[edit access group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile]
user@host# set ppp keepalive 30
user@host# set ppp idle-timeout 200
user@host# set ppp ppp-options chap
user@host# set ppp ppp-options pap
```

2. Configure an L2TP access profile that defines the L2TP parameters for each client LAC. This includes associating a user group profile with the client and specifying the identifier for the inline services logical interface that represents an L2TP session on the LNS.

```
[edit access profile ce-l2tp-profile client lac1]
user@host# set l2tp interface-id l2tp-encapsulation
user@host# set l2tp maximum-sessions-per-tunnel 1000
user@host# set l2tp shared-secret "lac1-secret"
user@host# set l2tp lcp-renegotiation
user@host# set user-group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile
[edit access profile ce-l2tp-profile client lac2]
user@host# set l2tp interface-id interface-id
user@host# set l2tp maximum-sessions-per-tunnel 4000
user@host# set l2tp shared-secret "lac2-secret"
user@host# set l2tp lcp-renegotiation
user@host# set user-group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile
```

3. Configure a AAA access profile to override the global access profile for the order of AAA authentication methods and server attributes.

```
[edit access profile aaa-profile]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
user@host# set radius-server 172.21.146.93 secret "aaa-secret"
```

4. Configure IPv4 and IPv6 address-assignment pools to allocate addresses for the clients (LACs).

```
[edit access address-assignment pool client-pool1 family inet]
user@host# set network 192.168.1.1/16
user@host# set range lns-v4-pool-range low 192.168.1.1 high 192.168.255.255
[edit access address-assignment pool client-ipv6-pool2 family inet6]
user@host# set prefix 2010:DB8::/32
user@host# set range lns-v6-pool-range low 2001:DB8:1::/48
user@host# set range lns-v6-pool-range high 2001:DB8:ffff::/48
```

5. Configure the peer interface to terminate the tunnel and the PPP server-side IPCP address (loopback address).

```
[edit interfaces ge-5/0/1
user@host# set vlan-tagging
user@host# set unit 11
[edit interfaces ge-5/0/1.11
user@host# set vlan-id 11
user@host# set family inet address 11.1.1.2/24
[edit interfaces lo0]
user@host# set unit 0 family inet address 127.0.0.1/32
```

6. Enable inline service interfaces on an MPC.

```
[edit chassis fpc 5]
user@host# set pic 0 inline-services bandwidth 10g
user@host# set pic 2 inline-services bandwidth 10g
```

7. Configure the anchor service interfaces with services encapsulation, hierarchical scheduling, and the address family.

```
[edit interfaces si-5/0/0]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler maximum hierarchy-levels 2
user@host# set encapsulation generic-services
user@host# set unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces si-5/2/0]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler maximum hierarchy-levels 2
user@host# set encapsulation generic-services
user@host# set unit 0 family inet
```

8. Configure a pool of service interfaces for dynamic LNS sessions.

```
[edit services service-device-pools pool lns_p1]
user@host# set interface si-5/0/0
user@host# set interface si-5/2/0
```

9. Configure a dynamic profile that dynamically creates L2TP logical interfaces for dual-stack subscribers.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2]
user@host# edit routing-instances $junos-routing-instance interface
 $junos-interface-name
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 routing-instances "$junos-routing-instance"
 routing-options access]
user@host# edit route $junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 routing-instances "$junos-routing-instance"
 routing-options access route "$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix"]
user@host# set next-hop $junos-framed-route-nexthop
user@host# set metric $junos-framed-route-cost
user@host# set preference $junos-framed-route-distance
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 routing-instances "$junos-routing-instance"
 routing-options access-internal]
user@host# set route $junos-subscriber-ip-address qualified-next-hop
 $junos-interface-name
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set dial-options l2tp-interface-id l2tp-encapsulation
user@host# set dial-options dedicated
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
```

```

user@host# set family inet filter input $junos-input-filter
user@host# set family inet filter output $junos-output-filter
user@host# set family inet6 address $junos-ipv6-interface
set family inet6 filter input $junos-input-ipv6-filter
set family inet6 filter output $junos-output-ipv6-filter
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 protocols router-advertisement]
user@host# set interface $junos-interface-name prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix

```

10. Configure shaping, scheduling, and rewrite rules, and apply in the dynamic profile to tunnel traffic.

```

[edit class-of-service]
user@host# edit rewrite-rules dscp rewriteDSCP forwarding-class
 expedited-forwarding
user@host# set loss-priority high code-point af11
user@host# set loss-priority high code-point af12
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 tc-profile]
user@host# set scheduler-map $junos-cos-scheduler-map
user@host# set shaping-rate $junos-cos-shaping-rate
user@host# set overhead-accounting $junos-cos-shaping-mode
user@host# set overhead-accounting bytes $junos-cos-byte-adjust
[edit dynamic-profiles dyn-lns-profile2 class-of-service interfaces
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set forwarding-class expedited-forwarding
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile tc-profile
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rewriteDSCP
[edit class-of-service interfaces si-5/0/0]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile-remaining tc-profile

```

11. Configure the L2TP tunnel group to bring up dynamic LNS sessions using the pool of inline service interfaces to enable load-balancing.

```

[edit services l2tp tunnel-group tg-dynamic]
user@host# set l2tp-access-profile ce-l2tp-profile
user@host# set local-gateway address 11.1.1.2
user@host# set aaa-access-profile aaa-profile
user@host# set dynamic-profile dyn-lns-profile2
user@host# set service-device-pool lns_p1

```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the access profile, group profile, AAA profile, and address-assignment pools configuration by entering the **show access** command. Confirm the inline services configuration by entering the **show chassis** command. Confirm the interface configuration by entering the **show interfaces** command. Confirm the dynamic profile configuration by entering the **show dynamic-profiles** command. Confirm the tunnel group configuration by entering the **show services l2tp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```

[edit]
user@host# show access
group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile {
 ppp {
 idle-timeout 200;
 ppp-options {

```

```

 pap;
 chap;
 }
 keepalive 30;
}
}
profile ce-l2tp-profile {
 client lac1 {
 l2tp {
 maximum-sessions-per-tunnel 1000;
 interface-id l2tp-encapsulation-1;
 lcp-renegotiation;
 shared-secret "9ZJGi.Pfz6/tmPtU1lleLxNbWgaZjnPQDi"; ## SECRET-DATA
 }
 user-group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile;
 }
 client lac2 {
 l2tp {
 maximum-sessions-per-tunnel 4000;
 interface-id l2tp-encap-2;
 lcp-renegotiation;
 shared-secret ""9KCjvLNdVYoaUdVDi.m3ntuOREyevLdVY8X"; ## SECRET-DATA
 }
 user-group-profile ce-l2tp-group-profile;
 }
}
profile aaa-profile {
 authentication-order radius;
 radius-server {
 172.21.146.93 secret "$9$41JZjk.5Qz6k."; ## SECRET-DATA
 }
}
address-assignment {
 pool client-pool1 {
 family inet {
 network 192.168.1.1/16;
 range lns-v4-pool-range {
 low 192.168.1.1;
 high 192.168.255.255;
 }
 }
 }
 pool client-ipv6-pool2 {
 family inet6 {
 prefix 2010:db8::/32;
 range lns-v6-pool-range {
 low 2001:db8:1::/48;
 high 2001:db8:ffff::/48;
 }
 }
 }
}

[edit]
user@host# show chassis

```

```
fpc 5 {
 pic 0 {
 inline-services {
 bandwidth 10g;
 }
 }
 pic 2 {
 inline-services {
 bandwidth 10g;
 }
 }
}

[edit]
user@host# show interfaces
ge-5/0/1 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 11 {
 vlan-id 11;
 family inet {
 address 11.1.1.2/24;
 }
 }
}
si-5/0/0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2;
 encapsulation generic-services;
 unit 0 {
 family inet;
 }
}
si-5/2/0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2;
 encapsulation generic-services;
 unit 0 {
 family inet;
 }
}
lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 127.0.0.1/32;
 }
 }
}

[edit]
user@host# show dynamic-profiles
dyn-lns-profile2 {
 routing-instances {
 "$junos-routing-instance" {
 interface "$junos-interface-name";
 routing-options {
 access {
 route $junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix {
 next-hop "$junos-framed-route-nexthop";
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```



---

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```
}
interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 forwarding-class expedited-forwarding;
 output-traffic-control-profile tc-profile;
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp rewriteDSCP;
 }
 }
 }
}
}
```

```
[edit]
user@host# show services l2tp
tunnel-group tg-dynamic {
 l2tp-access-profile ce-l2tp-profile;
 aaa-access-profile aaa-profile;
 local-gateway {
 address 11.1.1.2;
 }
 service-device-pool lns_p1;
 dynamic-profile dyn-lns-profile2;
}
```

When you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)

## PART 7

# Diameter Base Protocol and Applications for Subscriber Access

- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 361](#)
- [Configuring Diameter Base Protocol on page 377](#)
- [JSRC and Juniper Networks Session Resource Control \(SRC\) Overview on page 389](#)
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- [PTSP and Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) on page 419](#)
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# Diameter Base Protocol Overview

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## Diameter Base Protocol Overview

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The Diameter protocol is defined in *RFC 3588, Diameter Base Protocol*, and provides an alternative to RADIUS that is more flexible and extensible. The Diameter base protocol provides basic services to one or more applications (also called functions) that each runs in a different Diameter instance. The individual application provides the extended AAA functionality. Applications that use Diameter include Gx-Plus, JSRC, and PTSP.

Diameter peers communicate over a reliable TCP transport layer connection by exchanging Diameter messages that convey status, requests, and acknowledgments by means of standard Diameter AVPs and application-specific AVPs. The Diameter transport layer configuration is based on Diameter network elements (DNEs); multiple DNEs per Diameter instance are supported. Currently only the predefined *master* Diameter instance is supported, but you can configure alternative values for many of the master Diameter instance values.

Each DNE consists of a prioritized list of peers and a set of routes that define how traffic is forwarded. Each route associates a destination with a function, a function partition, and a metric. When an application sends a message to a routed destination, all routes within the Diameter instance are examined for a match. When the best route to the destination has been selected, the message is forwarded by means of the DNE that includes that route.

Multiple routes to the same destination can exist within a given DNE and in different DNEs. In the case of multiple routes that match a request for forwarding, the best route is selected as follows:

1. The route with the lowest metric is selected.
2. In the event of a tie, the route with the highest specification score is selected.

3. In the event of another tie, then the names of the DNEs are compared in lexicographical order. The route in the DNE with the lowest value is selected. For example, `dne-austin` has a lower value than `dne-boston`.
4. If the routes are tied within the same DNE, then the route names are compared in lexicographical order. The route with the lowest value is selected.

The specification score of a route is 0 by default. Points are added to the score as follows:

- If the destination realm matches the request, add 1.
- If the destination host matches the request, add 2.
- If the function matches the request, add 3.
- If the function partition matches the request, add 4.

When the state of any DNE changes, the route lookup for all destinations is reevaluated. All outstanding messages to routed destinations are rerouted as needed, or discarded.

To configure a Diameter network element, include the **network-element** statement at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. Include the **route** statement at the **[edit diameter network-element element-name forwarding]** hierarchy level.

To configure a route for the DNE, include the **destination** (optional), **function** (optional), and **metric** statements at the **[edit diameter network-element element-name forwarding route dne-route-name]** hierarchy level.

Specify the Diameter peers associated with the DNE by including one or more **peer** statements at the **[edit diameter network-element element-name]** hierarchy level.

Set the priority for each peer with the **priority** statement at the **[edit diameter network-element element-name peer peer-name]** hierarchy level.

Diameter requires you to configure information about the origin node; this is the endpoint node that originates Diameter for the Diameter instance. Include the **host** and **realm** statements at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level to configure the Diameter origin.

You can optionally configure one or more *transports* to specify the source (local) address of the transport layer connection. To configure a Diameter transport, include the **transport** statement at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. Then include the **address** statement at the **[edit diameter transport transport-name]** hierarchy level.

You can optionally specify a logical system and routing instance for the connection by including the **logical-system** and **routing-instance** statements at the **[edit diameter transport transport-name]** hierarchy level. By default, Diameter uses the *default* logical system and *master* routing instance. The logical system and routing instance for the transport connection must match that for the peer, or a configuration error is reported.

Each Diameter peer is specified by a name. Peer attributes include address and the destination TCP port used by active connections to this peer. To configure a Diameter peer, include the **peer** statement at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level, and then include the **address** and **connect-actively** statements at the **[edit diameter peer peer-name]** hierarchy level.

To configure the active connection, include the **port** and **transport** statements at the **[edit diameter peer *peer-name* connect-actively]** hierarchy level. The assigned transport identifies the transport layer source address used to establish active connections to the peers. **transport** statements.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and PTSP Overview on page 420](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)

## Messages Used by Diameter Applications

The following Diameter applications are supported by Junos OS:

- JSRC—A Juniper Networks Diameter application registered with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>) as Juniper Policy-Control-JSRC, with an ID of 16777244. Communicates with the SAE (remote SRC peer).
- PTSP—A Juniper Networks Diameter application registered with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>) as Juniper JGx, with an ID of 16777273. Communicates with the SAE (remote SRC peer).
- Gx-Plus—An application that extends the 3GPP Gx interface for wireline use cases. 3GPP Gx is registered with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>). Communicates with a PCRF.

If data for a particular AVP included in a message is not available to the router, Gx-Plus simply omits the AVP from the message it sends to the PCRF. If the PCRF determines it has insufficient information to make a decision, it denies the request. The Diameter answer messages include the Result-Code AVP (AVP 268); the values of this AVP convey success, failure, or errors to the requestor.

Juniper Networks has also registered the Juniper-Session-Recovery application (16777296) and two new command codes (8388628 for Juniper-Session-Events and 8388629 for Juniper-Session-Discovery) with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>).

[Table 43 on page 364](#) describes Diameter messages used by the applications.

Table 43: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications

| Diameter Message            | Code | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AA-Request (AAR)            | 265  | JSRC, PTSP  | Request from the application to the SAE at new subscriber login or during SAE-application synchronization. The request can be one of three types: address-authorization, provisioning-request, or synchronization.                              |
| AA-Answer (AAA)             | 265  | JSRC, PTSP  | Response from the SAE to the application's AA-Request message.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Abort-Session-Request (ASR) | 274  | JSRC, PTSP  | Request from the SAE to the application to log out a provisioned subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Abort-Session-Answer (ASA)  | 274  | JSRC, PTSP  | Response from the application to the SAE's ASR message. If the application sends the logout request to AAA, the ASA message includes a success notification (ACK). If the logout failed, the ASA message includes a failure notification (NAK). |
| Accounting-Request (ACR)    | 271  | JSRC, PTSP  | Request from the SAE to the application or from the application to the SAE for statistics.                                                                                                                                                      |
| Accounting-Answer (ACA)     | 271  | JSRC, PTSP  | Response to the ACR message to provide statistics for each installed policy (service).                                                                                                                                                          |



Table 43: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)

| Diameter Message             | Code | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Credit-Control-Request (CCR) | 272  | Gx-Plus     | <p>Request from Gx-Plus to the PCRF at subscriber login or logout.</p> <p>An initial request (CCR-I) is sent when a subscriber logs in and AAA is requested to activate the subscriber's session. Gx-Plus retries the CCR-I message if a CCA-I message is not received from the PCRF within 10 seconds. The CCR-I message is retried up to 3 times.</p> <p>If no CCA-I is received after the 4 CCR-I messages have been sent—the first message plus 3 retries—then Gx-Plus starts sending CCR-N messages. CCR-N messages are retried forever until a success or failure response is received from the PCRF. CCR-N messages include the Juniper-Provisioning-Source AVP (AVP code 2101) set to local to notify the PCRF that the router has the authority to make a local decision regarding subscriber service activation.</p> <p>A termination request (CCR-T) is sent at subscriber logout to inform the PCRF that a provisioned subscriber session is being terminated. CCR-T messages are retried forever until a success response is received from the PCRF.</p> |

Table 43: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)

| Diameter Message                         | Code    | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Credit-Control-Answer (CCA)              | 272     | Gx-Plus     | <p>Reply from the PCRF to a CCR message.</p> <p>In response to a CCR-I, the PCRF returns a CCA-I message that indicates success (DIAMETER_SUCCESS) or failure (DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_FAILED) depending on whether the subscriber has sufficient credit for the requested services. All other response are ignored and the logout is retried until successful.</p> <p>In response to a CCR-T, the PCRF returns a CCA-T message that indicates a successful termination with a value of 2002 (DIAMETER_SUCCESS) in the Result-Code AVP. All other responses are ignored and the logout is retried until successful.</p> <p>A CCA-N is a response to a CCR-N.</p> |
| Juniper-Session-Discovery-Request (JSDR) | 8388629 | Gx-Plus     | Discovery request from the PCRF to Gx-Plus to discover subscriber sessions on the router.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Juniper-Session-Discovery-Answer (JSDA)  | 8388629 | Gx-Plus     | <p>Reply from Gx-Plus to a JSDR message; describes session information. The Result-Code AVP includes one of the following values, or an error value:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2001—DIAMETER_SUCCESS; the end of the database was reached, meaning all information has been sent.</li> <li>• 2002—DIAMETER_LIMITED_SUCCESS; some of the session information was sent, but more remains to be sent.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 43: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)

| Diameter Message                     | Code    | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Juniper-Session-Event-Request (JSER) | 8388628 | Gx-Plus     | Request from Gx-Plus to PCRF regarding events that take place on the router. Notifies the PCRF of certain events on the router by including the Juniper-Event-Type AVP (AVP code 2103). Events reported include cold or warm boots, explicit discovery requests, substantial configuration changes, non-response or error response from PCRF, and exhaustion of fault-tolerant resources.              |
| Juniper-Session-Event-Answer (JSEA)  | 8388628 | Gx-Plus     | Reply from PCRF to a JSER message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Push-Profile-Request (PPR)           | 288     | JSRC, PTSP  | Request from the SAE to the application to activate or deactivate services for a subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Push-Profile-Answer (PPA)            | 288     | JSRC, PTSP  | Response from the application to the SAE's PPR message. Includes success or failure notification for each of the service activation or deactivation commands in the request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Re-Auth-Request (RAR)                | 258     | Gx-Plus     | Audit request from the PCRF to Gx-Plus to determine whether a specific subscriber is still present.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Re-Auth-Answer (RAA)                 | 258     | Gx-Plus     | Reply from Gx-Plus to a RAR message; indicates whether the subscriber is active. The Result-Code AVP includes one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2001—DIAMETER_SUCCESS; subscriber entry was found.</li> <li><del>502—DIAMETER_UNKNOWN</del> subscriber entry was not found.</li> <li><del>302—DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_DELIVER</del> Gx-Plus is not configured.</li> </ul> |

**Table 43: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)**

| Diameter Message                  | Code | Application | Description                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Session-Resource-Query (SRQ)      | 277  | JSRC, PTSP  | Request from the application to the SAE or from the SAE to the application to initiate synchronization between application and the SAE. |
| Session-Resource-Reply (SRR)      | 277  | JSRC, PTSP  | Response to the SRQ message to begin synchronization.                                                                                   |
| Session-Termination-Request (STR) | 275  | JSRC, PTSP  | Notification from the application to the SAE that a provisioned subscriber has logged out.                                              |
| Session-Termination-Answer (STA)  | 275  | JSRC, PTSP  | Response from the SAE to the application's STR message. Includes success or failure notification.                                       |

**Related Documentation**

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)
- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 392](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and PTSP Overview on page 420](#)
- [Understanding PTSP-SAE Interactions on page 421](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)
- [Understanding Gx-Plus-PCRF Interactions on page 446](#)

**Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications**

Diameter conveys information by including various attribute-value pairs (AVPs) in Diameter messages. [Table 44 on page 368](#) lists the standard Diameter AVPs used in interactions with the supported Diameter applications. Diameter reserves AVP code numbers 0 through 255 for RADIUS functions that are implemented in Diameter.

**Table 44: Standard Diameter AVPs**

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                               | Type       |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 1                | User-Name    | JSRC        | Specifies the username. For a subscriber managed by AAA, the value is the subscriber's login name. For a static interface, the value is the interface name, which is used as the subscriber's login name. | UTF8String |

Table 44: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP          | Application   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Type        |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 8                | Framed-IP-Address     | Gx-Plus       | Identifies the IPv4 address configured for the subscriber. This is the same value as for RADIUS Framed-IP-Address attribute [8].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | OctetString |
| 55               | Event-Timestamp       | Gx-Plus       | Specifies the time of the event that triggered the message in which this AVP is included. Time is indicated in seconds since January 1, 1900, 00:00 UTC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Time        |
| 85               | Acct-Interim-Interval | JSRC, PTSP    | <p>Number of seconds between each interim accounting update for this session.</p> <p>The router uses the following guidelines for interim accounting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Attribute value is within the acceptable range (600 through 86,400 seconds)—Accounting is updated at the specified interval.</li> <li>• Attribute value is less than the minimum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the minimum interval (600 seconds).</li> <li>• Attribute value is greater than the maximum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the maximum interval (86,400 seconds).</li> </ul> | Unsigned32  |
| 87               | NAS-Port-Id           | Gx-Plus       | Identifies the port of the NAS that authenticates the user. This is the same value as for RADIUS NAS-Port-Id attribute [87].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | UTF8String  |
| 263              | Session-ID            | Gx-Plus, PTSP | Specifies the subscriber session identifier. The application assigns the value to uniquely identify a subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | UTF8String  |

Table 44: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP       | Application         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Type       |
|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 268              | Result-Code        | Gx-Plus, JSRC, PTSP | <p>Indicates whether a request completed successfully. Provides an error code if the request failed.</p> <p>The following classes are recognized by Diameter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1xxx—Informational</li> <li>• 2xxx—Success</li> <li>• 3xxx—Protocol errors</li> <li>• 4xxx—Transient errors</li> <li>• 5xxx—Permanent failures</li> </ul> <p>Unrecognized classes, which begin with numerals 6–9 or 0, are handled as permanent failures.</p> <p>JSRC and PTSP support the following values; all non-success values are treated as permanent failures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1001—DIAMETER_MULTI_ROUND_AUTH</li> <li>• 2001—DIAMETER_SUCCESS</li> <li>• 5002—DIAMETER_UNKNOWN_SESSION_ID</li> <li>• 5012—DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY</li> </ul> <p>Gx-Plus supports the following values for errors in a PCRF response; when these values are received or the response is malformed or unrecognizable, the request is retried.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3001—DIAMETER_COMMAND_NOT_SUPPORTED; the application is not running or the command is not recognized.</li> <li>• 3004—DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY; the received message is above either the quota of downstream transactions or the outstanding message memory limit for messages from the network.</li> <li>• 5012—DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY; the received message is greater than the local limit.</li> </ul> | Unsigned32 |
| 277              | Auth-Session-State | JSRC, PTSP          | <p>Indicates whether AAA session state is maintained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0—STATE_MAINTAINED</li> <li>• 1—NO_STATE_MAINTAINED</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Enumerated |

Table 44: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP           | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Type       |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 295              | Termination-Cause      | JSRC, PTSP  | Indicates the reason why a session was terminated on the access device. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—DIAMETER_LOGOUT</li> <li>2—DIAMETER_SERVICE_NOT_PROVIDED</li> <li>3—DIAMETER_BAD_ANSWER</li> <li>4—DIAMETER_ADMINISTRATIVE</li> <li>5—DIAMETER_LINK_BROKEN</li> <li>6—DIAMETER_AUTH_EXPIRED</li> <li>7—DIAMETER_USER_MOVED</li> <li>8—DIAMETER_SESSION_TIMEOUT</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Enumerated |
| 415              | CC-Request-Number      | Gx-Plus     | Identifies a request within a session. The combination of Session-Id and CC-Request-Type is globally unique. The number is incremented for each request during the course of a session. The number is reset when a router high availability event takes place.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unsigned32 |
| 416              | CC-Request-Type        | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the type of credit control request: INITIAL_REQUEST (1) or TERMINATION_REQUEST (3).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Enumerated |
| 480              | Accounting-Record-Type | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the type of account record for service accounting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>INTERIM_RECORD—Accounting record sent between the start and stop records, at intervals specified by the Acct-Interim-Interval AVP (AVP code 85). It contains cumulative accounting data for the existing accounting session.</li> <li>START_RECORD—Accounting record sent when the service is activated to initiate the accounting session. It contains accounting data relevant to the initiation of that session.</li> <li>STOP_RECORD—Accounting record sent when the service is deactivated to terminate the accounting session. It contains cumulative data relevant to that session.</li> </ul> | Enumerated |

Juniper Networks AVPs are used in addition to the standard Diameter AVPs. These AVPs have an enterprise number of 2636. [Table 45 on page 371](#) lists the Juniper Networks AVPs used by the supported Diameter applications.

Table 45: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP           | Application | Description                               | Type        |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2004             | Juniper-Service-Bundle | JSRC        | Specifies the name of the service bundle. | OctetString |

Table 45: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP               | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                         | Type        |
|------------------|----------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2010             | Juniper-DHCP-Options       | JSRC        | Specifies the client's DHCP options.                                                                                                                                | OctetString |
| 2011             | Juniper-DHCP-GI-Address    | JSRC        | Specifies the DHCP relay agent's IP address.                                                                                                                        | OctetString |
| 2020             | Juniper-Policy-Install     | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies policies to be activated for the subscriber. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name and Juniper-Policy-Definition                                                   | Grouped     |
| 2021             | Juniper-Policy-Name        | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the name of a policy decision.                                                                                                                              | OctetString |
| 2022             | Juniper-Policy-Definition  | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines a policy decision. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name, Juniper-Template-Name, and Juniper-Substitution.                                                           | Grouped     |
| 2023             | Juniper-Template-Name      | JSRC, PTSP  | Profile name defined by the router. PTSP supports only the <code>__svc_rule__</code> policy template.                                                               | UTF8String  |
| 2024             | Juniper-Substitution       | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the substitution attributes. Includes Juniper-Substitution-Name and Juniper-Substitution-Value.                                                             | OctetString |
| 2025             | Juniper-Substitution-Name  | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the name of the variable to be replaced.                                                                                                                    | OctetString |
| 2026             | Juniper-Substitution-Value | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the value of the variable to be replaced.                                                                                                                   | OctetString |
| 2027             | Juniper-Policy-Remove      | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies policies to be deactivated for the subscriber. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name.                                                                              | Grouped     |
| 2035             | Juniper-Policy-Failed      | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the name of the policy activation or deactivation that failed.                                                                                            | OctetString |
| 2038             | Juniper-Policy-Success     | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the name of the policy activation or deactivation that succeeded.                                                                                         | OctetString |
| 2046             | Juniper-Logical-System     | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the logical system.                                                                                                                                       | UTF8String  |
| 2047             | Juniper-Routing-Instance   | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the routing instance.                                                                                                                                     | UTF8String  |
| 2048             | Juniper-Jsrc-Partition     | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the logical system and routing instance for the subscriber or request. Includes Juniper-Logical-System and Juniper-Routing-Instance                       | Grouped     |
| 2050             | Juniper-Request-Type       | JSRC, PTSP  | Describes the type of request: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—ADDRESS_AUTHORIZATION</li> <li>2—PROVISIONING_REQUEST</li> <li>3—SYNCHRONIZATION</li> </ul> | Enumerated  |



Table 45: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                    | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Type       |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 2051             | Juniper-Synchronization-Type    | JSRC, PTSP  | Describes the type of synchronization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—FULL-SYNC</li> <li>2—FAST-SYNC</li> <li>3—NO-STATE-TO-SYNC</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Enumerated |
| 2052             | Juniper-Synchronization         | JSRC, PTSP  | Describes the state of synchronization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—NO-SYNC; this is the default state</li> <li>2—SYNC-IN-PROGRESS</li> <li>3—SYNC-COMPLETE</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Enumerated |
| 2053             | Juniper-Acct-Record             | JSRC, PTSP  | Statistics data for each policy installed for this subscriber. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Grouped    |
| 2054             | Juniper-Acct-Collect            | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies whether to collect accounting data for the installed policy (service) when included in the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—COLLECT_ACCT</li> <li>2—NOT_COLLECT_ACCT</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Enumerated |
| 2100             | Juniper-Virtual-Router          | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the name of the virtual router associated with the session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | UTF8String |
| 2101             | Juniper-Provisioning-Source     | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the provisioning source for the session in CCR-N and JSDA messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Local</li> <li>2—Remote</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Enumerated |
| 2102             | Juniper-Provisioning-Descriptor | Gx-Plus     | Defines the group used in JSDA messages that includes the session ID, and optionally Juniper-Provisioning-Source and subscriber data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Grouped    |
| 2103             | Juniper-Event-Type              | Gx-Plus     | Communicates the event type in JSER messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Cold boot; all sessions are lost</li> <li>2—Warm boot; sessions are preserved</li> <li>3—Discovery requested by the operator</li> <li>4—<i>Are you there?</i> (AYT); application level ping sent when the notification is due to no response or an erroneous response from the PCRF, or due to a configuration change.</li> <li>5—AWD; application-level watchdog sent by the router when there has been no other activity for 15 seconds. The watchdog is sent every 5 seconds unless preempted by higher-priority synchronization event.</li> </ul> | Enumerated |

Table 45: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                 | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Type       |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 2104             | Juniper-Discovery-Descriptor | Gx-Plus     | Defines the group used in JS DR and JS DA messages that includes parameters of a discovery request: discovery type, request string, verbosity, max results.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Grouped    |
| 2105             | Juniper-Discovery-Type       | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the discovery subcommand for JS DR and JS DA messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Exact: look up the data for the specified session.</li> <li>2—Bulk: Provide get-bulk kinds of information after the specified string.</li> <li>3—Done: Stop retries for all sessions up to the specified session.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                | Enumerated |
| 2106             | Juniper-Verbosity-Level      | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the verbosity level for JS DR and JS DA messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Summary; include only the Session-Id AVP.</li> <li>2—Brief; include the Session-Id, Juniper-Virtual-Router, and Framed-IP-Address AVPs.</li> <li>3—Detail; include the Session-Id, Juniper-Provisioning-Source, Juniper-Virtual-Router, Framed-IP-Address, and Event-Timestamp AVPs.</li> <li>4—Extensive; include all available session information.</li> </ul> | Enumerated |
| 2107             | Juniper-String-A             | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic string that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | UTF8String |
| 2108             | Juniper-String-B             | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic string that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | UTF8String |
| 2109             | Juniper-String-C             | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic string that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | UTF8String |
| 2110             | Juniper-Unsigned32-A         | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic, unsigned 32-bit integer that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unsigned32 |
| 2111             | Juniper-Unsigned32-B         | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic, unsigned 32-bit integer that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unsigned32 |
| 2112             | Juniper-Unsigned32-C         | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic, unsigned 32-bit integer that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unsigned32 |

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 392](#)
- [Understanding PTSP-SAE Interactions on page 421](#)

- [Understanding Gx-Plus–PCRF Interactions on page 446](#)
- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 361](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and PTSP Overview on page 420](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)



## CHAPTER 18

# Configuring Diameter Base Protocol

- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
- [Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance on page 378](#)
- [Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378](#)
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- [Configuring the Number and Size of Diameter Base Protocol Log Files on page 382](#)
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## Configuring Diameter

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You configure Diameter by specifying the endpoint origin, the remote peers, the transport layer connection, and network elements that associate routes with peers. Only the master Diameter instance is currently supported. You can configure alternative values for the master instance only in the context of the master routing instance

To configure Diameter base protocol:

1. Configure the origin realm and origin host of the Diameter master instance.  
See [“Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance” on page 378](#)
2. Configure the Diameter peers.  
See [“Configuring Diameter Peers” on page 378](#)
3. (Optional) Configure the Diameter transport layer elements.  
See [“Configuring the Diameter Transport” on page 380](#)
4. (Optional) Configure the Diameter network elements.  
See [“Configuring Diameter Network Elements” on page 379](#)
5. (Optional) Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.  
See [“Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access” on page 381](#).

## Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance

---

You can configure the identifying characteristics of the endpoint node that originates Diameter messages for the Diameter instance. The hostname is supplied as the value for the Origin-Host AVP by the Diameter instance. The realm is supplied as the value for the Origin-Realm AVP by the Diameter instance.

To configure the origin attributes for a Diameter instance:

1. Specify the name of the host that originates the Diameter message.  

```
[edit diameter origin]
user@host# set host host14
```
2. Specify the realm of the host that originates the Diameter message.  

```
[edit diameter origin]
user@host# set realm example.com
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
  - [origin on page 1447](#)

## Configuring Diameter Peers

---

You can configure the peers to which Diameter sends messages. By default, logical system *default* and routing instance *master* are used. Port 3868 is used for active connections to peers by default.

To configure a remote peer for a Diameter instance:

1. Specify the name of the Diameter peer.  

```
[edit diameter]
user@host# set peer p3
```

2. Specify the address of the Diameter peer.

```
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set address 192.168.23.10
```

3. (Optional) Specify a routing instance, a logical system, or a logical system and routing instance for the Diameter peer.

```
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set routing-instance ri8
```

```
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set logical-system ls10
```

```
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set logical-system ls10 routing-instance ri8
```

4. (Optional) Specify the port that Diameter uses for active connections to the peer.

```
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set connect-actively port 49152
```

5. Specify the transport that Diameter uses for active connections to the peer.

```
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set connect-actively transport t6
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)

## Configuring Diameter Network Elements

A Diameter network element (DNE) consists of associated functions, a list of prioritized peers, and a set of forwarding rules. The forwarding rules define individual routes through a set of associated destinations, functions, and metrics.

Before you configure Diameter network elements, perform the following task:

- Define the Diameter peers. See [“Configuring Diameter Peers” on page 378](#).

To configure a Diameter network element:

1. Specify the name of the network element.

```
[edit diameter]
user@host# set network-element dne25
```

2. (Optional) Associate one or more functions with the network element. All functions are associated by default.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25]
user@host# set function jsrsc
```

3. Associate a Diameter peer with the network element and set the priority for the peer.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25]
user@host# set peer peer1 priority 1
```

4. Specify a route that is reachable through the network element based on the forwarding rules that you define.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25]
user@host# set forwarding route dne-route2
```

5. Specify a metric for the route.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25 forwarding route dne-route2]
user@host# set metric 15
```

6. (Optional) Associate the route with a destination host and realm.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25 forwarding route dne-route2]
user@host# set destination host host5 realm example.com
```

7. (Optional) Specify a function (application) associated with the route.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25 forwarding route dne-route2]
user@host# set function jsr
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)

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## Configuring the Diameter Transport

---

You can configure one or more transports for a Diameter instance to set the IP address for the local connection, and optionally configure a logical system or routing instance context. By default, the logical system *default* and the routing instance *master* are used. The logical system and routing instance for the transport connection must match that for the peer, or a configuration error is reported. Multiple peers can share the same transport.

To configure a transport for a Diameter instance:

1. Configure the transport name.

```
[edit diameter]
user@host# set transport t1
```

2. Configure the local IP address for the Diameter local transport connection.

```
[edit diameter transport t1]
user@host# set address 10.9.20.0
```

3. (Optional) Configure a logical system and optionally a routing instance for the transport.

```
[edit diameter transport t1]
user@host# set logical-system ls5
```

4. (Optional) Configure a routing instance for the transport.

```
[edit diameter transport t1]
user@host# set routing-instance ri10
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)



## Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access

The Junos OS trace feature tracks Diameter base protocol operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `jdiameterd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure Diameter base protocol tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Trace Log Filename”](#) on page 382.
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Diameter Base Protocol Log Files”](#) on page 382.
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the Diameter Base Protocol Log File”](#) on page 383.
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Diameter Base Protocol Messages to Be Logged”](#) on page 383.
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Tracing Flags”](#) on page 383.
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.

See “Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Diameter Base Protocol Messages Are Logged” on page 384.

## Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Trace Log Filename

---

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for Diameter base protocol is **jdiameterd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for Diameter base protocol tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_logfile_1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 381](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of Diameter Base Protocol Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, **filename**, reaches 2 MB, **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**, and a new file called **filename** is created. When the new **filename** reaches 2 MB, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, **filename.19.gz**, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, **filename.18.gz** is compressed and renamed to **filename.19.gz**.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output. (Diameter base protocol supports the **files** and **size** options for the **traceoptions** statement.)

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 381](#)

## Configuring Access to the Diameter Base Protocol Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 381](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Diameter Base Protocol Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 381](#)

## Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set flag dne
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 381](#)

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Diameter Base Protocol Messages Are Logged

---

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.  
  
[edit system processes diameter-service [traceoptions](#)]  
user@host# set level *severity*

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 381](#)

## Verifying Diameter Node, Instance, and Route Information

---

**Purpose** View Diameter node information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all Diameter nodes:  
  
user@host> show diameter
  - To display summary information about all Diameter nodes and add information about Diameter functions, instances, network elements, and peers:  
  
user@host> show diameter brief
  - To display brief information about all Diameter nodes and add information about Diameter routes:  
  
user@host> show diameter detail
  - To display summary information about all Diameter instances:  
  
user@host> show diameter instance
  - To display detailed information about all Diameter instances:  
  
user@host> show diameter instance detail
  - To display information about a specific Diameter instance, add the instance name to the command:  
  
user@host> show diameter instance master  
user@host> show diameter instance detail master

- To display summary information about all Diameter routes:  
`user@host> show diameter route`
- To display detailed information about all Diameter routes:  
`user@host> show diameter route detail`
- To display information about a specific Diameter route, add the route name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter route dne-route2`  
`user@host> show diameter route detail dne-route2`

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
  - [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)
  - [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

## Verifying and Managing Diameter Function Information

**Purpose** View or clear Diameter function information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function`
  - To display detailed information about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function detail`
  - To display information about a specific function associated with Diameter, add the function name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter function jsrc`  
`user@host> show diameter function detail ptsp`
  - To display summary statistics about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics`
  - To display detailed statistics about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics detail`
  - To display statistics about a specific function associated with Diameter, add the function name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics gx-plus`  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics detail jsrc`
  - To delete current statistics for all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> clear diameter function statistics`
  - To delete current statistics for a specific function associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> clear diameter function gx-plus statistics`

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
  - [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)
  - [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

---

## Verifying and Managing Diameter Peer Information

---

**Purpose** View or clear Diameter peer information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer`
  - To display detailed information about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer detail`
  - To display information about a specific Diameter peer, add the peer name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter peer peer235`  
`user@host> show diameter peer detail peer235`
  - To display summary information about Diameter peer-to-network-element mapping for all peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer map`
  - To display detailed information about Diameter peer-to-network-element mapping for all peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer map detail`
  - To display information about Diameter peer-to-network-element mapping for a specified peer, add the peer name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter peer map peer235`  
`user@host> show diameter peer map detail peer235`
  - To display summary statistics about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics`
  - To display detailed statistics about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics detail`
  - To display summary statistics about a specified Diameter peer:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics peer235`
  - To display detailed statistics about a specified Diameter peer:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics detail peer235`
  - To delete the specified Diameter peer and all of its statistics.  
`user@host> clear diameter peer peer5 connection`
  - To delete the specified Diameter peer and its current statistics:

```
user@host>clear diameter peer peer5 statistics
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
  - [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

## Verifying Diameter Network Element Information

**Purpose** View Diameter network element information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about Diameter network elements:  

```
user@host> show diameter network-element
```
  - To display detailed information about Diameter network elements:  

```
user@host> show diameter network-element detail
```
  - To display information about Diameter network elements for a specified network element, include the element name in the command:  

```
user@host> show diameter network-element dne-1
```

```
user@host> show diameter network-element detail dne-1
```
  - To display summary information about Diameter network-element-to-peer mapping for all network elements:  

```
user@host> show diameter network-element map
```
  - To display detailed information about Diameter network-element-to-peer mapping for all network elements:  

```
user@host> show diameter network-element map detail
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
  - [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

## Troubleshooting Diameter Network Configuration

**Problem** A misconfiguration of the network can prevent Diameter from functioning properly. Configuration options for the Diameter base protocol are simple in the current release, simplifying discovery of a misconfiguration.

The output of the **show diameter peer** command indicates a peer is in the no-activation state. In this case issue the **show diameter peer map** and **show diameter network-element map** commands to determine which network elements use the peer. The output of these commands can indicate why the peer is not activated. For example, all the associated network elements might have higher-priority peers in the open state.

The failed-to-forward counters are increasing in the output of the **show diameter function statistics detail** command. this can indicate that the routes to the peer are incorrectly configured. Check the network connectivity, then use the **show diameter routes** command to determine whether application traffic is being correctly forwarded.

**Cause** Typical misconfigurations appear in the routes, peers, and network element configurations.

**Solution** Use the appropriate statements to correct the misconfiguration.

**Related Documentation**

- show diameter function statistics
- show diameter network-element map
- show diameter peer
- show diameter peer map
- show diameter route

---

## Troubleshooting Diameter Network Connectivity

---

**Problem** In some circumstances, problems can arise with network connectivity to Diameter peers. The problem may originate with the peer or the peer host.

The output of the **show diameter peer** command indicates a peer is in the suspended, rejected, or bad-peer state.

**Cause** The suspended state indicates that the peer is not responding or has some other malfunction, or the network path to the peer does not exist.

The rejected state indicates that the network connection has been rejected by the peer.

The bad-peer state indicates that the network connection has been rejected by the router on which the peer resides.

**Solution** Determine how persistent the problem is by issuing the **show diameter peer statistics peer-name brief** command to check the connectivity statistics.

**Related Documentation**

- show diameter peer
- show diameter peer statistics



# JSRC and Juniper Networks Session Resource Control (SRC) Overview

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)
- [Service Accounting with JSRC on page 390](#)
- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 392](#)

## Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) and JSRC Overview

The Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) environment provides a central administrative point for managing subscribers and their services. The SRC software runs on Juniper Networks C Series Controllers. The SRC software uses the Diameter protocol for communications between the local SRC peer on a Juniper Networks routing platform and the remote SRC peer on a C Series Controller. The local SRC peer is known as JSRC and is part of the AAA application. The remote SRC peer is the service activation engine (SAE); the SAE acts as the controlling agent in the SRC environment. JSRC and the SAE jointly provide the remote control enforcement functionality (RCEF).

JSRC has the following responsibilities:

- Request address authorization from the SAE.
- Request service activations from the SAE.
- Activate and deactivate services as specified by the SAE. JSRC can activate multiple policies with the same service (dynamic profile) name.
- Optionally report volume statistics for service accounting.
- Log out subscribers as specified by the SAE.
- Update the SAE with status of new service activations and deactivations.
- Synchronize subscriber state and service information with the SAE.
- Notify the SAE when subscribers log out.

The SRC software enables the SAE to activate and deactivate subscriber services (described by SRC policies) and log out subscribers. The SAE can control only those resources that have been provisioned through SAE. Therefore, the SAE receives information about only those subscribers for whom JSRC has requested provisioning

from the SAE. For example, when a subscriber logs in, but the configuration did not require the session activation path to include SAE provisioning, the SAE does not receive information about this subscriber and cannot control the subscriber session.

Similarly, the SAE can control only the subscriber services that it has activated. When a service is not activated from the SAE—a RADIUS-activated service, for example—the SAE receives no information about the service and has no control over it.

The SAE can also direct JSRC to collect accounting statistics per service session.



**NOTE:** More than one Diameter-based application (function) can run on a router simultaneously.

---

## Hardware Requirements for JSRC for Subscriber Access

JSRC is supported on Juniper Networks MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers. JSRC currently supports subscriber sessions on static and dynamic interfaces.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 392](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)
- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)

## Service Accounting with JSRC

---

A service session represents a service for a specific subscriber. Service sessions exist in the context of a subscriber session. JSRC activates and deactivates services as specified by the SAE (remote SRC peer). JSRC can collect and report service accounting data by volume. JSRC accounting requires that either classic firewall filters or fast update firewall filters be configured to count service packets—the service packet information provides the volume statistics.



**NOTE:** JSRC supports only volume statistics accounting for service sessions. Time statistics and subscriber accounting are not supported.

---

JSRC service accounting supports both accounting based on service activation/deactivation and interim accounting.

- **Service activation/deactivation accounting**—When accounting is enabled, JSRC sends an accounting start message to the SAE when it activates a service and an accounting stop message when it deactivates the service. The start message initiates the accounting session and provides initial information about the service session. The stop message terminates the accounting session and reports the final (cumulative) accounting data.

- Interim accounting—When interim accounting is enabled for a service session, JSRC sends interim accounting messages to the SAE at a specified interval to report the cumulative accounting information available at that time. Interim accounting is ignored when accounting is not enabled for the corresponding service session.

JSRC accounting for a service begins when the service is activated, and remains in effect while the service is active. The SAE specifies the service (policy) to be activated for the subscriber with the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020). When this AVP includes the Juniper-Acct-Collect AVP (AVP code 2054), JSRC initiates service activation/deactivation accounting for the service.

JSRC initiates interim accounting when the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP includes the Acct-Interim-Interval AVP (AVP code 85). In this case, JSRC updates the accounting values at the interval specified in the AVP— in the range 600 through 86,400 seconds. Aggregate counters are reported for the dual stack case.

JSRC and the SAE exchange Diameter Accounting-Request (ACR) and Accounting-Answer (ACA) messages to communicate accounting data. Both messages include the Juniper-Acct-Record AVP (AVP code 2053) to identify the service for which accounting information is requested.

JSRC sends ACR messages to report accounting data to the SAE. The ACR message includes the Accounting-Record-Type AVP (AVP code 480) to specify the kind of accounting record that it is sending. When a service is activated, this AVP has a value of START\_RECORD. When a service is deactivated, it has a value of STOP\_RECORD. For interim accounting, ACR messages are sent at the specified accounting interval and the AVP has a value of INTERIM\_RECORD.

In addition to specifying the accounting record type, the ACR messages include standard RADIUS attributes to specify the desired statistics: Acct-Input-Octets [42], Acct-Output-Octets [43], Acct-Input-Packets [47], Acct-Output-Packets [48], and Acct-Session-Time [46].

The SAE returns ACA messages to the JSRC to acknowledge receipt of the ACR messages.

An access profile specifies subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters. When a service is activated through JSRC, the accounting reports can be sent either to the SAE or to RADIUS. The default configuration sends the reports to the SAE; you can also configure this by including the **service accounting-order activation-protocol** statement in the access profile. To send the reports instead to the RADIUS server, include the **service accounting-order radius** statement in the access profile.

When a service is activated through RADIUS rather than through JSRC, the accounting reports of the service session are sent to the RADIUS server.

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Service Packet Counting on page 912](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)

## Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions

---

This topic describes the sequences of Diameter messages exchanged between JSRC (the local SRC peer) and the SAE (the remote SRC peer) as they interact to perform the following tasks for subscriber access:

- Subscriber login
- Service activation
- Service deactivation
- Resynchronization
- SAE-initiated subscriber logout
- Statistics collection and reporting
- Subscriber-initiated logout

### Subscriber Login

JSRC authorization is enabled for DHCP subscribers when you include the **authorization-order jsrc** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level. This setting causes AAA to ignore the authentication order setting in the access profile. As a result, AAA does not authenticate the DHCP subscribers. For non-DHCP subscribers, AAA ignores the **authorization-order** statement.

When a DHCP subscriber attempts to log in, DHCP sends an authentication request to AAA. In turn, JSRC sends a Diameter AA-Request message to the SAE. SAE returns a Diameter AA-Answer message that can include the Framed-IP-Address attribute and the Juniper-DHCP-Options AVP (AVP code 2010). JSRC ignores any other optional AVPs included in this AA-Answer message.

JSRC provisioning is enabled for DHCP (and SSC) subscribers when you include the **provisioning-order** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level. When the application requests AAA to activate the subscriber's session, JSRC sends an AA-Request message that includes the Juniper-Request-Type AVP (AVP code 2050) with a value that indicates service provisioning is requested from the SAE.

The SAE returns a AA-Answer message that contains an ACK if the request is accepted or a NAK if the request is denied. If the request is accepted, the AA-Answer message includes the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020), which is used to specify the service to attach to the subscriber's interface. When this AVP is included, the SAE sets the Result-Code AVP to 1001 (DIAMETER\_MULTI\_ROUND\_AUTH). This code means that the JSRC must send another AA-Request message to the SAE to report the success or failure of the policy instantiation (service activation) by AAA. JSRC ignores any other optional AVPs included in this AA-Answer message. The SAE returns an AA-Answer message to acknowledge this second AA-Request message.

## Subscriber Service Activation and Deactivation

SAE policies provision subscriber services. After a subscriber is logged in, the SAE can send a PPR message to JSRC to activate or deactivate services. A given PPR can include the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020) to activate a service, the Juniper-Policy-Remove AVP (AVP code 2027) to deactivate a service, or both (for different services). A PPR can include no more than three of these AVPs (install, remove, or mixed).

JSRC sends a PPA message to the SAE when it has completed the tasks requested in the PPR. The PPA indicates the success or failure of the actions requested in the PPR.



**NOTE:** If you use RADIUS or the CLI to deactivate a service that the SAE, the SAE becomes unsynchronized with the state of subscribers on the routing engine.

## Subscriber Resynchronization

During resynchronization, JSRC informs the SAE about the services that are active for the provisioned subscribers. Either JSRC or the SAE initiates the resynchronization.

- The SAE initiates resynchronization at startup or when a backup SAE takes over session control due to resource limits or conditions on the primary SAE. The SAE clears its database of all entries in preparation for the synchronization.
- JSRC initiates resynchronization at JSRC startup, such as when AAA starts or restarts.

JSRC can also initiate resynchronization in another circumstance. When an SAE in a multi-SAE environment becomes active, it must send an SRQ to JSRC as its first message. JSRC then locks the Origin-Host AVP of the active SAE. JSRC subsequently triggers resynchronization if it receives a message from any other SAE as indicated by the Origin-Host AVP. Such an incident can occur if communication between the active SAE and a standby SAE is interrupted.

Both entities initiate a resynchronization by sending an SRQ message. The recipient responds with an SRR message. After the SRR is sent, regardless of whether the SAE or JSRC initiates the synchronization, JSRC sends an AA-Request message to the SAE for each provisioned subscriber present in the session database. The AA-Request message includes a Juniper-Policy-Install AVP for the active services. The SAE returns an AA-Answer message with an ACK to acknowledge receipt.

## Subscriber Session Terminated by the SAE

When the SAE terminates a subscriber session, it sends an ASR message to JSRC. JSRC causes AAA to send a logout request to the DHCP (or SSC) client application. When the DHCP client application accepts the logout request, JSRC includes an ACK in the ASR message it sends to the SAE to signify success. If the DHCP client application does not accept the request, then JSRC includes a NAK in the ASR to signify failure. The DHCP client application is responsible for initiating the actual logout sequence with AAA.

## Statistics Collection and Reporting per Service Rule

Statistics information can be sent from the router to the SAE or from the SAE to the router. Both the Diameter Accounting-Request (ACR) and Accounting-Answer (ACA) messages include the Juniper-Acct-Record AVP (AVP code 2053), which identifies the policy (service) for which accounting information is requested.

## Subscriber Logout

When the DHCP (or SSC) client application sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, JSRC sends an STR message to notify the SAE that the provisioned subscriber session is being terminated. The SAE returns an STA message to JSRC, and JSRC notifies DHCP that the logout is complete.

### Related Documentation

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)
- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)

# Configuring JSRC for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)
- [Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 396](#)
- [Assigning a Partition to JSRC on page 397](#)
- [Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC on page 397](#)
- [Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC on page 398](#)
- [Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 398](#)

## Configuring JSRC

---

You can configure the JSRC client application to work with Session and Resource Control (SRC) to centrally manage subscribers and services. JSRC requests address and service authorizations from the remote SRC peer (the SAE), activates and deactivates services as specified by the SAE, logs out subscribers as specified by the SAE, and synchronizes subscriber state and service information with the SAE.

To configure JSRC:

1. Configure the JSRC partition.  
[See “Configuring the JSRC Partition” on page 396.](#)
2. Assign the JSRC partition.  
[See “Assigning a Partition to JSRC” on page 397.](#)
3. Configure JSRC authorization for subscribers.  
[See “Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC” on page 397.](#)
4. Configure JSRC provisioning for subscribers.  
[See “Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC” on page 398.](#)
5. Configure service accounting by JSRC.  
[See “Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC” on page 398.](#)
6. Configure JSRC event tracing as part of general authentication service tracing operations.  
[See “Tracing General Authentication Service Processes” on page 120.](#)

- Related Documentation**
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)

## Configuring the JSRC Partition

---

JSRC works within a specific logical system: routing instance context, called a partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only a single partition is supported; you must configure it within the default logical system: routing instance context.

Before you configure the JSRC partition, perform the following task:

- Configure the Diameter instance at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. See [“Configuring Diameter” on page 377](#).

Configuration for the JSRC partition consists of naming the partition and then associating a Diameter instance, the SAE hostname, and the SAE realm with the partition.

To configure the JSRC partition:

1. Create the partition.

```
[edit jsrc]
user@host# set partition partition1
```

2. Specify the Diameter instance for the JSRC partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the default Diameter instance, *master*, is supported.

```
[edit jsrc partition partition1]
user@host# set diameter-instance master
```

3. Configure the destination host for the JSRC partition.

```
[edit jsrc partition partition1]
user@host# set destination-host sae1
```

4. Configure the destination realm for the JSRC partition.

```
[edit jsrc partition partition1]
user@host# set destination-realm generic.example.com
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)



## Assigning a Partition to JSRC

---

You must associate a configured JSRC partition with the JSRC instance that you are configuring.

Before you assign a partition to JSRC, perform the following task:

- Configure the JSRC partition. See [“Configuring the JSRC Partition” on page 396](#)

To assign the JSRC partition:

- Specify the partition name.

```
[edit jsrc]
user@host# set jsrc-partition partition1
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)

## Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC

---

You can configure AAA to use JSRC in an SRC environment to request authorization from the SAE when AAA is verifying whether a DHCP subscriber can access the router. When JSRC authorization is configured, AAA ignores any configured authentication order settings.

Before you configure JSRC authorization, perform the following tasks:

- Create the subscriber access profile at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level.
- Define the subscriber username with the **username-include** statement in the authentication configuration for DHCP local server or DHCP relay.

To configure JSRC authorization:

- Specify **jsrc** as the authorization method in the profile.

```
[edit access profile dhcpsub1]
user@host# set authorization-order jsrc
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)
- [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180](#)
- [profile on page 1501](#)

## Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC

---

You can configure AAA to use JSRC in an SRC environment to request provisioning from the SAE to instantiate services for an authenticated subscriber.

Before you configure JSRC provisioning for subscribers, perform the following task:

- Create the subscriber access profile at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level.

To configure JSRC provisioning:

- Specify **jsrc** as the provisioning method in the profile.

```
[edit access profile dhcpsub1]
user@host# set provisioning-order jsrc
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)

## Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC

---

You can configure JSRC to report accounting statistics for service sessions.

In addition to the configuration shown here, the network context for JSRC service accounting includes the configuration of firewall filters to count the statistics, Diameter, JSRC, the subscriber services, RADIUS, and the SRC.

To configure service accounting by JSRC:

1. Configure JSRC to provision subscriber services.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set provisioning-order jsrc
```

2. Configure service accounting to be provided by the application that provisions the service—JSRC.

```
[edit access profile profile-name service]
user@host# set accounting-order activation-protocol
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Service Accounting with JSRC on page 390](#)

# Subscribers on Static Interfaces

- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview on page 399](#)

## Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview

---

You can associate subscribers with statically configured interfaces and provide dynamic service activation and activation for these subscribers. When the static interface comes up, the event is treated as a subscriber login. When the interface goes down, it is treated as a subscriber logout. After the subscribers are present in the session database (SDB), JSRC can report the subscribers to the SAE so that the SRC software can subsequently manage the subscribers.

Alternatively, you can configure the static subscribers to be authenticated and authorized by means of RADIUS. In this case, RADIUS can then activate and deactivate services with change of authorization (CoA) messages. However, this configuration does not prevent the interface from coming up and forwarding traffic. Further, authorization parameters are not imposed on the subscriber interface.

Currently, only Ethernet interfaces support static subscribers. Only one static subscriber can exist over a given interface. An interface cannot appear in more than one group. Static subscribers cannot be created over dynamic interfaces.

Static subscribers are intended to work with JSRC. Include the **provisioning-order jsrc** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level to enable JSRC to handle the subscribers at the direction of the SRC software.

If the authentication request fails for a static subscriber, a 60-minute, nonconfigurable timer begins counting down. The request is reissued when the timer expires. This action repeats for as long as the interface is operationally up.

You can force a logout of the static subscriber by issuing the **request services static-subscribers logout interface *interface-name*** command. A static subscriber can also be logged out by AAA or an external policy manager. In both cases, no subsequent logins can take place on the underlying interface until you reset the state by issuing the **request services static-subscribers login interface *interface-name*** command or the router or process reboots.

You can log out an interface group by issuing the **request services static-subscriber logout group *group-name*** command. You can subsequently log in a group of interfaces by issuing the **request services static-subscriber login group *group-name*** command.

No new CLI statements are required to configure the dynamic profile for static subscribers. The dynamic profile can be very simple; it is activated at login and deactivated at logout. If you do not configure a profile, then the *junos-default-profile* is automatically activated.

During a graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) event, active static subscribers are recovered, inactive subscribers are cleaned up, and logout continues for subscribers that were in the process of logging out.

Include the **static-subscribers** statement at the **[edit system services]** hierarchy level to configure static subscribers. Include the **traceoptions** statement at the **[edit system processes static-subscribers]** hierarchy level to configure tracing operations for static subscribers.

You can configure the access profile, dynamic profile, and authentication parameters for all static subscribers or for a particular group of static subscribers:

- To configure the access profile that triggers AAA services for the static subscriber for all static subscribers, include the **access-profile** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level to apply the profile to a specific group and override a top-level configuration.
- To configure the dynamic profile that is instantiated when the static subscriber logs in for all static subscribers, include the **dynamic-profile** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level to apply the profile to a specific group and override a top-level configuration. Do not specify a dynamic profile that creates a dynamic interface.
- To configure the authentication parameters that trigger an Access-Request message to AAA for all static subscribers, include the **authentication** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include the statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level to configure authentication for a specific group and override a top-level configuration. If you do not configure authentication, then by default the interface name is modified and used as the default username for the subscriber session and the authentication request.

The configurable authentication parameters include the password and details of how the username is formed. Include the **password** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers authentication]** hierarchy level to configure the authentication password for all static subscribers. Alternatively, include the statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name* authentication]** hierarchy level to configure authentication for a specific group and override a top-level configuration.

The username that is sent to AAA for authentication must include at least one of the following attributes:

- Domain name
- User prefix
- Interface name
- Logical system name
- Routing instance name

To configure how the username is formed for all static subscribers, include the desired statements at the **[edit system services static-subscribers authentication]** hierarchy level: **domain-name**, **user-prefix**, **logical-system-name**, or **routing-instance-name**. Alternatively, include the desired statements at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name authentication]** hierarchy level to configure the username for a specific group and override a top-level configuration.

If you change the authentication configuration for an existing group or for static subscribers globally, the change has no effect on existing static subscribers. The changes are applied only to any new logins that are attempted after you commit the changes.

A group configuration must specify all the interfaces that you expect to support static subscribers. Include the **interface** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name]** hierarchy level to specify the interfaces. This statement enables you to specify a single interface or a range of interfaces.

You must also statically configure these interfaces before any static subscribers can be supported on them. You must configure the static interfaces in the same logical system and routing instance as the group that includes the interfaces.

If you change the interfaces that are included in an existing interface group, existing static subscribers are automatically logged out and then back in when you commit the changes. However, changes made to the configuration of the interface itself have no effect on the login or logout state of the static subscriber associated with that interface.

By default, multiple subscribers are not supported on top of the same VLAN logical interface. If you want to support this behavior, then you can manage multiple subscribers on a single logical interface in one of two ways. You can either merge attributes such as firewall filters and CoS attributes for the multiple subscribers, or you can replace the current attributes with those of a new subscriber whenever a new subscriber logs into the underlying VLAN logical interface.

- To enable attribute merging for all static interfaces, include the **aggregate-clients merge** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name]** hierarchy level to enable attribute merging for a specific group of static interfaces and override a top-level configuration.
- To enable attribute replacement for all static interfaces, include the **aggregate-clients replace** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level.

Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level to enable attribute replacement for a specific group of static interfaces and override a top-level configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
  - [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)
  - [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 392](#)

## CHAPTER 22

# Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces

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- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile on page 405](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile on page 406](#)
- [Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers on page 406](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 407](#)
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- [Creating a Static Subscriber Group on page 408](#)
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- [Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a Static Subscriber Group on page 410](#)
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- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Static Subscriber Messages Are Logged on page 416](#)
- [Example: Configuring Static Subscribers for Subscriber Access on page 416](#)

## **Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces**

---

This topic describes the procedure for configuring subscribers over static interfaces (static subscribers).

Before you configure subscribers over static interfaces, perform the following tasks:

- Configure the static interfaces on which you want to create and manage subscribers.
- Create an access profile to trigger AAA services for static subscribers.
- Create a dynamic profile that is instantiated when static subscribers log in.

To configure static subscribers:

1. Specify the global access profile that triggers AAA services for static subscribers.  
[See “Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile” on page 405.](#)
2. Specify the global dynamic profile that is instantiated when static subscribers log in.  
[See “Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile” on page 406.](#)
3. Configure global method to handle multiple subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface.  
[See “Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers” on page 406](#)
4. Configure the global authentication password for static subscribers.  
[See “Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password” on page 407.](#)
5. Configure the global username for static subscribers.  
[See “Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username” on page 407.](#)
6. Configure a group of subscribers to share values different from the global configuration.  
[See “Creating a Static Subscriber Group” on page 408.](#)
7. Specify the access profile for the static subscriber group.  
[See “Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile” on page 409.](#)
8. Specify the dynamic profile for the static subscriber group.  
[See “Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile” on page 409.](#)
9. Configure method to handle multiple subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a static subscriber group.  
[See “Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a Static Subscriber Group” on page 410.](#)
10. Configure the authentication password for the static subscriber group.



See [“Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password”](#) on page 410.

11. Configure the username for the static subscriber group.

See [“Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username”](#) on page 411.

12. (Optional) Force a static subscriber to be logged out from an interface.

See [“Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out”](#) on page 412.

13. (Optional) Enable an interface to accept static subscriber logins.

See [“Resetting the State of an Interface for Static Subscriber Login”](#) on page 412.

14. (Optional) Force static subscribers to be logged out from a group of interfaces.

See [“Forcing a Group of Static Subscribers to Be Logged Out”](#) on page 412.

15. (Optional) Enable a group of interfaces to accept static subscriber logins.

See [“Resetting the State of an Interface Group for Static Subscriber Login”](#) on page 412.

16. Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.

See [“Tracing Static Subscriber Operations”](#) on page 413.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview](#) on page 399
- [\[edit system services static-subscribers\] Hierarchy Level](#) on page 1095

---

## Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile

---

You specify a previously created access profile that triggers AAA services for all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different profile is configured for that group.

To specify the access profile used for all static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.  
  
    `[edit system services static-subscribers]  
    user@host# set access-profile access5`

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces](#) on page 404
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile](#) on page 409
- [profile](#) on page 1501

## Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile

---

You specify a previously created dynamic profile that is instantiated when a static subscriber logs in. This profile is used for all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different profile is configured for that group.

To specify the dynamic profile used for all static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers]
user@host# set dynamic-profile dyn-profile-1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 409](#)
- [dynamic-profiles on page 1250](#)

## Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers

---

For a given interface, only a single static subscriber (or group) is logged in. Although we do not recommend this practice, you might have other kinds of subscribers configured on the same interface, such as a DHCP subscriber managed by the DHCP application. You can use the **aggregate-clients** statement to extend the dynamic profile for all static subscribers to enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface.

You can specify that attributes (such as CoS or firewall) for the multiple subscribers are merged for the logical interface. That is, the profiles for multiple subscribers of different types are instantiated on the interface, but the profile attributes of each are merged together. Alternatively, you can specify that the instantiated profile for the current subscriber is replaced by the profile of a new subscriber that logs in using the same logical interface. This configuration can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different configuration is applied for that group.

To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface for all static subscribers, do one of the following:

- Specify that the multiple subscriber attributes are merged for the logical interface.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers dynamic-profile dyn-profile-1]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```

- Specify that the entire logical interface is replaced when a new subscriber logs into the network using the same VLAN logical interface.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers dynamic-profile dyn-profile-3]
user@host# set aggregate-clients replace
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 409](#)

- [dynamic-profile on page 1249](#)

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password

You configure a password that is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different password is configured for that group.

To specify the authentication password used for all static subscribers:

- Specify the password.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication]
user@host# set password Gj85*3mS
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 410](#)
- [authentication on page 1142](#)

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username

You configure how the username is formed. The username serves as the username for all static subscribers that are created and is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different username is configured for that group.

The username must include at least one of the five possible elements. The value of each element is concatenated in a specific order; the resulting string is the username. If you specify their inclusion, the interface name, logical system name, and routing instance name are derived from the configuration context. The elements are ordered as follows:

***user-prefix.interface.logical-system-name.routing-instance-name@domain-name***

To configure the username for all static subscribers:

1. (Optional) Specify a prefix for the username.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set user-prefix Building5
```
2. (Optional) Specify that the interface name is included in the username.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set interface
```
3. (Optional) Specify that the logical system name is included in the username.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set logical-system-name
```
4. Specify that the routing instance name is included in the username.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
```

```
user@host# set routing-instance-name
```

5. Specify the domain name included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
```

```
user@host# set domain-name campus.example.com
```

Configured in the default logical system and master routing instance for interface ge-0/1/1.100, this sample configuration generates the following username:

```
Building5.ge-0-1-1-100.default.master.campus.example.com
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411](#)
- [username-include on page 1675](#)

---

## Creating a Static Subscriber Group

You can override the configuration that is applied globally to static subscribers by creating a static subscriber group that consists of a set of statically configured interfaces. You can then apply a common configuration for the group with values different from the global values for access and dynamic profiles, password, and username.

To configure an interface group for static subscribers:

1. Access the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level.
2. Create the group and assign the name.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers]
```

```
user@host# edit group boston
```

3. Specify the names of one or more interfaces on which static subscribers can be created. You can repeat the **interface interface-name** statement to specify multiple interfaces within the group, but you cannot use the same interface in more than one group.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
```

```
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.1
```

```
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.2
```

4. (Optional) You can use the **upto upto-interface-name** option to specify a range of interfaces for a group.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
```

```
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.3 upto ge-1/0/1.9
```

5. (Optional) You can use the **exclude** option to exclude a specific interface or a specified range of interfaces from the group. For example:

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
```

```
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.1 upto ge-1/0/1.102
```

```
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.6 exclude
```

```
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.70 upto ge-1/0/1.80 exclude
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
  - [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile on page 409](#)
  - [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 409](#)
  - [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 410](#)
  - [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411](#)

---

## Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile

You can override the configured global access profile by specifying a different profile for a group of static subscribers. The access profile triggers AAA services for that group of static subscribers.

To specify the access profile used for a group of static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
user@host# set access-profile boston-acs
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
  - [profile on page 1501](#)

---

## Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile

You can override the configured global dynamic profile by specifying a different profile for a group of static subscribers. The dynamic profile is instantiated when any static subscriber in the group logs in.

To specify the dynamic profile used for a group of static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
user@host# set dynamic-profile dyn-profile-2
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
  - [Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile on page 406](#)
  - [dynamic-profiles on page 1250](#)

## Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a Static Subscriber Group

For a given interface, only a single static subscriber group (or static subscriber) is logged in. Although we do not recommend this practice, you might have other kinds of subscribers configured on the same interface, such as a DHCP subscriber managed by the DHCP application. You can use the **aggregate-clients** statement to extend the dynamic profile for a static subscriber group to enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface.

You can specify that attributes (such as CoS or firewall) for the multiple subscribers are merged for the logical interface. That is, the profiles for multiple subscribers of different types are instantiated on the interface, but the profile attributes of each are merged together. Alternatively, you can specify that the instantiated profile for the current subscriber group is replaced by the profile of a new subscriber that logs in using the same logical interface. This configuration overrides the configuration applied to all static subscribers that are not members of the group.

To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface for a static subscriber group, do one of the following:

- Specify that the multiple subscriber attributes are merged for the logical interface.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston dynamic-profile dyn-profile-2]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```

- Specify that the entire logical interface is replaced when a new subscriber logs into the network using the same VLAN logical interface.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston dynamic-profile dyn-profile-4]
user@host# set aggregate-clients replace
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 409](#)
- [dynamic-profile on page 1249](#)

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password

You can override the configured global authentication password by specifying a different password for a group of static subscribers. This password is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate all static subscribers in the group.

To specify the authentication password used for a group of static subscribers:

- Specify the password.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication]
user@host# set password knTS$$k2
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)

- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 407](#)
- [authentication on page 1142](#)

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username

You can override the configured global username by specifying a different username for a group of static subscribers. The username serves as the username for a group of static subscribers that is created and is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate that group.

The username must include at least one of the five possible elements. The value of each element is concatenated in a specific order; the resulting string is the username. If you specify their inclusion, the interface name, logical system name, and routing instance name are derived from the configuration context. The elements are ordered as follows:

***user-prefix.interface.logical-system-name.routing-instance-name@domain-name***

To configure the username for a group of static subscribers:

1. (Optional) Specify a prefix for the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set user-prefix 2ndFloor
```

2. (Optional) Specify that the interface name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set interface
```

3. (Optional) Specify that the logical system name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set logical-system-name
```

4. Specify that the routing instance name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set routing-instance-name
```

5. Specify the domain name included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set domain-name building5.example.com
```

Configured in the default logical system and master routing instance for interface ge-0/1/2.50, this sample configuration generates the following username:

**2ndfloor.ge-0-1-2-50.default.master.building5.example.com**

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 407](#)
- [username-include on page 1675](#)

## Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out

---

You can force a static subscriber to be logged out on an interface. After you do so, no subscriber can subsequently log in on that interface until the interface state is reset either by a router reset or by entering the **request services static-subscribers login interface** command.

- To forcibly log out a static subscriber on a static interface:

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers logout interface ge-2/0/1.5
```

### Related Documentation

- [Resetting the State of an Interface for Static Subscriber Login on page 412](#)

## Resetting the State of an Interface for Static Subscriber Login

---

When a static subscriber has been forcibly logged out on an interface with the **request services static-subscribers logout interface** command, you can reset the state of the interface. This action enables a static subscriber to log in on the interface. If you do not reset the state manually, then no static subscribers can log in on the interface until the state is reset by a router reset.

- To reset the state of a static interface:

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers login interface ge-2/0/1.5
```

### Related Documentation

- [Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out on page 412](#)

## Forcing a Group of Static Subscribers to Be Logged Out

---

You can force the static subscribers on all interfaces in a group to be logged out. After you do so, no subscriber can subsequently log in on an interface in that group until the interface state is reset either by a router reset or by entering the **request services static-subscribers login group** command.

- To forcibly log out all static subscribers on a static interface group:

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers logout group boston
```

### Related Documentation

- [Resetting the State of an Interface Group for Static Subscriber Login on page 412](#)

## Resetting the State of an Interface Group for Static Subscriber Login

---

When static subscribers have been forcibly logged out on an interface group with the **request services static-subscribers logout group** command, you can reset the state of the group. This action enables static subscribers to log in on the interfaces in the group. If you do not reset the state manually, then no static subscribers can log in on any interface in the group until the state is reset by a router reset.



- To reset the state of a static interface group:

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers login group boston
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Forcing a Group of Static Subscribers to Be Logged Out on page 412](#)

## Verifying Information about Subscriber Sessions on Static Interfaces

**Purpose** View information about subscriber sessions on static interfaces:

**Action** • To display information about all static subscriber sessions:

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions
```

- To display information about the subscriber sessions for the specified group of static interfaces:

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions group boston
```

- To display information about the subscriber session for the specified interface:

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions interface ge-0/0/1.1
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- For more information, see the [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)

## Tracing Static Subscriber Operations

The Junos OS trace feature tracks static subscriber operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `jsscd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure static subscriber tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscribers Trace Log Filename”](#) on page 414.
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Static Subscribers Log Files”](#) on page 414.
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the Static Subscribers Log File”](#) on page 415.
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Static Subscriber Messages to Be Logged”](#) on page 415.
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscribers Tracing Flags”](#) on page 416.
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Static Subscriber Messages Are Logged”](#) on page 416.

---

## Configuring the Static Subscribers Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for static subscribers is **jsscd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for static subscribers tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.  

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1
```

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 413](#)

---

## Configuring the Number and Size of Static Subscribers Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1 _logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 413](#)

---

## Configuring Access to the Static Subscribers Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1 _logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1 _logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 413](#)

---

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Static Subscriber Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
```

```
user@host# set file stat-subs_1_logfile match regex
```

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 413](#)

---

## Configuring the Static Subscribers Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set flag authentication
```

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 413](#)

---

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Static Subscriber Messages Are Logged

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 413](#)

---

## Example: Configuring Static Subscribers for Subscriber Access

This example shows a static subscriber configuration.

1. Configure the access profile to be used for static subscribers.

```
access {
 profile access5 {
 provisioning-order jsrsrc;
 accounting {
 order radius;
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 authentication {
 order radius;
 }
}

```

2. Configure the dynamic profile to be used for static subscribers.

If you do not configure this profile, the default profile, junos-default-profile, is used.

3. Configure the static interfaces on which to layer the static subscribers.
4. Configure the parameters that apply globally to all static subscribers in the configuration context.

```

static-subscribers {
 access-profile access5;
 dynamic-profile dyn-profile-1;
 authentication {
 password Gj85*3mS;
 username-include {
 user-prefix Building5;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 domain-name example.com;
 }
 }
}

```

5. If you want to override the global parameters for certain static subscribers, create a group of static interfaces for those subscribers and configure parameters to apply to that group. Repeat this step for as many groups as you need.

```

static-subscribers {
 group boston {
 interface ge-1/0/1.1 upto ge-1/0/1.102
 interface ge-1/0/1.6 exclude
 interface ge-1/0/1.70 upto ge-1/0/1.80 exclude
 access-profile boston-acs;
 dynamic-profile dyn-profile-2;
 authentication {
 password knTS$$k2;
 username-include {
 user-prefix 2ndFloor;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 domain-name example.net;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

6. Configure tracing options for static subscriber events.

```

static-subscribers {

```

```
traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression > <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview on page 399](#)
  - [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)

## CHAPTER 23

# PTSP and Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC)

- [PTSP Overview on page 419](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and PTSP Overview on page 420](#)
- [Understanding PTSP-SAE Interactions on page 421](#)
- [Packet-Triggered Subscribers Services Overview on page 422](#)
- [Understanding the Subscriber Profiles for Client Sessions per PSTP Partition on page 425](#)

## PTSP Overview

---

The packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature allows the application of policies to individual source IP addresses flowing through a given interface. A subscriber context is created for each distinct source IP address seen in a given underlying interface. This feature can be used to support dynamic subscribers that are controlled by a subscriber termination device, such as a B-RAS or GGSN device, that is connected to an MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router.

PTSP has the following responsibilities:

- Create a subscriber context for each distinct IPv4 address on a given interface (subscriber context).
- Apply policies to or remove policies from the subscriber context.
- Collect statistics and report for each individual policy for each subscriber context.
- Derive information about subscribers.

You can associate specific subscriber contexts based on IPv4 addresses and provide service activation and deactivation for these subscribers. The Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) maintains a table of addresses for each subscriber and any corresponding policies. If an address is not found in the subscriber table, then a new subscriber context is created. All policies are defined on a per-subscriber basis. Once the subscribers are present in the subscriber table, PSTP enforces the policies active for the subscriber context. PTSP can report the subscribers to the SAE using the Diameter protocol so that the SRC software can manage the subscribers and services with dynamic policies. You can also configure static policies, but dynamic policies take precedence over static policies. When you download a new dynamic policy, it takes effect only for new flows. All new flows and

TCP connections use the new dynamic policy. Existing flows are not affected by the new policy unless they timeout, after which they are considered a new flow.

Statistics collection that is aggregated on a service rule basis is also shared with the SAE using the Diameter application. These statistics are not written to a flat file. Statistics collection that is aggregated on an application or application group basis is written to a flat file. These statistics are not shared with the SAE using the Diameter protocol.

## Hardware Requirements for PTSP for Subscriber Access

PTSP is supported on Juniper Networks MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers. You must have a Multiservices DPC (MS-DPC) on the MX Series router.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)

---

## Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) and PTSP Overview

The Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) environment provides a central administrative point for managing subscribers and their services. The SRC software runs on Juniper Networks C Series Controllers. The SRC software uses the Diameter protocol for communications between the local peer on a Juniper Networks routing platform and the remote SRC peer on a C Series Controller. The local peer is known as PTSP and is part of the AAA application. The remote SRC peer is the service activation engine (SAE); the SAE acts as the controlling agent in the SRC environment.

The SRC software enables the SAE to activate and deactivate subscriber services (described by SRC policies). The SAE installs or removes policies using a service rule policy template called `__svc_rule__`. This policy template indicates which policy is applied to a new subscriber session. Additional policies are bound to new sessions; they do not affect existing sessions. Note that policy name must be unique between PPR requests. You can use the same rule name within a single request, but you cannot use the same name again in a separate request.

Statistics collection that is aggregated on a service rule basis is also shared with the SAE using the Diameter protocol.



**NOTE:** More than one Diameter-based application (function) can run on a router simultaneously.

---

**Related Documentation**

- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)
- [Understanding PTSP-SAE Interactions on page 421](#)
- [Configuring the PTSP Application on page 429](#)
- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)



## Understanding PTSP-SAE Interactions

This topic describes the sequences of Diameter messages exchanged between PTSP and the SAE as they interact to perform the following tasks for subscriber access:

- Subscriber login

When a packet-triggered subscriber logs in, PTSP sends a Diameter AA-Request message to request service provisioning from the SAE that includes the Session-Id attribute for the new subscriber. If the AA-Request fails, then the subscriber is not considered logged in and the subscriber session is not managed by the SAE. Only the static PTSP rules apply to the subscriber.

The SAE returns a Diameter AA-Answer message with the Result-Code. The AA-Answer message can include the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020), which is used to specify a service to attach to the subscriber's IP address.

PTSP can send an AA-Request message to the SAE to confirm activation. The SAE returns a AA-Answer message in acknowledgment. If the AA-Request message fails or the SAE does not respond with an AA-Answer message, the subscriber session is managed by the SAE.

- Service activation and deactivation

The SAE policies provision subscriber services. After a packet-triggered subscriber is logged in, the SAE can send a PPR message to PTSP to activate or deactivate services. A given PPR can include the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020) to activate a service or the Juniper-Policy-Remove AVP (AVP code 2027) to deactivate a service.

PTSP sends a PPA message to the SAE when it has completed the tasks requested in the PPR. The PPA indicates the success or failure of the actions requested in the PPR.

- Resynchronization

Either PTSP or the SAE initiates the resynchronization.

The SAE initiates resynchronization at startup or when a backup SAE takes over session control due to resource limits or conditions on the primary SAE. The SAE clears its database of all entries in preparation for the synchronization.

PTSP initiates resynchronization at startup, such as when AAA starts or restarts. PTSP uses the Juniper-Last-Origin-Host AVP (AVP code 2055) to keep track of the active SAE host in a multi-SAE environment. When an SAE in a multi-SAE environment becomes active, it must send an SRQ to PTSP as its first message. PTSP initiates a synchronization when it receives any other message type from an SAE that is different from the SAE indicated in the Juniper-Last-Origin-Host AVP.

Both entities initiate a resynchronization by sending an SRQ message. The recipient responds with an SRR message.

- Statistics collection and reporting per service rule

Statistics information can be sent from the router to the SAE or from the SAE to the router. Both the Diameter Accounting-Request and Accounting-Answer messages

include the Juniper-Acct-Record AVP (AVP code 2053) which identifies the policy for which accounting information is requested.

- Subscriber logout

PTSP can determine when there is a logout request for a packet-triggered subscriber in two ways:

- The SAE terminates a subscriber session by sending an ASR message to PTSP.
- PTSP monitors a subscriber session and starts the logout process after 30 minutes of inactivity.

The subscriber logout triggers the final statistics aggregation for all policies and the removal of any policies installed by the SAE. PTSP sends an STR message that indicates the logout event to the SAE.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and PTSP Overview on page 420](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)
- [Configuring the PTSP Application on page 429](#)
- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)

---

## Packet-Triggered Subscribers Services Overview

---

The packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature allows the application of policies to dynamic subscribers that are controlled by a subscriber termination device. You can associate specific subscriber contexts based on IPv4 addresses and provide dynamic service activation and deactivation for these subscribers. Once the subscribers are present in the subscriber database on the router, PTSP can report the subscribers to the SAE using the PTSP application so that the SRC software can manage the subscribers and services.

PTSP policies can be downloaded dynamically from the external policy manager (such as SRC) or configured statically on the router. The PTSP policies can be configured for each distinct IPv4 source address for a given interface on which the service is configured. Each distinct IPv4 address is considered a subscriber and all PTSP policies are applied on a per-subscriber basis. Dynamic policies, which are always specific to a subscriber, take precedence over static policies.

You can set up PTSP policies to:

- Manage traffic by configuring filtering, rate-limiting, and QoS enforcement in the rules.
- Steer traffic by specifying the forwarding instance in the forward rule.
- Collect accounting information by service rule or by application.

When you configure PTSP policies, you must specify the type of statistics collection (**count**) and the IP address used to identify the packet-triggered subscriber (**demux**) in

the service rule. All service rules attached to a given service set must have the same settings for these options.

For the statistics collection type, terms and rules also cannot mix and match the following styles:

- **rule**—Statistics are aggregated in one bucket for the service rule and Diameter is used to report the statistics.
- **application**—Statistics are aggregated by application for a specific application, for a specific application group, or in one bucket. The statistics are reported in a flat file.

Subscriber instantiation is triggered for ingress packets by the IP address. When source address is specified, the source IP address of the ingress packets is used to establish the subscriber context. When destination address is specified, the destination IP address of the ingress packets is used to establish the subscriber context. If the IP address does not correspond to a known subscriber, then a new subscriber context is created to log in the packet-triggered subscriber.

The match conditions include local address, local port, remote address, and remote port. The following table describes how the **demux** value changes the IP address or port used for these terms.

| Match Conditions      | demux source-address |                     | demux destination-address |                     |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
|                       | Ingress Flows        | Egress Flows        | Ingress Flows             | Egress Flows        |
| <b>local-address</b>  | Source address       | Destination address | Destination address       | Source address      |
| <b>remote-address</b> | Destination address  | Source address      | Source address            | Destination address |
| <b>local-port</b>     | Source port          | Destination port    | Destination port          | Source port         |
| <b>remote-port</b>    | Destination port     | Source port         | Source port               | Destination port    |

### Subscriber Identification Method for PTSP Partition

The PSTP functionality uses RADIUS attributes, such as *User-Name* to identify subscribers in a RADIUS partition. If a service provider uses a different RADIUS attribute other than *User-Name*, the authentication of subscribers and establishment of client sessions fail. To enable service providers to use a subscriber-identification method that suits their network needs, you can add flexible configurations in the packet-triggered subscriber process.

The PTSP configurable user-identification feature allows you to do the following:

- Configure the subscriber identification method for PTSP partitions, based on the network topology and the service provider requirements.
- Insert subscriber-specific tags for the subscriber's HTTP traffic for which the reference to subscriber-specific tagging is provided using subscriber identification.

The PTSP application generates the subscriber-identification parameter as a text-string by combining the RADIUS attribute value and the internal attribute value of the PTSP partition. The text-string is generated in the same order as the attributes that are configured in the PTSP partition.



**NOTE:** Only RADIUS partitions support user-identification to configure the subscriber-identification method for PTSP partitions.

---

## PTSP Services on Aggregated and Redundant Services PICs

The packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature supports both Aggregated Multiservices (AMS) and Redundant Multiservices (RMS) PICs. RMS services interfaces support 1:1 redundancy between two logical PICs and in an active or standby model. AMS services interfaces support load sharing and N:1 redundancy between N logical PICs.



**NOTE:** The PTSP services do not support load balancing on AMS.

In 1:1 redundancy, if services PIC fails:

- The subscriber is logged out, the traffic is switched to the redundant services PIC, and the subscriber receives a new session ID to log in with.
- The subscriber's last configured accounting data is retrieved as the latest interim accounting record.

In AMS, the PTSP subscriber's traffic is redistributed to other services PIC and the same subscriber may appear on different services PICs. The subscriber with no new data flow is logged out after idle timeout with the complete accounting data. The following example depicts the AMS scenario:

```
ams0 {
 load-balancing-options {
 member-interface mams-4/0/0;
 member-interface mams-4/1/0;
 member-interface mams-5/0/0;
 member-failure-options {
 redistribute-all-traffic;
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 family inet;
 }
}
```

The traffic on ms-4/0/0 is redistributed to ms-4/1/0 only after ms-5/0/0 has failed. In this example, there are two subscribers: s1 on ms-4/0/0 and s2 on ms-4/1/0. The two subscribers have the same source IP address. If there is no new traffic, s1 is eventually logged out after idle timeout.



**NOTE:** PTSP does not support any type of hash key for traffic sharing among logical PICs configured with the same PTSP service set. For PTSP to work, all traffic for any given subscriber needs to reach the same logical PIC within an AMS container. For this to happen, the AMS hashing algorithm needs to align with the PTSP demux type, as follows:

- If PTSP is configured for source-demux, then the AMS hashing algorithm must be based on the source-ip-address only.
- If PTSP is configured for destination-demux, then the AMS hashing algorithm must be based on the destination-ip-address only.
- No other type of AMS hashing algorithm is compatible with PTSP.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)
- [Configuring Static PTSP Rules on page 435](#)

## Understanding the Subscriber Profiles for Client Sessions per PSTP Partition

Subscriber profiles for service activation enables you to specify which service plug-ins become activated on a per-subscriber basis. Previously, the only control mechanism for specifying service activation was to attach a service-set configuration to a selected interface or route. The new utility allows you to enable or disable services based on the subscriber associated with every data flow. As a result, you can apply differentiated services to different sets of subscribers. You can exercise the control mechanism in one of two ways: by using a CLI operational command or a RADIUS attribute.



**NOTE:** This feature applies only to MP-SDK services and does not depend on the specific services enabled or disabled, except that PTSP must be included in the chain.

The procedure consists of three steps:

1. Configure a service set that includes all the services to be applied to flows. You can include a default subscriber profile that controls which services are and are not active by default. The default profile applies to all subscribers until overridden for a specific subscriber. In the absence of a default subscriber profile, all services specified in the service set are applied by default. You can also include one or more alternative subscriber profiles that can be implemented to override the default profile. The following sample configuration illustrates these components:

```
services {
 service-set ssl {
 application-identification-profile appidrl;
 idp-profile idprl;
 aacl-rules aaclrl;
 hcm_rules hcmrl;
```

```

sfw_rules sfwr1;
subscriber-profile {
 sp1;
}
interface-service {
 service-interface ms-3/0/0.0;
}
}
}
subscriber-profile sp1 {
 disable HCM;
 enable IDP {
 concurrent-data-sessions 10;
 }
 disable AACL;
 max-data-sessions-per-subscriber {
 limit 10;
 exceed-action [syslog drop];
 }
}
subscriber-profile sp2 {
 enable HCM;
 disable IDP;
 enable AACL;
 max-data-sessions-per-subscriber {
 limit 100;
 exceed-action [syslog];
 }
}
}

```

Initially, all traffic reaching the service plane under service set ss1 receives all the services configured in service set ss1 that are enabled by the default subscriber profile sp1 applied to it. In the example, APPID, stateful firewall, and IDP are enabled, whereas HCM and AACL are disabled. However IDP is enabled for only at most 10 sessions concurrently. Beyond that threshold, IDP is also disabled. Also, because of the max-data-sessions-per-subscriber setting, any subscriber is allowed a maximum of ten concurrent data sessions. Beyond that threshold, data sessions are logged and dropped.

2. There are two ways to dynamically override the default subscriber profile associated with a particular PTSP subscriber:
  - CLI operational command
  - RADIUS attribute or VSA in an access-accept message.

From the previous example, assume that the subscriber profile for subscriber X is dynamically set to sp2. After that, any new data session associated with subscriber X has a different set of services applied to it. In the example, it would be APPID, stateful firewall, HCM, and AACL. Also, because the max-data-sessions-per-subscriber setting changes to 100, subscriber X now has no upper limit on the number of concurrent data sessions, although if that number crosses the 100 threshold, the threshold-crossing event is logged.

The following examples illustrate the dynamic override settings:

## Operational command

```
user@router>request services subscriber clear subscriber-profile
client-id client-id
```

```
user@router>request services subscriber set subscriber-profile
subscriber-profile-name client-id client-id
```

## RADIUS configuration

```
user@router# set system services packet-triggered-subscribers
partition-radius foo subscriber-service-profile attribute-26.4874.31
```

3. Processing of a new data session at the service plane takes place as follows, with respect to subscriber profiles:
  1. A new flow starts. MP-SDK sends a SESSION-INTEREST event to the service plug-ins. The first plug-in in the chain is the subscribers (PTSP) plug-in.
  2. The subscribers plug-in matches the flow to its subscriber by searching its database. It sets the subscriber ID in the session metadata.
  3. The subscriber plug-in checks for the corresponding subscriber profile and which services are enabled. It then sets the services mask of enabled and disabled services in the session metadata.
  4. MP-SDK or JSF invokes only the services that are enabled per the services mask. The other services are skipped, even if configured in the service set.



**NOTE:** : Subscriber-profile changes affect only the upcoming flows. Existing flows remain unaffected.





# Configuring the PTSP Application

- [Configuring the PTSP Application on page 429](#)
- [Configuring the PTSP Partition on page 430](#)
- [Assigning the PTSP Partition on page 430](#)
- [Tracing Packet-Triggered Subscriber Operations on page 431](#)

## Configuring the PTSP Application

---

You can configure the PTSP client application to work with the Session and Resource Control (SRC) peer to centrally manage packet-triggered subscribers and services. PTSP requests address and service authorizations from the remote SRC peer (the SAE), activates and deactivates services as specified by the SAE, logs out subscribers as specified by the SAE, and synchronizes subscriber state and service information with the SAE. The PTSP application also performs statistics collection and reporting.

To configure the PTSP application:

1. Configure the PTSP partition.  
[See “Configuring the PTSP Partition” on page 430.](#)
2. Assign the PTSP partition.  
[See “Assigning the PTSP Partition” on page 430.](#)
3. Configure statistics collection and reporting.  
[See “Tracing Packet-Triggered Subscriber Operations” on page 431.](#)

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and PTSP Overview on page 420](#)

## Configuring the PTSP Partition

---

PTSP works within a specific logical system:routing instance context, called a partition. The partition is configured to connect to the external policy manager.



**NOTE:** Currently, only a single partition is supported; you must configure it within the default logical system:routing instance context.

Before you configure the PTSP partition to connect to the external policy manager, perform the following task:

- Configure the Diameter instance for the remote SRC peer at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. See [“Configuring Diameter” on page 377](#).

Configuration for the PTSP partition consists of naming the partition and then associating a Diameter instance, the SAE hostname, and the SAE realm with the partition.

To configure the PTSP partition:

1. Create the partition at the **[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers]
user@host# edit partition ptsp-default
```

2. Specify the Diameter instance for the PTSP partition.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers partition ptsp-default]
user@host# set diameter-instance master
```

3. Configure the destination host for the PTSP partition.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers partition ptsp-default]
user@host# set destination-host sae1
```

4. Configure the destination realm for the PTSP partition.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers partition ptsp-default]
user@host# set destination-realm generic.example.com
```

5. Configure the subscriber ID for the PTSP partition.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers partition-radius
 radius-partition-name]
user@host# set subscriber-identification
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the PTSP Application on page 429](#)

## Assigning the PTSP Partition

---

You must associate the PTSP partition with the logical system:routing instance.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the global logical system:routing instance, *master* logical system and default routing instance, is supported.

Before you assign the PTSP partition, perform the following task:

- Configure the PTSP partition. See [“Configuring the PTSP Partition” on page 430](#).

To assign the PTSP partition:

- Specify the partition name at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit system]
user@host# set packet-triggered-subscribers-partition ptsp-default
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the PTSP Application on page 429](#)

## Tracing Packet-Triggered Subscriber Operations

Packet-triggered subscriber tracing operations track packet-triggered subscriber operations and record them in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

All log files are located in the `/var/log` directory. You cannot change the directory (`/var/log`) in which trace files are located. When the trace file reaches its maximum size, a `.0` is appended to the filename, then a new file is created with a `.1`, and finally a `.2`. When the maximum number of trace files is reached, the oldest trace file is overwritten.

To configure packet-triggered subscriber tracing operations:

1. Specify that you want to configure tracing options.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers]
user@host# edit traceoptions
```

2. (Optional) Configure the name for the file used for the trace output.
3. (Optional) Configure the number and size of the log files.
4. (Optional) Configure flags to filter the operations to be logged.

The packet-triggered subscriber traceoptions operations are described in the following sections:

- [Configuring the Packet-Triggered Subscribers Trace Log Filename on page 432](#)
- [Configuring the Size of Packet-Triggered Subscribers Log Files on page 432](#)
- [Configuring the Packet-Triggered Subscribers Tracing Flags on page 432](#)

## Configuring the Packet-Triggered Subscribers Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for packet-triggered subscribers is **jptspd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for packet-triggered subscribers tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file ptsp-subsys_1
```

## Configuring the Size of Packet-Triggered Subscribers Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, **filename**, reaches 2 MB, **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**, and a new file called **filename** is created. When the new **filename** reaches 2 MB, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, **filename.19.gz**, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, **filename.18.gz** is compressed and renamed to **filename.19.gz**.

To configure the size of trace files:

- Specify the name and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file ptsp-subsys_1_logfile_1 size 2097152
```

## Configuring the Packet-Triggered Subscribers Tracing Flags

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set flag peer
user@host# set flag session
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring the PTSP Application on page 429](#)

# Configuring Packet-Triggered Subscriber Services

- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)
- [Configuring the Multiservices DPC for PTSP on page 434](#)
- [Configuring PTSP Service Rules on page 435](#)
- [Configuring Static PTSP Rules on page 435](#)
- [Configuring PTSP Rule Sets on page 437](#)
- [Configuring PTSP Service Sets on page 438](#)
- [Configuring the PTSP Forwarding Instance on page 438](#)
- [Configuring a Statistics Profile for PTSP on page 440](#)
- [Tracing PTSP Operations on page 442](#)
- [Verifying and Managing PTSP Configuration on page 443](#)

## Configuring PTSP

---

You can configure the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature on MX Series routers to allow the application of policies to dynamic subscribers that are controlled by a subscriber termination device, such as a B-RAS or GGSN device, connected to an MX Series router. The subscribers are associated by their IPv4 address and dynamic or static policies can be applied. Dynamic policies take precedence over static policies. When you download a new dynamic policy, it takes effect only for new flows. All new flows and TCP connections use the new dynamic policy. Existing flows are not affected by the new policy unless they timeout, after which they are considered a new flow.

To configure PTSP services on the MX Series router:

1. Configure the Multiservices DPC.  
[See “Configuring the Multiservices DPC for PTSP” on page 434.](#)
2. Configure the Diameter application to support the download of dynamic PTSP policies from the external policy manager (such as SRC). The PTSP application also provides statistics collection and reporting.  
[See “Configuring the PTSP Application” on page 429.](#)

3. Configure the static PTSP service rules.

See [“Configuring Static PTSP Rules” on page 435](#).

4. Configure statistics collection and reporting in a flat file.

See [“Configuring a Statistics Profile for PTSP” on page 440](#) and [“Tracing PTSP Operations” on page 442](#).

**Related  
Documentation**

- [PTSP Overview on page 419](#)

---

## Configuring the Multiservices DPC for PTSP

To configure the Multiservices Dense Port Concentrator (MS-DPC) to support PTSP services, perform the following tasks:

- [Enabling the PTSP Service Package on the Multiservices DPC on page 434](#)
- [Configuring Services Interface for PTSP on page 434](#)

### Enabling the PTSP Service Package on the Multiservices DPC

The PTSP feature runs on the Multiservices DPC, you must enable the PTSP service package on the Multiservices DPC before you can configure the PTSP software. The name of the PTSP service package is **jservices-ptsp**.

To enable the PTSP service package:

1. Determine the FPC slot number and the PIC number of the MS-DPC on which you want to enable the PTSP service package.

```
user@host> show chassis hardware
```

In this example, the FPC slot number is 3 and the PIC number is 0.

2. Enable the jservices-ptsp package on the Multiservices DPC.

```
[edit chassis]
```

```
user@host# set fpc 3 pic 0 adaptive-services service-package extension-provider
package jservices-ptsp
```

### Configuring Services Interface for PTSP



**NOTE:** ams- interfaces and rms- interfaces can be configured for PTSP.

---

To configure the services interface for PTSP:

1. Enter edit mode for the interface.

```
[edit]
```

```
user@host# edit interfaces ms-3/0/0
```

2. Configure a logical unit and specify the protocol family.

```
[edit interfaces ms-3/0/0]
```

```
user@host# set unit 0 family inet
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)
  - [PTSP Overview on page 419](#)

---

## Configuring PTSP Service Rules

PTSP policies can be downloaded dynamically from the external policy manager (such as SRC) or configured statically on the router. The PTSP policies can be configured for each distinct IPv4 source address for a given interface on which the service is configured. Each distinct IPv4 address is considered a subscriber and all PTSP policies are applied on a per-subscriber basis.

Dynamic policies, which are always specific to a subscriber, take precedence over static policies. When you download a new dynamic policy, it takes effect only for new flows. All new flows and TCP connections use the new dynamic policy. Existing flows are not affected by the new policy unless they timeout, after which they are considered a new flow.

To configure the PTSP policies, perform these tasks:

- To download dynamic policies and to collect statistics with Diameter, configure the Diameter application for PTSP. See [“Configuring the PTSP Application” on page 429](#).
- To configure static policies, see [“Configuring Static PTSP Rules” on page 435](#). To collect statistics in a flat file, see [“Configuring a Statistics Profile for PTSP” on page 440](#).

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)
  - [PTSP Overview on page 419](#)

---

## Configuring Static PTSP Rules

You can configure the static PTSP policies on the router. If the PTSP service is configured on the underlying interface, the PTSP service enforces the policies associated with the subscriber context.

To configure static PTSP rules:

1. Specify the rule that you want to configure.

```
[edit services ptsp]
user@host# edit rule ptspRule1
```

2. Specify the direction in which the rule match is applied.

```
[edit services ptsp rule ptspRule1]
user@host# set match-direction input
```

- Specify the IP address used for the subscriber context. Subscriber instantiation is always triggered for ingress packets, so this value indicates which IP address in the ingress packets for the flow is used.

```
[edit services ptsp rule ptspRule1]
user@host# set demux source-address
```

- Specify the statistics aggregation, collection, and reporting style. Terms and rules cannot mix and match different styles.

```
[edit services ptsp rule ptspRule1]
user@host# set count-type rule
```

If you specify the rule style, statistics collection is performed by the Diameter application. If you specify the application style, statistics collection is in a flat file controlled by the local policy decision function (L-PDF).

- (Optional) Specify the forward rule used for forwarding packets. See [“Configuring the PTSP Forwarding Instance” on page 438](#).

```
[edit services ptsp rule ptspRule1]
user@host# set forward-rule forward-rule-name
```

- Configure the term precedence for the rule.

```
[edit services ptsp rule ptspRule1]
user@host# edit term 1
```

- Configure the match conditions for the term. See [Table 46 on page 436](#).

```
[edit services ptsp rule ptspRule1 term 1]
user@host# set from remote-address-range low 203.0.0.2 high 203.0.0.100
user@host# set from remote-address-range low 204.0.0.2 high 204.0.0.253
```

- (Optional) Specify the action taken when the match conditions are met. See [Table 47 on page 437](#).

```
[edit services ptsp rule ptspRule1 term 1]
user@host# set then count rule
user@host# set then accept
```

[Table 46 on page 436](#) describes the match conditions for PTSP rules.

**Table 46: PTSP Match Conditions**

| Match Condition                                                     | Description                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>application-group-any</b>                                        | Application group name defined in the application identification configuration. |
| <b>application-groups</b> [ <i>application-group-name</i> ]         | Application group name defined in the application identification configuration. |
| <b>applications</b>                                                 | Application name defined in the application identification configuration.       |
| <b>local-port-range</b> low <i>low-value</i> high <i>high-value</i> | Local port range.                                                               |
| <b>local-ports</b> <i>value-list</i>                                | Local ports.                                                                    |



Table 46: PTSP Match Conditions (*continued*)

| Match Condition                                                           | Description                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <b>protocol</b> <i>protocol-number</i>                                    | IP protocol number.              |
| <b>remote-address</b> ( <i>address</i>   any-unicast)                     | Remote IP address. IPv4 only.    |
| <b>remote-address-range</b> low <i>low-value</i><br>high <i>low-value</i> | Remote address range. IPv4 only. |
| <b>remote-port-range</b> low <i>low-value</i> high<br><i>high-value</i>   | Remote port range.               |
| <b>remote-ports</b> <i>value-list</i>                                     | Remote ports.                    |
| <b>remote-prefix-list</b> <i>prefix-list-name</i>                         | Prefixes in the specified list.  |

Table 47 on page 437 describes the actions for PTSP rules.

Table 47: PTSP Actions

| Action or Action Modifier | Description                                              |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| accept                    | Accept the packet.                                       |
| count                     | Increment the specified counter.                         |
| discard                   | Drop the packet.                                         |
| forwarding-class          | Classify the packet into the specified forwarding class. |
| police                    | Rate-limit packets based on the specified policer.       |

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the PTSP Forwarding Instance on page 438](#)
- [Configuring a Statistics Profile for PTSP on page 440](#)
- [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)
- [PTSP Overview on page 419](#)
- [Packet-Triggered Subscribers Services Overview on page 422](#)

## Configuring PTSP Rule Sets

You can define a collection of PTSP rules to determine the actions performed on packets.

To configure static PTSP rule sets:

1. Specify the rule set that you want to configure.

[edit services ptsp]

```
user@host# edit rule-set ptspRules
```

2. Specify the rules in the order that you want them processed.

```
[edit services ptsp rule-set ptspRules]
user@host# set rule ptspRule1
user@host# set rule ptspRule2
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Static PTSP Rules on page 435](#)

---

## Configuring PTSP Service Sets

To configure the service set for the PTSP application:

1. Configure the service set that you want to contain the PTSP service.

```
[edit services service-set ptspServiceSet]
user@host# set service-set ptspServiceSet
```

2. Specify the PTSP rules that constitute the service set that is applied to the services interface.

```
[edit services service-set ptspServiceSet]
user@host# set ptsp-rules ptsp-rule1
user@host# set ptsp-rules ptsp-rule2
```

3. Configure the services interface.



**NOTE:** ams- interfaces and rms- interfaces are supported for PTSP.

---

```
[edit services service-set ptspServiceSet]
user@host# set interface-service service-interface ms-3/0/0.0
```

4. Associate the service set with the underlying interface from which the subscribers originate. The service set must be applied to the interface facing the subscriber, that is, the interface with the IP address of the subscriber.

```
[edit interfaces ge-4/0/0 unit 0 family inet service]
user@host# set input service-set ptspServiceSet
user@host# set output service-set ptspServiceSet
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Static PTSP Rules on page 435](#)
- [Configuring PTSP Rule Sets on page 437](#)

---

## Configuring the PTSP Forwarding Instance

Before you can forward PTSP traffic, perform these tasks for each forwarding instance:

1. Configure each PTSP forwarding instance as a routing instance type of forwarding.
2. Configure a firewall filter with an action that specifies the routing instance configured in Step 1.

3. Configure the unit number for the Multiservices interface that specifies the filter configured in Step 2 as the input filter.



**NOTE:** To avoid service set dependency on specific unit numbers, use the same unit number across all Multiservices interfaces where PTSP services are applied.

4. Configure the PTSP forward rule to specify the forwarding instance.



**NOTE:** When the forwarding instance action is performed on the flow, any postservice filters are not applied to the underlying interface.

If you want to forward traffic for PTSP subscribers, you must specify the forwarding instance for specific subscribers based on IP address, network, or prefix list. The match direction for forward rules is always input.

To configure the PTSP forwarding instance:

1. Specify the PTSP forward rule that you want to use when configuring a PTSP forwarding instance.

```
[edit services ptsp]
user@host# edit forward-rule ptspForward
```

2. Set the term precedence for the forward rule. Term with lowest precedence is evaluated first.

```
[edit services ptsp forward-rule ptspForward]
user@host# edit term 5
```

3. Configure the match conditions for the IP address, address range, or prefix list. See [Table 48 on page 439](#).

```
[edit services ptsp forward-rule ptspForward term 5]
user@host# set from local-address 200.0.0.1
```

**Table 48: PTSP Forward Rule Match Conditions**

| Match Condition                                                      | Description                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>application-groups</code><br>[ <i>application-group-name</i> ] | Application group name defined in the application identification configuration. |
| <code>applications</code>                                            | Application name defined in the application identification configuration.       |
| <code>local-address (address   any-unicast)</code>                   | Local IP address. IPv4 only.                                                    |
| <code>local-address-range low low-value high high-value</code>       | Local address range. IPv4 only.                                                 |
| <code>local-prefix-list prefix-list-name</code>                      | Prefixes in the specified list.                                                 |



**NOTE:** You can specify match conditions for applications or application groups that support application identification (APPID) services, but we do not recommend specifying the forwarding instance action when you are using these match conditions in PTSP policies. In this situation, some network topologies may route packets in a manner that causes the flow to be dropped. For example, the APPID services might forward some packets on the default routing instance while the PTSP services forward other packets in the same flow to another routing instance.

4. Configure the forwarding instance action with the routing instance name and the unit number.

```
[edit services ptsp forward-rule ptspForward term 5]
user@host# set then forwarding-instance less-effort-ri 144
```



**NOTE:** When the forwarding instance action is performed on the flow, any postservice filters are not applied to the underlying interface.

#### Related Documentation

- For information about APPID services, see the [Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)
- For information about forwarding instances, see the [Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide](#)

---

## Configuring a Statistics Profile for PTSP

The local policy decision function (L-PDF) enables you to configure properties for statistics output by creating a statistics profile. The statistics profile configures the files to which statistics records are exported and the format that is exported. You configure the statistics profile so that the statistics records are exported to a flat file. Flat files contain statistics that are collected for each subscriber by application or application group. The statistics in a flat file are not transmitted to the external policy manager using Diameter.

To configure a statistics profile for PTSP:

1. Specify that you want to configure a statistics profile.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function]
user@host# edit statistics
```

2. Configure the file properties used for the trace output.
3. Configure the profile properties.
4. Specify the record type.

Tasks to configure a statistics profile for PTSP are:

- [Configuring the File Properties for Statistics Data Output on page 441](#)
- [Configuring the Profile Properties for Statistics Data Output on page 441](#)
- [Configuring the Record Type for Statistics Data on page 442](#)

## Configuring the File Properties for Statistics Data Output

You configure a file to which the statistics data output is exported in a specified format.

To configure the file properties:

1. Specify the unique filename for receiving statistics data output.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics]
user@host# edit file ptsp
```

2. (Optional) Specify the maximum number of files that are maintained at one time and the maximum size of each file. If you configure one of these options, you also must set the other option.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics file ptsp]
user@host# set files 10 size 1g
```

3. Specify the interval for transferring files to archive sites.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics file ptsp]
user@host# set transfer-interval 60
```

4. Specify one or more URLs for archiving the files. Archiving can be done by using FTP or SCP.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics file ptsp]
user@host# set archive-sites "ftp://anonymous@10.227.1.114"
```

## Configuring the Profile Properties for Statistics Data Output

You can create an ACL statistics profile, which configures the statistics to collect and write to a file in the `/var/stats/acl` directory.

To configure the profile properties:

1. Specify the name of the profile.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics]
user@host# edit acl-statistics-profile ptsp
```

2. (Optional) Specify the file in the `/var/stats/acl` directory in which statistics are collected. Enclose the name within quotation marks.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics acl-statistics-profile
ptsp]
user@host# set file "pstp"
```

3. Set the interval for reporting statistics.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics acl-statistics-profile
ptsp]
```

```
user@host# set report-interval 5
```

4. Set the **interim-active-only** mode for reporting statistics. This mode reports only statistics that have changed in the past report interval.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics aacl-statistics-profile
ptsp]
```

```
user@host# set record-mode interim-active-only
```

5. Specify the statistics to be collected in the log file.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics aacl-statistics-profile
ptsp]
```

```
user@host# set aacl-fields all-fields
```

## Configuring the Record Type for Statistics Data

You must configure the interim record type for recording the AACL statistics.

To configure the record type:

- Specify interim as the record type.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function statistics]
user@host# set record-type interim
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing PTSP Operations on page 442](#)
  - [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)

---

## Tracing PTSP Operations

Tracing operations track L-PDF operations and record them in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, no events are traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the **/var/log** directory. By default, the router uses the filename, **ptspd**. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file **filename** reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called **filename**, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). You can also specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

To customize trace file settings:

1. Specify that you want to configure tracing options.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function]
user@host# edit traceoptions
```

2. Configure the filename used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function traceoptions]
user@host# set file lpdfd
```

3. (Optional) Configure the maximum number and size of the log files. If you configure one of these options, you also must set the other option.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function traceoptions]
user@host# set files 10 size 1g
```

4. (Optional) Specify flags to filter the operations to be logged. To specify more than one flag, include multiple **flag** statements.

```
[edit system services local-policy-decision-function traceoptions]
user@host# set flag ptsp-statistics
```

The following table describes the flags that you can include.

| Flag                   | Description                 |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>configuration</b>   | Trace configuration events  |
| <b>database</b>        | Trace database events       |
| <b>general</b>         | Trace general flow          |
| <b>ptsp-statistics</b> | Trace PTSP events           |
| <b>rtsock</b>          | Trace routing socket events |
| <b>statistics</b>      | Trace statistics events     |
| <b>subscriber</b>      | Trace subscriber events     |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring a Statistics Profile for PTSP on page 440](#)
  - [Configuring PTSP on page 433](#)

## Verifying and Managing PTSP Configuration

**Purpose** Display and clear information about packet-triggered subscribers and PTSP services.

- Action**
- To display bandwidth information about subscribers:
 

```
user@host> show services subscriber bandwidth
```
  - To display information about the active dynamic policies applied to a subscriber:

**user@host> show services subscriber dynamic-policies client-id *client-id***

- To display information about the data flows associated with a subscriber:

**user@host> show services subscriber flows client-id *client-id***

- To display information about the active packet-triggered subscriber sessions on the router:

**user@host> show services subscriber sessions**

- To display information about the data traffic statistics for the packet-triggered subscriber:

**user@host> show services subscriber statistics client-id *client-id***

- To clear the active packet-triggered subscriber session on the router and log out the subscriber:

**user@host> clear services subscriber sessions client-id *client-id***

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)



# Gx-Plus Overview

- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)
- [Understanding Gx-Plus–PCRF Interactions on page 446](#)

## Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview

---

Gx-Plus is a Diameter-based application that extends the capability of the Gx interface. The 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) defined Gx as the online policy interface between the Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) and the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF). to provide control over policy and flow-based charges for subscribers. The PCRF is a centralized policy decision point that deploys business policy rules to allocate broadband network resources and manages flow-based charges for subscribers and services.

Gx-Plus is a notification application; it is not used for subscriber admission control. Gx-Plus notifies the PCRF about subscriber login and termination. When Gx-Plus provisioning is configured, subscriber login is not contingent on whether the PCRF responds to the provisioning request or on the content of the received response. Login proceeds regardless.

Gx-Plus exchanges Diameter Credit-Control Application (DCCA) messages with a PCRF residing on a server to request credit authorization and service provisioning for authenticated subscribers. When an application requests AAA to activate a subscriber's session, the router sends a Credit-Control-Request (CCR) message to determine whether the subscriber has credit for the desired services and to request provisioning of those services from the PCRF policy manager. Subscriber access itself is granted immediately, often even before the CCR message is sent.

The PCRF responds with a Credit-Control-Answer (CCA) message that indicates success or failure for credit authorization. All other message content is ignored. If the subscriber has sufficient credit for the requested services, credit is authorized. If the subscriber has insufficient credit for the services, credit authorization fails. If the Result-Code is not included in the CCA, or if the response times out, then the router interprets this as a provisioning authorization failure and the services are not provided to the subscriber.

When a subscriber client application, such as DHCP, sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, the router in turn sends a CCR message to the PCRF to request subscriber termination. The PCRF acknowledges the logout with a CCA message.

Different Diameter message types exchanged by Gx-Plus and the PCRF contain different sets of attribute-value pairs (AVPs). If data for an AVP is not available for a request to the PCRF, that AVP is omitted from the message. If the PCRF subsequently has insufficient information to decide on the request, it automatically denies the request.



**NOTE:** An exception to this flexibility exists in Junos OS Release 11.2, where subscribers must have a valid IPv4 address to be presented to the PCRF. This means that Gx-Plus does not generate a request for the PCRF when no IPv4 address or NAS-Port-Id is associated with the subscriber.

Gx-Plus sessions are established that correspond to IPv4 DHCP sessions on dual-stack IPv6/IPv4 or IPv4-only subscriber interfaces, depending on the access profile. However, IPv6 information is not communicated to the PCRF. Consequently, Gx-Plus sessions are not established that correspond to DHCPv6 sessions on IPv6-enabled subscriber interfaces and on dual-stack IPv6/IPv4-enabled interfaces.

Gx-Plus includes the following fault tolerance and recovery capabilities:

- Unlimited retries of unacknowledged provisioning requests
- Unlimited retries of logout requests
- Router event notification
- Router discovery



**NOTE:** More than one Diameter-based application (function) can run on a router simultaneously.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)
- [Understanding Gx-Plus–PCRF Interactions on page 446](#)
- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)

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## Understanding Gx-Plus–PCRF Interactions

This topic describes the sequences of Diameter messages exchanged between Gx-Plus and the Policy and Control Charging Function (PCRF) as they interact to perform the following tasks for subscriber access:

- Subscriber login
- Fault tolerance and event notification

- Subscriber audit
- Subscriber logout

## Subscriber Login

Gx-Plus provisioning is enabled for subscribers when you include the **provisioning-order gx-plus** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level. When an application requests AAA to activate the subscriber's session, Gx-Plus sends a CCR-I message to the PCRF to request provisioning for the subscriber session. The CCR-I message must include the Juniper-Virtual-Router, Framed-IP-Address, and NAS-Port-ID AVPs. If no IPv4 address has been assigned to the subscriber, or if the NAS-Port-ID is unknown, then the request is not generated.

The PCRF returns a CCA-I message that includes the Result-Code AVP (AVP code 268). Gx-Plus ignores any other AVPs that are included in the response. Gx-Plus considers a CCA-I that does not include the Result-Code AVP as a failed response.

If the Result-Code value is DIAMETER\_SUCCESS (2001), Gx-Plus communicates to AAA that the requested service is activated. If the Result-Code value is DIAMETER\_AUTHORIZATION\_REJECTED, Gx-Plus communicates to AAA that the service activation is not permitted. If the Result-Code AVP has any other value, or is missing, the request is retried. A total of three CCR-I messages can be sent.

If the PCRF does not indicate success or failure, then by default Gx-Plus continues to send requests, but the retry requests are CCR-N messages (no-response notifications) that include the Juniper-Provisioning-Source AVP (AVP code 2101). This AVP indicates that the router has local decision-making authority to provision services in the absence of a PCRF response to the CCR-I. This AVP is not present in the CCR-I message.

## Fault Tolerance and Event Notification

Although the probability is low, it is possible for the PCRF and the router to have different values for the number of subscribers. This error can arise from the following scenarios:

- CCA-I loss: if no CCA-I is delivered to the router, then the PCRF considers a subscriber as provisioned whereas the router considers it not provisioned.
- CCR-T loss: if no CCR-T is delivered to the PCRF, then the PCRF considers a subscriber as provisioned whereas the router considers it not provisioned.

Loss of messages can be greater during cold boots and high availability events. Unacknowledged requests are retransmitted forever until a satisfactory response is received to reduce the incidence of failure, and significant events are reported to Gx-Plus. By default, the number of outstanding requests is limited to 40 to avoid overloading the PCRF. This limit reduces the possibility of losing requests. You can modify this number by including the **max-outstanding-requests** statement at the **[edit access-gx-plus global]** hierarchy level.

Gx-Plus does not rely on the connection state between devices to detect router or PCRF outages, because some events do not affect the connection state and others are not detected when there is a Diameter relay or proxy between the devices. Event notifications

(JSER messages) are sent when certain events take place on the router. The Juniper-Event-Type AVP (AVP code 2103) in the message describes the event.

Event notifications are retried until Gx-Plus returns a JSEA message with a Result-Code value of DIAMETER\_SUCCESS (2001) to acknowledge receipt of the event notification. When retrying notifications, one notification is sent for each outstanding event. No other request are sent as long as there is any outstanding event other than an application watch dog (AWD).

Table 49 on page 448 lists router events and the subsequent router and PCRF actions.

**Table 49: Router Events, Router Actions, and PCRF Actions**

| Router event                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Router action            | PCRF action                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| The router receives no response from the PCRF or an error response.                                                                                                                                                     | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification.                        |
| The configuration changes.<br><br>Significant changes such as the origin host or realm and the Gx-Plus partition destination host or realm also increment the value of the Origin-State-Id AVP.                         | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and perform discovery.  |
| The router receives an explicit discovery request from the PCRF.                                                                                                                                                        | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification.                        |
| The router undergoes a cold boot and all sessions are lost. This can result from a catastrophic failure or power cycle.                                                                                                 | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and clear the database. |
| The router undergoes a warm boot.                                                                                                                                                                                       | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and clear the database. |
| Recovery resources that are needed to continuously retry unacknowledged requests (CCR-N and CCR-T messages) are exhausted. The value of the Origin-State-Id AVP is incremented.<br><br>This event is unlikely to occur. | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and perform discovery.  |

An important aspect of Gx-Plus fault tolerance is that subscriber login and termination requests are retried (replayed) forever until a satisfactory response is received from the PCRF. In rare circumstances, this can result in a stack of pending requests being replayed over and over.

You can issue the **clear network-access gx-plus replay** command to clear all pending requests. This command causes Gx-Plus to send a JSER message to PCRF that includes the Juniper-Event-Type AVP (AVP code 2103) with a value of 3 indicating a discovery request. The PCRF then returns a JDER message to initiate discovery of all subscribers. When this discovery completes, all pending subscriber requests are cleared.

## PCRF-Generated Discovery

The PCRF runs a discovery process in response to data loss, exhaustion of router resources, operator request, or router request. The JSDR message specifies the level of verbosity desired in the reply from Gx-Plus. The message also specifies whether the request is for data about a particular session or information similar to an SNMP Get-Bulk for all sessions. Gx-Plus returns a JSDA message that indicates complete success, limited success, or an error. In the event of success, the requested data is also returned.

## Subscriber Audit

The PCRF can send a reauthorization request (RAR message) to Gx-Plus at any time to determine whether a particular subscriber is still logged in. You can also manually trigger the PCRF to do so by issuing the **clear network-access aaa gx-plus replay** command.

The Session-Id AVP identifies the subscriber session. Gx-Plus returns an RAA message to provide status on the subscriber session. When the session is still up (found in the session database) the Result-Code AVP value in the RAA message is `DIAMETER_SUCCESS` (2001). When the session is not found, the Result-Code value is `DIAMETER_UNKNOWN_SESSION_ID` (5002). A Result-Code value of `DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_DELIVER` (3002) indicates that Gx-Plus is not configured.

## Subscriber Logout

When the client application sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, Gx-Plus sends a CCR-T message to notify the PCRF that the provisioned subscriber session is being terminated. The PCRF returns a CCA-T message that includes the Result-Code AVP. If the Result-Code value is `DIAMETER_SUCCESS`, Gx-Plus notifies AAA, and AAA notifies the application that the logout is complete. If Gx-Plus does not receive a CCA-T message, or if the Result-Code AVP has any other value or is missing, then the termination request is retried until the CCA-T message is returned with `DIAMETER_SUCCESS`.

### Related Documentation

- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 363](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 368](#)
- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)



## CHAPTER 27

# Configuring Gx-Plus

- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)
- [Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 452](#)
- [Configuring the Gx-Plus Global Attribute on page 453](#)
- [Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus on page 453](#)

## Configuring Gx-Plus

---

You can configure the Gx-Plus client application to work with a PCRF policy manager residing on a server. The PCRF is a centralized policy decision point that deploys business rules to allocate broadband network resources and manage subscribers and services. Gx-Plus requests service provisioning from the PCRF.



**NOTE:** Contact the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC) for information on supported PCRFs.

To configure Gx-Plus:

1. Configure the Gx-Plus partition.  
[See “Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition” on page 452.](#)
2. Configure the number of outstanding Gx-Plus requests permitted.  
[See “Configuring the Gx-Plus Global Attribute” on page 453.](#)
3. Configure Gx-Plus provisioning for subscribers.  
[See “Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus” on page 453.](#)
4. Configure Gx-Plus event tracing as part of general authentication service tracing operations.  
[See “Tracing General Authentication Service Processes” on page 120.](#)

### Related Documentation

- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)

## Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition

Gx-Plus works within a specific logical system: routing instance context, called a partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only a single partition is supported; you must configure it within the default logical system: routing instance context.

Before you configure the Gx-Plus partition, perform the following task:

- Configure the Diameter instance at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. See [“Configuring Diameter” on page 377](#).

Configuration for the Gx-Plus partition consists of naming the partition and then associating a Diameter instance, the PCRF hostname, and the PCRF realm with the partition.

To configure the Gx-Plus partition:

1. Create the partition or specify the name of an existing partition.

```
[edit access gx-plus]
user@host# set partition partition-name
```

2. Specify the Diameter instance for the Gx-Plus partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the default Diameter instance, *master*, is supported.

```
[edit access gx-plus partition partition-name]
user@host# set diameter-instance instance-name
```

3. (Optional) Configure the destination host for the Gx-Plus partition.

```
[edit access gx-plus partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-host hostname
```

4. Configure the destination realm for the Gx-Plus partition.

```
[edit access gx-plus partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-realm realm
```

The following example shows a Gx-Plus partition configuration.

```
gx-plus {
 partition partition1 {
 diameter-instance master;
 destination-host pcrf1;
 destination-realm generic.example.com;
 }
}
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)



## Configuring the Gx-Plus Global Attribute

You can configure one attribute that applies to all Gx-Plus partitions globally. When a request from Gx-Plus to the PCRF is not answered or is improperly answered, Gx-Plus keeps retrying the request until it receives an appropriate answer. If the number of requests grows too large, the PCRF can become overloaded and messages can be lost. To reduce this risk, you can set a limit on the number of outstanding requests to the PCRF that Gx-Plus can retry.

To configure the number of outstanding requests:

- Set the limit.

```
[edit access gx-plus]
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests number
```

The following example shows a Gx-Plus global configuration.

```
access {
 gx-plus {
 global {
 max-outstanding-requests 30;
 }
 }
}
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)

## Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus

You can configure AAA to use Gx-Plus to request provisioning from a PCRF to instantiate services for an authenticated subscriber.

Before you configure Gx-Plus provisioning for subscribers, perform the following task:

- Create the subscriber access profile at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level. See [“Configuring an Access Profile for Subscriber Management” on page 98](#).

To configure Gx-Plus provisioning:

- Specify **gx-plus** as the provisioning method in the profile.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set provisioning-order gx-plus
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)



## PART 8

# Mobile IP Access

- [Mobile IP Overview on page 457](#)
- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)



## CHAPTER 28

# Mobile IP Overview

- [Mobile IP Home Agent Elements and Behavior on page 457](#)
- [Mobile IP Registration on page 460](#)
- [Mobile IP Routing and Forwarding on page 464](#)
- [Mobile IP in the WiMAX Environment on page 465](#)

### Mobile IP Home Agent Elements and Behavior

---

Mobile IP is a tunneling-based solution that enhances the utility of Junos routing platforms at the edge of the network between fixed wire and wireless network domains. This tunneling-based solution enables a router on a user's home subnet to intercept and forward IP packets to users who roam beyond traditional network boundaries. Mobile IP is useful in environments where mobility is desired and the traditional land line dial-in model does not provide an adequate solution, and in environments where a wireless technology is used.

You configure Mobile IP home agent parameters in the **[edit services mobile-ip]** hierarchy level, the **[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name*]** hierarchy level, and the **[edit routing-instances *routing-instances-name*]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** Currently, Junos OS does not support configuration of the Mobile IP foreign agent.

Traditionally, IP addresses are associated with a fixed network location. To achieve mobility, the mobile node assumes a secondary IP address that matches the new network and redirects the traffic bound to the primary or home address to the mobile node's new network. In the Mobile IP architecture, the two agents that accomplish this task are the home agent and the foreign agent.

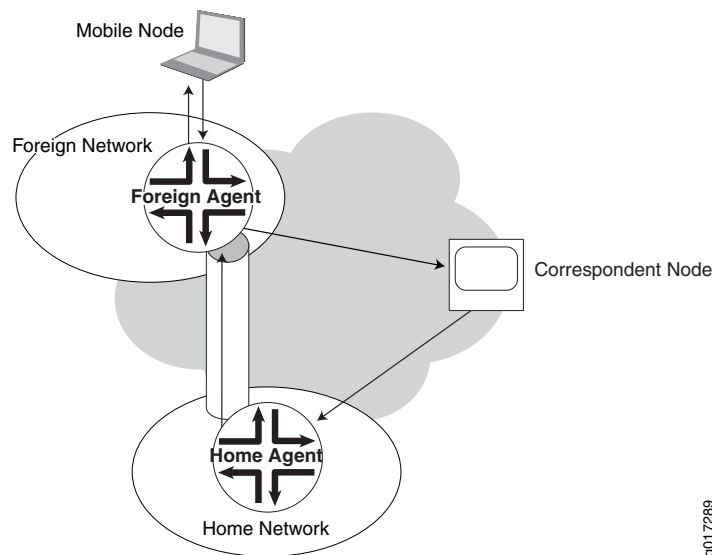
When a mobile node roams into a new, foreign network, it negotiates with the foreign agent to get a secondary IP address, which is referred to as the care-of address. The mobile node registers this care-of address with the home agent. The home agent then establishes a tunnel to the care-of address if the tunnel is not established earlier.



**NOTE:** You need to establish only one tunnel between the home agent and the care-of address. Demultiplexing of the traffic is done through IP address inspection.

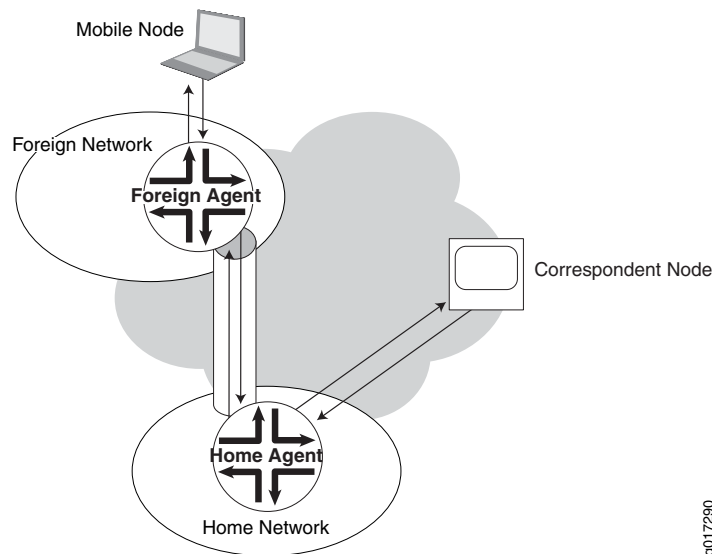
Packets sent to the home address of the mobile node are redirected by the home agent through the tunnel to the care-of address at the foreign agent. The foreign agent routes the packets to the mobile node's home address. [Figure 7 on page 458](#) illustrates this forwarding and routing process behavior. Although the traffic to the correspondent node comes from the foreign agent, to the correspondent node the traffic appears to come from the mobile node's home network.

**Figure 7: Mobile IP Network Without Reverse Tunneling**



If the mobile node's home address is a private address or if the foreign agent implements ingress filtering, a reverse tunnel from the care-of address to the home agent is required. This reverse tunnel capability is negotiated between the foreign agent and the home agent when the mobile node requests registration. Traffic from a correspondent node to the mobile node is forwarded by the home agent through the foreign agent as in the other scenario. [Figure 8 on page 459](#) shows how traffic from the mobile node to a correspondent node is tunneled from the foreign agent to the home agent and then routed to the correspondent node by the home agent.

Figure 8: Mobile IP Network with Reverse Tunneling



Mobile nodes typically belong to a virtual network, which is an address range or subnet that is not directly served by any physical, routed interface on the home network. These mobile nodes never return home to attach to a physical interface on the home agent. Traffic destined for the mobile node can be forwarded over any interface.

You can use the Mobile IP home agent feature to configure the home agent within the default router context with either local or AAA authentication. When you configure local authentication, you can also configure Mobile IP independently in any named routing instance in any configured logical router. When you configure AAA as the authentication method, you can configure Mobile IP only in the default router context.

The Mobile IP home agent can also receive, process, and send Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access (WiMAX) vendor-specific RADIUS attributes (VSAs). This feature enables Mobile IP home agent to work in a WiMAX home connectivity services network (H-CSN), to provide for mobility management at the IP layer.

The home agent handles the following tasks:

- Registration of mobile nodes
- Routing and forwarding of mobile node traffic

#### Related Documentation

- [Mobile IP Registration on page 460](#)
- [Mobile IP Routing and Forwarding on page 464](#)
- [Mobile IP in the WiMAX Environment on page 465](#)
- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

## Mobile IP Registration

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The home agent receives the registration requests (RRQs) on UDP port 434. The registration request contains the home agent IP address. The home agent can support static home address allocation and dynamic home address allocation. The home agent can revoke a mobile node's registration. When this happens, the mobility binding is removed and the foreign agent is informed of the revocation so it can free up its resources. The foreign agent can send a registration revocation request to the home agent when the mobile node roams to another area. The revocation request can include a revocation support extension to indicate that it supports the revocation mechanism.

## Home Address Assignment

The mobile node's home address can either be preconfigured, or dynamically allocated by the Mobile IP home agent. If a nonzero home address is preconfigured, the home agent processes the registration request using the home address and NAI (if the NAI is present).

If the home address is dynamically allocated, the mobile node submits a zero home address and requests the home agent to assign an IP address. The mobile node then uses the address provided by the home agent for subsequent registration requests, until the mobile node is rebooted or the registration expires.

Home address allocation is done by one of the existing authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) server back-end address mechanisms, such as:

- By RADIUS, in the Framed-IP-Address attribute
- From a local address pool returned by RADIUS in the Framed-Pool attribute

## Authentication

The home agent authenticates the requests based on RFC 3344—IP Mobility Support for IPv4 (August 2002). By default, a AAA server is used for authentication; alternatively, you can configure local authentication parameters on the home agent. The mobile node authentication is verified and the authentication algorithm and key are retrieved by checking the security association indexed by the security parameter index (SPI) value. This verification results in the key and the authentication algorithm with which to compute an MD-5 message digest over the registration request. The Mobile IP home agent supports both HMAC-MD5 and keyed-MD5 authentication algorithms. When the result of this computation matches the authenticator, the mobile-home extension is authenticated. For local authentication, the key is limited to a maximum of 128 bits. For AAA authentication, the key can be longer depending on the maximum length configured on the AAA server.

When HA receives the access accept from the AAA, it extracts the MN-HA key from the response. The home agent does the MN-HA authentication extension processing based on the MN-HA key by running authentication algorithm (HMAC-MD5 or Keyed-MD5) on the message to compute a hash (authenticator), which is compared with the hash value in the MN-HA extension. If the hash value matches, the RRQ is considered authenticated.



If a security association is configured for the foreign agent, the foreign-home authentication extension is verified; otherwise, authentication success is based only on the mobile-home authenticator.

The home agent checks the identification (ID) field to verify that a registration message has been freshly generated by the mobile node, and is not simply being replayed by an attacker from some previous registration. The ID field represents a 64-bit Network Time Protocol (NTP)-formatted time value. The configured replay timestamp defines the tolerance time window in seconds by which a registration request timestamp and the local time of the HA can differ. By default, the timestamp must be within 7 seconds of the replay tolerance configured for the mobile node or, if that is configured, the timestamp tolerance of the home agent itself.

## Reauthentication

Reauthentication is not currently supported by the authentication process. Mobile IP caches a security association for each mobile node, which helps overcome this limitation. When a mobile node requests re-registration or de-registration, Mobile IP refers to the cached security association for that mobile node and performs MD5 message authentication.

When the security association for the mobile node changes after the node is authenticated, the cache entry is not invalidated. Consequently, the mobile node's RRQ is rejected. In this case you must clear the binding with the mobile node so that it can de-register and then log in.

RADIUS server configuration changes relating to the subscriber do not propagate to the cache. In this case you must clear the binding with the mobile node so that it can de-register and then log in.

## AAA Authentication

You can store the security associations and configuration information remotely on a RADIUS server. The home agent applies the authentication algorithm and security key to the mobile node's message. The AAA server uses Juniper Networks vendor-specific attributes (VSAs; vendor ID 4874) listed in [Table 50 on page 461](#). These VSAs are mandatory in the reply to provide the appropriate authentication algorithm and the secure key for the authentication request. If the security parameters are not retrieved, then the request for mobility service is rejected, a security violation error is logged, and no registration reply is generated.

**Table 50: Juniper Networks VSAs Used by Mobile IP**

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name      | Description                                              | Value            |
|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 26–84            | Mobile-IP-Algorithm | Authentication algorithm used for Mobile-IP registration | integer: 4-octet |
| 26–85            | Mobile-IP-SPI       | Security parameter index for Mobile IP registration      | integer: 4-octet |

Table 50: Juniper Networks VSAs Used by Mobile IP (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name     | Description                                             | Value            |
|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 26–86            | Mobile-IP-Key      | Security association MD5 key for Mobile IP registration | string: key      |
| 26–87            | Mobile-IP-Replay   | Replay timestamp for Mobile IP registration             | integer: 4-octet |
| 26–89            | Mobile-IP-Lifetime | Registration lifetime for Mobile IP registration        | integer: 4-octet |

AAA authentication is accomplished by generating a AAA access-request to a AAA server. This is the default authentication mode, but you can include the **authenticate order aaa** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip]** hierarchy level to explicitly configure AAA authentication. You cannot configure a fallback mechanism for AAA authentication. If the AAA request times out, the home agent does not fall back on the local router to determine the authentication parameters. The registration request is rejected. When the message is authenticated, the AAA server always returns either the Framed-IP-Address or Framed-Pool attribute for the user.

The presence of the mobile node's NAI and home IP address in the authentication request that the home agent sends to the AAA server is determined by their presence in the mobile node RRQ received by the home agent:

- When both the NAI and home IP address of the mobile node are present in the registration request, then the authentication request from Mobile IP to AAA has the NAI as the user name.
- When only the NAI is present in the registration request, then the NAI is used as the user name.
- When only the IP address (home address) is present in the registration request, then the IP address is used as the user name.
- When both the NAI address and the IP address are missing from the registration request, then the registration request is rejected.

## Local Authentication

As an alternative to the default authentication by AAA server, you can store the security associations and configuration information locally on the router hosting the home agent. Local authentication is accomplished by querying the locally configured security parameters for the mobile node. The home agent applies the authentication algorithm and security key to the mobile node's message. If the security parameters are not available or do not match the RRQ, then the request for mobility service is rejected, a security violation error is logged, and no registration reply is generated.

For local authentication, include the **authenticate order local** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip]** hierarchy level. You cannot configure a fallback mechanism for local

authentication. If the local authentication fails, the home agent does not fall back on the AAA server to determine the authentication parameters. The registration request is rejected. Include the **peer** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip]** hierarchy level to configure the authentication attributes on the home agent for a user identified by IP address or network address identifier (NAI). This user can be a mobile node or a foreign agent.

The authentication attributes include a security parameter index (SPI) to identify a particular security context between the home agent and the mobile node or foreign agent among the contexts available in the mobility security association. Associated with each SPI is the MD5 algorithm and key used to authenticate messages from the mobile node or foreign agent. You can also configure the replay timestamp tolerance for the mobile node or foreign agent.

When local authentication is configured, you can configure Mobile IP independently in any named routing instance in any configured logical router. All Mobile IP statements are available in those contexts, except for the **order aaa** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip authenticate]** hierarchy level.

## Accounting

The Junos Mobile IP home agent application supports time-based accounting for Mobile IP subscribers. Include the **statistics time** statement in the subscriber access profile at the **[edit access profile profile-name accounting]** hierarchy level. Time-based accounting for Mobile IP subscribers also requires that you include the **authenticate order aaa** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip]** hierarchy level. Accounting begins when the Mobile IP home agent registers the mobile node and creates a binding with the mobile node.

Accounting stops when the binding is deleted. Any of the following actions can cause the binding to be deleted:

- The mobile user logs off.
- The binding lifetime expires.
- The mobile node is deregistered for any reason.
- The foreign agent sends a revocation message.

The Acct-Start message the home agent sends to the AAA server includes the network address identifier (NAI) in the User-Name attribute and the home address of the mobile IP node in the Framed-IP-Address attribute. The Acct-Stop message additionally includes the Acct-Session-Id and Acct-Session-Time attributes.

You cannot currently configure time-based accounting for only the Mobile IP service in a given logical router or routing instance. Enabling time-based accounting for Mobile IP also enables time-based accounting for all other services that are configured in that logical router or routing instance. If you do not want time-based accounting to apply to other services, then you must configure those services in a different logical router or routing instance.

- Related Documentation**
- For information about the specific Juniper Networks VSAs used for Mobile IP RADIUS-based authentication, see [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
  - [Mobile IP Home Agent Elements and Behavior on page 457](#)
  - [Mobile IP Routing and Forwarding on page 464](#)
  - [Mobile IP in the WiMAX Environment on page 465](#)
  - [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

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## Mobile IP Routing and Forwarding

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Mobile IP employs a care-of address to process traffic for the mobile node.

The mobile node acquires the a care-of address from the foreign agent. The care-of address is reachable from the mobile node, and routable from the home agent. The mobile node includes the care-of address in its registration request to the home agent. After AAA or local authentication successfully processes and authenticates the RRQ and provides both the authorization parameters for the mobile node and an IP address, the home agent then sets up the data path for the mobile node and sends back a registration reply (RRP) confirming successful registration of the mobile node.

When the foreign agent receives the successful RRP from the home agent, the foreign agent sets up the data path for the mobile node. Then it sends the RRP to the mobile node to acknowledge that the mobile node is now successfully registered and the data path between the home agent and the mobile node is in place.

The home agent supports generic routing encapsulation (GRE) and IP-in-IP tunnel encapsulation for forward and reverse tunneling. The tunnels must be statically configured. When packets destined for the mobile node reach a home agent, the home agent encapsulates the packets and tunnels them to the care-of address. Packets that exceed the maximum transmission unit (MTU) value of the tunnel are dropped and an ICMP error message is sent to the source IP address. Packets without an access route are returned to the source with an ICMP destination unreachable error message. For reverse tunnels, packets are de-tunneled and forwarded towards the next hop to the destination address.

Mobile IP does not support graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES). It handles the rebooting of processes in the following ways:

- Mobile IP process—After Mobile IP completes a restart, it removes the Mobile IP subscriber entries from AAA and the session database. When that is complete, Mobile IP can process new mobile node registration requests.
- AAA process—After AAA completes a restart, Mobile IP removes all subscriber data held internally by AAA and all corresponding session database entries.
- Routing protocol process—When the connection between the routing protocol process and Mobile IP is lost, Mobile IP responds by clearing the mobile node bindings that are associated with the logical system in which the routing protocol process restarted. The

routing protocol process maintains routes to mobile nodes during the restart. The routing protocol process flushes these routes if they are not reinstalled after the restart completes and before the stale route timer expires.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Mobile IP Home Agent Elements and Behavior on page 457](#)
- [Mobile IP Registration on page 460](#)
- [Mobile IP in the WiMAX Environment on page 465](#)
- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

## Mobile IP in the WiMAX Environment

Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access (WiMAX) is the international standard for wide area radio access networks. It provides a framework for networks that are implemented in different ways to successfully interoperate with mobile subscribers that roam among the networks. This interoperability enables the subscribers to be authenticated by their home network wherever they roam, and to receive the services for which they are authorized.

The Mobile IP home agent can operate in either of two access modes, generic and WiMAX. The generic access type is appropriate when the home agent is deployed in a generic Mobile IP home network. When deployed as a home agent in a WiMAX home connectivity services network (H-CSN), you must configure the WiMAX access type. The WiMAX access type enables the Mobile IP home agent to receive, process, and send WiMAX vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) that are used by AAA and the RADIUS server to authenticate the mobile subscriber. When the access type is generic, the Mobile IP home agent cannot handle these VSAs.



**NOTE:** The Mobile IP configuration for WiMAX requires that AAA be used for the authentication method. For that reason, WiMAX is available only in the default router context.

A WiMAX H-CSN is analogous to the Mobile IP home network for non-WiMAX implementations. When WiMAX is enabled for the Mobile IP home agent in an H-CSN, the Mobile IP home agent triggers subscriber authentication when the agent receives the registration request. The home agent stores WiMAX Forum (vendor ID 24757) vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) listed in [Table 51 on page 466](#) in the session database based on the registration request.

Table 51: WiMAX Forum VSAs used by Mobile IP

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Value                                                                |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 26-1             | WiMAX-Capability | Identifies the WiMAX capabilities supported by the home agent (sent in the Access-Request message). In an Access-Accept message, identifies the capabilities selected by the RADIUS server (returned in the Access-Accept message). | string or integer                                                    |
| 26-6             | hHA-IP-MIP4      | IP address of the home agent (hHA) making the request                                                                                                                                                                               | octet string: IP address                                             |
| 26-10            | MN-HA-MIP4-KEY   | MN-hHA key sent by the RADIUS server for validation by the home agent                                                                                                                                                               | integer: 2-octet salt followed by 16-octet encrypted MN-hHA hash key |
| 26-11            | MN-HA-MIP4-SPI   | Security parameter index (SPI) associated with the MN-HA-MIP4 key                                                                                                                                                                   | integer: 4-octet                                                     |
| 26-15            | hHA-RK-KEY       | Key used by the NAS to generate FA-HA keys                                                                                                                                                                                          | integer: 2-octet salt followed by 16-octet encrypted MN-hHA hash key |
| 26-16            | hHA-RK-SPI       | SPI associated with the hHA-RK key                                                                                                                                                                                                  | integer: 4-octet                                                     |
| 26-17            | HA-RK-Lifetime   | Lifetime of the hHA-RK key and derived keys                                                                                                                                                                                         | integer: 4-octet                                                     |
| 26-18            | RRQ-HA-IP        | IP address of the home agent contained in the Mobile IP registration request or the binding update                                                                                                                                  | octet string: IP address                                             |

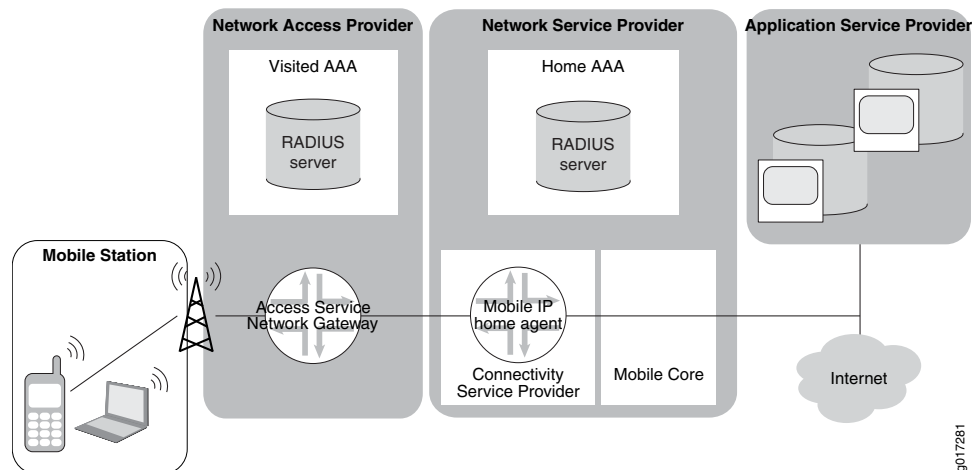
Table 51: WiMAX Forum VSAs used by Mobile IP (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description                                                                                                                                                   | Value                                                                |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 26–19            | RRQ-MN-HA-KEY  | The MN-HA key bound to the home agent IP address as reported by the RRQ-HA-IP attribute. Used to validate the MN-HA-AE of the Mobile IP registration request. | integer: 2-octet salt followed by 16-octet encrypted MN-hHA hash key |

The home agent requests AAA to fetch the corresponding WiMAX-related information from the RADIUS server. The AAA client sends an Access-Request message to the server. The RADIUS server responds with the necessary WiMAX information, such as the MN-HA key and the HA-RK key, and then the AAA client passes the response to the home agent. The Mobile IP home agent verifies the response received from AAA, processes the registration request, and then grants, extends, or denies subscriber registration.

Figure 9 on page 467 shows the elements of a sample WiMAX topology.

Figure 9: Sample Mobile IP WiMAX Topology



The Mobile IP subscriber registration flow is a four-step process.

1. The access service network gateway (ASN-GW) sends the subscriber registration request from the mobile node to the Mobile IP home agent. The registration request is protected by the MN-HA authentication extension and the FA-HA authentication extension.
2. The home agent requests that the RADIUS server send the cryptographic keys for the Mobile IP session identified by user@realm. The home agent notifies the RADIUS server that it seeks to source IP session-based accounting messages.

3. The RADIUS server agrees to use IP session-based accounting, provides the requested cryptographic keys, and sends the AAA-Session-ID for this session.
4. The home agent replies to the Mobile IP registration request.

Reauthentication of WiMAX subscribers is not currently supported.

You can configure the Mobile IP home agent for WiMAX access by including the **wimax** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip access-type]** hierarchy level. You can prevent the Mobile IP home agent from being able to process WiMAX VSAs by either removing the **wimax** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip access-type]** hierarchy level or by including the **generic** statement at the **[edit services mobile-ip access-type]** hierarchy level. The default access type for Mobile IP home agent is generic.

**Related  
Documentation**

- For information about the specific Juniper Networks VSAs used for Mobile IP RADIUS-based authentication, see [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [Mobile IP Home Agent Elements and Behavior on page 457](#)
- [Mobile IP Registration on page 460](#)
- [Mobile IP Routing and Forwarding on page 464](#)
- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)



## CHAPTER 29

# Configuring Mobile IP

- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)
- [Configuring the Mobile IP Authentication Method on page 470](#)
- [Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470](#)
- [Configuring the Local Authentication Attributes for the Mobile Node on page 471](#)
- [Configuring Accounting for Mobile IP Subscribers on page 472](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Home Assignment for the Mobile Node on page 472](#)
- [Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP on page 473](#)
- [Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473](#)
- [Configuring the Mobile IP Trace Log Filename on page 475](#)
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- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Mobile IP Messages to Be Logged on page 476](#)
- [Configuring the Mobile IP Tracing Flags on page 476](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Mobile IP Messages Are Logged on page 477](#)

## Configuring Mobile IP

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You can configure Mobile IP to provide mobility for subscribers in IP networks. The Mobile IP home agent authenticates registration requests from mobile users and forward traffic to them at their care-of address without having to advertise that address to the wider network.

To configure Mobile IP for mobile subscriber access:

1. Configure the authentication method for registration requests, local or AAA.  
[See “Configuring the Mobile IP Authentication Method” on page 470.](#)
2. Configure the Mobile IP home agent.  
[See “Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent” on page 470.](#)
3. Configure the authentication attributes for the mobile node.  
[See “Configuring the Local Authentication Attributes for the Mobile Node” on page 471.](#)

4. Configure accounting for Mobile IP subscribers.  
See [“Configuring Accounting for Mobile IP Subscribers” on page 472](#)
5. Configure the dynamic reassignment of the mobile node to another home agent.  
See [“Configuring Dynamic Home Assignment for the Mobile Node” on page 472](#).
6. Configure the access type for Mobile IP.  
See [“Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP” on page 473](#).
7. Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.  
See [“Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access” on page 473](#).

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## Configuring the Mobile IP Authentication Method

You can configure Mobile IP to authenticate registration requests from mobile nodes by either the locally configured attributes or a AAA server. AAA server authentication is the default method.



**NOTE:** AAA server authentication is available only in the default router context. Local authentication is available in both default and nondefault router contexts.

To configure the Mobile IP authentication method:

- Specify either local or AAA authentication.

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set authenticate order local
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

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## Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent

To configure the home agent for a Mobile IP virtual network:

1. Configure the loopback IP address that is used as the home agent IP address.  

```
[edit services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network]
user@host# set home-agent-address 10.5.5.0
```
2. (Optional) Configure the maximum lifetime that the home agent accepts in any registration request from a mobile node.  

```
[edit services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network]
user@host# set home-agent-address 10.5.5.0 registration-lifetime 100
```
3. (Optional) Configure a timestamp tolerance for registration replay protection.  

```
[edit services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network]
user@host# set home-agent-address 10.5.5.0 timestamp-tolerance 200
```

4. Configure whether the home agent can revoke a mobile node's registration to deactivate the node.

```
[edit services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network]
user@host# set home-agent-address 10.5.5.0 revocation-required
```

5. Specify the interfaces on which the home agent accepts registration requests.

```
[edit services mobile-ip home-agent]
user@host# set enable-service ge-0/0/1.0
user@host# set enable-service ge-0/0/2.0
user@host# set enable-service ge-0/0/3.0
user@host# set enable-service ge-0/0/4.0
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

## Configuring the Local Authentication Attributes for the Mobile Node

You specify for each mobile node several attributes that enable authentication of registration requests from the node. These attributes include security association context for the peering relationship, the entity type of the node, the encryption algorithm and key used to authenticate the request, and replay protection.

To configure authentication attributes for the mobile node:

1. Configure the peer entity for the security parameter.

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set peer ip-address 10.4.2.20 spi 500 entity-type mobility-agent
```

2. Configure the algorithm used for authenticating Mobile IP messages. By default, the hmac-md5 algorithm is used.

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set peer ip-address 10.4.2.20 spi 500 algorithm md5
```

3. Configure the authentication key for the security association, in either HEX or ASCII format.

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set peer ip-address 10.4.2.20 spi 500 key ascii xf125j9m
```

4. Configure a timestamp tolerance for registration replay protection or specify that the timestamp tolerance be taken from the value configured on the home agent.

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set peer ip-address 10.4.2.20 spi 500 replay-method timestamp tolerance 250
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

## Configuring Accounting for Mobile IP Subscribers

---

You can configure time-based accounting to track the subscriber sessions of Mobile IP subscribers.

To configure Mobile IP accounting:

1. Configure the IP address for the RADIUS accounting server.

```
[edit access profile mip-win4]
user@host# set radius accounting-server 192.168.20.5
```

2. Specify RADIUS as the accounting method for Mobile IP subscribers.

```
[edit access profile mip-win4 accounting]
user@host# set order radius
```

3. Specify time-based accounting for the access profile used for the subscriber.

```
[edit access profile mip-win4 accounting]
user@host# set statistics time
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)
- [Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access on page 24](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30](#)

## Configuring Dynamic Home Assignment for the Mobile Node

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The mobile node can request that the home agent dynamically assign an IP address for the home agent. The mobile node uses this address for the home agent in all subsequent registration requests until the registration expires or the mobile node is rebooted.

To configure the IP address to be used by the mobile node for the home agent:

- Configure the IP address for the specified mobile node.

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set dynamic-home-assignment home-agent nai bws@example.com
home-agent 192.168.4.5
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

## Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP

You can configure the Mobile IP home agent to operate in a Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access (WiMAX) home connectivity services network (H-CSN). This configuration enables the home agent to receive, process, and send WiMAX VSAs for subscriber authentication and registration. By default, Mobile IP cannot process the WiMAX VSAs. For operation in non-WiMAX environments, you can return it to this mode by configuring the **generic** access type.



**NOTE:** The Mobile IP configuration for WiMAX requires that AAA be used for the authentication method. For that reason, WiMAX is available only in the default router context.

To configure the access type, do one of the following:

- Configure generic operation.  

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set access-type generic
```
- Configure WiMAX operation.  

```
[edit services mobile-ip]
user@host# set access-type wimax
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

## Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access

The Junos OS trace feature tracks Mobile IP operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

Trace-related configurations are independent for each logical system and routing instance in which Mobile IP is configured. Mobile IP can generate two types of log messages:

- Trace messages common to all logical systems and routing instances in which Mobile IP is configured. Examples of this global message type are the messages generated by Mobile IP during initialization after it starts up. These trace messages are stored in the default trace file, `/var/log/mipd`. You cannot configure Mobile IP to save global messages in a different file. Mobile IP traces global messages by default.
- Trace messages specific to a logical system or routing instance in which Mobile IP is configured. An example of this message type is the message generated by Mobile IP when it receives a registration request. These trace messages are stored in the trace file configured for that logical system or routing instance. These messages cannot be saved in `/var/log/mipd`.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `mipd` for global tracing. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located. Logical system and routing instance messages are logged in a file that you must configure separately from `mipd` in the `/var/log` directory.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure Mobile IP tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the Mobile IP Trace Log Filename” on page 475](#).
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Mobile IP Log Files” on page 475](#).
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the Mobile IP Log File” on page 476](#).
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Mobile IP Messages to Be Logged” on page 476](#).
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Mobile IP Tracing Flags” on page 476](#).
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Mobile IP Messages Are Logged” on page 477](#).

## Configuring the Mobile IP Trace Log Filename

Global messages common to all Mobile IP logical systems and routing instances are recorded only in `/var/log/mipd`. Mobile IP automatically creates this file if it is not present when Mobile IP starts. You cannot configure global messages to be recorded in any other file.

You must specify a different name with the `file` option for messages that are specific to a logical system or routing instance in which Mobile IP is configured. Ensure that filenames are unique for each logical system or routing instance in which Mobile IP is configured. If you do not configure a trace filename for a logical system or routing instance, then nothing is traced for that entity.

To configure the filename for Mobile IP tracing operations for a logical system or routing instance:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit logical-systems lr1 services mobile-ip traceoptions]
user@host# set file mip-lr1_1
```

### Related Documentation

- Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473

## Configuring the Number and Size of Mobile IP Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format `.number.gz`. The newest archived file is `.0.gz` and the oldest archived file is `.(maximum number)-1.gz`. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, `filename`, reaches 2 MB, `filename` is compressed and renamed `filename.0.gz`, and a new file called `filename` is created. When the new `filename` reaches 2 MB, `filename.0.gz` is renamed `filename.1.gz` and `filename` is compressed and renamed `filename.0.gz`. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, `filename.19.gz`, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, `filename.18.gz` is compressed and renamed to `filename.19.gz`.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output. (Mobile IP supports the `files` and `size` options for the `traceoptions` statement.)

```
[edit services mobile-ip traceoptions]
user@host# set file mip_1 _logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473](#)

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## Configuring Access to the Mobile IP Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit services mobile-ip traceoptions]
user@host# set file mip_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit services mobile-ip traceoptions]
user@host# set file mip_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473](#)

---

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Mobile IP Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions that will be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit services mobile-ip traceoptions]
user@host# set file mip_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473](#)

---

## Configuring the Mobile IP Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit services mobile-ip traceoptions]
```



```
user@host# set flag home-agent
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473](#)

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## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Mobile IP Messages Are Logged

---

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.  

```
[edit services mobile-ip traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473](#)



## PART 9

# Dynamic Profiles for Access and Services

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Profiles on page 511](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Examples on page 533](#)



# Dynamic Profiles Overview

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 501](#)
- [User-Defined Variables on page 506](#)
- [Variable Expressions Overview on page 507](#)

## Dynamic Profiles Overview

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A dynamic profile is a set of characteristics, defined in a type of template, that you can use to provide dynamic subscriber access and services for broadband applications. These services are assigned dynamically to interfaces. The **dynamic-profiles** hierarchy appears at the top level of the CLI hierarchy and contains many Juniper Networks configuration statements that you normally define statically.

Dynamic profile statements appear in the following subhierarchies within the **[edit dynamic-profiles]** hierarchy:

- **class-of-service**
- **firewall**
- **interfaces**
- **predefined-variable-defaults**
- **protocols**
- **routing-instances**
- **routing-options**
- **variables**

This topic covers:

- [Dynamic Profile Interface Support on page 482](#)
- [What Dynamic Profiles Do on page 482](#)

- [How Dynamic Profiles Work on page 482](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Version Creation on page 482](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Semantic Checking on page 483](#)

## Dynamic Profile Interface Support

You can identify subscribers statically or dynamically. To identify subscribers statically, you can reference a static VLAN interface in a dynamic profile. To identify subscribers dynamically, you create variables for demux interfaces that are dynamically created when subscribers log in.

## What Dynamic Profiles Do

A dynamic profile acts as a kind of template that enables you to create, update, or remove a configuration that includes client access (for example, interface or protocol) or service (for example, CoS) attributes. Using these profiles enables you to consolidate all of the common attributes of a client (and eventually a group of clients) and apply the attributes simultaneously.

## How Dynamic Profiles Work

After they are created, profiles reside on the router in a profile library. These profiles can contain various configurations. For example, you can create a client network access configuration, a services activation configuration, or both. When a router interface receives a join message from a client, the router applies the values configured in the specified dynamic profile to that router interface. The profile can contain interface, class-of-service (CoS), and protocol values that are applied directly to the interface. In addition, the dynamic profile can call input or output firewall filters that reside outside of the dynamic profiles hierarchy.

## Dynamic Profile Version Creation

You can create new versions of dynamic profiles that are currently in use by subscribers. Dynamic profile version creation is enabled at the **[system]** hierarchy level. When enabled, you can create multiple versions of any dynamic profiles on the router. Any subscriber that logs in following a dynamic profile modification uses the latest version of the dynamic profile. Subscribers that are already active continue to use the older version of the dynamic profile until they log out or their session terminates.

When creating versions of dynamic profiles, keep the following in mind:

- You must enable or disable dynamic profile version creation before creating or using any dynamic profiles on the router. Enabling or disabling dynamic profile version creation after dynamic profiles are configured is not supported.



**NOTE:** Before you can enable or disable dynamic profile version creation for a router on which any dynamic profiles are configured, you must first remove all dynamic profiles from the router configuration.

---

- Each version of a dynamic profile is stored in the profile database as a new profile.

- The name of the new profile version is derived by appending a four-character tag string to the original base dynamic profile name. This tag string contains two dollar sign (\$) characters to identify the version field of the profile name. These two characters are followed by two numerical characters that represent the version number of the dynamic profile (for example, 01).
- The dynamic profile that you modify is always stored as the latest version. You cannot create a modified dynamic profile and save it as an earlier version. For example, if you modify version three of a dynamic profile, it is saved as version four.
- You can only modify the latest version of a dynamic profile.
- If the dynamic profile version that you modify is not in use by any subscriber, the profile is overwritten with committed changes without creating a new version.
- You can create a maximum of 10 versions of each dynamic profile.
- If all 10 versions of a dynamic profile already exists, any modification to the dynamic profile results in modifying the latest version of that profile (that is, version \$\$10). If this version is in use, any modification attempt fails upon commit.
- You can delete a dynamic profile only when it is not in use.
- The dynamic profile version feature supports graceful restart and unified ISSU.

## Dynamic Profile Semantic Checking

Variables are applied to dynamic profiles dynamically and cannot be checked with existing CLI checks. Semantic checking validates some variables in dynamic profiles to help identify potential configuration errors.

Semantic checks are performed during commit and during profile instantiation. Commit time checks ensure that variables appear in the correct location within the dynamic profile. Checks performed before profile instantiation ensure that the values that replace the variables are correct. The checks performed on the values include the following:

- Range validation
- Variable type validation
- Existence of variables where they are mandatory
- Variable matching to regular expressions

A commit time check failure results in an error message being displayed and logged in `/var/log/messages` and the commit not taking place. An instantiation failure results in an error being logged in `/var/log/messages` and the profile instantiation failing.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Various Levels of Services on page 518](#)
- [Enabling Dynamic Profiles to use Multiple Versions on page 521](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)

- [Subscriber Interface Overview on page 567](#)

## Dynamic Variables Overview

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Variables constitute the dynamic component of a dynamic profile. You use variables in dynamic profiles as placeholders for dynamically obtained or dynamically generated information that the dynamic profiles use to configure subscriber interfaces.

- [How Dynamic Variables Work on page 484](#)
- [Default Values for Predefined Variables on page 484](#)
- [Unique Identifier \(UID\) for Parameterized Filters on page 485](#)

### How Dynamic Variables Work

Dynamic variables are data placeholders that you define and place in dynamic profiles. When a particular event occurs on an interface (for example, a DHCP client accesses the interface), the dynamic profiles obtain data to fill these placeholders from one of three possible sources—the interface receiving an incoming client data packet, an externally configured server (for example, RADIUS), or a value associated with each user-configurable variable.

For your convenience, Junos OS provides several predefined variables that you can use within a dynamic profile. Most of these variables relate to interface-specific data obtained directly from the interface that receives an incoming client data packets (for example, interface name, interface unit value, and so on). When a client accesses the interface, the router software extracts the necessary interface data, propagates this data to the dynamic profile, and then uses the dynamic profile to configure the interface for the accessing client.

You define user-defined variables for individual dynamic profiles at the **[dynamic-profiles profile-name variables]** hierarchy level. At this hierarchy level, you create an association between a variable value (for example, `$junos-igmp-version`) that appears in the body of the dynamic profile and data associated with that call value that is managed in an externally configured server (for example, a RADIUS VSA managed on a RADIUS server) or defined as a value in the **variables** stanza. When an event occurs on an interface to trigger the instantiation of a dynamic profile for the interface, Junos OS obtains values for each variable from an external server (for example, from RADIUS authentication and authorization VSAs) during the subscriber authentication process. At run time, the variables are replaced by these actual values and are used to configure the subscriber interface.

### Default Values for Predefined Variables

You can optionally configure default values for many of the predefined variables. If the external RADIUS server is not available or the VSA does not contain a value for the predefined variable, Junos OS uses the default values.

When a default value is configured for a variable and RADIUS also returns a value, the system uses the value from RADIUS instead.



## Unique Identifier (UID) for Parameterized Filters

You can optionally configure a unique identifier (UID) for parameterized filters in dynamic profiles created for services. The generated UIDs enable you to identify and configure separate parameter values for filters with the same variable name. In addition, assigning a UID improves performance of the router.

For service profiles, you can request the generation of an UID for a user-defined variable by including the **uid** statement at the **[dynamic-profiles profile-name variables]** hierarchy level. You then reference the variable name in the filter. To enable selection of a particular filter in a dynamic profile that contains multiple variables of the same parameter and criteria type, you must indicate that the variable refers to a UID. To configure, include the **uid-reference** statement at the **[dynamic-profiles profile-name variables]** hierarchy level. For example, if the variable **\$in-filter** receives the value of “filter1” from RADIUS, the filter definition named **\$filter** is used.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Various Levels of Services on page 518](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [User-Defined Variables on page 506](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 501](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 514](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Subscriber Interface Overview on page 567](#)
- [Example: Firewall Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: IGMP Dynamic Profile on page 533](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 55](#)

## Junos OS Predefined Variables

Junos OS contains several predefined variables. The dynamic profile obtains and replaces data for these variables from an incoming client data packet and configuration (local and RADIUS). These variables are predefined—you use them in the body of a dynamic profile without first having to define the variables at the **[dynamic-profiles profile-name variables]** hierarchy level. [Table 52 on page 486](#) provides a list of predefined variables, their descriptions, and where in the Junos OS hierarchy you can configure them.

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions

| Variable                                 | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Access and Access-Internal Routes</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| \$junos-framed-route-cost                | Cost metric of an access route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route address]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>metric</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| \$junos-framed-route-distance            | Distance of an access route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route address]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>preference</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| \$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix   | Route prefix of an access route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>route</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-address-prefix | IPv6 route prefix of an access route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>route</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-nexthop        | IPv6 next-hop address of an access route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route address]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>next-hop</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| \$junos-framed-route-nexthop             | Next-hop address of an access route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route address]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>next-hop</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| \$junos-framed-route-tag                 | Tag value of an access route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route address]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>tag</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \$junos-interface-name                   | <p>Logical interface of an access-internal route. DHCP or PPP supplies this information when the subscriber logs in. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access-internal route address]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>qualified-next-hop</b> statement.</p> <p>This variable is also used for creating dynamic IP demux interfaces.</p> |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                              | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-subscriber-ip-address         | <p>IP address of a subscriber identified in an access-internal route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> routing-options access-internal]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>route</b> statement.</p> <p>This variable is also used for creating dynamic IP demux interfaces.</p>                                                                         |
| \$junos-subscriber-mac-address        | <p>MAC address for a subscriber identified in an access-internal route. You specify this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> routing-options access-internal route address qualified-next hop <i>underlying-interface</i>]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>mac-address</b> statement.</p>                                                                                |
| <b>Dynamic Protocols</b>              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| \$junos-igmp-access-group-name        | Specifies the access list to use for the source (S) filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| \$junos-igmp-access-source-group-name | Specifies the access list to use for the source-group (S,G) filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| \$junos-igmp-enable                   | <p>Ensures that IGMP is not disabled on the interface by an AAA-based authentication and management method (for example, RADIUS). You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols igmp]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>interface</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                           |
| \$junos-igmp-immediate-leave          | <p>Enables IGMP immediate leave on the interface. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols igmp]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>interface</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| \$junos-igmp-version                  | <p>IGMP version configured in a client access profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber accesses the router. The version is applied to the accessing subscriber when the profile is instantiated. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols igmp]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>interface</b> statement.</p> |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                             | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-interface-name               | <p>Name of the dynamic interface to which the subscriber access client connects. Its use is in dynamically enabling IGMP on the subscriber interface. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols igmp]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>interface</b> statement.</p> <p>The interface name is derived from concatenating the <b>\$junos-interface-ifd-name</b> and the <b>\$junos-underlying-interface-unit</b> variables obtained when a subscriber is created dynamically at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces]</b> hierarchy level.</p> |
| \$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix             | <p>Prefix value for the router advertisement interface. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber accesses the router. The prefix value is applied to the accessing subscriber when the profile is instantiated. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>\$junos-interface-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \$junos-mld-access-group-name        | Specifies the access list to use for the group (G) filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| \$junos-mld-access-source-group-name | Specifies the access list to use for the source-group (S,G) filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| \$junos-mld-enable                   | <p>Ensures that MLD is not disabled on the interface by an AAA-based authentication and management method (for example, RADIUS). You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols mld]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>interface</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| \$junos-mld-immediate-leave          | <p>Enables MLD immediate leave on the interface. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols mld]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>interface</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| \$junos-mld-version                  | <p>MLD version configured in a client access profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber accesses the router. The version is applied to the accessing subscriber when the profile is instantiated. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols mld]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>interface</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

#### Dynamic CoS — Traffic-Control Profile Parameters

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                      | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-adjust-minimum    | <p>Minimum adjusted shaping rate configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>adjust-minimum</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                           |
| \$junos-cos-byte-adjust       | <p>Byte adjustment value configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>bytes</b> option with the <b>overhead-accounting</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p> |
| \$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate | <p>Delay-buffer rate configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>delay-buffer-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                    |
| \$junos-cos-excess-rate       | <p>Excess rate configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>excess-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                          | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-excess-rate-high      | <p>Rate configured for excess high-priority traffic in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>excess-rate-high</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                       |
| \$junos-cos-excess-rate-low       | <p>Rate configured for excess low-priority traffic in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile for subscriber access. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>excess-rate-low</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                   |
| \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate       | <p>Guaranteed rate configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>guaranteed-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                              |
| \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate-burst | <p>Burst size for the guaranteed rate that is configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable with the <b>burst-size</b> option in the <b>guaranteed-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p> |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                  | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-map | <p>Scheduler-map name configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>scheduler-map</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The scheduler map can be defined dynamically (at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps]</b> hierarchy level) or statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service scheduler-maps]</b> hierarchy level).</p> |
| \$junos-cos-shaping-mode  | <p>Shaping mode configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>overhead-accounting</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| \$junos-cos-shaping-rate  | <p>Shaping rate configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>shaping-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                  | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-shaping-rate-burst            | <p>Burst size for the shaping rate configured in a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable with the <b>burst-size</b> option in the <b>shaping-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service traffic-control-profiles <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p> |
| \$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile       | <p>Traffic-control profile configured in a dynamic profile for subscriber access. The Junos OS obtains the profile information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>traffic-control-profiles</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                        |
| <b>Dynamic CoS — Scheduler Parameters</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler                     | <p>Name of a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service schedulers]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                   |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs                  | <p>Buffer size as a percentage of total buffer, specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>buffer-size</b> statement with the <b>percent</b> option at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service schedulers <i>scheduler-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>       |



Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                            | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri           | <p>Packet-scheduling priority value specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>priority</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-any  | <p>Name of the drop profile for random early detection (RED) for loss-priority level <b>any</b> specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>drop-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p>   |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high | <p>Name of the drop profile for random early detection (RED) for loss-priority level <b>high</b> specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>drop-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profile-map loss-priority high protocol any]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p> |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                   | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low         | <p>Name of the drop profile for random early detection (RED) for loss-priority level <b>low</b> specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>drop-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profile-map loss-priority low protocol any]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level) for loss-priority <b>low</b>.</p> |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | <p>Name of the drop profile for random early detection (RED) for loss-priority level <b>medium-high</b> specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>drop-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-high protocol any]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p>              |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                  | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low | <p>Name of the drop profile for random early detection (RED) for loss-priority level <b>medium-low</b> specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>drop-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-low protocol any]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p> |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority     | <p>Priority value of the excess rate specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>excess-priority</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate         | <p>Value of the excess rate specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>excess-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-shaping-rate        | <p>Value of the shaping rate specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>shaping-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                                | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx                                | <p>Transmit rate specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile. Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>You reference this variable in the <b>transmit-rate</b> statement at the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]</b> hierarchy level.</p> |
| <b>Dynamic Connectivity Fault Management Parameters</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \$junos-action-profile                                  | Name of the action profile configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| \$junos-ccm-interval                                    | Continuity check interval time configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \$junos-loss-threshold                                  | The number of continuity check messages lost before marking the remote MEP as down, configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| \$junos-ma-name-format                                  | Name of the maintenance association name format configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| \$junos-md-name-format                                  | Name of the maintenance domain format configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| \$junos-ma-name                                         | Name of the maintenance association configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| \$junos-md-level                                        | Value of 'Level', configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| \$junos-md-name                                         | Name of the maintenance domain configured in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \$junos-mep-id                                          | The 'MEP' value configured in the dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| \$junos-remote-mep-id                                   | The 'Remote MEP' value configured in the dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Filters — RADIUS-obtained Policies</b>               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \$junos-input-filter                                    | Attaches a filter based on RADIUS VSA 26-10 (Ingress-Policy-Name) or RADIUS attribute 11 (Filter-ID) to the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| \$junos-input-ipv6-filter                               | Attaches a filter based on RADIUS VSA 26-106 (IPv6-Ingress-Policy-Name) to the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                                | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\$junos-output-filter</code>                      | Attaches a filter based on RADIUS VSA 26-11 (Egress-Policy-Name) to the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>\$junos-output-ipv6-filter</code>                 | Attaches a filter based on RADIUS VSA 26-107 (IPv6-Egress-Policy-Name) to the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Subscriber Interfaces — Dynamic Demux Interfaces</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>\$junos-interface-ifd-name</code>                 | <p>Name of the device to which the subscriber access client connects. All interfaces are created on this device. Its primary use is in creating single or multiple subscribers on a statically created interface. You specify this variable at the <code>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces]</code> hierarchy level.</p> <p>When creating a logical underlying interface for a dynamic VLAN demux interface, you must also specify this variable at the <code>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>demux0</i> unit <i>\$junos-interface-unit</i> demux-options underlying-interface]</code> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                         |
| <code>\$junos-interface-unit</code>                     | Creates a unit number assigned to the logical interface. The router supplies this information when the subscriber accesses the network. You specify this variable at the <code>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level for the <code>unit</code> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>\$junos-ipv6-address</code>                       | Selects the IPv6 address of the interface the subscriber uses. You specify this variable at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family <i>family</i>]</code> , <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>demux0</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family <i>family</i>]</code> , <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>pp0</i> unit "<i>\$junos-interface-unit</i>" family <i>family</i>]</code> , and <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family <i>family</i>]</code> hierarchy level for the <code>address</code> statement. |
| <code>\$junos-loopback-interface</code>                 | Selects the loopback interface the subscriber uses. You specify this variable at the <code>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>demux0</i> unit "<i>\$junos-interface-unit</i>" family <i>inet</i>]</code> hierarchy level for the <code>unnumbered-address</code> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                           | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\$junos-preferred-source-address</code>      | <p>Selects the preferred source address associated with the loopback address used for the subscriber. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit "<i>\$junos-interface-unit</i>" family inet unnumbered-address "<i>\$junos-loopback-interface</i>"]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>preferred-source-address</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>\$junos-subscriber-ip-address</code>         | <p>IP address of the subscriber. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit family inet demux-source]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p>This variable is also used for creating access-internal routes.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-address</code>       | <p>IPv6 address for subscriber. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family inet6 demux-source]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-multi-address</code> | <p>Expands the <b>demux-source</b> into multiple addresses; for example, the IPv6 prefix and /128 address for the subscriber.</p> <p>You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family inet6 demux-source]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>\$junos-underlying-interface</code>          | <p>Creates a logical underlying interface for a dynamic IP demux interface. The client logs in on this interface. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit "<i>\$junos-interface-unit</i>" demux-options]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>underlying-interface</b> statement.</p> <p>When configured, the underlying interface is used to determine the <b><i>\$junos-underlying-interface</i></b>, <b><i>\$junos-underlying-interface-unit</i></b>, and <b><i>\$junos-ifd-name</i></b> variables. For example, if the receiving logical interface is ge-0/0/0.1, the <b><i>\$junos-underlying-interface</i></b> variable is set to ge-0/0/0 and the <b><i>\$junos-underlying-interface-unit</i></b> variable is set to 1.</p> <p>This variable is also used for creating access-internal routes.</p> |

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#### Subscriber Interfaces — Static VLAN Interfaces

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Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                       | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>\$junos-interface-ifd-name</code>        | Name of the device to which the subscriber access client connects. All interfaces are created on this device. Its primary use is in creating single or multiple subscribers on a statically created interface. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces]</b> hierarchy level. |
| <code>\$junos-underlying-interface-unit</code> | Obtains the unit number for the underlying interface. It specifies the use of the underlying interface for the subscriber. You specify this variable at the <b>[dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>\$junos-interface-ifd-name</i>]</b> hierarchy for the <b>unit</b> statement.                           |

Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                                                | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Subscriber Interfaces — Dynamic PPPoE Interfaces</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>\$junos-interface-unit</code>                     | Specifies the logical unit number when the router dynamically creates a PPPoE logical interface. The <code>\$junos-interface-unit</code> predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number supplied by the network when the PPPoE subscriber logs in. You specify this variable at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0]</code> hierarchy level for the <code>unit</code> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>\$junos-underlying-interface</code>               | Specifies the name of the underlying Ethernet interface on which the router dynamically creates the PPPoE logical interface. The <code>\$junos-underlying-interface</code> predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the name of the underlying interface supplied by the network when the PPPoE subscriber logs in. You specify this variable at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" pppoe-options]</code> hierarchy level for the <code>underlying-interface</code> statement.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Subscriber Interfaces — Dynamic Interface Sets</b>   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>\$junos-svlan-interface-set-name</code>           | Locally generated interface set name for use by dual-tagged VLAN interfaces based on the outer tag of the dual-tagged VLAN. The format of the generated variable is <code>physical_interface_name - outer_VLAN_tag</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Wholesale Networking</b>                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>\$junos-interface-name</code>                     | <p>Name of the dynamic interface to which the subscriber access client connects. Its use is in identifying the subscriber interface. You specify this variable at the <code>[dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-instance \$junos-routing-instance]</code> hierarchy level for the <code>interface</code> statement.</p> <p>The interface name is derived from concatenating the <code>\$junos-interface-ifd-name</code> and the <code>\$junos-underlying-interface-unit</code> variables obtained when a subscriber is created dynamically at the <code>[dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-instance \$junos-routing-instance interface]</code> hierarchy level.</p> |



Table 52: Junos OS Predefined Variables and Definitions (*continued*)

| Variable                 | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-routing-instance | <p>Name of the routing instance to which the subscriber is assigned. This variable triggers a return value from the RADIUS server for Virtual-Router (VSA 26–1).</p> <p>You reference this variable in the statement at the <b>[dynamic-profiles profile-name]</b> hierarchy level for the <b>routing-instance</b> statement.</p> |

**Related Documentation**

- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 501](#)
- [User-Defined Variables on page 506](#)

## Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs

Table 53 on page 501 lists the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs and their corresponding Junos OS predefined variables that are used in dynamic profiles. When the router instantiates a dynamic profile following subscriber access, the Junos OS uses the predefined variable to specify the RADIUS attribute or VSA for the information obtained from the RADIUS server.

Table 53: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables

| RADIUS Attribute or VSA | Junos OS Predefined Variable                                              | Description                                         | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>RADIUS Attribute</b> |                                                                           |                                                     |                                                        |
| Framed-IP-Address (8)   | \$junos-framed-route-ip-address                                           | Address for the client                              | No                                                     |
| Filter-ID (11)          | \$junos-input-filter<br><b>NOTE:</b> Variable is also used for VSA 26–10. | Input filter to apply to client IPv4 interface      | Yes                                                    |
| Framed-Route (22)       | \$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix                                    | (Subattribute 1): Route prefix for access route     | No                                                     |
|                         | \$junos-framed-route-nextthop                                             | (Subattribute 2): Next hop address for access route | No                                                     |
|                         | \$junos-framed-route-cost                                                 | (Subattribute 3): Metric for access route           | No                                                     |

Table 53: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| RADIUS Attribute or VSA         | Junos OS Predefined Variable                                                               | Description                                                                   | Default Value<br>Support for Junos OS<br>Predefined Variable |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                 | \$junos-framed-route-distance                                                              | (Subattribute 5):<br>Preference for access<br>route                           | No                                                           |
|                                 | \$junos-framed-route-tag                                                                   | (Subattribute 6): Tag<br>for access route                                     | No                                                           |
| Framed-IPv6-Prefix<br>(96)      | \$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix                                                                   | Prefix value in IPv6<br>Neighbor Discovery<br>route advertisements            | No                                                           |
| Framed-IPv6-Route<br>(99)       | \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-address-prefix                                                   | (Subattribute 1):<br>Framed IPv6 route<br>prefix configured for the<br>client | No                                                           |
|                                 | \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-nexthop                                                          | (Subattribute 2): IPv6<br>routing information<br>configured for the client    | No                                                           |
| <b>Juniper Networks VSA</b>     |                                                                                            |                                                                               |                                                              |
| Virtual-Router (26–1)           | \$junos-routing-instance                                                                   | Routing instance to<br>which subscriber is<br>assigned                        | No                                                           |
| Ingress-Policy-Name<br>(26–10)  | \$junos-input-filter<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> Variable is also used for RADIUS<br>attribute 11. | Input filter to apply to<br>client IPv4 interface                             | Yes                                                          |
| Egress-Policy-Name<br>(26–11)   | \$junos-output-filter                                                                      | Output filter to apply to<br>client IPv4 interface                            | Yes                                                          |
| IGMP-Enable (26–23)             | \$junos-igmp-enable                                                                        | Enable or disable IGMP<br>on client interface                                 | Yes                                                          |
| IGMP-Access-Name<br>(26–71)     | \$junos-igmp-access-group-name                                                             | Access list to use for<br>the group (G) filter                                | Yes                                                          |
| IGMP-Access-Src-Name<br>(26–72) | \$junos-igmp-access-source-group-name                                                      | Access List to use for<br>the source group (S,G)<br>filter                    | Yes                                                          |
| MLD-Access-Name<br>(26–74)      | \$junos-mld-access-group-name                                                              | Access list to use for<br>the group (G) filter                                | Yes                                                          |
| MLD-Access-Src-Name<br>(26–75)  | \$junos-mld-access-source-group-name                                                       | Access List to use for<br>the source group (S,G)<br>filter                    | Yes                                                          |

Table 53: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| RADIUS Attribute or VSA                 | Junos OS Predefined Variable        | Description                                                                                        | Default Value<br>Support for Junos OS<br>Predefined Variable |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| MLD-Version (26–77)                     | \$junos-mld-version                 | MLD protocol version                                                                               | Yes                                                          |
| IGMP-Version (26–78)                    | \$junos-igmp-version                | IGMP protocol version                                                                              | Yes                                                          |
| IGMP-Immediate-Leave (26–97)            | \$junos-igmp-immediate-leave        | IGMP immediate leave                                                                               | Yes                                                          |
| MLD-Immediate-Leave (26–100)            | \$junos-mld-immediate-leave         | MLD immediate leave                                                                                | Yes                                                          |
| IPv6-Ingress-Policy-Name (26–106)       | \$junos-input-ipv6-filter           | Input filter to apply to client IPv6 interface                                                     | Yes                                                          |
| IPv6-Egress-Policy-Name (26–107)        | \$junos-output-ipv6-filter          | Output filter to apply to client IPv6 interface                                                    | Yes                                                          |
| CoS Traffic Control Parameters (26–108) | \$junos-cos-scheduler-map           | (T01: Scheduler-map name) Name of scheduler map configured in traffic-control profile              | Yes                                                          |
|                                         | \$junos-cos-shaping-rate            | (T02: Shaping rate) Shaping rate configured in traffic-control profile                             | Yes                                                          |
|                                         | \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate         | (T03: Guaranteed rate) Guaranteed rate configured in traffic-control profile                       | Yes                                                          |
|                                         | \$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate       | (T04: Delay-buffer rate) Delay-buffer rate configured in traffic-control profile                   | Yes                                                          |
|                                         | \$junos-cos-excess-rate             | (T05: Excess rate) Excess rate configured in traffic-control profile                               | Yes                                                          |
|                                         | \$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile | (T06: Traffic-control profile) Name of the traffic-control profile configured in a dynamic profile | Yes                                                          |
|                                         | \$junos-cos-shaping-mode            | (T07: Shaping mode) CoS shaping mode configured in a dynamic profile                               | Yes                                                          |

Table 53: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| RADIUS Attribute or VSA            | Junos OS Predefined Variable      | Description                                                                                     | Default Value<br>Support for Junos OS<br>Predefined Variable                                                          |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                    | \$junos-cos-byte-adjust           | (T08; Byte adjust) Byte adjustments configured for the shaping mode in a dynamic profile        | Yes                                                                                                                   |
|                                    | \$junos-cos-adjust-minimum        | (T09; Adjust minimum) Minimum adjusted value allowed for the shaping rate in a dynamic profile  | Yes                                                                                                                   |
|                                    | \$junos-cos-excess-rate-high      | (T10; Excess rate high) Excess rate configured for high-priority traffic in a dynamic profile   | Yes                                                                                                                   |
|                                    | \$junos-cos-excess-rate-low       | (T11; Excess rate low) Excess rate configured for low-priority traffic in a dynamic profile     | Yes                                                                                                                   |
|                                    | \$junos-cos-shaping-rate-burst    | (T12; Shaping rate burst) Burst size configured for the shaping rate in a dynamic profile       | Yes                                                                                                                   |
|                                    | \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate-burst | (T12; Guaranteed rate burst) Burst size configured for the guaranteed rate in a dynamic profile | Yes                                                                                                                   |
| Qos-Set-Name<br>(26–130)           | \$junos-interface-set-name        | Name of an interface set configured in a dynamic profile                                        | Yes                                                                                                                   |
| CoS-Scheduler-Pmt-Type<br>(26–146) | \$junos-cos-scheduler             | (Null: Scheduler name) Name of scheduler configured in a dynamic profile                        | Yes                                                                                                                   |
|                                    | \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx          | (T01: CoS scheduler transmit rate) Transmit rate for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile  | Yes<br>Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Percent</li> <li>• Rate</li> </ul> |

Table 53: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| RADIUS Attribute or VSA | Junos OS Predefined Variable               | Description                                                                                                                                                     | Default Value<br>Support for Junos OS<br>Predefined Variable                                                                  |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs                   | (T02: CoS scheduler buffer size) Buffer size for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile                                                                      | Yes<br><br>Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Percent</li> <li>• Temporal</li> </ul> |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri                  | (T03: CoS scheduler priority) Packet-scheduling priority for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile                                                          | Yes                                                                                                                           |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low         | (T04: CoS scheduler drop-profile low) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level <b>low</b> for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile                 | Yes                                                                                                                           |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low  | (T05: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-low) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level <b>medium-low</b> for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile   | Yes                                                                                                                           |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | (T06: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-high) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level <b>medium-high</b> for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes                                                                                                                           |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high        | (T07: CoS scheduler drop-profile high) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level <b>high</b> for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile               | Yes                                                                                                                           |

Table 53: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| RADIUS Attribute or VSA | Junos OS Predefined Variable          | Description                                                                                                                                     | Default Value<br>Support for Junos OS<br>Predefined Variable                                                                    |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-any    | (T08: CoS scheduler drop-profile any) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level <b>any</b> for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes                                                                                                                             |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate     | (T09: CoS scheduler excess rate) Excess rate configured for a scheduler in a dynamic profile                                                    | Yes<br><br>Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Percent</li> <li>• Proportion</li> </ul> |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-shaping-rate    | (T10: CoS scheduler shaping rate) Shaping rate configured for a scheduler in a dynamic profile                                                  | Yes<br><br>Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Percent</li> <li>• Rate</li> </ul>       |
|                         | \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority | (T11: CoS scheduler excess priority) Excess priority configured for a scheduler in a dynamic profile                                            | Yes                                                                                                                             |

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
  - [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
  - [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)

## User-Defined Variables

Junos OS enables you to configure variables at the **[dynamic-profiles *profile-name* variables]** hierarchy level and associate those variables with supported RADIUS VSAs. The dynamic profile obtains and replaces data for these variables from an external server (for example, from RADIUS authentication and authorization VSAs) during the subscriber authentication process. At run time, the variables are replaced by these actual values (obtained from default information on the router or from the RADIUS server) and are used to configure the subscriber interface.

For a complete list of supported RADIUS VSAs for which you can create variable associations, see [“RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework” on page 55](#).

You can also configure the user-defined variables with a default value. The default value provides a standalone configuration for the associated statement or a backup for the statement configuration if the RADIUS server is inaccessible or the VSA attribute does not contain a value.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 514](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 55](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)

## Variable Expressions Overview

Junos OS enables you to create expressions—groups of arithmetic operators, string operators, and operands—for use as variables within dynamic profiles. You configure variable expressions at the **[dynamic-profiles *profile-name* variables]** hierarchy level. At run time, the variable expressions are calculated and used as variable values to configure dynamic subscriber interfaces.

When configuring expressions in dynamic profiles, you must adhere to the following rules:

- You can configure expressions only within a variable stanza of a dynamic profile.
- Dynamic profiles that contain expressions must be used only for service activation.
- You can assign expressions only to user-defined variables. You cannot assign expressions to internal variables or predefined variables.
- Expression values are given precedence over default values.
- Entire expressions must be contained within quotation marks (" ").
- Strings within the expressions must be quoted within single quotation marks ( ' ') and the single quotation marks can contain only strings.
- White space is treated as a delimiter for all operands and operators. Strings containing spaces that you create within expressions are treated as single strings and include any leading or trailing white space. For example:

```
dynamic-profiles {
 service profile {
 variables {
 scheduler-name;
 video-filter equals " ' Filter 1 ' " # Everything within the single quotation marks is
 considered a string, including the leading and trailing white space
 }
 }
}
```

- The expression must be either all arithmetic operators or all string operators; mixing arithmetic operators and string operators is not allowed unless properly converted to the correct type.

- Expressions can refer to other system predefined variables or other user-defined variables. However, no circular referencing between variables is allowed. For example, the following reference is incorrect:

```
dynamic-profiles {
 Service_Profile_1 {
 variables {
 scheduler-name;
 transmit-rate2 equals " ($transmit-rate1 * 2)/3" # refers to transmit-rate1
 transmit-rate1 equals " ($transmit-rate2 * 2)/3" # refers to transmit-rate2
 }
 }
}
```

- Any mandatory variable that does not contain a "default" value or an "equals" expression must contain a value as a part of service activation. For example, a RADIUS service VSA like "service-video( value1, value2)" that contains two or fewer mandatory variables in the dynamic service profile definition "service-video" succeeds. The service activation fails if at least one mandatory variable does not have any value associated with it, either through default or equals attribute evaluation.

Table 54 on page 508 lists supported operators and functions you can use to create expressions.



**NOTE:** Precedence 5 is the highest level.

**Table 54: Operators and Functions**

| Operation                 | Operator | Associativity | Precedence | Action                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------|----------|---------------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Arithmetic Addition       | +        | Left          | 1          | Adds the elements to the right and left of the operator together.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Arithmetic Subtraction    | -        | Left          | 1          | Subtracts the element to the right of the operator from the element to the left of the operator.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Arithmetic Multiplication | *        | Left          | 2          | Multiplies the element to the left of the operator by the element to the right of the operator.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Arithmetic Division       | /        | Left          | 2          | Divides the element to the left of the operator by the element to the right of the operator.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Arithmetic Modulo         | %        | Left          | 2          | Divides the element to the left of the operator by the element to the right of the operator and returns the integer remainder. If the element to the left of the operator is less than the element to the right of the operator, the result is the element to the left of the operator. |
| Concatenation             | ##       | Left          | 3          | Creates a new string by joining the string values to the left of the operator and the values to the right of the operator together.                                                                                                                                                     |



Table 54: Operators and Functions (*continued*)

| Operation          | Operator           | Associativity | Precedence | Action                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum            | max(param1,param2) | Left          | 4          | Takes the maximum of the two values passed as parameters.                                                                  |
| Minimum            | min(param1,param2) | Left          | 4          | Takes the minimum of the two values passed as parameters.                                                                  |
| Round              | round(param1)      | -             | 4          | Rounds the value to the nearest integer.                                                                                   |
| Truncate           | trunc(param1)      | -             | 4          | Truncates a non-integer value to the value left of the decimal point.                                                      |
| Convert to String  | toStr(param1)      | -             | 4          | Converts the variable inside the parentheses to a null terminated string.                                                  |
| Convert to Integer | toInt(param1)      | -             | 4          | Converts the parameter to an integer. A single string or variable is allowed as a parameter.                               |
| Random             | rand()             | -             | 4          | Generates a random numerical value.                                                                                        |
| Parentheses        | ( )                | -             | 5          | Groups operands and operators to achieve results different from simple precedence; effectively has the highest precedence. |

Expressions are evaluated after variables are populated with values. The evaluation is conducted immediately before profile instantiation and includes value checking. If the computed values are not acceptable, or rules governing expression syntax are broken, the expression evaluation fails, profile instantiation does not occur, and messages are logged to describe the errors.

[Table 55 on page 509](#) lists the possible expression error scenarios and the action taken by the router software.

Table 55: Expression Errors and Actions

| Error                                            | Occurance             | Action                      | Variable Value |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Parsing error                                    | Commit check phase    | Commit fails                | not applicable |
| Circular variable dependency error               | Commit check phase    | Commit fails                | not applicable |
| Variables inside the expressions are not defined | Commit check phase    | Commit fails                | not applicable |
| Divide by zero                                   | Profile Instantiation | Profile instantiation fails | Zero (0)       |
| Adding string to a number                        | Profile Instantiation | Profile instantiation fails | Zero (0)       |
| Overflow error                                   | Profile Instantiation | Profile instantiation fails | Undefined      |

Table 55: Expression Errors and Actions (*continued*)

| Error           | Occurance             | Action                      | Variable Value |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Underflow error | Profile Instantiation | Profile instantiation fails | Undefined      |

You can also configure the user-defined variables with a default value. The default value provides a standalone configuration for the associated statement or a backup for the statement configuration if the RADIUS server is inaccessible or the VSA attribute does not contain a value.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Variable Expressions in Dynamic Profiles on page 515](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 514](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 55](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)

## CHAPTER 31

# Configuring Dynamic Profiles

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
- [Configuring Default Values for Predefined Variables in a Dynamic Profile on page 513](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 514](#)
- [Configuring Variable Expressions in Dynamic Profiles on page 515](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Various Levels of Services on page 518](#)
- [Configuring Unique Identifiers for Parameterized Filters in Dynamic Profiles on page 519](#)
- [Enabling Dynamic Profiles to use Multiple Versions on page 521](#)
- [Modifying Dynamic Profiles with Versioning Disabled on page 521](#)

## Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile

---

This topic describes how to create a basic dynamic profile. A basic profile must contain a profile name and have both an interface variable name (such as `$junos-interface-ifd-name`) included at the `[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces` hierarchy level and logical interface variable name (such as `$junos-underlying-interface-unit` or `$junos-interface-unit`) at the `[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces variable-interface-name unit]` hierarchy level.

Before you configure dynamic profiles for initial client access:

1. Configure the necessary router interfaces that you want DHCP clients to use when accessing the network.  
  
See [“Subscriber Interface Overview” on page 567](#) for information about the types of interfaces you can use with dynamic profiles and how to configure them.
2. Configure all RADIUS values that you want the profiles to use when validating DHCP clients for access to the multicast network.  
  
See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access” on page 30](#)

To configure a basic dynamic profile:

1. Name the profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile
```

2. Define the **interface-name** statement with the internal **\$junos-interface-ifd-name** variable used by the router to match the interface name of the receiving interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile]
user@host# edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

3. Define the **unit** statement with the internal variable:
  - When referencing an existing interface, specify the **\$junos-underlying-interface-unit** variable used by the router to match the unit value of the receiving interface.
  - When creating dynamic interfaces, specify the **\$junos-interface-unit** variable used by the router to generate a unit value for the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"]
user@host# set unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit
```

or

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"]
user@host# set unit $junos-interface-unit
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Various Levels of Services on page 518](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)
- [Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 541](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [Example: Firewall Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: IGMP Dynamic Profile on page 533](#)

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## Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles

This topic discusses how to configure predefined variables in a dynamic profile. The dynamic profile obtains and replaces data for these variables from an incoming client data packet. You can specify these variables in the body of a dynamic profile without having to first define the variables at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* variables]** hierarchy level.

Before you configure dynamic variables:

1. Create a basic dynamic profile.  
See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

2. Ensure that the router hardware is configured in the network to accept subscriber access.

To configure predefined variables in a dynamic profile:

1. Access the desired dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles igmpProfile1
[edit dynamic-profiles igmpProfile1]
```

2. Configure the necessary variables.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles igmpProfile1]
user@host# set protocols igmp interface $junos-interface-name
```

For a complete list of supported predefined variables, see “Junos OS Predefined Variables” on page 485.

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 514](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [Example: Firewall Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: IGMP Dynamic Profile on page 533](#)

## Configuring Default Values for Predefined Variables in a Dynamic Profile

You can configure default values for the predefined variables that are configured in a dynamic profile. These default values are used when RADIUS does not supply a value.

To configure default values for Junos predefined variables:

1. Specify that you want to configure the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile profile-name
```

2. Configure the default value for a specific option within a predefined variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name]
user@host# set predefined-variable-defaults predefined-variable variable-option
default-value
```



**NOTE:** Do not use the “junos-” prefix when specifying the *predefined-variable*.

- Related Documentation**
- For a list of predefined variables and options for which you can configure default values, see [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 501](#)
  - [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
  - [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)

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## Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles

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This topic discusses how to configure the user-defined dynamic variables in a dynamic profile. You define user-defined variables for individual dynamic profiles at the **[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name variables]** hierarchy level. At this hierarchy level, you create an association between a variable call value (for example, **\$junos-igmp-version**) that appears in the body of the dynamic profile and data associated with that call value that is managed in an externally configured server (for example, a RADIUS VSA managed on a RADIUS server) or defined as a default value in the **variables** stanza.

Before you configure dynamic variables:

1. Create a basic dynamic profile.  
[See “Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511.](#)
2. Ensure that the router is configured to enable communication between the client and the RADIUS server.  
[See “Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access” on page 24.](#)
3. Configure all RADIUS values that you want the profiles to use when validating subscribers.  
[See “Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access” on page 30](#)

To configure variables in a dynamic profile:

1. Access the **variables** stanza in the desired dynamic profile.

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile1 variables
[edit dynamic-profiles profile1 variables]
```

2. Specify a name to identify the variable.

The variable name can be any alphanumeric value. The name is an association to a variable in the dynamic profile configuration. For example, if you specify a variable name of **igmp-version** as the variable name, you must specify the call variable **\$igmp-version** in the dynamic profile configuration for the statement you want the variable to define.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles igmpProfile1 variables]
user@host# set igmp-version
```

3. Configure the variable using one (or both) of the following methods:
  - Specify a RADIUS attribute and RADIUS tag (when required) for the variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles igmpProfile1 variables]
user@host# set igmp-version radius vendor-id 4874 attribute 78
```

- Configure a default value for the variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles igmpProfile1 variables]
user@host# set igmp-version default-value 3
```



**NOTE:** You can configure variables by using the RADIUS method, the default value method, or both. If you choose to configure both a RADIUS attribute and a default value for the variable, the RADIUS attribute takes precedence over the default value. However, the dynamic profile applies the default value if the router cannot contact the RADIUS server or if the RADIUS server does not contain a value for the assigned attribute.

4. Configure the call variable in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles igmpProfile1]
user@host# set protocols igmp interface demux0 version $igmp-version
```



**NOTE:** The call variable must match the name of the variable that you configured in the variables stanza.

#### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [User-Defined Variables on page 506](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access on page 781](#)
- [Example: Firewall Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: IGMP Dynamic Profile on page 533](#)

## Configuring Variable Expressions in Dynamic Profiles

You can create expressions—groups of arithmetic operators, string operators, and operands—for use as variables within dynamic profiles. These expressions are used as variable values to configure dynamic subscriber interfaces.

To configure dynamic profile variable expressions:

1. Access the dynamic profile for which you want to create variable expressions.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-name
```

2. Access the **variables** hierarchy for the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name]
user@host# edit variables
```

3. Define the variable using the expression operators and operands described in [“Variable Expressions Overview” on page 507](#).

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name variables]
user@host# set expression
```

[Table 56 on page 516](#) provides several examples of expressions that you can create using the supported operators and functions.

**Table 56: Expression Examples**

| Example                                                                                          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| video-filter equals “ ‘Filter1’ ”                                                                | Assigns the string “Filter1” to the dynamic \$video-filter variable.                                                                                                                                          |
| video-filter2 equals “\$video-filter ## ‘Filter2’ ”                                              | Converts dynamic variable “\$video-filter” to a string and concatenates the new string with the string “Filter2”. The result is the string “\$video-filter Filter2” assigned to the \$video-filter2 variable. |
| tempvar equals “120”                                                                             | Converts “120” to an integer and assigns the integer to the \$tempvar variable.                                                                                                                               |
| transmit-rate2 equals “ ( \$transmit-rate1 * 2)/3 + \$tempvar )”                                 | Multiplies the “transmit-rate1” variable by 2 and divides that value by the sum of 3 and the value of “\$tempvar”. The result is assigned to the \$transmit-rate2 variable.                                   |
| host-ip equals “ ‘10.0.0.2’ ”                                                                    | Assigns the string “10.0.0.2” to the \$host-ip variable.                                                                                                                                                      |
| max-val “max(\$max1,\$max2)”                                                                     | Assigns the greater of value “max1” or “max2” to the \$max-val variable.                                                                                                                                      |
| min-val “\$min(\$var1,30)”                                                                       | Assign the smaller of value “var1” and “30” to the \$min-val variable.                                                                                                                                        |
| rounded-var equals “round(\$var1 )”                                                              | Rounds off the value of the variable “\$var1” to the nearest integer and assigns the value to the \$rounded-var variable.                                                                                     |
| trunc-var equals “trunc(1234.5)”                                                                 | Truncates the value in parentheses to the left side of the decimal and assigns the resulting value to the \$trunc-var variable.                                                                               |
| bwg-shaping-rate equals “\$anqp-downstream - (\$anqp-downstream % 2 * (1 - \$sp-qos-cell-mode))” | Evaluates the expression as per the precedence set in the parentheses.                                                                                                                                        |
| temp-filter1 equals “ ‘Filter1’ ## toStr(\$filter)”                                              | Converts the “\$filter” variable to a string value and concatenates the converted string to the string “Filter1”. The resulting combined string is assigned to the \$temp-filter1 variable.                   |

**Related Documentation**

- [Variable Expressions Overview on page 507](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 514](#)



- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)

## Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access

This topic describes how to create a basic dynamic profile that enables DHCP clients to dynamically access the multicast network.

Before you configure dynamic profiles for initial client access:

1. Create a basic dynamic profile.  
See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).
2. Configure the necessary router interfaces that you want accessing DHCP clients to use.  
See [“Subscriber Interface Overview” on page 567](#) for information about the types of interfaces you can use with dynamic profiles and how to configure them.
3. Ensure that the router is configured to enable communication between the client and the RADIUS server.  
See [“Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access” on page 24](#).
4. Configure all RADIUS values that you want the profiles to use when validating DHCP clients for access to the multicast network.  
See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access” on page 30](#)

To configure an initial client access dynamic profile:

1. Access an IGMP access profile.  

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles access-profile
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile]
user@host#
```
2. Define the IGMP interface with the interface variable.



**NOTE:** The variable value is replaced by the name of the interface over which the router received the DHCP message.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile]
user@host# set protocols igmp interface $junos-interface-name
```

3. (Optional) Enable or disable accounting on the IGMP interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile protocols igmp interface "$junos-interface-name"]
user@host# set accounting
```

or

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile protocols igmp interface "$junos-interface-name"]
user@host# set no-accounting
```



**NOTE:** This statement enables you to override the accounting setting at the IGMP protocol level. For example, if IGMP accounting is enabled at the [edit protocols igmp interface *interface-name*] hierarchy level, you can use the no-accounting statement to disable accounting for any IGMP interfaces that are dynamically created by the dynamic profile. If IGMP accounting is not enabled at the [edit protocols igmp interface *interface-name*] hierarchy level, you can use the accounting statement to enable accounting for any IGMP interfaces that are dynamically created by the dynamic profile.

4. Set the IGMP interface to remain enabled.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile protocols igmp interface "$junos-interface-name"]
user@host# set disable:$junos-igmp-enable
```



**NOTE:** RADIUS is capable of disabling IGMP. By assigning the enable variable to the disable statement, you can ensure that IGMP remains enabled.

5. (Optional) Specify a group policy for the IGMP interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile protocols igmp interface "$junos-interface-name"]
user@host# set group-policy report-reject-policy
```

6. (Optional) Enable immediate leave on the IGMP interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile protocols igmp interface "$junos-interface-name"]
user@host# set immediate-leave:$junos-igmp-immediate-leave
```

7. (Optional) Set the IGMP interface to obtain the IGMP version from RADIUS.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile protocols igmp interface "$junos-interface-name"]
user@host# set version $junos-igmp-version
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)

---

## Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Various Levels of Services

This topic discusses how to create dynamic profiles to define various levels of service for DHCP clients.

Before you configure dynamic profiles for client services:

1. Create a basic dynamic profile.  
See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).
2. Configure a dynamic profile that enables DHCP clients access to the network.  
See [“Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access” on page 517](#)



**NOTE:** You can create a basic dynamic profile that contains both access configuration and some level of basic service.

3. Ensure that the router is configured to enable communication between the client and the RADIUS server.

See “[Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access](#)” on page 24.

4. Configure all RADIUS values that you want the profiles to use when validating DHCP clients.

See “[Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access](#)” on page 30

To configure an initial client access dynamic profile:

1. Access the desired service profile.

```
user@host# set dynamic-profiles basic-service-profile
```

2. (Optional) Define any IGMP protocols values as described for creating a basic access profile to combine a basic service with access in a profile.

See “[Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access](#)” on page 517.

3. (Optional) Specify any filters for the interface.

See “[Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type](#)” on page 908, “[Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type](#)” on page 907, or “[Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables](#)” on page 909.

4. Define any CoS values for the service level you want this profile to configure on the interface.

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile](#) on page 511
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview](#) on page 481

## Configuring Unique Identifiers for Parameterized Filters in Dynamic Profiles

This topic discusses how to configure unique identifiers (UID) for parameterized filters in a dynamic profile. The dynamic profile obtains and replaces data for these variables from an incoming client data packet. You can specify these variables in the body of a dynamic profile without having to first define the variables at the **[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name variables]** hierarchy level.

Before you configure dynamic variables:

1. Create a basic dynamic profile.

See “[Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile](#)” on page 511.

2. Ensure that the router hardware is configured in the network to accept subscriber access.

To configure unique identifiers for parameterized filters in a dynamic profile:

1. Access the desired dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles Profile1
[edit dynamic-profiles Profile1]
```

2. Configure the necessary variables.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles service-profile]
user@host# set variable policer1 uid

[edit dynamic-profiles service-profile]
user@host# set variables in-filter uid-reference
```

Example of a dynamic-profile for parameterized filters:

```
dynamic profile {
 service-profile {
 variable {
 in-filter {
 default-value filter1;
 mandatory;
 uid-reference;
 }
 policer1 {
 uid;
 }
 filter1 {
 uid;
 }
 policer2 {
 uid;
 }
 filter2 {
 uid;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 514](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [Example: Firewall Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: IGMP Dynamic Profile on page 533](#)

## Enabling Dynamic Profiles to use Multiple Versions

You can create new versions of dynamic profiles that are currently in use by subscribers. Any subscriber that logs in following a dynamic profile modification uses the latest version of the dynamic profile. Subscribers that are already active continue to use the older version of the dynamic profile until they log out or their session terminates.



**NOTE:** You must enable or disable dynamic profile version creation before creating or using any dynamic profiles on the router. Enabling or disabling dynamic profile version creation after dynamic profiles are configured is not supported.

To configure versioning for dynamic profiles:

1. Access the router system hierarchy level.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system
```

2. Access the global dynamic profile options.

```
[edit system]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile-options
```

3. Enable version creation for dynamic profiles on the router.

```
[edit system dynamic-profile-options]
user@host# set versioning
```

### Related Documentation

- For special considerations when configuring dynamic profile version creation, see [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#).
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)

## Modifying Dynamic Profiles with Versioning Disabled

You use dynamic profiles to configure large groups of subscribers. However, after you have configured and applied dynamic profiles, be cautious when modifying any dynamic profiles that are in use by active subscribers on the router if you have not enabled the router to use dynamic profile versioning. This section provides guidelines and procedures for modifying existing profiles and applying them to subscriber interfaces if dynamic profile versioning is not enabled on the router.

When modifying dynamic profiles, keep the following considerations in mind:

- Do not modify a dynamic profile when dynamic profile versioning is disabled and the dynamic profile is in use by active subscribers.
- Modifying a dynamic profile when dynamic profile versioning is disabled and when the dynamic profile is in use by active subscribers can lead to unpredictable behavior.

When a dynamic profile is modified and committed when dynamic profile versioning is not enabled, the router:

1. Logs a warning that the profiles are being modified and committed.
2. Determines whether the profile is currently being use by any subscriber.
3. If the profile is in use by a subscriber, the commit fails and the router logs errors to report the conflict.

Juniper Networks recommends that you only modify dynamic profiles when you have enabled dynamic profile versioning on the router. However, to properly modify a dynamic profile when dynamic profile versioning is disabled on the router:

1. Ensure that no subscribers are using the dynamic profile.
2. Create a new dynamic profile with a different name that contains the desired changes:

#### Original Profile

```
profile1 {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input "$junos-input-filter";
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

#### Original DHCP Configuration

```
forwarding-options {
 dhcp-relay {
 traceoptions {
 flag all;
 }

 dynamic-profile profile1;

 }
}
```

#### New Profile

```
profile2 {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input "$junos-input-filter";
 output "$junos-output-filter; /* added output filter variable */
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 }
}

```

#### Modified DHCP Configuration

```

forwarding-options {
 dhcp-relay {
 traceoptions {
 flag all;
 }

 dynamic-profile profile2; /* Name changed from profile1 */

 }
}

```

3. Commit the configuration containing the modified profile.

The modified profile is used for any new subscribers that access the router.

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Enabling Dynamic Profiles to use Multiple Versions on page 521](#)





# Configuring Dynamic Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management

- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Overview of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes Removal After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 526](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for PPP Subscriber Management on page 530](#)
- [Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 531](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 531](#)

## Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management

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The DHCP and PPP applications on the router use both access routes and access-internal routes to represent either the end users or the networks behind the attached router. An access route represents a network behind an attached router, and is set to a preference of 13. An access-internal route is a /32 route that represents a directly attached end user, and is set to a preference of 12.

Access routes typically are used to apply the values of the RADIUS Framed-Route attribute [22] for IPv4 routes and the Framed-IPv6-Route attribute [99] for IPv6 routes. A framed route consists of a prefix that represents a public network behind the CPE, a next-hop gateway, and optional route attributes consisting of a combination of metric, preference, and tag. The only mandatory component of the framed route is the prefix. The next-hop gateway can be specified explicitly in the framed route. Alternatively, the absence of the gateway address implies address 0.0.0.0, which the must resolve using the CPE's IP address. In either case, the convention is that the next-hop gateway is the CPE IP address.

You can configure a dynamic profile to use predefined variables to dynamically configure access routes using the values specified in the RADIUS attribute. To configure access routes include the **access** stanza at the **edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* routing-options**] hierarchy level. To configure access-internal routes, include the **access-internal** stanza at the same hierarchy level.

Consider the following rules for resolving the next-hop gateway to determine when each stanza is required:

- If the RADIUS framed route always specifies the next-hop gateway, only the **access** stanza is required in the dynamic profile. The **access-internal** stanza is not required.
- If the RADIUS framed route does not specify the next-hop gateway—as is more common—the variable representing the next-hop, `$junos-framed-route-nexthop`, defaults to 0.0.0.0. This value implies that the CPE IP address is to be used. For this case, the **access-internal** stanza is required to resolve `$junos-framed-route-nexthop` to the CPE IP address (represented in the **access-internal** stanza by `$junos-subscriber-ip-address`) and the logical interface (represented as a qualified next-hop by `$junos-interface-name`).



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you always include the **access-internal** stanza in the dynamic-profile when the **access** stanza is present for framed route support.

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**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for PPP Subscriber Management on page 530](#)
- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 56](#)

---

## Overview of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes Removal After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover

---

For a subscriber network configured with either nonstop active routing (NSR) or graceful restart, you can configure the router to wait 180 seconds (3 minutes) before removing access routes and access-internal routes for DHCP and PPP subscriber management after a graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) takes place.

- [Benefits of Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes on page 527](#)
- [Graceful Restart and Delayed Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes on page 527](#)
- [Nonstop Active Routing and Delayed Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes on page 527](#)

## Benefits of Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes

The 3-minute delay in removing access routes and access-internal routes after a graceful Routing Engine switchover provides sufficient time for the DHCP client process (jdhcpcd), PPP client process (jpppcd), or routing protocol process (rpd) to reinstall the access routes and access-internal routes before the router removes the stale routes from the forwarding table. As a result, the risk of traffic loss is minimized because the router always has available subscriber routes for DHCP subscribers and PPP subscribers.

Configuring the router to delay removal of access routes and access-internal routes after a graceful Routing Engine switchover has the following benefits:

- Provides sufficient time to reinstall subscriber routes from the previously active Routing Engine
- Prevents loss of subscriber traffic due to unavailable routes

## Graceful Restart and Delayed Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes

In subscriber networks with graceful restart and routing protocols such as BGP and OSPF configured, the router purges any remaining stale access routes and access-internal routes as soon as the graceful restart operation completes, which can occur very soon after completion of the graceful Routing Engine switchover.

Configuring the delay in removing access and access-internal routes after a graceful Routing Engine switchover causes the router to retain the stale routes for a full 180 seconds, which provides sufficient time for the jdhcpcd or jpppcd client process to reinstall all of the subscriber routes.

## Nonstop Active Routing and Delayed Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes

In subscriber networks with nonstop active routing and routing protocols such as BGP and OSPF configured, the routing protocol process (rpd) immediately purges the stale access routes and access-internal routes that correspond to subscriber routes. This removal results in a loss of subscriber traffic.

Configuring the delay in removing access and access-internal routes after a graceful Routing Engine switchover causes the router to retain the stale routes for a full 180 seconds, which prevents potential traffic loss due to unavailable routes.

### Related Documentation

- [Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 531](#)
- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- For information about configuring static routes, see the *Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide*

## Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management

---

You can dynamically configure access routes for DHCP and PPP subscribers based on the values specified in the following RADIUS attributes:

- For IPv4 access routes, use the variable, **\$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix**. The route prefix variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-Route RADIUS attribute [22].
- For IPv6 access routes, use the variable, **\$junos-framed-route-ipv6-address-prefix**. The variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-IPv6-Route RADIUS attribute [99].

To dynamically configure access routes:

1. Configure the route prefix for the access route as a variable.

For IPv4:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options]
user@host# edit access route $junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix
```

For IPv6:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options]
user@host# edit access route $junos-framed-route-ipv6-address-prefix
```

2. Configure the next-hop address as a variable.

For IPv4:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route
"$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix"]
user@host# set next-hop $junos-framed-route-nexthop
```

For IPv6:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route
"$junos-framed-route-ipv6-address-prefix"]
user@host# set next-hop $junos-framed-route-ipv6-nexthop
```

3. Configure the metric as a variable (IPv4 only).

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route
"$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix"]
user@host# set metric $junos-framed-route-cost
```

4. Configure the preference as a variable (IPv4 only).

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route
"$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix"]
user@host# set preference $junos-framed-route-distance
```

5. Configure the tag as a variable (IPv4 only).

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access route
"$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix"]
user@host# set tag $junos-framed-route-tag
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you always include the `access-internal` stanza in the dynamic-profile when the `access` stanza is present for framed route support.

#### Related Documentation

- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for PPP Subscriber Management on page 530](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 531](#)
- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 56](#)

## Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management

You can dynamically configure access-internal routes. Configuring support for access-internal variables is optional, but it ensures that values from the access-internal variables are used if the next-hop value is missing in the relevant RADIUS attribute—Framed-Route [22] for IPv4 and Framed-IPv6-Route [99] for IPv6.



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you always include the `access-internal` stanza in the dynamic-profile when the `access` stanza is present for framed route support.

DHCP subscriber interfaces require the qualified-next-hop to identify the interface and the MAC address.

To dynamically configure access-internal routes:

1. Specify that you want to configure the access-internal route.

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options
```

2. Configure the IP address and the qualified next-hop address as variables.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options]
user@host# edit access-internal route $junos-subscriber-ip-address qualified-next-hop
$junos-interface-name
```



**NOTE:** Prior to Junos OS Release 10.0, the variable used for qualified-next-hop was `$junos-underlying-interface`. It is now `$junos-interface-name`.

3. Configure the MAC address for the qualified next-hop as a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access-internal route
$junos-subscriber-ip-address qualified-next-hop $junos-underlying-interface]
user@host# set mac-address $junos-subscriber-mac-address
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 531](#)

---

## Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for PPP Subscriber Management

---

You can dynamically configure access-internal routes for PPP subscribers. Configuring support for access-internal variables is optional, but it ensures that values from the access-internal variables are used if the next-hop value is missing in the relevant RADIUS attribute—Framed-Route [22] for IPv4 and Framed-IPv6-Route [99] for IPv6.



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you always include the `access-internal` stanza in the dynamic-profile when the `access` stanza is present for framed route support.

For PPP subscriber interfaces, you do not need to specify the MAC address for access-internal routes.

To dynamically configure access-internal routes for PPP:

1. Specify that you want to configure the access-internal route.

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options
```

2. Specify the IP address as a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options]
user@host# edit access-internal route $junos-subscriber-ip-address
```

3. Specify the qualified-next-hop as a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name routing-options access-internal route
$junos-subscriber-ip-address]
user@host# set qualified-next-hop $junos-interface-name
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 531](#)

## Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover

In subscriber networks configured with either nonstop active routing (NSR) or graceful restart, you can configure the router to delay for 180 seconds (3 minutes) before removing access routes and access-internal routes for DHCP and PPP subscriber management after a graceful Routing Engine switchover takes place.

To configure the router to delay removal (flushing) of access-routes and access-internal routes after a graceful Routing Engine switchover:

1. Specify that you want to configure subscriber management.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit subscriber-management
```

2. Configure the router to wait 180 seconds before removing access-routes and access-internal routes after a graceful Routing Engine switchover.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management]
user@host# set gres-route-flush-delay
```

### Related Documentation

- [Overview of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes Removal After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 526](#)
- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management on page 525](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- For information about configuring static routes, see the *Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide*

## Verifying the Configuration of Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management

**Purpose** View configuration information for access routes and access-internal routes on DHCP and PPP subscribers.

- Action**
- To display extensive information about access routes and access-internal routes:  
user@host>show route extensive
  - To display the configuration for access routes:  
user@host>show route protocol access
  - To display the configuration for access-internal routes:  
user@host> show route protocol access-internal

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529](#)

- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for PPP Subscriber Management on page 530](#)



# Dynamic Profile Examples

- [Example: IGMP Dynamic Profile on page 533](#)
- [Example: Firewall Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: Minimum MLPPP Dynamic Profile on page 534](#)
- [Example: Minimum PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 535](#)
- [Example: Subscriber Secure Policy Dynamic Profile on page 535](#)

## Example: IGMP Dynamic Profile

In this example, IGMP is configured for subscriber access using Junos OS predefined variables.

The predefined variables equate to RADIUS settings as follows:

| Junos OS Predefined Variable           | RADIUS VSA Name      | RADIUS Attribute Number |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| <code>\$var-igmp-version</code>        | IGMP-Version         | 26–78                   |
| <code>\$var-igmp-access-grp</code>     | IGMP-Access-Name     | 26–71                   |
| <code>\$var-igmp-access-src-grp</code> | IGMP-Access-Src-Name | 26–72                   |

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name]
interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source {
 "$junos-subscriber-ip-address";
 }
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 20.21.0.1;
 }
 }
 }
}
protocols {
```

```

igmp {
 interface "$junos-interface-name" {
 version "$var-igmp-version";
 group-policy ["$var-igmp-access-grp" "$var-igmp-access-src-grp"];
 }
}

```



**NOTE:** You must also configure any global IGMP parameters.

## Example: Firewall Dynamic Profile

In this example, dynamic firewall is configured for subscriber access using Junos IPv4 predefined variables.

The predefined variables equate to RADIUS settings as follows:

| Junos OS Predefined Variable | RADIUS VSA Name     | RADIUS Attribute Number |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| \$junos-input-filter         | Ingress-Policy-Name | 26–10                   |
| \$junos-output-filter        | Egress-Policy-Name  | 26–11                   |

```

dynamic-profiles {
 DynamicFilterProfile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input "$junos-input-filter";
 output "$junos-output-filter";
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```



**NOTE:** You must also configure any global firewall parameters.

## Example: Minimum MLPPP Dynamic Profile

This example shows the minimum configuration for a dynamic profile that is used for static LSQ MLPPP bundle interfaces.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 mlppp-profile-1 {

```

```

 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit";
 }
 }
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 295](#)
  - [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to MLPPP Bundles on page 303](#)

## Example: Minimum PPPoE Dynamic Profile

This example shows the minimum configuration for a dynamic profile that is used for static PPPoE interfaces. The configuration must include the **interfaces pp0** stanza.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 ppp-profile-1 {
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit";
 }
 }
 }
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Profiles for PPP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 295](#)
  - [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297](#)
  - [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298](#)

## Example: Subscriber Secure Policy Dynamic Profile

In this example, subscriber secure policy mirroring is configured for subscriber access using user-defined variables and Junos OS predefined variables. This example is for the flow-tap service configured on a router without a Tunnel Services PIC.

The user-defined variables equate to RADIUS settings as follows:

| User-Defined Variable Name | Junos OS Variable      | RADIUS VSA Name | RADIUS Attribute Number | Example RADIUS Setting |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| ssp-intercept-id           | \$ssp-intercept-id     | Med-Dev-Handle  | 26-59                   | subscriber-bg-2350     |
| ssp-destination-addr       | \$ssp-destination-addr | Med-IP-Address  | 26-60                   | 192.163.100.22         |
| ssp-destination-port       | \$ssp-destination-port | Med-Port-Number | 26-61                   | 2222                   |

```

variables {
 var ssp-intercept-id;
}

```

```
var ssp-destination-addr;
var ssp-destination-port;
}
interfaces {
 <*> {
 unit <*> {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input ssp;
 output ssp;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
firewall {
 family inet {
 filter ssp {
 term $ssp-id {
 from {
 # optional classifiers.
 }
 then {
 flowtap-destination-address $ssp-destination-addr;
 flowtap-destination-port $ssp-destination-port;
 flowtap;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

## PART 10

# Dynamic VLANs

- [Dynamic VLAN Overview on page 539](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic VLANs on page 541](#)
- [Dynamic VLAN Examples on page 561](#)



# Dynamic VLAN Overview

- [Dynamic 802.1Q VLAN Overview on page 539](#)

## Dynamic 802.1Q VLAN Overview

---

You can identify VLANs statically or dynamically. You can also configure a mix of static and dynamic VLANs on the same underlying interface.

For Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Tri-Rate Ethernet copper, Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, and aggregated Ethernet interfaces supporting VPLS, the Junos OS supports a subset of the IEEE 802.1Q standard for channelizing an Ethernet interface into multiple logical interfaces. Many hosts can be connected to the same Gigabit Ethernet switch, but they cannot be in the same routing or bridging domain.

To identify VLANs statically, you can reference a static VLAN interface in a dynamic profile. To identify subscribers dynamically, you use a variable to specify an 802.1Q VLAN that is dynamically created when a subscriber accesses the network.

## Static VLAN Configuration

Static VLAN configuration is not described in this guide. For information about how to statically configure VLANs and stacked VLANs, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#). For an example of how to configure static VLANs in a subscriber access network, see the [Junos OS Broadband Subscriber Management Solutions Guide](#).

## Dynamic VLAN Configuration

You can configure the router to dynamically create VLANs when a client accesses an interface and requests a VLAN ID that does not yet exist. When a client accesses a particular interface, the router instantiates a VLAN dynamic profile that you have associated with the interface. Using the settings in the dynamic profile, the router extracts information about the client from the incoming packet (for example, the interface and unit values), saves this information in the routing table, and creates a VLAN or stacked VLAN ID for the client from a range of VLAN IDs that you configure for the interface.



**NOTE:** Dynamic VLAN configuration supports the creation of IPv4 (inet), DHCPv4, IPv6 (inet6), and DHCPv6 VLANs.

Dynamically configuring VLANs or stacked VLANs requires the following general steps:

1. Configure a dynamic profile for dynamic VLAN or dynamic stacked VLAN creation.  
See [“Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles” on page 541](#).
2. Associate the VLAN or stacked VLAN dynamic profile with the interface.  
See [“Configuring VLAN Interfaces to Use Dynamic Profiles” on page 548](#).
3. Specify the Ethernet packet type that the VLAN dynamic profile accepts.  
See [“Configuring Which VLAN Ethernet Packet Types Dynamic Profiles Can Accept” on page 549](#).
4. Define VLAN ranges for use by the dynamic profile when creating VLAN IDs.  
See [“Configuring VLAN Ranges for Use with Dynamic Profiles” on page 551](#).



# Configuring Dynamic VLANs

- [Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 541](#)
- [Configuring VLAN Interfaces to Use Dynamic Profiles on page 548](#)
- [Configuring Which VLAN Ethernet Packet Types Dynamic Profiles Can Accept on page 549](#)
- [Configuring an Authentication Password for VLAN or Stacked VLAN Ranges on page 550](#)
- [Configuring VLAN Ranges for Use with Dynamic Profiles on page 551](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for VLAN Interfaces on page 556](#)
- [Configuring VLAN Interface Username Information for AAA Authentication on page 557](#)
- [Automatically Removing VLANs with No Subscribers on page 558](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic VLAN Configuration on page 559](#)

## Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles

---

Creating dynamic single-tag VLANs or stacked (dual-tag) VLANs requires the use of dynamic profiles. The dynamic profile automatically references the VLAN interface and creates the interface unit and the necessary VLAN IDs for each new single-tag VLAN or stacked VLAN.



**NOTE:** VLAN dynamic profiles do not support user-defined variables. Use only Junos VLAN predefined variables when configuring VLAN dynamic profiles. See [“Dynamic Variables Overview” on page 484](#) for information about dynamic variables.

- [Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for Creating Single-Tag VLANs Using Standard TPID Values on page 542](#)
- [Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for Creating Single-Tag VLANs Using Any TPID Values on page 543](#)
- [Configuring a Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profile on page 545](#)
- [Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile That Associates VLAN Interfaces with Separate Routing Instances on page 546](#)

## Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for Creating Single-Tag VLANs Using Standard TPID Values

You can configure a VLAN dynamic profile to create single-tag VLANs that accept only standard TPID values (a TPID value of 0x8100) by using the **vlan-id** statement and the **\$junos-vlan-id** variable.



**NOTE:** This procedure configures a dynamic profile that accepts only TPID values of 0x8100. To configure a VLAN dynamic profile for creating VLANs using any TPID values, see [“Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for Creating Single-Tag VLANs Using Any TPID Values”](#) on page 543.

Before you begin:

- Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile”](#) on page 511.

To configure a dynamic VLAN profile:

1. Ensure that the VLAN dynamic profile uses the **\$junos-interface-ifd-name** variable for the dynamic interface and the **\$junos-interface-unit** variable for the interface unit.
2. (Optional) To support dynamic demux interfaces, enable them using the **demux-source** statement.

- a. For IPv4 demux interfaces, specify **inet** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet
```

- b. For IPv6 demux interfaces, specify **inet6** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet6
```

3. (Optional) To configure the router to respond to any ARP request, specify the **proxy-arp** statement.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

4. Specify that you want to use dynamic VLAN IDs in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
```

When the dynamic profile is instantiated, the variable is dynamically replaced with a VLAN ID within the VLAN range specified at the **[interfaces]** hierarchy level.

5. Define the unit family type.

- a. For IPv4 interfaces, specify the **inet** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet
```

- b. For IPv6 interfaces, specify the **inet6** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6
```

6. (Optional) Enable IP and MAC address validation for dynamic demux interfaces in a dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set mac-validate strict
```

7. Specify the unnumbered address and preferred source address.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo.0 preferred-source-address 192.0.16.1
```

## Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for Creating Single-Tag VLANs Using Any TPID Values

You can configure a VLAN dynamic profile to create single-tag VLANs that accept any TPID values by configuring the **vlan-tags** statement and the **\$junos-vlan-id** variable.



**NOTE:** For procedures to configure a VLAN dynamic profile for creating single-tag VLANs that use only standard TPID values (a TPID value of 0x8100), see “[Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for Creating Single-Tag VLANs Using Standard TPID Values](#)” on page 542.

Before you begin:

- Configure the dynamic profile.

See “[Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile](#)” on page 511.

To configure a dynamic VLAN profile:

1. Ensure that the VLAN dynamic profile uses the **\$junos-interface-ifd-name** variable for the dynamic interface and the **\$junos-interface-unit** variable for the interface unit.
2. (Optional) To support dynamic demux interfaces, enable them using the **demux-source** statement.
  - a. For IPv4 demux interfaces, specify **inet** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet
```

- b. For IPv6 demux interfaces, specify **inet6** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet6
```

3. (Optional) To configure the router to respond to any ARP request, specify the **proxy-arp** statement.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

4. Specify that you want to use dynamic VLAN IDs in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-tags outer $junos-vlan-id
```

The variable is dynamically replaced with both the TPID value and a VLAN ID within the VLAN range specified at the **[interfaces]** hierarchy level.

5. Define the unit family type.

- a. For IPv4 interfaces, specify the **inet** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet
```

- b. For IPv6 interfaces, specify the **inet6** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6
```

6. (Optional) Enable IP and MAC address validation for dynamic demux interfaces in a dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set mac-validate strict
```

7. Specify the unnumbered address and preferred source address.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo.0 preferred-source-address 192.0.16.1
```

## Configuring a Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profile

You can configure a dynamic profile for creating stacked 802.1Q VLANs.

Before you begin:

- Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

To configure a stacked VLAN dynamic profile:

1. Ensure that the VLAN dynamic profile uses the **\$junos-interface-ifd-name** variable for the dynamic interface and the **\$junos-interface-unit** variable for the interface unit.
2. (Optional) To support dynamic demux interfaces, enable them using the **demux-source** statement.

- a. For IPv4 demux interfaces, specify **inet** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet
```

- b. For IPv6 demux interfaces, specify **inet6** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet6
```

3. (Optional) To configure the router to respond to any ARP request, specify the **proxy-arp** statement.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

4. Specify the outer VLAN ID variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles STACKED-VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"
unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-tags outer $junos-stacked-vlan-id
```

The variable is dynamically replaced with an outer VLAN ID within the VLAN range specified at the **[interfaces]** hierarchy level.

5. Specify the inner VLAN ID variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles STACKED-VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"
unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-tags inner $junos-vlan-id
```

The variable is dynamically replaced with an inner VLAN ID within the VLAN range specified at the **[interfaces]** hierarchy level.

6. Define the unit family type.

- a. For IPv4 interfaces, specify the **inet** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet
```

- b. For IPv6 interfaces, specify the **inet6** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6
```

7. (Optional) Enable IP and MAC address validation for dynamic demux interfaces in a dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set mac-validate strict
```

8. Specify the unnumbered address and preferred source address.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN-PROF1 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo.0 preferred-source-address 192.0.16.1
```

## Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile That Associates VLAN Interfaces with Separate Routing Instances

You can configure a VLAN dynamic profile that dynamically creates underlying VLAN interfaces and associates these interfaces with dynamically created routing instances. The VLAN interface is created in the default logical system (LS) for a specific routing instance as defined by VSA 26–1 (Virtual-Router) on the AAA server (for example, RADIUS server).

To configure a dynamic VLAN profile using routing instances:

1. Name the profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI
```

2. Specify that you want to dynamically create routing instances on the default logical system.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI]
user@host# edit routing-instances $junos-routing-instance
```

3. Define the routing instance **interface** statement with the internal **\$junos-interface-name** variable used by the router to match the interface name of the receiving interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI routing-instances "$junos-routing-instance"]
user@host# set interface $junos-interface-name
```

4. Define the dynamic profile **interfaces** statement with the internal **\$junos-interface-ifd-name** variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI]
user@host# edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

5. Define the **unit** statement with the internal **\$junos-interface-unit** variable used by the router to generate a unit value for the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

6. To support dynamic demux interfaces, enable them using the **demux-source** statement.

- a. For IPv4 demux interfaces, specify **inet** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet
```

- b. For IPv6 demux interfaces, specify **inet6** as the source type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet6
```

7. (Optional) To configure the router to respond to any ARP request, specify the **proxy-arp** statement.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

8. Specify that you want to use dynamic VLAN IDs in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
```

The variable is dynamically replaced with both the TPID value and a VLAN ID within the VLAN range specified at the **[interfaces]** hierarchy level.

9. Define the unit family type.

- a. For IPv4 interfaces, specify the **inet** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet
```

- b. For IPv6 interfaces, specify the **inet6** family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6
```

10. (Optional) Enable IP and MAC address validation for dynamic demux interfaces in a dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set mac-validate strict
```

11. Specify the unnumbered address to dynamically create loopback interfaces.



**NOTE:** You can optionally specify the preferred source address. This option is included in the step.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles VLAN_PROFILE_RI interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
preferred-source-address 192.0.16.1
```

## Configuring VLAN Interfaces to Use Dynamic Profiles

---

You can configure an interface to use a single-tag VLAN or stacked (dual-tag) VLAN dynamic profile when creating dynamic VLANs. The dynamic profile assigns a VLAN ID to each VLAN dynamically created over the interface by using the single-tag VLAN and stacked VLAN ranges configured for the VLAN interface. You can configure VLAN interfaces to use dynamic profiles in the following ways:

- [Associating a Single-Tag VLAN Dynamic Profile with an Interface on page 548](#)
- [Associating a Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profile with an Interface on page 548](#)

### Associating a Single-Tag VLAN Dynamic Profile with an Interface

Before you begin:

- Configure the VLAN dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

To associate a single-tag VLAN dynamic profile with an interface:

1. Access the interface that you want to use for creating VLANs.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-1/0/0
```

2. Edit the **auto-configure** stanza to automatically configure VLANs.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Edit the **vlan-ranges** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

4. Specify the dynamic VLAN profile that you want the interface to use.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set dynamic-profile VLAN-PROF1
```

### Associating a Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profile with an Interface

To associate a stacked (dual-tag) VLAN dynamic profile with an interface:

1. Access the interface that you want to use for creating VLANs.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-1/0/0
```

2. Edit the **auto-configure** stanza to automatically configure the stacked VLANs.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0]
```



```
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Edit the **stacked-vlan-ranges** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0 auto-configure]
```

```
user@host# edit stacked-vlan-ranges
```

4. Specify the dynamic VLAN profile that you want the interface to use.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]
```

```
user@host# set dynamic-profile STACKED-VLAN-PROF1
```

## Configuring Which VLAN Ethernet Packet Types Dynamic Profiles Can Accept

To create dynamic single-tag VLANs and dynamic stacked (dual-tag) VLANs, you must specify what Ethernet packet type you want the single-tag VLAN or stacked VLAN dynamic profile to accept. You can configure which VLAN Ethernet packet types a dynamic profile accepts in the following ways:

- [Configuring the VLAN Ethernet Packet Type for Single-Tag VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 549](#)
- [Configuring the VLAN Ethernet Packet Type for Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 550](#)

### Configuring the VLAN Ethernet Packet Type for Single-Tag VLAN Dynamic Profiles

To configure the VLAN Ethernet packet type the VLAN dynamic profile can accept:

1. Access the interface over which you want to create dynamic VLANs.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Edit the VLAN **auto-configure** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
```

```
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Edit the **vlan-ranges** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
```

```
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

4. Access the VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
```

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profile VLAN-PROF1
```

5. Specify what VLAN Ethernet packet type the VLAN or stacked VLAN dynamic profile accepts.



**NOTE:** This release supports **inet** and **dhcp-v4** Ethernet packet types for IPv4 packets and **inet6** and **dhcp-v6** Ethernet packet types for IPv6 packets.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
```

```
user@host# set accept inet
```

## Configuring the VLAN Ethernet Packet Type for Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profiles

To configure the VLAN Ethernet packet type the stacked VLAN dynamic profile can accept:

1. Access the interface over which you want to create dynamic VLANs.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Edit the VLAN **auto-configure** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Edit the **stacked-vlan-ranges** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit stacked-vlan-ranges
```

4. Access the VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile STACKED-VLAN-PROFI
```

5. Specify what VLAN Ethernet packet type the stacked VLAN dynamic profile accepts.



**NOTE:** This release supports **inet** and **dhcp-v4** Ethernet packet types for IPv4 packets and **inet6** and **dhcp-v6** Ethernet packet types for IPv6 packets.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]
user@host# set accept inet
```

---

## Configuring an Authentication Password for VLAN or Stacked VLAN Ranges

You can specify an authentication password for dynamically created VLAN or stacked VLAN interfaces at the **[edit interfaces *interface-name* auto-configure vlan-ranges authentication]** or **[edit interfaces *interface-name* auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges authentication]** hierarchy level. This password is sent to the external AAA authentication server for subscriber authentication.



**NOTE:** You must configure the **username-include** statement to enable the use of authentication. The **password** statement is not required and does not cause the interface to use authentication if the **username-include** statement is not included.

To configure an authentication password:

1. Access the interface over which you want to create dynamic VLANs.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Edit the VLAN **auto-configure** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Edit the **vlan-ranges** or **stacked-vlan-ranges** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

or

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit stacked-vlan-ranges
```

4. Edit the VLAN **authentication** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit authentication
```

5. Specify a password that is sent to the external AAA authentication server for subscriber authentication.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set password PSSWD1
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for VLAN Interfaces on page 556](#)

## Configuring VLAN Ranges for Use with Dynamic Profiles

You define dynamic VLAN ranges under the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy. You can configure VLAN ranges in the following ways for use with dynamic profiles:

- [Configuring Single-Level VLAN Ranges for Use with VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 551](#)
- [Configuring Stacked VLAN Ranges for Use with Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 552](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Mixed VLAN Ranges on page 554](#)
- [Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profile Override on page 555](#)

### Configuring Single-Level VLAN Ranges for Use with VLAN Dynamic Profiles

You configure VLAN ranges at the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy level by specifying the **vlan-tagging** statement for the interface and defining up to 32 VLAN ranges for use with a VLAN dynamic profile.

To configure a VLAN range:

1. Access the interface over which you want to create dynamic VLANs.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Specify the **vlan-tagging** statement to indicate that this interface is for use with stacked VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# set vlan-tagging
```

3. Access the VLAN **[auto-configure]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

4. Access the **[vlan-ranges]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

5. Access the VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile VLAN-PROF1
```

6. Specify the VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies a lower VLAN ID limit of 3000 and any upper VLAN ID limit (a range from 1 through 4094).

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set ranges 3000-any
```



**NOTE:** You can configure multiple VLAN range groups (up to 32 total) on the same physical interface that use different VLAN dynamic profiles.

7. (Optional) Access another VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile VLAN-PROF2
```

8. (Optional) Specify the VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies a lower VLAN ID limit of 5000 and any upper VLAN ID limit (a range from 1 through 4094).

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set ranges 5000-any
```

## Configuring Stacked VLAN Ranges for Use with Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profiles

You configure stacked VLAN ranges at the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy level by specifying the **stacked-vlan-tagging** statement for the interface and defining up to 32 stacked VLAN ranges for use with a stacked VLAN dynamic profile.

To configure a VLAN range:

1. Access the interface over which you want to create dynamic VLANs.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Specify the **stacked-vlan-tagging** statement to indicate that this interface is for use with stacked VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# set stacked-vlan-tagging
```

3. Access the VLAN **[auto-configure]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

4. Access the **[stacked-vlan-ranges]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit stacked-vlan-ranges
```

5. Access the VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile VLAN-PROF1
```

6. Specify the outer and inner stacked VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies an outer stacked VLAN ID range from 2000 through 4000 and an inner stacked VLAN ID range of **any** (enabling a range from 1 through 4094 for the inner stacked VLAN ID).

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set ranges 2000-4000,any
```



**NOTE:** You can configure multiple dynamic profile associations (up to 32) with different VLAN range groups on each physical interface.

7. (Optional) Access another VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile VLAN-PROF2
```

8. (Optional) Specify the outer and inner stacked VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies an outer stacked VLAN ID range from 4001 through 6000 and an inner stacked VLAN ID range of **any** (enabling a range from 1 through 4094 for the inner stacked VLAN ID).

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set ranges 4001-6000,any
```

## Configuring Dynamic Mixed VLAN Ranges

Dynamic VLAN and dynamic stacked VLAN configuration supports mixed (or flexible) VLAN ranges. You configure mixed VLAN ranges at the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy level by specifying the **flexible-vlan-tagging** statement for the interface and defining up to 32 VLAN and stacked VLAN range groups for use with different VLAN or stacked VLAN dynamic profiles.



**NOTE:** Junos VLAN IDs for single-tag VLANs are equivalent to the outer tags used for stacked (dual-tag) VLANs. When configuring mixed (flexible) VLANs, any overlap on single-tag VLAN IDs and stacked VLAN outer tag values is supported only for dynamic VLANs on MPC line cards. When configuring mixed (flexible) VLANs on DPCE line cards, overlapping single-tag VLAN IDs and stacked VLAN outer tag values is not supported. This means that a dynamically created single-tagged VLAN interface prevents any overlapping stacked VLAN interfaces from being created or a dynamically created stacked VLAN interface prevents any overlapping single-tagged VLAN interfaces from being created.

To configure both VLAN and stacked VLAN ranges:

1. Access the interface over which you want to create dynamic VLANs.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Specify the **flexible-vlan-tagging** statement to indicate that this interface is for use with both VLAN and stacked VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# set flexible-vlan-tagging
```

3. Define interface automatic configuration values.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

4. Specify that you want to modify VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

5. Access the VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile VLAN-PROFI
```

6. Specify the VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies a lower VLAN ID limit of 2000 and an upper VLAN ID limit of 3000.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set ranges 2000-3000
```



**NOTE:** You can configure multiple dynamic profile associations (up to 32) with different VLAN range groups on each physical interface.

7. Specify that you want to modify stacked VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit stacked-vlan-ranges
```

8. Access the VLAN dynamic profile for which you want to configure VLAN ranges.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile VLAN-PROF2
```

9. Specify the outer and inner stacked VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies an outer stacked VLAN ID range from 3001 through 4000 (to avoid overlapping VLAN IDs with single-tag VLANs) and an inner stacked VLAN ID range of **any** (enabling a range from 1 through 4094 for the inner stacked VLAN ID).

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]
user@host# set ranges 3001-4000,any
```



**NOTE:** You can configure multiple dynamic profile associations (up to 32) with different VLAN range groups on each physical interface.

## Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profile Override

You can override dynamic profile assignment to individual VLANs that are already part of a previously defined VLAN range. This functionality provides a type of exception to an assigned VLAN range. It enables you to configure individual VLAN IDs to use a different dynamic profile from the one assigned to the VLAN range that includes the individual VLAN ID.

To configure dynamic profile override for a specific VLAN:

1. Access the interface on which you want to create a dynamic profile override.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Access the interface automatic configuration hierarchy.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Access either the single-tagged or dual-tagged (stacked) VLAN ranges that you want to modify.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

or

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit stacked-vlan-ranges
```

4. Define the **override** statement along with the VLAN tag that you want to override and the dynamic profile that you want to use when overriding the specified VLAN tag.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# set override tag 20 dynamic-profile NewProfile
```

or

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]
user@host# set override tag 20 dynamic-profile NewProfile
```

## Configuring Dynamic Authentication for VLAN Interfaces

---

You can use dynamic profiles, in conjunction with RADIUS, to dynamically create logical VLAN interfaces in the default logical system and in a specified routing instance. As DHCP clients in the same VLAN become active, corresponding interfaces are assigned to any specified routing instances. You can also dynamically create an underlying VLAN interface for incoming subscribers, associate interfaces created on this VLAN with the default logical system and a specified routing instance, and define RADIUS authentication values for the dynamically created interfaces.

Before you configure dynamic VLAN authentication, configure DHCP Local Server or DHCP Relay over which you want the dynamic VLAN interfaces to function.

For information about DHCP Local Server or DHCP Relay, see:

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)



**NOTE:** You can also configure dynamically created VLAN interfaces over PPP or PPPoE interfaces. For information about how to configure PPP or PPPoE, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

To configure dynamic authentication for dynamically created VLAN interfaces:

1. Configure an access profile that contains the appropriate accounting order, authentication order, and server access values.

For information about how to configure an access profile, RADIUS accounting, RADIUS statistics, and how to define RADIUS server access, see:

- [Configuring an Access Profile for Subscriber Management on page 98](#)
  - [Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access on page 24](#)
  - [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)
  - [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22](#)
2. Configure a dynamic profile that uses the default logical system and creates specific routing instances to contain dynamically created VLAN interfaces.

See “Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile That Associates VLAN Interfaces with Separate Routing Instances” on page 546.



3. Define the VLAN physical interface for automatic configuration.

See the following topics:

- Enabling VLAN Tagging
  - [Configuring Which VLAN Ethernet Packet Types Dynamic Profiles Can Accept on page 549](#)
  - [Configuring VLAN Ranges for Use with Dynamic Profiles on page 551](#)
  - [Configuring an Authentication Password for VLAN or Stacked VLAN Ranges on page 550](#)
  - [Configuring VLAN Interface Username Information for AAA Authentication on page 557](#)
4. Associate an access profile to the VLAN interface.  
See [“Attaching Access Profiles” on page 99](#).
  5. Associate a dynamic profile to the VLAN interface.  
See [“Configuring VLAN Interfaces to Use Dynamic Profiles” on page 548](#).

#### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic 802.1Q VLAN Overview on page 539](#)

## Configuring VLAN Interface Username Information for AAA Authentication

You can define interface information that is included in the username that is subsequently passed to the external AAA authentication service (for example, RADIUS) when creating dynamic VLANs or stacked VLANs. The AAA authentication service uses this information to authenticate the VLAN or stacked VLAN physical interface. After the interface is authenticated, the AAA service can send the required routing instance values to the system for use in dynamically creating VLAN or stacked VLAN interfaces.



**NOTE:** The following example configures username information on VLANs. However, you can also configure dynamic authentication on stacked VLANs by configuring the same statements at the `[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges authentication]` hierarchy level.

To configure VLAN interface username information:

1. Access the interface over which you want to configure username information.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/0/0
```

2. Edit the **auto-configure** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Edit the **vlan-ranges** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

4. Edit the **authentication** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit authentication
```

5. Edit the **username-include** stanza.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit username-include
```

6. Specify the username statements that you want the AAA authentication service to use to authenticate the username.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges authentication username-include]
user@host# set delimiter
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for VLAN Interfaces on page 556](#)

---

## Automatically Removing VLANs with No Subscribers

---

You can always clear or delete subscriber VLANs manually. However, you can also configure the interface to automatically remove dynamic subscriber VLANs when no client sessions (for example, DHCP or PPPoE) exist on the VLAN.

When configuring automatic removal of dynamic subscriber VLANs, keep the following in mind:

- You can configure automatic VLAN removal only on individual physical interfaces. You cannot configure the feature globally.
- Automatic VLAN removal is not supported for use on Layer 2 Wholesale interfaces.
- PPPoE subscriber interfaces require the use of a dynamic profiles when configured over dynamic VLANs. However, dynamic profiles are not required for use with DHCP subscriber interfaces that use underlying dynamic VLANs. Because the **remove-when-no-subscribers** functionality triggers when no dynamic client sessions exist on a dynamic VLAN, automatic removal of underlying dynamic VLANs is not supported when DHCP subscriber interfaces are not created using dynamic profiles.
- The **maintain-subscriber** statement and **remove-when-no-subscribers** statement are mutually exclusive. When the router is configured to maintain subscribers, you cannot also specify that dynamically configured VLAN interfaces are removed when no subscribers exist.
- If PPPoE subscriber session lockout is also configured, the router does not remove the unused subscriber VLAN until the lockout time has expired for each client undergoing lockout on the underlying interface.

To configure automatic removal of subscriber VLANs when no client sessions exist on the VLAN:

1. Access the interface for which you want to enable automatic removal of subscriber VLANs.

```
user@host# edit interfaces ge-1/1/1
```

2. Access the interface automatic configuration hierarchy.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/1/1]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

3. Enable subscriber VLAN removal with the **remove-when-no-subscribers** statement.

```
[edit interfaces ge1/1/1 auto-configure]
user@host# set remove-when-no-subscribers
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic 802.1Q VLAN Overview on page 539](#)
  - [Configuring VLAN Interfaces to Use Dynamic Profiles on page 548](#)
  - [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Overview on page 689](#)

## Verifying and Managing Dynamic VLAN Configuration

**Purpose** View or clear information about dynamic VLANs and stacked VLANs.

- Action**
- To display subscriber dynamic VLAN information:  

```
user@host>show subscribers detail
```
  - To display interface-specific output for dynamic VLANs:  

```
user@host>show interfaces interface-name
```
  - To clear the binding state of dynamic VLAN interfaces:  

```
user@host> clear auto-configuration interfaces
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)
  - [Junos OS Interfaces Command Reference](#)



# Dynamic VLAN Examples

- [Example: Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for VLANs with a TPID of 0x8100 on page 561](#)
- [Example: Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for VLANs with Any TPID Value and Enabling Demux Interfaces over the VLAN Interface on page 561](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profile on page 562](#)
- [Example: Dynamic VLAN Interface Configuration on page 562](#)
- [Example: Dynamic Stacked VLAN Interface Configuration on page 562](#)
- [Example: Dynamic Flexible VLAN Interface Configuration on page 563](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Flexible VLAN Interface for Use with a Nonstandard Ethertype on page 563](#)

## Example: Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for VLANs with a TPID of 0x8100

---

```
vlan-prof1 {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-id "$junos-vlan-id"; #Note the statement and variable use.
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 10.20.0.2;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

## Example: Configuring a VLAN Dynamic Profile for VLANs with Any TPID Value and Enabling Demux Interfaces over the VLAN Interface

---

```
vlan-prof-any-tpid {
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 demux-source inet; #Enables demux interface use over the VLAN interface.
 vlan-tags outer $junos-vlan-id; #Statement/variable combination enables the
 recognition of any VLAN interface TPID value.
 family inet {
```

```
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 10.20.0.2;
 }
}
}
}
```

---

### Example: Configuring a Stacked VLAN Dynamic Profile

---

```
svlan-prof1 {
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 vlan-tags outer $junos-stacked-vlan-id inner $junos-vlan-id;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.20.0.2;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

---

### Example: Dynamic VLAN Interface Configuration

---

```
interfaces {
 ge-0/0/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile vlan-prof1 {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

---

### Example: Dynamic Stacked VLAN Interface Configuration

---

```
interfaces {
 ge-0/0/0 {
 stacked-vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 stacked-vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile svlan-prof {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 1-1, any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
}

```

### Example: Dynamic Flexible VLAN Interface Configuration

```

interfaces {
 ge-0/0/0 {
 flexible-vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile vlan-prof1 {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 stacked-vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile svlan-prof1 {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 1-1, any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

### Example: Configuring a Flexible VLAN Interface for Use with a Nonstandard Ethertype

This example specifies an ethertype of 0x9100 instead of the standard 0x8100.

```

interfaces {
 ge-0/0/0 {
 flexible-vlan-tagging;
 gigether-options {
 ethernet-switch-profile {
 tag-protocol-id 0x9100;
 }
 }
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile vlan-prof {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 stacked-vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile svlan-prof {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 1-1, any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```
}
}
}
}
}
```



## PART 11

# Subscriber Interfaces

- [Subscriber Interface Overview on page 567](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Interfaces for Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)
- [Subscriber Interface Examples on page 587](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 623](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet on page 631](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Examples on page 641](#)
- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 679](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 695](#)
- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Examples on page 713](#)



# Subscriber Interface Overview

- [Subscriber Interface Overview on page 567](#)
- [Static Subscriber Interfaces and VLAN Overview on page 568](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [IP Demux Interfaces over Static or Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 570](#)
- [MAC Address Validation for Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 571](#)

## Subscriber Interface Overview

---

In this release, you can identify subscribers statically or dynamically.

To identify subscribers statically, you can reference a static VLAN interface in a dynamic profile. To identify subscribers dynamically, you create variables for demux interfaces that are dynamically created by DHCP when subscribers log in.

## Statically Identifying Subscribers

Before you can configure static subscriber interfaces in a dynamic profile, you must first configure the logical interfaces on the router to which you expect clients to connect. After you have created the static interfaces, you can modify them by using dynamic profiles to apply configuration parameters.

You can also configure subscribers by creating sets of static IP demux interfaces that are not referenced in a dynamic profile.

When configuring the interfaces stanza within a dynamic profile, you use variables to specify the interface name and the logical unit value. When a DHCP subscriber sends a DHCP request to the interface, the dynamic profile replaces the **interface-name** and **unit** variables with the actual interface name and logical unit number of the interface that received the DHCP request. After this association is made, the router configures the interface with any CoS or protocol (that is, IGMP) configuration within the dynamic profile, or applies any input or output filter configuration that you have associated with that dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles]
interfaces interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 family family {
 address address;
```

```

filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
}
unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
vlan-id;
}
vlan-tagging;
}

```

## Dynamically Identifying Subscribers

You can configure demux interfaces to represent a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile. When a subscriber logs in using a DHCP access method, the demux interface is dynamically created.

You specify variables for the unit number, the name of the underlying interface, and the IP address in the dynamic profile. These variables are replaced with the values that are supplied by DHCP when the subscriber logs in.

### Related Documentation

- [Static Subscriber Interfaces and VLAN Overview on page 568](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)

## Static Subscriber Interfaces and VLAN Overview

This topic describes the topology for configuring subscriber interfaces over static VLAN interfaces in the current release.

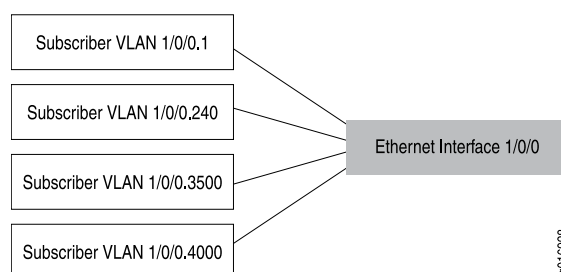
In a dynamic profile, you can configure VLAN subscriber interfaces over the following statically created logical interface types:

- GE—Gigabit Ethernet
- XE—10-Gigabit Ethernet
- AE—Aggregated Ethernet

We recommend that you configure each subscriber on a statically created VLAN.

[Figure 10 on page 568](#) shows an example of subscriber interfaces on an individual VLAN.

**Figure 10: VLAN Subscriber Interfaces**



You can further separate VLANs on subscriber interfaces by configuring a VLAN interface as the underlying interface for a set of IP demux interfaces.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring a Subscriber Interface with a Static VLAN Interface on page 574](#)
- For more information about demux interfaces, see [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)

## Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview

You can create logical subscriber interfaces using static or dynamic demultiplexing interfaces. In addition, you can use either IP demultiplexing interfaces or VLAN demultiplexing interfaces when creating logical subscriber interfaces.

Demultiplexing (demux) interfaces are logical interfaces that share a common, underlying logical interface (in the case of IP demux) or underlying physical interface (in the case of VLAN demux). You can use these interfaces to identify specific subscribers or to separate individual circuits by IP address (IP demux) or VLAN ID (VLAN demux).

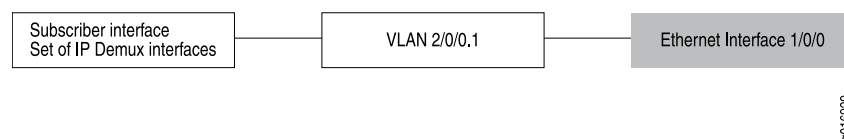
The subscriber interfaces can provide different levels of services for individual subscribers in an access network. For example, you can apply CoS parameters for each subscriber.

### Interface Sets of Static Demux Interfaces

You can group static demux interfaces to create individual subscriber interfaces using interface sets. Interface sets enable you to provide the same level of service for a group of subscribers; for example, all residential subscribers who receive the basic data service.

[Figure 11 on page 569](#) shows a subscriber interface configured using a set of IP demux interfaces with an underlying VLAN interface.

**Figure 11: IP Demux Subscriber Interface**



### Dynamic Demultiplexing Interfaces

You can configure demux interfaces to represent a dynamic subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.

Demux interfaces are dynamically created by a DHCP access method when the underlying interface for the demux interface is configured for the access method. The DHCP access model creates the demux interface with the subscriber's assigned IP address (for IP demux interfaces) or VLAN ID (for VLAN demux interfaces).

To configure an IP demux interface in the dynamic profile, you specify variables for the unit number, the name of the underlying interface, and the IP address. To configure a VLAN demux interface in the dynamic profile, you specify variables for the unit number,

the name of the underlying interface, and the VLAN ID. These variables are replaced with the values that are supplied by DHCP when the subscriber logs in.

## Guidelines for Configuring Demux Interfaces for Subscriber Access

When you configure static or dynamic demux interfaces for subscriber access, consider the following guidelines:

- You can only configure interface sets of static demux interfaces and dynamic demux interfaces on MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers. Hierarchical and per-unit scheduling is supported for dynamically created demux interfaces on the EQ DPC.
- You can configure IPv4 and IPv6 addressing for static and dynamic demux interfaces.
- You can configure only one **demux0** interface per chassis.
- For IP demux interfaces, you can define logical demux interfaces on top of the **demux0** interface (for example, **demux0.1**, **demux0.2**, and so on).
- Demux interfaces currently support only Gigabit Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, and aggregated Ethernet underlying interfaces.
- You must associate IP demux interfaces with an underlying logical interface.
- You must associate VLAN demux interfaces with an underlying device (physical interface).
- You cannot use a dynamic demux interface to represent multiple subscribers in a dynamic profile attached to an interface. One dynamic demux interface represents one subscriber. Do not configure the **aggregate-clients** option when attaching a dynamic profile to a demux interface for DHCP.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces on page 574](#)
- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 575](#)
- [Configuring a Subscriber Interface Using a Set of Static IP Demux Interfaces on page 577](#)
- [Configuring a Subscriber Interface Using a Set of Static VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 578](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)
- [CoS and Static IP Demux Interface Set Overview](#)
- For more information about static demux interfaces and other configuration guidelines, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

---

## IP Demux Interfaces over Static or Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces

You can configure a router with IP demux interfaces over VLAN demux interfaces. Just as IP demux interfaces demultiplex their underlying VLAN demux interfaces based on IP

address, VLAN demux interfaces demultiplex their underlying aggregate Ethernet or Ethernet interfaces based on VLAN ID.

When configuring IP demux interfaces over VLAN demux interfaces, keep the following in mind:

- Only single and dual VLAN tag options are supported as VLAN selectors.
- Both inet and inet6 families are supported.
- All firewall and CoS features are supported.
- Both static and dynamic VLAN demux interface creation is supported, including autosense VLAN creation.
- Both DPC modules and Trio MPC modules are supported.

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 626](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 633](#)
- [Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 541](#)
- [Example: Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 603](#)
- [Example: Concurrent Configuration of Dynamic DHCP IP Demux and PPPoE Demux Interfaces over the Same VLAN Demux Interface on page 609](#)
- For more information about aggregated Ethernet interfaces, see the *Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

## MAC Address Validation for Subscriber Interfaces Overview

MAC address validation enables the router to validate that received packets contain a trusted IP source and an Ethernet MAC source address.

Configuring MAC address validation can provide additional validation when subscribers access billable services. MAC address validation provides additional security by enabling the router to drop packets that do not match, such as packets with spoofed addresses.

When subscribers log in, they are automatically assigned IP addresses by DHCP. The router detects the valid IP source and MAC source addresses for incoming packets and forwards the packets regardless of which subscriber originated the packet.

### Supported Types of Subscriber Interfaces

MAC address validation is supported on statically created Ethernet interfaces and dynamically created demux interfaces on MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers.

## Trusted Addresses

A trusted address tuple is a 32-bit IP address and a 48-bit MAC address. Prefixes and ranges are not supported.

The IP source address and the MAC source address used for validation must be from a trusted source.

All static ARP addresses configured through the CLI are trusted addresses; dynamic ARP addresses are not considered trusted addresses.

Addresses dynamically created through an extended DHCP local server or extended DHCP relay are also trusted addresses. When a DHCP server and client negotiate an IP address, the resulting IP address and MAC address tuple is trusted. Each DHCP subscriber can generate more than one address tuple.

Each MAC address can have more than one IP address, which can result in more than one valid tuple. Each IP address must map to one MAC address.

## Types of MAC Address Validation

You can configure two types of MAC address validation:

- **Loose**—Forwards packets when both the IP source address and the MAC source address match one of the trusted address tuples.

Drops packets when the IP source address matches one of the trusted tuples, but the MAC address does not support the MAC address of the tuple. The system processes this packet as spoofed.

Continues to forward packets when the source address of the incoming packet does not match any of the trusted IP addresses.

- **Strict**—Forwards packets when both the IP source address and the MAC source address match one of the trusted address tuples.

Drops packets when the MAC address does not match the tuple's MAC source address, or when IP source address of the incoming packet does not match any of the trusted IP addresses.

When you configure MAC address validation for demux interfaces in a dynamic profile and specify either **loose** or **strict** validation, the resulting behavior is always loose validation. To enable strict behavior for a dynamic demux interface, you must configure strict validation for the underlying interface.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring MAC Address Validation for Subscriber Interfaces on page 581](#)



# Configuring Subscriber Interfaces for Dynamic Profiles

- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)
- [Configuring a Subscriber Interface Using a Set of Static IP Demux Interfaces on page 577](#)
- [Configuring a Subscriber Interface Using a Set of Static VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 578](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)
- [Configuring MAC Address Validation for Subscriber Interfaces on page 581](#)
- [Verifying Configuration and Status of Dynamic Subscribers and Associated Sessions, Services, and Firewall Filters on page 583](#)

## Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles

---

In this release, you can use dynamic profiles to configure statically created logical interfaces. Dynamic profiles enable you to dynamically apply configured values (including CoS, IGMP, or filter configuration) to the static interfaces, making them easier to manage.

To configure static interfaces, you must first configure the interfaces on the router to which you expect subscribers to connect.

The subscriber access feature supports the following statically-created interface types in dynamic profiles:

- GE—Gigabit Ethernet
- XE—10-Gigabit Ethernet
- AE—Aggregated Ethernet

This topic contains the following sections:

- [Configuring a Subscriber Interface with a Static VLAN Interface on page 574](#)
- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces on page 574](#)

- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 575](#)
- [Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces on page 576](#)

## Configuring a Subscriber Interface with a Static VLAN Interface

This topic describes how to configure a subscriber interface with a static VLAN interface.

After you configure the static VLAN interface, you can reference it in a dynamic profile.

To configure a subscriber interface over a VLAN:

1. Configure the static VLAN interface and enable VLAN tagging.

```
[edit interfaces]
ge-5/0/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
}
```

2. Configure the units and assign the VLAN IDs.

```
unit 1 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-id 1;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.1.1.1;
 }
}
unit 2 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-id 2;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.1.1.1;
 }
}
```

3. Associate the static subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.

See [“Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces” on page 576](#).

## Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces

You can configure a subscriber interface using a statically created IP demux interface. This interface can be referenced in a dynamic profile.

To configure a static IP demux subscriber interface:

1. Configure the IP demux interface on a physical device represented by a logical unit number. The logical interface resides on a physical device.

See [Configuring an IP Demultiplexing Interface](#).

2. Configure the underlying interface on which the IP demux interface is running.

See [Configuring an IP Demux Underlying Interface](#).

3. Specify the underlying interface on which the IP demux interface is running.

See [Specifying the Demux Underlying Interface](#).

4. Specify how ingress IPv4 traffic is to be demultiplexed based on packet destination or source addresses.

See [Configuring IP Demux Prefixes](#).

5. Associate the static subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.

See [“Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces” on page 576](#).



**NOTE:** VLAN demux interfaces currently support the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) suite (`family inet`) and the Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) suite (`family inet6`).

## Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces

You can configure a subscriber interface using a statically created VLAN demux interface. This interface can be referenced in a dynamic profile.

To configure a static VLAN demux subscriber interface:

1. Configure the VLAN demux interface.

See [Configuring a VLAN Demultiplexing Interface](#).

2. Configure the underlying interface on which the VLAN demux interface is running.

See [Configuring a VLAN Demux Underlying Interface](#).

3. Specify the underlying interface on which the VLAN demux interface is running.

See [Specifying the Demux Underlying Interface](#).

4. Specify how ingress IP traffic is to be demultiplexed based on the VLAN ID.

See [Associating VLAN IDs to VLAN Demux Interfaces](#).

5. Associate the static subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.

See [“Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces” on page 576](#).



**NOTE:** VLAN demux interfaces currently support the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) suite (`family inet`) and the Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) suite (`family inet6`).

VLAN demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet physical interfaces are supported only for MX Series routers that have only Trio MPCs installed. If the router has other cards in addition to Trio MPCs, the CLI accepts the configuration but errors are reported when the subscriber interfaces are brought up.

## Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces

When configuring the interfaces stanza within a dynamic profile, you use variables to specify the interface name and the logical unit value. When a DHCP subscriber sends a DHCP request to the interface, the dynamic profile replaces the interface name variable and logical unit name variable with the actual interface name and logical unit number of the interface that received the DHCP request.



**NOTE:** Configuration of the interface name variable and logical interface name variable at the `[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces]` hierarchy level is required for a dynamic profile to function.

To configure the interface for a dynamic profile, specify the interface name variable and include the **unit** statement and associated logical interface name variable:

1. Access the profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile
```

2. Specify the interface name variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile]
user@host# set interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

3. Specify the logical interface name variable with the **unit** statement.

When referencing an existing interface, specify the **\$junos-underlying-interface-unit** variable used by the router to match the unit value of the receiving interface:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile]
user@host# set unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit
```

When creating dynamic interfaces, specify the **\$junos-interface-unit** variable used by the router to generate a unit value for the interface:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-profile]
user@host# set unit $junos-interface-unit
```

### Related Documentation

- [Static Subscriber Interfaces and VLAN Overview on page 568](#)
- For information about configuring logical interfaces and static VLAN interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## Configuring a Subscriber Interface Using a Set of Static IP Demux Interfaces

You can create logical subscriber interfaces from IP demux interfaces. IP demultiplexing (demux) interfaces are logical interfaces that share a common, underlying logical interface. IP demux interfaces can be used to identify specific subscribers or to separate individual circuits.

You can group individual subscriber interfaces using interface sets to provide the same level of service for a group of subscribers; for example, all residential subscribers who receive the basic data service. Interface sets can be defined as a list of logical interfaces (unit 0, unit 1, and so on).

To configure a group of static IP demux interfaces:

1. Configure the interface set.

```
interfaces {
 interface-set demux-set {
 interface demux0 {
 unit 0;
 unit 1;
 }
 }
}
```

2. Define the units of the interface set.

```
demux0 {
 unit 0 {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ge-2/0/1.1;
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source {
 1.1.1.0/24;
 }
 address 1.1.1.1/24;
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ge-2/0/1.1;
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source {
 1.1.2.0/24;
 }
 address 1.1.2.1/24;
 }
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring CoS on a Set of Static IP Demux Interfaces](#)
  - [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)

- For information about the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy and the **interface-set** statement, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## Configuring a Subscriber Interface Using a Set of Static VLAN Demux Interfaces

---

You can create logical subscriber interfaces from VLAN demux interfaces. VLAN demultiplexing (demux) interfaces are logical interfaces that share a common, underlying physical interface. VLAN demux interfaces can be used to identify specific subscribers or to separate individual circuits.

You can group individual subscriber interfaces using interface sets to provide the same level of service for a group of subscribers; for example, all residential subscribers who receive the basic data service. Interface sets can be defined as a list of logical interfaces (unit 0, unit 1, and so on).

To configure a group of static VLAN demux interfaces:

1. Configure the interface set.

```
interfaces {
 interface-set demux-set {
 interface demux0 {
 unit 0;
 unit 1;
 }
 }
}
```

2. Define the units of the interface set.

```
demux0 {
 unit 0 {
 vlan-id 10;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ge-2/0/1;
 }
 family inet {
 address 1.1.1.1/24;
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 vlan-id 20;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ge-2/0/1;
 }
 family inet {
 address 1.1.2.1/24;
 }
 }
}
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring CoS on a Set of Static IP Demux Interfaces](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)

- For information about the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy and the **interface-set** statement, see the *Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*

## Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles

You can configure dynamic subscriber interfaces using IP demux interfaces.

To enable the dynamic demux interface to be created by DHCP, you configure the demux options in a dynamic profile. Dynamic profiles enable you to dynamically apply configured values (including CoS, IGMP, or filter configuration) to the dynamic interfaces, making them easier to manage.

Before you begin:

- Configure the dynamic profile.

See “Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511.

To configure dynamic subscriber interfaces:

1. Specify that you want to configure the **demux0** interface in the dynamic profile.

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0
```

2. Configure the unit for the **demux0** interface.

- a. Configure the variable for the unit number of the **demux0** interface.

The variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number that DHCP supplies when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

- b. Configure the variable for the underlying interface of the demux interfaces and specify the **\$junos-underlying-interface** variable.

The variable is dynamically replaced with the underlying interface that DHCP supplies when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```

3. Configure the family for the demux interfaces.

- a. Specify that you want to configure the family.

For IPv4:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

For IPv6:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet6
```

- b. Configure the unnumbered address for the family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

- c. Configure the variable for the IP address of the demux interface.

The variable is dynamically replaced with the IP address that DHCP supplies when the subscriber logs in. For IPv4, use `$junos-subscriber-ip-address`. For IPv6, use `$junos-subscriber-ipv6-address`. For IPv6 multiple address support, use `$junos-subscriber-ipv6-multi-address`.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set demux-source $junos-subscriber-ip-address
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [Configuring MAC Address Validation for Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 583](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on IP Demux Interfaces on page 589](#)
- [Example: Configuring Subscribers on Dynamically Created VLAN Demux Interfaces](#)

---

## Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles

---

You can configure dynamic subscriber interfaces using VLAN demux interfaces.

To enable the dynamic demux interface to be created by DHCP, you configure the demux options in a dynamic profile. Dynamic profiles enable you to dynamically apply configured values (including CoS, IGMP, or filter configuration) to the dynamic interfaces, making them easier to manage.

Before you begin:

- Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

To configure dynamic subscriber interfaces:

1. Specify that you want to configure the **demux0** interface in the dynamic profile.

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0
```

2. Configure the unit for the **demux0** interface.

- a. Configure the variable for the unit number of the **demux0** interface.



The variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number that DHCP supplies when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

- b. Configure the variable for the underlying interface of the demux interfaces by specifying the `$junos-interface-ifd-name` variable.

The variable is dynamically replaced with the underlying device name that DHCP supplies when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

- c. Configure the variable for the VLAN ID.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
```

3. Configure the family for the demux interfaces.

- a. Specify that you want to configure the family.

For IPv4:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

For IPv6:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet6
```

- b. Configure the unnumbered address for the family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [Configuring MAC Address Validation for Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 583](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)
- [Example: Configuring Subscribers on Dynamically Created VLAN Demux Interfaces](#)

## Configuring MAC Address Validation for Subscriber Interfaces

This topic describes how to configure MAC address validation for subscriber interfaces in dynamic profiles on MX Series routers.

The subscriber interfaces can be statically created and associated with a dynamic profile (for example, VLAN interfaces) or dynamically created in the dynamic profile (such as demux interfaces).

By default, MAC address validation is disabled.

This topic contains the following sections:

- [Configuring MAC Address Validation for Static Subscriber Interfaces on page 582](#)
- [Configuring MAC Address Validation for Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 583](#)

## Configuring MAC Address Validation for Static Subscriber Interfaces

This topic describes how to configure MAC address validation for static subscriber interfaces in dynamic profiles on MX Series routers.

Before you begin:

- Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

To configure MAC address validation on static subscriber interfaces:

1. Configure the static VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces]
```

```
user@host# set fe-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet
```

2. Configure the type of MAC address validation for the interface.

- To configure loose validation:

```
[edit interfaces fe-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet]
```

```
user@host# set mac-validate loose
```

- To configure strict validation:

```
[edit interfaces fe-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet]
```

```
user@host# set mac-validate strict
```

After you configure MAC address validation:

- Associate the static VLAN interface with the dynamic profile.

See [“Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces” on page 576](#).

## Configuring MAC Address Validation for Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces

This topic describes how to configure MAC address validation for subscriber interfaces created on demux interfaces in dynamic profiles on MX Series routers.

When you configure MAC address validation for demux interfaces in a dynamic profile and specify either **loose** or **strict** validation, the resulting behavior is always loose validation. To enable strict behavior for a dynamic IP demux interface, you must configure strict validation for the underlying interface.

Before you begin:

- Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

- Configure the dynamic IP demux interface.

See [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579](#).

To configure MAC address validation for a dynamic subscriber interface:

1. Configure loose validation for the demux interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles interfaces unit "$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set mac-validate loose
```

2. (Optional) Configure strict validation for the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces fe-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set mac-validate strict
```

### Related Documentation

- [MAC Address Validation for Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 571](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on IP Demux Interfaces on page 589](#)

---

## Verifying Configuration and Status of Dynamic Subscribers and Associated Sessions, Services, and Firewall Filters

**Purpose** Verify configuration and status of dynamic subscribers, sessions, services, and firewall filters.

You can display information about subscribers in different ways, depending on the options you use with the **show subscriber** command. You can use details from one set of output with another command to display more detailed information of interest.

**Action** • To display basic information for all subscribers:

```
user@host> show subscribers
```

```
Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
demux0.1073741824 0x8100.1500 0x8100.2900 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741825 0x8100.1500 0x8100.2901 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741826 0x8100.1500 0x8100.2902 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741827 0x8100.1500 0x8100.2903 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741826 172.16.200.6 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741827 172.16.200.7 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741824 172.16.200.8 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741825 172.16.200.9 test1@test.com default:testnet
demux0.1073741828 0x8100.1500 0x8100.2910 test1@test.com default:default
demux0.1073741828 20.20.0.2 test1@test.com default:default
```

- To display more detailed information about a particular subscriber interface:

```
user@host> show subscribers interface demux0.1073741826 extensive
```

```
Type: VLAN
User Name: test1@test.com
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: testnet
Interface: demux0.1073741826
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: profile-vdemux-relay-23qos
MAC Address: 00:00:6e:56:01:04
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 12
Session ID: 12
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.1500
VLAN Id: 0x8100.2902
Login Time: 2011-10-20 16:21:59 EST

Type: DHCP
User Name: test1@test.com
IP Address: 172.16.200.6
IP Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: testnet
Interface: demux0.1073741826
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:6e:56:01:04
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 21
Session ID: 21
Login Time: 2011-10-20 16:24:33 EST
Service Sessions: 2

Service Session ID: 25
Service Session Name: SUB-QOS
State: Active

Service Session ID: 26
Service Session Name: service-cb-content
State: Active
IPv4 Input Filter Name: content-cb-in-demux0.1073741826-in
IPv4 Output Filter Name: content-cb-out-demux0.1073741826-out
```

- To display traffic information for firewall filters.

```
user@host> show firewall
...
Filter: content-cb-in-demux0.1073741826-in
```

```

Counters:
Name Bytes Packets
__junos-dyn-service-counter 84336 1004

Filter: content-cb-out-demux0.1073741826-out
Counters:
Name Bytes Packets
__junos-dyn-service-counter 0 0
...

```

Instead of issuing successive commands to track the details for one subscriber interface, you can choose to display detailed information for all subscribers. However, the more subscribers you have, the more tedious it becomes to look through all the results for particular items of interest.

- To display detailed information for all subscribers:

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
user@host> show subscribers extensive

```

**Meaning** The output examples in this section show increasingly detailed information about dynamically created subscriber interfaces, including how many there are, what they are, and their characteristics; how many service sessions are active and what they are; whether firewall filters are attached to the sessions and what those filters are; and how much, if any, traffic is being filtered.

In the sample output shown here, the **show subscriber** command lists all the subscriber logical interfaces, including demux0.1073741826. You then display details about that interface and its associated subscribers with the **show subscribers interface demux0.1073741826 extensive** command. The Service Session Name fields for service sessions 25 and 26 in that output show two services are active on the interface, SUB-QOS and service-cb-content. The IPv4 Input Filter Name and the IPv4 Output Filter Name fields show that two filters have been applied to the service-cb-content session: content-cb-in-demux0.1073741826-in and content-cb-out-demux0.1073741826-out. You then use the **show firewalls** command to list the filters and see how much, if any, traffic is being filtered.

**Related Documentation**

- [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)
- [Junos OS Interfaces Command Reference](#)



## Subscriber Interface Examples

- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface \(Multiple Logical Units\) on page 587](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface on page 588](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface \(No Autonegotiation\) on page 588](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface with a Loopback on page 588](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on IP Demux Interfaces on page 589](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv6 Addressing for a Dynamic IP Demux Interface over Static VLANs on page 591](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv6 Addressing for a Dynamic IP Demux Interface over Dynamic VLANs on page 592](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic IP Demux Interface with Dual Stacking on page 595](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Static VLAN Demux Interfaces over a Gigabit Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 598](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over a Gigabit Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 600](#)
- [Example: Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 603](#)
- [Example: Concurrent Configuration of Dynamic DHCP IP Demux and PPPoE Demux Interfaces over the Same VLAN Demux Interface on page 609](#)
- [Example: Configuring CoS on Static LSQ MLPPP Bundle Interfaces on page 618](#)

### Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface (Multiple Logical Units)

---

```
[edit interfaces]
ge-5/0/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-id 1;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.1.1.1;
```

```
 }
 }
 unit 2 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-id 2;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.1.1.1;
 }
 }
}
```

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)

### Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface

```
[edit interfaces]
ge-5/2/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 vlan-id 1;
 family inet {
 address 192.2.1.1/24;
 }
 }
}
```

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)

### Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface (No Autonegotiation)

```
[edit interfaces]
ge-5/1/9 {
 vlan-tagging;
 gigether-options {
 no-auto-negotiation;
 }
 unit 2004 {
 vlan-id 2004;
 family inet {
 address 222.0.0.1/22;
 }
 }
}
```

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)

### Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface with a Loopback

```
lo0 {
 unit 0 {
```



```

 family inet {
 address 192.1.1.1/32;
 }
 }
}

```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)

## Example: Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on IP Demux Interfaces

This example shows how to configure dynamic subscriber interfaces on IP demux interfaces. DHCP dynamically creates the demux interface when a subscriber logs in.

To configure subscribers on dynamic IP demux interfaces:

1. Configure the static VLAN as the underlying interface.

```

interfaces {
 ge-0/3/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 0 {
 vlan-id 0;
 demux-source inet;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0;
 }
 }
 }
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 90.1.1.1/24;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

2. Configure the creation of demux interfaces in the dynamic profile.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 subscriber-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
 }
 }
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source {
 $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 }
 }
 filter {
 input ingressFilter;
 output egressFilter;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```

 }
 mac-validate loose;
 }
}
}
}
}
}
}
}
}
}
}

```

3. Configure the access method to dynamically create the demux interface.

DHCP relay is the access method used in this example.

```

forwarding-options {
 dhcp-relay {
 traceoptions {
 flag all;
 }
 server-group {
 router {
 100.20.42.1;
 }
 dynamic-profile subscriber-profile;
 active-server-group erx;
 group one {
 interface ge-0/0/2.0 upto ge-0/0/2.4000;
 interface-client-limit 200
 }
 }
 }
}

```

4. Configure the interface for DHCP.

```

interfaces {
 traceoptions {
 flag all;
 }
 ge-0/0/2 {
 unit 0 {
 demux-source inet;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0;
 }
 }
 }
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 100.20.32.2/32;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)

- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

## Example: Configuring IPv6 Addressing for a Dynamic IP Demux Interface over Static VLANs

In this example, the network administrator configures IPv6 addressing for a dynamic IP demux interface over a group of static VLANs.

```
[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 dhcp-demux-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
 }
 family inet6 {
 address 2001::1/64;
 demux-source {
 $junos-subscriber-ipv6-address;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 dhcpv6 {
 dynamic-profile dhcp-demux-prof;
 group vlan {
 interface ge-1/0/0.100;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
interfaces {
 ge-1/0/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 100 {
 demux-source inet6;
 vlan-id 100;
 family inet6 {
 address 2001::1/64;
 }
 }
 }
}
access {
 address-assignment {
```

```
pool dhcp {
 family inet6 {
 prefix 2001:0000:0000:0000::/64;
 range limits prefix-length 74;
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)

## Example: Configuring IPv6 Addressing for a Dynamic IP Demux Interface over Dynamic VLANs

---

In this example, the network administrator configures IPv6 addressing for a dynamic IP demux interface over a group of dynamic VLANs.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 vlan-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-id "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-source inet6;
 family inet6 {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address ::100.20.32.2;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 svlan-profile {
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 demux-source inet6;
 vlan-tags outer $junos-stacked-vlan-id inner $junos-vlan-id;
 family inet6 {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address ::100.20.32.2;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 dhcp-demux-prof {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
 }
 family inet6 {
 demux-source {
```

```
interfaces {
```

```
ge-1/0/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile vlan-profile {
 accept inet6;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
ge-1/2/0 {
 flexible-vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile vlan-profile {
 accept inet6;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 stacked-vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile svlan-profile {
 accept inet6;
 ranges {
 any,any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 100.20.32.2/32;
 }
 family inet6 {
 address ::100.20.32.2/128;
 }
 }
}
access {
 address-assignment {
 pool v6 {
 family inet6 {
 network 100.20.0.0/16;
 range limited {
 low 100.20.0.10;
 high 100.20.128.250;
 }
 }
 dhcp-attributes {
 maximum-lease-time 84600;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 }
}
}

```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)

## Example: Configuring a Dynamic IP Demux Interface with Dual Stacking

In this example, the network administrator configures IPv4 and IPv6 addressing for a dynamic IP demux interface with a group of underlying static VLANs.

```

[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 dhcp-demux-prof {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source {
 $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 }
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 3.1.1.1;
 }
 family inet6 {
 demux-source {
 $junos-subscriber-ipv6-address;
 }
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 2001:db8:ffff:1::1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
all-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit";
 }
 }
}
}
services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 traceoptions {
 file dhcp size 1g;
 flag all;
 }
 dhcpv6 {

```

```
authentication {
 password delpref;
 username-include {
 user-prefix localpool;
 }
}
group groupv6 {
 authentication {
 password delpref;
 username-include {
 user-prefix localpool;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile dhcp-demux-prof use-primary all-profile;
 interface ge-0/0/3.0;
}
}
group groupv4 {
 authentication {
 password delprefv4;
 username-include {
 user-prefix localpoolv4;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile dhcp-demux-prof;
 interface ge-0/0/2.0;
}
}
processes {
 general-authentication-service {
 traceoptions {
 file auth;
 flag all;
 }
 }
}
}
interfaces {
 ge-0/0/0 {
 unit 0 {
 proxy-arp;
 family inet6 {
 address 4ffe::1:1/48;
 }
 }
 }
 ge-0/0/1 {
 vlan-tagging;
 gigether-options {
 no-auto-negotiation;
 }
 unit 10 {
 vlan-id 10;
 family inet {
 address 100.10.0.2/24;
 }
 }
 }
}
```



```

}
ge-0/0/2 {
 unit 0 {
 demux-source inet;
 proxy-arp;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 3.1.1.1;
 }
 }
}
ge-0/0/3 {
 unit 0 {
 demux-source inet6;
 proxy-arp;
 family inet6 {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 2001:db8:ffff:1::1;
 }
 }
}
lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 3.1.1.1/32;
 }
 family inet6 {
 address 2001:db8:ffff:1::1/128;
 }
 }
}
}
access {
 radius-server {
 100.10.0.1 {
 port 1812;
 secret "9xs5-dsgoGDjqgo"; ## SECRET-DATA
 }
 }
 profile wash-test {
 accounting-order radius;
 authentication-order radius;
 radius {
 authentication-server 100.10.0.1;
 accounting-server 100.10.0.1;
 }
 accounting {
 order radius;
 accounting-stop-on-failure;
 accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
 update-interval 10;
 statistics time;
 }
 }
}
address-assignment {
 pool v4ville {
 family inet {
 network 3.1.1.0/24;
 }
 }
}

```

```
 range testv4 {
 low 3.1.1.3;
 high 3.1.1.50;
 }
 }
}
pool v6ville {
 family inet6 {
 prefix 2001:db8:ffff::/48;
 range test {
 low 2001:db8:ffff:1::2/128;
 high 2001:db8:ffff:1::ffff/128;
 }
 }
}
}
}
[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 dhcp-demux-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
 }
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source {
 $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 }
 unnumbered-address ge-0/0/0.0 preferred-source-address 1.1.1.2;
 }
 family inet6 {
 demux-source {
 $junos-subscriber-ipv6-address;
 }
 unnumbered-address ge-0/0/3.0 preferred-source-address ::22.22.22.2;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)

---

## Example: Configuring IPv4 Static VLAN Demux Interfaces over a Gigabit Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server

---

This example shows how to configure a static IPv4 VLAN demux interface with gigabit Ethernet as the underlying interface. DHCP Local Server configuration enables the

association of subscribers to the VLAN demux interface by listing the gigabit Ethernet interface in the DHCP local server configuration.

To configure dynamic subscribers on VLAN demux interfaces:

1. Enable VLAN tagging on the underlying interface that you plan to use for the VLAN demux interfaces.

```
interfaces {
 ge-5/0/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 }
}
```

2. Define the loopback interface.

```
interfaces {
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 192.16.1.1/32;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

3. Define the demux interface.

```
interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit 102 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-id 103;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ge-5/0/0;
 }
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 173.16.1.1;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

4. Configure a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 user-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

5. Configure the access method used to dynamically create the subscriber interfaces.

The following stanza specifies the gigabit Ethernet interface (**ge-5/0/0.0**) for use with the dynamically created subscriber interfaces.

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface ge-5/0/0.0;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

Instead of using the gigabit Ethernet interface, you can alternatively specify the specific demux interface (**demux0.102**) as the device to use with the subscriber interfaces as follows:

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface demux0.102;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)
  - [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

---

## Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over a Gigabit Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server

---

This example shows how to configure the dynamic creation of IPv4 VLAN demux interfaces with gigabit Ethernet as the underlying interface. DHCP Local Server configuration enables the association of subscribers to the VLAN demux interface by listing the aggregated Ethernet interface in the DHCP local server configuration.

To configure dynamic subscribers on dynamic VLAN demux interfaces:

1. Enable VLAN tagging and VLAN auto-configuration on the underlying gigabit Ethernet interface that you plan to use for dynamically created VLAN demux interfaces.

```

interfaces {
 ge-5/0/0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 103-103;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

2. Define the loopback interface.

```

interfaces {
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 192.16.1.1/32;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

3. Configure a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 user-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

4. Configure a dynamic profile for VLAN demux interface creation.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-id "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name";
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```

 }
 family inet {
 filter {
 input rate_limit;
 output rate_limit;
 }
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.16.1.1;
 }
}
}
}
}
}
}
}

```

5. Configure the access method used to dynamically create the subscriber interfaces. The following stanza specifies the gigabit Ethernet interface (**ge-5/0/0.0**) for use with the dynamically created subscriber interfaces.

```

system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface ge-5/0/0.0;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

Instead of using the gigabit Ethernet interface, you can alternatively specify **demux0** as the device to use with the subscriber interfaces as follows:



**NOTE:** Because the demux interfaces and unit numbers are created dynamically, the unit number is not specified for the demux0 interface.

```

system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface demux0;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```

 }
 }
}

```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

## Example: Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces

This example describes how to configure dynamic IP demux interfaces over dynamic VLAN demux interfaces. You can also configure dynamic IP demux interfaces over static VLAN interfaces. For information on how to configure static VLAN interfaces, see the *Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

- [Requirements on page 603](#)
- [Overview on page 603](#)
- [Configuration on page 603](#)
- [Verification on page 608](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, make sure to configure either DHCP Relay or DHCP Local Server. You can find information about configuring either of these components in the *Junos OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide*.

### Overview

You can create a subscriber interface using an IP demux interface stacked on a static or dynamic VLAN demux interface. IP demux interfaces are used to uniquely identify subscribers in an access network based on their IP address

### Configuration

- [Preparing a Subscriber Access Interface on page 603](#)
- [Preparing the Loopback Interface on page 605](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Dynamically Create Single-Tagged VLANs on page 606](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Dynamically Create IP Demux Interfaces on page 607](#)

#### Preparing a Subscriber Access Interface

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the aggregated Ethernet interface over which subscribers access the router:

```

[edit]
set chassis aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
set interfaces ge-5/0/9 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/1/9 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0

```

```
set interfaces ae0 flexible-vlan-tagging
set interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux accept
inet
set interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux ranges
ranges 500-1000
set interfaces ae0 aggregated-ether-options lacp active
set interfaces ae0 aggregated-ether-options lacp link-protection
```

**Step-by-Step  
Procedure**

You must configure an interface over which clients initially access the router. We recommend that you specify the same VLAN tagging for the interface that you expect from incoming clients. This example uses flexible VLAN tagging to simultaneously support transmission of 802.1Q VLAN single-tag and dual-tag frames on logical interfaces on the same Ethernet port.

If you want it to automatically create dynamic VLANs, the interface must include the VLAN range type (single or stacked) and contain any specific ranges you want the VLANs to use.

To configure an interface for subscriber access:

1. Configure the number of aggregated Ethernet interfaces on the router.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit chassis aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
```
2. Access the physical interface over which you want subscribers to initially access the router.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-5/0/9
```
3. Specify the aggregated Ethernet interface to which the physical interface belongs.  

```
[edit interfaces ge-5/0/9]
user@host# set gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
```
4. Repeat Step 2 and Step 3 for each interface you want to assign to the aggregated Ethernet bundle.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set interfaces ge-5/1/9 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
```
5. Access the aggregated Ethernet interface.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ae0
```
6. Specify the VLAN tagging that you want the aggregated Ethernet interfaces to use.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# set vlan-tagging
```
7. Edit the **auto-configure** stanza to automatically configure VLANs.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```
8. Edit the **vlan-ranges** stanza for single-tagged VLANs.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure]
```



```
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```

9. Specify the dynamic VLAN profile that you want the interface to use for dynamically creating single-tagged VLANs.

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux
```

10. Specify what VLAN Ethernet packet type the VLAN profile accepts.

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux]
user@host# set accept inet
```

11. Specify the VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies a lower VLAN ID limit of 500 and an upper VLAN ID limit of 1000.

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux]
user@host# set ranges 500-1000
```

12. (Optional) Activate the transmission of LACP packets on the aggregated Ethernet interfaces.

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# set aggregated-ether-options lacp active
```

13. Specify that the aggregated Ethernet interfaces use link protection.

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# set aggregated-ether-options lacp link-protection
```

### Preparing the Loopback Interface

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the required loopback interface for this example:

```
[edit]
set interfaces lo0.0 unit 0 family inet address 100.100.100.1/32
```

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

You must configure a loopback interface for use as the unnumbered address and preferred source address for dynamically created interfaces.

To configure the required loopback interface for this example:

1. Configure a loopback interface.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0.0
```

2. Specify that the loopback interface accept inet packets.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# edit family inet
```

3. Specify the IP address for the loopback interface.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 100.100.100.1/32
```

### Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Dynamically Create Single-Tagged VLANs

---

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure the dynamic profile used to dynamically create single-tagged VLANs in the example:

```
[edit]
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 demux-source inet
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 proxy-arp
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 demux options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred source-address 100.100.100.1
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** For dynamic IP demux interfaces to reside on a dynamic VLAN demux interface, the VLAN interface must first exist.

To configure a dynamic profile that automatically creates VLAN interfaces:

1. Create a dynamic profile for automatically creating single-tagged VLAN interfaces.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux
```

2. Specify that the dynamic VLAN profile use the demux interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles "Auto-VLAN-Demux"]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0
```

3. Specify that the dynamic profile apply the demux interface unit value to the dynamic VLANs.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. (Optional) Specify that the demux source accepts only IPv4 (inet) packets.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet
```

5. (Optional) Specify that each dynamically created interface respond to any ARP request, as long as an active route exists to the target address of the ARP request.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

6. Specify that VLAN IDs are dynamically created.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
```

7. Specify the logical underlying interface for the dynamic VLANs.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

8. Specify that the VLAN demux interface can accept inet family packets for IPoE/DHCP subscribers.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

9. Specify the loopback address as the unnumbered address and preferred source address for the inet family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.100.100.1
```

### Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Dynamically Create IP Demux Interfaces

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the dynamic profile used to dynamically create IP demux interfaces in the example:

```
[edit]
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
proxy-arp
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
demux-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
family inet demux-source $junos-subscriber-ip-address
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.100.100.1
```

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure a dynamic profile that automatically creates IP demux interfaces:

1. Create a dynamic profile for dynamically creating IP demux interfaces.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux
```

2. Specify that the dynamic profile use the demux0 interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0
```

3. Specify that the dynamic profile apply the interface unit value to the dynamic IP demux interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. (Optional) Configure the router to respond to any ARP request, as long as the router has an active route to the target address of the ARP request.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

5. Specify the logical underlying interface for the dynamic IP demux interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```

6. Specify the protocol family information for the dynamic IP demux interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

7. Specify the demux source address is obtained from the incoming subscriber IP address.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
 family inet]
user@host# set demux-source $junos-subscriber-ip-address
```

8. Specify the loopback interface as the unnumbered address and the demux interface IP address as the preferred source address for the dynamic IP demux interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
 family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.100.100.1
```

## Verification

- [Subscriber Verification on page 608](#)
- [Interface Verification on page 608](#)

---

### Subscriber Verification

**Purpose** View subscriber information on the router.

**Action**

- To display dynamic subscriber information:  
`user@host# show subscribers detail`

---

### Interface Verification

**Purpose** View interface-specific information on the router.

**Action**

- To display interface-specific output:  
`user@host# show interfaces interface-name`

**Related Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
- [Dynamic 802.1Q VLAN Overview on page 539](#)
- [Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 541](#)
- [Demultiplexing Interface Overview](#)

## Example: Concurrent Configuration of Dynamic DHCP IP Demux and PPPoE Demux Interfaces over the Same VLAN Demux Interface

This example shows how to configure both dynamic DHCP IP demux and PPPoE demux interfaces over the same dynamic VLAN demux interface. The example provides an IPv4 configuration. However, you can also configure concurrent IP over Ethernet/DHCP and PPPoE interfaces over the same VLAN interface using IPv6 addressing.



**NOTE:** You can also configure dynamic IP over Ethernet/DHCP and PPPoE interfaces concurrently over the same static VLAN interface. For information on how to configure static VLAN interfaces, see the [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

- [Requirements on page 609](#)
- [Overview on page 609](#)
- [Configuration on page 609](#)
- [Verification on page 618](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, make sure to configure either DHCP Relay or DHCP Local Server. You can find information about configuring either of these components in the [Junos OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide](#).

### Overview

With the introduction of the **family pppoe** statement, PPPoE is no longer treated as an exclusive encapsulation configuration and you can configure VLAN interfaces with multiple protocol interface stacks. For example, you can configure IP over Ethernet/DHCP and PPPoE interfaces concurrently over a single VLAN interface.

### Configuration

- [Preparing a Subscriber Access Interface on page 609](#)
- [Preparing the Loopback Interface on page 612](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic Single-Tagged VLANs on page 612](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic Dual-Tagged VLANs on page 614](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic IP Demux Interfaces on page 616](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic PPPoE Interfaces on page 617](#)

#### Preparing a Subscriber Access Interface

##### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the aggregated Ethernet interface over which subscribers access the router:

```
[edit]
set chassis aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
```

```
set interfaces ge-5/0/9 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/1/9 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ae0 flexible-vlan-tagging
set interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux accept
any
set interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux ranges
ranges 1000-1500
set interfaces ae0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile
Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux accept any
set interfaces ae0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile
Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux ranges 1501-2000,any
set interfaces ae0 aggregated-ether-options lacp active
set interfaces ae0 aggregated-ether-options lacp link-protection
```

**Step-by-Step  
Procedure**

When configuring multiple protocol interface stacks concurrently over the same VLAN interface, you must configure physical interfaces over which DHCP or PPPoE clients initially access the router. We recommend that you specify the same VLAN tagging for the interface that you expect from incoming clients. This example uses flexible VLAN tagging to simultaneously support transmission of 802.1Q VLAN single-tag and dual-tag frames on logical interfaces on the same Ethernet port.

To automatically create dynamic VLANs, the interface must also include the VLAN range type (single or stacked), dynamic profile reference, and any specific ranges you want the VLANs to use.

To configure a physical interface for subscriber access:

1. Access the physical interface over which you want subscribers to initially access the router.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-5/0/9
```
2. Specify the aggregated Ethernet interface to which the physical interface belongs.  

```
[edit interfaces ge-5/0/9]
user@host# set gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
```
3. Repeat Step 1 and Step 2 for each interface you want to assign to the aggregated Ethernet bundle.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set interfaces ge-5/1/9 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
```
4. Access the aggregated Ethernet interface.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ae0
```
5. Specify the VLAN tagging that you want the aggregated Ethernet interfaces to use.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# set flexible-vlan-tagging
```
6. Edit the **auto-configure** stanza to automatically configure VLANs.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# edit auto-configure
```

7. Edit the **vlan-ranges** stanza for single-tagged VLANs.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit vlan-ranges
```
8. Specify the dynamic VLAN profile that you want the interface to use for dynamically creating single-tagged VLANs.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux
```
9. Specify what VLAN Ethernet packet type the VLAN profile accepts.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux]
user@host# set accept any
```
10. Specify the VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies a lower VLAN ID limit of 1000 and an upper VLAN ID limit of 1500.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile Auto-VLAN-Demux]
user@host# set ranges 1000-1500
```
11. Edit the **stacked-vlan-ranges** stanza for the dual-tagged VLANs.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure]
user@host# edit stacked-vlan-ranges
```
12. Specify the dynamic VLAN profile that you want the interface to use for dynamically creating dual-tagged VLANs.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]
user@host# edit dynamic-profile Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux
```
13. Specify what VLAN Ethernet packet type the stacked VLAN profile accepts.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile
Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux]
user@host# set accept any
```
14. Specify the outer and inner stacked VLAN ranges that you want the dynamic profile to use. The following example specifies an outer stacked VLAN ID range from 1501 through 2000 (to avoid overlapping VLAN IDs with single-tag VLANs) and an inner stacked VLAN ID range of any (enabling a range from 1 through 4094 for the inner stacked VLAN ID).  

```
[edit interfaces ge-5/0/9 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile
Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux]
user@host# set ranges 1501-2000,any
```
15. (Optional) Activate the transmission of LACP packets on the aggregated Ethernet interfaces.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# set aggregated-ether-options lacp active
```
16. Specify that the aggregated Ethernet interfaces use link protection.  

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host# set aggregated-ether-options link-protection
```

### Preparing the Loopback Interface

---

**CLI Quick Configuration**

To quickly configure the required loopback interface for this example:

```
[edit]
set interfaces lo0.0 unit 0 family inet address 100.100.100.1/32
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure**

You must configure a loopback interface for use as the unnumbered address and preferred source address for dynamically created interfaces.

To configure the required loopback interface for this example:

1. Configure a loopback interface.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0.0
```

2. Specify that the loopback interface accept inet packets.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# edit family inet
```

3. Specify the IP address for the loopback interface.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 100.100.100.1/32
```

### Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic Single-Tagged VLANs

---

**CLI Quick Configuration**

To quickly configure the dynamic profile used to dynamically create single-tagged VLANs in the example:

```
[edit]
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 demux-source inet
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 proxy-arp
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 demux options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred source-address 100.100.100.1
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 family pppoe duplicate-protection
set dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 family pppoe dynamic-profile PPP-Base-PAP
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure**

For both dynamic DHCP IP demux and dynamic PPPoE interfaces to reside concurrently on a single-tagged VLAN interface, the VLAN interface must first exist.

To configure a dynamic profile that automatically creates VLAN interfaces:

1. Create a dynamic profile for automatically creating VLAN interfaces.

```
[edit]
```



```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux
```

2. Specify that the dynamic VLAN profile use the demux interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles "Auto-VLAN-Demux"]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0
```

3. Specify that the dynamic profile apply the demux interface unit value to the dynamic VLANs.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. Specify that the demux source accept IPv4 (inet) packets.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet
```

5. (Optional) Specify that each dynamically created interface respond to any ARP request, as long as an active route exists to the target address of the ARP request.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

6. Specify that VLAN IDs are dynamically created.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
```

7. Specify the logical underlying interface for the dynamic VLANs.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

8. Specify that the VLAN demux interface can accept inet family packets for IP over Ethernet/DHCP subscribers.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

9. Specify the loopback address as the unnumbered address and preferred source address for the inet family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.100.100.1
```

10. Specify that the VLAN demux interface can accept pppoe family packets for PPPoE subscribers.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```

11. Prevent multiple PPPoE sessions from being created for the same PPPoE subscriber on the same VLAN interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family pppoe]
user@host# set duplicate-protection
```

12. Apply the dynamic PPP interface profile to any dynamic PPP interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family pppoe]
user@host# set dynamic-profile PPP-Base-PAP
```

---

### Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic Dual-Tagged VLANs

---

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure the dynamic profile used to dynamically create stacked/dual-tagged VLANs in the example:

```
[edit]
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit demux-source inet
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit proxy-arp
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit vlan-tags outer $junos-stacked-vlan-id
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit vlan-tags inner $junos-vlan-id
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit demux options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred source-address
100.100.100.1
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit family pppoe duplicate-protection
set dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
$junos-interface-unit family pppoe dynamic-profile PPP-Base-PAP
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** For both dynamic DHCP IP demux and dynamic PPPoE interfaces to reside concurrently on a VLAN interface, the VLAN interface must first exist.

To configure a dynamic profile that automatically creates stacked/dual-tagged VLAN interfaces:

1. Create a dynamic profile for automatically creating VLAN interfaces.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux
```

2. Specify that the dynamic VLAN profile use the demux interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles "Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux"]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0
```

3. Specify that the dynamic profile apply the demux interface unit value to the dynamic VLANs.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. Specify that the demux source accept IPv4 (inet) packets.

- ```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-source inet
```
5. (Optional) Specify that each dynamically created interface respond to any ARP request, as long as an active route exists to the target address of the ARP request.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```
 6. Specify that the outer VLAN ID is dynamically created.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id -tags outer $junos-stacked-vlan-id
```
 7. Specify that the inner VLAN ID is dynamically created.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id -tags inner $junos-vlan-id
```
 8. Specify the logical underlying interface for the dynamic VLANs.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
```
 9. Specify that the VLAN demux interface can accept inet family packets for IP over Ethernet/DHCP subscribers.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```
 10. Specify the loopback address as the unnumbered address and preferred source address for the inet family.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.100.100.1
```
 11. Specify that the VLAN demux interface can accept pppoe family packets for PPPoE subscribers.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```
 12. Prevent the activation of another dynamic PPPoE logical interface on the same demux underlying interface.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family pppoe]
user@host# set duplicate-protection
```
 13. Apply the dynamic PPP interface profile to any dynamic PPP interfaces.


```
[edit dynamic-profiles Auto-Stacked-VLAN-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family pppoe]
user@host# set dynamic-profile PPP-Base-PAP
```

Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic IP Demux Interfaces

- CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure the dynamic profile used to dynamically create DHCP IP demux interfaces in the example:
- ```
[edit]
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 proxy-arp
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 demux-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 family inet demux-source $junos-subscriber-ip-address
set dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
 family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.100.100.1
```
- Step-by-Step Procedure** To configure a dynamic profile that automatically creates IP demux interfaces:
1. Create a dynamic profile for dynamically creating IP demux interfaces.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux
```
  2. Specify that the dynamic profile use the demux0 interface.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0
```
  3. Specify that the dynamic profile apply the interface unit value to the dynamic PPPoE interfaces.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```
  4. (Optional) Configure the router to respond to any ARP request, as long as the router has an active route to the target address of the ARP request.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```
  5. Specify the logical underlying interface for the dynamic IP demux interfaces.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```
  6. Specify the protocol family information for the dynamic IP demux interfaces.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```
  7. Specify the demux source address is obtained from the incoming subscriber IP address.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
family inet]
user@host# set demux-source $junos-subscriber-ip-address
```

8. Specify the loopback interface as the unnumbered address and the demux interface IP address as the preferred source address for the dynamic IP demux interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DHCP-IP-Demux interfaces demux0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.100.100.1
```

### Configuring a Dynamic Profile to Create Dynamic PPPoE Interfaces

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the dynamic profile used to dynamically create PPPoE interfaces in the example:

```
[edit]
set dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit ppp-options
pap
set dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface server
set dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
no-keepalives
set dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit family inet
unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

1. Create a dynamic profile for automatically creating PPPoE interfaces.
 

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP
```
2. Specify that the dynamic PPPoE profile use the pp0 interface.
 

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0
```
3. Specify that the dynamic profile apply the interface unit value to the dynamic PPPoE interfaces.
 

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```
4. Specify that dynamically created PPPoE interfaces use PAP authentication.
 

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options pap
```
5. Specify the logical underlying interface for the dynamic PPPoE interfaces.
 

```
user@host# set ppp-options pap

[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```
6. Specify that the router act as a PPPoE server.
 

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options server
```
7. (Optional) Disable the sending of keepalive messages on the dynamic PPPoE interfaces.
 

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set no-keepalives
```

8. Specify the protocol family information for the dynamic PPPoE interfaces.  
`[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]  
user@host# edit family inet`
9. Specify the loopback interface as the unnumbered address for the dynamic PPPoE interfaces.  
`[edit dynamic-profiles PPP-Base-PAP interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]  
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0`

## Verification

- [Subscriber Verification on page 618](#)
- [Interface Verification on page 618](#)

---

### Subscriber Verification

**Purpose** View subscriber information on the router.

- Action**
- To display dynamic subscriber information:  
`user@host# show subscribers detail`

---

### Interface Verification

**Purpose** View interface-specific information on the router.

- Action**
- To display interface-specific output:  
`user@host# show interfaces interface-name`

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
  - [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
  - [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 512](#)
  - [Dynamic 802.1Q VLAN Overview on page 539](#)
  - [Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles on page 541](#)
  - [Demultiplexing Interface Overview](#)
  - [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)

---

## Example: Configuring CoS on Static LSQ MLPPP Bundle Interfaces

This example shows how to configure dynamic subscriber services on MLPPP bundle interfaces. The MLPPP bundles must be configured on link services intelligent queuing (IQ) (LSQ) interfaces. The MLPPP interfaces must be statically configured.

To configure dynamic subscriber services on static LSQ MLPPP bundle interfaces:

1. Configure class of service features for the LSQ interfaces.

```
[edit]
class-of-service
classifiers {
 inet-precedence inet_classifier {
 forwarding-class best-effort {
 loss-priority low code-points 000;
 }
 forwarding-class expedited-forwarding {
 loss-priority low code-points 011;
 }
 forwarding-class assured-forwarding {
 loss-priority low code-points 100;
 }
 }
}
fragmentation-maps {
 sample-fragmap {
 forwarding-class {
 best-effort {
 fragment-threshold 1000;
 multilink-class 1;
 }
 assured-forwarding {
 fragment-threshold 1000;
 multilink-class 2;
 }
 expedited-forwarding {
 multilink-class 3;
 }
 }
 }
}
forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 best-effort;
 queue 1 expedited-forwarding;
 queue 2 assured-forwarding;
}
traffic classifiers are statically defined
network traffic interface{
 classifiers {
 inet-precedence inet_classifier;
 }
}
scheduler-maps {
 allthree {
 forwarding-class best-effort scheduler be-scheduler;
 forwarding-class expedited-forwarding scheduler hiprior-sched;
 forwarding-class assured-forwarding scheduler vpn-sched;
 }
}
schedulers {
 be-scheduler {
```

```
 transmit-rate percent 30;
 priority low;
 }
 hiprior-scheduler {
 transmit-rate percent 40;
 priority strict-high;
 }
 vpn-sched {
 transmit-rate percent 30;
 medium-high;
 }
}
}
```

2. Configure the MLPPP bundle interfaces and the LSQ interfaces.

```
[edit interfaces]
t1-3/1/0:1:1 {
 keepalives interval 600;
 encapsulation ppp;
 unit 0 {
 ppp-options {
 lcp-restart-timer 5000;
 }
 family mlppp {
 bundle lsq-3/3/0.0;
 }
 }
}
t1-3/1/0:1:2 {
 keepalives interval 600;
 encapsulation ppp;
 unit 0 {
 ppp-options {
 lcp-restart-timer 5000;
 }
 family mlppp {
 bundle lsq-3/3/0.0;
 }
 }
}
lsq-3/3/0 {
 unit 0 {
 encapsulation multilink-ppp;
 multilink-max-classes 4;
 ppp-options {
 ncp-restart-timer 10000;
 dynamic-profile mlppp-profile;
 }
 family inet {
 address 192.168.1.1/32 {
 destination 192.168.25.45;
 }
 }
 }
}
```



3. Configure the dynamic profile that is applied to the MLPPP bundle interfaces.

```
[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 mlppp-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit junos-underlying-interface-unit {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input "$junos-input-filter";
 output "$junos-output-filter";
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 class-of-service {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit junos-underlying-interface-unit {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 fragmentation-map sample-fragmap;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 scheduler-map "junos-cos-scheduler-map";
 shaping-rate "$junos-cos-shaping-rate";
 guaranteed-rate "$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate";
 delay-buffer-rate "$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate";
 }
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 data_smap {
 forwarding-class be scheduler data_sch;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 be_sch {
 ...
 }
 }
}
}
```

#### Related Documentation

- For hardware requirements, see [Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302](#)
- For information about MLPPP and LSQ interfaces, see *Link Services IQ Interfaces Configuration* in the [Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).



# Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview

- [Static and Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 623](#)
- [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
- [Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 626](#)

## Static and Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview

You can configure a subscriber interface represented by a static virtual LAN (VLAN) stacked on a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface. You must configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface on Enhanced Queuing Dense Port Concentrators (EQ DPCs) or Trio MPC/MIC interfaces in MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers.

A static or dynamic VLAN subscriber interface over aggregated Ethernet can also support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy, depending on how you configure the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface.

To configure a static or dynamic VLAN subscriber interface over aggregated Ethernet, make sure you understand the following concepts.

- [Guidelines for Configuring an Aggregated Ethernet Logical Interface to Support a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface on page 623](#)

## **Guidelines for Configuring an Aggregated Ethernet Logical Interface to Support a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface**

The following guidelines for configuring an aggregated Ethernet logical interface also apply to configuring a static or dynamic VLAN subscriber interface stacked on a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface:

- If you need to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy, configure the aggregated Ethernet interface in link protection mode, which requires that the two underlying physical interfaces be designated as primary and backup links.

- In addition, if you need to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy at the DPC or MPC level, configure the aggregated Ethernet interface on physical interfaces that reside on different EQ DPC or Trio MPC modules.



**NOTE:** One-to-one active/backup DPC redundancy is also supported with firewall filters and policy filters for static non-VLAN interfaces configured on an aggregated Ethernet logical interfaces, provided LACP is not active.

#### Related Documentation

- [Static Subscriber Interfaces and VLAN Overview on page 568](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 631](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a VLAN Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 641](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)

---

## Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview

You can configure a subscriber interface using a static or dynamic demux interface stacked on an aggregated Ethernet logical interface. Subscriber interfaces on static or dynamic demux interfaces can be used to identify specific subscribers (authenticated users) in an access network or to separate individual circuits. A subscriber interface on a static or dynamic demux interface over aggregated Ethernet can support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy or traffic load balancing, depending on how you configure the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface.

To configure a static or dynamic demux subscriber interface over aggregated Ethernet, make sure you understand the following concepts:

- [Options for Aggregated Ethernet Logical Interfaces That Support Demux Subscriber Interfaces on page 624](#)
- [Hardware Requirements with Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet on page 625](#)
- [Features Supported with Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet on page 625](#)

### Options for Aggregated Ethernet Logical Interfaces That Support Demux Subscriber Interfaces

Traffic forwarding through a demux logical interface is dependent on the configuration of the underlying interface. Using an aggregated Ethernet interface as the underlying interface for a static or dynamic demux subscriber interface provides you with the following options:

- **1:1 Active/Backup Link Redundancy**—If you need to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy, configure the aggregated Ethernet interface in link protection mode,

which requires that two underlying physical interfaces be designated as primary and backup links. In addition, if you need to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy at the line card level, configure the aggregated Ethernet interface on physical interfaces that reside either on different EQ DPCs or on different Trio MPCs. When using LACP link protection, you can configure only two member links to an aggregated Ethernet interface: one active and one standby.

- **Load Balancing**—You can configure load balancing instead of 1:1 active/backup link redundancy. The Junos OS implementation of the IEEE 802.3ad standard balances traffic across the member links within an aggregated Ethernet bundle based on the Layer 3 information carried in the packet.

By default, the system supports hash-based distribution in load balancing scenarios. In this model, traffic for a logical interface can be distributed over multiple links in the aggregated Ethernet interface. If distribution flows are not even, egress CoS scheduling can be inaccurate. In addition, scheduler resources are required on every link of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

Targeted distribution enables you to target the egress traffic for IP and VLAN demux subscribers on a single member link, using a single scheduler resource. The system distributes the subscriber interfaces equally among the member links.

## Hardware Requirements with Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet

IP demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet interfaces are supported on EQ DPCs on MX Series routers.

VLAN demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet interfaces are supported on MX Series routers that only have Trio MPCs installed. If the router has other line cards in addition to Trio MPCs, the CLI accepts the configuration but errors are reported when the subscriber interfaces are brought up.

## Features Supported with Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet

Table 57 on page 626 lists key subscriber access features supported with static or dynamic demux subscriber interfaces, organized by type of underlying interface:

- Aggregated Ethernet
- Non-aggregated Ethernet (Gigabit Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, or 10-Gigabit Ethernet)

There are no feature limitations specific to demultiplexing. Instead, demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet are subject to the same scaling and configuration limitations inherent to aggregated Ethernet logical interfaces.

Table 57: Features Supported with Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces

| Feature                                                                                                                | Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interface |                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                        | Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface     | Non-aggregated Underlying Logical Interface |
| Protocol family support                                                                                                | IPv4, IPv6, and PPPoE                        | IPv4, IPv6, and PPPoE                       |
| Per-subscriber firewall filtering and statistics                                                                       | Supported                                    | Supported                                   |
| Hierarchical CoS                                                                                                       | Supported                                    | Supported                                   |
| Per-subscriber CoS parameters within the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service]</b> hierarchy | Supported                                    | Supported                                   |
| Per-subscriber IGMP configuration within the <b>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols]</b> hierarchy    | Yes                                          | Yes                                         |

**NOTE:** IP demux interfaces must use OIF mapping. See Example: Configuring Multicast with Subscriber VLANs in the [Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide](#) for additional information.

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 626](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 633](#)
- [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on an IP Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 644](#)
- For more information about aggregated Ethernet interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

## Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface

This topic describes the distribution options available for demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet.

### Distribution Models

By default, the system supports hash-based distribution for all subscriber interface types in an aggregated Ethernet bundle configured without link protection. In this model, traffic for a logical interface can be distributed over multiple links in the bundle. This model is desirable when there are many flows through the logical interface and you need to load balance those flows.

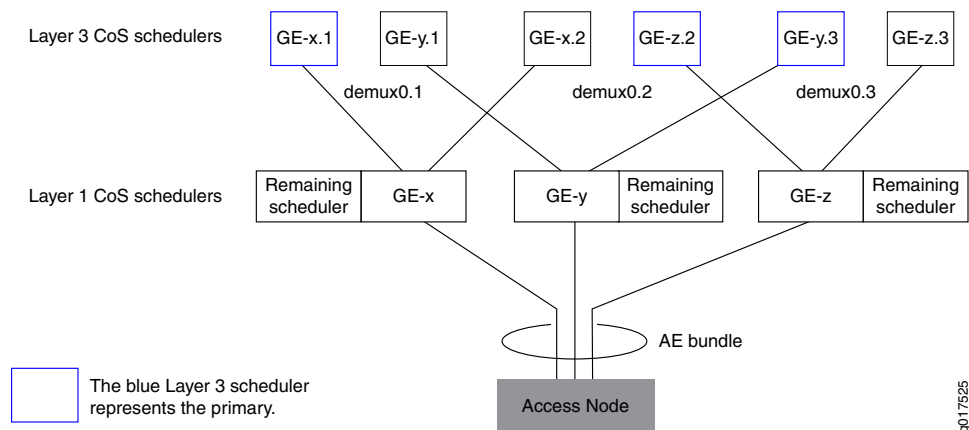
Note that if the distribution flows are not even, egress CoS scheduling can be inaccurate. In addition, scheduler resources are required on every link of the aggregated Ethernet interface. For example, if subscriber traffic is allocated 10 MB for a triple-play service over four links in a bundle, each of the links could receive 2.5 MB of traffic. High-density services such as video could be limited by the bandwidth on one of the links.

Targeted distribution enables you to target the egress traffic for an IP or VLAN demux subscriber on a single member link, using a single scheduler resource. To achieve load balancing over the member links, the system distributes the subscriber interfaces equally among the links. This enables the subscriber that is allocated 10 MB to be accurately scheduled as the traffic flows through.

### Sample Targeted Distribution Topology

Figure 12 on page 627 displays a sample targeted distribution of subscriber traffic across links in an aggregated Ethernet interface. A primary and backup link is allocated for each subscriber.

Figure 12: Targeted Subscriber Links



For example, if link **GE-x** went down, subscriber 1 can begin forwarding over the backup, which is link **GE-y**. When link **GE-y** comes back up, subscriber 1 switches back to its primary link, **GE-x**.

In the event that both **GE-x** and **GE-y** go down, subscriber 3 starts forwarding through its backup, **GE-z**. Subscriber 1 will have lost its primary and backup links, and will also begin forwarding out the **GE-z** link. A new level 3 scheduler is assigned for this subscriber on link **GE-z**. If there is a momentary lapse between the time that a new scheduler is allocated and forwarding switches to **GE-z**, the traffic will be forwarding through to the remaining scheduler. Subscriber 2 continues to forward through its primary link, **GE-z**.

### Redundancy and Redistribution Mechanisms

Two types of redundancy are available in the targeted distribution model: link redundancy and module redundancy.

By default, an aggregated Ethernet interface is enabled with link redundancy. Backup links for a subscriber are chosen based on the link with the least number of subscribers, which provides redundancy if a link fails.

The module redundancy option enables you to provide redundancy if a module or a link fails. Backup links for a subscriber are chosen on a different DPC or MPC from the primary link, based on the link with the least number of subscribers among the links on different modules. You can enable this for the aggregated Ethernet interface.

When links are removed, affected subscribers are redistributed among the active remaining backup links. When links are added to the system, no automatic redistribution occurs. New subscribers are assigned to the links with the fewest subscribers (which are typically the new links).

## Considerations and Best Practices

Keep the following guidelines in mind when configuring targeted distribution for demux subscribers:

- You can manage subscribers with both hash-based and targeted distribution models in the same network. For example, you can allocate subscribers with interface types such as PPPoE with hash-based distribution, and enable demux subscribers with targeted distribution.
- We recommend that you configure module redundancy to protect against module failures. When module redundancy is enabled, you can ensure an even distribution of subscribers if you allocate no more than 50 percent of the links on a single DPC or MPC.
- During normal network operations, the system maintains an even balance of subscribers among the links in a bundle, even as subscribers log in and out. However, if the distribution of a bundle becomes uneven (for example, when a link goes down and new subscribers are logging in), you can perform a manual rebalance of the bundle. In addition, you can configure periodic rebalancing of the bundle with a specific time interval.
- When you anticipate that a link will be down for an extended time, and you want to ensure that backup links are provisioned for all subscribers, we recommend that you remove the failed link from the bundle. This forces the affected subscribers to redistribute to other links.
- We recommend that you apply a remaining traffic-control profile to the logical interface to ensure that minimal scheduling parameters are applied to the remaining subscriber traffic. This provides scheduling for subscribers that do not have schedulers allocated because they have not been configured or they have been over-provisioned, or because of scheduler transitions on multiple link failures.
- If you perform a cold restart on the router when it is forwarding active subscribers, the subscriber interfaces with targeted distribution are assigned to the first links that become available when the system is initializing so forwarding can begin. To rebalance the system following a cold restart, perform a manual rebalance of the bundle. In addition, we recommend that you configure Graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) on the router to enable nonstop forwarding during switchover, and avoid performing cold restarts.



**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on page 636](#)
- [Configuring Link and Module Redundancy for Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 636](#)
- [Configuring Rebalancing of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 637](#)
- For additional information about demux over aggregated Ethernet interfaces, see [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)



# Configuring Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet

- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 631](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 633](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 634](#)
- [Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on page 636](#)
- [Configuring Link and Module Redundancy for Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 636](#)
- [Configuring Rebalancing of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 637](#)
- [Verifying the Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 638](#)
- [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)

## Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

You can configure a subscriber link represented by a static virtual LAN (VLAN) stacked on an aggregated Ethernet logical interface.

You can configure subscriber management services such as firewall filters and CoS for this subscriber interface.

To configure a subscriber interface using a static VLAN interface over an aggregated Ethernet logical interface:

1. Configure the aggregated Ethernet interface.
  - a. Configure the number of aggregated Ethernet interfaces on the router.

See [Configuring the Number of Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on the Device](#).
  - b. Configure the aggregated Ethernet interface.

See [Configuring an Aggregated Ethernet Interface](#).

- c. (Optional) Configure LACP.

See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet LACP](#).

- d. (Optional) Configure the minimum number of links.

See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Minimum Links](#).

- e. (Optional) Configure the link speed.

See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Link Speed](#).

- f. (Optional) Configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy or traffic load balancing.

See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Link Protection](#).



**NOTE:** Link protection is required if you want to configure hierarchical CoS on the aggregated Ethernet interface. For more information, see [“Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 771](#).

---

- 2. Configure the static or dynamic VLAN interface.

- For static VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring a Subscriber Interface with a Static VLAN Interface” on page 574](#).
- For dynamic VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring VLAN Dynamic Profiles” on page 541](#) and [“Configuring VLAN Interfaces to Use Dynamic Profiles” on page 548](#).

- 3. Configure subscriber management services on the subscriber interface.

- For firewall filters, see [“Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type” on page 908](#) or [“Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type” on page 907](#).
- For hierarchical CoS, see [“Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 771](#).

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Static and Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 623](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a VLAN Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 641](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)

## Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

You can configure a subscriber interface using a static or dynamic IP demultiplexing (demux) logical interface stacked on an aggregated Ethernet logical interface. Optionally, you can configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy or traffic load balancing.

1. Configure the aggregated Ethernet interface.
  - a. Configure the number of aggregated Ethernet interfaces on the router.  
See [Configuring the Number of Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on the Device](#).
  - b. Configure the aggregated Ethernet interface.  
See [Configuring an Aggregated Ethernet Interface](#).
  - c. (Optional) Configure LACP.  
See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet LACP](#).
  - d. (Optional) Configure the minimum number of links.  
See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Minimum Links](#).
  - e. (Optional) Configure the link speed.  
See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Link Speed](#).
  - f. (Optional) Configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy or traffic load balancing.  
For general instructions, see [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Link Protection](#).



**NOTE:** Link protection is required if you want to configure hierarchical CoS on the aggregated Ethernet interface. For more information, see [“Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 771](#).

2. Configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface as the underlying interface to support the static or dynamic IP demux subscriber interface.  
  
The aggregated Ethernet interface needs to support demultiplexing of incoming traffic to the Ethernet links based on IPv4 destination or source addresses in the incoming packets. In addition, you must configure the IP address of each link.  
  
See [Configuring an IP Demux Underlying Interface](#).
3. Configure the static or dynamic IP demux interface.
  - For static subscriber interfaces, see [“Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces” on page 574](#).

- For dynamic subscriber interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579](#).



**NOTE:** IP demux interfaces currently support only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) suite (`family inet`).

4. (Optional) Configure subscriber management services on the subscriber interface.
  - For firewall filters, see [“Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type” on page 908](#) or [“Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type” on page 907](#).
  - For hierarchical CoS, see [“Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 771](#).

**Related Documentation**

- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on an IP Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 644](#)
- [Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on page 636](#)

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## Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

---

You can configure a subscriber interface using a static or dynamic VLAN demultiplexing (demux) logical interface stacked on an aggregated Ethernet physical interface.

1. Configure the aggregated Ethernet interface.
  - a. Configure the number of aggregated Ethernet interfaces on the router.  
See [Configuring the Number of Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on the Device](#).
  - b. Configure the aggregated Ethernet interface.  
See [Configuring an Aggregated Ethernet Interface](#).
  - c. (Optional) Configure LACP.  
See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet LACP](#).
  - d. (Optional) Configure the minimum number of links.  
See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Minimum Links](#).
  - e. (Optional) Configure the link speed.

See [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Link Speed](#).

- f. (Optional) Configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface to support one-to-one active/backup link redundancy or traffic load balancing.

For general instructions, see [Configuring Aggregated Ethernet Link Protection](#).

2. Configure the aggregated Ethernet physical interface as the underlying interface to support the static or dynamic VLAN demux subscriber interface.

The aggregated Ethernet interface needs to support demultiplexing of incoming traffic to the Ethernet links based on the VLAN ID in the incoming packets.

See [Configuring a VLAN Demux Underlying Interface](#).

3. Configure the static or dynamic VLAN demux interface.

- For static subscriber interfaces, see [“Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces” on page 575](#).
- For dynamic subscriber interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 580](#).



**NOTE:** VLAN demux interfaces currently support the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) suite (family inet) and the Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) suite (family inet6).

VLAN demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet physical interfaces are supported only for MX Series routers that have only Trio MPCs installed. If the router has other cards in addition to Trio MPCs, the CLI accepts the configuration but errors are reported when the subscriber interfaces are brought up.

4. (Optional) Configure subscriber management services on the subscriber interface.
  - For firewall filters, see [“Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type” on page 908](#) or [“Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type” on page 907](#).
  - For hierarchical CoS, see [“Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 771](#).

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
- [Associating VLAN IDs to VLAN Demux Interfaces](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Static VLAN Demux Interfaces over a Gigabit Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 598](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Static VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 649](#)

- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over a Gigabit Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 600](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 652](#)

## Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces

---

By default, the system supports hash-based distribution of subscriber traffic in aggregated Ethernet bundles. You can configure the system to target the egress traffic for a subscriber on a single member link, using a single scheduler resource. The system distributes the subscriber interfaces equally among the member links.

To configure targeted distribution:

1. Access the logical interface.

```
[edit]
user@host#edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number
```

2. Enable targeted distribution for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number]
user@host#set targeted-distribution
```

### Related Documentation

- [Verifying the Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 638](#)
- [Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 626](#)

## Configuring Link and Module Redundancy for Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface

---

By default, an aggregated Ethernet bundle with targeted distribution is enabled with link redundancy. Backup links for a subscriber are chosen based on the link with the fewest subscribers, which provides redundancy if a link fails.

We recommend that you configure the module redundancy option to provide redundancy if a module or a link fails. Backup links for a subscriber are chosen on a different DPC or MPC from the primary link, based on the link with the fewest subscribers among the links on different modules.

To configure module redundancy for an aggregated Ethernet bundle:

1. Access the aggregated Ethernet bundle for which you want to configure module redundancy.

```
edit
user@host# edit interfaces aex aggregated-ether-options
```

2. Enable module redundancy for the bundle.



```
[edit interfaces aex aggregated-ether-options]
user@host# logical-interface-fpc-redundancy
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on page 636](#)
- [Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 626](#)

## Configuring Rebalancing of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface

In a targeted distribution model, the system allocates demux subscriber interfaces equally among the member links in the aggregated Ethernet interface. When links are removed, affected subscribers are redistributed among the active remaining backup links. When links are added to the system, no automatic redistribution occurs. New subscribers are assigned to the links with the fewest subscribers (which are typically the new links).

During normal network operations, the system maintains an even balance of traffic among the links in a bundle, even as subscribers log in and out. However, if the distribution of a bundle becomes uneven (for example, when a link goes down for a period of time and new subscribers are logging in), you can perform a manual rebalance of the bundle. In addition, you can configure periodic rebalancing of the bundle with a specific interval.

- [Configuring Periodic Rebalancing of Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 637](#)
- [Configuring Manual Rebalancing of Subscribers on an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 637](#)

## Configuring Periodic Rebalancing of Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface

If subscribers are frequently logging in and logging out of your network, you can configure the system to periodically rebalance the links based on a specific time and interval.

To configure periodic rebalancing:

1. Access the aggregated Ethernet interface for which you want to configure periodic rebalancing.

```
edit
user@host# edit interfaces aenumber aggregated-ether-options
```

2. Configure the rebalancing parameters for the interface, including the time and the interval between rebalancing actions.

```
[edit interfaces aenumber aggregated-ether-options]
user@host# rebalance-periodic time hour:minute <interval hours>
```

## Configuring Manual Rebalancing of Subscribers on an Aggregated Ethernet Interface

To manually rebalance the subscribers among the links in an aggregated Ethernet bundle with targeted distribution:

- Issue the **request interface rebalance** command:

**user@host# request interface rebalance interface <interface-name>**

- Related Documentation**
- [Verifying the Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 638](#)
  - [Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on page 636](#)
  - [Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 626](#)

---

## Verifying the Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface

**Purpose** View the distribution status of subscribers that are targeted to links in an aggregated Ethernet interface.

- Action**
- To display a summary of the distribution of links on the demux interface:  
**user@host> show interfaces demux0 extensive**
  - To display the targeted distribution on a specific aggregated Ethernet interface:  
**user@host> show interfaces targeting aex**

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on page 636](#)
  - [Configuring Rebalancing of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 637](#)

---

## Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface

You can configure the PPPoE family on an underlying interface as an alternative to configuring PPPoE encapsulation on that interface. You cannot configure both on the same interface. You can configure the same attributes for the PPPoE family as you can for an interface configured with **pppoe-underlying-options**.

Before you begin, configure the underlying interface. When you want to configure PPPoE on an aggregated Ethernet bundle, you must configure the PPPoE family over a VLAN demux interface as an intermediate underlying option. The VLAN demux interface can be static or dynamic.

The following topics describe how to configure basic static and dynamic interfaces:

- [Configuring a Subscriber Interface with a Static VLAN Interface on page 574](#)
- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 575](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)

To configure the PPPoE family over an underlying interface:

1. Specify the PPPoE family.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# set family pppoe
```

2. (Optional) Configure an alternative access concentrator name to be used instead of the system name in PPPoE control packets for the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number family pppoe]
user@host# set access-concentrator name
```

3. (Optional) Configure duplicate protection to prevent the activation of another dynamic PPPoE logical interface on the same underlying interface when a dynamic PPPoE logical interface for a client with the same MAC address is already active on that interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number family pppoe]
user@host# set duplicate-protection
```

4. (Optional) Attach a dynamic profile to determine the properties of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface when it is created.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number family pppoe]
user@host# set dynamic-profile profile-name
```

5. (Optional) Configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions that the router can activate on the underlying interface in either of the following ways:
  - To configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions on a per-interface basis, from 1 through the platform-specific default for your router, use the **max-sessions** statement:

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number family pppoe]
user@host# set max-sessions number
```

- To configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions on a per-subscriber basis, use the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks vendor-specific attribute (VSA) [26-143]. By default, the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA takes precedence over the PPPoE maximum session value configured with the **max-sessions** statement.
6. (Optional) Configure the router to ignore the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA and restore the PPPoE maximum session value on the underlying interface to the value configured in the CLI with the **max-sessions** statement.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number family pppoe]
user@host# set max-sessions-vsa-ignore
```

7. (Optional) Enable PPPoE subscriber session lockout on the PPPoE underlying interface in either of the following ways:
  - To configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout with the default lockout period:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set short-cycle-protection
```

- To configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout with a nondefault lockout period:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
```

```
user@host# set short-cycle-protection lockout-time-min minimum-seconds
lockout-time-max maximum-seconds
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** When you configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout, we recommend that you also enable duplicate protection to ensure that the MAC source address for each PPPoE session is unique on the underlying interface.

8. (Optional) Specify the service name table assigned to the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number family pppoe]
user@host# set service-name-table table-name
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
- [Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701](#)
- [Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 661](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 666](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Dynamic Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 672](#)

## CHAPTER 42

# Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Examples

- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a VLAN Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 641](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on an IP Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 644](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a VLAN Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 646](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Static VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 649](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 652](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv6 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 655](#)
- [Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic Stacked VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server on page 658](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 661](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 666](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Dynamic Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 672](#)

### Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a VLAN Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

---

This example shows how you can configure a subscriber interface using a static virtual LAN (VLAN) stacked on a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface. In this example, the underlying aggregated Ethernet logical interface is configured for one-to-one active/backup redundancy at the DPC level, and per-subscriber static hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) is configured by applying CoS parameters at the aggregated Ethernet logical interface.

1. Define the number of aggregated Ethernet interfaces on the router.

In this example, only one aggregated Ethernet logical interface is configured on the router.

```
[edit]
chassis {
 aggregated-devices {
 ethernet {
 device-count 1;
 }
 }
}
```

2. Configure **ae0**, a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface to serve as the underlying interface for the static VLAN subscriber interface. In order to support hierarchical CoS, the physical ports must be on EQ DPCs in MX Series routers.

In this example, the LAG bundle is configured for one-to-one active/backup link redundancy. To support link redundancy at the DPC level, the LAG bundle attaches ports from two different EQ DPCs.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ge-5/0/3 {
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 primary;
 }
 }
 }
 ge-5/1/2 {
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 backup;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

3. Configure **ae0** to serve as the underlying interface for the static VLAN interface.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ae0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 aggregated-ether-options {
 link-protection;
 minimum-links 1;
 link-speed 1g;
 lacp {
 active;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

## 4. Configure static traffic-shaping and scheduling parameters.

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 forwarding-classes { # Associate queue numbers with class names
 queue 0 be;
 queue 1 e;
 queue 2 af;
 queue 3 nc;
 }
 schedulers { # Define output queue properties
 scheduler_be {
 transmit-rate percent 30;
 buffer-size percent 30;
 }
 scheduler_ef {
 transmit-rate percent 40;
 buffer-size percent 40;
 }
 scheduler_af {
 transmit-rate percent 25;
 buffer-size percent 25;
 }
 scheduler_nc {
 transmit-rate percent 5;
 buffer-size percent 5;
 }
 }
 scheduler-maps { # Associate queues with schedulers
 smap_2 {
 forwarding-class be scheduler_be;
 forwarding-class ef scheduler_ef;
 forwarding-class af scheduler_af;
 forwarding-class nc scheduler_nc;
 }
 }
}
```

## 5. Attach static CoS to the physical and logical interfaces of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

In this example, three traffic control profiles are defined, but only two profiles are applied to the static VLAN subscriber interface over aggregated Ethernet:

- The **tcp\_for\_ae\_device\_pir\_500m** profile defines a shaping rate, and it is applied to both of the underlying physical interfaces (**ge-5/0/3** and **ge-5/1/2**).
- The **tcp-for-ae\_smap\_video\_pir\_20m\_delay\_30m** profile defines a scheduler map, a shaping rate, and a delay buffer rate, and it is applied to one of the logical interfaces on the aggregated Ethernet bundle (**ae0.0**).

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles { # Configure traffic shaping and scheduling profiles
 tcp_for_ae_device_pir_500m {
 shaping-rate 20m;
```

```
 }
 tcp_for_ae_smap_video_pir_20m_delay_30m {
 scheduler-map smap_video;
 shaping-rate 20m;
 delay-buffer-rate 30m;
 }
 tcp_for_ae_smap_video_cir_50m_delay_75m {
 scheduler-map smap_video;
 guaranteed-rate 50m;
 delay-buffer-rate 75m;
 }
}
interfaces { # Apply two traffic-control profiles to the LAG
 ae0 { # Two underlying physical interfaces on separate EQ DPCs
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp-for-ae_device_pir_500m;
 unit 0 { # One of the two logical interfaces on 'ae0'
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp-for-ae_smap_video_pir_20m_delay_30m;
 }
 }
}
}
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Static and Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 623](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 631](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)

---

## Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on an IP Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

---

This example shows how you can configure a subscriber interface using a static IP demultiplexing (demux) interface stacked on a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface. In this example, the underlying aggregated Ethernet logical interface is configured for one-to-one active/backup redundancy at the DPC level.

1. Define the number of aggregated Ethernet interfaces on the router.

In this example, only one aggregated Ethernet logical interface is configured on the router:

```
[edit]
chassis {
 aggregated-devices {
 ethernet {
 device-count 1;
 }
 }
}
```



2. Configure **ae0**, a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface to serve as the underlying interface for the static IP demux subscriber interface.

In this example, the LAG bundle is configured for one-to-one active/backup link redundancy. To support link redundancy at the DPC level, the LAG bundle attaches ports from two different EQ DPCs.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ge-5/0/3 {
 gether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 primary;
 }
 }
 }
 ge-5/1/2 {
 gether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 backup;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

3. Configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface with link protection enabled, and specify the logical demultiplexing source family type for both the active and backup links.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ae0 {
 aggregated-ether-options {
 link-protection;
 minimum-links 1;
 link-speed 1g;
 }
 unit 0 {
 demux-source inet {
 family inet {
 address 20.1.1.0/24;
 }
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 demux-source inet {
 family inet {
 address 20.1.1.1/24;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

4. Configure the IP demux interface over the aggregated Ethernet logical interface.

```
[edit]
```

```
interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit 101 {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae0.0;
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source 10.1.0.0/16;
 address 1.1.1.0/24;
 }
 }
 unit 101 {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae0.1;
 }
 family inet {
 demux-source 10.1.0.1/16;
 address 1.1.1.1/24;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
- [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 633](#)

---

## Example: Configuring a Static Subscriber Interface on a VLAN Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

---

This example shows how you can configure a subscriber interface using a static virtual LAN (VLAN) stacked on a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface. In this example, the underlying aggregated Ethernet logical interface is configured for one-to-one active/backup redundancy at the DPC level, and per-subscriber static hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) is configured by applying CoS parameters at the aggregated Ethernet logical interface.

1. Define the number of aggregated Ethernet interfaces on the router.

In this example, only one aggregated Ethernet logical interface is configured on the router.

```
[edit]
chassis {
 aggregated-devices {
 ethernet {
 device-count 1;
 }
 }
}
```

2. Configure **ae0**, a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface to serve as the underlying interface for the static VLAN subscriber interface. In order to support hierarchical CoS, the physical ports must be on EQ DPCs in MX Series routers.

In this example, the LAG bundle is configured for one-to-one active/backup link redundancy. To support link redundancy at the DPC level, the LAG bundle attaches ports from two different EQ DPCs.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ge-5/0/3 {
 gigaether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 primary;
 }
 }
 }
 ge-5/1/2 {
 gigaether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 backup;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

3. Configure **ae0** to serve as the underlying interface for the static VLAN interface.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ae0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 aggregated-ether-options {
 link-protection;
 minimum-links 1;
 link-speed 1g;
 lacp {
 active;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

4. Configure static traffic-shaping and scheduling parameters.

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 forwarding-classes { # Associate queue numbers with class names
 queue 0 be;
 queue 1 e;
 queue 2 af;
 queue 3 nc;
 }
 schedulers { # Define output queue properties
 scheduler_be {
```

```
 transmit-rate percent 30;
 buffer-size percent 30;
 }
 scheduler_ef {
 transmit-rate percent 40;
 buffer-size percent 40;
 }
 scheduler_af {
 transmit-rate percent 25;
 buffer-size percent 25;
 }
 scheduler_nc {
 transmit-rate percent 5;
 buffer-size percent 5;
 }
}
scheduler-maps { # Associate queues with schedulers
 smap_2 {
 forwarding-class be scheduler_be;
 forwarding-class ef scheduler_ef;
 forwarding-class-af scheduler_af;
 forwarding-class-nc scheduler_nc;
 }
}
}
```

5. Attach static CoS to the physical and logical interfaces of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

In this example, three traffic control profiles are defined, but only two profiles are applied to the static VLAN subscriber interface over aggregated Ethernet:

- The **tcp\_for\_ae\_device\_pir\_500m** profile defines a shaping rate, and it is applied to both of the underlying physical interfaces (**ge-5/0/3** and **ge-5/1/2**).
- The **tcp-for-ae\_smap\_video\_pir\_20m\_delay\_30m** profile defines a scheduler map, a shaping rate, and a delay buffer rate, and it is applied to one of the logical interfaces on the aggregated Ethernet bundle (**ae0.0**).

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles { # Configure traffic shaping and scheduling profiles
 tcp_for_ae_device_pir_500m {
 shaping-rate 20m;
 }
 tcp_for_ae_smap_video_pir_20m_delay_30m {
 scheduler-map smap_video;
 shaping-rate 20m;
 delay-buffer-rate 30m;
 }
 tcp_for_ae_smap_video_cir_50m_delay_75m {
 scheduler-map smap_video;
 guaranteed-rate 50m;
 delay-buffer-rate 75m;
 }
 }
}
```

```

interfaces { # Apply two traffic-control profiles to the LAG
 ae0 { # Two underlying physical interfaces on separate EQ DPCs
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp-for-ae_device_pir_500m;
 unit 0 { # One of the two logical interfaces on 'ae0'
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp-for-ae_smap_video_pir_20m_delay_30m;
 }
 }
}

```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Static and Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 623](#)
- [Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 631](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)

## Example: Configuring IPv4 Static VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server

This example shows how to configure a static IPv4 VLAN demux interface with aggregated Ethernet as the underlying interface. DHCP Local Server configuration enables the association of subscribers to the VLAN demux interface by listing the aggregated Ethernet interface in the DHCP local server configuration.

To configure dynamic subscribers on VLAN demux interfaces:

1. Enable hierarchical scheduling and VLAN tagging on the underlying interface that you plan to use for any VLAN demux interfaces.

```

interfaces {
 ae1 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 aggregated-ether-options {
 minimum-links 1;
 lacp {
 active;
 periodic slow;
 link-protection {
 non-revertive;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

2. Define the gigabit Ethernet interfaces that are part of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

```

interfaces {
 ge-5/0/0 {
 gigether-options {

```

```
 802.3ad ae1;
 }
}
ge-5/2/0 {
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad ae1;
 }
}
}
```

3. Define the demux interface.

```
interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit 102 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-id 103;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae1;
 }
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 173.16.1.1;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

4. Define the loopback interface.

```
interfaces {
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 192.16.1.1/32;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

5. Configure a dynamic profile for initial subscriber access.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 user-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 protocols {
 igmp {
 interface "$junos-interface-name" {
 version 3;
 immediate-leave;
 promiscuous-mode;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 }
}

```

6. Configure the access method used to dynamically create the subscriber interfaces.

The following stanza specifies the aggregated Ethernet interface (**ae1.0**) for use with the dynamically created subscriber interfaces.

```

system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface ae1.0;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

Instead of using the aggregated Ethernet interface, you can alternatively specify the specific demux interface (**demux0.102**) as the device to use with the subscriber interfaces as follows:

```

system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface demux0.102;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

## Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server

This example shows how to configure the dynamic creation of IPv4 VLAN demux interfaces with aggregated Ethernet as the underlying interface. DHCP Local Server configuration enables the association of subscribers to the VLAN demux interface by listing the aggregated Ethernet interface in the DHCP local server configuration.



**NOTE:** VLAN demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet physical interfaces are supported only for MX Series routers that have only Trio MPCs installed. If the router has other cards in addition to Trio MPCs, the CLI accepts the configuration but errors are reported when the subscriber interfaces are brought up.

To configure dynamic subscribers on dynamic VLAN demux interfaces:

1. Enable VLAN tagging and VLAN auto-configuration on the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface that you plan to use for dynamically created VLAN demux interfaces.

```
interfaces {
 ae1 {
 vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 aggregated-ether-options {
 minimum-links 1;
 lacp {
 active;
 periodic slow;
 link-protection {
 non-revertive;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

2. Define the gigabit Ethernet interfaces that are part of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

```
interfaces {
 ge-5/0/0 {
 giger-options {
 802.3ad ae1;
 }
 }
}
```



```

 }
 ge-5/2/0 {
 gige-ether-options {
 802.3ad ael;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

3. Define the loopback interface.

```

interfaces {
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 192.16.1.1/32;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

4. Configure a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 user-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

5. Configure a dynamic profile for VLAN demux interface creation.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-id "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name";
 }
 family inet {
 filter {
 input rate_limit;
 output rate_limit;
 }
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.16.1.1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

6. Configure the access method used to dynamically create the subscriber interfaces. The following stanza specifies the aggregated Ethernet interface (**ae1.0**) for use with the dynamically created subscriber interfaces.

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface ae1.0;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

Instead of using the aggregated Ethernet interface, you can alternatively specify **demux0** as the device to use with the subscriber interfaces as follows:



**NOTE:** Because the demux interfaces and unit values are created dynamically, the unit number is not specified for the demux0 interface.

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface demux0;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

## Example: Configuring IPv6 Dynamic VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server

This example shows how to configure the dynamic creation of IPv6 VLAN demux interfaces with aggregated Ethernet as the underlying interface. DHCP Local Server configuration enables the association of subscribers to the VLAN demux interface by listing the aggregated Ethernet interface in the DHCP local server configuration.



**NOTE:** VLAN demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet physical interfaces are supported only for MX Series routers that have only Trio MPCs installed. If the router has other cards in addition to Trio MPCs, the CLI accepts the configuration but errors are reported when the subscriber interfaces are brought up.

To configure dynamic subscribers on dynamic VLAN demux interfaces:

1. Enable VLAN tagging and VLAN auto-configuration on the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface that you plan to use for dynamically created VLAN demux interfaces.

```

interfaces {
 ae1 {
 vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 accept inet6;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 aggregated-ether-options {
 minimum-links 1;
 lacp {
 active;
 periodic slow;
 link-protection {
 non-revertive;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

2. Define the gigabit Ethernet interfaces that are part of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

```

interfaces {
 ge-5/0/0 {
 giger-options {
 802.3ad ae1;
 }
 }
}

```

```
 }
 ge-5/2/0 {
 gigeether-options {
 802.3ad ael;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

3. Define the loopback interface.

```
interfaces {
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet6 {
 address 2009:174:1:1::1/128;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

4. Configure a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 user-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet6;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

5. Configure a dynamic profile for VLAN demux interface creation.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-id "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name";
 }
 family inet6 {
 filter {
 input v6_rate_limit;
 output v6_rate_limit;
 }
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 2009:174:1:1::1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

6. Configure the access method used to dynamically create the subscriber interfaces. The following stanza specifies the aggregated Ethernet interface (**ae1.0**) for use with the dynamically created subscriber interfaces.

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 dhcpv6 {
 group myV6DhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface ae1.0;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

Instead of using the aggregated Ethernet interface, you can alternatively specify **demux0** as the device to use with the subscriber interfaces as follows:



**NOTE:** Because the demux interfaces and unit values are created dynamically, the unit number is not specified for the demux0 interface.

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 dhcpv6 {
 group myV6DhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface demux0;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)
  - [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)

## Example: Configuring IPv4 Dynamic Stacked VLAN Demux Interfaces over an Aggregated Ethernet Underlying Interface with DHCP Local Server

This example shows how to configure the dynamic creation of IPv4 stacked VLAN demux interfaces with aggregated Ethernet as the underlying interface. DHCP Local Server configuration enables the association of subscribers to the VLAN demux interface by listing the aggregated Ethernet interface in the DHCP local server configuration.



**NOTE:** VLAN demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet physical interfaces are supported only for MX Series routers that have only Trio MPCs installed. If the router has other cards in addition to Trio MPCs, the CLI accepts the configuration but errors are reported when the subscriber interfaces are brought up.

To configure dynamic subscribers on dynamic VLAN demux interfaces:

1. Enable VLAN tagging and VLAN auto-configuration on the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface that you plan to use for dynamically created VLAN demux interfaces.

```

interfaces {
 ae1 {
 flexible-vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 stacked-vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 aggregated-ether-options {
 minimum-links 1;
 lacp {
 active;
 periodic slow;
 link-protection {
 non-revertive;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

2. Define the gigabit Ethernet interfaces that are part of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

```

interfaces {
 ge-5/0/0 {
 giger-options {
 802.3ad ae1;
 }
 }
}

```

```

 }
 ge-5/2/0 {
 gige-ether-options {
 802.3ad ael;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

3. Define the loopback interface.

```

interfaces {
 lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 192.16.1.1/32;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

4. Configure a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 user-profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

5. Configure a dynamic profile for VLAN demux interface creation.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 auto-vlanDemux-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-tags outer "$junos-stacked-vlan-id" inner "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name";
 }
 family inet {
 filter {
 input rate_limit;
 output rate_limit;
 }
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.16.1.1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

6. Configure the access method used to dynamically create the subscriber interfaces. The following stanza specifies the aggregated Ethernet interface (**ae1.0**) for use with the dynamically created subscriber interfaces.

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface ae1.0;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

Instead of using the aggregated Ethernet interface, you can alternatively specify **demux0** as the device to use with the subscriber interfaces as follows:



**NOTE:** Because the demux interfaces and unit values are created dynamically, the unit number is not specified for the demux0 interface.

```
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 group myDhcpGroup {
 authentication {
 password test;
 username-include {
 user-prefix igmp-user1;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile user-profile;
 interface demux0;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)



## Example: Configuring a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

This example shows how you can configure static PPPoE subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet bundles to provide subscriber link redundancy.

- [Requirements on page 661](#)
- [Overview on page 661](#)
- [Configuration on page 661](#)
- [Verification on page 664](#)

### Requirements

PPPoE over VLAN demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet requires the following hardware and software:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers
- Trio MPCs
- Junos OS Release 11.2 or later

No special configuration beyond device initialization is required before you can configure this feature.

### Overview

Aggregated Ethernet bundles enable link redundancy between the router and networking devices connected by Ethernet links. This example describes how to configure link redundancy for static PPPoE subscribers over aggregated Ethernet interface with an intermediate static VLAN demux interface. Sample tasks include configuring a two-member aggregated Ethernet bundle on **ae0**, configuring a static VLAN demux interface, **demux0.100**, that underlies the PPPoE subscriber interface, **pp0.100**, and configuring the PPPoE subscriber interface including characteristics of the PPPoE family.

This example does not show all possible configuration choices.

### Configuration

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure link redundancy for static PPPoE subscribers over a static VLAN demux interface over aggregated Ethernet, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI.

```
[edit]
set chassis aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
set interfaces ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad primary
set interfaces ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad backup
set interfaces ae0 flexible-vlan-tagging
set interfaces ae0 aggregated-ether-options link-protection
```

```
edit interfaces demux0 unit 100
set vlan-id 100
set demux-options underlying-interface ae0
set family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
set family pppoe duplicate-protection
set family pppoe max-sessions 16000
top
edit interfaces pp0 unit 100
set pppoe-options underlying-interface demux0.100
set pppoe-options server
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
top
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode*.

To configure link redundancy for static PPPoE subscribers over a static VLAN demux interface over aggregated Ethernet:

1. Define the number of aggregated Ethernet devices on the router.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# set aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
```

2. Configure a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface to serve as the underlying interface for the static VLAN demux subscriber interface. In this example, the LAG bundle is configured for one-to-one active/backup link redundancy. To support link redundancy at the MPC level, the LAG bundle attaches to ports from two different Trio MPCs.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
user@host# set ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad primary
user@host# set ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
user@host# set ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad backup
```

3. Enable link protection on the aggregated Ethernet logical interface and configure support for single and dual (stacked) VLAN tags.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set ae0 aggregated-ether-options link-protection
user@host# set ae0 flexible-vlan-tagging
```

4. Configure the VLAN demux interface over the aggregated Ethernet logical interface.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 vlan-id 100
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 demux-options underlying-interface ae0
```

5. Configure the PPPoE family attributes on the VLAN demux interface.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 family pppoe duplicate-protection
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 family pppoe max-sessions 16000
```

6. Configure the VLAN demux interface as the underlying interface on which the PPPoE logical interface is created.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set pp0 unit 100 pppoe-options underlying-interface demux0.100
user@host# set pp0 unit 100 pppoe-options server
user@host# set pp0 unit 100 family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the aggregated device configuration by entering the **show chassis** command. Confirm the interface configuration by entering the **show interfaces** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show chassis
aggregated-devices {
 ethernet {
 device-count 1;
 }
}

[edit]
user@host# show interfaces
ge-5/0/3 {
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 primary;
 }
 }
}
ge-5/1/2 {
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 backup;
 }
 }
}
ae0 {
 flexible-vlan-tagging;
 aggregated-ether-options {
 link-protection;
 }
}
demux0 {
 unit 100 {
 vlan-id 100;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae0;
 }
 }
 family pppoe {
 access-concentrator pppoe-server-1;
 duplicate-protection;
 max-sessions 16000;
 }
}
```

```

 }
 }
}
pp0 {
 unit 100 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface demux0.100;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0;
 }
 }
}
}

```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration on page 664](#)
- [Verifying the demux0 Interface Configuration on page 665](#)
- [Verifying the pp0 Interface Configuration on page 665](#)

### Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the interface values match your configuration, the link is up, and traffic is flowing.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces redundancy** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces redundancy
Interface State Last change Primary Secondary Current status
ae0 On primary ge-5/0/3 ge-5/1/2 both up

```

From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces ae0** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces ae0
Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 606
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1Gbps, BPDU Error: None,
 MAC-REWRITE Error: None, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled,
 Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1, Minimum bandwidth needed: 0
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Current address: 00:1f:12:b8:ef:c0, Hardware address: 00:1f:12:b8:ef:c0
 Last flapped : 2011-03-11 13:24:18 PST (2d 03:34 ago)
 Input rate : 1984 bps (2 pps)
 Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)

```

```

Logical interface ae0.32767 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 709)
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4004000 VLAN-Tag [0x0000.0] Encapsulation: ENET2
 Statistics Packets pps Bytes bps
 Bundle:
 Input : 371259 2 46036116 1984
 Output: 0 0 0 0

```

```

Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited
Flags: Is-Primary

```

**Meaning** The **show interfaces redundancy** output shows the redundant link configuration and that both link interfaces are up. The **show interfaces ae0** output shows that the aggregated Ethernet interface is up and that traffic is being received on the logical interface.

### Verifying the demux0 Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the VLAN demux interface displays the configured PPPoE family attributes and the member links in the aggregated Ethernet bundle.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces demux0** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces demux0.100
Logical interface demux0.100 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 61160)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [0x8100.100]
Encapsulation: ENET2
Demux:
 Underlying interface: ae0 (Index 199)
Link:
 ge-5/0/3
 ge-5/1/2
Input packets : 2
Output packets: 18575
Protocol pppoe
 Dynamic Profile: none,
 Service Name Table: None,
 Max Sessions: 16000, Duplicate Protection: On,
 AC Name: pppoe-server-1

```

Alternatively, you can enter **show pppoe underlying-interfaces detail** to display the state and PPPoE family configuration for all configured underlying interfaces.

**Meaning** The output shows the name of the underlying interface, the member links of the aggregated bundle, and the PPPoE family configuration. The output shows packet counts when traffic is present on the logical interface.

### Verifying the pp0 Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the interface values match your configuration.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces pp0** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces pp0.100
Logical interface pp0.100 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 710)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
PPPoE:
 State: SessionUp, Session ID: 1,
 Session AC name: pppoe-server-1, Remote MAC address: 00:90:1a:00:18:34,
 Underlying interface: demux0.100 (Index 70)
Link:
 ge-5/0/3.32767
 ge-5/1/2.32767
Input packets : 18572
Output packets: 18572

```

```
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 18566 (00:00:02 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
PAP state: Success
 Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
 Flags: Sendbroadcast-pkt-to-re
 Addresses, Flags: Is-Primary
 Local: 45.63.24.1
```

**Meaning** This output shows information about the PPPoE logical interface created on the underlying VLAN demux interface. The output includes the PPPoE family and aggregated Ethernet redundant link information, and shows input and output traffic for the PPPoE interface.

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
  - [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
  - [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 575](#)
  - [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)

## Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

---

This example shows how you can configure dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet bundles to provide subscriber link redundancy.

- [Requirements on page 666](#)
- [Overview on page 667](#)
- [Configuration on page 667](#)
- [Verification on page 670](#)

### Requirements

PPPoE over VLAN demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet requires the following hardware and software:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers
- Trio MPCs
- Junos OS Release 11.2 or later

No special configuration beyond device initialization is required before you can configure this feature.

## Overview

Aggregated Ethernet bundles enable link redundancy between the router and networking devices connected by Ethernet links. This example describes how to configure link redundancy for dynamic PPPoE subscribers over aggregated Ethernet interface, **ae0**, with an intermediate static VLAN demux interface, **demux0.100**. Sample tasks include configuring a two-member aggregated Ethernet bundle, configuring a static VLAN demux interface that underlies the PPPoE subscriber interface, and configuring the dynamic profile that establishes the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces.

The dynamic PPPoE profile (**pppoe-profile**) creates the PPPoE subscriber interface. It also configures the router to act as a PPPoE server and enables the local address to be derived from the specified address without assigning an explicit IP address to the interface. The **pppoe-profile** dynamic profile is assigned to the static, intermediate VLAN demux interface (**demux0.100**), which is configured with the PPPoE family (**family pppoe**) attributes. This dynamic profile includes the following predefined variables:

- **\$junos-interface-unit**—Represents the logical unit number of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number supplied by the router when the subscriber logs in.
- **\$junos-underlying-interface**—Represents the name of the underlying Ethernet interface. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the interface name supplied by the router when the subscriber logs in.

This example does not show all possible configuration choices.

## Configuration

### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure link redundancy for dynamic PPPoE subscribers over a static VLAN demux interface over aggregated Ethernet, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI.

```
[edit]
set chassis aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
set interfaces ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad primary
set interfaces ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad backup
set interfaces ae0 flexible-vlan-tagging
set interfaces ae0 aggregated-ether-options link-protection
set interfaces demux0 unit 100 vlan-id 100
set interfaces demux0 unit 100 demux-options underlying-interface ae0
set interfaces demux0 unit 100 family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
set interfaces demux0 unit 100 family pppoe duplicate-protection
set interfaces demux0 unit 100 family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-profile
edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-profile
edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
set pppoe-options server
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
top
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode*.

To configure link redundancy for dynamic PPPoE subscribers over a static VLAN demux interface over aggregated Ethernet:

1. Define the number of aggregated Ethernet devices on the router.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# set aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
```

2. Configure a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface to serve as the underlying interface for the static VLAN demux subscriber interface. In this example, the LAG bundle is configured for one-to-one active/backup link redundancy. To support link redundancy at the MPC level, the LAG bundle attaches to ports from two different Trio MPCs.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
user@host# set ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad primary
user@host# set ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
user@host# set ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad backup
```

3. Enable link protection on the aggregated Ethernet logical interface and configure support for single and dual (stacked) VLAN tags.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set ae0 aggregated-ether-options link-protection
user@host# set ae0 flexible-vlan-tagging
```

4. Configure the VLAN demux interface over the aggregated Ethernet logical interface.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 vlan-id 100
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 demux-options underlying-interface ae0
```

5. Configure the PPPoE family attributes on the VLAN demux interface, including the dynamic profile.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 family pppoe duplicate-protection
user@host# set demux0 unit 100 family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-profile
```

6. Configure the dynamic profile that creates the PPPoE subscriber interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-profile]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
user@host# set pppoe-options server
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the aggregated device configuration by entering the **show chassis** command. Confirm the interface configuration by entering the **show interfaces** command. Confirm the dynamic profile configuration by entering the **show**



**dynamic-profiles** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show chassis
aggregated-devices {
 ethernet {
 device-count 1;
 }
}

[edit]
user@host# show interfaces
ge-5/0/3 {
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 primary;
 }
 }
}
ge-5/1/2 {
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 backup;
 }
 }
}
ae0 {
 flexible-vlan-tagging;
 aggregated-ether-options {
 link-protection;
 }
}
demux0 {
 unit 100 {
 vlan-id 100;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae0;
 }
 }
 family pppoe {
 access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile pppoe-profile;
 }
}

[edit]
user@host# show dynamic-profiles
pppoe-profile {
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 pppoe-options {
```

```

 underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0;
 }
}
}
}
}

```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration on page 670](#)
- [Verifying the demux0 Interface Configuration on page 671](#)

### Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the interface values match your configuration, the link is up, and traffic is flowing.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces redundancy** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces redundancy
Interface State Last change Primary Secondary Current status
ae0 On primary ge-5/0/3 ge-5/1/2 both up

```

From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces ae0** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces ae0
Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 606
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1Gbps, BPDU Error: None,
 MAC-REWRITE Error: None, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled,
 Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1, Minimum bandwidth needed: 0
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Current address: 00:1f:12:b8:ef:c0, Hardware address: 00:1f:12:b8:ef:c0
 Last flapped : 2011-03-11 13:24:18 PST (2d 03:34 ago)
 Input rate : 1984 bps (2 pps)
 Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface ae0.32767 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 709)
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4004000 VLAN-Tag [0x0000.0] Encapsulation: ENET2
 Statistics Packets pps Bytes bps
 Bundle:
 Input : 371259 2 46036116 1984
 Output: 0 0 0 0
 Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited
 Flags: Is-Primary

```

**Meaning** The **show interfaces redundancy** output shows the redundant link configuration and that both link interfaces are up. The **show interfaces ae0** output shows that the aggregated Ethernet interface is up and that traffic is being received on the logical interface.

### Verifying the demux0 Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the VLAN demux interface displays the configured PPPoE family attributes and the member links in the aggregated Ethernet bundle.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces demux0** command.

```
user@host> show interfaces demux0.100
Logical interface demux0.100 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 61160)
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [0x8100.100]
 Encapsulation: ENET2
 Demux:
 Underlying interface: ae0 (Index 199)
 Link:
 ge-5/0/3
 ge-5/1/2
 Input packets : 2
 Output packets: 18575
 Protocol pppoe
 Dynamic Profile: pppoe-profile,
 Service Name Table: None,
 Max Sessions: 16000, Duplicate Protection: On,
 AC Name: pppoe-server-1
```

Alternatively, you can enter **show pppoe underlying-interfaces detail** to display the state and PPPoE family configuration for all configured underlying interfaces. The output also provides information about PPPoE negotiation on a per-VLAN basis.

**Meaning** The output shows the name of the underlying interface, the member links of the aggregated bundle, and the PPPoE family configuration. The output shows packet counts when traffic is present on the logical interface.

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
  - [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
  - [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)
  - [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)
  - [Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696](#)

## Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Dynamic Underlying VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

---

This example shows how you can configure dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet bundles to provide subscriber link redundancy.

- [Requirements on page 672](#)
- [Overview on page 672](#)
- [Configuration on page 673](#)
- [Verification on page 677](#)

### Requirements

PPPoE over VLAN demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet requires the following hardware and software:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers
- Trio MPCs
- Junos OS Release 11.2 or later

No special configuration beyond device initialization is required before you can configure this feature.

### Overview

Aggregated Ethernet bundles enable link redundancy between the router and networking devices connected by Ethernet links. This example describes how to configure link redundancy for dynamic PPPoE subscribers over aggregated Ethernet with an intermediate dynamic VLAN demux interface. Sample tasks include configuring a two-member aggregated Ethernet bundle, configuring dynamic profiles that establish the dynamic VLAN demux interface that underlies the PPPoE subscriber interface, and configuring the dynamic profile that establishes the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces.

In this example, two different dynamic profiles are configured to instantiate either VLAN (**vlan-profile**) or S-VLAN (**svlan-profile**) demux interfaces. These profiles define PPPoE family options and include the dynamic PPPoE profile (**pppoe-profile**) that creates the PPPoE subscriber interface. Junos OS predefined variables are used in each profile to represent the interfaces and VLAN identifiers that are dynamically created. These dynamic profiles include the following predefined variables:

- **\$junos-interface-unit**—Represents the logical unit number of the dynamic VLAN demux interface. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number supplied by the router when the subscriber logs in.
- **\$junos-interface-ifd-name**—Represents the underlying logical interface on which the PPPoE subscriber interface is created. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the name of the underlying interface supplied by the router when the subscriber logs in.

- **\$junos-vlan-id**—Represents the VLAN identifier. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with a VLAN ID when the subscriber logs in. The VLAN ID is allocated within the VLAN range specified in the aggregated Ethernet configuration. In the case of the S-VLAN demux, **\$junos-vlan-id** represents the inner VLAN identifier.
- **\$junos-stacked-vlan-id**—Represents the outer VLAN identifier for the stacked VLAN. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with a VLAN ID when the subscriber logs in. The VLAN ID is allocated within the VLAN range specified in the aggregated Ethernet configuration. This variable is not used for the VLAN demux configuration.

The dynamic PPPoE profile (**pppoe-profile**) creates the PPPoE subscriber interface. It also configures the router to act as a PPPoE server and enables the local address to be derived from the specified address without assigning an explicit IP address to the interface. The **pppoe-profile** dynamic profile is assigned to the dynamic, intermediate VLAN and S-VLAN demux interfaces. This dynamic profile includes the following predefined variables:

- **\$junos-interface-unit**—Represents the logical unit number of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number supplied by the router when the subscriber logs in.
- **\$junos-underlying-interface**—Represents the name of the underlying Ethernet interface. This predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the interface name supplied by the router when the subscriber logs in.

This example does not show all possible configuration choices.

## Configuration

### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure link redundancy for dynamic PPPoE subscribers over a dynamic VLAN demux interface over aggregated Ethernet, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI.

```
[edit]
set chassis aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
set interfaces ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad primary
set interfaces ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad backup
edit interfaces ae0
set flexible-vlan-tagging
set aggregated-ether-options link-protection
edit auto-configure
set vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-profile accept pppoe
set vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-profile ranges 1-4094
set stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile svlan-profile accept pppoe
set stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile svlan-profile ranges 1-4094,1-4094
top
edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-profile
edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
set pppoe-options server
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

```
top
edit dynamic-profiles vlan-profile interfaces demux0
edit unit $junos-interface-unit
set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
set family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
set family pppoe duplicate-protection
set family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-profile
top
edit dynamic-profiles svlan-profile interfaces demux0
edit unit $junos-interface-unit
set vlan-tags outer $junos-stacked-vlan-id
set vlan-tags inner $junos-vlan-id
set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
set family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
set family pppoe duplicate-protection
set family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-profile
top
```

**Step-by-Step  
Procedure**

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode*.

To configure link redundancy for dynamic PPPoE subscribers over a dynamic VLAN demux interface over aggregated Ethernet:

1. Define the number of aggregated Ethernet devices on the router.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# set aggregated-devices ethernet device-count 1
```

2. Configure a two-link aggregated Ethernet logical interface to serve as the underlying interface for the dynamic VLAN demux subscriber interface. In this example, the LAG bundle is configured for one-to-one active/backup link redundancy. To support link redundancy at the MPC level, the LAG bundle attaches to ports from two different Trio MPCs.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
user@host# set ge-5/0/3 gigether-options 802.3ad primary
user@host# set ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
user@host# set ge-5/1/2 gigether-options 802.3ad backup
```

3. Enable link protection on the aggregated Ethernet logical interface and configure support for single and dual (stacked) VLAN tags.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set ae0 aggregated-ether-options link-protection
user@host# set ae0 flexible-vlan-tagging
```

4. Configure the parameters for automatically configuring VLANs and S-VLANs, including the VLAN ranges and dynamic profiles.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-profile accept
pppoe
```

```

user@host# set ae0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-profile ranges
1-4094
user@host# set ae0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile
svlan-profile accept pppoe
user@host# set ae0 auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges dynamic-profile
svlan-profile ranges 1-4094,1-4094

```

5. Configure the dynamic profile that creates the PPPoE subscriber interface.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-profile]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
user@host# set pppoe-options server
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0

```

6. Configure the dynamic profile that creates VLAN demux underlying interfaces, including the PPPoE family attributes.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles vlan-profile]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
[edit dynamic-profiles vlan-profile interfaces demux0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
user@host# set family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
user@host# set family pppoe duplicate-protection
user@host# set family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-profile

```

7. Configure the dynamic profile that creates S-VLAN demux underlying interfaces, including the PPPoE family attributes.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles svlan-profile]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0 unit $junos-interface-unit
[edit dynamic-profiles svlan-profile interfaces demux0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set vlan-tags outer $junos-stacked-vlan-id
user@host# set vlan-tags inner $junos-vlan-id
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface $junos-interface-ifd-name
user@host# set family pppoe access-concentrator pppoe-server-1
user@host# set family pppoe duplicate-protection
user@host# set family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-profile

```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the aggregated device configuration by entering the **show chassis** command. Confirm the interface configuration by entering the **show interfaces** command. Confirm the dynamic profile configuration by entering the **show dynamic-profiles** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```

[edit]
user@host# show chassis
aggregated-devices {
 ethernet {
 device-count 1;
 }
}

[edit]
user@host# show interfaces

```

```
ge-5/0/3 {
 gether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 primary;
 }
 }
}
ge-5/1/2 {
 gether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 backup;
 }
 }
}
ae0 {
 flexible-vlan-tagging;
 aggregated-ether-options {
 link-protection;
 }
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile {
 vlan-profile {
 accept pppoe;
 vlan-ranges 1-4094;
 }
 }
 }
 stacked-vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile {
 svlan-profile {
 accept pppoe;
 vlan-ranges 1-4094,1-4094;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
[edit]
user@host# show dynamic-profiles
pppoe-profile {
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```



```

 }
 }
 vlan-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-id "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name";
 }
 family pppoe {
 access-concentrator pppoe-server-1;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile pppoe-profile;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
svlan-profile {
 interfaces {
 demux0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-tags outer "$junos-stacked-vlan-id" inner "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name";
 }
 family pppoe {
 access-concentrator pppoe-server-1;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile pppoe-profile;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
}

```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration on page 677](#)

### Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the interface values match your configuration, the link is up, and traffic is flowing.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces redundancy** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces redundancy
Interface State Last change Primary Secondary Current status
ae0 On primary ge-5/0/3 ge-5/0/3 ge-5/1/2 both up

```

From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces ae0** command.

```
user@host> show interfaces ae0
Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 606
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1Gbps, BPDU Error: None,
 MAC-REWRITE Error: None, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled,
 Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1, Minimum bandwidth needed: 0
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Current address: 00:1f:12:b8:ef:c0, Hardware address: 00:1f:12:b8:ef:c0
 Last flapped : 2011-03-11 13:24:18 PST (2d 03:34 ago)
 Input rate : 1984 bps (2 pps)
 Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface ae0.32767 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 709)
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4004000 VLAN-Tag [0x0000.0] Encapsulation: ENET2
 Statistics Packets pps Bytes bps
 Bundle:
 Input : 371259 2 46036116 1984
 Output : 0 0 0 0
 Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited
 Flags: Is-Primary
```

**Meaning** The **show interfaces redundancy** output shows the redundant link configuration and that both link interfaces are up. The **show interfaces ae0** output shows that the aggregated Ethernet interface is up and that traffic is being received on the logical interface.

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview on page 569](#)
  - [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#)
  - [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580](#)
  - [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)
  - [Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696](#)

# Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview

- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview on page 683](#)
- [PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Overview on page 686](#)
- [Guidelines for Using PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS on page 688](#)
- [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Overview on page 689](#)
- [Understanding the Lockout Period for PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout on page 692](#)

## Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview

---

You can configure the router to dynamically create Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) logical interfaces on statically created underlying Ethernet interfaces. The router automatically and transparently creates the dynamic interface in response to the receipt of a PPPoE Active Discovery Request (PADR) control packet on the underlying interface. Because the router creates a dynamic PPPoE logical interface on demand when a subscriber logs in to the network, dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces are also referred to as *dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces*.

To enable the router to create a dynamic PPPoE logical interface on an underlying Ethernet interface, you define the attributes of the PPPoE logical interface in a dynamic profile, and then attach the dynamic profile to an Ethernet interface configured with PPPoE encapsulation. When the router receives a PADR control packet from a PPPoE client on an underlying interface with a PPPoE dynamic profile attached, the router uses the attributes defined in the profile to instantiate a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface to handle the PPPoE session.

This overview covers the following topics:

- [Benefits of Using Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 680](#)
- [Supported Platforms for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 681](#)
- [Sequence of Operations for PPPoE Subscriber Access on page 681](#)

## Benefits of Using Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

Configuring and using dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces offers the following benefits:

- On-demand dynamic interface creation

Configuring dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces provides the flexibility of dynamically creating the PPPoE subscriber interface only when needed; that is, when a subscriber logs in on the associated underlying Ethernet interface. By contrast, statically created interfaces allocate and consume system resources when the interface is created.

Configuring and using dynamically created interfaces helps you effectively and conveniently manage edge or access networks in which large numbers of subscribers are constantly logging in to and logging out from the network on a transient basis.

- Dynamic removal of PPPoE subscriber interfaces without manual intervention

When the PPPoE subscriber logs out or the PPPoE session is terminated, the router dynamically deletes the associated PPPoE subscriber interface without your intervention, thereby restoring any consumed resources to the router.

- Use of dynamic profiles to efficiently manage multiple subscriber interfaces

A *dynamic profile* is a set of characteristics that can be dynamically assigned to subscriber interfaces. By using a profile, you reduce the management of a large number of interfaces by applying a set of common characteristics to multiple interfaces. When you configure a dynamic profile for PPPoE, you use predefined dynamic variables in the profile to represent information that varies from subscriber to subscriber, such as the logical unit number and underlying interface name. These variables are dynamically replaced with the values supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

- Denial of service (DoS) protection

You can optionally configure the underlying Ethernet interface with certain PPPoE-specific attributes that can reduce the potential for DoS attacks. Duplicate protection, which is disabled by default, prevents activation of another dynamic PPPoE logical interface on the underlying interface when a PPPoE logical interface for the same client is already active on the underlying interface. You can also specify the maximum number of PPPoE sessions that the router can activate on the underlying interface. By enabling duplicate protection and restricting the maximum number of PPPoE sessions on the underlying interface, you can ensure that a single toxic PPPoE client cannot monopolize allocation of the PPPoE session.

- Support for dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface creation from PPPoE service name tables

You can assign a previously configured PPPoE dynamic profile to a named, **empty**, or **any** service entry in a PPPoE service name table, or to an agent circuit identifier/agent remote identifier (ACI/ARI) pair defined for these services. The router uses the attributes defined in the profile to instantiate a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface based on the service name, ACI, and ARI information provided by the PPPoE client during PPPoE negotiation. To specify the routing instance in which to instantiate the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface, you can assign a previously configured routing instance to a named, **empty**, or **any** service, or to an ACI/ARI pair defined for these services. The dynamic

profile and routing instance configured for the PPPoE service name table overrides the dynamic profile and routing instance assigned to the PPPoE underlying interface on which the dynamic subscriber interface is created.

## Supported Platforms for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

Configuration of dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces over static underlying Ethernet interfaces is supported on the following routing platforms:

- Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2) PICs on M120 Multiservice Edge Router and M320 Multiservice Edge Router
- Trio MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers

## Sequence of Operations for PPPoE Subscriber Access

When a PPPoE subscriber logs in to the network, the PPPoE protocol defines the sequence of operations by which a connection is established and traffic flow is enabled on the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface. Similarly, when the PPPoE subscriber logs out from the network, PPPoE defines the sequence that occurs to terminate the connection and remove the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface from the router.

The router creates a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface for each new PPPoE session, and removes the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface when the session is terminated due to subscriber logout, PPP negotiation failure, or down status of the underlying Ethernet interface. Dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces are never reused for multiple PPPoE sessions.

### Sequence When a PPPoE Subscriber Logs In

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In a PPPoE subscriber network, the router acts as a *remote access concentrator*, also known as a *PPPoE server*. For a PPPoE client to initiate a PPPoE session with a PPPoE server, it must first perform PPPoE Discovery to identify the Ethernet MAC address of the remote access concentrator that can service its request. Based on the network topology, there may be more than one remote access concentrator with which the client can communicate. The Discovery process enables a PPPoE client to find all remote access concentrators and then select one to connect to.

The following sequence occurs when a PPPoE subscriber logs in to the network. Steps 1 through 5 in this sequence are part of the PPPoE Discovery process.

1. The PPPoE client broadcasts a PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI) packet to all remote access concentrators in the network.
2. One or more remote access concentrators respond to the PADI packet by sending a PPPoE Active Discovery Offer (PADO) packet, indicating that they can service the client request. The PADO packet includes the name of the access concentrator from which it was sent.
3. The client sends a unicast PPPoE Active Discovery Request (PADR) packet to the access concentrator it selects.

4. On receipt of the PADR packet on the underlying interface associated with a PPPoE dynamic profile, the router uses the attributes configured in the dynamic profile to create the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.
5. The router sends a PPPoE Active Discovery Session (PADS) packet to confirm establishment of the PPPoE connection.
6. The PPP Link Control Protocol (LCP) negotiates the PPP link between the client and the PPPoE server.
7. The subscriber is authenticated using the PPP authentication protocol (CHAP or PAP) configured in the PPPoE dynamic profile.
8. The PPP Network Control Protocol (NCP) negotiates the IP routing protocol and network family.
9. The PPP server issues an IP access address for the client, and the router adds the client access route to its routing table.
10. The router instantiates the dynamic profile and applies the attributes configured in the profile to the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface.
11. PPP NCP negotiation completes, enabling traffic flow between the PPPoE client and the PPPoE server.

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#### Sequence When a PPPoE Subscriber Logs Out

The following sequence occurs when a PPPoE subscriber logs out of the network:

1. The client terminates the PPP connection and the router receives an LCP termination request.
2. The router removes the client access router from its routing table.
3. The router sends or receives a PPPoE Active Discovery Termination (PADT) packet to end the PPPoE connection.
4. The router deactivates the subscriber, gathers final statistics for the PPPoE session, and sends the RADIUS server an Acct-Stop accounting message.
5. The router de-instantiates the PPPoE dynamic profile and removes the PPPoE logical interface. The router does not reuse the PPPoE logical interface for future dynamic PPPoE sessions.

#### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview on page 683](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles on page 695](#)
- For information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces and PPPoE service name tables, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview

Creating a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface over a static underlying Ethernet interface consists of two basic steps:

1. Configure a dynamic profile to define the attributes of the PPPoE logical interface.
2. Attach the dynamic profile to a statically created underlying Ethernet interface configured with PPPoE encapsulation.

This overview describes the concepts you need to understand to configure a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface, and covers the following topics:

- [PPPoE Dynamic Profile Configuration on page 683](#)
- [PPPoE Underlying Interface Configuration on page 684](#)
- [Address Assignment for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 684](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 685](#)

### PPPoE Dynamic Profile Configuration

A *dynamic profile* is a template for configuring a dynamic interface. You use predefined dynamic variables in the PPPoE dynamic profile to represent information that varies from subscriber to subscriber, such as the logical unit number and underlying interface name. These variables are dynamically replaced with the values supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in. On receipt of traffic on an underlying Ethernet interface to which a dynamic profile is attached, the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface, also referred to as a *dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface*, on the underlying interface and applies the properties configured in the dynamic profile.

To provide basic access for PPPoE subscribers, the dynamic profile must provide a minimal configuration for a **pp0** (PPPoE) logical interface that includes at least the following attributes:

- The logical unit number, represented by the **\$junos-interface-unit** predefined dynamic variable
- The name of the underlying Ethernet interface, represented by the **\$junos-underlying-interface** predefined dynamic variable
- Configuration of the router to act as a PPPoE server
- The PPP authentication protocol (PAP or CHAP)
- The unnumbered address for the **inet** (IPv4) family

You can also optionally configure additional options for PPPoE subscriber access in the dynamic profile, including:

- The keepalive interval, or the option to disable sending keepalive messages
- The IPv4 address of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface

- The service sets and filters, input filters, and output filters to be applied to the dynamic PPPoE logical interface

## PPPoE Underlying Interface Configuration

After you configure a dynamic profile to define the attributes of a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface, you must attach the dynamic profile to the underlying Ethernet interface on which you want the router to dynamically create the PPPoE logical interface. The underlying interface for a dynamic PPPoE logical interface must be statically created and configured with PPPoE (**ppp-over-ether**) encapsulation. When a PPPoE subscriber logs in on the underlying interface, the router dynamically creates the PPPoE logical interface and applies the attributes defined in the profile to the interface.

In addition to attaching the dynamic profile to the interface, you can also configure the underlying interface with one or more of the following optional PPPoE-specific attributes:

- Prevention of another dynamic PPPoE logical interface from being activated on the underlying interface when a PPPoE logical interface for a client with the same MAC address is already active on that interface
- Maximum number of dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces (sessions) that the router can activate on the underlying interface
- An alternative access concentrator name in the AC-NAME tag in a PPPoE control packet

## Address Assignment for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

If the subscriber address for a dynamic PPPoE interface is not specified by means of the Framed-IP-Address (8) or Framed-Pool (88) RADIUS IETF attributes during authentication, the router allocates an IP address from the first IPv4 local address-assignment pool defined in the routing instance. For this reason, make sure that the local address assigned for the **inet** (IPv4) address family is in the same subnet as the addresses obtained from the first IPv4 local address-assignment pool.

The router allocates the IP address from the first IPv4 local address-assignment pool under either of the following conditions:

- RADIUS returns no address attributes.
- RADIUS authentication does not take place because only address allocation is requested.

If the first IPv4 local address-assignment pool has no available addresses, or if no IPv4 local address-assignment pools are configured, the router does not allocate an IP address to the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface, and denies access to the associated subscriber. To avoid depletion of IP addresses, you can configure linked address-assignment pools on the first IPv4 local address-assignment pool to create one or more backup pools.

For more information, see [“Configuring Address-Assignment Pools” on page 114](#).



## Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

Observe the following guidelines when you configure dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces:

- You can configure dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces only for the **inet** (IPv4) protocol family in the current release.
- When you configure the **pp0** (PPPoE) logical interface in a PPPoE dynamic profile, you must include the **pppoe-options** subhierarchy at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces pp0 unit “\$junos-interface-unit”]** hierarchy level. At a minimum, the **pppoe-options** subhierarchy must include the name of the underlying Ethernet interface, represented by the **\$junos-underlying-interface** predefined dynamic variable, and the **server** statement, which configures the router to act as a PPPoE server. If you omit the **pppoe-options** subhierarchy from the configuration, the **commit** operation fails.
- When you configure CHAP or PAP authentication in a PPPoE dynamic profile, you cannot configure additional options for the **chap** or **pap** statements. This is because the router supports only unidirectional authentication for dynamic interfaces; that is, the router always functions as the authenticator.
- When you attach the PPPoE dynamic profile to an underlying Ethernet interface, ensure that both of the following conditions are met:
  - The PPPoE dynamic profile has already been configured on the router.
  - The underlying Ethernet interface has already been statically configured on the router with PPPoE (**ppp-over-ether**) encapsulation.
- You cannot attach a PPPoE dynamic profile to an underlying Ethernet interface that is already associated with static PPPoE logical interfaces. Conversely, you cannot associate static PPPoE logical interfaces with an underlying Ethernet interface that already has a PPPoE dynamic profile attached.

### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles on page 695](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface on page 713](#)
- For more information about static PPPoE interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Overview

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The maximum session limit for PPPoE subscriber interfaces specifies the maximum number of concurrent static or dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces (sessions) that the router can activate on the PPPoE underlying interface, or the maximum number of active static or dynamic PPPoE sessions that the router can establish with a particular service entry in a PPPoE service name table.

You can configure the PPPoE maximum session limit in one of two ways:

- On a per-interface basis, by using the **max-sessions** CLI statement
- (Default) On a per-subscriber basis, by using the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks vendor-specific attribute (VSA) [26-143]

This overview describes the concepts you need to understand to configure the PPPoE maximum session limit, and covers the following topics:

- [Per-Interface Configuration for PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Using the CLI on page 686](#)
- [Per-Subscriber Configuration for PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Using RADIUS on page 686](#)
- [Override of PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS on page 687](#)

### Per-Interface Configuration for PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Using the CLI

To configure the PPPoE maximum session limit for a particular interface, you can use the **max-sessions** statement to specify either or both of the following, depending on the hierarchy level at which you include the statement:

- The maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions that the router can activate on the PPPoE underlying interface
- The maximum number of active PPPoE sessions using either static or dynamic PPPoE interfaces that the router can establish with a particular named service entry, **empty** service entry, or **any** service entry in a PPPoE service name table

You can configure the PPPoE maximum session value from 1 through the platform-specific default for your router. The default value is equal to the maximum number of PPPoE sessions supported on your routing platform. If the number of active PPPoE sessions exceeds the value configured with the **max-sessions** statement, the router prohibits creation of any new PPPoE sessions, and the PPPoE application on the router returns a PPPoE Active Discovery Session (PADS) packet with an error to the PPPoE client.

Changing the PPPoE maximum session value has no effect on dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces that are already active.

### Per-Subscriber Configuration for PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Using RADIUS

To configure the PPPoE maximum session limit for a particular subscriber, you can use the value returned by the RADIUS server in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks VSA [26-143] during the subscriber authentication process. For PPPoE clients, the

Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA returns the maximum number of sessions (PPPoE subinterfaces) per PPPoE major interface.

By default, the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA takes precedence over the PPPoE maximum session value configured with the **max-sessions** statement.

If you configure multiple subscribers on the same PPPoE underlying VLAN interface and RADIUS returns a different PPPoE maximum session value for each subscriber, the router uses the most recent PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS to determine whether to override the current PPPoE maximum session value and create the new PPPoE session.

The following sequence describes how the router obtains the PPPoE maximum session value from RADIUS when a PPPoE subscriber logs in to initiate a session with the router. (In a PPPoE subscriber network, the router functions as a *remote access concentrator*, also known as a *PPPoE server*.)

1. The PPPoE client and the router participate in the PPPoE Discovery process to establish the PPPoE connection.
2. The PPP Link Control Protocol (LCP) negotiates the PPP link between the client and the router.
3. The PPP application sends the subscriber authentication request to the AAA application.
4. AAA sends the authentication request to an external RADIUS server.
5. The RADIUS server returns the PPPoE maximum session value for that subscriber to AAA in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA as part of an Access-Accept message.



**NOTE:** The RADIUS server does not return the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA in Change of Authorization Request (CoA-Request) messages.

6. AAA passes the response from RADIUS to PPP.
7. PPP validates the subscriber parameters and, if authentication succeeds, passes the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS to the PPPoE application.
8. PPPoE uses the maximum session value returned by RADIUS to determine whether to override the current PPPoE maximum session value and create or tear down the new PPPoE session.

## Override of PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS

By default, the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA [26-143] takes precedence over the PPPoE maximum session value configured with the **max-sessions** statement. To configure the router to ignore (clear) the PPPoE maximum session value returned by the RADIUS server in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA, include the **max-sessions-vsa-ignore** statement at the same hierarchy levels that you can specify the **max-sessions** statement.

Including the **max-sessions-vsa-ignore** statement in your configuration restores the PPPoE maximum session value on the underlying interface to the value configured in the CLI with the **max-sessions** statement.

**Related Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Using PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS on page 688](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [Limiting the Maximum Number of PPPoE Sessions on the Underlying Interface on page 704](#)
- For more information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the *Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide*

## Guidelines for Using PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS

Consider the following guidelines when you use the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface vendor-specific attribute (VSA) [26-143]:

- If the current number of sessions (including newly created sessions) is *less than* the new PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS, the PPPoE application overrides the current value and enables interface creation to proceed.
- If the current number of sessions (including newly created sessions) is *equal to* the new PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS, the PPPoE application overrides the current value and enables interface creation to proceed.
- If the current number of sessions (including newly created sessions) is *greater than* the new PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS, the PPPoE application overrides the current value and brings down the new interface.

To illustrate these guidelines, [Table 58 on page 688](#) shows examples of how the router handles the PPPoE session when the current number of sessions is less than (first row), equal to (second row), and greater than (third row) the new PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS when a new subscriber logs in.

**Table 58: Sample PPPoE Maximum Session Values During Subscriber Login**

| New PPPoE Maximum Session Value from RADIUS | Current PPPoE Maximum Session Value | Existing Number of PPPoE Sessions | New PPPoE Maximum Session Value | New Number of PPPoE Sessions | Status of Session  |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 10                                          | 5                                   | 4                                 | 10                              | 5                            | PPPoE session up   |
| 5                                           | 5                                   | 4                                 | 5                               | 5                            | PPPoE session up   |
| 3                                           | 5                                   | 4                                 | 3                               | 4                            | PPPoE session down |

- Related Documentation**
- [PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Overview on page 686](#)
  - [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
  - [Limiting the Maximum Number of PPPoE Sessions on the Underlying Interface on page 704](#)
  - For more information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the *Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide*

## PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Overview

PPPoE subscriber session lockout, which is sometimes referred to as PPPoE encapsulation type lockout, configures the router to temporarily prevent (lock out) a failed or short-lived static or dynamic PPPoE subscriber session from reconnecting for a default or configurable period of time. This time period, known as the *lockout period*, is derived from a formula and increases exponentially based on the number of successive reconnection failures.

This overview describes the concepts you need to understand to configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout, and covers the following topics:

- [Benefits of Using PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout on page 689](#)
- [Supported Platforms and Underlying Interfaces for PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout on page 690](#)
- [How PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Works on page 690](#)
- [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Period on page 691](#)
- [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout and Duplicate Protection on page 691](#)
- [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout and Automatic Removal of Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 692](#)

## Benefits of Using PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout

Configuring and using PPPoE subscriber session lockout provides the following benefits:

- Reduces excessive loading on the router

By temporarily locking out failed or short-lived PPPoE sessions, PPPoE subscriber session lockout protects the router from excessive loading by:

- Reducing the resources required to receive and process PPPoE control packets to negotiate and terminate short-lived connections
- Reducing the resources required to allocate and deallocate services, such as class of service (CoS) and firewall filters, for failed or short-lived subscriber sessions

PPPoE subscriber session lockout increases router efficiency by temporarily deferring failed or short-lived subscriber sessions in favor of those sessions that can complete successfully.

- Reduces excessive loading on external authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) servers

PPPoE subscriber session lockout protects any external AAA servers, such as RADIUS or Diameter, from excessive loading:

- As a result of failed or short-lived PPPoE subscriber sessions that occur repeatedly for the same subscriber
- By reducing the resources required to authenticate and terminate these connections
- Enables lockout of a single failed or short-lived PPP session without disrupting other PPP sessions on the same PPPoE underlying interface

In some subscriber network configurations, the PPPoE underlying interface supports multiple upper-layer PPP sessions. Because PPPoE subscriber session lockout identifies each subscriber session by its unique media access control (MAC) source address on the underlying interface, the router is able to lock out only the offending PPP session while enabling other PPP sessions on the same underlying interface to successfully negotiate the connection.

## Supported Platforms and Underlying Interfaces for PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout

You can configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout on the following platforms and underlying interface types:

- Supported platforms:
  - Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2) PICs on M120 Multiservice Edge Router and M320 Multiservice Edge Router
  - Trio MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers
- Supported PPPoE underlying interfaces:
  - Static VLAN logical interface
  - Static VLAN demultiplexing (demux) logical interface
  - Dynamic VLAN logical interface
  - Dynamic VLAN demux logical interface

## How PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Works

PPPoE subscriber session lockout is disabled on the router by default. When you enable PPPoE subscriber session lockout by issuing the **short-cycle-protection** statement, the router does the following:

1. Detects a short-lived subscriber session, also referred to as a *short-cycle event*.

A short-lived subscriber session is detected, partially or completely created, and terminated by the router within 150 seconds. The router identifies each PPPoE subscriber session by its unique MAC source address on the PPPoE underlying interface.
2. Tracks the time between repeated short-cycle events to determine whether to increase the lockout time for a subsequent short-cycle event.

3. Applies a time penalty for each short-cycle event based on a default or configured lockout period and the number of consecutive short-cycle events that occur repeatedly for the same subscriber.

If you enable PPPoE subscriber session lockout but do not configure a lockout time range, the router uses the default lockout time range of 1 through 300 seconds (5 minutes).

4. Temporarily locks out the specified PPPoE subscriber by preventing connection to the router.

During lockout, the router drops negotiation packets for the PPPoE subscriber session until the lockout period expires. When the lockout period expires, the PPPoE subscriber session and its associated MAC source address resume normal negotiation of the connection.

Repeated creation of multiple short-lived (short-cycle) PPPoE subscriber sessions can cause excessive loading on the router. Conditions that can cause a short-lived subscriber session include:

- Authentication denials from external AAA servers, such as RADIUS, due to the absence of a corresponding entry in the RADIUS database or due to improper login attempts
- Configuration errors within a dynamic profile or RADIUS record
- Insufficient memory resources to create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface
- Protocol failure or error within the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface
- Client logout shortly after a successful login; this action creates a complete dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface before the interface is torn down

## PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Period

The lockout period is the time during which the router temporarily prevents (locks out) a failed or short-lived PPPoE subscriber session identified by a unique MAC source address from reconnecting to the router. You can use the default lockout time range of 1 through 300 seconds (5 minutes), or you can override the default lockout period by configuring a nondefault lockout time in the range 1 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours).

## PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout and Duplicate Protection

Duplicate protection, which is disabled on the router by default, prevents the activation of another PPPoE subscriber session on the same PPPoE underlying interface when a PPPoE subscriber session with the same media access control (MAC) address is already active on that interface. When you configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout, we recommend that you enable duplicate protection to ensure that the MAC source address for each active PPPoE session is unique on the underlying interface.

With PPPoE subscriber session lockout configured, the router identifies subscriber sessions by their unique MAC source address. If the router detects a short-lived (short-cycle) subscriber session, it applies the default or configured lockout period to that MAC source address to temporarily prevent reconnection. If the MAC source address is not unique on

the underlying interface, multiple PPPoE subscriber sessions with the same MAC source address might also be affected by the lockout.

## PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout and Automatic Removal of Dynamic Subscriber VLANs

You can configure automatic removal of subscriber VLANs that have no PPPoE client sessions by issuing the **remove-when-no-subscribers** statement at the **[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure]** hierarchy level. If PPPoE subscriber session lockout is also configured, the router does not remove the unused subscriber VLAN until the lockout time has expired for each PPPoE client undergoing lockout on the underlying interface.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding the Lockout Period for PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout on page 692](#)
- [Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708](#)
- [Clearing Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 709](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration on page 710](#)
- For more information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the *Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide*

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## Understanding the Lockout Period for PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout

When you configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout, the router applies a time penalty called the *lockout period* for each failed or short-lived subscriber session. During the lockout period, the router temporarily prevents (locks out) a failed or short-lived PPPoE subscriber session identified by a unique media access control (MAC) source address from reconnecting to the router.

This overview describes how the router determines and applies the PPPoE subscriber session lockout period, and covers the following topics:

- [Duration of PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Period on page 692](#)
- [How the Router Determines the PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Period on page 693](#)

### Duration of PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Period

The duration of the lockout period is based on a default or configured lockout time and the number of consecutive short-cycle (short-lived) events that occur repeatedly for the same subscriber. When you include the **short-cycle-protection** statement to configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout on a PPPoE underlying interface, you can use the default lockout time range of 1 through 300 seconds (5 minutes), or you can override the default lockout period by configuring a nondefault lockout time in the range 1 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours).

The lockout time penalty applied by the router for each short-cycle event differs depending on the event. For example, some short-cycle events represent normal subscriber behavior, such as a PPPoE subscriber logging in once per hour to check e-mail and logging out shortly thereafter. The router does not noticeably penalize a subscriber for these types of events.



By contrast, other short-cycle events are the result of repeated attempts to log in to the router for reasons such as an incorrectly typed password, customer premises equipment (CPE) that performs repeated auto-retries, or malicious attempts to access the Internet illegally. For these types of short-cycle events, the router applies a lockout time penalty that starts with a short time interval and increases exponentially. In these instances, the initial lockout time is short enough to avoid noticeably penalizing a subscriber who, for example, types a password incorrectly several times before entering the correct one.

For example, using the default lockout time range of 1 through 300 seconds, the increasing lockout period on the router is: 1 second, 2 seconds, 4 seconds, 8 seconds, 16 seconds, 32 seconds, 64 seconds, 128 seconds, 256 seconds, and finally, 300 seconds (5 minutes).

### How the Router Determines the PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Period

The router uses the following rules to determine the PPPoE subscriber session lockout period for short-lived PPPoE subscriber sessions:

- The lockout period is derived from the following formula:

$$(\text{minimum lockout time}) * (2^{n-1})$$

where  $n$  represents the number of consecutive short-cycle events for the same subscriber. The router identifies a PPPoE subscriber session by its MAC source address, which should be unique on the underlying PPPoE interface.

- The router increments the value of  $n$  when the time between short-cycle events is either within 15 minutes or the maximum lockout time, whichever is greater.
- When the time between short-cycle events is greater than either 15 minutes or the maximum lockout time, the value of  $n$  reverts to 1. This condition is referred to as a *lockout grace period*.
- The lockout period never exceeds the maximum configured lockout time.

For example, for a configured (nondefault) lockout time in the range 20 through 120 seconds, the increasing lockout period on the router is: 20 seconds, 40 seconds, 80 seconds, and finally, 120 seconds (2 minutes).

- A *short-cycle event* is detected, partially or completely created, and terminated by the router within 150 seconds. The router tracks the time between short-cycle events to determine whether to increase the lockout time for a subsequent short-cycle event for the same subscriber.



**NOTE:** When the calculated lockout time is equal to or exceeds the maximum lockout time, the router uses the maximum lockout time value until the time to the next short-cycle event exceeds the greater of 15 minutes or the maximum lockout time value. At that point, the lockout time reverts to the minimum lockout time value.

- The minimum lockout time value cannot exceed the maximum lockout time value.

When the minimum and maximum lockout time values are equal, the lockout time becomes fixed at that value.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Overview on page 689](#)
- [Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708](#)
- [Clearing Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 709](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration on page 710](#)
- For more information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

# Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

- [Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles on page 695](#)
- [Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options on page 699](#)
- [Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701](#)
- [Limiting the Maximum Number of PPPoE Sessions on the Underlying Interface on page 704](#)
- [Assigning a Dynamic Profile and Routing Instance to a Service Name or ACI/ARI Pair for Dynamic PPPoE Interface Creation on page 706](#)
- [Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708](#)
- [Clearing Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 709](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration on page 710](#)

## Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles

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You can configure dynamic PPP-over-Ethernet (PPPoE) subscriber interfaces by using dynamic profiles. To enable the router to create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface on a PPPoE underlying interface, you define the attributes of the PPPoE logical interface in a dynamic profile, and then configure the underlying interface to use the dynamic profile.

To configure a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface:

1. Configure a dynamic profile to define the attributes of the PPPoE logical interface.
  - To configure a basic dynamic profile for PPPoE subscriber access, see [“Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile” on page 696](#).
  - To configure a dynamic profile for PPPoE with additional options for subscriber access, see [“Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options” on page 699](#).
2. Configure the underlying Ethernet interface to use the dynamic profile for PPPoE.

See [“Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces”](#) on page 701.

3. (Optional) Assign a dynamic profile and routing instance to a service name or ACI/ARI pair in a PPPoE service name table to instantiate a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface based on the information provided by the PPPoE client.

See [“Assigning a Dynamic Profile and Routing Instance to a Service Name or ACI/ARI Pair for Dynamic PPPoE Interface Creation”](#) on page 706.

4. (Optional) Verify the dynamic PPPoE configuration by displaying or clearing PPPoE session statistics, and displaying information about the underlying Ethernet interface and PPPoE logical interface.

See [“Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration”](#) on page 710.

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview](#) on page 679
- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview](#) on page 683
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface](#) on page 713
- [Example: Configuring a PPPoE Service Name Table for Dynamic Subscriber Interface Creation](#) on page 715

---

## Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile

You can configure a basic dynamic profile for PPPoE subscribers that access the network. The dynamic profile defines the attributes of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface, also referred to as a *dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface*.

To provide basic access for PPPoE subscribers, the dynamic profile must provide a minimal configuration for a **pp0** (PPPoE) logical interface that includes the following:

- The logical unit number, represented by the **\$junos-interface-unit** predefined dynamic variable
- The name of the underlying Ethernet interface, represented by the **\$junos-underlying-interface** predefined dynamic variable
- The **server** statement, which configures the router to act as a PPPoE server
- The PPP authentication protocol (PAP or CHAP)
- The unnumbered address for the **inet** (IPv4) family

To configure a basic PPPoE dynamic profile:

1. Name the dynamic profile.

[edit]

user@host# edit **dynamic-profiles** basic-pppoe-profile

2. Specify that you want to configure the **pp0** logical interface in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0
```

3. Configure the predefined variable to represent the logical unit number for the **pp0** interface.

You must use the **\$junos-interface-unit** variable instead of the logical unit number for the **unit** statement. The **\$junos-interface-unit** variable is dynamically replaced with the actual unit number supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. Configure PPPoE-specific options for the **pp0** interface.
  - a. Configure the predefined variable to represent the name of the underlying Ethernet interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.

You must use the **\$junos-underlying-interface** variable instead of the underlying interface name for the **underlying-interface** statement. The **\$junos-underlying-interface** variable is dynamically replaced with the actual name of the underlying interface supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```

- b. Configure the router to act as a PPPoE server, also known as a remote access concentrator.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options server
```

5. Configure the PPP authentication protocol for the **pp0** interface.

For dynamic interfaces, the router supports only unidirectional authentication; that is, the router always functions as the authenticator. When you configure PPP authentication in a dynamic profile, the **chap** and **pap** statements do not support any additional configuration options.

- To configure CHAP authentication:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options chap
```

- To configure PAP authentication:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options pap
```

6. Configure the family for the **pp0** interface.

- a. Specify that you want to configure the **inet** (IPv4) family.



**NOTE:** The creation of dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces is currently supported only for the **inet** family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

- b. Configure the unnumbered address for the family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles basic-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
family inet]
user@host# set unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview on page 683](#)
- [Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface on page 713](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration on page 710](#)

## Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options

You can configure a dynamic profile for PPPoE that has additional options for subscriber access. All of these optional statements, with the exception of the **keepalives** and **no-keepalives** statements, are configured at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family inet]** hierarchy level. The **keepalives** and **no-keepalives** statements are configured at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit"]** hierarchy level.

The additional options for PPPoE subscriber access in a dynamic profile can include one or more of the following:

- The keepalive interval (**keepalives**), or the option to disable sending keepalive messages (**no-keepalives**)
- The IPv4 address of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface (**address**)
- Definition of the service sets and filters to be applied to the dynamic PPPoE logical interface, configured at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family inet service]** hierarchy level
- Association of an input and output filter to the dynamic PPPoE logical interface, configured at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family inet filter]** hierarchy level

Before you begin:

- Configure a basic PPPoE dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile” on page 696](#).

To configure a PPPoE dynamic profile with additional options for subscriber access:

1. Modify the keepalive interval, or configure the router to disable sending keepalive messages.

- To modify the keepalive interval:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set keepalives interval 15
```

- To disable sending keepalive messages:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set no-keepalives
```

2. Specify that you want to configure the **inet** (IPv4) family.



**NOTE:** The creation of dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces is currently supported only for the **inet** family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

3. Specify the IPv4 address of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set address 6.6.6.7/32
```

4. Specify the input and output service sets that you want to apply to the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set service input service-set inputService_100
user@host# set service input post-service-filter postService_20
user@host# set service output service-set outputService_200
```

5. Specify the input and output filters that you want to apply to the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.

To control the order in which filters are processed, you can optionally specify a precedence value for the input filter, output filter, or both.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-pppoe-profile interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter input pppoe-input-filter
user@host# set filter output pppoe-output-filter precedence 50
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview on page 683](#)
- [Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696](#)
- [Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface on page 713](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration on page 710](#)
- [Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889](#)
- [Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931](#)
- [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)



## Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

After you configure a dynamic profile to define the attributes of a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface, you must attach the dynamic profile to a statically created underlying Ethernet interface configured with PPPoE (**ppp-over-ether**) encapsulation. You configure the underlying interface at the **[edit interfaces *interface-name* unit *logical-unit-number* pppoe-underlying-options]** hierarchy level.

In addition to attaching the dynamic profile to the interface by using the required **dynamic-profile** statement, you can also configure the underlying interface with one or more of the following optional PPPoE-specific attributes:

- Prevention of another dynamic PPPoE logical interface from being activated on the underlying interface when a PPPoE logical interface for a client with the same MAC address is already active on that interface (**duplicate-protection**)
- Maximum number of dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces (sessions) that the router can activate on the underlying interface on a per-interface basis (using the **max-sessions** statement) or on a per-subscriber basis (using the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks VSA [26-143])
- Lockout of failed or short-lived (also known as short-cycle) PPPoE subscriber sessions to prevent reconnection to the router for a default or configurable period of time (**short-cycle-protection**)
- An alternative access concentrator name in the AC-NAME tag in a PPPoE control packet (**access-concentrator**)

Before you begin:

1. Configure the static underlying Ethernet interface on which you want the router to dynamically create the PPPoE logical interface.

For information about configuring static Ethernet interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

2. Configure a PPPoE dynamic profile in either of the following ways:

- To configure a basic PPPoE dynamic profile, see “[Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile](#)” on page 696.
- To configure a PPPoE dynamic profile with additional options for subscriber access, see “[Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options](#)” on page 699.

To configure an underlying Ethernet interface for a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface:

1. Specify the name and logical unit number of the static underlying Ethernet interface to which you want to attach the PPPoE dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0
```

2. Configure PPPoE encapsulation on the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0]
```

```
user@host# set encapsulation ppp-over-ether
```

3. Specify that you want to configure PPPoE-specific options on the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0]
```

```
user@host# edit pppoe-underlying-options
```

4. Attach a previously configured PPPoE dynamic profile to the underlying interface.

The specified PPPoE dynamic profile must already be configured on the router. In addition, you cannot attach a PPPoE dynamic profile to an underlying Ethernet interface that is already associated with static PPPoE logical interfaces. Conversely, you cannot associate static PPPoE logical interfaces with an underlying Ethernet interface that already has a PPPoE dynamic profile attached.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0 pppoe-underlying-options]
```

```
user@host# set dynamic-profile basic-pppoe-profile
```

5. (Optional) Enable duplicate protection to prevent activation of another dynamic PPPoE logical interface for the same client on the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0 pppoe-underlying-options]
```

```
user@host# set duplicate-protection
```

6. (Optional) Configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions that the router can activate on the underlying interface in either of the following ways:

- To configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions on a per-interface basis, from 1 to the platform-specific default for your router, use the **max-sessions** statement:

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0 pppoe-underlying-options]
```

```
user@host# set max-sessions 20
```

- To configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions on a per-subscriber basis, use the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks vendor-specific attribute (VSA) [26-143]. By default, the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA takes precedence over the PPPoE maximum session value configured with the **max-sessions** statement.

7. (Optional) Configure the router to ignore the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA and restore the PPPoE maximum session value on the underlying interface to the value configured in the CLI with the **max-sessions** statement.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0 pppoe-underlying-options]
```

```
user@host# set max-sessions-vsa-ignore
```

8. (Optional) Enable PPPoE subscriber session lockout on the PPPoE underlying interface in either of the following ways:

- To configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout with the default lockout period:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
```

```
user@host# set short-cycle-protection
```

- To configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout with a nondefault lockout period:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set short-cycle-protection lockout-time-min minimum-seconds
lockout-time-max maximum-seconds
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** When you configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout, we recommend that you also enable duplicate protection to ensure that the MAC source address for each PPPoE session is unique on the underlying interface.

9. (Optional) Specify the alternative name for the access concentrator, also known as the PPPoE server.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 unit 0 pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set access-concentrator server-east
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
- [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview on page 683](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles on page 695](#)
- [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)
- [Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration on page 710](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface on page 713](#)
- For information about configuring static Ethernet underlying interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## Limiting the Maximum Number of PPPoE Sessions on the Underlying Interface

---

You can limit the maximum number of concurrent static or dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces (sessions) that the router can activate on the PPPoE underlying interface, or the maximum number of active static or dynamic PPPoE sessions that the router can establish with a particular service entry in a PPPoE service name table.

You can configure the PPPoE maximum session limit in either of the following ways:

- On a per-interface basis, by using the **max-sessions** CLI statement.
- (Default) On a per-subscriber basis, by using the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks vendor-specific attribute (VSA) [26-143]. By default, the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA takes precedence over the PPPoE maximum session value configured with the **max-sessions** statement.

Optionally, you can configure the router to ignore the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA by including the **max-sessions-vsa-ignore** statement in your configuration. Using the **max-sessions-vsa-ignore** statement restores the PPPoE maximum session value on the underlying interface to the value configured in the CLI with the **max-sessions** statement.

Before you begin:

- Configure the PPPoE underlying interface.

To configure the underlying interface for use with a PPPoE dynamic profile, see [“Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces” on page 701](#).

To configure the PPPoE family for an underlying interface, see [“Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface” on page 638](#).

To configure the PPPoE maximum session limit:

1. Specify that you want to configure PPPoE-specific options on the underlying interface:
  - For a PPPoE family in a dynamic profile for a VLAN demultiplexing (demux) logical interface:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```
  - For a PPPoE family in a dynamic profile:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```
  - For a PPPoE underlying interface in a dynamic profile:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit pppoe-underlying-options
```
  - For a PPPoE family on an underlying interface:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```

- For an underlying interface with PPPoE encapsulation:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit pppoe-underlying-options
```

- For an underlying interface established with a particular service entry in a PPPoE service name table:

```
[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables table-name]
user@host# edit service service-name
```

2. Configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions that the router can activate on the underlying interface in either of the following ways:

- To configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions on a per-interface basis, from 1 to the platform-specific default for your router, use the **max-sessions** statement:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set max-sessions number
```

- To configure the maximum number of concurrent PPPoE sessions on a per-subscriber basis, use the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks vendor-specific attribute (VSA) [26-143]. By default, the PPPoE maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA takes precedence over the PPPoE maximum session value configured with the **max-sessions** statement.

3. (Optional) To restore the PPPoE maximum session value on the underlying interface to the value configured in the CLI with the **max-sessions** statement, configure the router to ignore the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set max-sessions-vsa-ignore
```



**NOTE:** You can issue the **max-sessions-vsa-ignore** statement at the same hierarchy levels as the **max-sessions** statement, with the exception of the **[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables *table-name* service *service-name*]** hierarchy level.

#### Related Documentation

- [PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Overview on page 686](#)
- [Guidelines for Using PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS on page 688](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701](#)
- [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)

- For more information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## Assigning a Dynamic Profile and Routing Instance to a Service Name or ACI/ARI Pair for Dynamic PPPoE Interface Creation

---

You can create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface based on the service name, agent circuit identifier (ACI), and agent remote identifier (ARI) information provided by the PPPoE client during PPPoE negotiation. To do so, you assign a previously configured PPPoE dynamic profile to a named service, **empty** service, or **any** service entry in a PPPoE service name table, or to an ACI/ARI pair defined for these services.

Similarly, to specify the routing instance in which to instantiate the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface, you can assign a previously configured routing instance to a named service, **empty** service, or **any** service in a PPPoE service name table, or to an ACI/ARI pair defined for these services.

Observe the following configuration guidelines when you assign a dynamic profile and routing instance to a PPPoE service name table to create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface:

- The dynamic profile and routing instance must already be configured on the router.
- The dynamic profile or routing instance assigned to the PPPoE service name table overrides the dynamic profile or routing instance assigned to the PPPoE underlying interface on which the dynamic subscriber interface is created.
- You cannot configure a dynamic profile or routing instance for an ACI/ARI pair already configured with a static interface (by using the **static-interface** statement). Conversely, you cannot configure a static interface for an ACI/ARI pair already configured with a dynamic profile or routing instance.

Before you begin:

1. Configure a PPPoE dynamic profile in either of the following ways:
  - To configure a basic PPPoE dynamic profile, see [“Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile” on page 696](#).
  - To configure a PPPoE dynamic profile with additional options for subscriber access, see [“Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options” on page 699](#).
2. Configure the routing instance in which you want the router to instantiate the dynamic profile.

For information about configuring routing instances, see the [Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide](#).

3. Create the PPPoE service name table on the router.

See Creating a Service Name Table in the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

To create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface based on the service name and, optionally, associated ACI/ARI pair configured in a PPPoE service name table, do one of the following:

- Assign a previously configured dynamic profile and routing instance to a named, **empty**, or **any** service.

```
[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables table1]
user@host# set service premium dynamic-profile premiumProfile routing-instance
premiumRI
```

- Assign a previously configured dynamic profile and routing instance to the ACI/ARI pair defined for a named, **empty**, or **any** service.

```
[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables table1]
user@host# set service any agent-specifier aci west-ge-3/0/3 ari sunnyvale
dynamic-profile standardProfile routing-instance standardRI
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Example: Configuring a PPPoE Service Name Table for Dynamic Subscriber Interface Creation on page 715](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles on page 695](#)
- [Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables](#)

## Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions

---

You can configure the router to temporarily prevent (lock out) a failed or short-lived PPPoE subscriber session from reconnecting to the router for a default or configurable period of time. Configuring a lockout period on the PPPoE underlying interface for static or dynamic PPPoE subscriber sessions protects the router and any external authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) servers, such as RADIUS, from excessive loading as a result of failed or short-lived (also known as short-cycle) PPPoE subscriber sessions that occur repeatedly for the same subscriber.

You can configure the router to use the default PPPoE lockout period, 1 through 300 seconds (5 minutes). Alternatively, you can override the default lockout period by specifying a minimum lockout time and maximum lockout time, each of which can be from 1 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours).

Before you begin:

- Configure the PPPoE underlying interface.

To configure the underlying interface for use with a PPPoE dynamic profile, see [“Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces”](#) on page 701.

To configure the PPPoE family for an underlying interface, see [“Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface”](#) on page 638.

To configure temporary lockout of PPPoE subscriber sessions:

1. Specify that you want to configure PPPoE-specific options on the underlying interface:

- For a PPPoE family in a dynamic profile for a VLAN demultiplexing (demux) logical interface:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```

- For a PPPoE family in a dynamic profile:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```

- For a PPPoE underlying interface in a dynamic profile:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit pppoe-underlying-options
```

- For a PPPoE family on an underlying interface:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit family pppoe
```

- For an underlying interface with PPPoE encapsulation:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit pppoe-underlying-options
```



2. Enable duplicate protection to prevent negotiation of a dynamic or static PPPoE client session on the same underlying interface when a PPPoE client session with the same media access control (MAC) source address is already active on that interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set duplicate-protection
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** When you configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout, we recommend that you enable duplicate protection to ensure that the MAC source address for each PPPoE session is unique on the underlying interface.

3. Enable PPPoE subscriber session lockout on the PPPoE underlying interface in either of the following ways:

- To configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout with the default lockout period:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set short-cycle-protection
```

- To configure PPPoE subscriber session lockout with a nondefault lockout period:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number pppoe-underlying-options]
user@host# set short-cycle-protection lockout-time-min minimum-seconds
lockout-time-max maximum-seconds
```

#### Related Documentation

- [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Overview on page 689](#)
- [Clearing Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 709](#)
- [Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701](#)
- [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)
- For more information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## Clearing Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions

**Purpose** Clear the lockout condition for the PPPoE subscriber session associated with a unique MAC source address.

**Action** • To clear the lockout condition for PPPoE subscriber sessions associated with all MAC source addresses on all underlying interfaces:

```
user@host> clear pppoe lockout
```

- To clear the lockout condition for the PPPoE subscriber session associated with the specified MAC source address:

```
user@host> clear pppoe lockout mac-address mac-address
```

- To clear the lockout condition for all PPPoE subscriber sessions on the specified underlying interface:

```
user@host> clear pppoe lockout underlying-interfaces underlying-interface-name
```

- To clear the lockout condition for the PPPoE subscriber session associated with the specified MAC source address on the specified underlying interface:

```
user@host> clear pppoe lockout mac-address mac-address underlying-interfaces
underlying-interface-name
```

- To verify that the lockout condition has been cleared:

```
user@host> show pppoe lockout
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Overview on page 689](#)
- [Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration on page 710](#)
- [Junos OS Interfaces Command Reference](#)

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## Verifying and Managing Dynamic PPPoE Configuration

---

**Purpose** View or clear information about dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces, underlying interfaces for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces, and PPPoE statistics.

- Action**
- To display information about the properties of all PPPoE underlying interfaces associated with a dynamic PPPoE profile:

```
user@host> show pppoe underlying-interfaces
```

- To display information about the PPPoE properties of a specified underlying interface associated with a dynamic PPPoE profile:

```
user@host> show pppoe underlying-interfaces interface-name
```

- To display session-specific information about PPPoE interfaces, including whether the interface was dynamically created or statically created:

```
user@host> show pppoe interfaces
```

- To display information for a specified PPPoE service name table, including the assigned dynamic profile and routing instance, if configured:

```
user@ host> show pppoe service-name-tables table-name
```

- To display information about all active PPPoE sessions on the router:

```
user@host > show pppoe sessions
```

- To display information for all active PPPoE sessions established for a specified service name:

```
user@host > show pppoe sessions service service-name
```

- To display information for all active PPPoE sessions established for a specified agent circuit identifier (ACI) or agent remote identifier (ARI) string:

```
user@host > show pppoe sessions aci "west-ge-2/0/3"
user@host > show pppoe sessions ari "sunnyvale"
```

- To display PPPoE control packet statistics for all PPPoE sessions:  
`user@host> show pppoe statistics`
- To display PPPoE control packet statistics for a specified PPPoE underlying interface:  
`user@host> show pppoe statistics interface-name`
- To clear (reset) PPPoE control packet statistics for all PPPoE sessions:  
`user@host> clear pppoe statistics`
- To clear (reset) PPPoE control packet statistics for a specified underlying Ethernet interface:  
`user@host> clear pppoe statistics underlying-interface-name`
- To display summary information about PPPoE subscriber sessions currently undergoing lockout or currently in a lockout grace period on all PPPoE underlying interfaces:  
`user@host> show pppoe lockout`
- To display summary information about PPPoE subscriber sessions currently undergoing lockout or currently in a lockout grace period on the specified PPPoE underlying interface:  
`user@host> show pppoe lockout underlying-interface-name`

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Junos OS Interfaces Command Reference](#)



# Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Examples

- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface on page 713](#)
- [Example: Configuring a PPPoE Service Name Table for Dynamic Subscriber Interface Creation on page 715](#)
- [Evaluation Order for Matching Client Information in PPPoE Service Name Tables on page 718](#)

## Example: Configuring a Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface on a Static Gigabit Ethernet VLAN Interface

---

This example shows how to configure a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface on a statically configured Gigabit Ethernet VLAN underlying interface. When a PPPoE subscriber logs in on the underlying interface, the router creates the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface with the attributes specified in the dynamic profile.

In this example, the dynamic PPPoE profile, **pppoe-profile-east**, defines options for PPPoE subscribers accessing the network, and includes the predefined dynamic variables **\$junos-interface-unit**, which represents the logical unit number of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface, and **\$junos-underlying-interface**, which represents the name of the underlying Ethernet interface. The **pppoe-profile-east** dynamic profile is assigned to the underlying Ethernet VLAN interface **ge-2/0/3.1** that is configured with PPPoE (**ppp-over-ether**) encapsulation.

When the router dynamically creates the PPPoE subscriber interface on **ge-2/0/3.1** in response to a subscriber login, the values of **\$junos-interface-unit** and **\$junos-underlying-interface** are dynamically replaced with the actual logical unit number and interface name, respectively, that are supplied by the network when the PPPoE subscriber logs in.

To configure a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface:

1. Configure a dynamic profile to define the attributes of the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface.

```
[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
```

```

pppoe-profile-east {
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 ppp-options {
 chap;
 }
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
 server;
 }
 keepalives interval 30;
 family inet {
 filter {
 input pppoe-input-filter-east;
 output pppoe-output-filter-east precedence 20;
 }
 service {
 input {
 service-set inputService-east;
 post-service-filter postService-east;
 }
 output {
 service-set outputService-east;
 }
 }
 address 6.6.6.1/32;
 unnumbered-address lo0.0;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

2. Assign the dynamic PPPoE profile to the static underlying Ethernet interface, and define PPPoE-specific attributes for the underlying interface.

```

[edit]
interfaces {
 ge-2/0/3 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
 vlan-id 100;
 pppoe-underlying-options {
 access-concentrator server-east;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile pppoe-profile-east;
 max-sessions 10;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
  - [Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces over Static Underlying Interfaces Overview on page 683](#)
  - [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options on page 699](#)
  - [Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701](#)

## Example: Configuring a PPPoE Service Name Table for Dynamic Subscriber Interface Creation

This example shows how to configure a PPPoE service name table to create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface based on the service name, agent circuit identifier (ACI), and agent remote identifier (ARI) information provided by PPPoE clients during PPPoE negotiation.

In this example, PPPoE service name table **TableDynamicPPPoE** includes an **any** service entry, **empty** service entry, and two named service entries: **Premium** and **Standard**. The PPPoE underlying interfaces configured for **TableDynamicPPPoE** are **ge-2/0/0.1** and **ge-2/0/0.2**. Only **ge-2/0/0.1** is configured for dynamic profile assignment and creation of dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces.

Following the configuration example, [Table 59 on page 717](#) explains how the router evaluates the entries in **TableDynamicPPPoE** to create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface in a specified routing instance for each of several sample clients.

To configure a PPPoE service name table to create dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces:

1. Configure the PPPoE service name table.

```
protocols {
 pppoe {
 service-name-tables TableDynamicPPPoE {
 service any {
 terminate;
 max-sessions 100;
 dynamic-profile AnyProfile;
 agent-specifier {
 aci "broadway-ge-1/0/1.0" ari "london" {
 terminate;
 dynamic-profile LondonProfile;
 routing-instance LondonRI;
 }
 aci "groton-ge-4/0/3.32" ari "paris" {
 delay 5;
 dynamic-profile ParisProfile;
 routing-instance ParisRI;
 }
 }
 }
 service empty {
 drop;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 agent-specifier {
 aci "dunstable-ge-1/0/0.1" ari "kanata" {
 dynamic-profile BasicPppoeProfile;
 delay 10;
 }
 }
 }
 service Premium {
 terminate;
 dynamic-profile PremiumProfile;
 }
 service Standard {
 terminate;
 max-sessions 10;
 dynamic-profile StandardProfile;
 agent-specifier {
 aci "dunstable-ge-1/0/0.1" ari "kanata" {
 dynamic-profile BasicPppoeProfile;
 delay 10;
 }
 }
 }
}
}
}
}
}

```

2. Configure the PPPoE underlying interface for the service name table.

```

interfaces {
 ge-2/0/0 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 vlan-id 1;
 pppoe-underlying-options {
 dynamic-profile BasicPppoeProfile;
 service-name-table TableDynamicPPPoE;
 }
 }
 unit 2 {
 vlan-id 2;
 pppoe-underlying-options {
 service-name-table TableDynamicPPPoE;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

[Table 59 on page 717](#) lists the service name, ACI value, and ARI value provided in several sample PPPoE client requests, and the name of the PPPoE underlying interface on which the router received each client request. The Results column describes the dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface created by the router based on *both* of the following:

- The values received from each PPPoE client during PPPoE negotiation
- The sequence in which the router evaluates the entries configured in the PPPoE service name table to find a match for the client's service name and ACI/ARI information, as



described in [“Evaluation Order for Matching Client Information in PPPoE Service Name Tables” on page 718](#)

**Table 59: Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interface Creation Based on PPPoE Client Request Values**

| PPPoE Client | Service Name | ACI Value            | ARI Value | Receiving Underlying Interface | Results                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Client 1     | Premium      | broadway-ge-1/0/1.1  | london    | ge-2/0/0.1                     | Matches ACI/ARI pair configured for <b>any</b> service. Router creates dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface over <b>ge-2/0/0.1</b> using <b>LondonProfile</b> dynamic profile and <b>LondonRI</b> routing instance assigned to <b>any</b> service.                                                                              |
| Client 2     | Premium      | dunstable-ge-1/0/1.0 | toronto   | ge-2/0/0.1                     | Matches base <b>Premium</b> service. Router creates dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface over <b>ge-2/0/0.1</b> using <b>PremiumProfile</b> dynamic profile and routing instance associated with <b>ge-2/0/0.1</b> underlying interface.                                                                                        |
| Client 3     | empty        | dunstable-ge-1/0/0.1 | kanata    | ge-2/0/0.1                     | Matches ACI/ARI pair configured for <b>empty</b> service and <b>Standard</b> service. Router creates dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface over <b>ge-2/0/0.1</b> after a delay of 10 seconds. Router uses <b>BasicPPPoEProfile</b> dynamic profile and routing instance associated with <b>ge-2/0/0.1</b> underlying interface. |
| Client 4     | empty        | slinger-ge-1/0/0.1   | chicago   | ge-2/0/0.2                     | Because receiving underlying interface <b>ge-2/0/0.2</b> is <i>not</i> associated with a dynamic profile, router does not create a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface, and drops any PADI or PADR control packets received from this client.                                                                                  |
| Client 5     | Standard     | slinger-ge-1/0/0.1   | chicago   | ge-2/0/0.1                     | Matches base <b>Standard</b> service. Router creates dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface over <b>ge-2/0/0.1</b> using <b>StandardProfile</b> dynamic profile and routing instance associated with <b>ge-2/0/0.1</b> underlying interface.                                                                                      |

**Related Documentation**

- [Evaluation Order for Matching Client Information in PPPoE Service Name Tables on page 718](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces and PPPoE Overview on page 679](#)
- [Understanding PPPoE Service Name Tables](#)

- [Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables](#)

## Evaluation Order for Matching Client Information in PPPoE Service Name Tables

When the router receives a service request from a PPPoE client, it evaluates the entries configured in the PPPoE service name table to find a match for the client's ACI/ARI information so it can take the appropriate action.

The order of evaluation is as follows:

1. The router evaluates the ACI/ARI information configured for the **any** service entry, and ignores the contents of the service name tag transmitted by the client.
2. If no match is found for the client information, the router evaluates the ACI/ARI information for the **empty** service entry and the named service entries. If an ACI/ARI pair is not configured for these service entries, the router evaluates the other attributes configured for the **empty** service and named services.
3. If there is still no match for the client information, the router evaluates the other attributes configured for the **any** service entry, and ignores both the ACI/ARI information for the **any** service and the contents of the service name tag transmitted by the client. If the **any** service is configured for the default action, **drop**, the router drops the PADR packet. If the **any** service is configured for a nondefault action (**terminate** or **delay**), the router evaluates the other attributes configured for the **any** service.

### **Related Documentation**

- [Understanding PPPoE Service Name Tables](#)
- [Benefits of Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables](#)
- [Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables](#)
- [Example: Configuring a PPPoE Service Name Table for Dynamic Subscriber Interface Creation on page 715](#)
- [PPPoE Overview](#)
- [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## PART 12

# Class of Service for Subscriber Access

- [Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
- [Configuration Summary of Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Shaping and Scheduling for Subscriber Access on page 737](#)
- [RADIUS and Dynamic CoS Overview on page 749](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS for Dynamic CoS on page 757](#)
- [Interface Solutions for Dynamic CoS Overview on page 763](#)
- [Configuring Interface Solutions for Dynamic CoS on page 771](#)
- [Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access Examples on page 779](#)
- [Bandwidth Management for Dynamic CoS Overview on page 817](#)
- [Configuring Bandwidth Management Parameters for Dynamic CoS on page 833](#)
- [Bandwidth Management for Dynamic CoS Examples on page 851](#)



# Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access Overview

- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)

## CoS for Subscriber Access Overview

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This topic describes class-of-service (CoS) functionality for dynamic subscriber access.

Junos CoS enables you to divide traffic into classes and offer various levels of throughput and packet loss when congestion occurs. This functionality allows packet loss to happen according to rules that you configure. The Junos CoS features provide a set of mechanisms that you can use to provide differentiated services when best-effort traffic delivery is insufficient.

In a subscriber access environment, service providers want to provide video, voice, and data services over the same network for subscribers. Subscriber traffic is delivered from the access network, through a router, through a switched Ethernet network, to an Ethernet digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM). The DSLAM forwards the subscriber's traffic to the residential gateway over a digital subscriber line (DSL). An MX Series router that is installed in a subscriber access network as an edge router can perform subscriber management functions that include subscriber identification and per-subscriber CoS.

In a subscriber access network, a subscriber is an authenticated user—a user that has logged in to the access network at a subscriber interface and then been verified by the configured authentication server and subsequently granted initial CoS services. Subscribers can be identified statically or dynamically. In this network, subscribers are mapped to VLANs, demux, or PPPoE interfaces.

You can configure the router to provide *hierarchical scheduling* or *per-unit scheduling* for subscribers.

Hierarchical CoS enables you to apply traffic scheduling and queuing parameters (which can include a delay-buffer bandwidth) and packet transmission scheduling parameters (which can include buffer management parameters) to an individual subscriber interface rather than to all interfaces configured on the port. Hierarchical CoS enables you to dynamically modify queues when subscribers require services.

Per-unit scheduling enables one set of output queues for each logical interface configured under the physical interface. In per-unit scheduling configurations, each Layer 3 scheduler node is allocated a dedicated set of queues.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [Configuring Per-Unit Scheduling in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 733](#)

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## Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access

This topic describes the hardware requirements and guidelines for configuring dynamic CoS in a subscriber access environment.

### Hardware Requirements for Dynamic CoS

[Table 60 on page 723](#) lists the hardware requirements based on subscriber interface type for the hierarchical scheduling and per-unit scheduling dynamic CoS configurations.

Table 60: Hardware Required for Dynamic CoS Configurations

| Dynamic CoS Configuration | Subscriber Interface Type                                        | EQ DPCs on MX Series Routers | MPC/MIC Modules on MX Series Routers | IQ2 PICs on M120 and M320 Routers | IQ2E PICs on M120 and M320 Routers |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Hierarchical CoS          | Static and dynamic VLANs                                         | Yes                          | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static and dynamic VLANs over aggregated Ethernet                | Yes                          | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic IP demux interfaces                            | Yes                          | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic IP demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet   | Yes                          | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic VLAN demux interfaces                          | No                           | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic VLAN demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet | No                           | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static PPPoE interfaces                                          | No                           | Yes                                  | Yes                               | Yes                                |
|                           | Dynamic PPPoE interfaces                                         | No                           | Yes                                  | No                                | Yes                                |
|                           | Static or dynamic PPPoE interfaces over aggregated Ethernet      | No                           | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | L2TP LAC tunnel over PPP                                         | No                           | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | L2TP LNS inline service over PPP                                 | No                           | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |

Table 60: Hardware Required for Dynamic CoS Configurations (*continued*)

| Dynamic CoS Configuration | Subscriber Interface Type                                        | EQ DPCs on MX Series Routers | MPC/MIC Modules on MX Series Routers | IQ2 PICs on M120 and M320 Routers | IQ2E PICs on M120 and M320 Routers |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Per-unit scheduling       | Static and dynamic VLANs                                         | Yes                          | Yes                                  | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static and dynamic VLANs over aggregated Ethernet                | No                           | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic IP demux interfaces                            | Yes                          | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic IP demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet   | No                           | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic VLAN demux interfaces                          | No                           | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static or dynamic VLAN demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet | No                           | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | Static PPPoE interfaces                                          | No                           | Yes                                  | Yes                               | Yes                                |
|                           | Dynamic PPPoE interfaces                                         | No                           | No                                   | Yes                               | Yes                                |
|                           | Static or dynamic PPPoE interfaces over aggregated Ethernet      | No                           | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | L2TP LAC tunnel over PPP                                         | No                           | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |
|                           | L2TP LNS inline service over PPP                                 | No                           | No                                   | No                                | No                                 |



## Configuration Guidelines for Dynamic Scheduling and Queuing

When configuring scheduling and queuing for subscriber access, consider the following guidelines:

- To improve CoS performance in IPv4, IPv6, and dual-stack networks that use a DHCP access model, we recommend that you use the **aggregate-clients replace** statement rather than the **aggregate-clients merge** statement.
- You can configure dynamic CoS with one of the following scheduling configurations:
  - For hierarchical scheduling configurations, you must enable hierarchical scheduling in the static CLI for the interface referenced in the dynamic profile. If not, the dynamic profile fails.
  - For per-unit scheduling configurations, you must enable per-unit scheduling in the static CLI for the interface referenced in the dynamic profile. If not, the dynamic profile fails and schedulers are not attached to the interface.
- You configure the traffic scheduling and shaping parameters in a traffic-control profile within the dynamic profile. You can configure the scheduler map and schedulers in a dynamic profile or in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy. You must statically configure the remaining CoS parameters, such as hierarchical scheduling, classifiers, drop profiles, and forwarding classes, in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.
- You can configure only one traffic-control-profile under a dynamic profile.
- You must define the output-traffic-control-profile that binds the traffic-control profile to the interface within the same dynamic profile as the interface.
- We recommend that you provide different names for the schedulers defined in dynamic profiles that are used for access and services. For example, if there are two dynamic profiles, voice-profile and video-profile, provide unique names for the schedulers defined under those profiles.
- You must use a service dynamic profile with a different profile name for each RADIUS CoA request over the same logical interface.

## Configuration Guidelines for Dynamic Classifiers and Rewrite Rules

When you configure classifiers and rewrite rules for subscriber access, consider the following guidelines:

- To apply classifiers and rewrite rules to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile, you must configure the rewrite rule and classifier definitions in the static **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy and reference them in the dynamic profile.
- If a static classifier or a rewrite rule definition that is referenced by a dynamic subscriber interface does not exist, the configuration is invalid and the subscriber cannot log in.
- If a network administrator changes the static classifiers and rewrite rules definitions that are referenced in a dynamic profile with an active subscriber interface logged in, the changes are applied to the active subscriber interface immediately.

- If a network administrator deletes a classifier or a rewrite rule definition that is referenced by an active dynamic subscriber interface, the system removes the classifier or rewrite rule binding from the interface. The classifier is replaced by the default classifier. If the network administrator adds the removed classifier or rewrite rule to the configuration while the dynamic interface is active, the addition does not take effect until the subscriber logs out and then logs in again.
- IP demux interfaces can only instantiate Layer 3 rules (both rewrite rules and classifiers).
- An IP demux subscriber interface can implicitly inherit a classifier from the underlying interface. If an IP demux interface is created without a classifier and a Layer 2 classifier is attached to the underlying interface, the IP demux interface also inherits the Layer 2 classifier. The **show class-of-service interface interface-name** command does not display this attachment.

[Table 61 on page 726](#) lists the classification rule configuration for an IP demux subscriber interface with a VLAN underlying interface.

**Table 61: IP Demux Classification Rules**

| VLAN Underlying Interface Classifier Configuration | IP Demux Interface Classifier Configuration | Resulting Classifier Configuration |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Layer 2                                            | —                                           | VLAN Layer 2                       |
| Layer 2                                            | Layer 3                                     | Demux Layer 3                      |
| Layer 3                                            | —                                           | Default                            |
| Layer 3                                            | Layer 3                                     | Demux Layer 3                      |

- An IP demux subscriber interface explicitly inherits Layer 2 rewrite rules from the underlying interface if a Layer 2 rewrite rule is present. The **show class-of-service interface interface-name** command displays the attachment.

[Table 62 on page 726](#) lists the rewrite rule configuration for an IP demux subscriber interface with a VLAN underlying interface.

**Table 62: IP Demux Rewrite Rules**

| VLAN Underlying Interface Rewrite Rule Configuration | IP Demux Interface Rewrite Rule Configuration | Resulting Rewrite Rule Configuration |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Layer 2                                              | —                                             | VLAN Layer 2                         |
| Layer 2                                              | Layer 3                                       | VLAN Layer 2 and demux Layer 3       |
| Layer 3                                              | —                                             | Default                              |
| Layer 3                                              | Layer 3                                       | Demux Layer 3                        |

- An L2TP subscriber interface can implicitly inherit a classifier from the underlying interface.

[Table 63 on page 727](#) lists the classification rule configuration for an L2TP LAC subscriber interface with a VLAN underlying interface.

**Table 63: L2TP Classification Rules**

| VLAN Underlying Interface Classifier Configuration | L2TP LAC Classifier Configuration | Resulting Classifier Configuration |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Layer 2 or Fixed                                   | Layer 2 or Fixed                  | VLAN Layer 2 or Fixed              |
| Layer 2 or Fixed                                   | Layer 3                           | Demux/PPPoE Layer 3                |
| Layer 3                                            | Layer 2 or Fixed                  | VLAN Layer 2 or Fixed              |
| Layer 3                                            | Layer 3                           | Demux/PPPoE Layer 3                |

- An L2TP LAC subscriber interface explicitly inherits Layer 2 rewrite rules from the underlying interface if a Layer 2 rewrite rule is present. [Table 64 on page 727](#) lists the rewrite rule configuration for an L2TP LAC subscriber interface with a VLAN underlying interface.

**Table 64: L2TP LAC Rewrite Rules**

| VLAN Underlying Interface Rewrite Rule Configuration | L2TP Interface Rewrite Rule Configuration | Resulting Rewrite Rule Configuration |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Layer 2                                              | Layer 2                                   | VLAN Layer 2                         |
| Layer 2                                              | Layer 3                                   | VLAN Layer 2 and demux/PPPoE Layer 3 |
| Layer 3                                              | Layer 2                                   | VLAN Layer 2 and demux/PPPoE Layer 3 |
| Layer 3                                              | Layer 3                                   | Demux/PPPoE Layer 3                  |

## Configuration Guidelines for Dynamic CoS on Specific Interface Types

To obtain configuration guidelines for CoS on specific interface types, see:

- [CoS for Aggregated Ethernet Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 763](#)
- [CoS for L2TP LAC Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 765](#)
- [CoS for L2TP LNS Inline Services Overview on page 767](#)
- [CoS for PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 764](#)
- [CoS for Interface Sets of Subscribers Overview on page 768](#)

**Related  
Documentation**

- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [Configuring Per-Unit Scheduling in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 733](#)
- For information about static CoS configurations, see the *[Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide](#)*

# Configuration Summary of Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [Configuring Per-Unit Scheduling in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 733](#)

## Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access

---

You configure static scheduling and queuing in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

To configure CoS in a dynamic profile for subscriber access using static scheduling and queuing parameters:

1. Configure the static CoS parameters in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.
  - a. Enable the hierarchical scheduler for the interface.  
See [Configuring Hierarchical Schedulers for CoS](#).
  - b. Configure the scheduler map and schedulers.  
When you configure static scheduling and queuing in a dynamic profile, you reference the scheduler map in the dynamic profile.  
See [Configuring Schedulers](#).
  - c. Configure the drop profiles.  
See [Configuring RED Drop Profiles](#).
  - d. Configure the forwarding classes.  
See [Configuring Forwarding Classes](#).
  - e. Configure the rewrite-rules and classifier definitions.  
See [Configuring Rewrite Rules and Defining Classifiers](#).

See the *Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide* for information about configuring the remaining CoS parameters.

2. Configure a static or dynamic subscriber interface that can be referenced in the dynamic profile.
  - For static VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 573](#).
  - For dynamic VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 631](#).
  - For dynamic IP demux interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579](#) and [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 633](#).
  - For dynamic VLAN demux interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 580](#).
  - For dynamic PPPoE interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles” on page 695](#).
3. Configure CoS parameters in a dynamic profile.
  - a. Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).
  - b. Configure traffic shaping and scheduling parameters in the dynamic profile using a traffic-control profile.

Reference the scheduler map you configured in the static **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.

See [“Configuring Static Traffic Shaping and Scheduling Parameters in a Dynamic Profile” on page 737](#).
  - c. Apply CoS parameters to a subscriber interface by referencing an interface in the dynamic profile.

See [“Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 745](#).
4. To configure default values for subscribers on login, and enable subscribers to replace other CoS parameters when replacing services, configure variables in the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile” on page 758](#).

**Related  
Documentation**

- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
- [Example: Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access on page 779](#)

## Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access

---

You can configure dynamic scheduling and queuing in dynamic profile for subscriber access.

To configure dynamic scheduling and queuing for subscriber access using dynamic scheduling and queuing parameters:

1. Configure the static CoS parameters in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.

- a. Enable the hierarchical scheduler for the interface.

See [Configuring Hierarchical Schedulers for CoS](#).

- b. Configure the drop profiles.

See [Configuring RED Drop Profiles](#).

- c. Configure the forwarding classes.

See [Configuring Forwarding Classes](#).

- d. Configure the rewrite-rules and classifier definitions.

See [Configuring Rewrite Rules and Defining Classifiers](#).

See the [Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide](#) for information about configuring the remaining CoS parameters.

2. Configure a static or dynamic subscriber interface that can be referenced in the dynamic profile.

- For static VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 573](#).
- For dynamic VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 631](#).
- For dynamic IP demux interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579](#) and [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 633](#).
- For dynamic VLAN demux interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 580](#).
- For dynamic PPPoE interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles” on page 695](#).

3. Configure CoS parameters in a dynamic profile.

a. Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

b. Configure traffic shaping and scheduling parameters in the dynamic profile using a traffic-control profile.

See [“Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access” on page 737](#).

c. Configure the schedulers and scheduler map in the dynamic profile.

You can configure the schedulers using dynamic variables or a combination of both static values and dynamic variables.

See [“Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access” on page 739](#).

d. Apply CoS parameters to a subscriber interface by referencing an interface in the dynamic profile.

- For traffic shaping and scheduling, see [“Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 745](#).
- For rewrite-rules, see [“Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 746](#).
- For classifiers, see [“Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 747](#).

4. (Optional) Configure variables in access and service profiles to enable RADIUS to activate subscriber and upgrade services through CoA.



**NOTE:** Do not instantiate a CoA request using a service dynamic profile that is already in use on the same logical interface.

a. Configure user-defined CoS variables in a dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile” on page 758](#)

b. (Optional) Enable multiple clients for the same subscriber (logical interface) to aggregate attributes by configuring the **aggregate-clients** option for the dynamic profile attached to a DHCP subscriber interface.

See [“Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces” on page 177](#).

Because you have configured the scheduler map in the dynamic profile, queues are merged when subscribers change services. Other CoS parameters are replaced.

When multiple subscribers are enabled on a DHCP subscriber interface, and the dynamic profile referenced by DHCP does not have the **replace** keyword configured, the system does not replace the parameters. Instead, it combines the values of the parameters to their maximum scalar value.



- Related Documentation**
- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
  - [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access on page 781](#)

## Configuring Per-Unit Scheduling in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access

---

Per-unit scheduling enables one set of output queues for each logical interface configured under the physical interface. In per-unit scheduling configurations, each Layer 3 scheduler node is allocated a dedicated set of queues.

If you do not explicitly configure CoS parameters, a default traffic profile with queues is attached to the logical interface.

To configure per-unit scheduling and queuing for subscriber access:

1. Configure the static CoS parameters in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.

- a. Enable the per-unit scheduler for the physical interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set per-unit-scheduler
```

- b. Configure the drop profiles.

See [Configuring RED Drop Profiles](#).

- c. Configure the forwarding classes.

See [Configuring Forwarding Classes](#)

- d. Configure the rewrite-rules and classifier definitions.

See [Configuring Rewrite Rules and Defining Classifiers](#).

See the [Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide](#) for information about configuring the remaining CoS parameters.

2. Configure a static or dynamic subscriber interface that can be referenced in the dynamic profile.
  - For static VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 573](#).
  - For dynamic IP demux interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579](#).
  - For dynamic PPPoE interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles” on page 695](#).

3. Configure CoS parameters in a dynamic profile.

a. Configure the dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

b. Configure traffic shaping and scheduling parameters in the dynamic profile using a traffic-control profile.

See [“Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access” on page 737](#).

c. Configure the schedulers and scheduler map in the dynamic profile.

You can configure the schedulers using dynamic variables or a combination of both static values and dynamic variables.

See [“Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access” on page 739](#).

d. Apply CoS parameters to a subscriber interface by referencing an interface in the dynamic profile.

- For traffic shaping and scheduling, see [“Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 745](#).
- For rewrite rules, see [“Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 746](#).
- For classifiers, see [“Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 747](#).

4. (Optional) Configure variables in access and service profiles to enable RADIUS to activate subscriber and upgrade services through CoA.



**NOTE:** Do not instantiate a CoA request using a service dynamic profile that is already in use on the same logical interface.

Because you have configured the scheduler map in the dynamic profile, queues are merged when subscribers change services. Other CoS parameters are replaced.

When multiple subscribers are enabled on a DHCP subscriber interface, and the dynamic profile referenced by DHCP does not have the **replace** keyword configured, the system does not replace the parameters. Instead, it combines the values of the parameters to their maximum scalar value.

a. Configure CoS variables in a dynamic profile.

See [“Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile” on page 758](#)

b. (Optional) Enable multiple clients for the same subscriber (logical interface) to aggregate attributes by configuring the **aggregate-clients** option for the dynamic profile attached to a DHCP subscriber interface.

See [“Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces” on page 177](#).

- Related Documentation**
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
  - [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Per-Unit Scheduling for Subscriber Access](#)



# Configuring Dynamic Shaping and Scheduling for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737](#)
- [Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739](#)
- [Applying CoS Parameters to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 745](#)
- [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)

## Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access

---

You use traffic-control profiles to configure traffic shaping and scheduling properties. When you reference a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile, you can provide hierarchical shaping and scheduling for a subscriber interface.

You can choose to configure static values or dynamic variables for the shaping parameters. The values for the dynamic variables are obtained from RADIUS when a subscriber logs in or when a subscriber changes services.

You cannot configure a traffic-control profile that contains a combination of static and dynamic parameters.

This topic includes the following tasks:

- [Configuring Static Traffic Shaping and Scheduling Parameters in a Dynamic Profile on page 737](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Traffic Shaping and Scheduling Parameters in a Dynamic Profile on page 738](#)

## Configuring Static Traffic Shaping and Scheduling Parameters in a Dynamic Profile

To configure static traffic shaping and scheduling parameters in a traffic-control profile:

1. Create the traffic-control profile and assign a name.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service]
user@host# edit traffic-control-profiles profile-name
```

2. Do one of the following:

- Reference a static scheduler map in the dynamic profile. The scheduler map is statically configured in the `[edit class-of-service]` hierarchy.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set scheduler-map map-name
```

- Reference a dynamic scheduler map in the dynamic profile. The scheduler map is dynamically configured in the `[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps]` hierarchy.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set scheduler-map map-name
```

3. Configure the shaping rate to be used in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set shaping-rate (rate <burst-size bytes>
```

4. Configure the guaranteed rate to be used in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set guaranteed-rate (rate <burst-size bytes>
```

5. Configure the delay-buffer rate.

If you do not include this statement, the delay-buffer rate is based on the guaranteed rate if one is configured, or on the shaping rate if no guaranteed rate is configured.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set delay-buffer-rate (percent percentage | rate)
```

## Configuring Dynamic Traffic Shaping and Scheduling Parameters in a Dynamic Profile

You can configure variables for the traffic shaping and scheduling parameters. The values for the parameters are dynamically obtained by RADIUS when a subscriber logs in or changes a service.

To configure dynamic traffic-control profiles in a dynamic profile:

1. Create the traffic-control profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service]
user@host# edit traffic-control-profiles profile-name
```

2. Configure the scheduler map variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set scheduler-map $junos-cos-scheduler-map
```

3. Configure the shaping rate variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set shaping-rate $junos-cos-shaping-rate <burst-size bytes>
```

4. Configure the guaranteed rate variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set guaranteed-rate $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate <burst-size [bytes |
 $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate-burst]>
```

5. Configure a variable for the delay-buffer rate.

If you do not include this statement, the delay-buffer rate is based on the guaranteed rate if one is configured, or the shaping rate if no guaranteed rate is configured.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name]
user@host# set delay-buffer-rate $junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [Example: Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access on page 779](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access on page 781](#)
- [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)

---

## Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access

You use schedulers to define the parameters of output queues. These properties include the amount of interface bandwidth assigned to the queue, the size of the memory buffer allocated for storing packets, the priority of the queue, and the tail drop profiles associated with the queue.

You can configure up to four schedulers in a dynamic profile.

Within a dynamic profile, you can choose to define schedulers with static values, dynamic variables, or a combination of static values and dynamic variables. The dynamic variables enable RADIUS to provide the value for the scheduler parameter when the subscriber logs in.

- [Configuring Static Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile on page 740](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Schedulers with Variables in a Dynamic Profile on page 741](#)
- [Configuring a Combination of Static and Dynamic Scheduler Parameters in a Scheduler Definition on page 742](#)

## Configuring Static Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile

This topic describes how to configure schedulers with static values in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

To configure static scheduling and queuing in a dynamic profile:

1. Configure the scheduler and queuing parameters.

- a. Specify the scheduler for which you want to configure parameters.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service]
user@host# edit schedulers scheduler-name
```

- b. Configure the buffer size.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set buffer-size remainder
```

- c. Configure the drop-profile map and drop profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any drop-profile d3
```

- d. Configure the priority.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set priority low
```

- e. Configure the transmit rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 40
```

- f. Configure the excess rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-rate percent 90
```

- g. (Optional) Configure the priority value for the excess-rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-priority high
```

2. Associate the scheduler with a scheduler map.

- a. Configure the scheduler map name.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service]
user@host# set scheduler-maps data-smap
```

- b. Configure the forwarding class.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps map-name]
user@host# set forwarding-class be
```

- c. Configure the scheduler.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps map-name
forwarding-class forwarding-class-name]
```



```
user@host# set scheduler be_sch
```

## Configuring Dynamic Schedulers with Variables in a Dynamic Profile

You can configure variables for the dynamic scheduler parameters. These values are dynamically obtained by RADIUS when a subscriber logs in or changes a service using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) message.

To configure dynamic scheduling and queuing in a dynamic profile:

1. Configure the scheduler and queuing parameters.

- a. Specify the scheduler name using a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service]
user@host# edit schedulers $junos-cos-scheduler
```

- b. Configure the variable for the buffer size.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# set buffer-size (percent $junos-cos-scheduler-bs | temporal
$junos-cos-scheduler-bs)
```

- c. Configure the variables for the drop-profile maps and the drop profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority low protocol any drop-profile
$junos-cos-scheduler-low
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-low protocol any
drop-profile $junos-cos-scheduler-medium-low
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-high protocol any
drop-profile $junos-cos-scheduler-medium-high
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority high protocol any drop-profile
$junos-cos-scheduler-high
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any drop-profile
$junos-cos-scheduler-any
```

- d. Configure the variable for the priority.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# set priority $junos-cos-scheduler-pri
```

- e. Configure the variable for the transmit rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# set transmit-rate $junos-cos-scheduler-tx
```

- f. Configure the variable for the excess rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# set excess-rate percent $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate
```

- g. Configure the variable for the priority of the excess-rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# set excess-priority $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority
```

2. Associate the scheduler with a scheduler map.

- a. Configure the scheduler map name.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service]
user@host# edit scheduler-maps scheduler-map-name
```

- b. Configure the forwarding class.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps
 scheduler-map-name]
user@host# set forwarding-class be
```

- c. Configure the scheduler.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps
 scheduler-map-name]
user@host# set scheduler $junos-cos-scheduler
```

## Configuring a Combination of Static and Dynamic Scheduler Parameters in a Scheduler Definition

Within a dynamic profile, you can choose to configure one dynamic scheduler definition, or combine static and dynamic scheduler parameters in many static scheduler definitions.

Combining static and dynamic scheduler parameters enables you to provide subscribers with unique rate configurations that the RADIUS definitions for predefined variables do not allow.

To configure a scheduler definition that contains static and dynamic scheduling and queuing parameters:

1. Configure the scheduler definition.

- a. Specify the scheduler name.



**NOTE:** To configure a static scheduler that contains both static and dynamic parameters, you must specify a unique scheduler name, not the `$junos-cos-scheduler` variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service]
user@host# edit schedulers scheduler-name
```

- b. Configure the buffer size.

Do either of the following:

- Configure a static value.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set buffer-size (percent percentage | remainder | temporal
 (microseconds))
```

- Configure a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
```

```
user@host# set buffer-size (percent $junos-cos-scheduler-bs | temporal
$junos-cos-scheduler-bs)
```

- c. Configure the drop-profile maps, the drop profile, and the priority.

Do either of the following:

- Configure static values.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any drop-profile d3
```

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set priority low
```

- Configure variables.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority low protocol any drop-profile
$junos-cos-scheduler-low
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-low protocol any
drop-profile $junos-cos-scheduler-medium-low
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-high protocol any
drop-profile $junos-cos-scheduler-medium-high
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority high protocol any drop-profile
$junos-cos-scheduler-high
user@host# set drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any drop-profile
$junos-cos-scheduler-any
```

- d. Configure the priority.

Do either of the following:

- Configure a static value.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-priority high
```

- Configure a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-priority $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority
```

- e. Configure the transmit rate.

Do either of the following:

- Configure a static value.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set transmit-rate
```

- Configure a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set transmit-rate $junos-cos-scheduler-tx
```

- f. Configure the excess rate.

Do either of the following:

- Configure a static value.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-rate percent 250
```

- Configure a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-rate percent $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate
```

- g. Configure the priority for the excess-rate.

Do either of the following:

- Configure a static value.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-priority high
```

- Configure a variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set excess-priority percent $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority
```

2. Associate the scheduler with a scheduler map.

- a. Configure the scheduler map name.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service]
user@host# edit scheduler-maps scheduler-map-name
```

- b. Configure the forwarding class.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps
 scheduler-map-name]
user@host# set forwarding-class be
```

- c. Configure the scheduler.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps
 scheduler-map-name]
user@host# set scheduler $junos-cos-scheduler
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)
- [Changing CoS Services Overview on page 753](#)

## Applying CoS Parameters to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile

You provide CoS parameters to a subscriber by associating the CoS parameters with an interface in a dynamic profile.

Traffic and scheduling parameters can be configured in the dynamic profile and associated with a subscriber by attaching an output traffic control profile to the interface in the dynamic profile.

You configure rewrite rules and classifiers statically in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy and reference them in the dynamic profile.

- [Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 745](#)
- [Applying Minimal Shaping and Scheduling to Remaining Subscriber Traffic on page 746](#)
- [Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 746](#)
- [Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 747](#)

## Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile

After you configure the traffic shaping and scheduling CoS parameters in a dynamic profile, you apply them to an interface. The output-traffic control profile enables you to provide traffic scheduling to the interface.

To apply CoS attributes to an interface in a dynamic profile:

1. Specify that you want to apply CoS attributes to an interface in the dynamic profile.

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service
```

2. Configure the interface name and logical interface using a variable, and apply the output-traffic control profile to the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces]
user@host# set interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-underlying-interface-unit output-traffic-control-profile profile-name
```

You can use one of the following methods to specify the output-traffic control profile you want to use:

- Reference the **\$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile** predefined variable. At subscriber login, subscriber management takes one of the following actions, in the order listed:
  - a. If RADIUS is being used and it returns a value for the traffic-control profile, subscriber management uses the RADIUS value.
  - b. If RADIUS is not being used, subscriber management uses the default traffic-control profile (which is specified by the **predefined-variables-default** statement at the **[edit dynamic-profiles]** hierarchy).

For example:

```
user@host# set interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-underlying-interface-unit output-traffic-control-profile
$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile
```

- Explicitly reference the name of the traffic-control profile.

For example:

```
user@host# set interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-underlying-interface-unit output-traffic-control-profile tcp-sales-2
```

## Applying Minimal Shaping and Scheduling to Remaining Subscriber Traffic

It is beneficial to apply a remaining traffic-control profile to a logical interface to provide minimal CoS scheduling when you have not configured or over-provisioned Layer 3 schedulers. In the event that schedulers are not available, the remaining subscriber traffic receives the essential level of service.

To configure scheduling for remaining subscriber traffic:

1. Enable hierarchical scheduling for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler
```

2. Apply the remaining traffic control profile to the port on which you enabled hierarchical scheduling.

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile-remaining profile-name
```

## Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile

Rewrite rules define the marking for various CoS values, including DSCP, DSCP IPv6, IP precedence, and IEEE 802.1 CoS values. Rewrite rules have an associated forwarding class and code-point alias or bit set.

For dynamic CoS, you define the rewrite rules mapping for the CoS values statically, then reference the rewrite rule configuration in the dynamic profile for the subscriber interface.

To configure a rewrite rule in a dynamic profile:

1. Define the rewrite-rules mapping for the traffic that passes through all queues on the interface. The available rewrite-rules types for dynamic CoS are **dscp**, **dscpv6**, **ieee-802.1** and **inet-precedence**.

See Configuring Rewrite Rules.

2. Apply the rewrite-rules definition to the subscriber interface in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number]
user@host# edit rewrite-rules
```

3. Configure the applicable rewrite rule markers in the dynamic profile.

- For DSCP:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
```

```
user@host# set dscp (rewrite-name | default)
```

- For DSCPv6:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
```

```
user@host# set dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name | default)
```

- For IEEE 802.1:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
```

```
user@host# set ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name | default) vlan-tag (outer | outer-and-inner)
```

- For inet-precedence:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
```

```
user@host# set inet-precedence (rewrite-name | default)
```

## Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile

You can apply the classification map to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.

For dynamic CoS, you define the classification map for the CoS values statically, then reference the classifier configuration in the dynamic profile for the subscriber interface.

To apply a classifier to an interface in a dynamic profile:

1. Define the classifier.

The available classifier types for dynamic CoS are **dscp**, **dscp-ipv6**, **ieee-802.1**, and **inet-precedence**.

See Defining Classifiers.

2. Apply the classifier definition to the subscriber interface in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number]
```

```
user@host# edit classifiers
```

3. Configure the applicable classifiers in the dynamic profile.

- For DSCP:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number classifiers]
```

```
user@host# set dscp (classifier-name | default)
```

- For DSCPv6:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number classifiers]
```

```
user@host# set dscp-ipv6 (classifier-name | default)
```

- For IEEE 802.1:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number classifiers]
```

```
user@host# set ieee-802.1 (classifier-name | default) vlan-tag (inner | outer)
```

- For inet-precedence:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number classifiers]
```

```
user@host# set inet-precedence (classifier-name | default)
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)

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## Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access

**Purpose** View the class-of-service (CoS) configurations that are referenced in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.

- Action**
- To display the entire CoS configuration, including static and dynamic parameters:  
user@host> **show class-of-service**
  - To display the CoS configuration for a subscriber interface:  
user@host> **show class-of-service interface**
  - To display traffic shaping and scheduling profiles:  
user@host> **show class-of-service traffic-control-profile**
  - To display the mapping of schedulers to forwarding classes and a summary of scheduler parameters for each entry:  
user@host> **show class-of-service scheduler-map**



# RADIUS and Dynamic CoS Overview

- [Subscriber Interfaces That Provide Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 749](#)
- [Changing CoS Services Overview on page 753](#)

## Subscriber Interfaces That Provide Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS

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You can configure interface-specific CoS parameters that the router obtains when subscribers log in at appropriately configured static or dynamic subscriber interfaces. This feature is supported only for interfaces on Enhanced Queuing Dense Port Concentrators (EQ DPCs) in MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers.

To configure a dynamic profile to provide initial CoS Services, make sure you understand the following concepts:

- [Dynamic Configuration of Initial CoS in Access Profiles on page 749](#)
- [Predefined Variables for Dynamic Configuration of Initial Traffic Shaping on page 750](#)
- [Predefined Variables for Dynamic Configuration of Initial Scheduling and Queuing on page 750](#)

## Dynamic Configuration of Initial CoS in Access Profiles

When a router interface receives a join message from a DHCP subscriber, the Junos OS applies the values configured in the dynamic profile associated with that router interface. A dynamic profile that is activated through its association with a subscriber interface is known as an *access dynamic profile*. You can associate a dynamic profile with a subscriber interface on the router by including statements at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service interfaces]** hierarchy level.

The Junos OS supports predefined variables for obtaining a scheduler-map name and traffic-shaping parameters from the RADIUS authentication server and predefined variables for obtaining a scheduler name and scheduler parameters from the RADIUS authentication server. When a client authenticates over a router interface associated with the access dynamic profile, the router replaces the predefined variables with interface-specific values obtained from the RADIUS server.



**NOTE:** To associate dynamically configured initial CoS features with a subscriber interface, reference *Junos OS predefined variables*—and not *user-defined variables*—in an access dynamic profile for that interface.

## Predefined Variables for Dynamic Configuration of Initial Traffic Shaping

You can configure an access dynamic profile that provides initial traffic-shaping parameters when a subscriber logs in. The Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.

If you define the Juniper Networks authentication and authorization VSA for CoS traffic-shaping parameter values (attribute number 26–108) on the RADIUS authentication server, the RADIUS server includes the values in RADIUS Access-Accept messages it sends to the router when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the interface.

To provide an initial scheduler map name and traffic shaping parameters obtained from the RADIUS authentication server when a subscriber logs in, reference the Junos OS predefined variables for CoS listed in [Table 65 on page 750](#) in an access dynamic profile associated with the subscriber interface.

**Table 65: CoS Predefined Variables for Scheduler Map and Traffic Shaping**

| Variable                      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-map     | <p>Scheduler-map name to be dynamically configured in a traffic-control profile in the access dynamic profile when a subscriber logs in.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The scheduler map referenced by the <code>scheduler-map</code> statement can be defined dynamically (at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps]</code> hierarchy level) or statically (at the <code>[edit class-of-service scheduler-maps]</code> hierarchy level).</p> |
| \$junos-cos-shaping-rate      | Shaping rate to be dynamically configured in a traffic-control profile in the access dynamic profile when a subscriber logs in. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                     |
| \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate   | Guaranteed rate to be dynamically configured in a traffic-control profile in the access dynamic profile when a subscriber logs in. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                  |
| \$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate | Delay-buffer rate to be dynamically configured in a traffic-control profile in the access dynamic profile when a subscriber logs in. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                |

## Predefined Variables for Dynamic Configuration of Initial Scheduling and Queuing

You can configure an access dynamic profile that provides initial traffic-shaping parameters when a subscriber logs in. The Junos OS obtains this information from the

RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.

If you define the Juniper Networks authentication and authorization VSA for CoS scheduling and queuing parameter values (attribute number 26–146) on the RADIUS authentication server, the RADIUS server includes the values in RADIUS Access-Accept messages it sends to the router when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the interface.

To provide an initial scheduler name and scheduler and queuing parameters obtained from the RADIUS authentication server when a subscriber logs in, reference the Junos OS predefined variables listed in [Table 66 on page 751](#) in an access dynamic profile associated with the subscriber interface.

**Table 66: CoS Predefined Variables for Scheduling and Queuing**

| Variable                            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler               | Name of a scheduler to be dynamically configured in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-transmit-rate | Transmit rate to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs            | Buffer size, as a percentage of total buffer, to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri           | Packet-scheduling priority value to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low  | <p>Name of the drop profile for RED for loss-priority level <b>low</b> to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level) for loss-priority <b>low</b>.</p> |

Table 66: CoS Predefined Variables for Scheduling and Queuing (*continued*)

| Variable                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low  | <p>Name of the drop profile for RED for loss-priority level <b>medium-low</b> to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. The Junos OS obtains this information from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p>                                                            |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | <p>Name of the drop profile for RED for loss-priority level <b>medium-high</b> to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p> |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high        | <p>Name of the drop profile for RED for loss-priority level <b>high</b> to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p>        |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-any         | <p>Name of the drop profile for RED for loss-priority level <b>any</b> to be dynamically configured for the scheduler in the access dynamic profile. You can configure a RADIUS authentication server to include this information in the Accept-Accept message when a subscriber successfully authenticates over the static or dynamic subscriber interface to which the access dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The drop profile must be configured statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p>         |

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Activation and Service Management in an Access Network on page 9](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 757](#)
- [Example: Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 787](#)

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## Changing CoS Services Overview

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This topic describes how to provide CoS when subscribers dynamically upgrade or downgrade services in an access environment.

You can configure your network with an *access profile* that provides all subscribers with default CoS parameters when they log in. For example, all subscribers can receive a basic data service. By configuring the access profile with Junos OS predefined variables for RADIUS-provided CoS parameters, you also enable the service to be activated for those subscribers at login.

To enable subscribers to activate a service or upgrade to different services through RADIUS change-of-authorization (CoA) messages after login, configure a *service profile* that includes user-defined variables.

### Types of CoS Variables Used in a Service Profile

You can configure variables for the following CoS parameters in a service profile:

- Shaping rate
- Delay buffer rate
- Guaranteed rate
- Scheduler map

For each CoS parameter, you must associate a RADIUS vendor ID. For each vendor ID, you must assign an attribute number and a tag. The tag is used to differentiate between values for different CoS variables when you specify the same attribute number for those variables. These values are matched with the values supplied by RADIUS during subscriber authentication. All of the values in the dynamic profile must be defined in RADIUS or none of the values are passed.

Optionally, you can configure default values for each parameter. Configuring default values is beneficial if you do not configure RADIUS to enable service changes. During service changes, RADIUS takes precedence over the default value that is configured.

### Static and Dynamic CoS Configurations

Depending on how you configure CoS parameters in the access and service profiles, certain CoS parameters are replaced or merged when subscribers change or activate new services.

Static configuration is when you configure the scheduler map and schedulers in the static **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy and reference the scheduler map in the dynamic profile. Dynamic configuration is when you configure the scheduler map and schedulers within the dynamic profile.

The CoS configuration also depends on whether you have enabled multiple subscribers on the same logical interface using the **aggregate-clients** statements in the dynamic profile referenced by DHCP. When you specify the **aggregate-clients replace** statement, the scheduler map names are replaced. In both cases, if the length of the scheduler map

name exceeds 128 characters, subscribers cannot log in. When you specify the **aggregate-clients merge** statement, the scheduler map names specified in the dynamic profile are appended.



**BEST PRACTICE:** To improve CoS performance in IPv4, IPv6, and dual-stack networks, we recommend that you use the **aggregate-clients replace** statement rather than the **aggregate-clients merge** statement.

## Scenarios for Static and Dynamic Configuration of CoS Parameters

Table 67 on page 754 lists the scenarios for static and dynamic configuration of CoS parameters in access profiles and service profiles at subscriber login. The table also lists the behavior for each configuration for service activation and service modification using RADIUS CoA messages.

Table 67: CoS Services and Variables

| Scenario                                  | Static CoS Configuration (Single Subscriber)                                                                                                                                                                                                | Dynamic CoS Configuration (Single Subscriber)                                                                                                                                                      | Dynamic CoS Configuration (Multiple Subscribers Enabled on a Logical Interface with the aggregate-clients merge Statement)                                                                                                            | Dynamic CoS Configuration (Multiple Subscribers Enabled on a Logical Interface with the aggregate-clients replace Statement)                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Subscriber login                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configure RADIUS values or default values for all parameters in access profile</li> <li>Configure scheduler map in <b>edit class-of-service</b> hierarchy and reference in access profile</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configure RADIUS values or default values for all parameters in access profile</li> <li>Configure scheduler map and schedulers in access profile</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configure RADIUS values or default values for all parameters in access profile</li> <li>Configure scheduler map and schedulers in access profile</li> </ul>                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configure RADIUS values or default values for all parameters in access profile</li> <li>Configure scheduler map and schedulers in access profile</li> </ul> |
| RADIUS CoA for service or variable change | Replaces the following parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delay buffer rate</li> <li>Guaranteed rate</li> <li>Scheduler map</li> <li>Shaping rate</li> </ul>                                                                | Replaces the following parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delay buffer rate</li> <li>Guaranteed rate</li> <li>Shaping rate</li> <li>Scheduler map</li> </ul>                       | Combines the values of the following parameters to their maximum scalar value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delay buffer rate</li> <li>Guaranteed rate</li> <li>Shaping rate</li> </ul> Appends the scheduler map parameter | Replaces the following parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delay buffer rate</li> <li>Guaranteed rate</li> <li>Shaping rate</li> <li>Scheduler map</li> </ul>                       |

Table 67: CoS Services and Variables (*continued*)

| Scenario                          | Static CoS Configuration (Single Subscriber)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Dynamic CoS Configuration (Single Subscriber)                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Dynamic CoS Configuration (Multiple Subscribers Enabled on a Logical Interface with the aggregate-clients merge Statement)                                                                                                                            | Dynamic CoS Configuration (Multiple Subscribers Enabled on a Logical Interface with the aggregate-clients replace Statement)                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RADIUS CoA for service activation | <p>Does not merge queues</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b>In this case, use a similar configuration to the access profile, including the same name for the traffic-control-profile. During service activation, this configuration replaces the original configuration in the access profile.</p> | <p>Merge queues if the queue specified in the service profile is not already in use for the subscriber</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Do not instantiate a CoA request using a service dynamic profile that is already in use on the same logical interface.</p> | <p>Merge queues if the queue specified in the service profile is not already in use for the subscriber</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Do not instantiate a CoA request using a service dynamic profile that is already in use on the same logical interface.</p> | <p>Merge queues if the queue specified in the service profile is not already in use for the subscriber</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Do not instantiate a CoA request using a service dynamic profile that is already in use on the same logical interface.</p> |

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 150](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 55](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)





# Configuring RADIUS for Dynamic CoS

- [Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 757](#)
- [Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758](#)

## Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS

---

You can configure a subscriber interface so that subscribers receive initial CoS parameters that the router obtains from the RADIUS authentication server when subscribers log in using that logical interface on the router.

1. Configure external RADIUS server VSAs with values that you expect subscribers to log in with.
  - To configure a RADIUS authentication server to include CoS traffic-shaping parameters in authentication grants on certain subscriber interfaces, configure Juniper Networks VSA 26–108.
  - To configure a RADIUS authentication server to include CoS scheduling and queuing parameters in authentication grants a certain subscriber interfaces, configure Juniper Networks VSA 28–146.

See [“Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers” on page 22](#) and [“Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access” on page 30](#).

2. Configure a subscriber interface that supports hierarchical CoS.
  - For static VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 573](#).
  - For static VLAN interfaces over aggregated Ethernet, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 631](#).
  - For static IP demux interface sets, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579](#).
  - For dynamic IP demux interface sets, see [“Configuring a Subscriber Interface Using a Set of Static IP Demux Interfaces” on page 577](#)

3. Associate a traffic control profile with the interface.

See [“Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile” on page 745](#).

4. Configuring initial traffic-shaping parameters to be obtained from RADIUS.

See [“Configuring Dynamic Traffic Shaping and Scheduling Parameters in a Dynamic Profile” on page 738](#).

5. Configure forwarding classes and scheduler maps statically.

See [Configuring Forwarding Classes and Configuring Scheduler Maps](#).

6. Configure a scheduler to specify initial scheduling and queuing parameters to be dynamically obtained from RADIUS when a subscriber logs in.

See [“Configuring Dynamic Schedulers with Variables in a Dynamic Profile” on page 741](#).

#### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Interfaces That Provide Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 749](#)
- [Example: Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 787](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [Subscriber Activation and Service Management in an Access Network on page 9](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)

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## Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile

You can configure user-defined variables in the dynamic service profile for traffic scheduling and shaping parameters.



**NOTE:** The Junos OS predefined variables for dynamic CoS are only to be used in dynamic access profiles and not in dynamic service profiles.

You can use variables in a dynamic service profile in two ways:

- To enable subscribers to upgrade or downgrade services after login using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA), configure user-defined variables for CoS parameters as RADIUS attributes.
- To provide subscribers with default values for CoS parameters, configure user-defined variables for CoS parameters with static default values. If you have configured values to be supplied by a RADIUS CoA, subscribers can receive the previously configured default value when deactivating a service.

You activate the variables by referencing them in the traffic control profile configured in the dynamic service profile.

To configure user-defined variables for CoS in a dynamic profile:

1. Specify that you want to configure variables in the dynamic profile.

[edit **dynamic-profiles** residential-silver **variables**]

2. Do one of the following to configure variables for the shaping rate:

- Enable RADIUS to modify the shaping rate based on service changes.

- a. Configure the attribute:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set srate radius vendor-id 4874 attribute 108
```

- b. Configure the tag:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set srate radius vendor-id 4874 tag 2
```



**NOTE:** You can configure user-defined values for RADIUS tags that are different than the values that are required in access profiles with predefined variables. For example, in a dynamic service profile, you can assign the shaping rate with a tag of 1 rather than 2, which is required for the \$junos-shaping-rate variable. When you configure user-defined values, the VSA that is sent from RADIUS must share the same definition.

- Configure a default value for the shaping rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set srate default-value 10m
```

3. Do one of the following to configure variables for the guaranteed rate:

- Enable RADIUS to modify the guaranteed rate based on service changes.

- a. Configure the attribute.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set grate radius vendor-id 4874 attribute 108
```

- b. Configure the tag.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set grate radius vendor-id 4874 tag 3
```

- Configure a default value for the guaranteed rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set grate default-value 5m
```

4. Do one of the following to configure variables for the delay buffer rate:

- Enable RADIUS to modify the delay buffer rate based on service changes.

- a. Configure the attribute.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set dbrate radius vendor-id 4874 attribute 108
```

- b. Configure the tag.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set dbrate radius vendor-id 4874 tag 4
```

- Configure a default value for the delay buffer rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set dbrate default-value 10m
```

- 5. Do one of the following to configure variables for the scheduler map:

- Enable RADIUS to modify the scheduler map based on service changes.

- a. Configure the attribute.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set smap radius vendor-id 4874 attribute 108
```

- b. Configure the tag.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set smap radius vendor-id 4874 tag 1
```

- Configure a default value for the scheduler map.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver variables]
user@host# set smap default-value triple-play
```

- 6. Configure the variables for the CoS parameters in the traffic control profile.

Either the shaping rate or the guaranteed rate is required in the traffic control profile.

- a. Specify that you want to configure CoS parameters in the dynamic profile.

```
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver class-of-service
traffic-control-profiles tcp1
```

- b. Configure the scheduler map variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
tcp1]
user@host# set scheduler-map "$smap"
```

- c. Configure the shaping rate variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
tcp1]
user@host# set shaping-rate "$srate"
```

- d. Configure the guaranteed rate variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
tcp1]
user@host# set guaranteed-rate "$grate"
```

- e. Configure the delay buffer rate variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles residential-silver class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
tcp1]
user@host# set delay-buffer-rate "$dbrate"
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
  - [Changing CoS Services Overview on page 753](#)



# Interface Solutions for Dynamic CoS Overview

- [CoS for Aggregated Ethernet Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 763](#)
- [CoS for PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 764](#)
- [CoS for L2TP LAC Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 765](#)
- [CoS for L2TP LNS Inline Services Overview on page 767](#)
- [CoS for Interface Sets of Subscribers Overview on page 768](#)

## CoS for Aggregated Ethernet Subscriber Interfaces Overview

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You can apply static or dynamic hierarchical CoS to a scheduler node at the aggregated Ethernet logical interface, its underlying physical interface, or an interface set.

- [Guidelines for Configuring CoS for Aggregated Ethernet Subscribers on page 763](#)

## Guidelines for Configuring CoS for Aggregated Ethernet Subscribers

When you configure CoS for aggregated Ethernet interfaces, consider the following guidelines:

- Configure the aggregated Ethernet logical interface over two physical interfaces capable of performing hierarchical scheduling.
- For VLAN subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet, you must enable link protection on the aggregated Ethernet interface for hierarchical CoS to operate.
- Link protection is not required for IP or demux subscriber interfaces over aggregated Ethernet. We recommend that you enable targeted distribution on the demux interface to provide accurate hierarchical scheduling for these links.
- Keep the following guidelines in mind when configuring interface sets of aggregated Ethernet interfaces:
  - Sets of aggregated Ethernet interfaces are supported on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers only.
  - The supported logical interfaces for aggregated Ethernet in an interface set include VLAN demux interfaces, IP demux interfaces, and PPPoE logical interfaces over VLAN demux interfaces.

- The link membership list and scheduler mode of the interface set are inherited from the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface over which the interface set is configured.
- When an aggregated Ethernet interface operates in link protection mode, or if the scheduler mode is configured to replicate member links, the scheduling parameters of the interface set are copied to each of the member links.
- If the scheduler mode of the aggregated Ethernet interface is set to scale member links, the scheduling parameters are scaled based on the number of active member links and applied to each of the aggregated interface member links.

**Related Documentation**

- For hardware requirements, see [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- For configuration instructions, see [Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links on page 771](#) and [Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 776](#)
- For additional information about subscribers over aggregated Ethernet, see [Static or Dynamic Demux Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 624](#), [Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 626](#), and [Static and Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet Overview on page 623](#).

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## CoS for PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview

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You can configure CoS functionality for static and dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces configured on Gigabit Ethernet Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2) and Ethernet Enhanced IQ2 (IQ2E) PICs on the M120 and M320 routers, and on Trio MPC/MIC modules on the MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router.

For all supported hardware platforms, you can attach an output traffic control profile that contains basic shaping and scheduling properties directly to a PPPoE interface. In this type of scenario, you can use each PPPoE interface to represent a household and shape all of the household traffic to an aggregate rate. Each forwarding class is mapped to a queue, and represents one type of services provided to a household customer.

Both the IQ2E PIC and Trio MPC/MIC modules support hierarchical scheduling functionality that is not available on the IQ2 PIC. To shape customer or DSLAM traffic at different levels of the PPPoE interface hierarchy, you can attach traffic control profiles to interface sets that contain PPPoE members.

Trio MPC/MIC modules support subscriber interfaces with PPPoE encapsulation over aggregated Ethernet interfaces. These PPPoE subscriber interfaces are configured over VLAN demux interfaces, which are also configured over Aggregated Ethernet interfaces.



**NOTE:** For static PPPoE underlying logical interfaces, use PPPoE interface sets.

---



**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)
- [Configuring Hierarchical CoS on a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 772](#)
- For more information about the IQ2 and IQ2 PICs, see the *Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide*

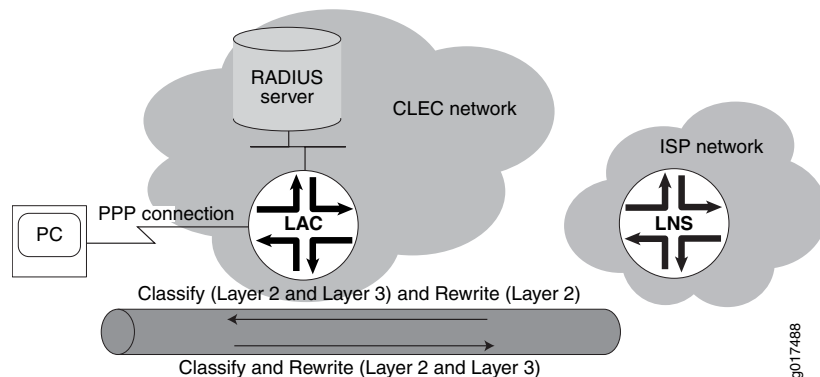
## CoS for L2TP LAC Subscriber Interfaces Overview

You can apply CoS to the Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) access concentrator (LAC) component.

In Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) configurations, IP and L2TP headers are added to packets arriving at a PPP subscriber interface on the L2TP access concentrator (LAC) before being tunneled to the L2TP network server (LNS). You can manage the IP header by configuring classifiers and rewrite-rules that transfer the ToS (Type of Service) value or the 802.1p value from the *inner* IP header to the *outer* IP header of the L2TP packet.

[Figure 13 on page 765](#) shows the classifier and rewrite rules that you can configure from the LAC to the LNS, and from the LNS to the LAC.

**Figure 13: CoS Configuration for L2TP LAC Topology**



- [Traffic from LAC to LNS on page 765](#)
- [LAC Tunnels: Traffic from LNS to LAC on page 766](#)

### Traffic from LAC to LNS

To set the ToS value or the 802.1p value on the inner IP header, you can configure both fixed and behavior aggregate (BA) classifiers for subscribers at Layer 2 or Layer 3 of the network.

[Table 68 on page 766](#) lists the configuration options for applying classifiers to a subscriber interface on an ingress LAC tunnel.

**Table 68: Ingress LAC Tunnel Classifier Options**

| Classifier | Subscriber Interface                                                                                                            |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fixed      | Either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PPP interface</li> <li>• Underlying VLAN interface</li> </ul> |
| Layer 2    | Either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PPP interface</li> <li>• Underlying VLAN interface</li> </ul> |
| Layer 3    | Family of PPP interfaces                                                                                                        |

You cannot configure a Layer 2 and fixed classifier together.

The behavior of the Layer 2 and Layer 3 classifiers depends on the configuration. For example, a Layer 3 classifier for a family of PPP interfaces overrides a Layer 2 classifier configured at the PPP interface, except for the unknown packets and control packets.

If you do not configure a classifier for Layer 2, the system applies the default Layer 3 classifier so that tunneled and terminated subscribers have the same behavior. To prevent unknown packets and control packets from being discarded, the system assigns them to the best-effort forwarding class.

For egress tunnels, you configure rewrite rules at the PPP interface to set the ToS or 802.1p value of the outer IP header. Rewrite rules are applied accordingly to the forwarding class, packet loss priority (PLP), and code point.

## LAC Tunnels: Traffic from LNS to LAC

On a LAC, mapping the inner IP header to the outer IP header of the L2TP packet depends on the classifier and rewrite-rule configurations. For example, [Table 69 on page 766](#) lists the values for the classifier and rewrite rules for a VLAN interface. For assured forwarding, the inner 802.1p value (**ob001**) is classified with the assured-forwarding class and low loss priority at the ingress interface. Based on the assured-forwarding class and low loss priority in the rewrite rule, the ToS value in the outer IP header is set to **ob001**.

**Table 69: Sample Result**

| Inner .1p Value | Forwarding Class     | Loss Priority | Code Point | Outer ToS Value |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|
| ob000           | best-effort          | low           | 000        | ob000           |
| ob001           | assured-forwarding   | low           | 001        | ob001           |
| ob101           | expedited-forwarding | low           | 101        | ob101           |
| ob111           | network-control      | low           | 11         | ob111           |

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LAC Tunnel on page 773](#)

## CoS for L2TP LNS Inline Services Overview

You can apply hierarchical scheduling and per-session shaping to Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) network server (LNS) inline services using a static or dynamic CoS configuration.

This feature is supported on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers.

- [Guidelines for Applying CoS to the LNS on page 767](#)
- [Hardware Requirements for Inline Services on the LNS on page 767](#)

### Guidelines for Applying CoS to the LNS

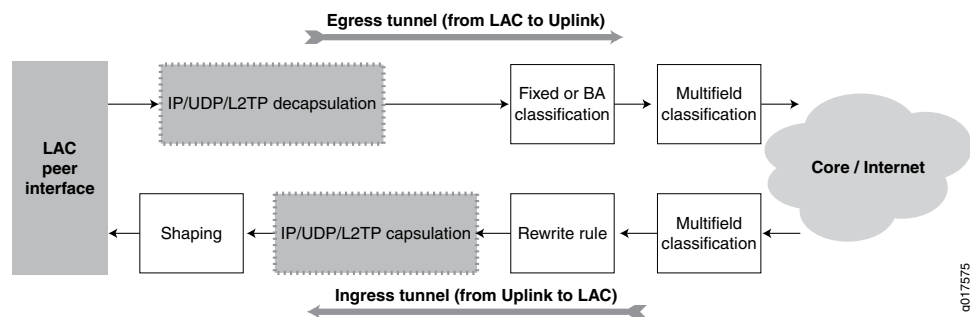
In L2TP configurations, IP, UDP, and L2TP headers are added to packets arriving at a PPP subscriber interface on the L2TP access concentrator (LAC) before being tunneled to the LNS.

When a service interface is configured for an L2TP LNS session, it has an *inner* IP header and an outer IP header. You can configure CoS for an LNS session that corresponds to the inner IP header only. The *outer* IP header is used for L2TP tunnel processing only.

However, we recommend that you configure classifiers and rewrite-rules to transfer the ToS (type of service) value from the inner IP header to the outer IP header of the L2TP packet.

[Figure 14 on page 767](#) shows the classifier and rewrite rules that you can configure on an LNS inline service.

**Figure 14: Processing of CoS Parameters in an L2TP LNS Inline Service**



By default, the shaping calculation on the service interface includes the L2TP encapsulation. If necessary, you can configure additional adjustments for downstream ATM traffic from the LAC or differences in Layer 2 protocols.

### Hardware Requirements for Inline Services on the LNS

Hierarchical scheduling for L2TP LNS inline services is supported on MPC/MIC modules only. The services that you can configure depend on the hardware combination. [Table 70 on page 768](#) lists the supported inline services and peer interfaces for each MPC/MIC combination.

Table 70: Hardware Requirements for L2TP LNS Inline Services

| MPC Module        | Inline Service Support—With Per-Session Shaping | Inline Service Support—Without Per-Session Shaping |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| MX-MPC1-3D        | No                                              | Yes                                                |
| MX-MPC2-3D        |                                                 |                                                    |
| MX-MPC1-3D-Q      | Yes                                             | Yes                                                |
| MX-MPC2-3D-Q      |                                                 |                                                    |
| MX-MPC2-3D-EQ     |                                                 |                                                    |
| MPC-3D-16XGE-SFPP | No                                              | No                                                 |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Static CoS for an L2TP LNS Inline Service](#)
  - [Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LNS Inline Service on page 774](#)

## CoS for Interface Sets of Subscribers Overview

Interface sets enable service providers to group logical interfaces so they can apply CoS parameters to all of the traffic in the group.

Interface sets are beneficial for various scenarios in a subscriber access network. For example, you can use an interface set to configure a local loop with a small number of subscribers. Interface sets are also useful for grouping a large number of subscribers into a particular service class or for defining traffic engineering aggregates for DSLAMs.

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic Interface Sets in a Subscriber Access Network on page 768](#)

### Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic Interface Sets in a Subscriber Access Network

Interface sets enable service providers to group logical interfaces so they can apply CoS parameters to all of the traffic in the group.

Interface sets are beneficial for various scenarios in a subscriber access network. For example, you can use an interface set to configure a local loop with a small number of subscribers. Interface sets are also useful for grouping a large number of subscribers into a particular service class or for defining traffic engineering aggregates for DSLAMs.

When configuring interface sets for subscriber access, keep the following guidelines in mind:

- You can configure interface sets of VLAN demux, PPPoE, or demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet interfaces.
- An interface can only belong to one interface set. If you try to add the same interface to different interface sets, the commit operation fails.

- You can configure the interface set and the traffic scheduling and shaping parameters in a dynamic profile. However, you must apply the traffic-control profile to the interface set in the static **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.
- The **\$junos-interface-set-name** predefined variable is available only for RADIUS Accept messages; change of authorization (CoA) requests are not supported.
- The **\$junos-svlan-interface-set-name** predefined variable locally generates an interface set name for use by dual-tagged VLAN interfaces based on the outer tag of the dual-tagged VLAN. The format of the generated variable is **physical\_interface\_name - outer\_VLAN\_tag**. For example, an aggregated Ethernet interface “ae0,” with a dual-tagged VLAN interface that has an outer tag of “111,” results in a **\$junos-svlan-interface-set-name** dynamic variable of “ae0-111”. Similarly, a non-aggregated Ethernet interface of ge-1/1/0, with the same dual-tagged VLAN interface that has an outer tag of “111,” results in a **\$junos-svlan-interface-set-name** dynamic variable of “ge-1/1/0-111”.
- All dynamic demux, dual-tagged VLAN logical interfaces with the same outer VLAN tag and physical interface are assigned to the same interface set and all CoS values provisioned with the dynamic profile are applied to the interfaces that are part of the set.
- The interface set name must be explicitly referenced in the CoS configuration as part of the static configuration outside of the dynamic profile. The CoS configuration is static and the interface set name must be statically referenced.
- RADIUS can return an *access-accept* message under certain conditions. A configured RADIUS VSA for the interface set name takes precedence over the locally generated variable on the router. This means that if the interface-set-name VSA is configured on RADIUS, the router continues to use this variable instead of the locally generated value from the **\$junos-svlan-interface-set-name** dynamic variable.
- Sets of aggregated Ethernet interfaces are supported on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers only.
- The supported interface stacks for aggregated Ethernet in an interface set include VLAN demux interfaces, IP demux interfaces, and PPPoE logical interfaces over VLAN demux interfaces.
- The link membership list and scheduler mode of the interface set are inherited from the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface over which the interface set is configured.
- When an aggregated Ethernet interface operates in link protection mode, or if the scheduler mode is configured to replicate member links, the scheduling parameters of the interface set are copied to each of the member links.
- If the scheduler mode of the aggregated Ethernet interface is set to scale member links, the scheduling parameters are scaled based on the number of active member links and applied to each of the aggregated interface member links.

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 776](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic Service VLAN Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 812](#)



# Configuring Interface Solutions for Dynamic CoS

- [Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links on page 771](#)
- [Configuring Hierarchical CoS on a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 772](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LAC Tunnel on page 773](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LNS Inline Service on page 774](#)
- [Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 776](#)

## Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links

You can enable hierarchical CoS on a subscriber interface with an underlying aggregated Ethernet interface.

Before you begin, configure the subscriber interface with aggregated Ethernet.

- To configure a VLAN interface over aggregated Ethernet with link protection, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 631](#) and [Configuring Link Protection for Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces](#).
- To configure a demux subscriber interface:

For static and dynamic IP demux interfaces, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 633](#).

For static and dynamic VLAN demux interfaces, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 634](#).



**BEST PRACTICE:** Link protection is not required for IP or demux subscriber interfaces. We recommend that you enable targeted distribution on the demux interface to provide accurate hierarchical scheduling for these links. See [“Providing Accurate Scheduling for a Demux Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 839](#).

To configure hierarchical CoS on the link aggregation (LAG) bundle:

1. Specify that you want to access the LAG bundle.

```
user@host# edit interfaces aex
```

2. Configure the link aggregation (LAG) bundle with hierarchical scheduler mode.

```
[edit interfaces aex]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler
```

You can then attach static or dynamic traffic shaping and scheduling parameters at the aggregated Ethernet logical interface or its underlying physical interface. See:

- [Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737](#)
- [Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739](#)
- [Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 745](#)

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)

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## Configuring Hierarchical CoS on a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface

---

You can configure hierarchical CoS on a static PPPoE subscriber interface.

Before you begin:

- Configure the static PPPoE subscriber interface.

See [Configuring PPPoE](#).

To configure hierarchical CoS on a static PPPoE subscriber interface:

1. Specify the PPPoE interface that you want to configure.

```
user@host# edit interfaces pppoe-interface-name
```

2. Configure the hierarchical scheduler for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler
```

3. (Optional) Group the PPPoE interfaces in an interface set.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces interface-set interface-set-name
```

You can now configure static traffic and scheduling parameters for each traffic-control profile, and attach each traffic-control profile to the PPPoE interface or the PPPoE interface set. For more information, see the [Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide](#).



- Related Documentation**
- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
  - [CoS for PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 764](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 793](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for an Underlying Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 795](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for an Interface Set of Static PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 797](#)
  - [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)

## Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LAC Tunnel

In L2TP configurations, IP and L2TP headers are added to packets arriving at a PPP subscriber interface on the LAC before being tunneled to the L2TP network server (LNS).

Classifiers and rewrite rules enable you to properly transfer the ToS (Type of Service) value or the 802.1p value from the inner IP header to the outer IP header of the L2TP packet.

Before you begin, configure the L2TP LAC. See “[Configuring an L2TP LAC](#)” on page 320.

To manage the IP header values for a LAC tunnel:

1. Configure the classifier for the inner tunnel.
  - a. Define the fixed or behavior aggregate (BA) classifier.
    - To configure a fixed classifier:
 

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# set forwarding-class class-name
```
    - To configure a BA classifier:
 

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set classifiers (ieee-802.1 | inet-precedence) classifier-name
forwarding-class class-name loss-priority level code-points [aliases] [
bit-patterns]
```
  - b. Apply the classifier to the Layer 2 interface or Layer 3 interface. For Layer 2, you can apply the classifier at the PPP interface or an underlying VLAN interface. For Layer 3, you can apply classifiers to a family of PPP interfaces.
    - To apply the classifier for the IEEE 802.1p value:
 

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
unit logical-unit-number classifiers]
user@host# set ieee-802.1 (classifier-name | default) vlan-tag (inner | outer)
```
    - To apply the classifier for the ToS value:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
 unit logical-unit-number classifiers]
user@host# set inet-precedence (classifier-name | default)
```

2. Configure the rewrite rule for the egress tunnel.

- a. Configure the rewrite rule with the forwarding class and the loss priority value.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set rewrite-rules (ieee-802.1 | inet-precedence) rewrite-name
 forwarding-class class-name loss-priority level code-point (alias | bits)
```

- b. Apply the rewrite rule to the PPP interface for which the L2TP tunnel is configured.

- To apply the rewrite-rule for the IEEE 802.1p value:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
 unit logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
user@host# set ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name | default) vlan-tag (outer |
 outer-and-inner)
```

- To apply the rewrite rule for the ToS value:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
 unit logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
user@host# set inet-precedence (rewrite-name | default)
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722
- CoS for L2TP LAC Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 765

## Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LNS Inline Service

You can configure hierarchical scheduling for an L2TP LNS inline service and manage the IP header values using rewrite rules and classifiers.

Before you begin, configure the L2TP LNS inline service interface. See [“Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces” on page 329](#).

To configure CoS for an L2TP LNS inline service in a dynamic profile:

1. Configure the hierarchical scheduler for the service interface (si) interface.

```
[edit interfaces si-fpc/port/pic]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** To enable Level 3 nodes in the LNS scheduler hierarchy and to provide better scaling, we recommend that you also specify a maximum of two hierarchy levels.

2. Configure the LNS to reflect the IP ToS value in the inner IP header to the outer IP header.

```
[edit services l2tp tunnel-group name]
```

```
user@host# set tos-reflect
```

3. Configure the classifier for egress traffic from the LAC.

a. Define the fixed or behavior aggregate (BA) classifier.

- To configure a fixed classifier:

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
user@host# set forwarding-class class-name
```

- To configure a BA classifier:

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set classifiers (dscp | dscp-ipv6 | inet-precedence) classifier-name
forwarding-class class-name loss-priority level code-points [aliases] [
bit-patterns]
```

b. Apply the classifier to the service interface.

- To apply the classifier for the DSCP or DSCP IPv6 value:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
unit logical-unit-number classifiers]
user@host# set dscp (classifier-name | default)
user@host# set dscp-ipv6 (classifier-name | default)
```

- To apply the classifier for the ToS value:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
unit logical-unit-number classifiers]
user@host# set inet-precedence (classifier-name | default)
```

4. Configure and apply a rewrite-rule to ingress traffic to the LAC:

a. Configure the rewrite rule with the forwarding class and the loss priority value.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set rewrite-rules (dscp | dscp-ipv6 | inet-precedence) rewrite-name
forwarding-class class-name loss-priority level code-point (alias | bits)
```

b. Apply the rewrite rule to the service interface.

- To apply the rewrite rule for the DSCP or DSCP IPv6 value:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
unit logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
user@host# set dscp (rewrite-name | default)
user@host# set dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name | default)
```

- To apply the rewrite rule for the ToS value:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces interface-name
unit logical-unit-number rewrite-rules]
user@host# set inet-precedence (rewrite-name | default)
```

5. (Optional) Configure additional adjustments for downstream ATM traffic.

By default, the shaping calculation on the service interface includes the L2TP encapsulation. If necessary, you can configure additional adjustments for downstream ATM traffic from the LAC or differences in Layer 2 protocols.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name]
user@host# set overhead-accounting (frame-mode | cell-mode |
 $junos-cos-shaping-mode) <bytes (byte-value | $junos-cos-byte-adjust)
```

6. Apply the traffic-control profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service interfaces
 $junos-interface-ifd-name unit $junos-interface-unit]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile profile-name
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for L2TP LNS Inline Services Overview on page 767](#)
- [Example: Configuring an L2TP LNS on page 347](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates on page 835](#)

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## Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile

---

Interface sets enable you to provide hierarchical scheduling to a group of subscriber interfaces.

Before you begin, configure the subscriber interfaces that you intend to include in the interface set.

- For static VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 573](#).
- For dynamic VLAN interfaces, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 631](#).
- For dynamic IP demux interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579](#) and [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 633](#).
- For dynamic VLAN demux interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 580](#).
- For dynamic PPPoE interfaces, see [“Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles” on page 695](#).
- For aggregated Ethernet interfaces, see [“Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 771](#)

To configure an interface set of subscriber interfaces:

1. Configure the interface set in the dynamic profile.

The interface set is created dynamically when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces]
user@host# edit interface-set $junos-interface-set-name
```

2. Include the interfaces within the dynamic interface-set.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-set $junos-interface-set-name]
user@host# set interface interface-name unit logical-unit-number
```

3. Apply traffic shaping and queuing parameters to the interface set.



**TIP:** You must configure the interface set in the static [edit class-of-service] hierarchy, not in the [edit dynamic-profiles] hierarchy.

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces]
user@host# edit interface-set interface-set-name
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-set interface-set-name]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile profile-name
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [CoS for Interface Sets of Subscribers Overview on page 768](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dynamic Interface Set of VLAN Subscribers on page 800](#)
- [CoS for Aggregated Ethernet Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 763](#)



# Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access Examples

- Example: Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access on page 779
- Example: Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access on page 781
- Example: Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 787
- Example: Providing Unique Rate Configurations for Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile on page 790
- Example: Configuring Aggregate Scheduling of Queues for Residential Subscribers on Static IP Demux Interfaces on page 791
- Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 793
- Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for an Underlying Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 795
- Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for an Interface Set of Static PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 797
- Example: Configuring a Dynamic Interface Set of VLAN Subscribers on page 800
- Example: Configuring a Dynamic Service VLAN Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 812

## Example: Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access

This example shows you how to configure CoS for a subscriber in a dynamic profile. The CoS parameters configure a best-effort, data service for subscribers.

1. Configure the static CoS parameters in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.

You must configure the scheduler maps in this hierarchy; it will get referenced in the dynamic profile.

```
class-of-service {
 forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 best-effort;
 queue 1 expedited-forwarding;
```

```
 queue 3 network-control;
 queue 2 assured-forwarding;
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 data_smap {
 forwarding-class best-effort scheduler be_sch;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 be_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 10;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority low;
 }
 }
}
```

2. Configure the subscriber interface in the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy. Enable hierarchical scheduling for the interface.

```
interfaces {
 ge-2/2/0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 100 {
 vlan-id 100;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.0.0.1;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

3. Configure CoS in the dynamic profile.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 data-service {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 scheduler-map data_smap;
 shaping-rate 50k;
 guaranteed-rate 10k;
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```



```

 }
 }
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [Changing CoS Services Overview on page 753](#)
  - [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)

## Example: Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for Subscriber Access

In this example, subscribers are provided with a data and voice service defined in an access profile when they initially log in. The RADIUS administrator supplies the initial values on the RADIUS server, and the service activation is performed at subscriber login.

After the initial login, the subscriber adds an assured forwarding service that is not defined in the original access profile. A service profile is used to configure the schedulers and a RADIUS CoA activates the service. The queues defined for the schedulers in the initial scheduler map and the new scheduler map are merged.

In addition, the values for the initial data and voice service are upgraded by the RADIUS administrator through a separate RADIUS CoA message.

To configure the initial service and enable the activation through a RADIUS CoA:

1. Configure the access profile for the service activation.
  - a. Configure the VLAN interface for the access profile.

```

[edit]
dynamic-profiles access-profile {
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

- b. Configure the class of service parameters in the access profile. In this example, you configure Junos OS predefined variables that provide the initial scheduler name and scheduler parameters obtained from the RADIUS authentication server when the subscriber logs in.

Include the configurations for the interfaces, schedulers, and the scheduler maps.

```

[edit]
dynamic-profiles access-profile {
 class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {

```

```

 scheduler-map $junos-cos-scheduler-map;
 shaping-rate $junos-cos-shaping-rate;
 guaranteed-rate $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate;
 delay-buffer-rate $junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate;
 }
}
interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 classifiers {
 ieee-802.1 l2_classifier;
 }
 rewrite-rules {
 ieee-802.1 l2_rewrite;
 }
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 }
}
schedulers {
 $junos-cos-scheduler {
 buffer-size percent $junos-cos-scheduler-bs;
 priority $junos-cos-scheduler-pri;
 transmit-rate percent $junos-cos-scheduler-tx;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority low protocol any $junos-cos-scheduler-low;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-low protocol any
 $junos-cos-scheduler-medium-low;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-high protocol any
 $junos-cos-scheduler-medium-high;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority high protocol any $junos-cos-scheduler-high;
 }
}
scheduler-maps {
 data_voice_smap {
 forwarding-class be scheduler be_sch;
 forwarding-class ef scheduler ef_sch;
 }
}
}
}

```

Table 71 on page 782 lists the initial values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the scheduler map and shaping rates.

**Table 71: Initial Scheduler Map and Shaping Values at Subscriber Login**

| Predefined Variable           | RADIUS Tag | Value           |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-map     | T01        | data_voice_smap |
| \$junos-cos-shaping-rate      | T02        | 6m              |
| \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate   | T03        | 4m              |
| \$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate | T04        | 4m              |

Table 72 on page 783 lists the initial values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the voice (expedited forwarding) scheduler.

**Table 72: Initial CoS Values for the Voice Scheduler at Subscriber Login**

| Predefined Variable                        | Tag | Value       |
|--------------------------------------------|-----|-------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler                      | —   | ef_sch      |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx                   | T01 | 10          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs                   | T02 | 10          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri                  | T03 | medium-high |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low         | T04 | d3          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low  | T05 | d2          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | T06 | d1          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high        | T07 | d0          |

Table 73 on page 783 lists the initial values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the data (best effort) scheduler.

**Table 73: Initial CoS Values for the Data Scheduler at Subscriber Login**

| Predefined Variable                        | Tag | Value  |
|--------------------------------------------|-----|--------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler                      | —   | be_sch |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx                   | T01 | 10     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs                   | T02 | 10     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri                  | T03 | low    |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low         | T04 | d0     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low  | T05 | d1     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | T06 | d2     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high        | T07 | d3     |

2. Configure the classifiers, drop profiles, forwarding classes, and rewrite rules in the static **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 classifiers {
```

```
dscp dscp_classifier {
 forwarding-class be {
 loss-priority low code-points 000000;
 }
 forwarding-class af {
 loss-priority medium-low code-points 000001;
 }
}
ieee-802.1 l2_classifier {
 forwarding-class be {
 loss-priority medium-low code-points 000;
 }
 forwarding-class ef {
 loss-priority medium-low code-points 100;
 }
 forwarding-class af {
 loss-priority medium-low code-points 010;
 }
}
}
drop-profiles {
 d0 {
 fill-level 25 drop-probability 100;
 fill-level 0 drop-probability 0;
 }
 d1 {
 fill-level 50 drop-probability 100;
 fill-level 0 drop-probability 0;
 }
 d2 {
 fill-level 75 drop-probability 100;
 fill-level 0 drop-probability 0;
 }
 d3 {
 fill-level 0 drop-probability 0;
 fill-level 100 drop-probability 100;
 }
}
forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 be;
 queue 1 ef;
 queue 2 af;
 queue 3 nc;
}
interfaces {
 ge-1/2/9 {
 shaping-rate 100m;
 }
}
rewrite-rules {
 ieee-802.1 l2_rewrite {
 forwarding-class be {
 loss-priority medium-low code-point 000;
 }
 forwarding-class ef {
 loss-priority medium-low code-point 001;
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 forwarding-class af {
 loss-priority medium-low code-point 100;
 }
}
dscp l2_rewrite {
 forwarding-class be {
 loss-priority medium-low code-points 000;
 }
 forwarding-class ef {
 loss-priority medium-low code-points 001;
 }
 forwarding-class af {
 loss-priority medium-low code-points 001;
 }
}
}
}

```

3. Configure the service profile enable RADIUS to activate the video service after login. The video service corresponds to assured forwarding PHB.

In this example, you configure Junos OS predefined variables that provide the initial scheduler name and scheduler parameters obtained from the RADIUS authentication server when the subscriber logs in.

```

[edit]
dynamic-profiles service-af {
 variables {
 af_fc default-value video;
 af_sch default-value af_sch;
 sch-drop-any default-value all;
 sch-pri-2 default-value strict-high;
 sch-bs-2 default-value 40;
 sch-tx-2 default-value 3m;
 smap default-value any
 }
 class-of-service {
 scheduler-maps {
 "$smap" {
 forwarding-class "$af_fc" scheduler "$af_sch";
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 "$af_sch" {
 transmit-rate percent "$sch-tx-2";
 buffer-size percent "$sch-bs-2";
 priority "$sch-pri-2";
 drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any drop-profile "$sch-drop-any";
 }
 }
 }
}
}

```

After the three services are activated, subscribers receive upgraded values for the data and voice service when RADIUS sends a change of authorization (CoA). In this case, the CoS parameters are replaced, because multiple subscribers were not enabled on the logical interface.

Table 74 on page 786 lists the upgraded values defined by the RADIUS administrator.

**Table 74: Upgraded CoS Values for the Video Service**

| Variable                    | RADIUS Tag | Value           |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| junos-cos-scheduler-map     | T01        | data_voice_smap |
| junos-cos-shaping-rate      | T02        | 14m             |
| junos-cos-guaranteed-rate   | T03        | 13m             |
| junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate | T04        | 12m             |

Table 75 on page 786 lists the values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the video (assured forwarding) scheduler.

**Table 75: Upgraded CoS Values for the Video Scheduler**

| Predefined Variable                        | Tag | Value  |
|--------------------------------------------|-----|--------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler                      | —   | af_sch |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx                   | T01 | 10     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs                   | T02 | 10     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri                  | T03 | medium |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low         | T04 | d3     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low  | T05 | d2     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | T06 | d1     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high        | T07 | d0     |

Table 76 on page 786 lists the values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the expedited forwarding scheduler in the CoA message. The values are the same as the initial service.

**Table 76: Initial CoS Values for the Expedited Forwarding Scheduler at Subscriber Login**

| Predefined Variable      | Tag | Value  |
|--------------------------|-----|--------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler    | —   | ef_sch |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx | T01 | 10     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs | T02 | 10     |

**Table 76: Initial CoS Values for the Expedited Forwarding Scheduler at Subscriber Login (*continued*)**

| Predefined Variable                        | Tag | Value       |
|--------------------------------------------|-----|-------------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri                  | T03 | medium-high |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low         | T04 | d3          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low  | T05 | d2          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | T06 | d1          |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high        | T07 | d0          |

Table 77 on page 787 lists the values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the best effort scheduler in the CoA message. The values are the same as the initial service.

**Table 77: Initial CoS Values for the Best Effort Scheduler at Subscriber Login**

| Predefined Variable                        | Tag | Value  |
|--------------------------------------------|-----|--------|
| \$junos-cos-scheduler                      | —   | be_sch |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx                   | T01 | 10     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs                   | T02 | 10     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri                  | T03 | low    |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low         | T04 | d0     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low  | T05 | d1     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | T06 | d2     |
| \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high        | T07 | d3     |

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Changing CoS Services Overview on page 753](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)

## Example: Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS

The following configuration is an example of a client dynamic profile in which initial CoS parameters are dynamically obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is applied.

For this example, assume that the RADIUS authentication server has been configured with traffic-shaping parameters (at Juniper Networks VSA 26-108) and CoS scheduling and queuing parameters (at Juniper Networks VSA 26-146).

The subscriber interface is a single-unit static gigabit Ethernet VLAN interface on an EQ DPC port:

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ge-9/0/3 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 100 {
 vlan-id 100;
 family inet {
 address 192.168.32.2/24;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

The client dynamic profile **residential\_silver** attaches the traffic-control profile **tcp\_1** to the subscriber interface that is defined in the dynamic profile using the **\$junos-interface-ifd-name** predefined variable.

```
[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 residential_silver {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 class-of-service {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp_1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

The traffic-control profile **tcp\_1**, references Junos OS predefined variables to obtain a scheduler-map name and traffic-shaping parameter values from RADIUS when a subscriber logs in. For this example, assume that the RADIUS server replaces the Junos OS predefined variable **\$junos-cos-scheduler-map** scheduler-map name **business\_smap\_1**. The scheduler map **business\_smap\_1** is configured in the client dynamic profile:

```
[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 residential_silver {
 class-of-service {
```



```

traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp_1 {
 scheduler-map "$junos-cos-scheduler-map"; # 'business_smap_1'
 shaping-rate "$junos-cos-shaping-rate";
 guaranteed-rate "$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate";
 delay-buffer-rate "$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate";
 }
}
scheduler-maps {
 business_smap_1 {
 forwarding-class best-effort scheduler be_sched;
 forwarding-class ef scheduler home_sched
 }
}
}
}

```

A scheduler definition references Junos OS predefined variables to obtain scheduler configurations from RADIUS when a subscriber logs in. For this example, assume that the RADIUS server provides scheduler configurations for schedulers named **be\_sched** and **home\_sched**, which are included in the scheduler map **business\_smap\_1**:

```

[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 residential_silver {
 class-of-service {
 schedulers {
 "$junos-cos-scheduler" { # 'be_sched' and 'home_sched'
 transmit-rate "$junos-cos-scheduler-tx";
 buffer-size "$junos-cos-scheduler-bs";
 priority "$junos-cos-scheduler-pri";
 drop-profile-map loss-priority low protocol any drop-profile
 "$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low";
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-low protocol any drop-profile
 "$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low";
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-high protocol any drop-profile
 "$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high";
 drop-profile-map loss-priority high protocol any drop-profile
 "$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high";
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

Static configurations for CoS consist of configurations for the forwarding classes used in the scheduler map **business\_smap\_1** and configurations for drop-profile names provided by RADIUS for as part of the scheduler configurations provided (for **be\_sched** and **home\_sched**) when a subscriber logs in:

```

[edit]
class-of-service {
 forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 best-effort;
 queue 1 ef;
 }
}

```

```
 drop-profiles {
 ... configurations_for_drop_profile_names_provided_by_RADIUS ...
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Activation and Service Management in an Access Network on page 9](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [Subscriber Interfaces That Provide Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 749](#)
- [Configuring Initial CoS Parameters Dynamically Obtained from RADIUS on page 757](#)

## Example: Providing Unique Rate Configurations for Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile

Combining static and dynamic schedulers in a dynamic profile enables you to provide subscribers with services that have unique scheduler definitions.

In this example, the network administrator configures the data service with a **transmit-rate** that is rate controlled using the **\$junos-cos-scheduler-tx** predefined variable. RADIUS dynamically supplies the percentage value for the transmission rate that is specified in the RADIUS VSA to the data scheduler when the subscriber logs in.

For the best-effort service, the network administrator assigns the remaining transmission rate that is available.

```
schedulers {
 data-scheduler {
 transmit-rate percent rate-limit $junos-cos-scheduler-tx;
 buffer-size percent $junos-cos-scheduler-bs;
 priority $junos-cos-scheduler-pri;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority low protocol any drop-profile d0;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-low protocol any drop-profile d1;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-high protocol any drop-profile d2;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority high protocol any drop-profile d3;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any drop-profile all;
 }
 best-effort-scheduler {
 transmit-rate remainder;
 buffer-size percent $junos-cos-scheduler-bs;
 priority medium-high;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority low protocol any drop-profile
 $junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-low protocol any drop-profile d1;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority medium-high protocol any drop-profile
 $junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority high protocol any drop-profile d3;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority any protocol any drop-profile
 $junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-any;
 }
}
```

}

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring a Combination of Static and Dynamic Scheduler Parameters in a Scheduler Definition on page 742](#)

## Example: Configuring Aggregate Scheduling of Queues for Residential Subscribers on Static IP Demux Interfaces

In this example, scheduling is configured for a residential subscriber. Each forwarding class represents a multiplay service (voice, video, and data), and is equivalent to a queue.

An interface set of IP demux interfaces represents a DSLAM, and provides shaping of subscribers services to a DSLAM aggregate rate.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 interface-set demux-set {
 interface demux0 {
 unit 0;
 unit 1;
 }
 }
 ge-2/0/1 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 per-session-scheduler;
 vlan-id 1;
 demux-source inet;
 family inet {
 address 4.4.4.4/24;
 }
 }
 }
}
demux0 {
 unit 0 {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ge-2/0/1.1;
 }
 family inet {
 address 1.1.1.1/24;
 demux-source {
 1.1.1.0/24;
 }
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ge-2/0/1.1;
 }
 family inet {
 address 1.1.2.1/24;
 demux-source {
 1.1.2.0/24;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```
 }
 }
}
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 T1 {
 scheduler-map m1;
 shaping-rate 5m;
 }
 T2 {
 shaping-rate 60m;
 }
 }
}
interfaces {
 interface-set demux-set {
 output-traffic-control-profile T2;
 }
 demux0 {
 unit 0 {
 output-traffic-control-profile T1;
 }
 unit 1 {
 output-traffic-control-profile T1;
 }
 }
}
scheduler-maps {
 m1 {
 forwarding-class best-effort scheduler s0;
 forwarding-class expedited-forwarding scheduler s1;
 forwarding-class assured-forwarding scheduler s2;
 forwarding-class network-control scheduler s3;
 }
}
schedulers {
 s0 {
 transmit-rate percent 10;
 buffer-size percent 10;
 }
 s1 {
 transmit-rate percent 20;
 buffer-size percent 20;
 }
 s2 {
 transmit-rate percent 30;
 buffer-size percent 30;
 }
 s3 {
 transmit-rate percent 40;
 buffer-size percent 40;
 }
}
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- CoS and Static IP Demux Interface Set Overview
  - Configuring Static IP Demux Interfaces for Subscribers

## Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface

In this example, the network administrator defines hierarchical queuing and scheduler parameters by configuring traffic control profile and binding it directly to a PPPoE subscriber interface.

This configuration is supported on the IQ2E PIC.

To use this configuration in a broadband access network, each forwarding class can represent one type of services provided to a household customer and is mapped to a queue. Each PPPoE interface represents a household and provides shaping of all household traffic to an aggregate rate. All of the PPPoE interfaces on the physical interfaces are shaped to the underlying physical interface rate.

Table 78 on page 793 lists the scheduler and queue mapping for this configuration.

**Table 78: Scheduler Per Logical Interface Mapping**

| Level | Type      | Mapping                       |
|-------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| 4     | Queue     | PPPoE interface               |
| 3     | Scheduler | PPPoE interface               |
| 2     | Scheduler | —                             |
| 1     | Scheduler | Underlying physical interface |

```

interfaces {
 ge-3/0/3 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 0 {
 encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
 vlan-id 100;
 }
 }
 pp0 {
 unit 0 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 120.20.20.20/32 {
 destination 120.20.20.21;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 130.30.30.30/32 {
 destination 130.30.30.31;
 }
 }
 }
 unit 2 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 140.40.40.40/32 {
 destination 140.40.40.41;
 }
 }
 }
}

class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp {
 scheduler-map data_smap;
 shaping-rate 50k;
 guaranteed-rate 10k;
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit 0 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp;
 }
 unit 1 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp;
 }
 unit 2 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp;
 }
 }
 forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 be;
 queue 1 ef;
 queue 3 nc;
 queue 2 af;
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 data_smap {
 forwarding-class be scheduler be_sch;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

voice_data_smap {
 forwarding-class be scheduler be_sch;
}
vid_data_smap {
 forwarding-class ef scheduler ef_sch;
}
}
schedulers {
 be_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 10;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority low;
 }
 ef_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 10;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority low;
 }
 af_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 10;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority low;
 }
 nc_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 10;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority low;
 }
}
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [CoS for PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 764](#)
  - [Configuring Hierarchical CoS on a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 772](#)

## Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for an Underlying Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface

In this example, the network administrator defines hierarchical queues and scheduler parameters by configuring a traffic control profile and binding it directly to a PPPoE subscriber interface. The network administrator then configures the traffic control profile on the underlying interface where a group of PPPoE interfaces reside.

This configuration is supported on the IQ2E PIC.

To use this configuration in a broadband access network, each forwarding class represents one type of services provided to a household customer and is mapped to a queue. Each PPPoE interface represents a household and provides shaping of all household traffic to an aggregate rate. The underlying logical interface where a group of PPPoE interfaces resides represents a DSLAM and provides shaping to the DSLAM rate.

[Table 79 on page 796](#) lists the scheduler and queue mapping for this configuration.

Table 79: Scheduler per Underlying Interface Mapping

| Level | Type      | Mapping                      |
|-------|-----------|------------------------------|
| 4     | Queue     | PPPoE interface              |
| 3     | Scheduler | PPPoE interface              |
| 2     | Scheduler | Underlying logical interface |
| 1     | Scheduler | Underlying interface         |

```

interfaces {
 ge-3/0/3 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 0 {
 encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
 vlan-id 100;
 }
 unit 1 {
 vlan-id 101;
 }
 }
 pp0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 unit 0 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 120.20.20.20/32 {
 destination 120.20.20.21;
 }
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 130.30.30.30/32 {
 destination 130.30.30.31;
 }
 }
 }
 unit 2 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {

```



```

 address 140.40.40.40/32 {
 destination 140.40.40.41;
 }
 }
}
}
}
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 scheduler-map data_smap;
 shaping-rate 50k;
 guaranteed-rate 10k;
 }
 tcp2 {
 scheduler-map data_smap;
 shaping-rate 50m;
 guaranteed-rate 10m;
 }
 }
}
interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit 0 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 unit 1 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 unit 2 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 ge-3/0/3 {
 unit 0 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp2;
 }
 }
 }
 ...
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [CoS for PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 764](#)
  - [Configuring Hierarchical CoS on a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 772](#)

## Example: Configuring Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing for an Interface Set of Static PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

In this example, the network administrator defines hierarchical queues and scheduler parameters by configuring traffic-control profile and binding it directly to a PPPoE subscriber interface. The network administrator then configures the traffic-control profile on a set of PPPoE interfaces.

This configuration is supported on the IQ2E PIC.

To use this configuration in a broadband access network, each forwarding class represents one type of services provided to a household customer and is mapped to a queue. Each PPPoE interface represents a household and provides shaping of all household traffic to an aggregate rate. In addition, the PPPoE interface-set configuration provides shaping of traffic for a group of PPPoE interface on a DSLAM to a DSLAM aggregate rate.

Table 80 on page 798 lists the scheduler and queue mapping for this configuration.

**Table 80: Scheduler per Logical Interface with Interface Set Mapping**

| Level | Type      | Mapping                       |
|-------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| 4     | Queue     | PPPoE interface               |
| 3     | Scheduler | PPPoE interface               |
| 2     | Scheduler | Set of PPPoE interfaces       |
| 1     | Scheduler | Underlying physical interface |

```

interfaces {
 interface-set iflset1 {
 interface pp0 {
 unit 0;
 unit 1;
 unit 2;
 }
 }
 pp0 {
 unit 0 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 120.20.20.20/32 {
 destination 120.20.20.21;
 }
 }
 }
 unit 1 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;
 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 130.30.30.30/32 {
 destination 130.30.30.31;
 }
 }
 }
 unit 2 {
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-3/0/3.0;

```

```

 server;
 }
 family inet {
 address 140.40.40.40/32 {
 destination 140.40.40.41;
 }
 }
}
ge-3/0/3 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 0 {
 encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
 vlan-id 100;
 }
 unit 1 {
 vlan-id 101;
 }
 unit 2 {
 vlan-id 102;
 }
}
}
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 scheduler-map data_smap;
 shaping-rate 50k;
 guaranteed-rate 10k;
 }
 tcp2 {
 scheduler-map data_smap;
 shaping-rate 50m;
 guaranteed-rate 10m;
 }
 }
}
interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit 0 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 unit 1 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 unit 2 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 interface-set iflset1 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp2;
 }
 ...
 }
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [CoS for PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Overview on page 764](#)
  - [Configuring Hierarchical CoS on a Static PPPoE Subscriber Interface on page 772](#)

---

## Example: Configuring a Dynamic Interface Set of VLAN Subscribers

---

- [Requirements on page 800](#)
- [Overview on page 800](#)
- [Configuring the Dynamic VLANs on page 800](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Traffic Scheduling and Shaping on page 802](#)
- [Configuring the Interface Set in the Dynamic Profile on page 805](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Access on page 806](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Authentication on page 808](#)
- [Verification on page 812](#)

### Requirements

This example uses the following software and hardware components:

- Junos OS Release 10.4
- MX Series Router with Trio MPC/MIC interfaces

### Overview

In this example, the network administrator groups dynamic VLAN interfaces in an interface set. The interface set is configured in a dynamic profile, and enables hierarchical scheduling for the VLAN interfaces for a multiplay service.

DHCP is used as the access method, and RADIUS is used as the authentication method for the interfaces associated with the interface set.

### Configuring the Dynamic VLANs

- CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure the dynamic VLANs, copy the following commands and paste them into the router terminal window:

```
[edit]
edit dynamic-profiles vlan-prof
edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit $junos-interface-unit
set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
set demux-source inet
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.20.32.2
top
edit interfaces ge-1/0/0
set hierarchical-scheduler
set vlan-tagging
edit auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-prof
set ranges any
set accept inet
```

```
top
set interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet address 100.20.32.2/32
```

### Configuring the Dynamic Profile for the Autoconfigured VLANs

**Step-by-Step Procedure** In this section, you create a dynamic profile for the VLAN IDs to be automatically assigned when subscribers log in.

To configure the dynamic profile for the VLANs:

1. Configure the dynamic profile.  

```
[edit]
user@host#edit dynamic-profile vlan-prof
```
2. Configure the interfaces.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles vlan-prof]
user@host#edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit $junos-interface-unit
```
3. Add the VLAN ID variable.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles vlan-prof interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-interface-unit]
user@host#set vlan-id $junos-vlan-id
```
4. Configure the demux source as IPv4.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles vlan-prof interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-interface-unit]
user@host#set demux-source inet
```
5. Configure the family.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles vlan-prof interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-interface-unit]
user@host#set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address
100.20.32.2
```

### Configuring the VLAN Interfaces

**Step-by-Step Procedure** To configure the VLAN interfaces:

1. Create the VLAN interface.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-1/0/0
```
2. Enable hierarchical scheduling.  

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler
```
3. Configure VLAN tagging.  

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0]
user@host# set vlan-tagging
```
4. Configure auto-configuration for the dynamic profile.  

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0]
```

```
user@host# edit auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-prof
```

5. Configure any VLAN ID range.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-prof]
user@host# set ranges any
```

6. Specify IPv4 traffic for the VLAN.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0 auto-configure vlan-ranges dynamic-profile vlan-prof]
user@host# set accept inet
```

---

### Configuring the Loopback Interface

**Step-by-Step Procedure** To configure the loopback interface:

1. Create the loopback interface.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0
```

2. Configure the unit and the family.

```
[edit interfaces lo0]
user@host# set unit 0 family inet address 100.20.32.2/32
```

### Configuring Dynamic Traffic Scheduling and Shaping

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure the traffic scheduling and shaping parameters, copy the following commands and paste them into the router terminal window:

```
[edit]
edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers be_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up
edit ef_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up
edit af_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up
edit nc_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up
edit voice_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up
```

```

edit video_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up
edit game_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up
edit data_sch
set transmit-rate percent 12
set buffer-size percent 12
set priority low
up 2
edit scheduler-maps all_smap
set forwarding-class be scheduler be_sch
set forwarding-class ef scheduler ef_sch
set forwarding-class af scheduler af_sch
set forwarding-class nc scheduler nc_sch
set forwarding-class voice scheduler voice_sch
set forwarding-class video scheduler video_sch
set forwarding-class game scheduler game_sch
set forwarding-class data scheduler data_sch
up 2
edit traffic-control-profiles multiplay
set scheduler-map all_smap
set shaping-rate 100m
set guaranteed-rate 20m

```

### Configuring the Schedulers in the Dynamic Profile

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

In this section, you create a dynamic profile for the multiplay service and configure scheduling and shaping.

To configure the schedulers:

1. Create the **multiplay** dynamic profile.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers

```

2. Configure the best effort scheduler.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit be_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low

```

3. Configure the expedited forwarding scheduler.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit ef_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low

```

4. Configure the assured forwarding scheduler.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit af_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low
```
5. Configure the network control scheduler.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit nc_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low
```
6. Configure the voice scheduler.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit voice_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low
```
7. Configure the video scheduler.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit video_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low
```
8. Configure the gaming scheduler.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit game_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low
```
9. Configure the data scheduler.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service schedulers]
user@host# edit data_sch
user@host# set transmit-rate percent 12
user@host# set buffer-size percent 12
user@host# set priority low
```

---

### Configuring the Scheduler Map in the Dynamic Profile

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the scheduler map:

1. Configure the scheduler map for all of the services.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service]
user@host# edit scheduler-maps all_smap
```
2. Configure the forwarding classes for each service in the scheduler map.  

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service scheduler-maps all_smap]
```



```

user@host# set forwarding-class be scheduler be_sch
user@host# set forwarding-class ef scheduler ef_sch
user@host# set forwarding-class af scheduler af_sch
user@host# set forwarding-class nc scheduler nc_sch
user@host# set forwarding-class voice scheduler voice_sch
user@host# set forwarding-class video scheduler video_sch
user@host# set forwarding-class game scheduler game_sch
user@host# set forwarding-class data scheduler data_sch

```

### Configuring the Traffic-Control Profile in the Dynamic Profile

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the traffic-control profile the interface set:

1. Configure the traffic-control profile.  

```

[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service]
user@host# edit traffic control-profiles multiplay

```
2. Configure the scheduler map.  

```

[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service traffic control-profiles multiplay]
user@host# set scheduler-map all_smap

```
3. Configure the shaping rate.  

```

[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service traffic control-profiles multiplay]
user@host# set shaping-rate 100m

```
4. Configure the guaranteed rate.  

```

[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay class-of-service traffic control-profiles multiplay]
user@host# set guaranteed-rate 20m

```

### Configuring the Interface Set in the Dynamic Profile

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the interface set, copy the following commands and paste them into the router terminal window:

```

[edit]
edit dynamic-profiles multiplay
edit interfaces interface-set $junos-interface-set-name
set interface $junos-interface-ifd-name unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit
top
edit class-of-service interfaces interface-set
set output-traffic-control-profile multiplay

```

### Configuring the Interfaces for the Interface Set

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the interface variable for the interface set:

1. Configure the dynamic profile for the interface set.  

```

[edit]
user@host#edit dynamic-profiles multiplay

```
2. Configure the interface using the Junos OS predefined variable.  

```

[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay]

```

```
user@host#edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-underlying-interface-unit
```

3. Configure the family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay interfaces $junos-interface-set-name unit
$junos-underlying-interface-unit]
user@host#set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address
100.20.32.2
```

---

### Configuring the Interface Set

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the interface set:

1. Configure the interface set using the Junos OS predefined variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay]
user@host#edit interfaces interface-set $junos-interface-set-name
```

2. Add the dynamic VLAN interfaces to the interface set.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles multiplay interfaces $junos-interface-set-name]
user@host#set interface $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-underlying-interface-unit
```

---

### Applying the Traffic Control Profile to the Interface Set

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

You apply the traffic control profile outside of the dynamic profile in the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy.

To apply the traffic-control profile:

1. Specify the interface set to which you want to apply the traffic control profile.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host#edit interfaces interface-set dynamic-set
```

2. Attach the output-traffic control profile defined in the dynamic profile to the interface set.

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces]
user@host#set output-traffic-control-profile multiplay
```

## Configuring DHCP Access

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure DHCP access, copy the following commands and paste them into the router terminal window:

```
[edit]
edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication
set password multiplay
set username-include user-prefix multiplay
up 1
set dynamic-profile dhcp-vlan-prof aggregate-clients replace
set group vlans interface ge-1/0/0
top
edit access address-assignment pool v4 family inet
```

```

set network 100.20.0.0/16
set range limited low 100.20.0.10
set range limited high 100.20.128.250
set dhcp-attributes maximum-lease-time 84600

```

### Configuring the DHCP Local Server

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure DHCP access:

1. Configure the DHCP local server.  

```

[edit system]
user@host# edit services dhcp-local-server authentication

```
2. Set the password.  

```

[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication]
user@host# set password multiplay

```
3. Specify that you want to include optional information in the username.  

```

[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication]
user@host# set username-include user-prefix multiplay

```
4. Attach the dynamic profile with the interface set.  

```

[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set dynamic-profile dhcp-vlan-prof aggregate-clients replace

```
5. Configure a group for the VLAN interface.  

```

[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group vlans interface ge-1/0/0

```

### Configuring Address Assignment Pools

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure address assignment pools:

1. Configure the pool of IPv4 addresses.  

```

[edit access]
user@host#edit address-assignment pool v4 family inet

```
2. Configure the family of interfaces in the pool.  

```

[edit access address-assignment pool v4]
user@host#set network 100.20.0.0/16

```
3. Configure the upper and lower bounds of the address range.  

```

[edit access address-assignment pool v4]
user@host#set range limited low 100.20.0.10
user@host#set range limited high 100.20.128.250

```
4. Configure the maximum length of time in seconds for which a subscriber can request and hold a lease.  

```

[edit access address-assignment pool v4]
user@host#set dhcp-attributes maximum-lease-time 84600

```

## Configuring RADIUS Authentication

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure RADIUS authentication, copy the following commands and paste them into the router terminal window:

```
[edit]
edit access radius-server 172.28.30.108
set secret $9$1u5ErvW87bwgSr4Zji5T
set timeout 5
set retry 5
up 2
edit profile acc-prof
set authentication-order radius
set radius authentication-server 172.28.30.108
```

---

### Configuring RADIUS Access

**Step-by-Step Procedure** To configure RADIUS access:

1. Configure the RADIUS server.  

```
[edit access]
user@host#edit radius-server 172.28.30.108
```
2. Configure the required secret (password) that the local router or switch passes to the RADIUS client.  

```
[edit access radius-server 172.28.30.108]
user@host# set secret $9$1u5ErvW87bwgSr4Zji5T
```
3. Configure the length of time that the local router or switch waits to receive a response from a RADIUS server.  

```
[edit access radius-server 172.28.30.108]
user@host# set timeout 5
```
4. Configure the number of times that the router or switch attempts to contact a RADIUS accounting server.  

```
[edit access radius-server 172.28.30.108]
user@host# set retry 5
```
5. Configure the access profile.  

```
[edit access]
user@host#edit profile acc-prof
```
6. Configure the authentication order.  

```
[edit access profile acc-prof]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```
7. Configure the authentication server.  

```
[edit access profile acc-prof]
user@host#set radius authentication-server 172.28.30.108
```

**Results** dynamic-profiles {  
vlan-prof {

```

interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 vlan-id "$junos-vlan-id";
 demux-source inet;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.20.32.2;
 }
 }
 }
}
}
multiplay {
 class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 multiplay {
 scheduler-map all_smap;
 shaping-rate 100m;
 guaranteed-rate 20m;
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 interface-set "$junos-interface-set-name" {
 interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit";
 }
 }
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
 output-traffic-control-profile multiplay;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 all_smap {
 forwarding-class be scheduler be_sch;
 forwarding-class ef scheduler ef_sch;
 forwarding-class af scheduler af_sch;
 forwarding-class nc scheduler nc_sch;
 forwarding-class voice scheduler voice_sch;
 forwarding-class video scheduler video_sch;
 forwarding-class game scheduler game_sch;
 forwarding-class data scheduler data_sch;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 be_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
 }
 ef_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
 }
 }
}

```

```
af_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
}
nc_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
}
voice_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
}
video_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
}
game_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
}
data_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 12;
 buffer-size percent 12;
 priority low;
}
}
}
}
access {
 radius-server {
 172.28.30.108 {
 secret "$9$1u5ErvW87bwgSr4Zji5T"; ## SECRET-DATA
 timeout 5;
 retry 5;
 }
 }
 profile acc-prof {
 authentication-order radius;
 radius {
 authentication-server 172.28.30.108;
 }
 }
 address-assignment {
 pool v4 {
 family inet {
 network 100.20.0.0/16;
 range limited {
 low 100.20.0.10;
 high 100.20.128.250;
 }
 }
 dhcp-attributes {
```

```

 maximum-lease-time 84600;
 }
}
}
}
class-of-service {
 interfaces {
 interface-set dynamic-set {
 output-traffic-control-profile multiplay;
 }
 }
}
interfaces {
 interface-set "$junos-interface-set-name" {
 interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit";
 }
 }
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.20.32.2;
 }
 }
 }
}
}
}
}
}
interfaces {
 ge-1/0/0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 vlan-tagging;
 auto-configure {
 vlan-ranges {
 dynamic-profile vlan-prof {
 accept inet;
 ranges {
 any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 100.20.32.2/32;
 }
 }
}
}
}
system {
 services {
 dhcp-local-server {
 authentication {

```

```
 password multiplay;
 username-include {
 user-prefix multiplay;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile multiplay aggregate-clients replace;
 group vlans {
 interface ge-1/0/0.0;
 }
}
}
```

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is correct, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying the Interfaces that are Included in the Interface Set on page 812](#)
- [Verifying the Traffic Scheduling and Shaping Parameters for the Interface Set on page 812](#)

---

### Verifying the Interfaces that are Included in the Interface Set

**Purpose** Verify the interfaces included in the interface set.

**Action** user@host> show interfaces interface-set dynamic-set terse

---

### Verifying the Traffic Scheduling and Shaping Parameters for the Interface Set

**Purpose** Verify that the traffic scheduling and shaping parameters are applied properly to an interface included in the interface set.

**Action** user@host> show class-of-service interface

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 776](#)

---

## Example: Configuring a Dynamic Service VLAN Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile

Interface sets enable you to provide hierarchical scheduling to a group of subscriber interfaces. In this example, by using the `$junos-svlan-interface-set-name` internal dynamic variable when specifying the interface set name, you can locally generate an interface set name for use by SVLAN interfaces based on the outer tag of the dual-tagged VLAN. The format of the generated variable is *physical\_interface\_name - outer\_VLAN\_tag*.

- [Requirements on page 813](#)
- [Overview on page 813](#)
- [Configuration on page 813](#)
- [Verification on page 815](#)



## Requirements

Dynamic SVLAN traffic shaping is supported only on Juniper Networks MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers running Junos OS Release 11.4R2 or later.

Before you begin, configure the subscriber interfaces that you intend to include in the interface set. You can find general configuration instructions for the supported dynamic interface configuration in the *Junos OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide* as follows:

- For dynamic VLAN interfaces, see “Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 631.
- For dynamic IP demux interfaces, see “Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 579 and “Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 633.
- For dynamic VLAN demux interfaces, see “Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles” on page 580.

## Overview

Interface sets enable you to provide hierarchical scheduling to a group of subscriber interfaces. By using the `$junos-svlan-interface-set-name` internal dynamic variable when specifying the interface set name, you can locally generate an interface set name for use by SVLAN interfaces based on the outer tag of the dual-tagged VLAN. The format of the generated variable is *physical\_interface\_name - outer\_VLAN\_tag*.

This example includes the following statements:

- **interface-set**—Configures the name of the scheduler for dynamic CoS. In this example, you use the `$junos-svlan-interface-set-name` variable to obtain the locally generated interface set name for use by SVLAN interfaces based on the outer tag of the dual-tagged VLAN.
- **output-traffic-control-profile**—Applies an output traffic scheduling and shaping profile to the interface set.
- **output-traffic-control-profile-remaining**—Applies an output traffic scheduling and shaping profile for remaining traffic to the interface set.

## Configuration

### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit]
set dynamic-profiles profile-dhcp-ipdemux interfaces interface-set
 $junos-svlan-interface-set-name interface $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
 $junos-underlying-interface-unit
set dynamic-profiles profile-dhcp-ipdemux interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
 $junos-underlying-interface-unit
```

```

set class-of-service traffic-control-profiles tcp1 scheduler-map schedMap
set class-of-service traffic-control-profiles tcp1 shaping-rate 50m
set class-of-service traffic-control-profiles tcp1 guaranteed-rate 200k
set class-of-service traffic-control-profiles tcp3 scheduler-map ss1q0q1
set class-of-service traffic-control-profiles tcp3 shaping-rate 20m
set class-of-service traffic-control-profiles tcp3 guaranteed-rate 5m
set class-of-service interfaces interface-set ae0-111 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1
set class-of-service interfaces interface-set ae0-111
output-traffic-control-profile-remaining tcp3

```

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure an SVLAN interface set of subscriber interfaces:

1. Access the dynamic profile you want to modify for interface sets.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-dhcp-ipdemux

```

2. Access the dynamic profile interface configuration.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles profile-dhcp-ipdemux]
user@host# edit interfaces

```

3. Configure the SVLAN interface set in the dynamic profile.

The interface set is created dynamically when the subscriber logs in.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles profile-dhcp-ipdemux interfaces]
user@host# edit interface-set $junos-svlan-interface-set-name

```

4. Include dynamic IP demux interface creation within the dynamic interface set.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles profile-dhcp-ipdemux interfaces interface-set
 $junos-svlan-interface-set-name]
user@host# set interface $junos-interface-afd-name unit
 $junos-underlying-interface-unit

```

5. Access the SVLAN interface set name that you expect **\$junos-svlan-interface-set-name** to generate. For example, to specify the expected interface set name for aggregated Ethernet interface ae0 and outer VLAN tag 111, include **ae0-111** for the *interface-set-name* variable.

```

[edit class-of-service interfaces]
user@host# edit interface-set ae0-111

```

6. Apply traffic shaping and queuing parameters to the SVLAN interface set.



**TIP:** You must configure the interface set in the static [edit class-of-service] hierarchy, not in the [edit dynamic-profiles] hierarchy.

```

[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-set ae0-111]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile tcp1

```

7. Apply traffic shaping and queuing parameters to any remaining traffic on the SVLAN interface set.

```

[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-set ae0-111]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile-remaining tcp3

```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show dynamic-profiles** command and the **show class-of-service** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the instructions in this example to correct the configuration.

```

user@host# show dynamic-profiles
dynamic-profiles {
 profile-dhcp-ipdemux {
 interfaces {
 interface-set "$junos-svlan-interface-set-name" {
 interface "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit";
 }
 }
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit";
 }
 }
 }
}

user@host# show class-of-service
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 scheduler-map schedMap;
 shaping-rate 50m;
 guaranteed-rate 200k;
 }
 tcp3 {
 inactive: scheduler-map ss1q0q1;
 shaping-rate 20m;
 guaranteed-rate 5m;
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 interface-set ae0-111 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 output-traffic-control-profile-remaining tcp3;
 }
 }
}

```

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is correct, perform these tasks:

### Verifying the Interfaces that are Included in the Interface Set

**Purpose** Verify the interfaces that are included in the interface set.

**Action** user@host> show class-of-service interface-set

### [Displaying Information for Active Subscribers](#)

---

**Purpose**     Display information for active subscribers.

**Action**     `user@host> show subscribers detail`

**Related Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring Hierarchical Schedulers for CoS](#)
- [Configuring Remaining Common Queues on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 838](#)

# Bandwidth Management for Dynamic CoS Overview

- [Excess Bandwidth Distribution on MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview on page 817](#)
- [Traffic Burst Management on MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview on page 818](#)
- [Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview on page 820](#)
- [Setting Class-of-Service Parameters Using PPPoE Vendor- Specific Tags on page 822](#)
- [Dedicated Queue Scaling for CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview on page 823](#)
- [Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview on page 827](#)
- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview on page 829](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 830](#)

## Excess Bandwidth Distribution on MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview

Service providers often used tiered services to provide bandwidth for excess traffic as traffic patterns vary. By default, excess bandwidth between a configured guaranteed rate and shaping rate is shared equally among all queues on MPC/MIC interfaces, which might not be optimal for all subscribers to a service.

You can adjust this distribution by configuring the rates and priorities for the excess bandwidth.

By default, when traffic exceeds the shaping or guaranteed rates, the system demotes traffic with guaranteed high (GH) priority and guaranteed medium (GM) priority. You can disable this priority demotion for the MPC/MIC interfaces in your router.

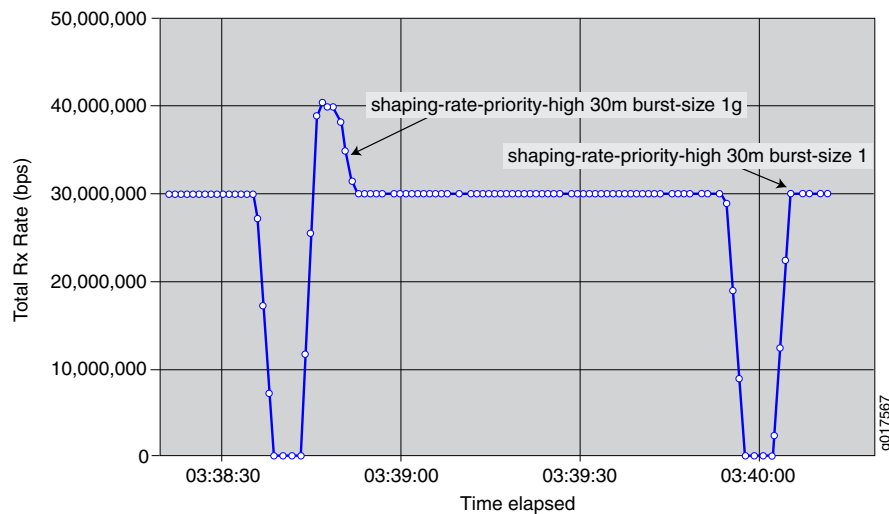
### **Related Documentation**

- [Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution on Static MPC/MIC Interfaces](#)
- [Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 833](#)
- [Per-Priority Shaping on MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview](#)
- [Traffic Burst Management on MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview on page 818](#)

## Traffic Burst Management on MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview

You can manage the impact of bursts of traffic on your network by configuring a burst-size value with the shaping rate or the guaranteed rate. The value is the maximum bytes of rate credit that can accrue for an idle queue or scheduler node. When a queue or node becomes active, the accrued rate credits enable the queue or node to catch up to the configured rate.

**Figure 15: Sample Burst Shaping Rates**



In [Figure 15 on page 818](#), the network administrator configures a large burst-size value for the shaping rate, then configures a small burst-size value. The larger burst size is subject to a maximum value. The smaller burst size is subject to a minimum value that enables the system to achieve the configured rates.

In both configurations, the scheduler node can burst beyond its shaping rate for a brief interval. The burst of traffic beyond the shaping rate is more noticeable with the larger burst size than the smaller burst size.

- [Guidelines for Configuring the Burst Size on page 818](#)
- [How the System Calculates the Burst Size on page 819](#)

### Guidelines for Configuring the Burst Size

Typically, the default burst-size (100 ms) for both scheduler nodes and queues on MPC/MIC interfaces is adequate for most networks. However, if you have intermediate equipment in your network that has very limited buffering and is intolerant of bursts of traffic, you might want to configure a lower value for the burst size.

Use caution when selecting a different burst size for your network. A burst size that is too high can overwhelm downstream networking equipment, causing dropped packets and inefficient network operation. Similarly, a burst size that is too low can prevent the network from achieving your configured rate.

When configuring a burst size, keep the following considerations in mind:

- The system uses an algorithm to determine the actual burst size that is implemented for a node or queue. For example, to reach a shaping rate of 8 Mbps, you must allocate 1Mb of rate credits every second. A shaping rate of 8 Mbps with a burst size of 500,000 bytes of rate-credit per seconds enables the system to transmit at most 500,000 bytes, or 4 Mbps. The system cannot implement a burst size that prevents the rate from being achieved.

For more information, see [“How the System Calculates the Burst Size” on page 819](#).

- There are minimum and maximum burst sizes for each platform, and different nodes and queue types have different scaling factors. For example, the system ensures the burst cannot be set lower than 1 Mbps for a shaping rate of 8 Mbps. To smoothly shape traffic, rate credits are sent much faster than once per second. The interval at which rate credits are sent varies depending on the platform, the type of rate, and the scheduler level.
- When you have configured adjustments for the shaping rate (either by percentage or through an application such as ANCP or Multicast OIF), the system bases the default and minimum burst-size calculations on the adjusted shaping rate.
- When you have configured cell shaping mode to account for ATM cell tax, the system bases the default and minimum burst-size calculations on the post-tax shaping rate.
- The guaranteed rate and shaping rate share the value specified for the burst size. If the guaranteed rate has a burst size specified, that burst size is used for the shaping rate; if the shaping rate has a burst size specified, that burst size is used for the guaranteed rate. If you have specified a burst size for both rates, the system uses the lesser of the two values.
- The burst size configured for the guaranteed rate cannot exceed the burst-size configured for the shaping rate. The system generates a commit error.
- If you have not configured a guaranteed rate, logical interfaces and interface sets receive a default guaranteed rate from the port speed. Queues receive a default guaranteed rate from the parent logical interface or interface set.

## How the System Calculates the Burst Size

When calculating the burst size, the system uses an exponent of a power of two. For example:

$$\text{Shaping-rate in bps} * 100 \text{ ms} / (8 \text{ bits/byte} * 1000 \text{ ms/s}) = 1,875,000 \text{ bytes}$$

The system then rounds this value up. For example, the system uses the following calculation to determine the burst size for a scheduler node with a shaping rate of 150 Mbps:

$$\text{Max (Shaping rate, Guaranteed rate) bps} * 100 \text{ ms} / (8 \text{ bits/byte} * 1000 \text{ ms/s}) = 1,875,000 \text{ bytes}$$

$$\text{Rounded up to the next higher power of two} = 2,097,150 \text{ (which is } 2^{21}, \text{ or } 0x2000000)$$

The system assigns a single burst size to each of the following rate pairs:

- Shaping rate and guaranteed rate
- Guaranteed high (GH) and guaranteed medium (GM)
- Excess high (EH) and excess low (EL)
- Guaranteed low (GL)

To calculate the burst size for each pair, the system:

- Uses the configured burst-size if only one of the pair is configured.
- Uses the lesser of the two burst sizes if both values are configured.
- Uses the next lower power of two.
- To calculate the minimum burst size, the system uses the greater of the two rates.

**Related  
Documentation**

- Per-Priority Shaping on MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview
- Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution on Static MPC/MIC Interfaces

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## Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview

In a subscriber access network, traffic with different encapsulations can be passed downstream to other customer premise equipment (CPE) through the MX Series router. Managing the bandwidth of downstream ATM traffic to Ethernet interfaces can be especially difficult because of the different Layer 2 encapsulations.

The *overhead accounting* feature enables you to shape traffic based on either frames or cells and assign a byte adjustment value to account for different encapsulations.

This feature is available on Trio MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.

### Guidelines for Configuring the Shaping Mode

*Frame shaping mode* is useful for adjusting downstream traffic with different encapsulations. In frame shaping mode, shaping is based on the number of bytes in the frame, without regard to cell encapsulation or padding overhead. Frame is the default shaping mode on the router.

*Cell shaping mode* is useful for adjusting downstream cell-based traffic. In cell shaping mode, shaping is based on the number of bytes in cells, and accounts for the cell encapsulation and padding overhead.

When you specify cell mode, the resulting traffic stream conforms to the policing rates configured in downstream ATM switches, reducing the number of packet drops in the Ethernet network.

To account for ATM segmentation, the MX Series router adjusts all of the rates by 48/53 to account for ATM AAL5 encapsulation. In addition, the router accounts for cell padding, and internally adjusts each frame by 8 bytes to account for the ATM trailer.



## Guidelines for Configuring Byte Adjustments

When the downstream traffic has different byte sizes per encapsulation, it is useful to configure a *byte adjustment* value to adjust the frame sizes. For example, you can configure the frame shaping mode and a byte adjustment value to account for differences in Layer 2 protocols for downstream Ethernet traffic.

We recommend that you specify a byte adjustment value that represents the difference between the CPE protocol overhead and B-RAS protocol overhead.

The system rounds up the byte adjustment value to the nearest multiple of 4. For example, a value of 6 is rounded to 8, and a value of -10 is rounded to -8.

You do not need to configure a byte adjustment value to account for the downstream ATM network. However, you can specify the byte value to account for additional encapsulations or decapsulations in the downstream network.

## Relationship with Other CoS Features

Enabling the overhead accounting feature affects the resulting shaping rates, guaranteed rate, and excess rate parameters, if they are configured.

The overhead accounting feature also affects the egress shaping overhead feature that you can configure at the chassis level. We recommend that you use the egress shaping-overhead feature to account for the Layer 2 overhead of the outgoing interface, and use the overhead-accounting feature to account for downstream traffic with different encapsulations and cell-based networks.

When both features are configured together, the total byte adjustment value is equal to the adjusted value of the overhead-accounting feature plus the value of the egress-shaping-overhead feature. For example, if the configured byte adjustment value is 40, and the router internally adjusts the size of each frame by 8, the adjusted overhead accounting value is 48. That value is added to the egress shaping overhead of 30 for a total byte adjustment value of 78.

## Setting the Shaping-Rate and Overhead-Accounting Class-of-Service Attributes Based on Access Line Information

You can also use access line parameters in PPPoE discovery packets to set the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes on dynamic subscriber interfaces in a broadband access network. This feature is supported on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.

The shaping rate is based on the *actual-data-rate-downstream* attribute.

The overhead accounting value is based on the *access-loop-encapsulation* attribute and specifies whether the access loop uses Ethernet (frame mode) or ATM (cell mode).

You can mix ANCP and PPPoE vendor-specific tags for dynamically instantiated static and interface sets so that the shaping rate is first set using PPPoE vendor-specific tags and is later adjusted by ANCP. In this case, the shaping rate value overrides the PPPoE value.

The Access Node or DSLAM may forward access line information using several methods. This feature only uses access line information received in Vendor-Specific Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) Tags [TR-101].

When you enable this feature, the values supplied by the PPPoE vendor-specific tags override the parameters that you have configured in the CLI for shaping-rate and overhead-accounting statements at the **[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profile]** hierarchy level. The shaping rate is based on the actual-data-rate-downstream attribute, and is only overridden if the vs-tag value is less than the configured value.

**Related Documentation**

- To configure overhead accounting for static Ethernet interfaces, see [Configuring Static Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates](#)
- To configure overhead accounting for dynamic subscriber access, see [Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates on page 835](#)
- [Setting Class-of-Service Parameters Using PPPoE Vendor- Specific Tags on page 822](#)
- [Configuring the Shaping Rate and Overhead Accounting Based on PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags on Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 837](#)

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## Setting Class-of-Service Parameters Using PPPoE Vendor- Specific Tags

You can use access line parameters in PPPoE discovery packets to set the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes on dynamic subscriber interfaces in a broadband access network. This feature is supported on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.

The shaping rate is based on the actual-data-rate-downstream attribute.

The overhead accounting value is based on the access-loop-encapsulation attribute and specifies whether the access loop uses Ethernet (frame mode) or ATM (cell mode).

You can configure class-of-service attributes, for example the shaping-rate, using the CLI, RADIUS vendor-specific attributes, ANCP, multicast, or in this case, PPPoE vendor-specific tags.

### CLI Interaction with PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags

When you enable this feature, the values supplied by the PPPoE vendor-specific tags override the parameters that you have configured in the CLI for the **shaping-rate** and **overhead-accounting** statements at the **[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles]** hierarchy level. The shaping rate is based on the actual-data-rate-downstream attribute, and is only overridden if the vs-tag value is less than the configured value.

To enable this feature, include the **actual-data-rate-downstream** or **access-loop-encapsulation** option with the **vendor-specific-tags** statement at the **[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service dynamic-class-of-service-options]** hierarchy level.

## RADIUS Interaction with PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags

When you enable this feature, the PPPoE vendor-specific tags override the dynamic configuration of the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting values in RADIUS vendor-specific attributes. The shaping-rate value is only overridden if the vs-tag value is less than the RADIUS value.

RADIUS COA can overwrite the existing values. Upon receipt of a RADIUS COA, the RADIUS value overrides the value set from the PPPoE vendor-specific tags.

PPPoE vendor-specific tags can override the RADIUS values, but a later RADIUS COA request can then override that value.

## ANCP Interaction with PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags

You can mix ANCP and PPPoE vendor-specific tags on dynamic PPPoE interfaces, dynamically instantiated PPPoE interfaces, and ACI-sets. ANCP values override the PPPoE values. In this case, the ANCP shaping rate value overrides the PPPoE value.

## Multicast QoS Adjustment Interaction with PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags

Multicast QoS adjustments are not affected by this feature. The multicast adjustments adjust the shaping-rate set by PPPoE vendor-specific tags.

## Shaping Rate Restrictions

Shaping rate has the following restrictions regarding the downstream-rate:

- If the downstream-rate is less than the configured shaping-rate (as set in the CLI or using RADIUS attributes) then it is applied, subject to other restrictions. If the downstream-rate is greater than or equal to the configured shaping-rate, no changes are performed.
- The downstream-rate cannot be less than a configured guaranteed-rate. If it is, the downstream-rate is set to the guaranteed-rate.
- The downstream-rate cannot be less than a configured adjust-minimum-rate. If it is, the downstream-rate is set to the adjust-minimum-rate.
- The downstream-rate cannot be less than 1000 bps. If it is, the downstream-rate is set to 1000 bps.
- The downstream-rate cannot be less than the sum of the transmit-rates of all queues.

### Related Documentation

- [Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview on page 820](#)
- [Configuring the Shaping Rate and Overhead Accounting Based on PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags on Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 837](#)

## Dedicated Queue Scaling for CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview

The 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing and 60-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing and Enhanced Queuing Ethernet Modular Port Concentrator (MPC) modules provide a set of dedicated

queues for subscriber interfaces configured with hierarchical scheduling or per-unit scheduling.

The dedicated queues offered on these modules enable service providers to reduce costs through different scaling configurations. For example, the 60-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing MPC module enables service providers to reduce the cost per subscriber by allowing many subscriber interfaces to be created with four or eight queues. Alternatively, the 30-Gigabit Ethernet and 60-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC modules enable service providers to reduce hardware costs, but allow fewer subscriber interfaces to be created with four or eight queues.

This topic describes the overall queue, scheduler node, and logical interface scaling for subscriber interfaces created on these Trio MPC/MIC module combinations.

## Queue Scaling for Trio MPC/MIC Module Combinations

Table 81 on page 824 lists the number of dedicated queues and number of subscribers supported per Trio MPC module.

**Table 81: Dedicated Queues for Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces**

| MPC                                      | Dedicated Egress Queues | Supported Subscriber Interfaces | Logical Interfaces with 4 Queues | Logical Interfaces with 8 Queues |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC          | 64,000                  | 16,000                          | 16,000 (8000 per PIC)            | 8000 (4000 per PIC)              |
| 60-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC          | 128,000                 | 32,000                          | 32,000 (8000 per PIC)            | 16,000 (4000 per PIC)            |
| 60-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing MPC | 512,000                 | 64,000                          | 64,000 (16,000 per PIC)          | 64,000 (16,000 per PIC)          |

Each interface-set uses eight queues from total available egress queues.

## Determining Maximum Egress Queues per Port

The maximum number of egress queues available on a single port (out of the total egress queues available on the VLAN-queuing module) depends on the number of Packet Forwarding Engine per MPC. 30-Gigabit Ethernet MPC modules have one Packet Forwarding Engine; 60-Gigabit Ethernet MPC modules have two Packet Forwarding Engines. Each Packet Forwarding Engine has two schedulers that share the management of the queues.

A scheduler maps to one-half of a MIC; in CLI configuration statements, that one-half of a MIC corresponds to PIC 0, 1, 2, or 3. MIC ports are partitioned equally across the PICs. A two-port MIC has one port per PIC. A four-port MIC has two ports per PIC.

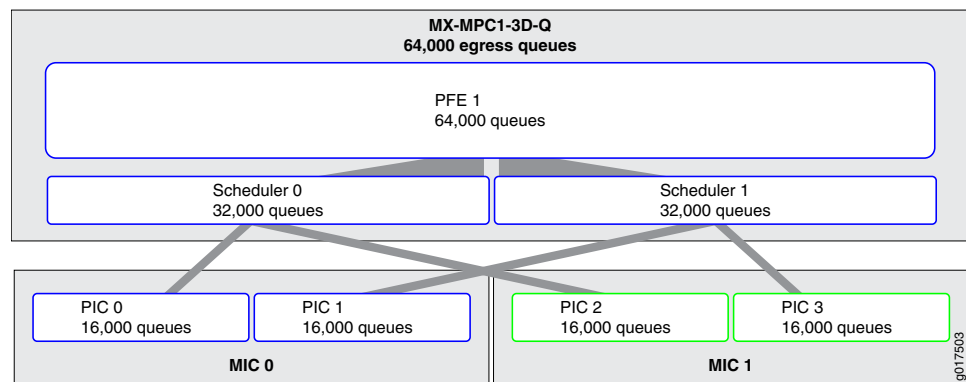
Each interface-set uses 8 queues from total available egress queues.

## Distribution of Queues on 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC Modules

On 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC modules, each scheduler maps to two PICs on different MICs. For example, scheduler 0 maps to PIC 0 on one MIC and to PIC 2 on the second MIC. Scheduler 1 maps to PIC 1 on the first MIC and to PIC 3 on the second MIC.

Figure 16 on page 825 shows the queue distribution on an 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC module. Of the 64,000 egress queues on the module, all are available to the single Packet Forwarding Engine. On the Packet Forwarding Engine, half of these queues (32,000) are managed by each scheduler. One-half of the scheduler complement (16,000) is available to a given PIC. If you have two MICs, then scheduler 0 contributes 16,000 queues to PIC 0 and 16,000 queues to PIC 2. Scheduler 1 contributes 16,000 queues to PIC 1 and 16,000 queues to PIC 3. The distribution is the same when you have only a single MIC, depending on which slot has the MIC: half of the MIC's queues come from each scheduler.

**Figure 16: Distribution of Queues on the 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC Module**



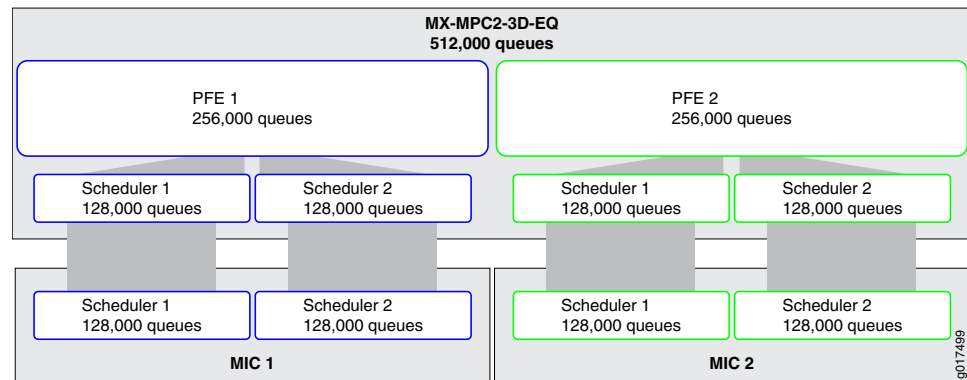
In either case, if you allocate all the queues in a PIC to a single port, then the maximum number of queues per port is 16,000. If you dedicate 4 queues per subscriber, you can accommodate a maximum of 4000 subscribers on a single 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC port. If you dedicate 8 queues per subscriber, you can accommodate a maximum of 2000 subscribers on a single port.

## Distribution of Queues on 60-Gigabit Ethernet MPC Modules

On 60-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing and Enhanced Queuing Ethernet MPC modules, each scheduler maps to only one-half of a single MIC: PIC 0 or PIC 1 for the MIC in slot 0 and PIC 2 or PIC 3 for the MIC in slot 1.

Figure 17 on page 826 shows how queues are distributed on an 60-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing MPC module. Of the 512,000 egress queues possible on the module, half (256,000) are available for each of the two Packet Forwarding Engines. On each Packet Forwarding Engine, half of these queues (128,000) are managed by each scheduler. The complete scheduler complement (128,000) is available to one PIC in a MIC.

**Figure 17: Distribution of Queues on the 60-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing MPC**



If you allocate all the queues from a scheduler to a single port, then the maximum number of queues per port is 128,000. If you dedicate 4 queues per subscriber, you can accommodate a maximum of 32,000 subscribers on a single MPC port. If you dedicate 8 queues per subscriber, you can accommodate a maximum of 16,000 subscribers on a single MPC port.

The number of MICs installed in an MPC and the number of ports per MIC does not affect the maximum number of queues available on a given port. These factors affect only how you are able to allocate queues (and, therefore, subscribers) for your network.

For example, suppose you have an 60-Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced Queuing MPC module. This module supports a maximum of 64,000 subscribers regardless of whether you allocate 4 or 8 queues per PIC. The MPC supports a maximum of 128,000 queues per port. If you have two 2-port MICs installed, each PIC has one port and you can have 128,000 queues on each port. You can have fewer, of course, but you cannot allocate more to any port. If you have a two 4-port MICs installed, you can have 128,000 queues in each PIC, but only on one port in each PIC. Or you can split the queues available for the PIC across the two ports in each PIC.

## Managing Remaining Queues

When the number of available dedicated queues on the module drops below 10 percent, an SNMP trap is generated to notify you .

When the maximum number of dedicated queues on the Trio MPC modules is reached, a system log message, **COSD\_OUT\_OF\_DEDICATED\_QUEUES**, is generated. The system does not provide subsequent subscriber interfaces with a dedicated set of queues. For per-unit scheduling configurations, there are no configurable queues remaining on the module.

For hierarchical scheduling configurations, remaining queues are available when the maximum number of dedicated queues is reached on the module. Traffic from these logical interfaces are considered unclassified and attached to a common set of queues that are shared by all subsequent logical interfaces. These common queues are the default port queues that are created for every port. You can configure a traffic control

profile and attach that to the interface to provide CoS parameters for the remaining queues.

For example, when the 30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing MPC is configured with 32,000 subscriber interfaces with four queues per subscriber, the module can support 16,000 subscribers with a dedicated set of queues. You can provide CoS shaping and scheduling parameters to the remaining queues for those subscriber interfaces by attaching a special traffic-control profile to the interface.

These subscriber interfaces remain with this traffic control profile, even if dedicated queues become available.

#### Related Documentation

- For information about managing dedicated queues in a static CoS configuration, see [Managing Dedicated and Remaining Queues for Static CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces](#)
- For information about managing dedicated queues in a dynamic subscriber access configuration, see [Managing Dedicated and Remaining Queues for Dynamic CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 837](#)
- [Scheduler Node Scaling on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview](#)
- [COSD System Log Messages](#)

## Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview

This overview describes how MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers installed in a subscriber access network can adjust hierarchical class-of-service (CoS) parameters to prevent bandwidth contention at subscriber interfaces.

Hierarchical CoS is supported only for subscriber interfaces on EQ DPC or Trio MPC/MIC interfaces operating in hierarchical scheduler mode.

The characteristics of voice, data, and video applications vary widely in their requirements for traffic throughput, bandwidth management, delay and jitter tolerance, and buffer depth. To prevent bandwidth contention at subscriber interfaces, you can configure applications such as ANCP and Multicast to perform real-time adjustments to the shaping rate configured for subscriber interfaces for residential gateways. Enabling shaping-rate adjustments on the router can prevent bandwidth contention at the interface from causing degradation of the subscriber's voice, data, or video services.

Depending on the application, shaping-rate adjustments are supported on Enhanced Queueing (EQ) DPCs on MX Series routers and MPC/MIC modules on MX Series routers.

### Types of Shaping-Rate Adjustments

The ANCP application supports *absolute* adjustments to a specific shaping-rate value. You can configure ANCP to communicate the subscriber local loop speed to the MX Series router, which in turn throttles traffic destined to the associated subscriber interface so that it matches the subscriber local loop speed. ANCP acquires subscriber line rate information from DSLAMs and then communicates this data transmission rate for use with CoS.

The OIF mapping and reverse OIF mapping multicast applications support *delta* adjustments that increase or decrease the current shaping rate by a certain value. The system adjusts traffic destined to the subscriber using reverse OIF mapping enabled on a specified multicast interface. Reverse OIF mapping is used to determine the subscriber VLAN interface and the multicast traffic bandwidth on the interface.

## Levels of Shaping-Rate Adjustments

Both absolute and delta adjustments are made to a subscriber's aggregate shaping rate on a level 3 scheduler node.

Adjustments that occur on the scheduler node can also impact the shaping rates for all queues. This adjustment can be undesirable for service providers who want to provide a premium level of service on specific queues.

For delta-based adjustments by multicast applications, you can control the distribution of shaping rates among queues by assigning the percentage of adjustment allowed for each queue. In addition, you can set a minimum adjusted shaping rate for each queue.

Figure 18 on page 828 shows a sample multicast network with shaping rates adjusted at the scheduler node level. The shaping rate is reduced by 4 Mbps (from 41 Mbps to 37 Mbps) at the scheduler node for subscriber interface 1, which reduces the rates of both the best effort and video on demand (VoD) service queues.

**Figure 18: Scheduler Node and Queues with Adjusted Shaping Rates**

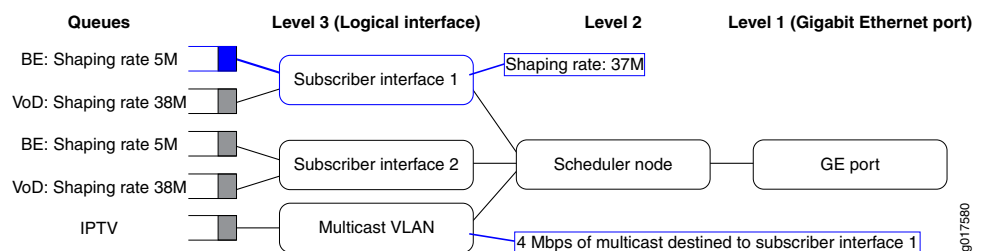
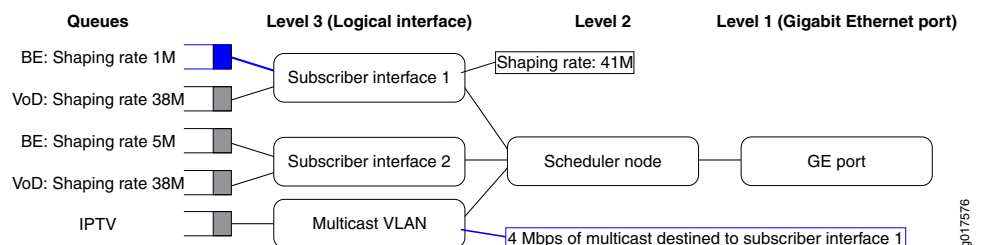


Figure 19 on page 828 shows the same network with queue-based adjustments enabled for the best-effort queue on subscriber 1. The shaping rate of the best-effort queue is reduced by 4 Mbps (from 5 Mbps to 1 Mbps). The VoD service queue is not affected.

**Figure 19: Queue with Adjusted Shaping Rate**



### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes for Subscribers on page 840](#)
- [Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments on Queues on page 841](#)



- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview on page 829](#)
- [Disabling Hierarchical Bandwidth Adjustment for Subscriber Interfaces with Reverse-OIF Mapping on page 849](#)
- [Example: Configuring Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 854](#)

## Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview

This overview describes how an MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router installed as an edge router can adjust hierarchical CoS policy for subscriber interfaces for subscriber local loops. You can configure the router to throttle the traffic sent to subscriber local loops so that the traffic does not exceed the current data transmission rate of those lines. This feature ensures that changes to subscriber local loop speeds do not cause bandwidth contention at the subscriber's residential gateway.

In a typical subscriber access network, traffic destined to a subscriber is delivered from the access network, through an edge router, to a DSLAM. The DSLAM multiplexes subscriber traffic through a DSL, also known as a *local loop*, to the subscriber's residential gateway. When line noise or cross talk in a subcarrier causes the error rate on a DSL to exceed a certain threshold, the DSLAM can adapt itself by lowering the data transmission rate to that carrier device. A lower data transmission rate is less susceptible to induced errors.

You can configure an MX Series router to adjust the configured shaping rates on scheduler nodes for subscriber interfaces that represent subscriber local loops. Whenever a DSLAM resynchronizes a subscriber local loop speed, the router adjusts the configured shaping rate for that line so that the aggregate egress traffic to those subscribers is shaped to the local loop speed before the traffic reaches the DSLAM. Unless the maximum amount of bandwidth allocated to the subscriber interface on the router is throttled to the local loop speed, bandwidth contention can occur at the subscriber's residential gateway, which can cause the DSLAM to drop packets. This type of shaping-rate adjustment requires the topology discovery and traffic-monitoring features of the Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP).

You can configure ANCP to communicate the subscriber local loop speed to the MX Series router, which in turn throttles traffic destined to the associated subscriber interface so that it matches the subscriber local loop speed. ANCP acquires subscriber line rate information from DSLAMs and then communicates this data transmission rate for use with CoS.

### Related Documentation

- [Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview on page 827](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 830](#)
- [Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 843](#)
- [Disabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 848](#)

- [Example: Configuring Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 854](#)
- For more information about the ANCP protocol, see the [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#).

## **Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops**

---

These guidelines apply to configuring an MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router installed as an edge router to adjust the configured shaping rates on scheduler nodes for subscriber interfaces that represent subscriber local loops. This shaping-rate feature uses the topology discovery and traffic-monitoring features of ANCP.

When you enhance hierarchical CoS policy by configuring ANCP-driven shaping-rate adjustments, consider the following guidelines:

- Shaping-rate adjustments are supported on EQ DPCs and Trio MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.
- Shaping-rate adjustments are supported only for subscriber local loops that terminate at DSLAMs that you have configured as ANCP neighbors of the MX Series router.
- Shaping-rate adjustments are supported only for scheduler nodes for which you have configured an initial shaping rate by including the **shaping-rate** statement in a traffic-control profile applied to the scheduler node. Specify the initial shaping rate as a peak rate, in bits per second (bps), and not as a percentage. Other methods of configuring a shaping rate are not supported with this feature.
- Shaping-rate adjustments are supported only for scheduler nodes that are static logical interface sets that you have configured to operate at Level 3 of the scheduler hierarchy on the router. If an interface set is configured with a logical interface (such as unit 0) and queue, then the interface set is an internal scheduler node (as opposed to a root node or a leaf node) at Level 2 of the hierarchy. However, if there are no traffic control profiles are configured on logical interfaces in an interface set, then the interface set is an internal scheduler node at Level 3 of the hierarchy.
- Shaping-rate adjustments are supported only for subscriber interfaces over physical interfaces that you have configured to operate in hierarchical scheduler mode. Only ports on EQ DPCs in MX Series routers support hierarchical scheduler mode.
- After shaping-rate adjustments are enabled and the router has performed shaping-rate adjustments on a scheduler node, you can configure a new shaping rate by including the **shaping-rate** statement in a traffic-control profile and then applying that profile to that scheduler node. However, this new shaping-rate value does not immediately result in shaping traffic at the new rate. The scheduler node continues to be shaped at rate set by ANCP. Only when the ANCP shaping-rate adjustment feature is disabled is the scheduler node shaped at the newly configured shaping-rate.
- The Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is often used to carry traffic securely between an L2TP Network Server (LNS) and an L2TP Access Concentrator (LAC). The QoS adjustment feature supports the shaping overhead options that you can use to add a specified number of bytes to the actual packet length when determining shaped session

packet length. ANCP shaping-rate adjustments are not supported for ingress traffic, only for egress traffic. To configure the number of bytes to add to the packet at the egress side of the tunnel, include the **egress-shaping-overhead** and **mode** statements at the **[edit chassis fpc slot-number pic pic-number traffic-manager]** hierarchy level. Use the shaping overhead options if you need to account for encapsulation overhead.

For more information about the ANCP protocol, see the [“ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview”](#) on page 1033.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview on page 827](#)
- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview on page 829](#)
- [Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 843](#)
- [Disabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 848](#)
- [Example: Configuring Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 854](#)



# Configuring Bandwidth Management Parameters for Dynamic CoS

- [Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 833](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates on page 835](#)
- [Configuring the Shaping Rate and Overhead Accounting Based on PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags on Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 837](#)
- [Managing Dedicated and Remaining Queues for Dynamic CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 837](#)
- [Verifying the Number of Dedicated Queues Configured on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 839](#)
- [Providing Accurate Scheduling for a Demux Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links on page 839](#)
- [Configuring the Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes for Subscribers on page 840](#)
- [Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments on Queues on page 841](#)
- [Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 843](#)
- [Disabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 848](#)
- [Disabling Hierarchical Bandwidth Adjustment for Subscriber Interfaces with Reverse-OIF Mapping on page 849](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 849](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of ANCP for Shaping-Rate Adjustments on page 849](#)

## Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces

---

Service providers often used tiered services that must utilize excess bandwidth as traffic patterns vary. By default, excess bandwidth between a configured guaranteed rate and shaping rate is shared equally among all queues with the same excess priority value, which might not be optimal for all subscribers to a service.

This feature is supported for MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.

To configure parameters to manage excess bandwidth for subscriber interfaces:

1. Configure the parameters for the interface.
  - a. Configure the guaranteed and shaping rates.

- i. Configure the guaranteed rate:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
profile-name]
user@host# set guaranteed-rate(rate | $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate) <burst-size
(bytes | $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate-burst) >
```

- ii. Configure the shaping rate:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
profile-name]
user@host# set shaping-rate(rate | $junos-cos-shaping-rate) <burst-size (bytes
| $junos-cos-shaping-rate-burst) >
```



**TIP:** On MPC/MIC interfaces, the guaranteed rate and the shaping rate share the value specified for the burst size. If the guaranteed rate has a burst size specified, it is used for the shaping rate; if the shaping rate has a burst size specified, it is used for the guaranteed rate. If you have specified a burst for both rates, the system uses the lesser of the two values.

- b. Configure a rate for excess bandwidth.

You can configure an excess rate for all priorities of traffic:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
profile-name]
user@host# set excess-rate (percent percentage | $junos-cos-excess-rate) |
proportion value)
```

Optionally, you can configure an excess rate specifically for high- and low-priority traffic. When you configure the **excess-rate** statement for an interface, you cannot also configure the **excess-rate-low** and **excess-rate-high** statements.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
profile-name]
user@host# set excess-rate-high(percent percentage |
$junos-cos-excess-rate-high) | proportion value)
user@host# set excess-rate-low (percent percentage | $junos-cos-excess-rate-low)
| proportion value)
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you configure either a percentage or a proportion of the excess bandwidth for all schedulers with the same parent in the hierarchy. For example, if you configure interface 1.1 with twenty percent of the excess bandwidth, configure interface 1.2 with eighty percent of the excess bandwidth.

## 2. (Optional) Configure parameters for the queue.

## a. Configure the shaping rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler scheduler-name]
user@host#set shaping-rate (rate | $junos-cos-scheduler-shaping-rate) <burst-size
bytes>
```

## b. Configure the excess rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler scheduler-name]
user@host#set excess-rate (percent percentage | percent
$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate)
```

## c. (Optional) Configure the priority of excess bandwidth for the queue.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler scheduler-name]
user@host#set excess-priority (low | high | $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority
| none)
```



## TIP:

For queues, you cannot configure the excess rate or excess priority in these cases:

- When the **transmit-rate exact** statement is configured. In this case, the shaping rate is equal to the transmit rate and the queue does not operate in the excess region.
- When the scheduling priority is configured as **strict-high**. In this case, the queue gets all available bandwidth and never operates in the excess region.

By default, when traffic exceeds the shaping or guaranteed rates, the system demotes traffic configured with high or medium priority. To disable priority demotion, specify the **none** option. You cannot configure this option for queues configured with **transmit-rate** expressed as a percent and when the parent's guaranteed rate is set to zero.

- Related Documentation**
- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)

## Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates

You can configure the overhead accounting feature to shape downstream traffic based on either frames or cells.

You can also account for the different byte sizes per encapsulation by configuring a byte adjustment value for the shaping mode.

This feature is supported on Trio MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.

To configure the overhead accounting feature in a dynamic profile:

1. Do one of the following to configure the shaping mode:

- Specify the shaping mode.

Frame shaping mode is enabled by default.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name
 user@host#set overhead-accounting (frame-mode | cell-mode)
```

- Configure a variable for the shaping mode.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name
 user@host#set overhead-accounting $junos-cos-shaping-mode
```

2. (Optional) Do one of the following to configure the byte adjustment value:

- Specify a byte adjustment value.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name
 user@host#set overhead-accounting bytes byte-value
```

- Configure a variable for the byte adjustment.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
 profile-name
 user@host#set overhead-accounting bytes $junos-cos-byte-adjust
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you specify a byte adjustment value that represents the difference between the customer premise equipment (CPE) protocol overhead and B-RAS protocol overhead.

The available range is –120 through 124 bytes. The system rounds up the byte adjustment value to the nearest multiple of 4. For example, a value of 6 is rounded to 8, and a value of –10 is rounded to –8.

---

#### Related Documentation

- [Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview on page 820](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates on page 851](#)
- [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)



## Configuring the Shaping Rate and Overhead Accounting Based on PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags on Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces

To configure the PPPoE vendor-specific tags feature in a dynamic profile:



**NOTE:** When you enable this feature, the values supplied by the PPPoE vendor-specific tags override the parameters that you have configured for shaping-rate and overhead-accounting statements at the [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service traffic-control-profile] hierarchy level.

1. (Optional) To configure the shaping rate based on access line information:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service dynamic-class-of-service-options]
user@host# set vendor-specific-tags actual-data-rate-downstream
```

2. (Optional) To configure the overhead-accounting based on access-line information:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service dynamic-class-of-service-options]
user@host# set vendor-specific-tags access-loop-encapsulation
```

### Related Documentation

- [Setting Class-of-Service Parameters Using PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags on page 822](#)
- [Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview on page 820](#)

## Managing Dedicated and Remaining Queues for Dynamic CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces

This topic describes how to manage dedicated and remaining queues for static and dynamic subscriber interfaces configured in dynamic profiles.

You manage queues at the chassis and physical port level in the static configuration hierarchies, then configure dynamic scheduling and shaping parameters for the subscriber interfaces in the dynamic profile.

- [Configuring the Maximum Number of Queues for Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 837](#)
- [Configuring Remaining Common Queues on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 838](#)

### Configuring the Maximum Number of Queues for Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces

30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing Trio MPC modules and 60-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing and Enhanced Queuing Trio MPC modules support a dedicated number of queues when configured for hierarchical scheduling and per-unit scheduling configurations.

To scale the number of subscriber interfaces per queue, you can modify the number of queues supported on the Trio MIC.

To configure the number of queues:

1. Specify that you want to configure the MIC.

```
user@host# edit chassis fpc slot-number pic pic-number
```

2. Configure the number of queues.

```
[edit chassis fpc slot-number pic pic-number]
user@host# set max-queues-per-interface (8 | 4)
```

## Configuring Remaining Common Queues on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces

30-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing Trio MPC modules and 60-Gigabit Ethernet Queuing and Enhanced Queuing Trio MPC modules support a dedicated set of queues when configured with hierarchical scheduling.

When the number of dedicated queues is reached on the module, there can be queues remaining. Traffic from these logical interfaces are considered unclassified and attached to a common set of queues that are shared by all subsequent logical interfaces.

You can configure traffic shaping and scheduling resources for the remaining queues by attaching a special traffic-control profile to the interface. This feature enables you to provide the same shaping and scheduling to remaining queues as the dedicated queues.

To configure the remaining queues on a Trio MPC/MIC interface:

1. Configure CoS parameters in a traffic-control profile.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# edit traffic-control-profiles profile-name
```

2. Enable hierarchical scheduling for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler
```

3. Attach the traffic control profiles for the dedicated and remaining queues to the port on which you enabled hierarchical scheduling.

To provide the same shaping and scheduling parameters to dedicated and remaining queues, reference the same traffic-control profile.

- a. Attach the traffic-control profile for the dedicated queues on the interface.

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile profile-name
```

- b. Attach the traffic-control profile for the remaining queues on the interface.

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set output-traffic-control-profile-remaining profile-name
```

### Related Documentation

- [Verifying the Number of Dedicated Queues Configured on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 839](#)
- [Dedicated Queue Scaling for CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces Overview on page 823](#)
- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)

- [Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731](#)

## Verifying the Number of Dedicated Queues Configured on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces

**Purpose** Display the number of dedicated queue resources that are configured for the logical interfaces on a port.

**Action** `user@host#show class-of-service interface ge-1/1/0`

```
Physical interface: ge-1/1/0, Index: 166
Queues supported: 4, Queues in use: 4
Total non-default queues created: 4
Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
Chassis scheduler map: <default-chassis>, Index: 4

Logical interface: ge-1/1/0.100, Index: 72, Dedicated Queues: no
Shaping rate: 32000
Object Name Type Index
Scheduler-map <remaining> 0
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

Logical interface: ge-1/1/0.101, Index: 73, Dedicated Queues: no
Shaping rate: 32000
Object Name Type Index
Scheduler-map <remaining> 0
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

Logical interface: ge-1/1/0.102, Index: 74, Dedicated Queues: yes
Shaping rate: 32000
Object Name Type Index
Traffic-control-profile <control_tc_prof> Output 45866
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Managing Dedicated and Remaining Queues for Static CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces](#)
  - [Managing Dedicated and Remaining Queues for Dynamic CoS Configurations on Trio MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 837](#)

## Providing Accurate Scheduling for a Demux Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links

Unlike VLAN subscriber interfaces, enabling link protection is not required for configuring hierarchical CoS on demux interfaces. Instead, we recommend that you enable targeted distribution on the demux interface to provide accurate scheduling for the aggregated Ethernet links.

Before you begin, configure the subscriber interface with aggregated Ethernet:

- For static and dynamic IP demux interfaces, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic IP Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 633](#).
- For static and dynamic VLAN demux interfaces, see [“Configuring a Static or Dynamic VLAN Demux Subscriber Interface over Aggregated Ethernet” on page 634](#).

To provide accurate scheduling for a demux subscriber interface of aggregated Ethernet links:

1. Enable targeted distribution for the demux interface.

See [“Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces” on page 636](#).

2. Enable hierarchical scheduling on the link aggregation bundle.

See [“Configuring Hierarchical CoS for a Subscriber Interface of Aggregated Ethernet Links” on page 771](#).

3. (Optional) Enable module redundancy to ensure that CoS resources are provisioned for the aggregated Ethernet links if a module or a link fails. By default, link redundancy is supported.

See [“Configuring Link and Module Redundancy for Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface” on page 636](#).

4. (Optional) Configure rebalancing periodically or manually for the subscribers. See [“Configuring Rebalancing of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface” on page 637](#).

5. Attach static or dynamic traffic shaping and scheduling parameters at the aggregated Ethernet logical interface or its underlying physical interface. See:

- [Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737](#)
- [Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739](#)
- [Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 745](#)
- [Applying Minimal Shaping and Scheduling to Remaining Subscriber Traffic on page 746](#)

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [Verifying the Distribution of Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 638](#)

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## Configuring the Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes for Subscribers

- [Overview on page 840](#)
- [Configuring a Static Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes on page 841](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes on page 841](#)

### Overview

Absolute adjustments and delta adjustments are performed at the scheduler node level. You can configure a minimum adjusted shaping rate at the scheduler node level using static or dynamic CoS parameters.

This feature is supported for adjustments performed by the ANCP and multicast applications on both EQ DPCs and MPC/MIC modules on MX Series routers.



**BEST PRACTICE:** For multicast traffic, you can configure a minimum adjusted shaping rate at the queue level. We recommend that you configure the minimum adjusted value at the scheduler node or the queue, but not both.

When you configure a minimum adjusted value for a node and for a scheduler that is referenced by a scheduler map in the same traffic-control-profile, the system uses the minimum value from the scheduler.

This feature is supported for adjustments performed by the ANCP and multicast applications on both EQ DPCs and MPC/MIC modules on MX Series routers.

## Configuring a Static Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes

To apply a minimum adjusted shaping rate for a scheduler node:

- Configure the **adjust-minimum** statement for the static traffic-control profile.

```
[edit class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name]
user@host# set adjust-minimum rate
```

## Configuring a Dynamic Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes

To apply a minimum adjusted shaping rate for a scheduler node:

- Configure the **adjust-minimum** statement for the dynamic traffic-control profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name]
user@host# set adjust-minimum rate
```

### Related Documentation

- [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)
- [Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments on Queues on page 841](#)
- [Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview on page 827](#)

## Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments on Queues

- [Overview on page 841](#)
- [Configuring a Static Shaping-Rate Adjustment for Queues on page 842](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Shaping-Rate Adjustment for Queues on page 842](#)

### Overview

By default, the multicast application adjusts the shaping rates at the scheduler node level. This adjustment also impacts the shaping rates for all queues, which can be undesirable for service providers who want to provide a premium level of service on specific queues.

For multicast applications, you can control the distribution of shaping rates among queues by assigning the percentage of adjustment allowed for each queue. In addition, you can set a minimum adjusted shaping rate for each queue.

This feature is supported for adjustments performed by the multicast application on MPC/MIC modules on MX Series routers.



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you configure the minimum adjusted value at the scheduler node or the queue, but not both.

When you configure a minimum adjusted value for a node and for a scheduler that is referenced by a scheduler map in the same traffic-control-profile, the system uses the minimum value from the scheduler.

This feature is supported for adjustments performed by the multicast application on MPC/MIC modules on MX Series routers.

## Configuring a Static Shaping-Rate Adjustment for Queues

To configure adjustment parameters for a queue:

1. Configure the percentage of adjustment for the shaping rate.

```
[edit class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set adjust-percent percentage
```

2. Configure the minimum adjusted value for the shaping rate.

Do one of the following:

- Configure the minimum adjusted value for the queue.

```
[edit class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set adjust-minimum rate
```

- Configure the minimum adjusted value for the node.

```
[edit class-of-service traffic-control-profile profile-name]
user@host# set adjust-minimum rate
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** Ensure that the minimum adjusted value that you configure does not exceed the shaping rate and is not lower than the configured transmit rate.

## Configuring a Dynamic Shaping-Rate Adjustment for Queues

To configure adjustment parameters for a queue in a dynamic profile:

1. Configure the percentage of adjustment for the shaping rate.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set adjust-percent percentage
```

2. Configure the minimum adjusted value for the shaping rate.

Do one of the following:

- Configure the minimum adjusted value for the queue.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name]
user@host# set adjust-minimum (rate | $junos-cos-adjust-minimum)
```

- Configure the minimum adjusted value for the node.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profile
profile-name]
user@host# set adjust-minimum rate
```



**BEST PRACTICE:** Ensure that the minimum adjusted value that you configure does not exceed the shaping rate and is not lower than the configured transmit rate.

#### Related Documentation

- [Verifying the Scheduling and Shaping Configuration for Subscriber Access on page 748](#)
- [Configuring the Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes for Subscribers on page 840](#)
- [Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview on page 827](#)

## Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops

You can enhance a CoS implementation by enabling an MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router to adjust the hierarchical CoS policy shaping rate configured for static interface sets that consist of two or more VLANs and represent subscriber local loops. Whenever the digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) resynchronizes its data transmission rate to a digital subscriber line (DSL), the router adjusts the shaping rate for the associated subscriber interface so that the maximum bandwidth allocation cannot exceed the current data rate for the associated subscriber local loop. This feature ensures that data transmission rate adjustments by the DSLAM do not cause bandwidth contention at the subscriber's residential gateway.

This topic includes the following tasks:

- [Configuring Static Logical Interface Sets to Serve as CoS Hierarchical Scheduler Nodes for Subscriber Loops on page 844](#)
- [Configuring the Logical Interfaces That Compose the Static Logical Interface Sets on page 844](#)
- [Configuring Hierarchical CoS on the Static Logical Interface Sets That Serve as Hierarchical Scheduler Nodes for Subscriber Local Loops on page 845](#)
- [Configuring ANCP Functionality That Supports and Drives Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 847](#)

## Configuring Static Logical Interface Sets to Serve as CoS Hierarchical Scheduler Nodes for Subscriber Loops

To configure a logical interface set, begin by including the **interface-set** statement with the *interface-set-name* option at the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy level.

An interface set is composed of two or more logical interfaces on the same physical interface. Each logical interface in an interface set corresponds to an individual subscriber service, such as voice, video, or data. To specify either a list of logical unit numbers or the single outer VLAN tag used to identify the logical interfaces that compose the interface set, include statements at the **[edit interfaces interface-set *interface-set-name*]** hierarchy level:

- For an interface set composed of a list of logical interfaces identified by an inner VLAN tag on Ethernet frames (called the customer VLAN, or C-VLAN, tag), you must specify each logical interface by including the **unit** statement with the *logical-unit-number* option.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 interface-set interface-set-name {
 interface ethernet-interface-name { # EQ DPC port
 unit logical-unit-number;
 unit logical-unit-number;
 ...
 }
 ...
 }
}
```

- For an interface set composed of a set of VLANs grouped at the DSLAM and identified by the same service VLAN (S-VLAN) tag), you must specify the S-VLAN tag as the outer VLAN tag for each VLAN by including the **vlan-tags-outer** statement with the *vlan-tag* option.

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 interface-set interface-set-name {
 interface ethernet-interface-name { # EQ DPC port
 vlan-tags-outer vlan-tag; # Identify the DSLAM
 }
 ...
 }
}
```

For more information about configuring CoS hierarchical schedulers, see the [Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide](#).

## Configuring the Logical Interfaces That Compose the Static Logical Interface Sets

Each underlying physical interface must be configured to operate in hierarchical scheduler mode and to support stacked VLAN tagging on all logical interfaces. To configure, include the **hierarchical-scheduler** statement and the **stacked-vlan-tagging** statement at the **[edit interfaces *ethernet-interface-name*]** hierarchy level.



To associate the individual logical interfaces of an interface set with specific subscriber services provided by the subscriber local loop, bind an S-VLAN tag and a C-VLAN tag to each logical interface that belongs to a scheduler node that represents a subscriber local loop. Ethernet frames sent from the logical interfaces contain an outer VLAN tag that identifies a DSLAM and an inner VLAN tag that identifies a subscriber port on the DSLAM. To configure, include the **vlan-tags** statement at each logical interface:

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 ethernet-interface-name { # EQ DPC port underlying an interface set
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 stacked-vlan-tagging; # Support 802.1Q VLAN dual-tagged frames
 unit logical-unit-number { # Bind S-VLAN and C-VLAN tags to logical interface
 vlan-tags inner tpid.vlan-id outer tpid.vlan-id;
 }
 ...
 }
}
```

For more information about configuring 802.1Q VLANs, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

## Configuring Hierarchical CoS on the Static Logical Interface Sets That Serve as Hierarchical Scheduler Nodes for Subscriber Local Loops

To configure hierarchical CoS on the static logical interface set that serves as the hierarchical scheduler node for a subscriber local loop:

1. For each scheduler node that represents a subscriber local loop, configure an initial shaping rate.



**NOTE:** The CoS shaping-rate feature is supported only for scheduler nodes with a configured shaping rate. The initial shaping rate must be configured by applying a traffic-control profile that includes the **shaping-rate** statement. Specify the initial shaping rate as a peak rate, in bits per second (bps), and not as a percentage. Other methods of configuring a shaping rate are not supported with this feature.

- To enable traffic heading downstream (from the router to the DSLAM) to be gathered into an interface set, include the **interface-set** statement and define the logical interface set name as the **interface-set-name** option at the **[edit class-of-service interfaces]** hierarchy level.
- To apply output traffic scheduling and shaping parameters at the logical interface set level (rather than at the logical unit level), include the **output-traffic-control-profile** statement and specify the name of a traffic-control profile as the **profile-name** option at the **[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-set interface-set-name]** hierarchy level.

To configure, include the following statements:

```
interfaces { # Configure interface-specific CoS for incoming packets
```

```

interface-set interface-set-name { # Configure a hierarchical scheduler
 output-traffic-control-profile tc-profile-name; # Level 3 scheduler node
}
...
}
traffic-control-profiles { # Define traffic-control profiles
 tc-profile-name { # Specify a scheduler map and traffic-shaping parameters
 scheduler-map map-name;
 shaping-rate rate; # This is the "configured shaping rate"
 guaranteed-rate (percent percentage | rate);
 delay-buffer-rate (percent percentage | rate);
 }
 ...
}

```

You can include the statements at the following hierarchy levels:

- [edit *class-of-service*]
  - [edit *dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service*]
2. Configure the scheduler maps referenced in the traffic-control profiles applied to the interface sets, the schedulers referenced in those scheduler maps, and the drop profiles referenced in those schedulers.
- A scheduler map establishes the traffic output queues (forwarding classes) for a scheduler node and associates each queue with a specific scheduler map.
  - A scheduler defines queue properties (transmit rate, buffer size, priority, and drop profile) that specify how traffic is treated in the output queue.
  - A drop profile specifies how aggressively the MX Series router drops packets that are managed by a particular scheduler by defining either a segmented or interpolated graph that maps output queue fullness to packet drop probability.

To configure, include the statements at the static [edit *class-of-service*] hierarchy level:

```

[edit]
class-of-service {
 scheduler-maps { # Assign queuing characteristics to output queues
 map-name { # Map output queues to
 forwarding-class class-name scheduler scheduler-name;
 forwarding-class class-name scheduler scheduler-name;
 }
 ...
 }
 schedulers { # Define queuing characteristics
 scheduler-name { # Specify queuing and buffer management
 transmit-rate transmit-rate-option;
 buffer-size buffer-size-option;
 priority priority-level;
 drop-profile-map loss-priority loss-priority-option protocol any drop-profile
 drop-profile-name;
 }
 ...
 }
}

```

```

 }
 }
 drop-profiles { # Define random early detection (RED) for the delay buffer
 drop-profile-name { # Specify how to drop packets from an output queue
 drop-profile-name { # Map a queue fullness to a drop probability
 fill-level percentage drop-probability percentage; # Option 1: segmented
 fill-level percentage drop-probability percentage;
 ...
 }
 interpolate { # Option 2: interpolated
 drop-probability [values];
 fill-level [values];
 }
 }
 }
 ...
}

```

For more information about configuring scheduler maps, schedulers, and drop profiles, see the [Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide](#).

## Configuring ANCP Functionality That Supports and Drives Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops

To configure the Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) functionality that supports and drives the shaping-rate adjustments for subscriber local loops:

- Enable ANCP to monitor subscriber local loop rates at the DSLAMs and communicate this information to CoS.
- Configure each DSLAM as an ANCP neighbor of the router so that TCP connections can be established between the router and each DSLAM.
- Identify the subscriber interface sets whose traffic is monitored and shaped by ANCP, and associate those interface sets with the corresponding identifiers configured on the access node (DSLAM) to uniquely identify the subscriber local loops within the access network.

ANCP uses this information to build a mapping of subscribers to subscriber interfaces. When ANCP receives port management messages from a DSLAM or other access node, it uses the access identifier contained in the message to determine which hierarchical scheduler node corresponds to the subscriber.

To configure, include statements at the `[edit protocols ancp]` hierarchy level:

```

[edit]
protocols {
 ancp {
 qos-adjust; # Enable ANCP to monitor and adjust CoS shaping rates
 neighbor ip-address; # Configure each DSLAM as an ANCP neighbor
 ...
 interfaces { # Identify subscribers for which ANCP can adjust shaping rates
 interface-set {
 interface-set-name {
 access-identifier identifier-string; # DSLAM ID for the local loop

```

```
 }
 }
 ...
}
...
}
...
}
```

**Related Documentation**

- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 830](#)
- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview on page 829](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of ANCP for Shaping-Rate Adjustments on page 849](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration of Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 849](#)
- [Disabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 848](#)
- [Example: Configuring Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 854](#)

---

## Disabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops

---

To disable hierarchical CoS shaping-rate adjustments for subscriber local loops:

- Disable hierarchical CoS traffic-shaping adjustment by ANCP:

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# delete qos-adjust
```

Traffic-shaping parameters for all subscriber local loops revert to their current configured values.

**Related Documentation**

- For hardware requirements and configuration guidelines, see [Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 830](#)
- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview on page 829](#)
- [Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 843](#)
- [Example: Configuring Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 854](#)

## Disabling Hierarchical Bandwidth Adjustment for Subscriber Interfaces with Reverse-OIF Mapping

You can disable hierarchical bandwidth adjustment for all subscriber interfaces with reverse OIF mapping enabled on a specified multicast interface. Reverse OIF mapping is used to determine the subscriber VLAN interface and the multicast traffic bandwidth on the interface.

To disable hierarchical bandwidth adjustment:

1. Specify that you want to access the subscriber interfaces with reverse-OIF mapping enabled.

```
[edit routing-instances routing-instance routing-options multicast interface
interface-name]
user@host# edit reverse-oif-mapping
```

2. Disable hierarchical bandwidth adjustment for all subscriber interfaces on the interface.

```
user@host# set no-qos-adjust
```

### Related Documentation

- [Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview on page 827](#)
- [Example: Configuring Multicast with Subscriber VLANs](#)

## Verifying the Configuration of Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops

**Purpose** Display the configured shaping rate and the adjusted shaping rate for each logical interface set configured for hierarchical CoS.



**NOTE:** After shaping-rate adjustments are enabled and the router has performed shaping-rate adjustments on a scheduler node, you can configure a new shaping rate by including the `shaping-rate` statement in a traffic-control profile and then applying that profile to that scheduler node. However, this new shaping-rate value does not immediately result in shaping traffic at the new rate. The scheduler node continues to be shaped at rate set by ANCP. Only when the ANCP shaping-rate adjustment feature is disabled is the scheduler node shaped at the newly configured shaping-rate.

**Action** Issue the `show class-of-service interface-set` operational command.

### Related Documentation

- [Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 843](#)

## Verifying the Configuration of ANCP for Shaping-Rate Adjustments

**Purpose** Use to display or clear information about the ANCP configuration for shaping-rate adjustments.

- Action**
- To display ANCP neighbor information, issue the **show ancp neighbor** operational command.
  - To clear ANCP neighbors, issue the **clear ancp neighbor** operational command.
  - To display ANCP subscriber information, issue the **show ancp subscriber** operational command.
  - To display ANCP class-of-service information, issue the **show ancp cos** operational command.

If ANCP is not yet enabled, the process starts when you commit a configuration that contains the **protocols ancp** stanza.

- Related Documentation**
- [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)
  - [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)

# Bandwidth Management for Dynamic CoS Examples

- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates on page 851](#)
- [Example: Configuring Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 854](#)

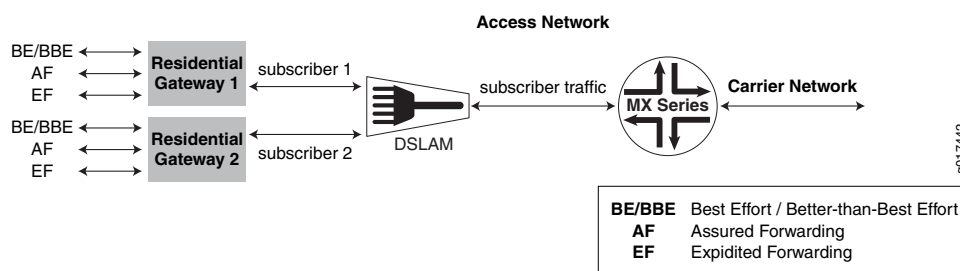
## Example: Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates

This topic describes two scenarios for which you can configure dynamic shaping parameters to account for packet overhead in a downstream network.

The RADIUS administrator supplies the initial values on the RADIUS server, and the service activation is performed at subscriber login.

[Figure 20 on page 851](#) shows the sample network that the examples reference.

**Figure 20: Sample Network Topology for Downstream Traffic**



## Managing Traffic with Different Encapsulations

In this example, the MX Series router shown in [Figure 20 on page 851](#) sends stacked VLAN frames to the DSLAM, and the DSLAM sends single-tagged VLAN frames to the residential gateway.

To accurately shape traffic at the residential gateway, the MX Series router must account for the different frame sizes. The difference between the stacked VLAN (S-VLAN) frames sent by the router and the single-tagged VLAN frames received at the residential gateway is a 4-byte VLAN tag. The residential gateway receives frames that are 4 bytes less.

To account for the different frame sizes, you configure the frame shaping mode with -4 byte adjustment:

1. Configure the traffic shaping parameters in the dynamic profile and attach them to the interface.

Enabling the overhead accounting feature affects the resulting shaping rate, guaranteed rate, and excess rate parameters, if they are configured.

```
[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 ethernet-downstream-network {
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp-example-overhead-accounting-frame-mode {
 excess-rate percent $junos-cos-excess-rate
 guaranteed-rate $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate
 overhead-accounting $junos-cos-shaping-mode bytes $junos-cos-byte-adjust
 shaping-rate $junos-cos-shaping-rate;
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

Table 82 on page 852 lists the initial values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the shaping rates.

**Table 82: Initial Shaping Values at Subscriber Login**

| Predefined Variable         | RADIUS Tag | Value      |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| \$junos-cos-shaping-rate    | T02        | 10m        |
| \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate | T03        | 2m         |
| \$junos-cos-excess-rate     | T05        | 50         |
| \$junos-cos-shaping-mode    | T07        | frame-mode |
| \$junos-cos-byte-adjust     | T08        | -4         |



2. Verify the adjusted rates.

```

user@host#show class-of-service traffic-control-profile

Traffic control profile: tcp-example-overhead-accounting-frame-mode, Index:
61785
Excess rate 50
Shaping rate: 10000000
Guaranteed rate: 2000000
Overhead accounting mode: Frame Mode
Overhead bytes: -4

```

## Managing Downstream Cell-Based Traffic

In this example, the DSLAM and residential gateway shown in [Figure 20 on page 851](#) are connected through an ATM cell-based network. The MX Series router sends Ethernet frames to the DSLAM, and the DSLAM sends ATM cells to the residential gateway.

To accurately shape traffic at the residential gateway, the MX Series router must account for the different physical network characteristics.

The administrator does not need to configure a byte adjustment value to account for the downstream ATM network, but has the option of configuring a byte adjustment value to account for different encapsulations or decapsulations.

To account for the different frame sizes, configure cell shaping mode:

1. Configure the traffic shaping parameters in the dynamic profile and attach them to the interface.

Enabling the overhead accounting feature affects the resulting shaping rate, guaranteed rate, and excess rate parameters, if they are configured.

```

[edit]
dynamic-profiles {
 atm-downstream-network {
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp-example-overhead-accounting-cell-mode {
 excess-rate percent $junos-cos-excess-rate
 guaranteed-rate $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate
 overhead-accounting $junos-cos-shaping-mode
 shaping-rate $junos-cos-shaping-rate
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```

 }
 }
}
}
}

```

Table 83 on page 854 lists the initial values defined by the RADIUS administrator for the shaping rates.

**Table 83: Initial Shaping Values at Subscriber Login**

| Predefined Variable         | RADIUS Tag | Value     |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|
| \$junos-cos-shaping-rate    | T02        | 10m       |
| \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate | T03        | 2m        |
| \$junos-cos-excess-rate     | T05        | 50        |
| \$junos-cos-shaping-mode    | T07        | cell-mode |

2. Verify the adjusted rates.

```
user@host#show class-of-service traffic-control-profile
```

```

Traffic control profile: tcp-example-overhead-accounting-cell-mode, Index:
61785
Shaping rate: 10000000
Excess rate 50
Guaranteed rate: 2000000
Overhead accounting Cell Mode
Overhead bytes: 0

```

To account for ATM segmentation, the MX Series router adjusts all of the rates by 48/53 to account for ATM AAL5 encapsulation. In addition, the router accounts for cell padding, and internally adjusts each frame by 8 bytes to account for the ATM trailer.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates on page 835](#)

## Example: Configuring Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops

This example shows how you can enable shaping-rate adjustments for static logical interface sets that represent subscriber local loops:

1. Configure static logical interface sets to serve as CoS hierarchical scheduler nodes for subscriber local loops.

This example uses a single scheduler node that represents two subscriber local loops. The scheduler node is a static logical interface composed of two logical interfaces. The underlying physical interface is port 0 on a Gigabit Ethernet EQ DPC in slot 4, PIC 0:

```
[edit]
interfaces {
 interface-set ifset-of-logical-interfaces {
 interface ge-4/0/0 {
 unit 1;
 unit 2;
 }
 }
 ge-4/0/0 {
 description "access interface ge-4/0/0";
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 stacked-vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 description "DSL type ADSL1 = 0x01";
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-tags outer 1 inner 1; # S-VLAN tag is '1' and C-VLAN tag is '1'
 family inet { # Specify a secondary loopback address
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.168.7.3;
 }
 }
 unit 2 {
 description "DSL type ADSL1 = 0x01";
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-tags outer 1 inner 2; # S-VLAN tag is '1' and C-VLAN tag is '2'
 family inet { # Specify a secondary loopback address
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 192.168.7.4;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

2. Begin configuring hierarchical CoS on the static logical interface set that serves as the hierarchical scheduler node for the group of subscriber local loops.

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 interfaces {
 interface-set ifset-of-logical-interfaces {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp-premium-with-4-queues;
 }
 }
}
```

3. Configure the traffic-control profiles that can be applied to the scheduler node:

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp-basic-rate { # Specify a scheduler map and traffic controls
 shaping-rate 10m;
 }
 tcp-premium-with-4-queues { # Specify a scheduler map and traffic controls
```

```
 scheduler-map smap-premium-4q;
 shaping-rate 20m;
 guaranteed-rate 10m;
 delay-buffer-rate 5m;
 }
}
```

In this example, the **tcp-premium-with-4-queues** traffic-control profile is applied to the interface set. The other profile provides a lower shaping rate and no guaranteed rate.

4. Configure the scheduler map **smap-premium-4q** that is referenced in the traffic-control profile for the scheduler node:

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 scheduler-maps { # Define the queues that comprise each scheduler node
 smap-premium-4q { # Map each queue in the scheduler node to a scheduler
 forwarding-class be scheduler be_sch;
 forwarding-class af scheduler af_sch;
 forwarding-class ef scheduler ef_sch;
 forwarding-class nc scheduler nc_sch;
 }
 }
}
```

5. Configure the four schedulers (referenced in the scheduler map) that define the four output queues for the scheduler node:

```
[edit]
class-of-service {
 schedulers { # Define scheduling characteristics of each queue
 be_sch { # Transmit rate and buffer management parameters
 transmit-rate percent 10;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority low;
 }
 ef_sch { # Transmit rate and buffer management parameters
 ...
 }
 af_sch { # Transmit rate and buffer management parameters
 ...
 }
 nc_sch { # Transmit rate and buffer management parameters
 ...
 }
 }
}
```

6. Enable ANCP to communicate with the DSLAM to adjust the CoS shaping rate for the scheduler node.

You must enable the ANCP feature for performing CoS traffic shaping adjustments, configure the DSLAM as an ANCP neighbor, and specify the DSLAM-assigned identifier for the subscriber local loop represented by the scheduler node:

```
[edit]
```

```

protocols {
 ancp {
 qos-adjust; # Enable ANCP to adjust CoS shaping rates
 neighbor 10.2.3.4; # Configure the DSLAM as an ANCP neighbor
 interfaces { # Identify subscribers for which ANCP can adjust shaping rates
 interface-set {
 ifset-of-logical-interfaces {
 access-identifier "dslam port 2/3"; # DSLAM ID for the local loop
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```



**NOTE:** If ANCP is not yet enabled, the process starts when you commit a configuration that contains the `protocols ancp` stanza.

7. You can display the configured shaping rate and the adjusted shaping rate for each logical interface set configured for hierarchical CoS, issue the **show class-of-service interface-set** operational command.

#### Related Documentation

- [Hierarchical CoS Shaping-Rate Adjustments Overview on page 827](#)
- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview on page 829](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 830](#)
- [Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 843](#)



## PART 13

# Subscriber Service Activation

- [Subscriber Service Activation Overview on page 861](#)





# Subscriber Service Activation Overview

- [CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 861](#)
- [Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 862](#)
- [Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 865](#)
- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 867](#)
- [Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 868](#)

## CLI-Activated Subscriber Services

---

Subscriber management enables you to use the Junos OS CLI to locally activate and deactivate dynamic subscriber services. CLI-based activation and deactivation provides local control for dynamic subscriber services that is similar to subscriber management's change of authorization (CoA) feature. CoA is considered a remote activation method because the commands, or triggers, are received from a remote server, such as a RADIUS or provisioning server. Both the CoA and CLI-based methods enable you to manage services for subscribers who are currently logged in to the network—you can activate a new service for the subscriber or deactivate a current service.



**NOTE:** You cannot use CLI-based activation or deactivation if provisioning is configured for the subscriber. (Provisioning is configured with the **provisioning-order (gx-plus | jsrc)** statement at the **[edit access profile profile-name]** hierarchy level.)

The CLI-based feature activates the specified service—you cannot use it to modify a subscriber's dynamic profile instantiation or to modify user-defined variables in a dynamic profile. You can, however, include variables that are defined for the service in the dynamic profile.

Subscriber management does not support accounting for CLI-activated subscriber services. For example, if you use CLI-deactivation to terminate a subscriber's current RADIUS-initiated service, which supports accounting, accounting is then disabled. If you later use the CLI to activate the same or a different service, accounting is still disabled.

CLI-based activation and deactivation is useful in service provider networks that do not use provisioning servers or RADIUS servers to activate and deactivate subscriber services.

The local control provided by the CLI-based operations enables service providers to add and remove services for existing subscribers without requiring that the subscriber log out and then log in again to complete the change. For example, a service provider might allow subscribers to log in and initially use the default service, which provides basic features. After the default service is established, the provider might then use CLI-activation to upgrade qualified subscribers to an advanced service, in addition to retaining the initial service. Later, the provider can use CLI-deactivation to terminate the subscriber's advanced service session. The subscriber retains the initial service until the service is deactivated.

CLI-based activation or deactivation of a subscriber service fails if any of the following conditions exist:

- Remote provisioning is enabled and set to either **jsrc** or **gx-plus** for the subscriber.
- A RADIUS CoA operation or a previous CLI-based activation or deactivation is currently in progress for the subscriber. Only one dynamic request can be active for the subscriber.
- A unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) operation is active.
- The specified service could not be activated or deactivated.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 862](#)
- [Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 865](#)
- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 867](#)

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## Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI

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Subscriber management enables you to use the Junos OS CLI to locally activate or deactivate dynamic subscriber services for subscribers who are currently logged in to the network. You can activate an initial service for the subscriber, provide an additional service, or deactivate the subscriber's current service.



**NOTE:**

A CLI-based activation or deactivation of a subscriber service fails if any of the following conditions exist:

- Remote provisioning is enabled for the subscriber.
  - A RADIUS CoA operation or a previous CLI-based activation or deactivation is active for the subscriber.
  - A unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) operation is active.
  - The specified service could not be activated or deactivated.
-

To use the CLI to activate a subscriber service:

1. (Optional) Verify the subscriber's ID, and ensure that provisioning is not enabled. To display the session IDs of all current subscribers, use the **show subscribers detail** or **show network-access aaa subscribers** command.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail

Type: dhcp
Username: larry@isp5.net
Stripped username: larry
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: basic-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 56
Session uptime: 00:01:45
```

2. Activate the service for the subscriber.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id 55 service-profile
gold-service
```

3. (Optional) Verify that the new service is activated for the subscriber. (The initial **basic-service** is also listed because it has not been deactivated.)

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail

Type: dhcp
Username: larry@isp5.net
Stripped username: larry
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: basic-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 56
Session uptime: 00:02:15
Service name: gold-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 57
Session uptime: 00:00:30
```

To use the CLI to deactivate a subscriber service:

1. Display the active services for the specified subscriber. The following example shows that the **basic-service** and **gold-service** are active.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail

Type: dhcp
Username: larry@isp5.net
Stripped username: larry
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: basic-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 56
Session uptime: 00:02:15
Service name: gold-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 57
Session uptime: 00:00:30
```

2. Deactivate the service for the subscriber. The following example deletes the subscriber's **basic-service** service.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id 55 service-profile
basic-service
```

3. (Optional) Verify that the deleted service is no longer active for the subscriber. (The **gold-service** is still listed because it has not been deactivated.)

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail

Type: dhcp
Username: larry@isp5.net
Stripped username: larry
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: gold-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 57
Session uptime: 00:00:30
```

**Related Documentation** • [CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 861](#)

- [Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 865](#)
- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 867](#)

## Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers

---

Subscriber management enables you to use the CLI to modify a traffic-control profile that is currently applied to existing subscribers. This feature allows you to update subscribers who are initially assigned the default traffic-control profile, which might have limited features.



**TIP:** You specify the default traffic-control profile with the **predefined-variable-defaults** statement and the **cos-traffic-control-profile** variable at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service]** hierarchy level.

There are two methods you can use to modify an traffic-control profile that is in use—global and per-subscriber. The global method modifies the traffic-control profile for all subscribers currently using the traffic-control profile. The per-subscriber method modifies the traffic-control profile for a particular subscriber—all other subscribers currently using the traffic-control profile remain unaffected.

The global and per-subscriber methods share the following characteristics:

- They modify traffic-control profiles that are currently applied to active subscribers.
- Neither method creates new traffic-control profiles; they modify existing traffic-control profiles that have been previously created using the **traffic-control-profiles** statement at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service]** hierarchy level.
- Modifications are transparent to the active subscribers who are using the modified profile. The modified traffic-control profile is assigned without requiring any action by the subscriber.
- Both methods are useful when updating subscribers who are initially assigned the default traffic-control profile, which might have limited features. You specify the default traffic-control profile with the **predefined-variable-defaults** statement and the **cos-traffic-control-profile** variable at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** To support CLI modification of traffic-control profiles in an IPv4/IPv6 dual-stack environment, you must have the `aggregate-clients replace` statement enabled at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name dynamic-profile profile-name]` hierarchy

This topic includes the following tasks:

- [Using the CLI to Globally Modify a Traffic-Control Profile Currently Applied to Multiple Subscribers on page 866](#)
- [Using the CLI to Modify a Traffic-Control Profile for a Specific Current Subscriber on page 866](#)

## Using the CLI to Globally Modify a Traffic-Control Profile Currently Applied to Multiple Subscribers

To make a global modification for all current subscribers assigned a particular traffic-control profile, you change one or more parameters for the traffic-control profile and **commit** the changes.

In this example, the statement changes the shaping rate for the existing traffic-control profile named **TCP-silver**. After the change, the new shaping rate applies to all subscribers currently using **TCP-silver**.

1. Access the traffic-control profile you want to modify.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service]
user@host# edit traffic-control-profiles TCP-silver
```

2. Specify the parameters that you want to modify in the traffic-control profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
TCP-silver]
user@host# set shaping-rate 20m
```

3. Commit the configuration change to update the traffic-control profile. All current subscribers using **TCP-silver** now have the new **shaping-rate**.

## Using the CLI to Modify a Traffic-Control Profile for a Specific Current Subscriber

To make a per-subscriber modification for a specific subscriber that is currently assigned a traffic-control profile, you specify the name of the new traffic-control profile to use.

In this example, the command replaces the existing traffic-control profile with the profile named **TCP-gold**. The new traffic-control profile applies only to the subscriber identified by session ID **2551**.

- Request that the traffic-control profile named **TCP-gold** be applied to session ID 2551.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber modify session-id 2551
junos-cos-traffic-control-profile TCP-gold
```

The system then displays the status message, **Successful completion**, indicating that the modification is successful. The subscriber identified by session ID 2551 now uses the **TCP-gold** traffic-control profile.

## Default Subscriber Service Overview

Subscriber management enables you to specify a default subscriber service for DHCP subscribers. The default service (dynamic profile) is applied to subscribers who are not assigned a service by a remote server, such as RADIUS or a provisioning server (for example a JSRC or Gx-Plus server) when the subscriber logs in. By configuring a default service, you can apply a particular service (for example, a basic service) to subscribers who are not explicitly assigned a service.



**NOTE:** The default subscriber service feature is disabled if remote provisioning by a JSRC or Gx-Plus server is configured. (Remote provisioning is configured by the **provisioning-order** statement at the [edit access profile] hierarchy level.) The default subscriber service feature can be used with RADIUS servers, which are not considered provisioning servers.

When a subscriber logs in, subscriber management checks the subscriber's access profile and uses the following sequence to determine how to activate a service for the subscriber. These steps assume that a default subscriber service is configured.

1. If remote provisioning is configured, the default subscriber service feature is disabled and the provisioned service is activated for the subscriber.
2. If RADIUS authentication and service activation is configured, the RADIUS-specified service is activated.
3. If RADIUS authentication is configured but service activation is not, the default subscriber service is activated.
4. If RADIUS authentication is not configured, the default subscriber service is activated.

To create and assign a default subscriber service, you must complete the following operations:

- Create the service—Ensure that the service you want to use has been configured in a dynamic profile. The actual service is no different than any other service used for subscriber management.
- Specify the default service—Use the Junos OS CLI to specify the service that is used as the default service.
- Specify the interfaces on which the default service is assigned —Use the Junos OS CLI to specify that the default service is used globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 868](#)
- [CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 861](#)

## Configuring a Default Subscriber Service

---

Subscriber management enables you to specify a default subscriber service for DHCP (and DHCPv6) local server and DHCP relay agent. The default service is the service (dynamic profile) that is applied to subscribers whenever remote provisioning or RADIUS-based service activation is not configured for the subscriber.

To configure a default subscriber service:

1. Ensure that the service you want to use as the default has been configured in a dynamic profile.

2. Specify the default service.

The following example configures the default service for DHCP local server subscribers.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set service-profile retailer1-subscriber
```

3. Attach the default service—you can attach the profile globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.

The following example attaches the profile to a named group of interfaces for DHCP local server.

- Specify the group to which the default service is attached.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group subscriber-svl
```

- Specify the dynamic profile that defines the default service.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group subscriber-svl]
user@host# set dynamic-profile retailer1-subscriber
```

### Related Documentation

- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 867](#)
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)



## PART 14

# Dynamic Firewall Filters, Service Sets and HTTP Redirect for Subscriber Access

- [Dynamic Firewall Filters and Service Sets Overview on page 871](#)
- [Parameterized Filters on page 891](#)
- [Configuring Filters for Dynamic Profiles on page 907](#)
- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)
- [Configuring Service Sets in Dynamic Profiles on page 931](#)
- [Firewall Filter Examples on page 933](#)
- [Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953](#)
- [Configuring HTTP Redirect on page 955](#)
- [HTTP Redirect Examples on page 959](#)



## CHAPTER 58

# Dynamic Firewall Filters and Service Sets Overview

- [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)
- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Basic Classic Filter Syntax on page 875](#)
- [Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview on page 876](#)
- [Ascend-Data-Filter Attribute Fields on page 878](#)
- [Firewall Filters and Enhanced Network Services Mode Overview on page 880](#)
- [Hierarchical Policer Overview on page 882](#)
- [Hierarchical Policer as Filter Action on page 882](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Basic Fast Update Filter Syntax on page 887](#)
- [Match Conditions and Actions in Fast Update Filters on page 888](#)
- [Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889](#)

## Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview

---

Firewall filters provide rules that define whether to accept or reject packets that are transiting an interface on a router. The subscriber management feature supports four categories of firewall filters—classic filters, parameterized filters, Ascend-Data-Filters, and fast update filters.

- Classic filters are compiled at commit time and then, when a service is activated, an interface-specific clone of the filter is created and attached to a logical interface. Classic filters are static filters; they cannot contain subscriber-specific terms (also called rules). Classic filters can be applied to interfaces dynamically. This dynamic application is performed by associating input or output filters with a dynamic profile. When triggered, a dynamic profile can apply a named filter or a filter specified in RADIUS to an interface.
- Parameterized filters add the ability to configure firewall filters under a dynamic profile. The filter definitions utilize dynamic-profile variables, which allow you to customize your configuration at session creation time. You can configure a general filter under a dynamic profile and then provide policing rates, destination addresses, ports, and so forth when a dynamic session is activated.
- Ascend-Data-Filters create policies for subscriber traffic. The filter is configured on the RADIUS server and contains rules that specifically match conditions for traffic and define an action for the router to perform.
- Fast update filters are similar to classic filters in many ways. However, fast update filters support subscriber-specific, rather than interface-specific, filter values. Fast update filters also allow individual filter terms to be incrementally added or removed from filters without requiring that the entire filter be recompiled for each modification. Fast update filters are essential for networking environments in which multiple subscribers might share the same logical interface.

You configure firewall filters to determine whether to accept or reject traffic before it enters or exits an interface to which the firewall filter is applied. An *input* (or *ingress*) firewall filter is applied to packets that are entering a network. An *output* (or *egress*) firewall filter is applied to packets that are exiting a network. You can configure firewall filters to subject packets to filtering or class-of-service (CoS) marking (grouping similar types of traffic together and treating each type of traffic as a class with its own level of service priority).

### Related Documentation

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview on page 876](#)
- [Parameterized Filters Overview on page 891](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)

- [Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables on page 909](#)

## Classic Filters Overview

The dynamic firewall feature supports classic filters, parameterized filters, and fast update filters. Classic filters are compiled at commit time. When a service activation takes place, the router creates an interface-specific clone of the filter and attaches the clone to the specified logical interface. Classic filters are static filters; they cannot contain subscriber-specific terms, as opposed to fast update filters, which are subscriber-specific. Parameterized filters and policers have their configuration customized at session creation time.

This overview covers:

- [Classic Filter Types on page 873](#)
- [Classic Filter Components on page 873](#)
- [Classic Filter Processing on page 874](#)
- [Guidelines for Creating and Applying Classic Filters for Subscriber Interfaces on page 875](#)

## Classic Filter Types

The following classic filter types are supported:

- Port (Layer 2) firewall filter—Port firewall filters apply to Layer 2 switch ports. You can apply port firewall filters only in the ingress direction on a physical port.
- VLAN firewall filter—VLAN firewall filters provide access control for packets that enter a VLAN, are bridged within a VLAN, and leave a VLAN. You can apply VLAN firewall filters in both ingress and egress directions on a VLAN. VLAN firewall filters are applied to all packets that are forwarded to or forwarded from the VLAN.
- Router (Layer 3) firewall filter—You can apply a router firewall filter in both ingress and egress directions on Layer 3 (routed) interfaces.

## Classic Filter Components

When creating a classic filter, you first define the family address type (`inet` or `inet6`) and then you define one or more terms that specify the filtering criteria and the action to take when a match occurs.

Each term, or rule, consists of the following components:

- Match conditions—Specifies values or fields that the packet must contain. You can define various match conditions, including:
  - IP source address field
  - IP destination address field
  - Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) or User Datagram Protocol (UDP) source port field

- IP protocol field
  - Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) packet type
  - TCP flags
  - interfaces
- Actions—Specifies what to do when a match condition occurs. Possible actions are to accept or discard a packet. In addition, packets can be counted to collect statistical information. If no action is specified for a term, the default action is to accept the packet.

## Classic Filter Processing

The order of the terms within a classic filter is important. Packets are tested against each term in the order in which the terms are listed in the firewall filter configuration. When a firewall filter contains multiple terms, the router takes a top-down approach and compares a packet against the first term in the firewall filter. If the packet matches the first term, the router executes the action defined by that term to either accept or reject the packet, and no other terms are evaluated. If the router does not find a match between the packet and first term, it then compares the packet to the next term in the firewall filter by using the same match process. If no match occurs between the packet and the second term, the router continues to compare the packet to each successive term defined in the firewall filter until a match is found. If a packet does not match any terms in a firewall filter, the default action is to discard the packet.

You can also specify a precedence (from 0 through 255) for input and output filters within a dynamic profile to force filter processing in a particular order. Setting a lower precedence value for a filter gives it a higher precedence within the dynamic profile. Filters with lower precedence values are applied to interfaces before filters with higher precedence values. A precedence of zero (the default) gives the filter the highest precedence. If no precedence is specified, the filter receives a precedence of zero (highest precedence). Filters with matching precedence (zero or otherwise) are applied in random order.



**NOTE:** Dynamic filters do not process outbound packets that are sourced from the routing engine. To filter outbound packets that are sourced from the routing engine, you can create static outbound filters for each interface.

---

## Guidelines for Creating and Applying Classic Filters for Subscriber Interfaces

This release supports the dynamic configuration of firewall filters. However, you can also continue to create static firewall filters for interfaces as you do normally, and then dynamically apply those filters to statically created interfaces using dynamic profiles. You can also use dynamic profiles to attach input and output filters through RADIUS.

When creating and applying filters, keep the following in mind:

- This release supports dynamic application of only input and output filters.
- The filters must be interface-specific.
- You can create family-specific **inet** and **inet6** filters.
- You can create interface-specific filters at the **unit** level that apply to any family type (**inet** or **inet6**) configured on the interface.
- You can add or remove both IPv4 and IPv6 filters with the same service activation or deactivation.
- You can remove one filter type without impacting the other type of filter. For example, you can remove IPv6 filters and leave the current IPv4 filters active.
- You can chain up to five input filters and four output filters together.
- If you do not configure and apply a filter, the interface uses the default group filter configuration.
- You cannot modify or delete a firewall filter while subscribers on the same logical interface are bound.

### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables on page 909](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Firewall Filter Configuration on page 928](#)

## Basic Classic Filter Syntax

This section provides the basic classic filter CLI statement syntax. The first part of this syntax provides the CLI statements to associate an input and output filter with a dynamic profile. The second part of this syntax represents the configured input and output filters applied to the dynamic profile. When a DHCP event occurs, the dynamic profile applies the specified filters to the DHCP client interface on the router.

```
[edit]
dynamic-profiles [profile-name] {
 interfaces {
```

```
[$junos-interface-ifd-name] {
 unit [$junos-underlying-interface-unit] {
 family family {
 filter {
 input {
 [filter-name];
 precedence [precedence];
 }
 output {
 [filter-name];
 precedence [precedence];
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
[edit]
firewall {
 family [family] {
 filter [filter-name] {
 [desired filter configuration]
 }
 filter [filter-name] {
 [desired filter configuration]
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)
- [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)

---

## Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview

Subscriber management enables you to use Ascend-Data-Filters to create policies for subscriber traffic. An Ascend-Data-Filter is a binary value that is configured on the RADIUS server. The filter contains rules that specify match conditions for traffic and an action for the router to perform (such as accept or discard the traffic). The match conditions might include the source and destination IP address or port, the protocol, the filter direction, the traffic class, and policer information.

Subscriber management uses a dynamic profile to obtain the Ascend-Data-Filter attribute (RADIUS attribute 242) from the RADIUS server and apply the policy to a subscriber session. Dynamic profiles support Ascend-Data-Filters for **inet** and **inet6** family types, and both families can be present in a dynamic profile. You include Junos OS predefined variables in the dynamic profiles — **\$junos-adf-rule-v4** for family **inet** and **\$junos-adf-rule-v6** for **inet6**. The predefined variables map the Ascend-Data-Filter rules to Junos OS functionality.

You can also configure a static Ascend-Data-Filter by manually entering the required binary data as a hexadecimal string in a dynamic profile. A statically configured



Ascend-Data-Filter in a dynamic profile takes precedence over an Ascend-Data-Filter attribute that is received from RADIUS. The static method is time-consuming to configure; it is typically used only for testing purposes.

The Ascend-Data-Filter attribute is supported in RADIUS Access-Accept and Change of Authorization (CoA) messages.

CoA updates existing filters based on the Ascend-Data-Filter Type field, as shown in the following list:

- If the Type field is 1, IPv4 rules are updated and IPv6 rules are unchanged. The opposite is true if the Type field is 3.
- If both Type 1 and 3 are specified, then all rules are updated.
- If the CoA has no Ascend-Data-Filter rules, then the existing rules are unchanged.

## Filter Naming Conventions

Each Ascend-Data-Filter has a unique name, which is assigned by the dynamic firewall daemon. The assigned names are displayed in the results of the **show subscriber extensive** and **show firewall** commands. Ascend-Data-Filters use the following naming convention.

***\_\_junos\_adf\_session#-interfacename-family-direction***

For example:

***\_\_junos\_adf\_33847-ge/1/0/4.53-init-in***

Each Ascend-Data-Filter rule maps to a single term, and the term names are simply **t0**, **t1**, **t3**. If you configure the **counter** option, the router adds a count action to each term that is created. The counter names are a combination of the term names with **-cnt** appended. For example **t0-cnt** and **t1-cnt**.

## Using Multiple Sessions with Ascend-Data-Filters on an Interface

An interface can have multiple subscriber sessions, each session using its own Ascend-Data-Filter rules. When an Ascend-Data-Filter is applied to a subscriber session, the rules are created independently of any other filters and are added to the interface filter list. The Ascend-Data-Filter rules for the other sessions on the same interface are also added to the filter list. All packets that are processed for the interface must go through all filters, and the filters are applied according to the precedence you set.

Because the filter list can be a combination of several rules, you must consider how the multiple filters coexist. You must ensure that the filters are designed and applied correctly in order to provide the desired filtering and resulting action. For example, a session might have a filter that accepts traffic from Subscriber-A, and that discards all other traffic. However, a second session on the same interface might have a filter that accepts traffic from Subscriber-B only and discards other traffic. When the two filters are combined in the filter list, traffic from Subscriber-B is discarded by the first filter, and traffic from Subscriber-A is discarded by the second filter. As a result, no traffic is accepted on the interface because the two filters essentially cancel out each other and discard all traffic.

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamically Applying Ascend-Data-Filter Policies to Subscriber Sessions on page 915](#)
  - [Ascend-Data-Filter Attribute Fields on page 878](#)

## Ascend-Data-Filter Attribute Fields

Table 84 on page 878 provides information about the fields used in the Ascend-Data-Filter attribute (RADIUS attribute 242) and how the fields map to Junos OS filter functions. The table lists the fields in the order in which they occur in the Ascend-Data-Filter attribute.

**Table 84: Ascend-Data-Filter Attribute Fields**

| Action or Classifier   | Format                            | Value                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Junos OS Filter Function                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Type                   | 1 byte                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 = IPv4</li> <li>• 3 = IPv6</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                      |
| Filter or forward      | 1 byte                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = filter</li> <li>• 1 = forward</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = maps to <b>discard</b> action</li> <li>• 1 = maps to <b>accept</b> action</li> </ul>                    |
| Indirection            | 1 byte                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = egress</li> <li>• 1 = ingress</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = adds egress terms to the output filter</li> <li>• 1 = adds ingress terms to the input filter</li> </ul> |
| Spare                  | 1 byte                            | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | —                                                                                                                                                    |
| Source IP address      | IPv4 = 4 bytes<br>IPv6 = 16 bytes | IP address of the source interface                                                                                                                                                                                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = no mapping performed</li> <li>• From <b>source-address address</b> entry added to term</li> </ul>       |
| Destination IP address | IPv4 = 4 bytes<br>IPv6 = 16 bytes | IP address of the destination interface                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = no mapping performed</li> <li>• From <b>destination-address address</b> entry added to term</li> </ul>  |
| Source IP prefix       | 1 byte                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Type 1 = Number of leading zeros in the wildcard mask</li> <li>• Type 3 = Higher order contiguous bits of the address that make up the network portion of the address</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 = no mapping performed</li> <li>• From <b>source-address prefix</b> entry added to term</li> </ul>        |

Table 84: Ascend-Data-Filter Attribute Fields (*continued*)

| Action or Classifier       | Format  | Value                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Junos OS Filter Function                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Destination IP prefix      | 1 byte  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type 1 = Number of leading zeros in the wildcard mask</li> <li>Type 3 = Higher order contiguous bits of the address that make up the network portion of the address</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no mapping performed</li> <li>From <b>destination-address prefix</b> entry added to term</li> </ul>                                                    |
| Protocol                   | 1 byte  | Protocol type                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no mapping performed</li> <li>IPv4 = from <b>protocol number</b> added to term</li> <li>IPv6 = from <b>next-header number</b> added to term</li> </ul> |
| Established                | 1 byte  | Not implemented                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Not implemented                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Source port                | 2 bytes | Port number of the source port                                                                                                                                                                                        | From <b>source-port x - y</b> entry added to term                                                                                                                                                 |
| Destination port           | 2 bytes | Port number of the destination port                                                                                                                                                                                   | From <b>destination-port x - y</b> entry added to term                                                                                                                                            |
| Source port qualifier      | 1 byte  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no compare</li> <li>1 = less than</li> <li>2 = equal to</li> <li>3 = greater than</li> <li>4 = not equal to</li> </ul>                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no mapping performed</li> <li>1 – 3 = mapped to corresponding option</li> <li>4 = mapped to <b>except</b> match option</li> </ul>                      |
| Destination port qualifier | 1 byte  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no compare</li> <li>1 = less than</li> <li>2 = equal to</li> <li>3 = greater than</li> <li>4 = not equal to</li> </ul>                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no mapping performed</li> <li>1 – 3 = mapped to corresponding match option</li> <li>4 = mapped to <b>except</b> match option</li> </ul>                |
| Reserved                   | 2 bytes | Not used                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Not used                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Marking value              | 1 byte  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For IPv4 = Type of Service (ToS)</li> <li>For IPv6 = Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP)</li> </ul>                                                                      | Not implemented                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Marking mask               | 1 byte  | 0 = no packet marking                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Not implemented                                                                                                                                                                                   |

Table 84: Ascend-Data-Filter Attribute Fields (*continued*)

| Action or Classifier | Format     | Value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Junos OS Filter Function                                                                                                   |
|----------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Traffic class        | 1–41 bytes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no traffic class (required if there is no profile)</li> <li>First byte specifies the length of the ASCII name of the traffic class</li> <li>Traffic class must be statically configured</li> <li>Name can optionally be null terminated, which consumes 1 byte</li> <li>If a name is given, it must match one of the default forwarding classes (such as best-effort) or the name of a forwarding class configured under the <b>[edit class-of-service scheduler-maps map-name]</b> stanza.</li> </ul> | Maps to the forwarding class name. The action <b>forwarding-class name</b> is added to term.                               |
| Rate-limit profile   | 1–41 bytes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = no rate limit (required if there is no profile)</li> <li>First byte specifies the length of the ASCII, followed by the ASCII name of the profile</li> <li>Profile must be statically configured</li> <li>Name can optionally be null terminated, which consumes 1 byte</li> <li>If a name is given, it must match the name of one of the firewall policers that is configured under the <b>[edit firewall]</b> stanza.</li> </ul>                                                                      | Maps to the <b>policer policer-name</b> action modifier of the same name. The action <b>policer name</b> is added to term. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview on page 876](#)

## Firewall Filters and Enhanced Network Services Mode Overview

Under normal conditions, every firewall filter is generated in two different formats -- compiled and term-based. The compiled format is used by the routing engine (RE) kernel, FPC modules, and MS-DPC modules. The term-based format is used by Trio MPC modules. Compiled firewall filters are duplicated for each interface or logical interface

to which they are applied. Term-based filters, instead of being duplicated, are referenced by each interface or logical interface.

When a combination of Trio MPC modules and any other modules populate a chassis, the creation of both firewall filter file formats is necessary. In most networks, the creation of both filter formats and any amount of duplication for compiled firewall filters has no effect on the router. However, in subscriber management networks that include thousands of statically configured subscriber interfaces, creating filters in multiple formats and duplicating those filters for each interface can utilize a large portion of router memory resources. You can use either Enhanced IP Network Services mode or Enhanced Ethernet Network Services mode to improve the scaling and performance specific to routing filters in a subscriber access network that uses statically configured subscriber interfaces.

In configurations where interfaces are created statically and firewall filters are created dynamically, you must configure the chassis network services to run in enhanced mode. In configurations where both interfaces and firewall filters are created statically, you must configure chassis network services to run in enhanced mode and also configure each firewall filter for enhanced mode.

Table 85 on page 881 shows the configuration options when determining enhanced network services mode usage.

**Table 85: Enhanced Network Services Mode and Firewall Filter Use Case Determination**

| Interface and Filter Configuration                             | Chassis Enhanced Mode Required | Firewall Filter Enhanced Mode Required |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Dynamically-created interfaces and dynamically-applied filters | Yes                            | No                                     |
| Statically-created interfaces and dynamically-applied filters  | Yes                            | No                                     |
| Statically-created interfaces and statically-applied filters   | Yes                            | Yes                                    |

To achieve significant resource savings for the router, combine chassis and filter enhanced mode configuration as follows:

- Install only Trio MPC modules in the chassis.



**NOTE:** Configuring chassis network services to run one of the enhanced network services modes results in the router enabling only Trio MPC modules and MS-DPC modules. Because MS-DPC modules use compiled firewall filter format, a router chassis that is configured for one of the enhanced network services modes, configuring standard (non-enhanced) firewall filters for use with any MS-DPC modules can decrease optimal resource efficiency.

- When configuring static interfaces on the router, configure chassis network services to run either Enhanced IP Network Services mode or Enhanced Ethernet Network Services mode.

- When statically applying firewall filters to statically-created interfaces, configure any firewall filters for enhanced mode to limit the filter creation to only term-based format.



**NOTE:** Any firewall filters that are not configured for enhanced mode are created in both compiled and term-based format, even if the chassis is running one of the enhanced network services modes.

#### Related Documentation

- Network Services Mode Overview in the [Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide](#)
- Configuring Junos OS to Run a Specific Network Services Mode in MX Series Routers in the [Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide](#)
- [Configuring a Filter for Use with Enhanced Network Services Mode on page 913](#)

---

## Hierarchical Policer Overview

Hierarchical policers rate-limit premium traffic separately from the aggregate traffic on an interface as determined by different configured rates. Hierarchical policing uses two token buckets to maintain two rates: an aggregate and a high priority rate, such as 10Mbps and 2Mbps. The traffic is marked differently based on the class of service. Two classes of service are defined for this use: expedited forwarding (EF) and non-expedited forwarding (non-EF). The EF traffic has a user-selectable rate, such as 2Mbps, that is guaranteed before being subject to marking. If there is no EF traffic present, then the non-EF traffic can use up to the 10Mbps rate before being marked. If there is EF traffic present, then the EF traffic is assured up to the 2Mbps (from the 10Mbps) before it becomes subject to marking, but also consumes from the non-EF rate. In this example the EF traffic is guaranteed the 2Mbps and the non-EF traffic has the remaining 8Mbps before being marked.

Hierarchical Policing has the following characteristics:

- Ingress traffic is first classified into premium and non-premium traffic prior to applying a policer.
- The hierarchal policer contains two policers: premium and aggregate. The premium traffic is policed by both the premium policer and aggregate policer. Although premium policer rate-limits the premium traffic, the aggregate policer only decrements the credits but does not drop the packets. The non-premium traffic is rate-limited only by the aggregate policer. Therefore, the premium traffic is assured to have the bandwidth configured for premium and the non-premium traffic is policed to the remaining bandwidth.

---

## Hierarchical Policer as Filter Action

Hierarchical policer as filter action enables you to have hierarchial policers as one type of filter action. This is useful in provider edge applications using aggregate policing for general traffic and to apply a separate policer for premium traffic on a logical or physical interface. An interface-specific filter can have a hierarchical policer as a filter action

whether or not the hierarchical policer is a logical interface policer. A non-interface-specific filter can only have a hierarchical policer without using logical interface-specific as a filter action. The following table summarizes where you can use an interface-specific filter.

| Interface-specific Filter | Hierarchical Policer Logical-interface-policer | Allowed |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------|
| no                        | no                                             | yes     |
| no                        | yes                                            | no      |
| yes                       | no                                             | yes     |
| yes                       | no                                             | yes     |

To enable all hierarchical policers of the same name in one filter to share the same policer instance in PFE, use the **filter-specific** statement at the **[edit firewall]** hierarchy level.

## Fast Update Filters Overview

---

The dynamic firewall feature supports classic filters and fast update filters. Fast update filters support subscriber-specific filter values, as opposed to classic filters, which are interface-specific. Fast update filters allow individual filter terms, or rules, to be added or removed from filters without requiring that you recompile the filter after each modification—terms are added and removed when subscriber services are added and removed.

Using the fast update filters feature involves three distinct operations:

1. Creating the filter—You define fast update filters under the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* firewall family *family*]** hierarchy. The **dynamic-profiles** stanza enables you to use dynamic variables to create subscriber-specific configurations for the filter's match terms. See [“Configuring Fast Update Filters” on page 917](#).
2. Associating the filter with a dynamic profile—You use the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interface *interface-name* unit *unit-number* family *family*]** hierarchy to associate the filter with a dynamic profile. This is the same procedure used for classic filters. See [“Associating Fast Update Filters with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile” on page 927](#).
3. Attaching the filter to an interface—When a subscriber logs in, the dynamic profile instantiates the subscriber session and applies the properties of the profile, including the fast update filter, to the session interface. This is the same procedure used for classic filters. Also, similar to classic filters, the name of fast update filters can be provided in a user's RADIUS file.

When a dynamic profile instantiates a subscriber session and applies a fast update filter, the router verifies that the filter is not already present on the session interface. If the filter is not present, the router adds the filter. If the filter is already present on the interface, the router simply adds any new terms that are not in the existing filter. This procedure is reversed when subscriber sessions are deleted. Any terms that were added by a session are then removed when the session is deleted. The filter is deleted when the last subscriber session is deleted.



**NOTE:** You can optionally specify that a term can be added only once and cannot be modified. See [“Match Conditions and Actions in Fast Update Filters” on page 888](#).

---

This overview covers:

- [Fast Update Filter Components on page 885](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Processing on page 885](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Names on page 886](#)
- [Guidelines for Creating and Applying Fast Update Filters on page 886](#)



## Fast Update Filter Components

When creating a fast update filter, you define one or more terms that specify the filtering criteria and the action to take when a match occurs.

Each term consists of the following components:

- **Match condition**—Specifies values or fields that the packet must contain. You can match a maximum of five fields in a fast update filter. A match condition can contain a single value or range. This differs from classic filters, in which terms can have multiple values. However, you can use additional terms to specify multiple ranges. [“Fast Update Filter Match Conditions” on page 920](#) lists the supported match conditions for fast update filters. The order in which the terms appear in a fast update filter is not important, because the router examines the most specific term first. (Classic filters examine the terms in the order in which the terms are listed.)
- **Action**—Specifies what to do when a packet matches the match condition. If no action is specified for a term, the default action is to accept the packet. [“Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers” on page 921](#) lists the supported actions for fast update filters.

Terms that are added to the filter during session instantiation must have a unique set of match conditions. Two terms overlap, or conflict, if a packet can match both sets of conditions—as a result, there are two different actions for the packet. You can ensure that terms are unique by using the `$junos-subscriber-ip-address` variable as the **source-address** (for an input filter) or **destination-address** (for an output filter) in the **from** statement. You must then supply the **source-address** or **destination-address** condition, as appropriate, as the first condition in the **match-order** statement.

### Related Documentation

- [Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers on page 921](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Match Conditions on page 920](#)
- [Avoiding Conflicts When Terms Match on page 922](#)

## Fast Update Filter Processing

You must use the **match-order** statement to explicitly specify the order in which the router examines filter match conditions. Also, the router examines only those conditions that you include in the **match-order** statement. When a fast update filter contains multiple terms, the router compares a packet against the terms starting with the most specific condition first. When the packet first matches a condition, the router performs the action defined in the term to either accept or reject the packet, and then no other terms are evaluated. If the router does not find a match between the packet and first term, it then compares the packet to the next term in the filter. The router continues to compare the packet to the next specified term until a match is found. If there is no match after all terms have been examined, the router silently drops the packet.

You can specify a precedence (from 0 through 255) for input and output filters within a dynamic profile to force filter processing in a particular order. Setting a lower precedence value for a filter gives it a higher precedence within the dynamic profile. Filters with lower

precedence values are applied to interfaces before filters with higher precedence values. A precedence of zero (the default) gives the filter the highest precedence. If no precedence is specified, the filter receives a precedence of zero (highest precedence). Filters with matching precedence (zero or otherwise) are applied in random order.

## Fast Update Filter Names

When a filter is attached to an interface, the router first searches for a classic filter with the specified name, and then uses the classic filter. If no classic filter exists with that name, the router then searches in the dynamic profile for a fast update filter with the specified name, and uses that filter.

If two different dynamic profiles include a fast update filter with the same name, the **match-order** specification of the two filters must be identical. If the two filters are activated on the same interface, the terms are added together.

The router includes the filter name in **show firewall** command results. The router also creates unique names for filter terms and counters for the **show firewall** command.

When a fast update filter is created by the activation of a dynamic profile, the router creates an interface-specific name for the filter. The name uses the following format, which is also used for classic filters:

**<filter-name>-<interface-name>.<subunit>-<direction>**

For example, an input filter named **httpFilter** on interface **ge-1/0/0.5** is named as follows (**in** indicates an input filter and **out** indicates an output filter):

**http-filter-ge-1/0/0.5-in**

The router creates unique names for the filter terms and counters by appending the session ID to all term and counter names. Terms that use the **only-at-create** statement have a session-id of 0. Terms and counters use the following format:

**<term-name>-<session-id>**

**<counter-name>-<session-id>**

## Guidelines for Creating and Applying Fast Update Filters

Fast update filters enable you to create subscriber-specific firewall filters and dynamically apply these filters to statically created interfaces using dynamic profiles. Individual terms can be added to, or removed from, a filter without requiring that the entire filter be recompiled.

When creating and applying fast update filters, keep the following in mind:

- This release supports dynamic application of input and output filters.
- You cannot use the same fast update filter as both an input and output filter in the same dynamic profile attached to an interface.
- Fast update filters must always include terms that permit DHCP traffic to pass. See [“Configuring Filters to Permit Expected Traffic” on page 921](#).

- You can create **family inet** and **inet6** filters.
- You can add or remove both IPv4 and IPv6 filters with the same service activation or deactivation.
- You can remove one filter type without impacting the other type of filter. For example, you can remove IPv6 filters and leave the current IPv4 filters active.
- The **interface-specific** statement is required for all fast update filters.
- The **match-order** statement is required—you must explicitly state the order of the match fields in a fast update filter. See [“Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters” on page 918](#).
- The **match-order** statement uses an implied wildcard for conditions that you specify in the statement. If you specify a condition that is not also configured in the **from** specification of a filter term, the router considers that a wildcard for that condition.
- A filter term can have only a single value or range; however, you can configure multiple terms to specify multiple ranges.
- You can match a maximum of five match conditions in a filter.

#### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)
- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Firewall Filter Configuration on page 928](#)

## Basic Fast Update Filter Syntax

This section shows the basic fast update filter statement syntax. The first part of this syntax provides the CLI statements to associate an input and output filter with a dynamic profile. The second part of this syntax represents the configured input and output filters associated to the dynamic profile. When a DHCP event occurs, the dynamic profile applies the specified filters to the DHCP client interface on the router.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name]
interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit {
 family family {
 filter {
 input filter-name;
 precedence precedence;
 output filter-name;
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```
}
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name]
firewall {
 family family {
 fast-update-filter filter-name {
 [desired filter configuration]
 }
 fast-update-filter filter-name {
 [desired filter configuration]
 }
 }
}
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)

---

## Match Conditions and Actions in Fast Update Filters

To create a fast update filter, you use the **term** statement to specify conditions that a packet must have, and to specify the action the router performs when those conditions exist in the packet.

This section covers:

- [Match Conditions on page 888](#)
- [Actions on page 889](#)
- [Adding Terms Only Once on page 889](#)

### Match Conditions

Match conditions specify characteristics that a packet must have—if the conditions exist in the packet, the router then performs the specified action. You use the **from** keyword in the **term** statement to specify match conditions for the filter. The packet must match all conditions in the **from** specification for the action to be performed, which also means that their order in the **from** specification is not important.

An individual condition in a **from** specification can contain a single value or range. You can match a maximum of five match conditions in a filter.

[“Fast Update Filter Match Conditions” on page 920](#) lists the match conditions you can use in fast update filters.



**NOTE:** The router uses an implied wildcard for conditions that you include in the **match-order** statement. If you include a condition that is *not* configured in the **from** specification of a filter term, the router considers that a wildcard for the condition.

For example, if you include the **dscp** condition in the **match-order** statement, but do not configure a **dscp** value in the **from** specification of the filter term, the router performs the action configured in the **then** specification of the filter on all DSCP values.

---

## Actions

Actions and action modifiers specify the operation the router performs when a particular match condition exists in a packet. You use the **then** keyword in the **term** statement to specify the actions to perform on packets whose characteristics match the conditions specified in the preceding **from** specification.

Action modifiers are actions taken in addition to the specified action. You can configure any combination of action modifiers. For the action or action modifier to take effect, all conditions in the **from** specification must match. If you specify **log** as one of the actions in a term, this constitutes a termination action; whether any additional terms in the filter are processed depends on the traffic through the filter. The action modifier operations carry a default **accept** action. For example, if you specify an action modifier and do not specify an action, the specified action modifier is implemented and the packet is accepted.

[“Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers” on page 921](#) lists the actions and action modifiers you can use in fast update filters.

## Adding Terms Only Once

You can optionally specify that a term can be added only when the fast update filter is first created, and cannot be later changed by adding or removing conditions. We recommend that you only use the **only-at-create** option for terms that do not include subscriber-specific data in their match conditions, such as common or default terms (counting the default drop packet, for instance).

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters on page 919](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Match Conditions on page 920](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers on page 921](#)

## Dynamic Service Sets Overview

A service set is a collection of services to be performed by an Adaptive Services (AS) or Multiservices PIC. You configure a service-set definition at the **[edit services]** hierarchy level. You can then apply the service set to one or more interfaces on the router. The service set can be applied either dynamically or statically.

To dynamically associate a service set to interfaces you include the **service-set** statement with the **input** or **output** statement at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces *interface-name* unit *logical-unit-number* family *family service*]** hierarchy level.

To statically associate a defined service set with an interface, you include the **service-set** statement with the **input** or **output** statement at the **[edit interfaces *interface-name* unit *logical-unit-number* family *family service*]** hierarchy level.

### Related Documentation

- [Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Service Sets Information on page 932](#)

- For information about creating service sets, see “Service Set Configuration Guidelines” in the *Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*.
- For information about statically applying service sets to interfaces, see “Applying Filters and Services to Interfaces” in the *Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

# Parameterized Filters

- [Parameterized Filters Overview on page 891](#)
- [Basic Parameterized Filter Syntax on page 892](#)
- [Unique Identifiers for Firewall Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 892](#)
- [Sample Dynamic-Profile Configuration for Parameterized Filters on page 894](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Configuration and UID Substitution Comparison for Parameterized Filters on page 896](#)
- [Example: Dynamic-Profile Parsing on page 900](#)
- [Parameterized Filters Configuration Considerations on page 901](#)
- [Guidelines for Creating and Applying Parameterized Filters for Subscriber Interfaces on page 902](#)
- [Parameterized Filter Processing Overview on page 903](#)
- [IPv4 Parameterized Filter Match Conditions on page 904](#)
- [IPv6 Parameterized Filter Match Conditions on page 904](#)
- [Parameterized Filter Actions and Modifiers on page 905](#)
- [Parameterized Filter Policer Actions on page 906](#)

## Parameterized Filters Overview

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Parameterized filters are configured under a dynamic profile. The filter definition can utilize dynamic-profile variables, allowing their configuration to be customized at session creation time. The user can configure a general baseline filter under a dynamic profile and then provide specific variables of that filter when a dynamic session is activated. These variables can include policing rates, destination addresses, ports, and other items.

In order to provide better scaling, the system analyzes a dynamic profile, and then determines whether the set of variables for one session is the same as for a previous session. Each set of variables is assigned a unique identifier (UID). If a matching filter already exists, the session creates an interface-specific filter copy of that filter template. If the filter does not already exist, the session reads the configuration and compiles a new filter. This filter is installed as a template with an interface-specific filter copy for the current session pointing at it.

**Related Documentation**

- [Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Firewall Filter Configuration on page 928](#)
- [Unique Identifiers for Firewall Variables in Dynamic Profiles on page 892](#)
- [Sample Dynamic-Profile Configuration for Parameterized Filters on page 894](#)
- [Dynamic Profile After UID Substitutions for Parameterized Filters](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Configuration and UID Substitution Comparison for Parameterized Filters on page 896](#)
- [Example: Dynamic-Profile Parsing on page 900](#)
- [Parameterized Filters Configuration Considerations on page 901](#)
- [Parameterized Filter Processing Overview on page 903](#)

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## Basic Parameterized Filter Syntax

Parameterized filter syntax follows the standard Junos OS filter syntax. When a match condition is met, an action is applied.

**Related Documentation**

- [Basic Classic Filter Syntax on page 875](#)
- [Sample Dynamic-Profile Configuration for Parameterized Filters on page 894](#)

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## Unique Identifiers for Firewall Variables in Dynamic Profiles

The system uses unique identifiers (UIDs) to aid with scaling. The UID enables the system to determine when configuration objects from multiple subscribers are identical and can be shared. In many situations, such as a filter definition, sharing a single filter program among multiple subscribers instead of creating a new program for every subscriber helps to conserve system resources.

Within a dynamic profile a UID is used to name a configuration object. The system assigns the value of the UID (the object's name) based upon all the variables contained within that configuration stanza along with the dynamic profile's name. The assigned UID value consists of the UID name combined with the string `_UID` and a unique number. For instance, the UID `$my-filter` might be given the value `my-filter_UID1022`.

You must first define a UID under the **variable** stanza using the option **uid**. The UID must be defined at the end, after all the variables that are assigned values externally.

```
dynamic-profile test-profile {
 [variables] {
 ... [other variables] ...
 [my-filter] {
 uid;
 }
 }
}
```



After a UID has been defined, it can then be used to name an object:

```
dynamic-profile test-profile {
 firewall {
 family inet {
 filter [$my-filter] {
 ... [filter definition that makes use of other variables] ...
 }
 }
 }
}
```

As previously described, the system assigns the value of **\$my-filter** depending on the values of the variables used within that filter's definition.

The UID is also used in any other place that the object's name is used. For example, here is an interface stanza to use **\$my-filter** as an input filter:

```
dynamic-profile [test-profile] {
 interfaces {
 [$junos-interface-ifd-name] {
 unit [$junos-interface-unit] {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input [$my-filter];
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

You can define multiple configuration objects of the same type (that is, multiple filters) as long as each one uses its own, individual, UID. To ensure that the system selects the correct object when assigning a name, use the **uid-reference** variable.

When the uid-reference is used, it is effectively evaluated twice. First, the value of the uid-reference variable is retrieved. Second, that value is used as the name of a UID and that UID value is retrieved. A uid-reference with a value that is not the name of a UID is considered an error.

A uid-reference is defined similarly to any other variable:

```
dynamic-profile [test-profile] {
 variables {
 [my-filter-selector] {
 uid-reference;
 }
 }
}
```

A uid-reference is used wherever the name of the object is needed. One example is the name of the input filter in the following interface stanza:

```
dynamic-profile [test-profile] {
 interfaces {
```

```
[$junos-interface-ifd-name] {
 unit [$junos-interface-unit] {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input [$my-filter-selector];
 }
 }
 }
}
```

Consider the case where two parameterized filters are defined: **\$my-filter-1** and **\$my-filter-2**. The **\$my-filter-selector** variable might be assigned the value **my-filter-1** or **my-filter-2**, depending upon which filter is appropriate.

---

## Sample Dynamic-Profile Configuration for Parameterized Filters

In the following sample configuration, the **my-svc-prof** profile provides two different filters: **my-filt-1gw** and **my-filt-2gw**. These filters match on either one or two gateway addresses and apply a policer for that traffic. The name of the filter to apply, the gateway addresses, and the bandwidth for the policer are passed into the service profile from the RADIUS service activation. The **uid-reference** type supports selection of a particular UID generated object out of multiple objects in the profile. The **UID** type indicates that a variable is used for UID generation.

```
dynamic-profile {
 [my-svc-prof] {
 variable {
 [my-in-filter] {
 mandatory;
 uid-reference;
 }
 gw1 {
 mandatory;
 }
 gw2 {
 mandatory;
 }
 bw {
 mandatory;
 }
 my-filt-1gw {
 uid;
 }
 my-filt-2gw {
 uid;
 }
 [my-policer] {
 uid;
 }
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 [$junos-interface-ifd-name] {
```

```

unit [$junos-underlying-interface-unit] {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input [$my-in-filter];
 }
 }
}
}
firewall {
 policer [$my-policer] {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit $bw;
 burst-size-limit 15000;
 }
 then discard;
 }
 family inet {
 filter [$my-filt-1gw] {
 interface-specific;
 term t0 {
 from {
 destination-address $gw1;
 }
 then {
 policer [$my-policer];
 }
 }
 term last {
 then {
 count drops;
 discard;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 filter [$my-file-2gw] {
 interface-specific;
 term t0 {
 from {
 destination-address {
 $gw1;
 $gw2;
 }
 }
 then {
 policer [$my-policer];
 }
 }
 term last {
 then {
 count drops;
 discard;
 }
 }
 }
}
}

```

```

 }
 }
}

```

#### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profile After UID Substitutions for Parameterized Filters](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Configuration and UID Substitution Comparison for Parameterized Filters on page 896](#)
- [Example: Dynamic-Profile Parsing on page 900](#)

## Dynamic Profile Configuration and UID Substitution Comparison for Parameterized Filters

Table 86 on page 896 compares “Sample Dynamic-Profile Configuration for Parameterized Filters” on page 894 and Dynamic Profile After UID Substitutions for Parameterized Filters when the following service is activated.

```
my-svc-prof(my-filt-1gw, 207.17.137.239/32, 0, 5m)
```

Table 86: Dynamic Profiles and UID Substitution Comparison

| Dynamic Profile Configuration | Result After Substitution | Comment                                                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| dynamic-profile {             | dynamic-profile {         | -                                                           |
| [my-svc-prof] {               | [my-svc-prof] {           | -                                                           |
| variable {                    | -                         | Define the variables.                                       |
| [my-in-filter] {              | -                         | -                                                           |
| mandatory;                    | -                         | -                                                           |
| uid-reference;                | -                         | Assign the name of a UID variable to <i>my-in-filter</i> .. |
| }                             | -                         | -                                                           |
| gw1 {                         | -                         | -                                                           |
| mandatory;                    | -                         | -                                                           |
| }                             | -                         | -                                                           |
| gw2 {                         | -                         | -                                                           |
| mandatory;                    | -                         | -                                                           |
| }                             | -                         | -                                                           |
| bw {                          | -                         | -                                                           |

Table 86: Dynamic Profiles and UID Substitution Comparison (*continued*)

| Dynamic Profile Configuration              | Result After Substitution  | Comment                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mandatory;                                 | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| }                                          | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [my-filt-1gw] {                            | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| uid;                                       | -                          | Type is a UID.                                                                                                                                                                |
| }                                          | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [my-filt-2gw] {                            | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| uid;                                       | -                          | Type is a UID.                                                                                                                                                                |
| }                                          | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [my-policer] {                             | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| uid;                                       | -                          | Type is a UID.                                                                                                                                                                |
| }                                          | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| }                                          | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                                            | -                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| interfaces {                               | interfaces {               | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [\$junos-interface-ifd-name] {             | ge-1/0/0 {                 | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| unit [\$junos-underlying-interface-unit] { | unit 7 {                   | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| family inet {                              | family inet {              | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| filter {                                   | filter {                   | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| input [\$my-in-filter];                    | input my-filt-1gw_UID1022; | Substitute the value of my-filt-1gw for <i>my-in-filter</i> , but because my-filt-1gw is a UID reference, substitute the value of <i>\$my-filt-1gw</i> : my-filt-1gw_UID1022. |
| }                                          | }                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| }                                          | }                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |
| }                                          | }                          | -                                                                                                                                                                             |

Table 86: Dynamic Profiles and UID Substitution Comparison (*continued*)

| Dynamic Profile Configuration     | Result After Substitution              | Comment                 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| }                                 | }                                      | -                       |
| }                                 | }                                      | -                       |
|                                   |                                        | -                       |
| firewall {                        | firewall {                             | -                       |
| policer [ <i>\$my-policer</i> ] { | policer my-policer_UID1005 {           | Substitute UID name.    |
| if-exceeding {                    | if-exceeding {                         | -                       |
| bandwidth-limit \$bw;             | bandwidth-limit 5m;                    | -                       |
| burst-size-limit 15000;           | burst-size-limit 15000;                | -                       |
| }                                 | }                                      | -                       |
| then discard;                     | then discard;                          | -                       |
| }                                 | }                                      | -                       |
| family inet {                     | family inet {                          | -                       |
| filter [ <i>\$my-filt-lgw</i> ] { | filter my-filt-lgw_UID1022 {           | Substitute UID name     |
| interface-specific;               | interface-specific;                    | -                       |
| term t0 {                         | term t0 {                              | -                       |
| from {                            | from {                                 | -                       |
| destination-address \$gw1;        | destination-address 207.17.137.239/32; | Substitute \$gw1 value. |
| }                                 | }                                      | -                       |
| then {                            | then {                                 | -                       |
| policer [ <i>\$my-policer</i> ];  | policer my-policer_UID1005;            | Substitute UID name.    |
| }                                 | }                                      | -                       |
| }                                 | }                                      | -                       |
| term last {                       | term last {                            | -                       |
| then {                            | then {                                 | -                       |

Table 86: Dynamic Profiles and UID Substitution Comparison (*continued*)

| Dynamic Profile Configuration     | Result After Substitution    | Comment                |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| count drops;                      | count drops;                 | -                      |
| discard;                          | discard;                     | -                      |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| filter [ <i>\$my-file-2gw</i> ] { | filter my-filt-2gw_UID1018 { | Substitute UID name    |
| interface-specific;               | interface-specific;          | -                      |
| term t0 {                         | term t0 {                    | -                      |
| from {                            | from {                       | -                      |
| destination-address {             | destination-address {        | -                      |
| \$gw1;                            | 207.17.137.239/32;           | Substitute \$gw1 value |
| \$gw2;                            | 0;                           | Substitute \$gw2 value |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| then {                            | then {                       | -                      |
| policer [ <i>\$my-policer</i> ];  | policer my-policer_UID1005;  | Substitute UID name    |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| term last {                       | term last {                  | -                      |
| then {                            | then {                       | -                      |
| count drops;                      | count drops;                 | -                      |
| discard;                          | discard;                     | -                      |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |
| }                                 | }                            | -                      |

Table 86: Dynamic Profiles and UID Substitution Comparison (*continued*)

| Dynamic Profile Configuration | Result After Substitution | Comment |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| }                             | }                         | -       |
| }                             | }                         | -       |
| }                             | }                         | -       |
| }                             | }                         | -       |
| }                             | }                         | -       |

- Related Documentation**
- [Sample Dynamic-Profile Configuration for Parameterized Filters on page 894](#)
  - [Dynamic Profile After UID Substitutions for Parameterized Filters](#)
  - [Example: Dynamic-Profile Parsing on page 900](#)

### Example: Dynamic-Profile Parsing

The following example shows the basic dynamic-profile parsing steps for “[Dynamic Profile Configuration and UID Substitution Comparison for Parameterized Filters](#)” on [page 896](#). The steps apply to any parameterized filter.

1. Read **dynamic-profiles my-svc-prof interface ge-1/0/0 unit 7 family inet filter input** and get the value **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022**. The **my-in-filter** variable received the name of the UID (**my-filt-1gw**) from the first service parameter. The name **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022** comes from the value of the **my-filt-1gw** UID.
2. Determine whether a static filter called **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022** exists. If so, this is the existing classic filter case and not a parameterized filter.
3. Try to read **dynamic-profile my-svc-prof firewall family inet fast-update-filter my-filt-1gw\_UID1022**. If this exists, this is a fast update filter, not a parameterized filter.
4. Try to read **dynamic-profile my-svc-prof firewall family inet filter my-filt-1gw\_UID1022**. If this does not exist, return a “filter not found” error.
5. Search for a template named **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022**. If it does not exist:
  - a. Read the parameterized filter configuration. This adds the match destination address **207.17.137.239** and the policer **my-policer\_UID1005** as the action.
  - b. Determine whether **my-policer\_UID1005** exists. If it does not, read the **dynamic-profile my-svc-prof firewall policer my-policer\_UID1005** configuration and create the **my-policer\_UID1005** policer.
  - c. Compile the **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022** filter.
  - d. Install **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022** as a filter template.



6. Create and install an interface-specific filter reference named `my-filt-1gw_UID1022-ge-1/0/0.7-in` with **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022** as its template.
7. Attach **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022-ge-1/0/0.7-in** to interface **ge-1/0/0.7**.

When subsequent sessions are created with the same parameters, the system returns the same **my-filt-1gw\_UID1022** filter name. In this case, Step 5 finds the existing filter template and proceeds directly to Step 6.

#### Related Documentation

- [Sample Dynamic-Profile Configuration for Parameterized Filters on page 894](#)
- [Dynamic Profile After UID Substitutions for Parameterized Filters](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Configuration and UID Substitution Comparison for Parameterized Filters on page 896](#)

## Parameterized Filters Configuration Considerations

Keep the following considerations in mind when configuring parameterized filters.

- [Subscriber IP Address on page 901](#)
- [Interaction with Static Configuration on page 901](#)
- [Interface-Specific on page 902](#)
- [Service Session Support on page 902](#)
- [Filter Naming Conventions on page 902](#)

### Subscriber IP Address

In most deployment scenarios, the interface is based on the subscriber's IP address. Because subscribers may not be unique, they cannot be used in determining similar filters and policers. Do not use the **junos-subscriber-ip-address** IP address as a match candidate. Doing so causes unique filters per subscriber, which inhibits scaling.

### Interaction with Static Configuration

Searching for a filter to attach takes place in the following order:

1. Static filter. For example, **firewall family inet filter my-filter**.
2. Fast update filter within the current dynamic profile. For example, **dynamic-profile [profile-name] firewall family inet fast-update-filter my-filter**.
3. Parameterized filter within the current dynamic profile. For example, **dynamic-profile [profile-name] firewall family inet filter**.

The following static configuration objects may be referenced by a parameterized filter. The search order is first in the static configuration and then in the current dynamic-profile:

- firewall policer
- firewall hierarchical-policer

- three-color policer
- policy-options prefix-list

If an object in the static configuration is being used by an active parameterized filter, you cannot delete that object from the configuration while the subscriber is logged in.

## Interface-Specific

All dynamic service filters must be defined as interface-specific.

## Service Session Support

Parameterized filters and policers are supported for service activations only, not client sessions.

## Filter Naming Conventions

The base filter name is based on the interface and direction (ingress and egress) appended to it. With parameterized filters, the filter-naming process comes from the UID.

## Guidelines for Creating and Applying Parameterized Filters for Subscriber Interfaces

This release supports the dynamic configuration of firewall filters. However, you can also continue to create static firewall filters for interfaces as you do normally, and then dynamically apply those filters to statically created interfaces using dynamic profiles. You can also use dynamic profiles to attach input and output filters through RADIUS.

When creating and applying filters, keep the following in mind:

- This release supports dynamic application of only input and output filters.
- The filters must be interface-specific.
- You can create family-specific **inet** and **inet6** filters.
- You can create interface-specific filters at the **unit** level that apply to any family type (**inet** or **inet6**) configured on the interface.
- You can add or remove both IPv4 and IPv6 filters with the same service activation or deactivation.
- You can remove one filter type without impacting the other type of filter. For example, you can remove IPv6 filters and leave the current IPv4 filters active.
- You can chain up to five input filters and four output filters together.
- If you do not configure and apply a filter, the interface uses the default group filter configuration.
- You cannot modify a firewall filter while subscribers on the same logical interface are bound.

---

## Parameterized Filter Processing Overview

---

When creating a parameterized filter, you first define the family address type (**inet** or **inet6**) and then you define one or more terms that specify the filtering criteria and the action to take when a match occurs.

Each term, or rule, consists of the following components:

- Match conditions—Specifies values or fields that the packet must contain. You can define various match conditions, including:
  - IP source address field
  - IP destination address field
  - Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) or User Datagram Protocol (UDP) source port field
  - IP protocol field
  - Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) packet type
  - TCP flags
  - interfaces
- Actions—Specifies what to do when a match condition occurs. Possible actions are to accept or discard a packet. In addition, packets can be counted to collect statistical information. If no action is specified for a term, the default action is to accept the packet.

The processing of parameterized filters is the same as classic filters. The order of the terms within a parameterized filter is important. Packets are tested against each term in the order in which the terms are listed in the firewall filter configuration. When a firewall filter contains multiple terms, the router takes a top-down approach and compares a packet against the first term in the firewall filter. If the packet matches the first term, the router executes the action defined by that term to either accept or reject the packet, and no other terms are evaluated. If the router does not find a match between the packet and first term, it then compares the packet to the next term in the firewall filter by using the same match process. If no match occurs between the packet and the second term, the router continues to compare the packet to each successive term defined in the firewall filter until a match is found. If a packet does not match any terms in a firewall filter, the default action is to discard the packet.

You can also specify a precedence (from 0 through 255) for input and output filters within a dynamic profile to force filter processing in a particular order. Setting a lower precedence value for a filter gives it a higher precedence within the dynamic profile. Filters with lower precedence values are applied to interfaces before filters with higher precedence values. A precedence of zero (the default) gives the filter the highest precedence. If no precedence is specified, the filter receives a precedence of zero (highest precedence). Filters with matching precedence (zero or otherwise) are applied in an unspecified order.



**NOTE:** Parameterized filters do not support outbound packets that are sourced from the routing engine.

---

## IPv4 Parameterized Filter Match Conditions

---

The following IPv4 match conditions are supported for parameterized filters. Their syntax is the same as the static filter syntax.

address  
destination-address  
destination-port  
destination-port-except  
destination-prefix-list  
dscp  
dscp-except  
forwarding-class  
forwarding-class-except  
icmp-code  
icmp-code-except  
icmp-type  
icmp-type-except  
loss-priority  
loss-priority-except  
packet-length  
packet-length-except  
port  
port-except  
precedence  
precedence-except  
prefix-list  
protocol  
protocol-except  
service-filter-hit  
source-address  
source-port  
source-port-except  
source-prefix-list  
ttl  
ttl-except

### Related Documentation

- [Standard Firewall Filter Match Conditions for IPv4 Traffic](#)

## IPv6 Parameterized Filter Match Conditions

---

The following IPv6 match conditions are supported for parameterized filters. Their syntax is the same as the static filter syntax.

address  
destination-address  
destination-port  
destination-port-except  
destination-prefix-list  
forwarding-class  
forwarding-class-except  
icmp-code  
icmp-code-except  
icmp-type  
icmp-type-except  
loss-priority  
loss-priority-except  
packet-length  
packet-length-except  
port  
port-except  
prefix-list  
service-filter-hit  
source-address  
source-port  
source-port-except  
source-prefix-list  
traffic-class  
traffic-class-except

**Related Documentation** • [Standard Firewall Filter Match Conditions for IPv6 Traffic](#)

---

## Parameterized Filter Actions and Modifiers

The following actions and modifiers are supported for parameterized filters. Their syntax is the same as the static filter syntax.

accept  
count  
discard  
forwarding-class  
hierarchical-policer  
  
log  
loss-priority  
next  
policer  
port-mirror  
port-mirror-instance  
reject  
routing-instance  
sample  
service-accounting

service-filter-hit  
three-color-policer

- Related Documentation**
- Standard Firewall Filter Terminating Actions
  - Standard Firewall Filter Nonterminating Actions

## Parameterized Filter Policer Actions

---

The following policer actions are supported for parameterized filters. Their syntax is the same as the existing static policer syntax.

discard  
forwarding-class  
loss-priority

- Related Documentation**
- Standard Firewall Filter Terminating Actions
  - Standard Firewall Filter Nonterminating Actions

# Configuring Filters for Dynamic Profiles

- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables on page 909](#)
- [Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order on page 911](#)
- [Configuring Firewall Filter Bypass on page 911](#)
- [Configuring Service Packet Counting on page 912](#)
- [Configuring a Filter for Use with Enhanced Network Services Mode on page 913](#)
- [Dynamically Applying Ascend-Data-Filter Policies to Subscriber Sessions on page 915](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Policy Configuration on page 916](#)

## Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type

You can dynamically attach statically created filters for either IPv4 (**inet**) or IPv6 (**inet6**) interface types. These filters apply only to interfaces of the specified type.

Before you can attach a statically created filter using a dynamic profile.

1. Create the filters you want to attach.

See the *Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policers Configuration Guide* for detailed information about classic firewall filters and how to create them. See “[Configuring Fast Update Filters](#)” on page 917 for information about creating fast update filters.

2. Create a basic dynamic profile.

See “[Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile](#)” on page 511.

To dynamically attach statically created input and output filters:

1. Specify the unit family type you want to use when dynamically attaching the filters.
  - a. For IPv4 interfaces, specify the **inet** unit family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1]
user@host# set family inet
```
  - b. For IPv6 interfaces, specify the **inet6** unit family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1]
user@host# set family inet6
```

2. Specify the input filter in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet]
user@host# set filter input static-input-filter
```

3. Specify the output filter in the dynamic profile.



**NOTE:** The following example specifies an optional precedence value for the output filter.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet]
user@host# set filter output static-output-filter precedence 50
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables on page 909](#)
- For information about Junos OS default groups, see the *Junos OS CLI User Guide*
- For information about firewall filters, see the *Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policers Configuration Guide*

---

## Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type

You can dynamically attach statically created filters for any interface type. These filters apply to any interfaces that are created using the dynamic profile.



**NOTE:** For an L2TP LNS on MX Series routers, you can attach firewall for static LNS sessions by configuring these at logical interfaces directly on the inline services device (si-fpc/pic/port). RADIUS-configured firewall attachments are not supported.

Before you can attach a statically created filter using a dynamic profile.

1. Create the filters you want to attach.

See the *Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policers Configuration Guide* for detailed information about classic firewall filters and how to create them. See “[Configuring Fast Update Filters](#)” on page 917 for information about creating fast update filters.

2. Create a basic dynamic profile.

See “[Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile](#)” on page 511.



To dynamically attach statically created input and output filters for all interfaces created dynamically using the dynamic profile:

1. Access the dynamic profile, interface, and unit that you want to use when applying the static filters.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles access-profile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1
```

2. Specify the input filter for the interface unit.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1]
user@host# set filter input static-input-filter
```

3. Specify the output filter for the interface unit.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles access-profile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1]
user@host# set filter output static-output-filter
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables on page 909](#)
- For information about Junos OS default groups, see the *Junos OS CLI User Guide*
- For information about firewall filters, see the *Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policers Configuration Guide*

## Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables

You can attach filters to static interfaces by using dynamic profiles. By specifying a variable for the input and output filters, the dynamic profile uses RADIUS VSA attributes for ingress and egress policy.

| RADIUS VSA | Attribute Name           | Variable                   |
|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 26–10      | Ingress-Policy-Name      | \$junos-input-filter       |
| 26–11      | Egress-Policy-Name       | \$junos-output-filter      |
| 26–106     | IPv6-Ingress-Policy-Name | \$junos-input-ipv6-filter  |
| 26–107     | IPv6-Egress-Policy-Name  | \$junos-output-ipv6-filter |

Before you can attach a filter using RADIUS.

1. Create a basic dynamic profile.  
See [“Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511](#).

2. Ensure that RADIUS ingress and egress policies are configured appropriately.

See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access” on page 30](#).

To dynamically attach IPv4 input and output filters using RADIUS:

1. Specify the dynamic profile you want to attach, the interface, the logical unit number, and family **inet**.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interface ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet
```

2. Specify the IPv4 input filter variable in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet]
user@host# set filter input $junos-input-filter
```

3. Specify the IPv4 output filter variable in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet]
user@host# set filter output $junos-output-filter
```

To dynamically attach IPv6 input and output filters using RADIUS:

1. Specify the dynamic profile you want to attach, the interface, the logical unit number, and family **inet6**.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interface ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet6
```

2. Specify the IPv6 input filter variable in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet6]
user@host# set filter input $junos-input-ipv6-filter
```

3. Specify the IPv6 output filter variable in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces ge-1/1/1 unit 1 family inet6]
user@host# set filter output $junos-output-ipv6-filter
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908](#)
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)
- For more information about Junos default groups, see the [Junos OS CLI User Guide](#)
- For more information about firewall filters, see the [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policers Configuration Guide](#)

## Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order

You can force filter processing to occur in a particular order by using the **precedence** statement. You specify a precedence for input and output filters within a dynamic profile at the `[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces (interface-name | demux0) unit logical-unit-number family family]` hierarchy level.

The precedence range is from 0 through 250. Setting a lower precedence value for a filter gives it a higher precedence within the dynamic profile. A precedence of zero (the default) gives the filter the highest precedence. If no precedence is specified, the filter receives a precedence of zero (highest precedence). Filters with matching precedence (zero or otherwise) are applied in random order.

Before you define a precedence for a filter in a dynamic profile.

1. Create the filters you want to attach to the dynamic profile.

See the [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide](#) for detailed information about firewall filters and how to create them.

2. Create a basic dynamic profile.

See “Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile” on page 511.

3. Attach the filters to the dynamic profile.

See “Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type” on page 908, “Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type” on page 907, or “Dynamically Attaching Filters Using RADIUS Variables” on page 909.

To define a precedence for an input and output filter:

1. Specify the input filter precedence in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number
family family]
user@host# set filter input precedence 50
```

2. Specify the output filter precedence in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number
family family]
user@host# set filter output precedence 5
```

### Related Documentation

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- For information about firewall filters, see the [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide](#)

## Configuring Firewall Filter Bypass

You can streamline the filter process, decrease the amount of packet handling for each filter in a chain, and effectively bypass unnecessary filters by using the **service-filter-hit**

match/action combination at the `[edit firewall family family-name filter filter-name term term-name]` hierarchy level.

To bypass firewall filters using the **service-filter-hit** match/action combination, you configure the **service-filter-hit** action in at least one filter in the chain and configure **service-filter-hit** match condition in any subsequent filters that you want to bypass. All packets must pass through each filter in a chain. However, after the **service-filter-hit** flag is set in a packet, the packet “bypasses” any subsequent filters that contain the **service-filter-hit** match condition and more efficiently passes (accepts) marked packets and accelerating the filter process.



**NOTE:** When using the **service-filter-hit** match/action combination, the order in which the filters are applied is important. You can ensure the order in which the filters are processed by specifying a filter precedence value for the interface. See “[Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order](#)” on page 911 for more information about dynamic filter processing.

To bypass filter processing:

1. Specify the **service-filter-hit** action for any filters in a filter chain.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter video term 1]
user@host# set then service-filter-hit
```

When the match conditions for the filter are met, the **service-filter-hit** action is set to indicate to subsequent filters that further processing is unnecessary.

2. Specify the **service-filter-hit** match condition in any filters with a lower precedence (that is, a higher [precedence](#) statement value) that you want to detect **service-filter-hit** actions applied from previous filters in the chain.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter data term 1]
user@host# set from service-filter-hit
```

3. Configure the filter to pass (accept) any packet that has a **service-filter-hit** action applied from any previous filters.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter data term 1]
user@host# set then accept
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order on page 911](#)
- [Example: Bypassing Firewall Filters on page 944](#)

---

## Configuring Service Packet Counting

Service packet counting is used by the router to provide volume statistics for subscribers on a per-service session basis.

You can count service packets, applying them to a specific named counter (`_junos-dyn-service-counter`), for use by RADIUS, by specifying the **service-accounting** action at the `[edit firewall family family-name filter filter-name term term-name then]` hierarchy level.

See “[Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting](#)” on page 29 for additional information, including descriptions of the RADIUS VSAs used for per-service session accounting.

To enable service packet counting:

1. Configure any match conditions that you want to count using the service accounting action. For example:

```
[edit firewall family inet filter filtername term term-name]
user@host# set from source-address address
```

2. Specify the **service-accounting** action for the filter.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter filtername term term-name]
user@host# set then service-accounting
```

When the match conditions for the filter are met, the packet is counted and applied to the well-known service counter (`_junos-dyn-service-counter`) for use by the RADIUS server. This counter provides the volume statistics for per-service accounting.



**TIP:** Do not configure the **service-accounting** action with a **count** action in the same term.

#### Related Documentation

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order on page 911](#)
- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 25](#)
- [Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting on page 29](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Standard Firewall Filters](#)
- [Guidelines for Applying Standard Firewall Filters](#)
- [Standard Firewall Filter Terminating Actions](#)
- [Standard Firewall Filter Nonterminating Actions](#)

## Configuring a Filter for Use with Enhanced Network Services Mode

For a statically-applied enhanced mode filter to function on statically created interfaces, you must include the **enhanced mode** statement in each filter. However, you do not need to configure the **enhanced mode** statement in filters that are dynamically applied to either static or dynamically-created interfaces.



**NOTE:** For either static or dynamic interfaces to use enhanced network services mode, you must configure the router chassis network services to use either Enhanced IP Network Services mode or Enhanced Ethernet Network Services mode. By configuring chassis network services to run in one of the enhanced modes, the router enables only Trio MPC and MS-DPC modules in the chassis. See [“Firewall Filters and Enhanced Network Services Mode Overview” on page 880](#) for details.

To configure a stateless firewall filter to use enhanced mode:

1. Create or edit the stateless firewall filter.



**NOTE:** You can configure enhanced mode firewall filters for only `inet` and `inet6` filter families.

For IPv4:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit firewall family inet filter filter-name
```

For IPv6:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit firewall family inet6 filter filter-name
```

2. Specify the filter as an enhanced mode filter.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter filter-name]
user@host# set enhanced-mode
```

3. Configure or modify any filter terms.

See any of the filter configuration examples described in the [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide](#).

#### Related Documentation

- Understanding How to Use Standard Firewall Filters in the [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide](#)
- Network Services Mode Overview in the [Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide](#)
- Firewall Filters and Enhanced Network Services Mode Overview on page 880
- Configuring Junos OS to Run a Specific Network Services Mode in MX Series Routers in the [Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide](#)
- Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872

## Dynamically Applying Ascend-Data-Filter Policies to Subscriber Sessions

Subscriber management enables you to use dynamic profiles to dynamically apply policies that are defined in Ascend-Data-Filters (RADIUS attribute 242) to subscriber sessions. The dynamic profiles include a Junos OS predefined variable that maps the rules and actions defined in the Ascend-Data-Filter to Junos OS features. The RADIUS administrator configures the Ascend-Data-Filter on the RADIUS server in a separate operation.

Subscriber management dynamic profiles use the following Junos OS predefined variables to map Ascend-Data-Filter rules to Junos OS filter functionality.

- **\$junos-adf-rule-v4**—Used for IPv4 family **inet**.
- **\$junos-adf-rule-v6**—Used for IPv6 family **inet6**.

To configure a dynamic profile to dynamically apply the policy defined by an Ascend-Data-Filter to a subscriber session:

1. Specify the dynamic profile in which you want to include the Ascend-Data-Filter. Specify the interface, the logical unit number, and the family type.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit
logical-unit-number family family
```

2. Specify that you want to include an Ascend-Data-Filter in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number
family family]
user@host# edit filter adf
```

3. Specify the Junos OS predefined variable that maps the Ascend-Data-Filter actions to Junos OS filter functionality. Use the variable that corresponds to the specified family type.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number
family family filter adf]
user@host# set rule ($junos-adf-rule-v4 | $junos-adf-rule-v6)
```



**NOTE:** You can also statically configure the Ascend-Data-Filter in this step by entering the filter in hexadecimal format, rather than use a predefined variable. You might use a static filter for testing purposes.

4. (Optional) Enable the counter feature. The counter increments each time a packet matches the rule.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number
family family filter adf]
user@host# set counter
```

5. (Optional) Specify the input precedence used to establish the order in which filters on the interface are applied. A lower precedence value equals a higher precedence. The precedence relates to other dynamic filters configured on the same interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number
 family family filter adf]
user@host# set input-precedence precedence
```

6. (Optional) Specify the output precedence used to establish the order in which filters on the interface are applied. A lower precedence value equals a higher precedence. The precedence relates to other dynamic filters configured on the same interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number
 family family filter adf]
user@host# set output-precedence precedence
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview on page 876](#)
- [Ascend-Data-Filter Attribute Fields on page 878](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Policy Configuration on page 916](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Support for Subscriber Access on page 936](#)
- [Example: Configuring Static Ascend-Data-Filter Support for Subscriber Access on page 939](#)

---

## Verifying and Managing Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Policy Configuration

---

**Purpose** View or manage information for Ascend-Data-Filters.

**Action** • To display statistics for Ascend-Data-Filters:

```
user@host> show firewall
```

- To display firewall log information:

```
user@host> show subscribers extensive
```

- To clear filter counters:

```
user@host> clear firewall all
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview on page 876](#)
- [Dynamically Applying Ascend-Data-Filter Policies to Subscriber Sessions on page 915](#)



# Configuring Fast Update Filters

- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)
- [Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters on page 918](#)
- [Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters on page 919](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Match Conditions on page 920](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers on page 921](#)
- [Configuring Filters to Permit Expected Traffic on page 921](#)
- [Avoiding Conflicts When Terms Match on page 922](#)
- [Associating Fast Update Filters with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 927](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Firewall Filter Configuration on page 928](#)

## Configuring Fast Update Filters

---

You configure a fast update filter in a dynamic profile—this enables you to use dynamic variables in the filter configuration. After you configure fast update filters, you then use the **dynamic-profiles** syntax to associate the filter with the subscriber interface.

To configure a fast update filter for subscriber access:

1. Access the dynamic profile you want to use.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles myProfile
```

2. Specify that you want to configure a firewall, and specify the family.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile]
user@host# edit firewall family inet
```

3. Specify that you want to configure a fast update filter and assign a name to the filter.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet]
user@host# edit fast-update-filter httpFilter
```

4. Specify the **interface-specific** statement. This statement is mandatory.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set interface-specific
```

5. Configure the match order to use for the filter terms.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set match-order [source-address protocol destination-port]
```

See “Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters” on page 918.

6. Specify that you want to configure a term for the filter and assign the name to the term. Configure the match conditions and actions for the term.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# edit term term1
```

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter term
term1]
user@host# set from protocol tcp
user@host# set from source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address
user@host# set from destination-port http
user@host# set then count http-cnt
```

See “Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters” on page 919.

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters on page 918](#)
- [Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters on page 919](#)
- [Associating Fast Update Filters with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 927](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- For information about firewall filters, see Guidelines for Configuring Standard Firewall Filters and Guidelines for Applying Standard Firewall Filters in the *Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide*.

---

## Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters

You must include the **match-order** statement to explicitly specify the order in which router examines the match conditions. The router examines only those match conditions that you include in the statement. You can match a maximum of five conditions.



**NOTE:** If the **match-order** statement contains a condition that is not specified in the **from** statement of a term, the router considers that a wildcard for that condition.

If you use the same fast update filter in multiple dynamic profiles, you must configure the same match order for all profiles.

To configure the order in which the router examines the match conditions of a fast update filter:

1. Access the fast update filter:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile]
```

```
user@host# edit firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter
```

2. Specify the mandatory **interface-specific** statement.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set interface-specific
```

3. Configure the match order for the match conditions in the filter. Use brackets to enclose multiple match conditions.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set match-order [source-address protocol destination-port]
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)
- [Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters on page 919](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Match Conditions on page 920](#)
- For information about firewall filters, see the *Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide*

## Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters

A fast update filter consists of one or more terms. A term is made up of one or more match conditions and the action to take when a packet matches the specified conditions.

To configure a term for a fast update filter:

1. Access the fast update filter.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile]
user@host# edit firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter
```

2. Create the new term and assign a name to the term.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set term term1
```

3. Configure the match condition for the term. See [“Fast Update Filter Match Conditions” on page 920](#) for the supported match conditions for fast update filters.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set from protocol tcp
user@host# set from source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address
user@host# set from destination-port http
```

4. Configure the action that the router takes when the match conditions are met. See [“Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers” on page 921](#) for the supported actions for fast update filters.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set then accept
```

5. (Optional) Configure the action modifiers that you want the router to take when the match conditions are met. See [“Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers” on page 921](#) for the supported action-modifiers for fast update filters.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set then count http-cnt
```

6. (Optional) Configure the term to be added only once, when the fast update filter is first created.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile firewall family inet fast-update-filter httpFilter]
user@host# set only-at-create
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)
- [Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters on page 918](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Match Conditions on page 920](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers on page 921](#)
- For additional information about firewall filter terms, see the following topics in the [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policier Configuration Guide](#)
  - Stateless Firewall Filter Overview
  - Stateless Firewall Filter Components

## Fast Update Filter Match Conditions

Table 87: Fast Update Filter Match Conditions

| Match Condition                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>destination-address</b> <i>prefix</i>          | IP destination address field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>destination-port</b> <i>number</i>             | TCP or UDP destination port field. Can be a single number, a single range, or one of the standard port synonyms.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>dscp</b> <i>number</i>                         | Differentiated services code point. Can be a single number, a single range, or the standard synonyms. IPv4 only.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>match-terms</b><br><i>string-of-conditions</i> | Series of match conditions. Enclose the string within quotation marks and use semicolons to separate entries. For example, <b>match-terms</b> “ <b>protocol tcp; destination-port http</b> ”; Dynamic profile variables are not allowed in the string. |
| <b>protocol</b> <i>number</i>                     | IP protocol field. Can be a single number, a single range, or one of the standard protocol synonyms. IPv4 only.                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>source-address</b> <i>prefix</i>               | IP source address field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>source-port</b> <i>number</i>                  | TCP or UDP source port field. Can be a single number, a single range, or one of the standard protocol synonyms.                                                                                                                                        |

## Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers

Table 88: Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers

| Action or Action Modifier                                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Actions</b>                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>accept</b>                                                | Accept the packet.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>action-terms</b> <i>string-of-actions</i>                 | A series of multiple actions or action modifiers. Enclose the string within quotation marks and use semicolons to separate entries. For example, <b>action-terms</b> "log; count http-cnt";. Dynamic profile variables are not allowed in the string. |
| <b>discard</b>                                               | Drop the packet silently, without sending an Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) message.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>ignore-term</b>                                           | Do not add this term to the filter. All match conditions and actions are ignored.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>port-mirror</b>                                           | Port mirror packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>routing-instance</b> <i>routing-instance</i>              | Forward packets to specified routing instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Action Modifiers</b>                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>count</b> <i>counter-name</i>                             | Increment the specified counter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>forwarding-class</b> <i>class</i>                         | Classify the packet into one of the following forwarding classes: <b>as</b> , <b>assured-forwarding</b> , <b>best-effort</b> , <b>expedited-forwarding</b> , or <b>network-control</b> .                                                              |
| <b>log</b>                                                   | Log the packet header information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>loss-priority</b> (high   medium-high   medium-low   low) | Set the loss priority level for packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>                           | Rate-limit packets based on the specified policer.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## Configuring Filters to Permit Expected Traffic

You must explicitly configure your firewall filter to permit expected traffic, such as DHCP traffic, to pass. Otherwise, the expected traffic is denied when the filter is applied to the interface. This requirement applies to both classic and fast update filters.

The following example shows a fast update filter that might be used to accept DHCP traffic. The actual filter you use depends on the expected traffic in your network.

In the example, the term **allow-dhcp** accepts all DHCP traffic from all source addresses. The term also includes the **only-at-create** option to specify that the term is applied only

when the filter is first applied. The term **sub-allow-dhcp** includes the Junos OS predefined variable **\$junos-subscriber-ip-address**, which permits all subscriber-specific DHCP traffic.

The **match-order** statement configuration lists the conditions from most-specific to least-specific, as recommended in [“Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters” on page 918](#). Because this filter is designed to permit ingress DHCP traffic, the **source-address** condition is listed first.

```
firewall {
 family inet {
 fast-update-filter psf1 {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [source-address destination-address protocol destination-port];
 term allow-dhcp {
 only-at-create;
 from {
 source-address 0.0.0.0/32;
 destination-address 255.255.255.255/32;
 destination-port 67;
 protocol udp;
 }
 then accept;
 }
 term sub-allow-dhcp {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 192.168.1.2/32;
 destination-port 67;
 protocol udp;
 }
 then accept;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters on page 918](#)
  - [Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters on page 919](#)

---

## Avoiding Conflicts When Terms Match

A fast update filter can contain multiple terms, each with a variety of match conditions. However, when you configure multiple terms in a filter, you must ensure that the terms do not overlap, or conflict with each other. Two terms are considered to overlap when it is possible for a packet to match all conditions of both terms. Because each term specifies a different action for matches, the router cannot determine which action to take. When terms overlap, a conflict error occurs and the session fails when the dynamic profile attempts to apply the filter. The error log indicates the overlapping terms.

## How the Router Evaluates Terms in a Filter

The router creates a table of match conditions when examining terms. The table, which is similar to a routing table, is based on the conditions included in the **match-order** statement. When the router receives a packet, the router examines the packet's contents in the sequence specified in the **match-order** statement.

For example, using the sample configuration in the following Match-Order Example, the router first examines the packet's **source-address**, then the **destination-address**, and finally the **destination-port**. As shown in the following table, the two terms in the filter do not overlap because each term has a different **destination-port** specification. The router then takes the appropriate filter action for the term that matches the **destination-port** value of the packet.

| Term | source-address       | destination-address | destination-port | Action                    |
|------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| t55  | subscriber's address | 3.1.1.2/32          | http             | count t55_cntr<br>accept  |
| t999 | subscriber's address | 3.1.1.2/32          | https            | count t999_cntr<br>accept |

### Match-Order Example

```

firewall {
 family inet {
 fast-update-filter psf1 {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [source-address destination-address destination-port];
 term t55 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 3.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port http;
 }
 then {
 count t55_cntr;
 accept;
 }
 }
 term t999 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 3.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port https;
 }
 then {
 count t999_cntr;
 accept;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

}

## Using Implied Wildcards

This section shows an example of how you might use an implied wildcard specification in the match configuration. A condition in the **match-order** statement is an implied wildcard when that condition is not configured in the **from** specification of a term in the filter.



**NOTE:** When you use ranges (for example, a range of values or a wildcard) in terms, the ranges must not overlap—overlapping ranges create a conflict error. However, you can configure a range in one term and an exact match in another term. For example, in the following filter table, the wildcard destination port value in term **t3** does not overlap the destination port specifications in terms **t55** and **t999** because the **http** and **https** values are exact matches.

In the Implied Wildcard Example configuration, the router views the **destination-port** condition in the **match-order** statement as an implied wildcard for term **t3**, because there is no **destination-port** value configured in that term. As a result, the wildcard specifies that for term **t3** any **destination-port** value is accepted. The filter table appears as follows:

| Term | source-address       | destination-address | destination-port | Action                    |
|------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| t3   | subscriber's address | 3.1.1.2/32          | any (wildcard)   | count t3_cntr<br>accept   |
| t55  | subscriber's address | 3.1.1.2/32          | http             | count t55_cntr<br>accept  |
| t999 | subscriber's address | 3.1.1.2/32          | https            | count t999_cntr<br>accept |

In the following filter configuration, traffic with a destination port of **http** matches term **t55** and traffic with a destination port of **https** matches term **t999**. Traffic with a destination port other than **http** or **https** matches term **t3**, which is the implied wildcard.

### Implied Wildcard Example

```

firewall {
 family inet {
 fast-update-filter psf1 {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [source-address destination-address dscp protocol destination-port];
 term t3 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 3.1.1.2/32;
 }
 then {

```



```

 count t3_cntr;
 accept;
 }
}
term t55 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 3.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port http;
 }
 then {
 count t55_cntr;
 accept;
 }
}
term t999 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 3.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port https;
 }
 then {
 count t999_cntr;
 accept;
 }
}
}
}
```

Conflict Caused by Overlapping Ranges

This section shows two examples of overlapping ranges in terms. When you use ranges (such as a wildcard or a range of values) in terms, the ranges must not overlap—overlapping ranges create a conflict error and the session fails.

In the following filter configuration, the **destination-port** ranges in the two terms overlap. Ports in the range from 50 through 80 match both term **src0** and term **src1**, which each specify different actions to take.



**NOTE:** You can configure a range in one term and an exact match in another term. See the section, *Using Implied Wildcards*, for an example that uses a wildcard for a match condition in one term and an exact match for the condition in a second term.

| Term | source-address       | destination-address | destination-port | Action                  |
|------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| src0 | subscriber's address | 10.1.1.2/32         | 0–80             | count c1_cntr<br>accept |

| Term | source-address       | destination-address | destination-port | Action                  |
|------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| src1 | subscriber's address | 10.1.1.2/32         | 50–100           | count c2_cntr<br>accept |

### Overlapping Ranges Example 1

```

firewall {
 family inet {
 fast-update-filter fuf-src {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [source-address destination-address destination-port];
 term src0 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 10.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port 0–80;
 }
 then {
 count c1_cntr;
 accept;
 }
 }
 term src1 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 10.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port 50–100;
 }
 then {
 count c2_cntr;
 accept;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

In this filter configuration, the **protocol** specification in terms **src21** and **src22** use the implied wildcard, which configures a range for each term. Because overlapping ranges are not allowed, a conflict error results.

| Term  | source-address       | destination-address | protocol       | destination-port | Action                   |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| src20 | subscriber's address | 10.1.1.2/32         | udp            | any (wildcard)   | count c20_cntr<br>accept |
| src21 | subscriber's address | 10.1.1.2/32         | any (wildcard) | http             | count c21_cntr<br>accept |
| src21 | subscriber's address | 10.1.1.2/32         | any (wildcard) | https            | count c22_cntr<br>accept |

## Overlapping Ranges Example 2

```

firewall {
 family inet {
 fast-update-filter fuf-src2 {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [source-address destination-address protocol destination-port];
 term src20 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 10.1.1.2/32;
 protocol udp;
 }
 then {
 count c20_cntr;
 accept;
 }
 }
 term src21 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 10.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port http;
 }
 then {
 count c21_cntr;
 accept;
 }
 }
 term src22 {
 from {
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-address 10.1.1.2/32;
 destination-port https;
 }
 then {
 count c22_cntr;
 accept;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

## Related Documentation

- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)
- [Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters on page 919](#)
- [Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters on page 918](#)

## Associating Fast Update Filters with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile

After you configure the fast update filter, you reference the filter in the **interfaces** stanza of a dynamic profile. When the dynamic profile instantiates a subscriber session, the router applies the terms of the filter to the interface.

To apply a fast update filter to an interface in a dynamic profile:

1. Access the dynamic profile you want to use.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles myProfile
```

2. Specify the interface for the dynamic profile—use the dynamic interface variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile]
user@host# edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

3. Specify the underlying interface—use the unit number variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"]
user@host# edit unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit
```

4. Specify the family. Use `inet` if you are using IPv4 filters or `inet6` for IPv6 filters.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

5. Specify the filters that you want to apply to the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter input httpFilter
user@host# set filter output myOutFilter
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573](#)
- [Associating Dynamic Profiles with Statically Created Interfaces on page 576](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- For information about firewall filters, see Guidelines for Configuring Standard Firewall Filters and Guidelines for Applying Standard Firewall Filters in the *Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide*.

---

## Verifying and Managing Firewall Filter Configuration

**Purpose** View or manage information for firewall filters:



**NOTE:** The router creates unique names for fast update filters and for filter terms and counters. See *Naming Fast Update Filters* in [“Fast Update Filters Overview” on page 884](#) for information.

**Action** • To display statistics for firewall filters:

```
user@host> show firewall
```

- To display firewall log information:

```
user@host> show firewall log
```

- To clear filter counters:

```
user@host> clear firewall all
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884](#)
- [\*Junos OS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference\*](#)



# Configuring Service Sets in Dynamic Profiles

- [Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Service Sets Information on page 932](#)

## Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile

---

After you configure a service set, you use a dynamic profile to dynamically associate the service set with interfaces. You reference the filter in the **interfaces** stanza of a dynamic profile. When the dynamic profile instantiates a subscriber session, the router applies the terms of the filter to the interface.

To apply a service set to an interface in a dynamic profile:

1. Access the dynamic profile you want to use.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles myProfile
```

2. Specify the interface for the dynamic profile—use the dynamic interface variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile]
user@host# edit interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name
```

3. Specify the underlying interface—use the unit number variable.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name"]
user@host# edit unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit
```

4. Specify the family. Dynamic service sets are supported only on **family inet** (IPv4).

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit"]
user@host# edit family inet
```

5. Specify the input and output service sets that you want to apply to the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set service input service-set inputService_200
user@host# set service input post-service-filter postService_15
user@host# set service output service-set outputService_320
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889](#)
  - [Verifying and Managing Service Sets Information on page 932](#)
  - For information about creating service sets, see “Service Set Configuration Guidelines” in the *Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*.
  - For information about statically applying service sets to interfaces, see Applying Filters and Services to Interfaces in the *Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

---

## Verifying and Managing Service Sets Information

---

**Purpose** View information for service sets:

- Action**
- To display summary information for service sets:  
`user@host> show services service-sets summary`
  - To display interface-specific information for service sets:  
`user@host> show services service-sets summary interface interface-name`

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889](#)
  - [Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931](#)
  - [Junos OS System Basics and Services Command Reference](#)



## Firewall Filter Examples

- [Examples: Configuring Static Filters on page 933](#)
- [Example: Configuring Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Support for Subscriber Access on page 936](#)
- [Example: Configuring Static Ascend-Data-Filter Support for Subscriber Access on page 939](#)
- [Example: Configuring Fast Update Filters for Subscriber Access on page 943](#)
- [Example: Bypassing Firewall Filters on page 944](#)
- [Example: Configuring Hierarchical Policers as Filter Actions on page 948](#)

### Examples: Configuring Static Filters

---

This topic provides some static filter configuration examples.

```
firewall {
 policer p1 {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit 5m;
 burst-size-limit 10m;
 }
 then discard;
 }
 family inet {
 filter dfwd {
 interface-specific;
 term 1 {
 from {
 source-address {
 192.1.1.0/24;
 }
 }
 then {
 count c1;
 next term;
 }
 }
 term 2 {
 from {
 source-address {
 192.2.1.0/24;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```
 }
 }
 then count c2;
}
term 3 {
 then accept;
}
}
filter dfwd1 {
 interface-specific;
 term 1 {
 from {
 address {
 192.1.1.0/24;
 }
 }
 then {
 discard;
 }
 }
}
}
filter tos {
 interface-specific;
 term 1 {
 from {
 precedence priority;
 }
 then forwarding-class assured-forwarding;
 }
 term 2 {
 then {
 log;
 accept;
 }
 }
}
}
filter dfwd2 {
 interface-specific;
 term 1 {
 from {
 forwarding-class best-effort;
 }
 then {
 sample;
 forwarding-class expedited-forwarding;
 }
 }
 term 2 {
 then accept;
 }
}
}
filter nodhcp {
 term dhcpdiscover {
 from {
 protocol udp;
 source-port 68;
 }
 }
}
```

```
 destination-port 67;
 }
 then {
 discard;
 }
}
term others {
 then accept;
}
}
filter p1 {
 interface-specific;
 term 1 {
 from {
 precedence priority;
 }
 then {
 policer p1;
 log;
 }
 }
 term 2 {
 then accept;
 }
}
filter dscp {
 interface-specific;
 term 1 {
 from {
 dscp af11;
 }
 then log;
 }
 term 2 {
 then accept;
 }
}
filter tcm {
 interface-specific;
 term 1 {
 from {
 dscp af11;
 }
 then policer p1;
 }
 term 2 {
 then accept;
 }
}
}
traceoptions {
 flag dynamic;
}
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908](#)
  - [Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for a Specific Interface Family Type on page 907](#)

---

## Example: Configuring Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Support for Subscriber Access

This example shows how to configure support for dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter policies.

- [Requirements on page 936](#)
- [Overview on page 936](#)
- [Configuration on page 936](#)
- [Verification on page 937](#)

### Requirements

- Ensure that the Ascend-Data-Filter has been configured on the RADIUS server.
- Create the dynamic profile. See [“Dynamic Profiles Overview” on page 481](#).
- Configure RADIUS support. See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access” on page 30](#).

### Overview

Ascend-Data-Filters are configured on a RADIUS server, and contain rules that create policies. Subscriber management uses a dynamic profile to obtain the Ascend-Data-Filter attribute (RADIUS attribute 242) from the RADIUS server and apply the policy to a subscriber session.

- Specify the dynamic profile to use to apply the Ascend-Data-Filter policy to the subscriber session.
- Specify the Junos OS predefined variable that maps the Ascend-Data-Filter rules to Junos OS filter functionality.
- Configure optional settings, which include counting the rule usage and setting the precedence order for the filter.

### Configuration

**Step-by-Step Procedure**

To configure dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter support:

1. Specify the dynamic profile in which you want to include the Ascend-Data-Filter, and configure the interface, the logical unit number, and the family type.  
  
[edit]  
user@host# **edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces**  
          **\$junos-interface-ifd-name unit \$junos-underlying-interface-unit family inet**
2. Specify that you want to include an Ascend-Data-Filter in the dynamic profile and provide the Junos OS predefined variable as the rule that maps the Ascend-Data-Filter actions to Junos OS filter functionality.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf rule $junos-adf-rule-v4
```

3. Enable the counter for the rule.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf counter
```

4. Specify the precedence for received packets on the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf input-precedence 75
```

5. Specify the precedence for transmitted packets on the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf output-precedence 80
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show dynamic-profiles** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show dynamic-profiles
...
adf-profile-v4 {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet {
 filter {
 adf {
 rule "$junos-adf-rule-v4";
 counter;
 input-precedence 75;
 output-precedence 80;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying that Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Rules Are Applied to Subscriber Sessions on page 937](#)
- [Verifying Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Usage on page 938](#)

### [Verifying that Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Rules Are Applied to Subscriber Sessions](#)

**Purpose** Verify that the Ascend-Data-Filter rules were attached to the subscriber.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers extensive** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers extensive
Type: DHCP
User Name: user1-adf
IP Address: 192.168.1.10
IP Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
Interface type: Static
Dynamic Profile Name: adf-profile-v4
MAC Address: 00:10:94:00:00:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 5
Login Time: 2010-08-12 14:06:27 PDT
ADF IPv4 Input Filter Name: __junos_adf_5-ge-1/0/0.0-inet-in
 Rule 0: 010101000000000000d87f920000180000000000000000000000
 from {
 destination-address 216.127.146.0/24;
 }
 then {
 accept;
 }
 Rule 1: 01000100000000000000000000000000000060000000001900020000
 from {
 protocol 6;
 destination-port 25;
 }
 then {
 discard;
 }
 Rule 2: 010101000
 then {
 accept;
 }
```

**Meaning** The output shows the information for the dynamic profile, including Ascend-Data-Filter rules. Verify the following information:

- The User Name field indicates the correct subscriber.
- The Dynamic Profile Name field is correct for the subscriber.
- The correct Ascend-Data-Filter rules are applied to the subscriber. The display shows the rules that are configured on the RADIUS server.

---

### Verifying Dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter Usage

---

**Purpose** Verify usage of the dynamic Ascend-Data-Filter. Counter statistics are displayed when the **counter** option is configured for the **adf** command in the dynamic profile.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show firewall** command.

```
user@host> show firewall
```

Filter: \_\_junos\_adf\_5-ge-1/0/0.0-inet-in

Counters:

| Name   | Bytes | Packets |
|--------|-------|---------|
| t0-cnt | 32758 | 22      |
| t1-cnt | 22199 | 15      |
| t2-cnt | 21723 | 14      |

**Meaning** The output shows the name of the filter and lists the counter activity. If the **counter** option is not configured, the output displays only the filter name.

**Related Documentation**

- [Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview on page 876](#)
- [Dynamically Applying Ascend-Data-Filter Policies to Subscriber Sessions on page 915](#)

## Example: Configuring Static Ascend-Data-Filter Support for Subscriber Access

This example shows how to configure support for static Ascend-Data-Filter policies. In a static configuration, you manually configure the Ascend-Data-Filter as part of the dynamic profile configuration. This procedure differs from dynamic configuration, in which the Ascend-Data-Filter is defined on the RADIUS server and then subscriber management uses a predefined variable to map the Ascend-Data-Filter rules to Junos OS filter functionality. Because creating a static Ascend-Data-Filter configuration can be labor-intensive, you might typically use this method for testing purposes.

- [Requirements on page 939](#)
- [Overview on page 939](#)
- [Configuration on page 940](#)
- [Verification on page 941](#)

### Requirements

- Create the dynamic profile. See [“Dynamic Profiles Overview” on page 481](#).
- Configure RADIUS support. See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access” on page 30](#).

### Overview

Ascend-Data-Filters contain rules that create policies. Subscriber management uses a dynamic profile to apply the policy to a subscriber session. You manually configure the Ascend-Data-Filter as part of the dynamic policy.

- Specify the dynamic profile to use to apply the Ascend-Data-Filter policy to the subscriber session.
- Configure the Ascend-Data-Filter.
- Configure optional settings, which include counting the rule usage and setting the precedence for received and transmitted traffic.

## Configuration

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure static Ascend-Data-Filter support:

1. Specify the dynamic profile in which you want to create the Ascend-Data-Filter, and configure the interface, the logical unit number, and the family type.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces
$junos-interface-ifd-name unit $junos-underlying-interface-unit family inet
```

2. Configure the Ascend-Data-Filter. Enclose the filter values within quotation marks. You can configure multiple Ascend-Data-Filter rules in the same dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf rule "01000100 0A020100 00000000 18000000
00000000 00000000"
```

3. Enable the counter for the rule.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf counter
```

4. Specify the precedence for received packets on the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf input-precedence 80
```

5. Specify the precedence for transmitted packets on the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles adf-profile-v4 interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
"$junos-underlying-interface-unit" family inet]
user@host# set filter adf output-precedence 85
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show dynamic-profiles** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show dynamic-profiles
...
adf-profile-v4 {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet {
 filter {
 adf {
 rule "01000100 0A020100 00000000 18000000 00000000 00000000";
 counter;
 input-precedence 80;
 output-precedence 85;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.



**Results** The Ascend-Data-Filter rule defined in Step 2 of the procedure configures an input policy that filters all packets from network 10.2.1.0 with wildcard mask 255.255.255.0 to any destination.

Table 89 on page 941 lists the values specified in the Ascend-Data-Filter rule.

**Table 89: Ascend-Data-Filter Rule**

| Action or Classifier       | Hex Value | Junos OS Filter Function |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Type                       | 01        | IPv4                     |
| Forward                    | 00        | Forward                  |
| Indirection                | 01        | Ingress                  |
| Spare                      | 00        | None                     |
| Source IP address          | 0a020100  | 10.2.1.0                 |
| Destination IP address     | 00000000  | Any                      |
| Source IP mask             | 18        | 24 (255.255.255.0)       |
| Destination IP mask        | 00        | 0 (0.0.0.0)              |
| Protocol                   | 00        | None                     |
| Established                | 00        | None                     |
| Source port                | 0000      | None                     |
| Destination port           | 0000      | None                     |
| Source port qualifier      | 00        | None                     |
| Destination port qualifier | 00        | None                     |
| Reserved                   | 0000      | None                     |

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying that Static Ascend-Data-Filter Rules are Applied to Subscriber Sessions on page 942](#)
- [Verifying Static Ascend-Data-Filter Usage on page 942](#)

### Verifying that Static Ascend-Data-Filter Rules are Applied to Subscriber Sessions

**Purpose** Verify that the Ascend-Data-Filter rules you manually configured were attached to the subscriber.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers extensive** command.

```
user@host>show subscriber extensive
Type: DHCP
User Name: user1-adf
IP Address: 192.168.1.10
IP Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
Interface type: Static
Dynamic Profile Name: adf-profile-v4
MAC Address: 00:10:94:00:00:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 5
Login Time: 2010-08-12 14:06:27 PDT
ADF IPv4 Input Filter Name: __junos_adf_5-ge-1/0/0.0-inet-in
Rule 0: 010001000A0201000000000001800000000000000000000000
 from {
 destination-address 10.2.1.0/24;
 }
 then {
 accept;
 }
```

**Meaning** The output shows the information for the dynamic profile, including Ascend-Data-Filter rules. Verify the following information:

- The User Name field indicates the correct subscriber.
- The Dynamic Profile Name field is correct for the subscriber.
- The correct static Ascend-Data-Filter rule is applied to the subscriber.

### Verifying Static Ascend-Data-Filter Usage

**Purpose** Verify usage of the static Ascend-Data-Filter. Counter statistics are displayed when the **counter** option is configured for the **adf** command in the dynamic profile.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show firewall** command.

```
user@host> show firewall

Filter: __junos_adf_5-ge-1/0/0.0-inet-in
Counters:
 Name Bytes Packets
 t0-cnt 32758 22
```

**Meaning** The output shows the name of the filter and the lists counter activity. If the **counter** option is not configured, the output displays only the filter name.

**Related Documentation**

- [Ascend-Data-Filter Policies for Subscriber Management Overview on page 876](#)
- [Dynamically Applying Ascend-Data-Filter Policies to Subscriber Sessions on page 915](#)

## Example: Configuring Fast Update Filters for Subscriber Access

This example shows you how to configure a fast update filter that is an input filter that counts the HTTP and non-HTTP packets from a subscriber. In the example, you use the firewall stanza to create the filter and the interfaces stanza to attach the filter.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles myProfile]
firewall {
 family inet {
 fast-update-filter httpFilter {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [source-address protocol destination-port];
 term term1 {
 from {
 protocol tcp;
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 destination-port http;
 }
 then {
 count http-cnt;
 }
 }
 term term2 {
 from {
 protocol tcp;
 source-address $junos-subscriber-ip-address;
 }
 then {
 count non-http-cnt;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input httpFilter;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)

---

## Example: Bypassing Firewall Filters

---

This example describes how to configure multiple filters using the **service-filter-hit** match/action combination and contains the following sections:

- [Before You Begin on page 944](#)
- [Filter Bypass Overview on page 944](#)
- [Configuring Filter Bypass on page 945](#)

### Before You Begin

When using the **service-filter-hit** match/action combination, keep the following in mind:

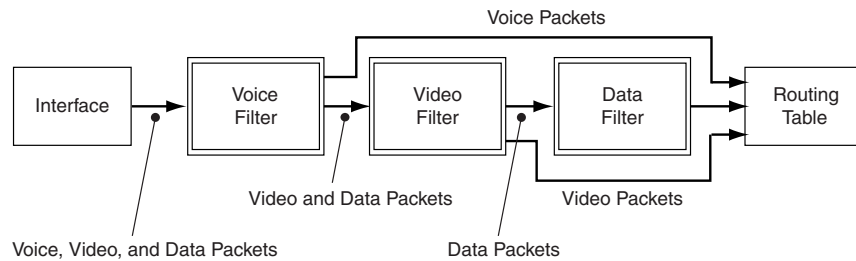
- The order in which the filters are applied is important. You can ensure the order in which the filters are processed by specifying a filter precedence value for the interface. See [“Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order” on page 911](#) for more information about dynamic filter processing and how to use the **precedence** statement.
- The following example uses policers to further define the match conditions each filter uses. These filters are not described here. To better understand how to configure policers, see “Statement Hierarchy for Configuring Policers” in the [Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide](#).

### Filter Bypass Overview

Packets must pass through each filter in a chain. However, if you create a chain of filters to process different types of packets (for example, voice, video, and data packets), you can streamline the filter process, decreasing the amount of packet handling for each filter in the chain, effectively bypassing unnecessary filters, by using the **service-filter-hit** match/action combination at the **[edit firewall family *family-name* filter *filter-name* term *term-name*]** hierarchy level.

[Figure 21 on page 945](#) shows the logical processing flow through a chain of three filters (voice, video, and data) where only processing for a specific data type is desired. This configuration example shows an ingress filter flow. Though subsequent ingress filters in a chain can detect whether the **service-filter-hit** action is set, egress filters do not. To bypass egress filters, you must also configure the **service-filter-hit** match/action combination on those filters.

Figure 21: Logical Flow Example for Filter Bypass Processing



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## Configuring Filter Bypass

- [Configuring the Voice Filter on page 945](#)
- [Configuring the Video Filter on page 946](#)
- [Configuring the Data Filter on page 946](#)

### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example:

```
[edit]
set firewall filter voice term T1 from address 1.1.1/32
set firewall filter voice term T1 from source-port 5004-5005
set firewall filter voice term T1 then forwarding-class assured-forwarding service-filter-hit
 accept
set firewall filter voice term default then accept
set firewall filter video term T1 from service-filter-hit
set firewall filter video term T1 then accept
set firewall filter video term T2 from source-address 10.10.10/32
set firewall filter video term T2 then policer video-policer service-filter-hit accept
set firewall filter video term default then accept
set firewall filter data term T1 from service-filter-hit
set firewall filter data term T1 then accept
set firewall filter data term T2 then policer data-policer service-filter-hit accept
```

### Configuring the Voice Filter

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the voice filter for the logical flow in [Figure 21 on page 945](#):

1. Configure the filter to apply the assured forwarding class and set the **service-filter-hit** action for traffic from a specific address and port range (over which voice traffic is expected).

```
[edit]
set firewall filter voice term T1 from address 1.1.1/32
set firewall filter voice term T1 from source-port 5004-5005
set firewall filter voice term T1 then forwarding-class assured-forwarding
 service-filter-hit accept
```

2. Configure the filter default action to pass (accept) packet traffic from any other address or port range.

```
[edit]
set firewall filter voice term default then accept
```

### Configuring the Video Filter

---

**Step-by-Step Procedure**

To configure the video filter for the logical flow in [Figure 21 on page 945](#):

1. Configure the filter to pass (accept) incoming packets that are tagged by the **service-filter-hit** action.  
  
[edit]  
set firewall filter video term T1 from service-filter-hit  
set firewall filter video term T1 then accept
2. Configure the filter to apply a video policer and set the **service-filter-hit** action for traffic from a specific address (over which video traffic is expected).  
  
[edit]  
set firewall filter video term T2 from source-address 10.10.10.10/32  
set firewall filter video term T2 then policer video-policer service-filter-hit accept
3. Configure the filter default action to pass (accept) packet traffic from any other address or port range.  
  
[edit]  
set firewall filter video term default then accept

### Configuring the Data Filter

---

**Step-by-Step Procedure**

To configure the data filter for the logical flow in [Figure 21 on page 945](#):

1. Configure the filter to pass (accept) incoming packets that are tagged by the **service-filter-hit** action.  
  
[edit]  
set firewall filter data term T1 from service-filter-hit  
set firewall filter data term T1 then accept
2. Configure the filter to apply a data policer and set the **service-filter-hit** action for traffic from a specific address (over which video traffic is expected).  
  
[edit]  
set firewall filter data term T2 then policer data-policer service-filter-hit accept

**Results** Display the results of the configuration:

```
[edit firewall]
user@host# show
filter voice {
 term T1 {
 from {
 address {
 1.1.1.1/32;
 }
 source-port 5004-5005;
 }
 then {
 forwarding-class assured-forwarding;
 service-filter-hit;
 }
 }
}
```

```

 accept;
 }
}
term default {
 then accept;
}
}
filter video {
 term T1 {
 from {
 service-filter-hit;
 }
 then accept;
 }
 term T2 {
 from {
 source-address {
 10.10.10.10/32;
 }
 }
 then {
 policer video_policer;
 service-filter-hit;
 accept;
 }
 }
 term default {
 then accept;
 }
}
filter data {
 term T1 {
 from {
 service-filter-hit;
 }
 then accept;
 }
 term T2 {
 then {
 policer data_policer;
 service-filter-hit;
 accept;
 }
 }
}
}

```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Classic Filters Overview on page 873](#)
- [Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order on page 911](#)
- [Statement Hierarchy for Configuring Policers](#)
- [Configuring Firewall Filter Bypass on page 911](#)

## Example: Configuring Hierarchical Policers as Filter Actions

---

This example shows how to configure a hierarchical policer and apply the policer to ingress Layer 3 traffic at a logical interface on the MX-series platform.

- [Requirements on page 948](#)
- [Overview on page 948](#)
- [Configuration on page 948](#)
- [Verification on page 951](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, be sure that your environment meets the following requirements:

- Supported on MX Series routers.

### Overview

In this example, you configure a hierarchical policer as a filter action.

### Configuration

- [Example: Hierarchical Policer as Filter Action on page 948](#)
- [Example: Defining the Interface: on page 950](#)

---

#### Example: Hierarchical Policer as Filter Action

---

##### Step-by-Step Procedure

You can have hierarchical policers as one type of filter action. To configure a firewall filter:

1. Configure the family address type for a firewall filter:  

```
[edit firewall]
user@host# set family inet
```
2. Specify the filter name:  

```
[edit firewall family inet]
user@host# set filter inet-filter
```
3. Specify the term name:  

```
[edit firewall family inet filter inet-filter]
user@host# set term t1
```
4. In each firewall filter term, specify the match conditions to use to match components of a packet:  

```
[edit firewall family inet filter inet-filter term t1]
user@host# set from precedence critical-ecp immediate priority
user@host# set from protocol tcp
```



5. In each firewall filter term, specify the actions to take if the packet matches all the condition in that term:

```
[edit firewall family inet filter inet-filter term t1]
user@host# set then hierarchical-policer HP1
```

6. (Optional) Enable all hierarchical policers in one filter to share the same policer instance in PFE:

```
[edit firewall family inet filter inet-filter term t1]
user@host# set then hierarchical-policer HP1 filter-specific
```

**Results** Confirm the configuration by entering the **show firewall** configuration command. If the command output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the instructions in this procedure to correct the configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# show firewall
family inet {
 filter inet-filter {
 interface-specific;
 term t1 {
 from {
 precedence [critical-ecp immediate priority];
 protocol tcp;
 }
 then hierarchical-policer HP1;
 }
 term t2 {
 from {
 precedence [internet-control routine];
 protocol tcp;
 }
 then hierarchical-policer HP2;
 }
 }
}
family inet6 {
 filter inet6-filter {
 interface-specific;
 term t1 {
 from {
 next-header [tcp udp];
 forwarding-class [assured-forwarding expedited-forwarding];
 }
 then hierarchical-policer HP1;
 }
 term t2 {
 from {
 next-header [tcp udp icmpv6 ospf rsvp];
 forwarding-class [network-control best-effort];
 }
 then hierarchical-policer HP2;
 }
 }
}
```

}

### Example: Defining the Interface:

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To define the interface:

1. Enable configuration of the physical interface:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-1/2/0 unit 0
```

2. Configure the family address:

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/2/0 unit 0]
user@host# set family inet address 10.100.16.2/24
```

3. Specify the filter name:

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/2/0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set filter inet-filter
user@host# set address 10.100.16.2/24
```

**Results** Confirm the configuration by entering the **show interfaces** configuration command. If the command output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the instructions in this procedure to correct the configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# show interfaces
interfaces {
 ge-1/2/0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 filter {
 input inet-filter;
 }
 address 10.100.16.2/24;
 }
 family inet6 {
 input-hierarchal-policer shared_HP;
 address 1A23:120B::7634:AD01:4D/120;
 }
 }
 }
 ge-1/2/1 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 input-hierarchal-policer shared_HP;
 address 10.100.16.2/24;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

## Verification

Confirm that the configuration is working properly.

- [Displaying Packets for the Firewall on page 951](#)

### Displaying Packets for the Firewall

**Purpose** Verify the number of packets evaluated by the policer. Premium policer counters are not supported.

**Action** Use the **show firewall** operational mode command. The command output displays the number of packets.

```
[edit]
user@host# show firewall

Filter: __default_bpdu_filter__

Filter: utp_4550-ge-1/0/0.100-in
Counters:
Name Bytes Packets
c_ef-ge-1/0/0.0-i 1696750 15425
c_other-ge-1/0/0.0-i 0 0
Policers:
Name Packets
hp_abc-filter-ge-1/0/0.0-i 7509
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Hierarchical Policer Overview on page 882](#)
  - [Hierarchical Policer as Filter Action on page 882](#)
  - [filter-specific on page 1284](#)



# Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview

- [Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953](#)

## Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview

---

HTTP request traffic from subscribers is aggregated from access networks onto a Broadband Remote Access Server (B-RAS) router, where HTTP traffic can be intercepted and redirected to a captive portal. A captive portal provides authentication and authorization services for redirected subscribers before granting access to protected servers outside of a walled garden. A walled garden defines a group of servers where access is provided to subscribers without reauthorization through a captive portal. You can use a captive portal page as the initial page a subscriber sees after logging in to a subscriber session and as a page used to receive and manage HTTP requests to unauthorized Web resources.

The HTTP redirect service implements a data handler and a control handler and registers them with service rules applicable to the HTTP applications. These rules are parsed by the captive-portal-content-delivery process on the routing engine. The data handler applies the rules to HTTP data flows and handles rewriting the IP destination address or sending an HTTP 302 response with a preconfigured redirect URL. In addition, the control handler maintains a connection with the captive-portal-content-delivery process on the routing engine to learn configuration changes, such as the redirect URL and the rewrite IP destination and port pair. To achieve faster performance, the control handler maintains a cache of relevant configured entities, such as URLs on Multiservices DPC.

Packet flow differs depending on the following configurations:

- Walled garden as a service filter—HTTP traffic destined to servers within the walled garden does not flow to Multiservices DPC. However, any HTTP traffic destined outside of the walled garden flows to the Multiservices DPC.
- Walled garden as an HTTP policy term—All HTTP traffic flows to the Multiservices DPC. The HTTP service handler determines whether traffic is allowed to go to a walled garden.
- HTTP request packet—If the flow is destined to servers within the walled garden, no action is taken.

An HTTP redirect service can be attached to either a static or dynamic interface. For dynamic subscriber management, HTTP services can be attached dynamically at subscriber login or by using a change of authorization (CoA).

You can implement HTTP redirect requests using either a remote server or a local server.

When you use a remote IPv6 HTTP redirect server, you can configure a service rule to rewrite the IPv6 destination address (DA) of incoming HTTP requests on the service router. This ensures that the requests reach the remote HTTP redirect server before being redirected to a captive portal. When you use a local IPv6 HTTP redirect server, you can configure an HTTP service rule to redirect HTTP requests to a captive portal within a walled garden.

Redundant multiservice PIC and DPC support for HTTP redirect distributes captive portal content delivery rules to both PICs to leverage all framework support (for IPv4 only). Data traffic is sent only to the active PIC and rule processing is performed on the active PIC.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Various Levels of Services on page 518](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables on page 485](#)
- [Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931](#)

# Configuring HTTP Redirect

- [Configuring HTTP Redirect Services on page 955](#)
- [Verifying HTTP Redirect Requests on page 958](#)

## Configuring HTTP Redirect Services

---

You can configure a walled garden with services and policies.

To configure the HTTP redirect service:

1. Configure the packet and installation.

```
[edit chassis]
fpc 1 {
 pic 0 {
 adaptive-services {
 service-package {
 extension-provider {
 control-cores 1;
 data-cores 7;
 object-cache-size 1024;
 policy-db-size 64;
 package jservices-cpcd;
 syslog {
 daemon any;
 external any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

2. Configure the units and assign the VLAN IDs.

```
[edit interfaces]
ge-0/0/1 {
 vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 vlan-id 100;
 family inet {
 address 100.20.1.1/24;
 }
 }
}
```

```
 }
 }
```

3. Configure the policy options.

```
 policy-options {
 prefix-list google {
 74.125.19.0/24;
 }
 }
```

4. Configure the service options.

```
 firewall {
 family inet {
 service-filter walled {
 term google {
 from {
 destination-prefix-list {
 google;
 }
 }
 then skip;
 }
 term http {
 from {
 destination-port [80 8080 443];
 }
 then service;
 }
 term skip {
 then skip;
 }
 }
 service-filter fromSRC {
 term SRC {
 from {
 source-address {
 10.1.2.3/32;
 }
 source-port 8800;
 }
 then service;
 }
 term skip {
 then skip;
 }
 }
 service-filter test {
 term t1 {
 from {
 protocol icmp;
 }
 then service;
 }
 }
 }
 }
```



```
}

```

5. Configure the captive portal content delivery services.

```
services {
 captive-portal-content-delivery {
 rule test {
 match-direction input;
 term t1 {
 then {
 rewrite;
 }
 }
 }
 profile ipda-rewrite {
 cpcdd-rules test;
 ipda-rewrite-options {
 destination-address 10.1.2.3;
 destination-port 8800;
 }
 }
 traceoptions {
 file cpcdd;
 flag all;
 }
 }
 service-set sset1 {
 captive-portal-content-delivery-profile ipda-rewrite;
 interface-service {
 service-interface ms-1/0/0;
 }
 }
 stateful-firewall {
 rule Rule1 {
 match-direction input-output;
 term 1 {
 from {
 applications [junos-icmp-all junos-dhcp-server junos-tftp junos-http];
 }
 then {
 accept;
 }
 }
 term 2 {
 from {
 applications SRC;
 }
 then {
 accept;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

6. Configure the applications.

```
applications {
 application SRC {
 protocol tcp;
 destination-port 8800;
 }
}
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953](#)

---

## Verifying HTTP Redirect Requests

---

**Purpose** View information and statistics for the HTTP redirect configuration.

**Action**

- To display services statistics:  
user@host> **show services captive-portal-content-delivery statistics**
- To display services flows:  
user@host> **show services captive-portal-content-delivery flows**
- To clear services statistics:  
user@host> **clear services captive-portal-content-delivery statistics**

# HTTP Redirect Examples

- [Example: Walled Garden as a Service Filter on page 959](#)
- [Example: Walled Garden as an HTTP Service Rule on page 960](#)
- [Example: HTTP Service Within a Service Set on page 961](#)
- [Example: HTTP Service Attached to a Static Interface on page 961](#)
- [Example: HTTP Service Attached to a Dynamic Interface on page 963](#)
- [Example: Configuring Redundant Multiservice on page 964](#)
- [Example: Configuring Destination Address Rewrite for HTTP Redirect on page 965](#)

## Example: Walled Garden as a Service Filter

---

Service filters are configured under the firewall and are not specific to captive portal content delivery. The following example shows a walled garden with one server, which is the captive portal:

```
[edit firewall family inet]
root@host# show
service-filter walled {
 term 1 {
 from {
 destination-address {
 100.20.2.3/32; ## this is the address of captive portal
 }
 destination-port 80;
 }
 then skip; ## skip service DPC for http traffic
 ## destined to captive portal
 }
}
```

The following example shows a walled garden within a subnet:

```
service-filter walled-net {
 term 2 {
 from {
 destination-prefix-list {
 100.20.2.0/24; ## '100.20.2.0/24' is not defined
 }
 }
 then skip;
 }
}
```

```
}
}
```

The following example shows the configuration of an IPv6 walled garden:

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery]
rule walled-garden {
 match-direction input-output
 term 1 {
 from {
 destination-address 2001:2002:0:1::/64; ## captival portal resides here
 destination-port 80;
 }
 then {
 accept;
 }
 }
}
```

---

## Example: Walled Garden as an HTTP Service Rule

HTTP service rule configuration resides under the services hierarchy and uses the captive portal and content delivery (captive-portal-content-delivery) service. The following example shows a walled garden configured as an HTTP service rule:

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery]
rule walled-garden {
 match-direction input-output
 term 1 {
 from {
 destination-address 100.20.2.3/32; ## captive portal
 destination-port 80;
 }
 then {
 accept;
 }
 }
}
```

When a remote HTTP redirect server is used, you need to configure an HTTP service rule to rewrite the IP-DA of incoming HTTP requests on the service router so that the requests reach the remote HTTP redirect server before being redirected to a captive portal. If the destination port is not specified, the default behavior is determined by the rewrite configuration. If no rewrite configuration is available, the destination port is not rewritten. The following example shows a configuration for IP-DA rewrite:

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery]
rule ipda-rewrite {
 match-direction input-output;
 term 1 {
 from {
 applications junos-http;
 }
 then {
 rewrite destination-address 100.20.2.10; # this is the remote
```

```

 # redirect server.
 }
}

```

## Example: HTTP Service Within a Service Set

To become part of a service set, you must configure an HTTP service rule under a service set. In the following example, you can use `http-service` as an option in the service order configuration:

```

[edit services]
service-set http-redirect-walled {
 cpcd-rules walled-garden;
 cpcd-rules redirect;
}

```

You can also put rules in a rule set and then configure the service set as in the following example:

```

[edit services]
service-set http-redirect-walled {
 cpcd-rule-sets redirect-with-walled-garden;
}

```

## Example: HTTP Service Attached to a Static Interface

The following example shows an HTTP service set attached to a static interface:

```

[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1]
root@hostr# show
unit 0 {
 family inet {
 service {
 input {
 service-set http-redirect-walled;
 }
 output {
 service-set http-redirect-walled;
 }
 }
 }
 address 10.1.3.2/24;
}

```

The following example uses a service filter as a walled garden by configuring the service set and then attaching it:

```

[edit services]
service-set http-redirect {
 captive-portal-content-delivery-rules redirect;
}

[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1]
unit 0 {
 family inet {

```

```
service {
 input {
 service-set http-redirect service-filter walled;
 }
 output {
 service-set http-redirect;
 }
}
address 10.1.3.2/24;
}
```

The following example shows an IPv6 static service attachment:

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1]
unit 0 {
 family inet6 {
 service {
 input {
 service-set http-redirect6 service-filter walled6;
 }
 output {
 service-set http-redirect6 service-filter walled6;
 }
 }
 address 2001:2002::1;
 }
}
```

This example configures the service filter for walled6:

```
firewall {
 family inet6 {
 service-filter walled6 {
 term google {
 from {
 destination-prefix-list {
 google6;
 }
 }
 then skip;
 }
 term http {
 from {
 destination-port [80 8080 443];
 }
 then service;
 }
 term skip {
 then skip;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

## Example: HTTP Service Attached to a Dynamic Interface

A dynamic service attachment uses a dynamic profile. In the following dynamic profile example, the name of the service set can be populated dynamically for each subscriber at instantiation time. This dynamic profile encapsulates a service attachment point associated with a statically preprovisioned service set sset-1.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 profile prof-2 { # parameterized service attachment
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 family inet {
 service {
 input {
 service-set $junos-service-set service-filter $junos-service-filter;
 post-input-filter $junos-post-input-filter ;
 }
 output {
 service-set $junos-service-set;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

To handle scalability more efficiently, in the following example the name of the service set can be populated dynamically for each subscriber at instantiation time.

```
dynamic-profiles {
 profile prof-2 { # parameterized service attachment
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 family inet {
 service {
 input {
 service-set $junos-service-set service-filter $junos-service-filter;
 post-input-filter $junos-post-input-filter ;
 }
 output {
 service-set $junos-service-set;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

The following attaches a service set dynamically at family inet6:

```
dynamic-profiles {
 profile prof-1 {
 interfaces {
 $junos-interface-ifd-name {
 unit $junos-interface-unit {
 family inet6 {
 service {
 input {
 service-set sset-1 service-filter fltr-1;
 post-input-filter pfltr-1;
 }
 output {
 service-set sset-1 service-filter fltr-1;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

---

## Example: Configuring Redundant Multiservice

- [Requirements on page 964](#)
- [Overview on page 964](#)
- [Configuration on page 964](#)
- [Verification on page 965](#)

### Requirements

- Multiservices DPC PIC

### Overview

This procedure shows how to configure redundant multiservice support.

### Configuration

---

#### Example: Configuring Redundant Multiservice for IPv4

##### Step-by-Step Procedure

1. Configure the interface:  
  
[edit interfaces]  
user@host# **set interface rms0**
2. Configure the redundant multiservice service set:  
  
[edit services]  
user@host# **set service-interface rms0**
3. Configure the redundant multiservice service set attachment:  
  
[edit interfaces]  
user@host# **set ge-1/0/0 unit 100**



**Results** Confirm the configuration by entering the **show redundancy-options** configuration command.

```
show redundancy-options
 redundancy-options {
 primary ms-2/1/0;
 secondary ms-3/1/0;
 hot-standby;
 }
 unit 0 {
 family inet;
 }
```

Confirm the service set configuration by entering the **show captive-portal-content-delivery-profile** configuration command.

```
show captive-portal-content-delivery-profile httpRedirect
 interface-service {
 service-interface rms0;
 }
```

Confirm the service set attachment by entering the **show show vlan-id** configuration command.

```
show vlan-id 100
 family inet {
 service {
 input {
 service-set sset10 service-filter walled;
 }
 output {
 service-set sset10;
 }
 }
 address 192.1.4.1/24;
 }
```

## Verification

### Displaying Redundant Multiservice Configuration

**Purpose** Verify the redundant multiservice configuration.

**Action** user@host> show interfaces redundancy detail

**Related Documentation**

- Failover of the Control Service PICs

## Example: Configuring Destination Address Rewrite for HTTP Redirect

- [Requirements on page 966](#)
- [Overview on page 966](#)

- [Configuration on page 966](#)
- [Verification on page 967](#)

## Requirements

- Multiservices DPC PIC

## Overview

This procedure shows how to configure an DA rewrite rule. The destination port is not specified and the default behavior is determined by the rewrite configuration. If no rewrite configuration is available, the destination port is not rewritten.

## Configuration

---

### Example: Configuring a Rewrite Rule

---

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

1. Configure the service rule:  

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery]
user@host# set rule da-rewrite
```
2. Specify the term name:  

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery da-rewrite]
user@host# set term t1
```
3. Specify the match conditions for the term:  

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery da-rewrite inet-filter term t1]
user@host# set from applications junos-http
```
4. Specify the actions to take if the packet matches all the conditions in that term:  

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery da-rewrite inet-filter term t1]
user@host# set then rewrite destination-address 2001:2002::1;
```

#### Results

Confirm the configuration by entering the **show services** configuration command. If the command output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the instructions in this procedure to correct the configuration.

```
[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery]
rule da-rewrite {
 match-direction input-output
 term 1 {
 from {
 applications junos-http;
 }
 then {
 rewrite destination-address 2001:2002::1; # this is the remote redirect server.
 }
 }
}
```

The following example shows the configuration for an IPv6-DA rewrite service rule. Because the destination port is not specified, the default behavior is determined by the

rewrite configuration. If no rewrite configuration is available, the destination port is not rewritten.

```
[edit services captive-portao-content-delivery]
rule ipv6da-rewrite {
 match-direction input-output
 term 1 {
 from {
 applications junos-http;
 }
 then {
 rewrite destination-address 2001:2002::1; # this is the remote
 # redirect server.
 }
 }
}
```

## Verification

### Displaying HTTP Redirect configuration

---

**Purpose** Verify the HTTP requests are redirected to the server.

**Action** user@host> show services detail

**Related Documentation**

- Failover of the Control Service PICs



## PART 15

# Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Overview on page 971](#)
- [Overview of Subscriber Secure Policy Using RADIUS on page 973](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring on page 987](#)
- [Overview of Subscriber Secure Policy Using DTCP on page 993](#)
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1007](#)
- [DTCP Messages Used for DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1015](#)
- [Reporting Intercept-Related Events for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 1025](#)



# Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Overview

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Licensing Requirements on page 972](#)

## Subscriber Secure Policy Overview

---

Subscriber secure policy enables you to mirror traffic on a per-subscriber basis. You can mirror the content of subscriber traffic as well as monitor events related to the subscriber session that is being mirrored.

Subscriber secure policy mirroring can be based on information provided by either RADIUS or Dynamic Tasking Control Protocol (DTCP), and can mirror both IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. Configuration of subscriber secure policy mirroring is independent of the actual mirroring session—you can configure the mirroring parameters at any time. Also, you can use a single RADIUS or DTCP server to provision mirroring operations on multiple routers in a service provider's network. To provide security, the ability to configure, access, and view the subscriber secure policy components and configuration is restricted to authorized users.

After subscriber secure policy is triggered, both the subscriber ingress and egress traffic are mirrored. The original traffic is sent to its intended destination and the mirrored traffic is sent to a mediation device for analysis. The actual mirroring operation is transparent to subscribers whose traffic is being mirrored. A special UDP/IP header is prepended to each mirrored packet sent to the mediation device. The mediation device uses the header to differentiate multiple mirrored streams that arrive from different sources.

## Subscriber Secure Policy for Subscribers on VLANs

Interface-based subscriber secure policy is supported on dynamic, authenticated VLAN interfaces and VLAN demux interfaces. When you enable subscriber secure policy for these interfaces, traffic for all configured families (inet, inet6) including Layer 2 and Layer 3 control traffic is mirrored. The mirrored packets include Layer 2 encapsulations.

## Reporting Mirroring-Related Events

Subscriber secure policy also supports the use of SNMPv3 traps to report events related to the mirroring operation to an external device. Type of information sent in traps include

identifying information for subscribers, such as username or IP address, and subscriber session events, such as login or logout events or mirroring session activation or deactivation. The traps map to messages defined in the *Lawfully Authorized Electronic Surveillance (LAES) for IP Network Access, American National Standard for Telecommunications*.

- Related Documentation**
- [RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 973](#)
  - [DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 993](#)
  - [Intercept-Related Events Transmitted to the Mediation Device on page 1025](#)

---

## Subscriber Secure Policy Licensing Requirements

---

To enable and use subscriber secure policy, you must install and properly configure the Subscriber Secure Policy license.

- Related Documentation**
- For information about installing and managing Junos licenses, see “Installing and Managing Junos OS Licenses” in the [Junos OS Installation and Upgrade Guide](#)



# Overview of Subscriber Secure Policy Using RADIUS

- [RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 973](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS on page 974](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces on page 976](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process at Subscriber Login on page 977](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process for Logged-In Subscribers on page 978](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Support for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 979](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes Used for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 980](#)
- [Using the Packet Header to Track Subscribers on the Mediation Device on page 981](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy and L2TP LAC Subscribers on page 985](#)

## RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview

---

RADIUS-initiated mirroring creates secure policies based on RADIUS VSAs and uses RADIUS attributes to identify the subscriber whose traffic is to be mirrored. Mirroring is initiated without regard to the subscriber location, router, interface, or type of traffic.

The mirroring operation can be initiated by RADIUS messages as follows:

- **Subscriber login**—Mirroring starts when the subscriber logs in and the router receives the trigger in a RADIUS Access-Accept message. Using triggers in RADIUS Access-Accept messages enables you to mirror per-subscriber traffic without regard to how often the subscriber logs in or out, or which router or interface the subscriber uses.
- **In-session**—Mirroring starts when the router receives the trigger in a RADIUS change of authorization request (CoA-Request) message. Using triggers in CoA-Request messages enables you to immediately mirror traffic of a subscriber who is already logged in.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS on page 974](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)

## Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS

Figure 22 on page 974 shows the architecture of the RADIUS-initiated subscriber secure policy mirroring environment.

Figure 22: RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Architecture

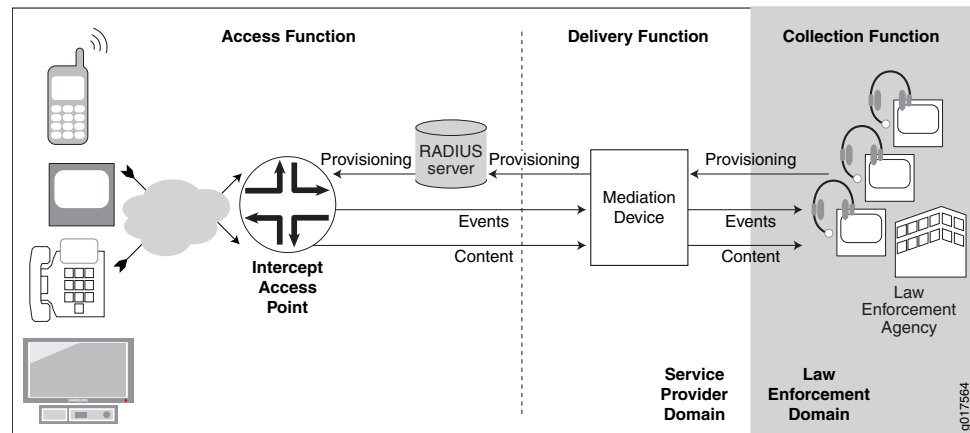


Table 90 on page 974 describes the functions and components of a RADIUS-initiated subscriber secure policy traffic mirroring environment.

Table 90: RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Functions and Components

| Function or Component | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Collection function   | <p>The collection function is responsible for collecting intercepted content and identifying information from the delivery function.</p> <p>The collection function is the responsibility of the law enforcement agency (LEA).</p>                                                           |
| Delivery function     | <p>The delivery function delivers information that it receives from the access function to the collection function.</p> <p>The delivery function is performed by the mediation device.</p>                                                                                                   |
| Access function       | <p>The access function has access to the intercept target's traffic content and intercept-related events. It is responsible for collecting this information and sending it to the delivery function.</p> <p>The access function is the responsibility of intercept access points (IAPs).</p> |

**Table 90: RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Functions and Components** (*continued*)

| Function or Component | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Events                | Intercept-related events, such as login or logout events or mirroring session activation or deactivation. The router sends the events to the mediation device in SNMP traps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| LEA                   | Law enforcement agency. The LEA provides intercept targets to the service provider who provisions the mediation device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Mediation device      | <p>The mediation device receives provisioning information from the LEA, and it uses the information to send provisioning information to the RADIUS server.</p> <p>The mediation device also receives intercept-related events and intercepted content from the router, and delivers the events and intercepted content to the LEA.</p>                                                                                                                                                             |
| RADIUS server         | The RADIUS server receives provisioning information from the mediation device. It identifies subscribers whose traffic is to be mirrored, and triggers mirroring sessions on the IAP (the router) by including mirroring-related RADIUS attributes and VSAs in Access-Accept or CoA-Request messages that it sends to the IAP.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| IAP                   | <p>Intercept access point. In a subscriber access network the Juniper Networks router is the IAP.</p> <p>Using subscriber secure policies, the IAP intercepts traffic to and from the subscriber whose traffic is being mirrored. It encapsulates the intercepted content in a packet header and delivers it to the mediation device, while also sending the content to the intended destination.</p> <p>The IAP also sends intercept-related events to the mediation device using SNMP traps.</p> |

**Related Documentation**

- [RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 973](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces on page 976](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process at Subscriber Login on page 977](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process for Logged In Subscribers on page 978](#)

## RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces

Figure 23 on page 976 shows the interfaces involved in RADIUS-initiated secure subscriber policy traffic mirroring.

Figure 23: RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces

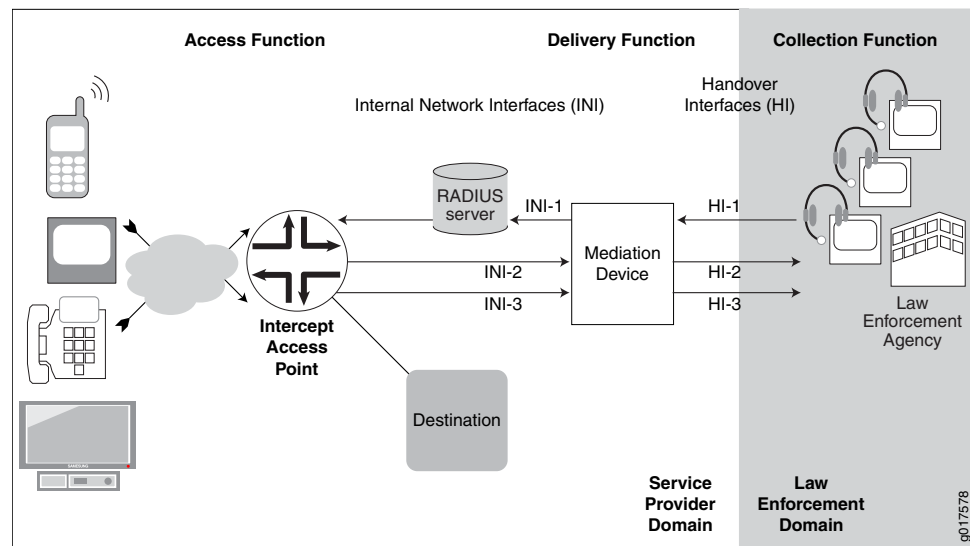


Table 91 on page 976 describes the interfaces involved in RADIUS-initiated secure subscriber policy traffic mirroring.

Table 91: RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces

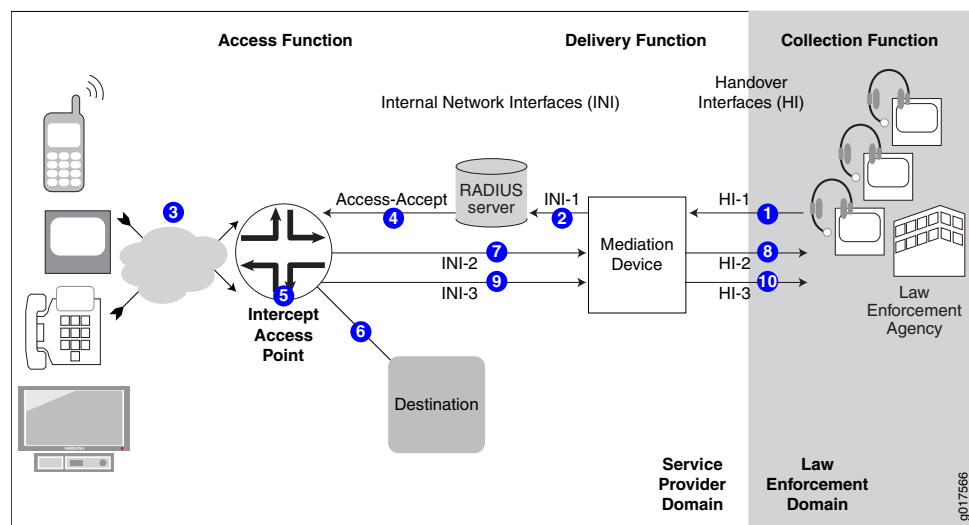
| Interface | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HI-1      | Handover Interface 1—Administrative interface between the LEA and the service provider mediation device. The LEA sends provisioning information to the mediation device on this interface.                                                                  |
| HI-2      | Handover Interface 2—Intercept-related information interface between the LEA and the mediation device that is used to deliver intercept-related events to the LEA. These events can be subscriber session events such as login, logout, and authentication. |
| HI-3      | Handover Interface 3—Intercepted content interface between the mediation device and LEA that is used to deliver intercepted content to the LEA.                                                                                                             |
| INI-1     | Internal network Interface 1—Interface used to send intercept provisioning information from the mediation device to the RADIUS server.                                                                                                                      |
| INI-2     | Internal network interface 2—Interface used to send intercept-related events from the router to the mediation device. This information is sent in SNMP traps.                                                                                               |
| INI-3     | Internal network interface 3—Interface used to send intercepted content from the router to the mediation device.                                                                                                                                            |

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS on page 974](#)
  - [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process at Subscriber Login on page 977](#)
  - [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process for Logged In Subscribers on page 978](#)

## RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process at Subscriber Login

Figure 24 on page 977 shows the process for a RADIUS-initiated subscriber mirroring operation that is initiated when the mirrored subscriber logs in.

**Figure 24: RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Model at Login**



|                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1— The LEA sends provisioning information for a subscriber whose traffic is to be mirrored over the HI-1 interface to the mediation device.                                           | 6— The IAP sends the original subscriber traffic to its intended destination.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 2— The mediation device sends the provisioning information over the INI-1 interface to the RADIUS server.                                                                             | 7— As subscriber-related events occur, the IAP sends the events in SNMP traps over the INI-2 interface to the mediation device.                                                                                                                                      |
| 3— The subscriber logs in, requesting authentication by the RADIUS server.                                                                                                            | 8— The mediation device provides the events over the HI-2 interface to the LEA.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4— The RADIUS server authenticates the subscriber and sends an Access-Accept message containing mirroring-related RADIUS attributes in Juniper Networks VSAs to the IAP (the router). | 9— The IAP encapsulates the mirrored content in a packet header and sends it over the INI-3 interface to the mediation device. The IAP uses the destination IP address of the mediation device that it received in the Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server. |
| 5— The IAP creates a subscriber secure policy based on the mirroring VSAs and begins mirroring the subscriber's traffic.                                                              | 10— The mediation device sends mirrored content over the HI-3 interface to the LEA.                                                                                                                                                                                  |

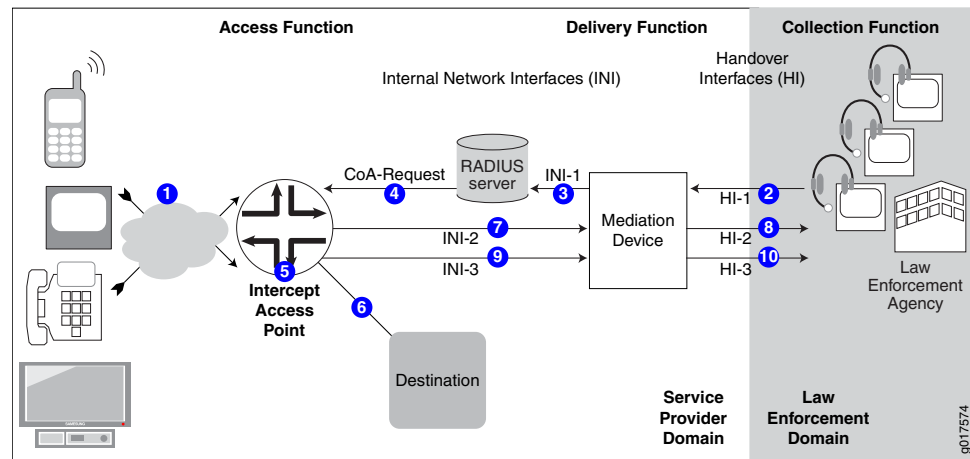
- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS on page 974](#)
  - [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces on page 976](#)

- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process for Logged In Subscribers on page 978](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)

## RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process for Logged-In Subscribers

Figure 25 on page 978 shows the process for a RADIUS-initiated subscriber mirroring operation that is initiated after the subscriber has logged in.

**Figure 25: RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Model After Login**



|                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1— The subscriber logs in, requesting authentication by the RADIUS server. The RADIUS server authenticates the subscriber (no mirroring activity occurs).                                  | 6— The IAP sends the original subscriber traffic to its intended destination.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2— The LEA sends provisioning information for a subscriber whose traffic is to be mirrored over the HI-1 interface to the mediation device.                                                | 7— As subscriber-related events occur, the IAP sends the events in SNMP traps over the INI-2 interface to the mediation device.                                                                                                                         |
| 3— The mediation device sends the provisioning information over the INI-1 interface to the RADIUS server.                                                                                  | 8— The mediation device provides events over the HI-2 interface to the LEA.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4— The RADIUS server sends a CoA message containing the mirroring-related RADIUS attributes and VSAs to the IAP (the router).                                                              | 9— The IAP encapsulates the mirrored subscriber content in a packet header and sends it to the mediation device over the INI-3 interface. The IAP uses the destination IP address that it received in the Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server. |
| 5— The RADIUS CoA message initiates the mirroring operation. The IAP creates the subscriber secure policy based on the mirroring VSAs and immediately begins mirroring subscriber traffic. | 10— The mediation device sends mirrored content over the HI-3 interface to the LEA.                                                                                                                                                                     |

### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS on page 974](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces on page 976](#)

- [RADIUS-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process at Subscriber Login on page 977](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)

## Subscriber Secure Policy Support for IPv4 Multicast Traffic

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IP multicast traffic is used for applications such as audio or video streaming, IPTV, video conferencing, or online gaming. Multicast traffic is sent to multiple subscribers who have joined a multicast group.

Secure subscriber policy allows for the mirroring of IPv4 multicast traffic sent to a specific subscriber. If multiple subscribers whose traffic requires mirroring join the same multicast session, the subscriber secure policy feature mirrors each subscriber's traffic and forwards it separately to the mediation device with the proper prepended header.

Mirroring of multicast traffic is supported only for subscribers in the default logical system.

You can enable and disable the mirroring of multicast traffic on a per-chassis basis. You cannot enable or disable it on a per-subscriber basis.

### Triggering the Mirroring of IPv4 Multicast Traffic

Multicast traffic being sent towards a subscriber does not contain much of the identifying information used to trigger mirroring of a subscriber's unicast traffic. For example, the multicast packet contains the multicast group address in the destination address of the packet instead of the subscriber's IP address. It also does not contain the user name or MAC address of the subscriber, and does not include information obtained by RADIUS or DHCP. Therefore, methods of identifying multicast traffic that is received by a subscriber are not the same as methods of identifying a subscriber's unicast traffic or multicast traffic that is sent by a subscriber.

To join a multicast group, a subscriber sends an IGMP join request, and it receives a reply. The reply contains the multicast groups to which the subscriber is registered. Triggering the mirroring of multicast traffic is based on the sending of the IGMP join request and the information in the IGMP reply. If the subscriber's unicast traffic is already being mirrored either through DTCP-initiated or RADIUS-initiated traffic mirroring, and the subscriber sends an IGMP join request, mirroring of multicast traffic sent to the subscriber is initiated. The traffic being mirrored is based on the groups contained in the IGMP reply.

#### Related Documentation

- [Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 992](#)

## RADIUS Attributes Used for Subscriber Secure Policy

Table 92 on page 980 lists the RADIUS VSAs that are associated with subscriber secure policy. If these VSAs are present in the RADIUS Access-Accept message for a subscriber, the action specified in the LI-Action attribute takes effect.

Some mirroring VSAs that the RADIUS server sends to the router are salt-encrypted. Salt encryption is a random string of data used to modify a password hash.

**Table 92: RADIUS-Based Mirroring Attributes**

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Value                                                                                                                    |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [26-58]          | LI-Action       | Traffic mirroring action                                                                                                                                                                                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = stop mirroring</li> <li>1 = start mirroring</li> <li>2 = no action</li> </ul> |
| [26-59]          | Med-Dev-Handle  | Identifier that associates mirrored traffic with a specific subscriber<br><br>Med-Dev-Handle includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intercept-Identifier</li> <li>Acct-Session-ID (optional)</li> </ul> | Salt-encrypted string                                                                                                    |
| [26-60]          | Med-Ip-Address  | IP address of mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded                                                                                                                                             | Salt-encrypted IP address                                                                                                |
| [26-61]          | Med-Port-Number | UDP port in the mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded                                                                                                                                           | Salt-encrypted integer                                                                                                   |

If a subscriber is already logged in, Table 93 on page 980 lists the RADIUS attributes that can be present in RADIUS CoA messages to identify the subscriber whose traffic is to have a mirroring action applied (activation or deactivation).

**Table 93: RADIUS Attributes Used in CoA Messages to Identify Subscribers for Traffic Mirroring**

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name  |
|------------------|-----------------|
| [1]              | User-Name       |
| [44]             | Acct-Session-ID |



Triggering Subscriber Secure Policy for Subscribers on Dynamic Authenticated VLANs



**BEST PRACTICE:** When you have DHCPv4/DHCPv6 subscribers over VLANs, two sessions are created for each subscriber—one for the Layer 2 VLAN, and one for DHCP. In this case, we recommend that you use one trigger that matches both the DHCP and the VLAN session.

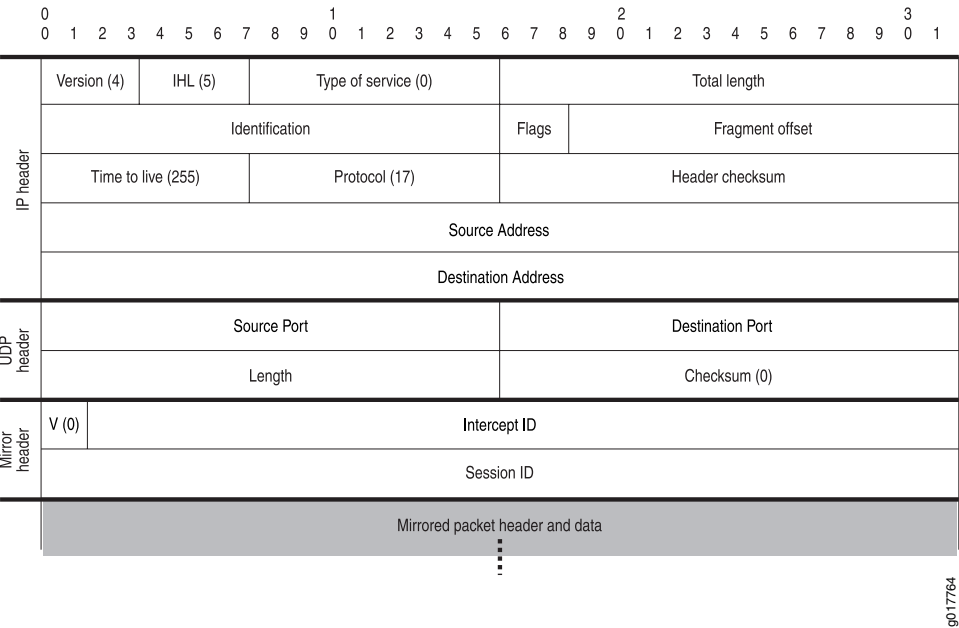
If authentication is performed on both the VLAN session and the DHCP session, we recommend that you use a separate, unique username for the VLAN and DHCP sessions to allow RADIUS to distinguish on which of the sessions to trigger subscriber secure policy traffic mirroring. Otherwise, when the DHCP session is authenticated and activated, traffic mirroring fails.

- Related Documentation
- [RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 973](#)
  - [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS on page 974](#)

Using the Packet Header to Track Subscribers on the Mediation Device

When the router sends mirrored traffic to the mediation device, it encapsulates it in a packet header. [Figure 26 on page 981](#) is the mirrored packet header and payload that the router sends to the mediation device.

Figure 26: Mirrored Packet Header and Payload



[Table 94 on page 982](#) describes the fields in the packet header of mirrored packets.

Table 94: Mirrored Packet Header and Payload Field Descriptions

| Field                | Value                                                                                     | Length (Bits) |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>IP Header</b>     |                                                                                           |               |
| Version              | 4                                                                                         | 4             |
| IHL                  | 5                                                                                         | 4             |
| Type of Service      | 0                                                                                         | 8             |
| Total Length         | Dynamically computed                                                                      | 16            |
| Identification       | Dynamically computed                                                                      | 16            |
| Flags                | Dynamically computed                                                                      | 3             |
| Fragment Offset      | Dynamically computed                                                                      | 13            |
| Time to Live         | 255                                                                                       | 8             |
| Protocol             | 17                                                                                        | 8             |
| Header Checksum      | Dynamically computed                                                                      | 16            |
| Source Address       | IP address of the router interface that sends mirrored traffic to the mediation device    | 32            |
| Destination Address  | IP address of the mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded (VSA 26-60)     | 32            |
| <b>UDP Header</b>    |                                                                                           |               |
| Source Port          | UDP port number on the router from which mirrored traffic is sent to the mediation device | 16            |
| Destination Port     | UDP port on the mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded (VSA 26-61)       | 16            |
| Length               | Dynamically computed                                                                      | 16            |
| Checksum             | 0                                                                                         | 16            |
| <b>Mirror Header</b> |                                                                                           |               |

**Table 94: Mirrored Packet Header and Payload Field Descriptions** (*continued*)

| Field                   | Value                                                                                                              | Length (Bits) |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| V (mirror header value) | 0                                                                                                                  | 2             |
| Intercept ID            | See "Format of the Mirror Header Values Used to Track Subscribers and Subscriber Sessions" on page 984 for details | 30            |
| Session-ID              | See "Format of the Mirror Header Values Used to Track Subscribers and Subscriber Sessions" on page 984 for details | 32            |

## Format of the Mirror Header Values Used to Track Subscribers and Subscriber Sessions

The packet header includes mirror header attributes that the mediation device can use to track subscribers and subscriber sessions. The router creates values for these attributes based on information that it receives from RADIUS. There are three mirror header attributes in the packet header:

- V (mirror header value)—Used by the router to specify how the values of the Session ID and Intercept ID are determined. The value received from RADIUS can be a 0 or a 1. However, the value is always 0 in the packet header sent to the mediation device.
- Session ID—Used by the mediation device to identify the session of the mirrored subscriber. The value is assigned to a subscriber session by the Junos OS. The Session ID changes with each new session for a subscriber.
- Intercept ID—Used along with the Session ID by the mediation device to track a subscriber across multiple login and logout events. The value is assigned to a subscriber whose traffic is being intercepted. The Intercept ID is constant; it does not change as a subscriber logs in and logs out of sessions.

The values of the Intercept ID and the Session ID are determined by the value that the router receives in VSA 26-59. VSA 26-59 is declared as a hexadecimal string that can be either 4 bytes or 8 bytes long. The mirror header value specifies whether a 4-byte value or an 8-byte value is used to form the Intercept ID and the Session ID.

### 4-Byte Format

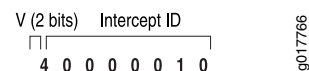
The 4-byte format allows you to manually specify the Intercept ID. The Session ID value is automatically created based on the least significant 32 bits of the Acct-Session-ID (RADIUS attribute 44).

To use the 4-byte format of VSA 26-59, you configure the first two most significant bits of the VSA to a value of 1, which indicates a single word in the VSA. The remaining 30 bits of the word form the Intercept ID value.

For example, a value of 40000010 for VSA 26-59 configures the following fields in the mirror header, as shown in [Figure 27 on page 984](#):

- V = 1
- Intercept ID = 0x10

**Figure 27: 4-Byte Format of VSA 26-59**



### 8-Byte Format

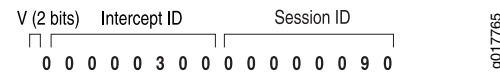
The 8-byte format of VSA 26-59 enables you to manually specify the both the Session-ID value and the Intercept ID value.

To use the 8-byte format, you configure the first two most significant bits of the first word of the VSA to a value of 0, which indicates two words in the VSA. The remaining 30 bits of the first word form the Intercept ID value, and the second word is the Session-ID field. You cannot change the order of these two words.

For example, a value of 00000300000000090 in VSA 26-59 configures the following fields in the mirror header, as shown in [Figure 28 on page 985](#):

- V = 0
- Intercept-ID = 0x300
- Session-ID = 0x90

**Figure 28: 8-Byte Format of VSA 26-59**



- Related Documentation**
- [RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 973](#)
  - [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using RADIUS on page 974](#)

## Subscriber Secure Policy and L2TP LAC Subscribers

RADIUS-initiated per-subscriber traffic mirroring can be applied to subscribers whose traffic is tunneled with L2TP. Both subscriber ingress traffic (from the subscriber into the tunnel) and subscriber egress traffic (from the tunnel to the subscriber) are mirrored at the subscriber-facing ingress interface on the LAC. The ingress traffic is mirrored after PPPoE decapsulation and before L2TP encapsulation. The egress traffic is mirrored after L2TP decapsulation. The mirrored packet includes the complete HDLC frame sent to the LNS rather than only the IP datagram.

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
  - [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
  - [RADIUS Attributes Used for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 980](#)



## CHAPTER 69

# Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring

- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 988](#)
- [Configuring Tunnel Interfaces for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 989](#)
- [Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 990](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 991](#)
- [Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 992](#)
- [Terminating RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Traffic Mirroring on page 992](#)

## Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview

---

Before you configure subscriber secure policy traffic mirroring, note the following:

- Subscriber secure policy mirroring runs on the radius-flow-tap service infrastructure. To configure the subscriber secure policy service, you must have the same privileges that are required to configure the radius-flow-tap service.
- The subscriber secure policy feature requires some system resources while mirroring, encrypting, and sending traffic to the mediation device. For example, you might elect to use a 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface for the tunnel to the mediation device if you expect the amount of traffic you plan to mirror to approach 1 Gbps of actual user data.

To configure the subscriber secure policy service:

1. Configure tunnel interfaces (vt interfaces) that are used to send mirrored content to the mediation device.  
[See “Configuring Tunnel Interfaces for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring” on page 989.](#)
2. Configure radius-flow-tap service support for secure subscriber policy. This support includes optional forwarding-class information that the subscriber secure policy service uses to send mirrored traffic to the content destination device.  
[See “Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring” on page 990.](#)
3. Configure an access profile that specifies the RADIUS-related support for subscriber secure policy on the router, including a list of one or more RADIUS authentication

servers. The router uses the list of specified servers for both authentication and dynamic request operations. You must also configure the RADIUS dynamic request feature, which provides the CoA message support used in-session traffic mirroring.

See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring” on page 991](#).

4. Ensure that the following support is also configured:

- The RADIUS record of the mirrored subscriber must include the RADIUS attributes and VSAs required for subscriber secure policy mirroring. See [“RADIUS Attributes Used for Subscriber Secure Policy” on page 980](#) for descriptions of the supported attributes used in RADIUS Accept-Accept and CoA messages.
- The mediation device must be configured to accept the mirrored content.

5. (Optional) Enable the mirroring of IPv4 multicast traffic on the router.

See [“Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic” on page 992](#).

6. (Optional) Configure SNMPv3 trap support to report mirroring-related events to the mediation device.

See [“Configuring SNMPv3 Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring” on page 1027](#).

To terminate an active subscriber mirroring session at any time.

See [“Terminating RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Traffic Mirroring” on page 992](#).

#### Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Attributes Used for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 980](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 988](#)
- [Intercept-Related Events Transmitted to the Mediation Device on page 1025](#)
- [Terminating RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Traffic Mirroring on page 992](#)

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## Guidelines for Configuring Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

The subscriber secure policy service uses the radius-flow-tap service infrastructure.

When configuring subscriber secure policy mirroring, consider the following guidelines regarding the relationship between subscriber secure policy service and the radius-flow-tap service:

- The radius-flow-tap service **[edit services radius-flow-tap]** and the flow-tap service **[edit services flow-tap]** cannot run simultaneously on the router. Therefore, flow-tap and subscriber secure policy mirroring cannot run simultaneously on the same router.
- You can configure one instance of the radius-flow-tap service on the router. Subscriber secure policy RADIUS-initiated mirroring and DTCP-initiated mirroring use the radius-flow-tap service.
- If you delete the radius-flow-tap service all subscriber secure policy mirroring stops.



- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
  - [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
  - [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)
  - [Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 990](#)

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## Configuring Tunnel Interfaces for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

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The router, acting as the IAP, uses tunnel interfaces (vt interfaces) to send mirrored traffic to the mediation device. The IAP equally distributes the mirrored traffic across the available tunnel interfaces.

Because the MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers do not support Tunnel Services PICs, you create a pool tunnel interfaces on MX Series routers at the **[edit chassis]** hierarchy level.

You can configure up to 2048 mirrored subscriber sessions per chassis.

To configure a pool of tunnel interfaces for use by subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Access the chassis configuration, and specify the slot number of the DPC, MPC, or MIC.
  - On the MX80 router, the range is 0 through 1.
  - On other MX Series routers, if two System Control Boards (SCBs), are installed, the range is 0 through 11. If three SCBs are installed, the range is 0 through 5 and 7 through 11.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# edit fpc 1
```

2. Configure the PIC number of the FPC.
  - On MX80 routers, if the FPC is 0, the PIC number can only be 0. If the FPC is 1, the PIC range is 0 through 3.
  - For all other MX Series routers, the range is 0 through 3.

```
[edit chassis fpc 1]
user@host# edit pic 1
```

3. Specify that the FPC and PIC are to be used for tunnel interfaces.

```
[edit chassis fpc 1 pic 1]
user@host# edit tunnel-services
```

4. Specify the amount of bandwidth to reserve for tunnel traffic on each Packet Forwarding Engine.
  - 1g indicates that 1 Gbps of bandwidth is reserved for tunnel traffic.
  - 10g indicates that 10 Gbps of bandwidth is reserved for tunnel traffic.

If you specify a bandwidth that is not compatible, tunnel services are not activated. For example, you cannot specify a bandwidth of 1 Gbps for a Packet Forwarding Engine on a 10-Gigabit Ethernet 4-port DPC.

```
[edit chassis fpc 1 pic 1 tunnel-services]
user@host#
user@host# set bandwidth 1g
```

5. Configure the tunnel interfaces, including the family.

To configure subscriber secure policy mirroring for IPv6 traffic, configure the tunnel interfaces for both the **inet** and **inet6** families.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set vt-1/1/0 unit 0 family inet
user@host# set vt-1/1/0 unit 0 family inet6
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)

---

## Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

Subscriber secure policy runs on the radius-flow-tap service. This topic describes the steps to configure radius-flow-tap support for RADIUS-initiated and DTCP-initiated subscriber secure policy mirroring.

To configure the radius-flow-tap service to support subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Configure the flow-tap service used for subscriber secure policy mirroring.

```
[edit services]
user@host# edit radius-flow-tap
```

2. Assign the tunnel interfaces that the radius-flow-tap service uses.

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set interfaces vt-1/1/0.0
```

If a currently used tunnel interface is deleted from the pool of interfaces, the active mirroring sessions are redistributed from the deleted interface to other tunnel interfaces in the pool. Also, when a new tunnel interface is added into the pool, the service adds the new interface to the list of interfaces available for new mirroring sessions or for existing sessions transferred from a failed interface.

3. Specify the source IP address that the radius-flow-tap service uses for mirroring. This address is used in the IP header prepended to mirrored packets that are sent to the content destination device.

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set source-ipv4-address ipv4-address
```

4. (Optional) Specify the forwarding class that is applied to the mirrored packets sent to the mediation device.

If you do not specify a forwarding class, mirrored packets inherit the forwarding class from the original packet (which is the forwarding class set by default classification that CoS applies to the packet on the ingress interface).

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set forwarding-class class-name
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 988](#)

---

## Configuring RADIUS Server Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

---

This topic describes how to configure support for the RADIUS server that initiates subscriber-based traffic mirroring. You create an access profile to specify the RADIUS server support.

To configure the router's interaction with the RADIUS server in support of subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Create the access profile and assign a name.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit profile profile-name
```

2. Specify RADIUS as the authentication method.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```

3. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server that performs authentication. This server also performs dynamic request (CoA) functions.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set radius authentication-server ip-address
```

4. Specify the secret to use when communicating with the RADIUS server.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set radius-server server-address secret password
```

5. Specify other optional RADIUS configuration settings as needed, such as accounting support.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes Used for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 980](#)

## Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic

---

This topic describes the steps to enable subscriber secure policy mirroring of IPv4 multicast traffic. You can enable and disable IPv4 multicast intercept on a per chassis basis.

To configure the radius-flow-tap service to support subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Configure the flow-tap service used for subscriber secure policy mirroring.

```
[edit services]
user@host# edit radius-flow-tap
```

2. Enable the interception of multicast traffic.

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set multicast-interception
```

### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Support for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 979](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)

## Terminating RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Traffic Mirroring

---

You can terminate RADIUS-initiated traffic mirroring sessions by the following action:

- RADIUS CoA message receipt—Terminated upon receipt of a CoA message with the VSA 26-58 (LI-Action) value of 0. The RADIUS administrator configures the LI-Action of 0 in the mirrored subscriber's RADIUS record.

### Related Documentation

- [RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 973](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)

# Overview of Subscriber Secure Policy Using DTCP

- [DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 993](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using DTCP on page 993](#)
- [DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces on page 995](#)
- [DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process on page 997](#)
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Support for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 998](#)
- [DTCP Messages Used for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 998](#)
- [DTCP Traffic Mirroring Triggers on page 999](#)
- [DTCP Attributes Used in the Header of Mirrored Traffic on page 1003](#)

## DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview

---

Dynamic Tasking Control Protocol (DTCP)-initiated mirroring creates secure policies to mirror traffic for the subscriber based on DTCP messages. The attributes in a DTCP ADD message trigger the router to start mirroring traffic and specify the interface on which the mirroring takes place. The mirroring operations can be initiated by DTCP messages as follows:

- **Subscriber login**—Mirroring starts on the specified interface when the subscriber logs in. The DTCP ADD message must be sent to the router before the subscriber logs in.
- **In-session**—Mirroring starts for all subscribers that match the trigger supplied in the DTCP ADD message when the router receives a DTCP ADD message.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using DTCP on page 993](#)
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)

## Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using DTCP

---

[Figure 29 on page 994](#) shows the architecture of the DTCP-initiated subscriber secure policy mirroring environment.

Figure 29: DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Architecture

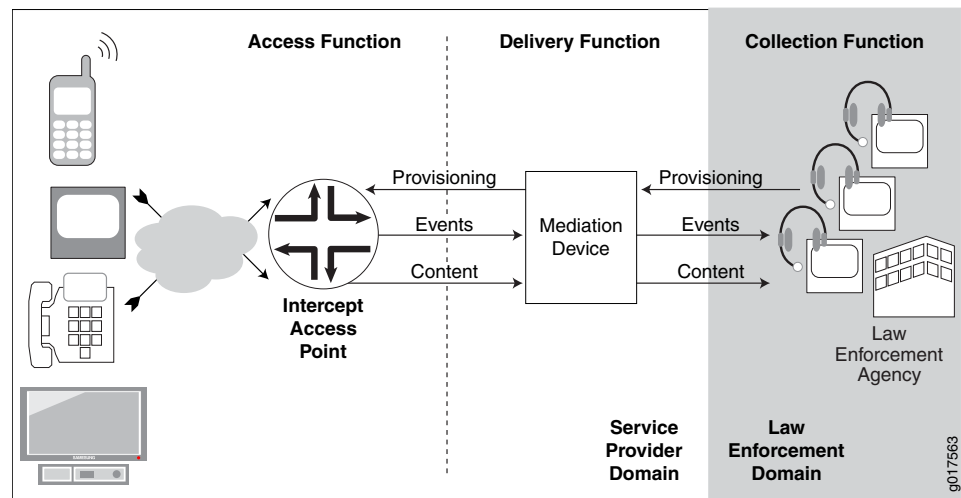


Table 95 on page 994 describes the functions and components of a DTCP-initiated subscriber secure policy traffic mirroring environment.

**Table 95: DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Functions and Components**

| Function or Component | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Collection function   | <p>The collection function is responsible for collecting intercepted content and identifying information from the delivery function.</p> <p>The collection function is the responsibility of the law-enforcement agency (LEA).</p>                                                  |
| Delivery function     | <p>The delivery function delivers information that it receives from the access function to the collection function.</p> <p>The delivery function is performed by the mediation device.</p>                                                                                          |
| Access function       | <p>The access function has access to the intercept target's traffic content and intercept-related events. It is responsible for collecting this information and sending it to the delivery function.</p> <p>The access function is performed by intercept access points (IAPs).</p> |
| Events                | Intercept-related events, such as login or logout events or mirroring session activation or deactivation. The router sends the events to the mediation device in SNMP traps.                                                                                                        |
| LEA                   | Law enforcement agency. The LEA provides intercept targets to the service provider who provisions the mediation device.                                                                                                                                                             |

**Table 95: DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Functions and Components (*continued*)**

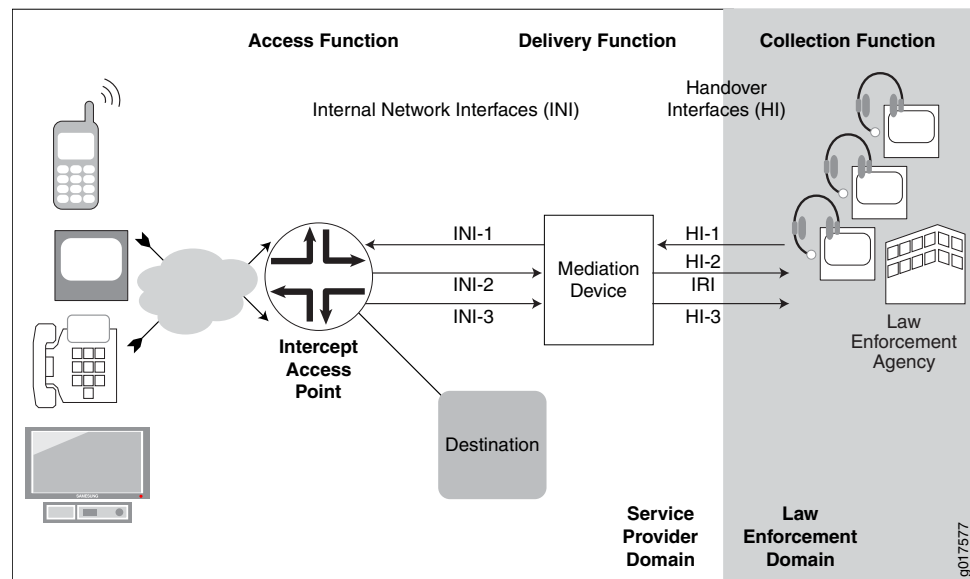
| Function or Component | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Mediation device      | <p>The mediation device receives provisioning information from the LEA, and it uses the information to send provisioning information to the IAP (the router).</p> <p>The mediation device also receives intercept-related events and intercepted content from the router, and delivers the events and content to the LEA.</p>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| IAP                   | <p>Intercept access point. In a subscriber access network the Juniper Networks router is the IAP.</p> <p>Using subscriber secure policies, the IAP intercepts traffic to and from the subscriber whose traffic is being mirrored. It encapsulates the intercepted content in a packet header and delivers it to the mediation device, while also sending the traffic to the intended destination.</p> <p>The IAP also sends intercept-related events to the mediation device using SNMP traps.</p> |

**Related Documentation**

- [DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 993](#)
- [DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces on page 995](#)
- [DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process on page 997](#)

**DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces**

Figure 30 on page 995 shows the interfaces involved in DTCP-initiated secure subscriber policy traffic mirroring.

**Figure 30: DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces**

[Table 96 on page 996](#) describes the interfaces involved in DTCP-initiated secure subscriber policy traffic mirroring.

**Table 96: DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces**

| Interface | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HI-1      | Handover Interface 1—Administrative interface between the LEA and the service provider mediation device. The LEA sends provisioning information to the mediation device on this interface.                                                                  |
| HI-2      | Handover Interface 2—Intercept-related information interface between the LEA and the mediation device that is used to deliver intercept-related events to the LEA. These events can be subscriber session events such as login, logout, and authentication. |
| HI-3      | Handover Interface 3—Intercepted content Interface between the mediation device and LEA that is used to deliver intercepted content to the LEA.                                                                                                             |
| INI-1     | Internal network Interface 1—Interface used to send DTCP messages containing intercept provisioning information from the mediation device to the router.                                                                                                    |
| INI-2     | Internal network interface 2—Interface used to send intercept-related events from the router to the mediation device. This information is sent in SNMP traps.                                                                                               |
| INI-3     | Internal network interface 3—Interface used to send intercepted content from the router to the mediation device.                                                                                                                                            |

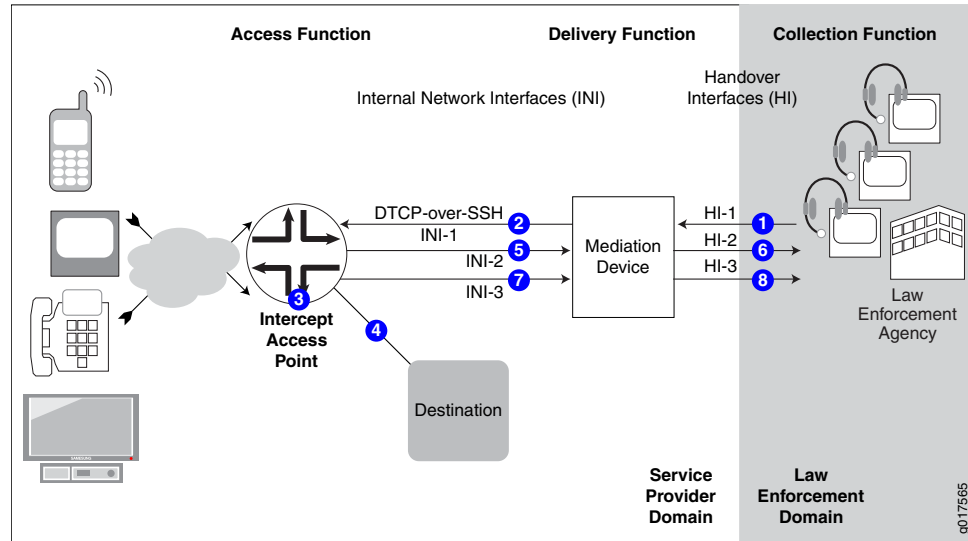
- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using DTCP on page 993](#)
  - [DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process on page 997](#)



## DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process

Figure 31 on page 997 shows the process for a DTCP-initiated subscriber mirroring operation.

Figure 31: DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Model



### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Traffic Mirroring Architecture Using DTCP on page 993](#)
- [DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Interfaces on page 995](#)
- [DTCP Messages Used for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 998](#)
- [DTCP Traffic Mirroring Triggers on page 999](#)

## Subscriber Secure Policy Support for IPv4 Multicast Traffic

---

IP multicast traffic is used for applications such as audio or video streaming, IPTV, video conferencing, or online gaming. Multicast traffic is sent to multiple subscribers who have joined a multicast group.

Secure subscriber policy allows for the mirroring of IPv4 multicast traffic sent to a specific subscriber. If multiple subscribers whose traffic requires mirroring join the same multicast session, the subscriber secure policy feature mirrors each subscriber's traffic and forwards it separately to the mediation device with the proper prepended header.

Mirroring of multicast traffic is supported only for subscribers in the default logical system.

You can enable and disable the mirroring of multicast traffic on a per-chassis basis. You cannot enable or disable it on a per-subscriber basis.

### Triggering the Mirroring of IPv4 Multicast Traffic

Multicast traffic being sent towards a subscriber does not contain much of the identifying information used to trigger mirroring of a subscriber's unicast traffic. For example, the multicast packet contains the multicast group address in the destination address of the packet instead of the subscriber's IP address. It also does not contain the user name or MAC address of the subscriber, and does not include information obtained by RADIUS or DHCP. Therefore, methods of identifying multicast traffic that is received by a subscriber are not the same as methods of identifying a subscriber's unicast traffic or multicast traffic that is sent by a subscriber.

To join a multicast group, a subscriber sends an IGMP join request, and it receives a reply. The reply contains the multicast groups to which the subscriber is registered. Triggering the mirroring of multicast traffic is based on the sending of the IGMP join request and the information in the IGMP reply. If the subscriber's unicast traffic is already being mirrored either through DTCP-initiated or RADIUS-initiated traffic mirroring, and the subscriber sends an IGMP join request, mirroring of multicast traffic sent to the subscriber is initiated. The traffic being mirrored is based on the groups contained in the IGMP reply.

**Related Documentation**

- [Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 992](#)

## DTCP Messages Used for Subscriber Secure Policy

---

You can use DTCP to provision traffic mirroring on the router by sending DTCP messages from the mediation device to the router.

There are three types of DTCP messages:

- **ADD**—Triggers mirroring of subscriber secure policy sessions. You include an attribute that triggers the router to begin mirroring a subscriber session. You can also include attributes that identify where to send the mirrored session data and how to uniquely identify traffic when simultaneous intercepts are active. The ADD message also provides

instructions to populate fields in the encapsulation header for packets sent to the mediation device.

- **LIST**—Requests information about sessions that are currently being mirrored. This information is returned in a LIST response.
- **DELETE**—Removes a subscriber mirroring trigger or can be used to disable all mirroring.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [DTCP-Initiated Traffic Mirroring Process on page 997](#)
- [DTCP Traffic Mirroring Triggers on page 999](#)
- [ADD DTCP on page 1016](#)
- [DELETE DTCP on page 1018](#)
- [LIST DTCP on page 1020](#)

## DTCP Traffic Mirroring Triggers

[Table 97 on page 999](#) lists the DTCP attributes that you can use in DTCP ADD messages to trigger traffic mirroring.

**Table 97: DTCP Mirroring Triggers for Use in ADD Messages**

| Attribute Name     | DTCP Message Semantic | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Account Session ID | X-Act-Sess-Id         | <p>Trigger that is based on the text string of the Account Session ID associated with the subscriber session.</p> <p>If the subscriber logs out, the intercept terminates. We recommend that you use other triggers to ensure that all sessions for a subscriber are intercepted.</p> |
| Calling Station ID | X-Call-Sta-Id         | <p>Trigger that is based on the text string of the Calling Station ID associated with the subscriber.</p>                                                                                                                                                                             |

Table 97: DTCP Mirroring Triggers for Use in ADD Messages (*continued*)

| Attribute Name       | DTCP Message Semantic | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IP Address           | X-IP-Addr             | <p>Trigger for the IPv4 address that is associated with a subscriber.</p> <p>If you use the IP Address trigger, and the subscriber is not using the default logical system, you must include the Logical System attribute in your DTCP message. If the subscriber is not using the default routing instance, you must include the Routing Instance attribute in your DTCP message.</p> |
| Interface Identifier | X-Interface-Id        | <p>Trigger for subscribers that are configured to use a specific router interface. All subscribers that use the interface have their traffic mirrored.</p> <p>Add this attribute as a text string that identifies the physical interface; for example, <b>ge-0/0/0.1</b> or <b>demux0.107472834</b>.</p>                                                                               |
| NAS Port ID          | X-NAS-Port-Id         | Trigger that is based on the NAS port ID of the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Remote Circuit ID    | X-RM-Circuit-Id       | <p>For DHCP subscribers, trigger that is used with the Remote Agent ID to specify the DHCP option 82 that is associated with this session to completely specify a trigger.</p> <p>For PPPoE subscribers, agent circuit ID (ACI) in the PPPoE Intermediate Agent (PPPoE IA) tag.</p>                                                                                                    |
| Remote Agent ID      | X-RM-Agent-Id         | <p>For DHCP subscribers, trigger that is used with the Remote Circuit ID to specify the session or by itself to completely specify the trigger.</p> <p>For PPPoE subscribers, agent remote identifier (ARI) in the PPPoE Intermediate Agent (PPPoE IA) tag.</p>                                                                                                                        |

Table 97: DTCP Mirroring Triggers for Use in ADD Messages (*continued*)

| Attribute Name       | DTCP Message Semantic | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Logical System       | X-Logical-System      | <p>Trigger attribute that you can use with the IP Address or Subscriber User Name triggers. It is ignored for other triggers.</p> <p>The value <b>default</b> is used if no logical system exists for the subscriber.</p>                                                                                                                                             |
| Routing Instance     | X-Router-Instance     | <p>Trigger attribute that you can use with the IP Address or Subscriber User Name triggers. It is ignored for other triggers.</p> <p>The value <b>default</b> is used if no routing instance exists for the subscriber.</p>                                                                                                                                           |
| Subscriber User Name | X-UserName            | <p>Trigger based on a subscriber username.</p> <p>If you use the Subscriber User Name trigger, and the subscriber is not using the default logical system, you must include the Logical System attribute in your DTCP message. If the subscriber is not using the default routing instance, you must include the Routing Instance attribute in your DTCP message.</p> |

## Triggering Subscriber Secure Policy for Subscribers on Dynamic Authenticated VLANs



**BEST PRACTICE:** When you have DHCPv4/DHCPv6 subscribers over VLANs, two sessions are created for each subscriber—one for the Layer 2 VLAN, and one for DHCP. In this case do not use a trigger, such as Remote Circuit ID (ACI), that applies to both the VLAN and the DHCP sessions. If the DHCP and VLAN sessions match the same trigger, the DHCP subscriber login fails and subscriber secure policy is not triggered. You need to select a traffic mirroring trigger that matches only one of these sessions.

## Order in Which Trigger Attributes Are Processed

If a subscriber matches more than one of the DTCP mirroring triggers, the router processes mirroring triggers in ADD messages in the following order:

1. Account Session ID
2. Calling Station ID
3. IP Address
4. Interface Identifier
5. NAS Port ID
6. Remote Agent ID
7. Subscriber User Name

### **Related Documentation**

- [DTCP Attributes Used in the Header of Mirrored Traffic on page 1003](#)
- [ADD DTCP on page 1016](#)
- [DELETE DTCP on page 1018](#)
- [LIST DTCP on page 1020](#)
- [Example: Using DTCP Messages to Trigger, Verify, and Disable Traffic Mirroring for Subscribers on page 1021](#)

## DTCP Attributes Used in the Header of Mirrored Traffic

When the router sends mirrored traffic to the mediation device, it encapsulates the mirrored payload in a packet header. [Table 98 on page 1003](#) lists the DTCP attributes that must be included in DTCP messages. These attributes are used to populate fields in the encapsulation header for packets that the router sends to the mediation device.

**Table 98: DTCP Attributes Used in Encapsulation Headers**

| Attribute Name                             | DTCP Message Semantic     | Description                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Intercept ID (also known as the Mirror ID) | X-MD-Intercept-Id         | Identifier that the mediation device uses to correlate traffic from a particular subscriber. This attribute uniquely identifies the subscriber when simultaneous intercepts are active. |
| Mediation Device IP Address                | X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Address | IPv4 address of the mediation device to which the router sends intercepted traffic.                                                                                                     |
| Mediation Device UDP Port                  | X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Port    | UDP port of the mediation device.                                                                                                                                                       |

## How the Session ID and the Intercept ID Track Subscribers

The packet header used when the router sends mirrored traffic to the mediation device includes the Session ID that Junos OS assigns to the subscriber session. The mediation device uses the Session ID to identify the session of the mirrored subscriber. The mediation device can use the Session ID along with the Intercept ID to track the subscriber across multiple login and logout events. The Intercept ID is constant, but the Session ID changes with each new session for the subscriber.

[Figure 32 on page 1004](#) is the mirrored packet header and payload that the router sends to the mediation device.

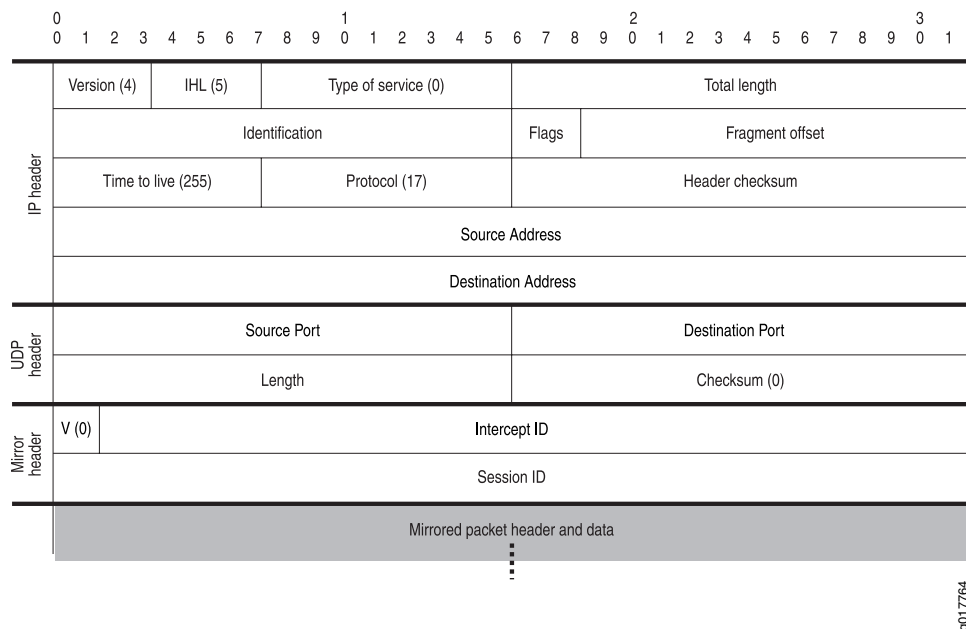
**Figure 32: Mirrored Packet Header and Payload**


Table 99 on page 1004 describes the fields in the packet header of mirrored packets.

**Table 99: Mirrored Packet Header and Payload Field Descriptions**

| Field            | Value                | Length (Bits) |
|------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| <b>IP Header</b> |                      |               |
| Version          | 4                    | 4             |
| IHL              | 5                    | 4             |
| Type of Service  | 0                    | 8             |
| Total Length     | Dynamically computed | 16            |
| Identification   | Dynamically computed | 16            |
| Flags            | Dynamically computed | 3             |
| Fragment Offset  | Dynamically computed | 13            |
| Time to Live     | 255                  | 8             |
| Protocol         | 17                   | 8             |
| Header Checksum  | Dynamically computed | 16            |



**Table 99: Mirrored Packet Header and Payload Field Descriptions** (*continued*)

| Field                   | Value                                                                                     | Length (Bits) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Source Address          | IP address of the router interface that sends mirrored traffic to the mediation device    | 32            |
| Destination Address     | IP address of the mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded (VSA 26-60)     | 32            |
| <b>UDP Header</b>       |                                                                                           |               |
| Source Port             | UDP port number on the router from which mirrored traffic is sent to the mediation device | 16            |
| Destination Port        | UDP port on the mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded (VSA 26-61)       | 16            |
| Length                  | Dynamically computed                                                                      | 16            |
| Checksum                | 0                                                                                         | 16            |
| <b>Mirror Header</b>    |                                                                                           |               |
| V (mirror header value) | 0                                                                                         | 2             |
| Intercept ID            |                                                                                           | 30            |
| Session-ID              |                                                                                           | 32            |

**Related Documentation**

- [DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 993](#)
- [ADD DTCP on page 1016](#)
- [DELETE DTCP on page 1018](#)
- [LIST DTCP on page 1020](#)
- [Example: Using DTCP Messages to Trigger, Verify, and Disable Traffic Mirroring for Subscribers on page 1021](#)



## CHAPTER 71

# Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1008](#)
- [Configuring Tunnel Interfaces for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1009](#)
- [Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1010](#)
- [Configuring the Mediation Device as a User on the Router on page 1011](#)
- [Configuring a DTCP-over-SSH Connection to the Mediation Device on page 1012](#)
- [Configuring the Mediation Device to Provision Traffic Mirroring on page 1012](#)
- [Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 1013](#)
- [Terminating DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Traffic Mirroring Sessions on page 1013](#)

## Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview

---

Before you configure subscriber secure policy traffic mirroring, note the following:

- Subscriber secure policy mirroring runs on the radius-flow-tap service infrastructure. To configure the subscriber secure policy service, you need the same privileges that are required to configure the radius-flow-tap service.
- The subscriber secure policy feature requires some system resources while mirroring, encrypting, and sending traffic to the mediation device. For example, you might elect to use a 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface for the tunnel and mediation device if you expect the amount of traffic you plan to mirror to approach 1 Gbps of actual user data.

To configure DTCP-initiated subscriber secure policy service:

1. Configure tunnel interfaces that are used to send mirrored content to the mediation device.  
  
[See “Configuring Tunnel Interfaces for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring” on page 989.](#)
2. Configure the radius-flow-tap service support for secure subscriber policy. This support includes configuring the tunnels and optional forwarding-class information that the subscriber secure policy service uses to send mirrored traffic to the content destination device.

See [“Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring”](#) on page 990.

3. Configure the mediation device as a user on the router. This user account allows the router to receive DTCP messages from the mediation device.

See [“Configuring the Mediation Device as a User on the Router”](#) on page 1011.

4. Configure the mediation device to provision traffic mirroring on the router.

See [“Configuring the Mediation Device to Provision Traffic Mirroring”](#) on page 1012.

5. Configure a DTCP-over-SSH connection to the mediation device.

See [“Configuring a DTCP-over-SSH Connection to the Mediation Device”](#) on page 1012.

6. (Optional) Enable mirroring of IPv4 multicast traffic on the router.

See [“Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic”](#) on page 992.

7. Configure SNMPv3 trap support to report mirroring information to an external device.

See [“Configuring SNMPv3 Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring”](#) on page 1027.

You can terminate an active subscriber mirroring session at any time.

See [“Terminating DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Traffic Mirroring Sessions”](#) on page 1013.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview](#) on page 993
- [Intercept-Related Events Transmitted to the Mediation Device](#) on page 1025

---

## Guidelines for Configuring Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

---

The subscriber secure policy service uses the radius-flow-tap service infrastructure.

When configuring subscriber secure policy mirroring, consider the following guidelines regarding the relationship between subscriber secure policy service and the radius-flow-tap service:

- The radius-flow-tap service [**edit services radius-flow-tap**] and the flow-tap service [**edit services flow-tap**] cannot run simultaneously on the router. Therefore, flow-tap and subscriber secure policy mirroring cannot run simultaneously on the same router.
- You can configure one instance of the radius-flow-tap service on the router. Subscriber secure policy RADIUS-initiated mirroring and DTCP-initiated mirroring use the radius-flow-tap service.
- If you delete the radius-flow-tap service all subscriber secure policy mirroring stops.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview](#) on page 971
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview](#) on page 987
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview](#) on page 1007
- [Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring](#) on page 990

## Configuring Tunnel Interfaces for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

The router, acting as the IAP, uses tunnel interfaces (vt interfaces) to send mirrored traffic to the mediation device. The IAP equally distributes the mirrored traffic across the available tunnel interfaces.

Because the MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers do not support Tunnel Services PICs, you create a pool tunnel interfaces on MX Series routers at the **[edit chassis]** hierarchy level.

You can configure up to 2048 mirrored subscriber sessions per chassis.

To configure a pool of tunnel interfaces for use by subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Access the chassis configuration, and specify the slot number of the DPC, MPC, or MIC.
  - On the MX80 router, the range is 0 through 1.
  - On other MX Series routers, if two System Control Boards (SCBs), are installed, the range is 0 through 11. If three SCBs are installed, the range is 0 through 5 and 7 through 11.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# edit fpc 1
```

2. Configure the PIC number of the FPC.
  - On MX80 routers, if the FPC is 0, the PIC number can only be 0. If the FPC is 1, the PIC range is 0 through 3.
  - For all other MX Series routers, the range is 0 through 3.

```
[edit chassis fpc 1]
user@host# edit pic 1
```

3. Specify that the FPC and PIC are to be used for tunnel interfaces.

```
[edit chassis fpc 1 pic 1]
user@host# edit tunnel-services
```

4. Specify the amount of bandwidth to reserve for tunnel traffic on each Packet Forwarding Engine.
  - 1g indicates that 1 Gbps of bandwidth is reserved for tunnel traffic.
  - 10g indicates that 10 Gbps of bandwidth is reserved for tunnel traffic.

If you specify a bandwidth that is not compatible, tunnel services are not activated. For example, you cannot specify a bandwidth of 1 Gbps for a Packet Forwarding Engine on a 10-Gigabit Ethernet 4-port DPC.

```
[edit chassis fpc 1 pic 1 tunnel-services]
user@host#
user@host# set bandwidth 1g
```

5. Configure the tunnel interfaces, including the family.

To configure subscriber secure policy mirroring for IPv6 traffic, configure the tunnel interfaces for both the `inet` and `inet6` families.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# set vt-1/1/0 unit 0 family inet
user@host# set vt-1/1/0 unit 0 family inet6
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
  - [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)

---

## Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

---

Subscriber secure policy runs on the radius-flow-tap service. This topic describes the steps to configure radius-flow-tap support for RADIUS-initiated and DTCP-initiated subscriber secure policy mirroring.

To configure the radius-flow-tap service to support subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Configure the flow-tap service used for subscriber secure policy mirroring.

```
[edit services]
user@host# edit radius-flow-tap
```

2. Assign the tunnel interfaces that the radius-flow-tap service uses.

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set interfaces vt-1/1/0.0
```

If a currently used tunnel interface is deleted from the pool of interfaces, the active mirroring sessions are redistributed from the deleted interface to other tunnel interfaces in the pool. Also, when a new tunnel interface is added into the pool, the service adds the new interface to the list of interfaces available for new mirroring sessions or for existing sessions transferred from a failed interface.

3. Specify the source IP address that the radius-flow-tap service uses for mirroring. This address is used in the IP header prepended to mirrored packets that are sent to the content destination device.

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set source-ipv4-address ipv4-address
```

4. (Optional) Specify the forwarding class that is applied to the mirrored packets sent to the mediation device.

If you do not specify a forwarding class, mirrored packets inherit the forwarding class from the original packet (which is the forwarding class set by default classification that CoS applies to the packet on the ingress interface).

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set forwarding-class class-name
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
  - [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)

- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 988](#)

## Configuring the Mediation Device as a User on the Router

---

In order for the router to receive DTCP messages from the mediation device, you need to configure the mediation device as a user on the router. To do so, create a login class that provides flow-tap operation permission and then create a login account that uses the login class.

To configure the mediation device as a user on the router:

1. Create the login class and configure **flow-tap-operation** permissions for the class.

- a. Specify that you want to configure login properties.

```
[edit system]
user@host# edit login
```

- b. Create and name the class.

```
[edit system login]
user@host# edit class class-name
```

- c. Configure the **flow-tap-operation** permission for the class.

```
[edit system login class class-name]
user@host# set permissions flow-tap-operation
```

2. Create the user login account for the mediation device.

- a. Create the user account.

```
[edit system login]
user@host# edit user username
```

- b. Configure the user ID.

```
[edit system login user username]
user@host# set uid uid-value
```

- c. Configure the class for the user account.

```
[edit system login user username]
user@host# set class class-name
```

- d. Configure the authentication for the user account.

```
[edit system login user username]
user@host# set authentication encrypted-password password
```

## Configuring a DTCP-over-SSH Connection to the Mediation Device

---

DTCP-initiated subscriber secure policy requires a DTCP-over-SSH connection for the flow-tap service. This connection is used to send provisioning information from the mediation device to the router.

To enable the DTCP-over-SSH flow-tap service to support subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Access the **flow-tap-dtcp** service.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit flow-tap-dtcp
```

2. Enable SSH support for DTCP.

```
[edit system services flow-tap-dtcp]
user@host# set ssh
```

3. (Optional) Configure maximum number of established connections allowed for the DTCP service.

```
[edit system services flow-tap-service ssh]
user@host# set connection-limit limit
```

4. (Optional) Configure the maximum number of connection attempts allowed per minute for DTCP.

```
[edit system services flow-tap-service ssh]
user@host# set rate-limit limit
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)

## Configuring the Mediation Device to Provision Traffic Mirroring

---

To set up the mediation device to provision traffic mirroring on the router, use the following DTCP messages:

- To configure traffic-mirroring triggers, use the **ADD DTCP** message.
- To remove an existing traffic-mirroring trigger, use the **DELETE DTCP** message.
- To show existing traffic-mirroring triggers, use the **LIST DTCP** message.

For an example of how to use the DTCP messages, see “[Example: Using DTCP Messages to Trigger, Verify, and Disable Traffic Mirroring for Subscribers](#)” on page 1021.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)



## Enabling Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring for IPv4 Multicast Traffic

---

This topic describes the steps to enable subscriber secure policy mirroring of IPv4 multicast traffic. You can enable and disable IPv4 multicast intercept on a per chassis basis.

To configure the radius-flow-tap service to support subscriber secure policy mirroring:

1. Configure the flow-tap service used for subscriber secure policy mirroring.

```
[edit services]
user@host# edit radius-flow-tap
```

2. Enable the interception of multicast traffic.

```
[edit services radius-flow-tap]
user@host# set multicast-interception
```

### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Support for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 979](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)

## Terminating DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Traffic Mirroring Sessions

---

You can terminate DTCP-initiated traffic mirroring sessions by the following action:

- DTCP DELETE message receipt—Terminated upon receipt of a DTCP DELETE message. The DTCP administrator configures the DELETE message to include the same mirroring attributes that are used in the ADD message to initiate mirroring.

### Related Documentation

- [DELETE DTCP on page 1018](#)
- [DTCP Messages Used for Subscriber Secure Policy on page 998](#)



## CHAPTER 72

# DTCP Messages Used for DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

- Example: Using DTCP Messages to Trigger, Verify, and Disable Traffic Mirroring for Subscribers on page 1021

## ADD DTCP

---

**Syntax**    **ADD DTCP/0.7**  
              **Csource-ID:** *user-name*  
              **Cdest-ID:** *variable*  
              **Priority:** *priority-number*  
              **X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Address:** *ipv4-address*  
              **X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Port:** *udp-port*  
              **X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Address:** *ipv4-address*  
              **X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Port:** *port-number*  
              **X-JTap-Cdest-TTL:** *time-to-live*  
              **Dtcp-trigger:** *trigger-value*  
              **Dtcp-attribute:** *attribute-value*  
              **Flags:** *flag*  
              **Seq:** *sequence-number*  
              **Authentication-Info:** *ssh-authentication-string*

**Description**    Specify the DTCP attributes used in ADD messages to cause the router to trigger traffic mirroring and provide instructions to populate fields in the encapsulation header for packets sent to the mediation device.

The DTCP ADD message can be sent either before or after subscribers log in through the interface.

**Options**        **Csource-ID:** *user-name*—Username on the router. This username must be configured as a DTCP user on the router using the **set system login class** or **set system login user** statements.

**Cdest-ID:** *variable*—ID of the mediation device.

**Flags:** *flag*—STATIC is the only flag supported.

**Priority:** *priority-number*—This implementation of DTCP does not use the priority number.

**X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Address:** *ipv4-address*—Destination IPv4 address of the mediation device to which intercepted packets are sent.

**X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Port:** *udp-port*—Destination port of the mediation device to which intercepted packets are sent.

**X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Address:** *ipv4-address*—Source IPv4 address. You must include this attribute in your ADD messages. If the value entered does not match the value configured on the router using the **set services radius-flow-tap source-ipv4-address source-ipv4-address** statement, it is replaced by configured value.

**X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Port:** *port-number*—Source port. You must include this attribute in your ADD messages. If the value entered does not match the value of X-Jtap-Cdest-Dest-Port, it is ignored.

**X-JTap-Cdest-TTL:** *time-to-live*—TTL value to be used in the forwarded packet.

**Dtcp-trigger: trigger-value**—DTCP attribute used to trigger traffic mirroring. “[DTCP Traffic Mirroring Triggers](#)” on page 999 lists the DTCP attributes that you can use in DTCP ADD messages to trigger traffic mirroring.

**Dtcp-attribute: attribute-value**—DTCP attribute included in the ADD messages. “[DTCP Traffic Mirroring Triggers](#)” on page 999 lists the DTCP attributes that you can use in ADD messages.

**Seq: sequence-number**—Number added by the mediation device. DTCP messages contain a monotonically increasing sequence number for each successive message.

**Authentication-Info: ssh-authentication-string**—String used when you are using SSH to connect to the router.

**Required Privilege Level** Not applicable.

### Sample Output

```
ADD DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: ft-user1
Cdest-ID: cd1
Priority: 2
X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Address: 10.10.2.50
X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Port: 7890
X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Address: 10.10.2.9
X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Port: 12321
X-Interface-Id: ge-0/0/2.1
X-MD-Intercept-Id: 55667788
Flags: STATIC
Seq: 1
Authentication-Info: c16d2d9d1679facf0c4a66683af6114d341e4033

DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 7
CRITERIA-ID: 2
TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 15:56:49.609
```

## DELETE DTCP

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | DELETE DTCP/0.7<br>Csource-ID: <i>user-name</i><br>CRITERIA-ID: <i>criteria-id</i><br>Cdest-ID: <i>variable</i><br>Flags: <i>flag</i><br>Seq: <i>sequence-number</i><br>Authentication-Info: <i>ssh-authentication-string</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable traffic mirroring for a subscriber. Mirroring of the existing subscriber is stopped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>Csource-ID: <i>user-name</i></b>—Username on the router. This name must be configured on the router.</p> <p><b>CRITERIA-ID: <i>criteria-id</i></b>—ID that DTCP assigns for the mirrored session when you create a DTCP ADD message. Use this ID in your DELETE messages to disable the intercept for a specific subscriber. To view the ID, use the DTCP LIST message. The CRITERIA-ID and the Cdest-ID are mutually exclusive in DELETE messages.</p> <p><b>Cdest-ID: <i>variable</i></b>—ID of the mediation device. Use this ID in your DELETE messages to remove all mirroring sessions associated with a mediation device. The Cdest-ID and the CRITERIA-ID are mutually exclusive in DELETE messages.</p> <p><b>Flags: <i>flag</i></b>—STATIC is the only flag supported.</p> <p><b>Seq: <i>sequence-number</i></b>—Number added by the mediation device. DTCP messages contain a monotonically increasing sequence number for each successive message.</p> <p><b>Authentication-Info: <i>ssh-authentication-string</i></b>—String used when you are using SSH to connect to the router.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | Not applicable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">DELETE DTCP on page 1018</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

### Sample Output

The following sample shows how to disable mirroring for a specific subscriber by using the CRITERIA-ID.

```
DELETE DTCP
DELETE DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1
CRITERIA-ID: 2
Flags: STATIC
Seq: 10
Authentication-Info: 7e84ae871b12f2da023b038774115bb8d955f17e

DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 10
CRITERIA-COUNT: 1
```

TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 16:00:02.802  
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 2834ff32ec07d84753a046cfb552e072cc27d50b

## LIST DTCP

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | LIST DTCP/0.7<br>Csource-ID: <i>user-name</i><br>Cdest-ID: <i>variable</i><br>Seq: <i>sequence-number</i><br>Authentication-Info: <i>ssh-authentication-string</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Request information that is returned in a LIST response. The response lists triggers only. It does not return sessions that are being mirrored.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>Csource-ID: <i>user-name</i></b> —Username on the router. This name must be configured on the router.<br><br><b>Cdest-ID: <i>variable</i></b> —ID of the mediation device.<br><br><b>Seq: <i>sequence-number</i></b> —Number added by the mediation device. DTCP messages contain a monotonically increasing sequence number for each successive message.<br><br><b>Authentication-Info: <i>ssh-authentication-string</i></b> —String used when you are using SSH to connect to the router. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | Not applicable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">LIST DTCP on page 1020</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

### Sample Output

```
LIST DTCP
LIST DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1
Cdest-ID: cd1
Seq: 9
Authentication-Info: f6dd64643021debb167ce2fb2d3c7b6622a87e09

DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 9
TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 15:57:47.667
CRITERIA-ID: 2
CSOURCE-ID: dtcp1
CDEST-ID: cd1
CSOURCE-ADDRESS: 10.10.4.224
FLAGS: Static
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-ADDRESS: 192.0.40.168
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-PORT: 65535
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-ADDRESS: 198.15.0.10
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-PORT: 50000
X-JTAP-CDEST-TTL: 64
X-INTERFACE-ID: demux0.30010002
X-MD-INTERCEPT-ID: 0x0101010130010002
CRITERIA-NUM: 1
CRITERIA-COUNT: 0

CRITERIA-ID: 3
CSOURCE-ID: dtcp1
CDEST-ID: cd1
```



```

CSOURCE-ADDRESS: 10.10.4.224
FLAGS: Static
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-ADDRESS: 192.0.40.168
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-PORT: 65535
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-ADDRESS: 198.15.0.10
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-PORT: 50000
X-JTAP-CDEST-TTL: 64
X-INTERFACE-ID: demux0.30010001
X-MD-INTERCEPT-ID: 0x0101010130010001
CRITERIA-NUM: 2
CRITERIA-COUNT: 2
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 361171ccb24dde6afe8ef66021287f9b8ac16028

```

## Example: Using DTCP Messages to Trigger, Verify, and Disable Traffic Mirroring for Subscribers

This example shows how to create DTCP messages to do the following:

- Trigger traffic mirroring for two subscribers based on interface ID.
- Verify that subscriber traffic on the two interfaces is being mirrored.
- Disable traffic mirroring on the two subscriber interfaces.
- Verify that traffic mirroring was stopped on the two subscriber interfaces.

In this example, SSH is being used to communicate with the router.

### Creating DTCP ADD Messages to Trigger Traffic Mirroring

This section shows examples of DTCP ADD messages on a mediation device that use the interface ID to trigger traffic mirroring on interfaces **demux0.30010002** and **demux0.30010001**.

```

ADD DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1
Cdest-ID: cd1
Priority: 2
X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Address: 192.0.40.168
X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Port: 65535
X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Address: 198.15.0.10
X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Port: 50000
X-JTap-Cdest-TTL: 64
X-Interface-Id: demux0.30010002 /*Used as trigger*/
X-MD-Intercept-Id: 0x0101010130010002
Flags: STATIC
Seq: 7
Authentication-Info: c16d2d9d1679facf0c4a66683af6114d341e4033

```

```

DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 7
CRITERIA-ID: 2
TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 15:56:49.609
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 4880de4b8cead98c95813fd9b95e240b107d4693

```

```

ADD DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1

```

```
Cdest-ID: cd1
Priority: 2
X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Address: 192.0.40.168
X-JTap-Cdest-Dest-Port: 65535
X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Address: 198.15.0.10
X-JTap-Cdest-Source-Port: 50000
X-JTap-Cdest-TTL: 64
X-Interface-Id: demux0.30010001 /*Used as trigger*/
X-MD-Intercept-Id: 0x0101010130010001
Flags: STATIC
Seq: 8
Authentication-Info: dc3c55481a3810c7dd29fdc1b4681d978ff4e7c4

DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 8
CRITERIA-ID: 3
TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 15:57:20.640
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 4b31ef1311647e5ba52d2d5d4237b9e5beaa47b7
```

## Using LIST Messages to Verify That Subscriber Traffic Is Being Mirrored

This section shows examples of a LIST message on the mediation device. The LIST message requests information about the subscribers being mirrored. The information is returned in a LIST response. The response shows that traffic for the two interfaces—**demux0.30010002** and **demux0.30010001**—is being mirrored.

```
LIST DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1
Cdest-ID: cd1
Seq: 9
Authentication-Info: f6dd64643021debb167ce2fb2d3c7b6622a87e09
```

```
DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 9
TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 15:57:47.667
CRITERIA-ID: 2
CSOURCE-ID: dtcp1
CDEST-ID: cd1
CSOURCE-ADDRESS: 10.10.4.224
FLAGS: Static
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-ADDRESS: 192.0.40.168
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-PORT: 65535
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-ADDRESS: 198.15.0.10
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-PORT: 50000
X-JTAP-CDEST-TTL: 64
X-INTERFACE-ID: demux0.30010002 /*subscriber interface*/
X-MD-INTERCEPT-ID: 0x0101010130010002
CRITERIA-NUM: 1
CRITERIA-COUNT: 0
```

```
CRITERIA-ID: 3
CSOURCE-ID: dtcp1
CDEST-ID: cd1
CSOURCE-ADDRESS: 10.10.4.224
FLAGS: Static
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-ADDRESS: 192.0.40.168
X-JTAP-CDEST-DEST-PORT: 65535
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-ADDRESS: 198.15.0.10
X-JTAP-CDEST-SOURCE-PORT: 50000
```

```

X-JTAP-CDEST-TTL: 64
X-INTERFACE-ID: demux0.30010001 /*subscriber interface*/
X-MD-INTERCEPT-ID: 0x0101010130010001
CRITERIA-NUM: 2
CRITERIA-COUNT: 2
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 361171ccb24dde6afe8ef66021287f9b8ac16028

```

## Using DELETE Messages to Remove Traffic Mirroring Triggers

This section shows examples of DELETE messages used to remove traffic mirroring triggers on **demux0.30010001** and **demux0.30010002**. The CRITERIA-ID is used to identify the specific mirroring session.

```

DELETE DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1
CRITERIA-ID: 2
Flags: STATIC
Seq: 10
Authentication-Info: 7e84ae871b12f2da023b038774115bb8d955f17e

```

```

DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 10
CRITERIA-COUNT: 1
TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 16:00:02.802
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 2834ff32ec07d84753a046cfb552e072cc27d50b

```

```

DELETE DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1
CRITERIA-ID: 3
Flags: STATIC
Seq: 12
Authentication-Info: 7653fd94659a7183a990bdea654a1b97c0895348

```

```

DTCP/0.7 200 OK
SEQ: 12
CRITERIA-COUNT: 1
TIMESTAMP: 2011-02-13 16:01:35.895
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 7cd8171057a327434e1b2d9b35f43b88305f9a74

```

## Verifying That Traffic Mirroring Was Stopped on the Subscriber Interfaces

This section shows an example of a LIST message used to show that traffic mirroring on **demux0.30010001** and **demux0.30010002** is disabled.

```

LIST DTCP/0.7
Csource-ID: dtcp1
Cdest-ID: cd1
Seq: 13
Authentication-Info: 7c9f825427cfeaecebb0d13ea3842af1021c7d26

```

```

DTCP/0.7 430 Unknown Content Destination
SEQ: 13
AUTHENTICATION-INFO: 5ca2eec65106354fe59c878b4c36b7de3c511acd

```

- Related Documentation**
- [DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 993](#)
  - [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)



# Reporting Intercept-Related Events for Subscriber Secure Policy

- [Intercept-Related Events Transmitted to the Mediation Device on page 1025](#)
- [SNMP Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy LAES Compliance on page 1025](#)
- [Configuring SNMPv3 Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1027](#)
- [Example: SNMPv3 Traps Configuration for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1027](#)

## Intercept-Related Events Transmitted to the Mediation Device

---

You can use SNMPv3 traps to report intercept-related events to the mediation device. These events include identifying information for subscribers, such as username or IP address, and subscriber session events, such as login or logout events or mirroring session activation or deactivation. The router sends the events to the mediation device in SNMP traps. Using SNMPv3 provides secure traps that are visible only to authorized individuals on the intended secure mediation device. The traps help support compliance with the Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act (CALEA), which defines electronic surveillance guidelines for telecommunications companies.

The supported SNMPv3 traps map to messages defined by the *Lawfully Authorized Electronic Surveillance (LAES) for IP Network Access, American Nation Standard For Telecommunications*. “[SNMP Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy LAES Compliance](#)” on [page 1025](#) describes the supported SNMPv3 traps and their related LAES messages.

### Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)
- [Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007](#)
- [SNMP Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy LAES Compliance on page 1025](#)
- [Example: SNMPv3 Traps Configuration for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1027](#)

## SNMP Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy LAES Compliance

---

[Table 100 on page 1026](#) describes the SNMPv3 traps that subscriber secure policy mirroring uses to provide information that maps to messages defined in the *Lawfully Authorized Electronic Surveillance (LAES) for IP Network Access, American National Standard for*

*Telecommunications*. These messages enable subscriber secure policy to comply with the *Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act* (CALEA). The Juniper Packet Mirroring MIB, **jnx-js-packet-mirror.mib**, provides the SNMP trap.

**Table 100: Subscriber Secure Policy SNMPv3 Traps for LAES Messages**

| SNMPv3 Trap                                     | LAES Message                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| jnxPacketMirrorLiSubscriberLoggedIn             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>access-attempt</b> (implied)</li> <li>• <b>access-session-accept</b></li> <li>• <b>packet-data-session-start</b></li> </ul>                                                                                  | A subscriber, who is identified to have a mirrored service that is activated at login, has successfully logged in.                       |
| jnxPacketMirrorSessionLiSubscriberLogInFailed   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>access-attempt</b> (implied)</li> <li>• <b>access-failed</b> (all termination reasons except authentication-reject)</li> <li>• <b>access-reject</b> (termination reason is authentication-reject)</li> </ul> | A subscriber, who is identified to have a mirrored service that is activated at login, has failed to log in.                             |
| jnxPacketMirrorInterfaceLiSubscriberLoggedOut   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>access-session-end</b></li> <li>• <b>packet-data-session-end</b></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                  | A subscriber, who had an active mirrored service, has logged out.                                                                        |
| jnxPacketMirrorInterfaceLiServiceActivated      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>packet-data-session-already-established</b></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                       | A mirrored session has been activated.                                                                                                   |
| jnxPacketMirrorSessionLiServiceActivationFailed | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | A mirrored session for a subscriber has failed.                                                                                          |
| jnxPacketMirrorSessionLiServiceDeactivated      | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | A mirrored session for an established subscriber has been deactivated.                                                                   |
| jnxPacketMirrorMirroringFailure                 | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>A mirrored service request failed due to an invalid value in the request.</p> <p>Note: This trap is not related to LAES messages.</p> |
| jnxPacketMirrorTriggerType                      | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The type of trigger that caused the mirroring session to be activated.                                                                   |
| jnxPacketMirrorCallingStationIdentifier         | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The calling station ID of the subscriber whose traffic is currently being mirrored.                                                      |
| jnxPacketMirrorNasIdentifier                    | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The NAS ID of the session in which traffic is being mirrored.                                                                            |
| jnxPacketMirrorTargetIPv6Address                | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The IPv6 address of the subscriber interface that is being mirrored.                                                                     |

- Related Documentation**
- [Intercept-Related Events Transmitted to the Mediation Device on page 1025](#)
  - [Example: SNMPv3 Traps Configuration for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1027](#)

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## Configuring SNMPv3 Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

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This topic provides an overview of the SNMPv3 configuration process as it pertains to subscriber secure policy. The steps are described in detail in Chapter 7, “Configuring SNMPv3” in the *Junos OS Network Management Configuration Guide*.

To configure SNMPv3 trap support for subscriber secure policy and to send the trap information to the mediation device:

1. Configure the MIB view.  
See [Configuring MIB Views](#).
2. Configure the trap notification and trap notification filter. See the following topics:
  - [Configuring the SNMPv3 Trap Notification](#)
  - [Configuring the Trap Notification Filter](#)
3. Configure the target device. The target device is the mediation device that receives the trap information.  
See [Configuring SNMPv3 Traps on a Device Running Junos OS](#).
4. Configure the SNMPv3 user, authentication method and password, and privacy method and password. See the following topics:
  - [Creating SNMPv3 Users](#)
  - [Configuring the SNMPv3 Authentication Type](#)
  - [Configuring the Encryption Type](#)
5. Configure user access privileges to management information.  
See [Defining Access Privileges for an SNMP Group](#).

- Related Documentation**
- [Intercept-Related Events Transmitted to the Mediation Device on page 1025](#)
  - [SNMP Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy LAES Compliance on page 1025](#)
  - [Example: SNMPv3 Traps Configuration for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1027](#)
  - For information about SNMPv3, see the *Junos OS Network Management Configuration Guide*

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## Example: SNMPv3 Traps Configuration for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring

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This example shows an SNMP configuration that provides SNMPv3 trap support.

Configure the SNMPv3 trap support at the `[edit snmp]` hierarchy level.

```
[edit snmp]
view system {
 oid 1.3.6.1.2.1.1 include;
}
view all {
 oid .1 include;
}
v3 {
 notify n1 {
 type trap;
 tag mediation8;
 }
 notify-filter nf1 {
 oid .1 include;
 }
 target-address london-1 {
 address 172.19.87.240; # Address of the mediation device receiving the traps
 port 162;
 tag-list mediation-8;
 target-parameters tp1 {
 parameters {
 message-processing-model v3;
 security-model usm;
 security-level authentication;
 security-name mediation-device1; # Name of the mediation device
 }
 notify-filter nf1;
 }
 }
}
usm {
 local-engine {
 user mediation-device1 { # Name of the mediation device
 authentication-md5 {
 authentication-key
 "yourAuthenticationKey"
 }
 privacy-des {
 privacy-password "yourPrivacyPassword"
 }
 }
 }
}
vacm {
 access {
 group london-10 {
 default-context-prefix {
 security-model usm {
 security-level privacy {
 read-view system;
 notify-view all;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```



```
}
security-to-group {
 security-model usm {
 security-name mediation-device1 { # Name of the mediation device
 group london-10;
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
- [Configuring SNMPv3 Traps for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 1027](#)
- For information about SNMPv3, see the *[Junos OS Network Management Configuration Guide](#)*



## PART 16

# Protocols for Subscriber Access

- [ANCP Overview on page 1033](#)
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1041](#)
- [Dynamic IGMP Configuration Overview on page 1059](#)
- [Dynamic MLD Configuration Overview on page 1061](#)
- [Dynamic Router Advertisement Overview on page 1063](#)



# ANCP Overview

- [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjusting by ANCP on page 1036](#)

## ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview

---

This topic describes ANCP as a means to monitor and modify subscriber traffic in the access network.

Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) acts as a control plane between a service-oriented Layer 3 edge device and a Layer 2 access node. The access nodes are known as ANCP *neighbors*. Queuing and scheduling mechanisms for subscriber traffic must avoid congestion within the access network while contending with multiple flows and distinct CoS requirements. These mechanisms require the edge device—a network access server (NAS)—to provide information about the access network and subscriber traffic.

ANCP always reports upstream and downstream traffic rates to AAA. You can configure ANCP to also report traffic rates to CoS. ANCP includes header information in its rate calculations, whereas the DSLAM does not. Consequently, by default the ANCP-reported traffic rate is higher than the actual rate. You can configure ANCP to adjust the received rates to provide more accurate information to CoS.

You can monitor ANCP events and operations by including the **traceoptions** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

- [Topology Discovery on page 1033](#)
- [Subscriber Services on page 1034](#)
- [ANCP Interfaces and Access Circuit Identifiers on page 1034](#)
- [ANCP Neighbors on page 1035](#)

## Topology Discovery

The NAS uses topology discovery to get this information from the access node, typically a DSL access multiplexer (DSLAM). The information includes:

- Topology of the access network
- DSL line state

- Actual upstream and downstream net data rates of a synchronized DSL link
- Maximum attainable upstream and downstream net data rates
- Interleaving delay

## Subscriber Services

The NAS receives the service profile for the subscribers from a RADIUS server. Most of the services are enforced by the NAS itself. The NAS shapes the aggregate egress traffic to subscribers based on the local loop throughput reported by the DSLAM. This traffic shaping optimizes traffic flow while avoiding traffic drops in the access node.

Some service attributes, such as interleaving delay and multicast channel information, are enforced at the access node. ANCP provides the line configuration mechanism that the edge device can use to pass the line configuration on to the access nodes. Typically, multiple profiles are provisioned on the access node. The NAS instructs the access node which profile to use for a given subscriber.

Subscribers typically receive some combination of voice, data, and video services. Each service can be provisioned on a VLAN. A subscriber might receive only a single service over a single VLAN configured on a logical interface. A group of VLANs carrying services to a subscriber is an *interface set*. Subscribers are identified based on the unique access identifier that is configured on the access node through which they receive traffic. You must configure this access identifier to associate it with the logical interface or interface set. When ANCP receives a port management message from an access node, it uses the access identifier contained in the message to determine which logical interface or interface set corresponds to the subscriber.

## ANCP Interfaces and Access Circuit Identifiers

You can configure a logical interface by specifying the interface name at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces]** hierarchy level. Include the **access-identifier** statement when you do so to associate the access identifier with the interface. You can configure an interface set by including the **interface-set** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces]** hierarchy level. Associate the access identifier with the interface set by including the **access-identifier** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-sets interface-set-name]** hierarchy level.

The access identifier must be unique for a given neighbor (access node) or across the network. When it is unique per neighbor, you must associate a neighbor with each access identifier. To do so, include the **neighbor** statement with the **access-identifier** statement for both interfaces and interface sets.

Some access nodes might not be running the current IETF implementation of ANCP. Instead, they run an earlier version. You can enable ANCP to operate in backwards-compatible mode with all neighbors by including the **pre-ietf-mode** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

You can control how many discovery table entries are accepted from any neighbor by including the **maximum-discovery-table-entries** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

## ANCP Neighbors

ANCP exchanges adjacency messages with neighbors. If an adjacency message is not received from a neighbor within the expected period, then the neighbor is considered to be down and is disconnected. You can adjust how long ANCP waits for adjacency messages from all neighbors by including the **adjacency-timer** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. The interval between adjacency messages is automatically set to one-third the value of the adjacency timer.

ANCP can monitor and shape traffic only for access nodes that are configured as ANCP neighbors. Neighbors can establish TCP connections with the NAS. You can configure an access node as an ANCP neighbor by including the **neighbor** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

You can also configure parameters for a specific neighbor to override global or default configurations by including any of the following statements at the **[edit protocols ancp neighbor ip-address]** hierarchy level:

- **adjacency-timer**—Adjust the interval between adjacency messages exchanged with this neighbor.
- **ietf-mode**—Prevent ANCP from operating in a backwards-compatible mode for this neighbor; for neighbors that use the current IETF implementation of ANCP.
- **maximum-discovery-table-entries**—Specify how many discovery table entries are accepted from this neighbor.
- **pre-ietf-mode**—Enable ANCP to operate in a backwards-compatible mode for this neighbor; for neighbors that use the original IETF implementation of ANCP rather than the current implementation.

### Related Documentation

- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjusting by ANCP on page 1036](#)
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
- [Triggering ANCP OAM on page 1051](#)

## Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjusting by ANCP

---

ANCP monitors the subscriber traffic from the DSLAM and always reports upstream and downstream traffic rates to AAA in response to a AAA request. ANCP reports only downstream data rates to CoS, and reports to CoS only when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

CoS can avoid traffic drops in the access node by adjusting the traffic shaping rate that it applies to a particular VLAN or set of VLANs. ANCP can affect the shaping rate applied by CoS. When ANCP removes a shaping rate that it previously applied, then the traffic shaping rate reverts to that configured in the CLI for CoS. If ANCP remains running but loses a connection to a particular neighbor whose subscriber traffic is adjusted as a result of ANCP, the adjusted rate remains in effect. The rate currently in effect changes only if ANCP restores the connection and sends fresh updates to CoS, or if you remove the **qos-adjust** statement.

- [Traffic Rate Adjustment on page 1036](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Shaping Scenarios on page 1037](#)
- [Recommended Traffic Shaping Rates on page 1038](#)
- [ANCP Keepalives on page 1038](#)

### Traffic Rate Adjustment

When a DSLAM calculates the data rate on the subscriber local loop, it ignores the additional headers on the DSL line that are associated with the overhead of the access mode (ATM or Ethernet). However, when ANCP subsequently reports the upstream data rate or the downstream data rate, it includes the headers in its calculation and therefore reports a slightly higher value than the actual data rate seen by the DSLAM. This discrepancy reduces the accuracy of the CoS shaping rate.

CoS can take this overhead into consideration when it shapes traffic based on the static configuration of the CoS **overhead-accounting** statement in a traffic control profile at the **[edit class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name]** hierarchy level. ANCP can dynamically adjust the traffic rate that it reports according to the values you configure with one or more of the **qos-adjust-dsl-line-type** statements at the **[edit [protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

Each of these statements sets an adjustment factor for a particular DSL line type such as ADS1 or VDS2. The adjustment factor is a percentage value that ANCP applies to the downstream and upstream data rates it receives from the DSLAM and may subsequently report. That is, you configure the statements for all relevant line types, and ANCP applies the appropriate adjustment when it identifies the line type for the interface. The adjustment factor applies globally for all subscribers of the DSL line type associated with the statement: ADSL, ADSL2, ADSL+, SDS1, VDS1, or VDS2.

The **qos-adjust-dsl-line-type** statements are enabled by default with an adjustment factor of 100 percent. ANCP applies this adjustment factor to the DSLAM-reported rates for all line types. In other words, ANCP effectively makes no adjustment to the rates. In this case, when ANCP is configured to report rates to CoS, it simply reports the rates that it



receives from the DSLAM. If overhead accounting is configured in the CoS traffic control profile, CoS then applies the profile's adjustment to the rate reported by ANCP. If overhead accounting is not configured in the traffic control profile, then CoS does not adjust the rate received from ANCP.

In some circumstances you might wish for CoS to adjust the traffic rate for overhead even though you have configured ANCP to report rates to CoS (**qos-adjust** statement) and to adjust the rate (**qos-adjust-dsl-line-type** statement). You can include the ANCP **overhead-accounting** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-name]** hierarchy level to override the ANCP **qos-adjust-dsl-line-type** statements, thus preventing ANCP from dynamically adjusting the line rate it reports to CoS. CoS consequently adjusts the traffic rate based only on its static configuration. The ANCP **overhead-accounting** statement applies to a particular ACI, so you must also include the ANCP **access-identifier identifier-string** statement for the same interface.

## Traffic Rate Reporting and Shaping Scenarios

Table 101 on page 1037 lists combinations of ANCP and CoS configurations and their consequences for traffic rate reporting and shaping. In this example, the following configuration applies:

- The DSL line type is ADSL.
- The ADSL adjustment factor is set to 85 percent.
- The value for Actual-Net-Data-Rate-Downstream is 1 Mbps.
- The value for Actual-Net-Data-Rate-Upstream is 5 Mbps.
- A CoS traffic control profile named **tcp1** is configured as follows.

```
traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 shaping-rate 5M
 overhead-accounting bytes 124
 }
}
```

Table 101: ANCP Traffic Rate Reporting and Shaping Scenarios

| Scenario | ANCP configuration includes the overhead-accounting statement | ANCP configuration includes the qos-adjust statement | CoS configuration includes the tcp1 traffic control profile | Traffic rate adjusted by | Expected Rate |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 1        | No                                                            | No                                                   | Yes                                                         | CoS                      | <5Mbps        |
| 2        | Yes                                                           | No                                                   | Yes                                                         | CoS                      | <5Mbps        |
| 3        | No                                                            | Yes                                                  | Yes                                                         | ANCP and CoS             | <1Mbps        |
| 4        | Yes                                                           | Yes                                                  | Yes                                                         | CoS                      | <1Mbps        |
| 5        | No                                                            | Yes                                                  | No                                                          | ANCP                     | <1Mbps        |

- Scenario 1—ANCP adjusts the rate it receives from the DSLAM. ANCP does not report any rate to CoS. CoS adjusts the traffic rate because ANCP does not report to CoS. The expected final traffic rate is the **tcp1** shaping rate minus the adjustments performed by CoS based on the overhead accounting bytes in the profile, or 5 Mbps - 124 bps.
- Scenario 2—ANCP does not adjust the rate it receives from the DSLAM. ANCP does not report any rate to CoS. CoS adjusts the traffic rate because ANCP does not report to CoS. The expected final traffic rate is the **tcp1** shaping rate minus the adjustments performed by CoS based on the overhead accounting bytes in the profile, or 5 Mbps - 124 bps.
- Scenario 3—ANCP adjusts the rate it receives from the DSLAM. ANCP reports the adjusted rate to CoS. CoS then applies an overhead adjustment to the ANCP-adjusted rate. The CoS adjustment is determined by the overhead accounting bytes set in the traffic control profile, **tcp1**. The expected final traffic rate is the product of the DSLAM-reported rate times the ANCP adjustment factor for the line, minus the adjustments performed by CoS based on the overhead accounting bytes in the profile, or (1 Mbps x 0.85) - 124 bps.
- Scenario 4—ANCP does not adjust the rate it receives from the DSLAM. ANCP reports the unadjusted rate to CoS. CoS applies the overhead adjustment set in the traffic control profile, **tcp1**, to the unadjusted rate received from ANCP. The expected final traffic rate is the DSLAM-reported rate minus the adjustments performed by CoS based on the overhead accounting bytes in the profile, or 1 Mbps - 124 bps.
- Scenario 5—ANCP adjusts the rate it receives from the DSLAM. ANCP reports the adjusted rate to CoS. CoS has no traffic control profile, so it does not further adjust the rate received from ANCP. The expected final traffic rate is the product of the DSLAM-reported rate times the ANCP adjustment factor for the line, or 1 Mbps x 0.85.

## Recommended Traffic Shaping Rates

To handle a situation where the router does not receive information from the access node about the downstream and upstream calculated traffic rates for an interface, you can specify recommended values for shaping the traffic sent to the interface so that it matches the subscriber local loop speed. The values you configure are used as the default values for the Juniper VSAs Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26-141) and Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26-142). To set the recommended shaping rate, include the **advisory-options** statement at the **[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]** hierarchy level.

## ANCP Keepalives

ANCP sends a keepalive message to CoS at specific intervals. If CoS does not receive a keepalive in the expected time, it reverts the shaping rate changes it made in response to ANCP. You can adjust how long CoS waits for a keepalive message by including the **maximum-helper-restart-time** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. The interval between keepalive messages is automatically set to one-third the value of the maximum helper restart time. For example, if you set the maximum helper restart time to 120 seconds, then ANCP sends keepalive messages every 40 seconds. In this example, if CoS does not receive a keepalive message within 120 seconds, then it reverts any ANCP-derived policy changes.

- Related Documentation**
- [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)
  - [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)



## CHAPTER 75

# Configuring ANCP

- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
- [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043](#)
- [Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Operations on page 1044](#)
- [Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages on page 1044](#)
- [Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries on page 1045](#)
- [Configuring ANCP for Backward Compatibility on page 1045](#)
- [Specifying How Long Processes Wait for ANCP Restart to Complete on page 1046](#)
- [Configuring ANCP to Adjust CoS Traffic Shaping on page 1047](#)
- [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates on page 1047](#)
- [Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 1049](#)
- [Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 1050](#)
- [Triggering ANCP OAM on page 1051](#)
- [Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Neighbors on page 1051](#)
- [Clearing ANCP Neighbors on page 1052](#)
- [Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Subscribers on page 1052](#)
- [Clearing ANCP Subscribers on page 1053](#)
- [Verifying and Monitoring CoS for ANCP Subscribers on page 1053](#)
- [Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Trace Log Filename on page 1055](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of ANCP Log Files on page 1055](#)
- [Configuring Access to the ANCP Log File on page 1056](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for ANCP Messages to Be Logged on page 1056](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Tracing Flags on page 1056](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which ANCP Messages Are Logged on page 1057](#)

## Configuring ANCP

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You can configure ANCP to enable a service-oriented Layer 3 edge device to discover information about the topology of a connected access network. ANCP can also provide details about subscriber traffic and enable the adjustment of QoS traffic shaping for subscribers.

To configure ANCP:

1. Specify each ANCP neighboring access node to be monitored and optionally configure neighbor parameters.  
[See “Configuring ANCP Neighbors” on page 1043.](#)
2. Specify the subscribers reached by a VLAN or a set of VLANs through a particular access node.  
[See “Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Operations” on page 1044.](#)
3. Configure the adjacency timer.  
[See “Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages” on page 1044.](#)
4. (Optional) Specify the maximum number of discovery table entries that are accepted.  
[See “Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries” on page 1045](#)
5. Configure ANCP to work with an early IETF draft.  
[See “Configuring ANCP for Backward Compatibility” on page 1045.](#)
6. Configure the graceful restart timer.  
[See “Specifying How Long Processes Wait for ANCP Restart to Complete” on page 1046.](#)
7. Configure ANCP to adjust QoS subscriber traffic shaping.  
[See “Configuring ANCP to Adjust CoS Traffic Shaping” on page 1047.](#)
8. Configure an adjustment factor for ANCP-reported downstream and upstream data rates per DSL line type.  
[See “Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates” on page 1047.](#)
9. Specify a recommended shaping rate to be applied by RADIUS to downstream or upstream traffic per ANCP interface.  
[See “Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces” on page 1049.](#)
10. Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.  
[See “Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access” on page 1054.](#)

**Related  
Documentation**

- [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)
- [Triggering ANCP OAM on page 1051](#)

## Configuring ANCP Neighbors

You must configure each neighboring access node that you want ANCP to monitor and potentially shape traffic for. Some neighbor settings override globally configured values.

To configure an ANCP neighbor:

1. Specify the IP address of the neighbor.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set neighbor 10.2.3.4
```

2. (Optional) Configure pre-ietf mode when the neighbor does not support the current IETF standard and pre-ietf mode is not configured globally.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 10.2.3.4]
user@host# set pre-ietf-mode
```

3. (Optional) Configure ietf mode when the neighbor supports the current IETF standard and pre-ietf mode is configured globally.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 10.2.3.4]
user@host# set ietf-mode
```

4. (Optional) Configure the interval in seconds between ANCP adjacency messages exchanged with this neighbor.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 10.2.3.4]
user@host# set adjacency-timer 20
```

5. (Optional) Specify the maximum number of discovery table entries that are accepted from this neighbor.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 10.2.3.4]
user@host# set maximum-discovery-table-entries 10000
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
- [Configuring ANCP for Backward Compatibility on page 1045](#)
- [Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages on page 1044](#)
- [Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries on page 1045](#)

## Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Operations

---

Subscribers are identified by a unique access loop identifier that is associated with a logical interface for a single VLAN or with a named set of VLANs through which traffic is sent to the subscribers. The access identifier must be unique either across the network or for individual ANCP neighbors (access nodes). When the identifier is unique for a neighbor, you must also specify the neighbor's IP address.

To associate the access identifier with subscribers, do one of the following:

- Specify the name for the set of VLANs and the unique access-loop identifier for the access node.

```
[edit protocols ancp interfaces]
user@host# set interface-set vlan5 access-identifier "dslam port 2/3"
```

- Specify the logical interface for a single VLAN and the unique access-loop identifier for the access node.

```
[edit protocols ancp interfaces]
user@host# set ge-1/0/4.12 vlan1 access-identifier "dslam port-2-10" neighbor 10.12.3.4
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
  - [interfaces \(ANCP\) on page 1359](#)

## Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages

---

You can specify the interval between adjacency messages that are sent to all ANCP adjacency peers (neighbors) or to a specific neighbor.

To configure the interval between ANCP adjacency messages for all neighbors:

- Specify the time in seconds.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set adjacency-timer 20
```

To configure the interval between ANCP adjacency messages for a specific neighbor:

- Specify the time in seconds.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 10.2.3.4]
user@host# set adjacency-timer 20
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
  - [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043](#)



## Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries

You can specify the maximum number of discovery table entries accepted from all neighbors or from a particular neighbor.

To configure the maximum number of entries for all neighbors:

- Specify the number of entries.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set maximum-discovery-table-entries 5000
```

To configure the maximum number of entries for a specific neighbor:

- Specify the number of entries.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 10.2.3.4]
user@host# set maximum-discovery-table-entries 5000
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
  - [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043](#)

## Configuring ANCP for Backward Compatibility

You can configure ANCP to operate in a mode compatible with the protocol as it was initially proposed to operate. This pre-ietf mode is compatible with Internet draft draft-wadhwa-gsmp-l2control-configuration-00.txt, *GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C)*. Setting this backward-compatible mode enables interoperation with devices that are not compatible with the current Internet draft for ANCP, draft-ietf-ancp-protocol-02.txt, *Protocol for Access Node Control Mechanism in Broadband Networks*.

To configure ANCP to operate in a backward-compatible mode for all neighbors:

- Specify the pre-ietf mode.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set pre-ietf-mode
```

To configure ANCP to operate in a backward-compatible mode for a specific neighbor:

- Specify the pre-ietf mode.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 10.2.3.4]
user@host# set pre-ietf-mode
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
  - [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043](#)

## Specifying How Long Processes Wait for ANCP Restart to Complete

---

You can specify how long other processes wait for ANCP to restart. ANCP sends a keepalive message to CoS at intervals equal to one-third the value of the maximum helper restart time. For example, when you configure the maximum restart time to 120 seconds, ANCP sends a keepalive message every 40 seconds.

If CoS does not receive a keepalive message within the maximum helper restart time, it considers ANCP to be down and immediately reverts any traffic shaping updates that were implemented as a result of ANCP monitoring to the configured values. Consequently, traffic to the subscribers is not effectively shaped, potentially resulting in traffic drops in the DSLAMs. The configured values are maintained until ANCP comes back up and sends fresh traffic shaping updates to CoS.

To configure how long other processes wait for ANCP to restart:

- Specify the time in seconds.  

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set maximum-helper-restart-time 150
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
- [Configuring ANCP to Adjust CoS Traffic Shaping on page 1047](#)
- [qos-adjust on page 1509](#)

## Configuring ANCP to Adjust CoS Traffic Shaping

You can specify that CoS policies for subscriber VLANs are adjusted based on information received from the access network in ANCP messages. Adding or removing this statement updates CoS shaping rate adjustments accordingly for all the subscribers in the network.

If CoS does not receive a keepalive message within the maximum helper restart time, it considers ANCP to be down and immediately reverts any traffic shaping updates that were implemented as a result of ANCP monitoring to the configured values. The configured values are maintained until ANCP comes back up and sends fresh traffic shaping updates to CoS.

Adjusted traffic shaping values remain in effect for subscribers in the event that ANCP remains running, but loses the connection to a neighbor. In this case, CoS does not revert to the configured values. The ANCP-adjusted values can change only if you remove the **qos-adjust** statement or if ANCP restores the connection to that neighbor and sends fresh shaping updates.



**NOTE:** When you do not configure the **qos-adjust** statement, ANCP does not report any adjusted traffic rates to CoS.

To configure CoS adjustment for subscriber traffic based on ANCP messages:

- Specify CoS adjustment.

```
[edit protocols anc]
user@host# set qos-adjust
```

### Related Documentation

- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjusting by ANCP on page 1036](#)
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview on page 829](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 830](#)
- [Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 843](#)
- [Disabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops on page 848](#)
- [Specifying How Long Processes Wait for ANCP Restart to Complete on page 1046](#)
- [maximum-helper-restart-time on page 1397](#)

## Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates

When a DSLAM calculates the data rate on the subscriber local loop, it ignores the additional headers on the DSL line that are associated with the overhead of the access mode (ATM or Ethernet). When ANCP reports the upstream data rate or the downstream

data rate, it includes the headers in its calculation and therefore reports a slightly higher value than that calculated by the DSLAM. This discrepancy reduces the accuracy of the CoS shaping rate.



**NOTE:** ANCP always reports both upstream and downstream rates to AAA. ANCP reports only downstream data rates to CoS, and reports to CoS only when you include the `qos-adjust` statement at the `[edit protocols ancp]` hierarchy level.

You can configure ANCP to adjust the traffic rate to account for the header overhead by including one or more of the `qos-adjust-dsl-line-type` statements. Each of these statements sets an adjustment factor for a particular DSL line type that applies a percentage value to the total downstream and upstream data rates reported by ANCP. That is, you configure the statements for all relevant line types, and ANCP applies the appropriate adjustment when it identifies the line type for the interface. The adjustment factor applies globally for all subscribers of that DSL line type. By default, ANCP applies an adjustment factor of 100 percent to all DSL lines, meaning that no adjustment is made. ANCP simply passes on the DSL line rates that include the header information.

To apply a global adjustment factor for DSL subscriber lines:

1. Specify that ANCP reports traffic rates to CoS.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set qos-adjust
```

2. Specify the adjustment factor percentage for the desired subscriber line.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set qos-adjust-adsl adjustment-factor
user@host# set qos-adjust-adsl2 adjustment-factor
user@host# set qos-adjust-adsl2-plus adjustment-factor
user@host# set qos-adjust-sdsl adjustment-factor
user@host# set qos-adjust-vdsl adjustment-factor
user@host# set qos-adjust-vdsl2 adjustment-factor
```

In some circumstances, you might want to override the global rate adjustment configuration so that CoS alone performs an adjustment for overhead. CoS overhead accounting must be configured in the traffic control profile. Include the ANCP `overhead-accounting` statement at the `[edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-name]` hierarchy level to override the ANCP `qos-adjust` statement, thus preventing ANCP from dynamically adjusting the line rate it reports to CoS. CoS consequently adjusts the traffic rate based only on its static configuration. The ANCP `overhead-accounting` statement applies to a particular ACI, so you must also include the ANCP `access-identifier identifier-string` statement for the same interface.



**NOTE:** This feature is available only for a named interface; it is not available for an interface-set.

To prevent ANCP from overriding the overhead accounting configuration in a CoS traffic control profile:

1. Disable the ANCP rate adjustment configuration.

```
[edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set overhead-accounting
```

2. Specify the access circuit identifier for the interface.

```
[edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set access-identifier identifier-string
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
  - [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)

## Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces

When the access node sends information about the downstream and upstream calculated traffic rates for an interface, those values are used to shape the traffic sent to the interface so that it matches the subscriber local loop speed. You can specify recommended values to be used when the router does not receive this information from the access node. In this event, these recommended values are used as the default values for two Juniper VSAs, Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4871, 26–141) and Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26–142).

The Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate VSA conveys the transmit speed, which is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for downstream traffic for an ANCP interface. The Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate VSA conveys the receive speed, which is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for upstream traffic for an ANCP interface.

To configure recommended traffic shaping values for an interface:

1. Set the rate in bits per second for downstream traffic for the interface.

```
[edit protocols ancp interface interface-name]
user@host# set advisory-options downstream rate
```

2. Set the rate in bits per second for upstream traffic for the interface.

```
[edit protocols ancp interface interface-name]
user@host# set advisory-options upstream rate
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
  - [Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 1050](#)
  - [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
  - [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)

## Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages

---

You can include the **juniper-dsl-attributes** statement to configure AAA to add two Juniper Networks DSL VSAs, Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4871, 26–141) and Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26–142), to the RADIUS authentication and accounting request messages for subscribers. By default, these VSAs are not added to any RADIUS message. If the router has not received and processed the corresponding ANCP attributes from the access node, then AAA uses these VSAs to provide default advisory transmit and receive speeds in the RADIUS messages. Configure the default values with the **advisory-options** statement.

The transmit speed is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for downstream traffic for an ANCP interface, and is conveyed in the Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate VSA. The receive speed is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for upstream traffic for an ANCP interface, and is conveyed in the Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate VSA.

In contrast to the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs, the DSL Forum VSA is added to all RADIUS messages by default. You can use the **exclude** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* radius attributes]** hierarchy level to prevent this VSA from being included in any RADIUS message.

To add the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs to RADIUS messages:

- Configure the inclusion trigger.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options]
user@host# set juniper-dsl-attributes
```

To exclude the DSL Forum (RFC 4679) VSA from RADIUS messages:

- Configure the exclusion trigger.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude dsl-forum-attributes
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
- [Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 1049](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62](#)
- [DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 68](#)
- [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)

## Triggering ANCP OAM

You can trigger ANCP OAM to perform a loopback test on the local loop between the access node and the CPE to help isolate simple faults. On an ATM-based local loop, the ANCP operation trigger the access node to generate ATM (F4/F5) loopback cells on the local loop. On an Ethernet-based local loop, the ANCP operation triggers the access node to generate an Ethernet loopback message on the local loop. When the test completes, the access node sends a message to the router with the results.

Issue the **request ancp oam neighbor** command from CLI operational mode to initiate testing of a local loop identified the IP address or system name of the ANCP neighbor and the access identifier for a subscriber on that access node.

Issue the **request ancp oam interface** command from CLI operational mode to initiate testing of a local loop identified by the ANCP interface or interface set associated with a subscriber and the access identifier for a subscriber on that access node.

With both commands, you can also specify how many times the test must be run and how long the router waits for a response to the OAM request.

To initiate ANCP local loop testing:

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the neighbor's IP address; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam neighbor ip-address 192.168.32.5 subscriber "dslam
port-2-10" count 5 timeout 600
```

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the neighbor's system name; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam neighbor system-name ba:ad:be:ef:10:10 subscriber
"dslam port-2-10" count 10 timeout 600
```

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the interface associated with the subscriber; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam interface ge-1/0/2.12 identifier-string timeout 15
```

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the set of interfaces associated with the subscriber; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam interface interface-set vlan5 identifier-string count 3
```

### Related Documentation

- [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)

## Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Neighbors

**Purpose** View ANCP neighbor information:

**Action**

- To display summary information about all ANCP neighbors:

user@host> show ancp neighbor

- To display information about a specific ANCP neighbor, add the IP address or MAC address to the command:

user@host> show ancp neighbor 10.25.64.21

- To display detailed information, add **detail** to the command:

user@host> show ancp neighbor detail

user@host> show ancp neighbor ba:ad:be:ef:10:10 detail

**Related Documentation**     • [Junos OS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference](#)

---

## Clearing ANCP Neighbors

---

**Purpose**     Clear ANCP neighbor information.

- Action**     • To clear connections with all ANCP neighbors:

user@host> clear ancp neighbor

- To clear the connection with a specific ANCP neighbor, add the IP address or MAC address to the command:

user@host> clear ancp neighbor ip-address 10.25.64.21

user@host> clear ancp neighbor system-name ba:ad:be:ef:10:10

- To verify that the connection has been cleared:

user@host> show ancp neighbor

user@host> show ancp neighbor 10.25.64.21

user@host> show ancp neighbor ba:ad:be:ef:10:10

**Related Documentation**     • [Junos OS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference](#)

---

## Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Subscribers

---

**Purpose**     View ANCP subscriber (local access loop) information:

- Action**     • To display summary information about all ANCP subscribers:

user@host> show ancp subscriber

- To display information about all ANCP subscribers connected through a particular ANCP neighbor:

user@host> show ancp subscriber neighbor 10.25.64.21

- To display information about an ANCP subscriber specified by the access identifier:

user@host> show ancp subscriber "port-2-11"

- To display detailed information, add **detail** to the command:



```
user@host> show ancp subscriber detail
```

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber neighbor 10.25.64.21 detail
```

**Related Documentation** • [Junos OS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference](#)

## Clearing ANCP Subscribers

**Purpose** Clear ANCP subscriber information.

- Action**
- To clear connections with all ANCP subscribers:  

```
user@host> clear ancp subscriber
```
  - To clear the connection with an ANCP subscriber identified by a particular access loop ID on all neighbors, add the access loop ID to the command:  

```
user@host> clear ancp subscriber identifier port-2-10
```
  - To clear the connection with an ANCP subscriber identified by a particular access loop ID on a specific neighbor, add the access loop ID and either the IP address or MAC address to the command:  

```
user@host> clear ancp subscriber identifier port-2-10 ip-address 10.25.64.21
```

```
user@host> clear ancp subscriber identifier port-2-10 system-name ba:ad:be:ef:10:10
```
  - To verify that the connection has been cleared:  

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber
```

**Related Documentation** • [Junos OS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference](#)

## Verifying and Monitoring CoS for ANCP Subscribers

**Purpose** View ANCP CoS state information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about the CoS state for all ANCP subscribers:  

```
user@host> show ancp cos
```
  - To display information about the CoS state for an ANCP subscriber specified by the access identifier:  

```
user@host> show ancp cos "port-2-11"
```
  - To display the most recently updated CoS information:  

```
user@host> show ancp cos last-update
```
  - To display the CoS information that is pending (will be used to update the fields):  

```
user@host> show ancp cos pending-update
```

**Related Documentation** • [Junos OS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference](#)

## Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access

---

The Junos OS trace feature tracks ANCP operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the **/var/log** directory. By default, the router uses the filename **ancpd**. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file **filename** reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called **filename**, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [Junos OS System Log Messages Reference](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure ANCP tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the ANCP Trace Log Filename” on page 1055](#).
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of ANCP Log Files” on page 1055](#).
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the ANCP Log File” on page 1056](#).
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for ANCP Messages to Be Logged” on page 1056](#).
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the ANCP Tracing Flags” on page 1056](#).
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which ANCP Messages Are Logged” on page 1057](#).

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)

## Configuring the ANCP Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for ANCP is **ancpd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for ANCP tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1
```

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of ANCP Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, **filename**, reaches 2 MB, **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**, and a new file called **filename** is created. When the new **filename** reaches 2 MB, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, **filename.19.gz**, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, **filename.18.gz** is compressed and renamed to **filename.19.gz**.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054](#)

## Configuring Access to the ANCP Log File

---

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for ANCP Messages to Be Logged

---

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054](#)

## Configuring the ANCP Tracing Flags

---

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set flag restart
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054](#)

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which ANCP Messages Are Logged

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054](#)
  - [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
  - [traceoptions on page 1618](#)



# Dynamic IGMP Configuration Overview

- [Dynamic IGMP Configuration Overview on page 1059](#)

## Dynamic IGMP Configuration Overview

---

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is a host to router signaling protocol for IPv4 used to support IP multicasting. This protocol manages the membership of hosts and routers in multicast groups. IP hosts use IGMP to report their multicast group memberships to any immediately neighboring multicast routers. Multicast routers use IGMP to learn, for each of their attached physical networks, which groups have members.

Subscriber access supports the configuration of IGMP within the **dynamic profiles** hierarchy. By specifying IGMP statements within a dynamic profile, you can dynamically apply IGMP configuration when a subscriber connects to an interface using a particular access technology (DHCP), enabling the subscriber to access a carrier (multicast) network.

### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- For general information about configuring IGMP, see the *Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide*





# Dynamic MLD Configuration Overview

- [Dynamic MLD Configuration Overview on page 1061](#)

## Dynamic MLD Configuration Overview

---

The Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) Protocol manages the membership of hosts and routers in multicast groups. IP version 6 (IPv6) multicast routers use MLD to learn, for each of their attached physical networks, which groups have interested listeners. Each router maintains a list of host multicast addresses that have listeners for each subnet, as well as a timer for each address. However, the router does not need to know the address of the listeners—just the address of the hosts. The router provides addresses to the multicast routing protocol it uses; this ensures that multicast packets are delivered to all subnets where there are interested listeners. In this way, MLD is used as the transport for the Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) protocol.

Subscriber access supports the configuration of MLD within the **dynamic profiles** hierarchy for dynamically created interfaces. By specifying MLD statements within a dynamic profile, you can dynamically apply MLD configuration when a subscriber connects to an interface using a particular access technology (DHCP), enabling the subscriber to access a carrier (multicast) network.

### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- For general information about configuring MLD, see the *[Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide](#)*



# Dynamic Router Advertisement Overview

- [Dynamic Router Advertisement Configuration Overview on page 1063](#)

## Dynamic Router Advertisement Configuration Overview

---

In a network deployment where router interfaces are configured statically, you might need to configure the Router Advertisement Protocol on only a small number of interfaces on which it might run. However, in a subscriber access network, static configuration of the Router Advertisement Protocol becomes impractical because the number of interfaces that potentially need the Router Advertisement Protocol increases substantially. In addition, deploying services in a dynamic environment requires dynamic modifications to interfaces as they are created.

Subscriber access supports the configuration of the Router Advertisement Protocol at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols]** hierarchy level. By specifying Router Advertisement Protocol statements within a dynamic profile, you can dynamically apply a Router Advertisement configuration when a subscriber connects to an interface using a particular access technology (for example, DHCP), enabling the subscriber to access a carrier (multicast) network.

To minimally configure the Router Advertisement Protocol requires that you include the **router-advertisement** statement at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols]** hierarchy level and the **interface** statement along with the *\$junos-interface-name* dynamic variable. All other statements are optional.



**NOTE:** Statements used for Router Advertisement Protocol configuration at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols]** hierarchy level are identical in function to those same statements used for static Router Advertisement Protocol configuration, with the exception of the interface and prefix statements, which use dynamic variables.

### Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- [RADIUS Support for Dynamic Router Advertisement on page 100](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Router Advertisement on page 117](#)

- For general information about configuring the Router Advertisement Protocol, see the [\*Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide\*](#).

## PART 17

# Subscriber Access Examples

- [Service Profile Examples on page 1067](#)



## Service Profile Examples

- [Example: Configuring a Tiered Service Profile for Subscriber Access on page 1067](#)

### Example: Configuring a Tiered Service Profile for Subscriber Access

---

This example shows how to configure a tiered service profile for subscribers.

The profile contains three services:

- Gold—Subscribers that pay for this service are allocated 10M bandwidth for data, voice, and video services.
- Silver—Subscribers that pay for this service are allocated 5M bandwidth for data, voice, and video services.
- Bronze—Subscribers that pay for this service are allocated 1M bandwidth for the data service only.

Each subscriber is allocated a VLAN that is created statically. Subscribers log in using DHCP and authenticate using RADIUS. The subscribers can migrate from one service to another when they change subscriptions.

To configure a profile for a tiered service:

1. Configure the VLAN interfaces associated with each subscriber. Enable hierarchical scheduling for the interface.

```
interfaces {
 ge-2/0/0 {
 description subscribers;
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 stacked-vlan-tagging;
 unit 1 {
 vlan-tags outer 100 inner 100;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.0.0.1;
 }
 }
 unit 2 {
 family inet {
 vlan-tags outer 101 inner 101;
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.0.0.1;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```
 }
 unit 3 {
 vlan-tags outer 102 inner 102;
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0 preferred-source-address 100.0.0.1;
 }
 }
}
}
```

2. Configure the static CoS parameters.

In this example, each offering (video, voice, and data) is assigned a queue, and each service (Gold, Silver, and Bronze) is assigned a scheduler.

```
class-of-service {
 forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 data;
 queue 1 voice;
 queue 2 video;
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 bronze_service_smap {
 forwarding-class data scheduler data_sch;
 }
 silver_service_smap {
 forwarding-class data scheduler data_sch;
 forwarding-class voice scheduler silver_voice_sch;
 forwarding-class video scheduler silver_video_sch;
 }
 gold_service_smap {
 forwarding-class data scheduler data_sch;
 forwarding-class voice scheduler gold_voice_sch;
 forwarding-class video scheduler gold_video_sch;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 data_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 20;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority low;
 }
 silver_voice_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 30;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority high;
 }
 silver_video_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 30;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority medium;
 }
 gold_voice_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 40;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority high;
 }
 }
}
```



```

gold_video_sch {
 transmit-rate percent 40;
 buffer-size remainder;
 priority medium;
}
}
}

```

3. Configure the dynamic profile for the service.

The scheduler maps configured for each service are referenced in the dynamic profile.

```

dynamic-profiles {
 subscriber_profile {
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 family inet;
 }
 }
 }
 class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 subscriber_tcp {
 scheduler-map $smap;
 shaping-rate $shaping-rate;
 guaranteed-rate $guaranteed-rate;
 delay-buffer-rate $delay-buffer-rate;
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 "$junos-interface-ifd-name" {
 unit "$junos-underlying-interface-unit" {
 output-traffic-control-profile subscriber_tcp;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}

```

4. Configure access for the subscribers.

The DHCP relay agent forwards DHCP request and reply packets between a DHCP client and a DHCP server. You use DHCP relay to obtain configuration parameters, including an IP address, for subscribers. In this example, one DHCP server, address 100.20.42.1, can be used by subscribers.

The DHCP relay configuration is attached to an active server group named `service_provider_group`.

The subscribers are grouped together within the `subscriber_group`, and identifies characteristics such as authentication, username info, and the associated interfaces for the group members. In this example, it also identifies the active server group and the dynamic interface that is used by the subscribers in the group.

```

forwarding-options {
 dhcp-relay {
 server-group {

```

```
 service_provider_group {
 100.20.42.1;
 }
 }
 group subscriber_group {
 active-server-group service_provider_group;
 dynamic-profile subscriber_profile;
 interface ge-2/0/0.1;
 interface ge-2/0/0.2;
 interface ge-2/0/0.3;
 }
}
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- For more information about configuring CoS for subscriber access, see [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)

## PART 18

# Complete Configuration Statement Hierarchy and Summary of Statements for Subscriber Access

- [Subscriber Access Statement Hierarchy on page 1073](#)
- [Subscriber Access Configuration Statements on page 1099](#)



## CHAPTER 80

# Subscriber Access Statement Hierarchy

- [\[edit access address-assignment\] Hierarchy Level on page 1073](#)
- [\[edit access domain\] Hierarchy Level on page 1074](#)
- [\[edit access gx-plus\] Hierarchy Level on page 1075](#)
- [\[edit access profile\] Hierarchy Level on page 1075](#)
- [\[edit access tunnel-profile\] Hierarchy Level on page 1077](#)
- [\[edit diameter\] Hierarchy Level on page 1077](#)
- [\[edit dynamic-profiles\] Hierarchy Level on page 1078](#)
- [\[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay\] Hierarchy Level on page 1084](#)
- [\[edit jsrc\] Hierarchy Level on page 1087](#)
- [\[edit protocols ancp\] Hierarchy Level on page 1088](#)
- [\[edit services captive-portal-content-delivery\] Hierarchy Level on page 1089](#)
- [\[edit services l2tp\] Hierarchy Level on page 1089](#)
- [\[edit services mobile-ip\] Hierarchy Level on page 1090](#)
- [\[edit services radius-flow-tap\] Hierarchy Level on page 1091](#)
- [\[edit system services dhcp-local-server\] Hierarchy Level on page 1091](#)
- [\[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers\] Hierarchy Level on page 1095](#)
- [\[edit system services static-subscribers\] Hierarchy Level on page 1095](#)
- [\[edit system services subscriber-management\] Hierarchy Level on page 1096](#)

### [\[edit access address-assignment\] Hierarchy Level](#)

---

```
access {
 address-assignment {
 abated-utilization percentage;
 abated-utilization-v6 percentage;
 high-utilization percentage;
 high-utilization-v6 percentage;
 neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-pool-name;
 pool pool-name {
 family family {
 dhcp-attributes {
 [protocol-specific attributes]
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```
 host hostname {
 hardware-address mac-address;
 ip-address ip-address;
 }
 network ip-prefix /<prefix-length>;
 prefix ipv6-prefix;
 range range-name {
 high upper-limit;
 low lower-limit;
 prefix-length prefix-length;
 }
 }
}
link pool-name;
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
  - [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)

---

## [edit access domain] Hierarchy Level

```
access {
 domain {
 delimiter [delimiter-character];
 map domain-map-name {
 aaa-logical-system logical-system-name {
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 access-profile profile-name;
 address-pool pool-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 padn destination-address {
 mask destination-mask;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 strip-domain;
 target-logical-system logical-system-name {
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 tunnel-profile profile-name;
 }
 parse-direction (left-to-right | right-to-left);
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 126](#)
  - [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

## [edit access gx-plus] Hierarchy Level

```
access {
 gx-plus {
 global {
 max-outstanding-requests number;
 }
 partition partition-name {
 diameter-instance instance-name;
 destination-host hostname;
 destination-realm realm;
 }
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 445](#)
  - [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451](#)

## [edit access profile] Hierarchy Level

```
access {
 profile profile-name {
 accounting {
 accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
 accounting-stop-on-failure;
 coa-immediate-update;
 coa-no-override service-class-attribute;
 duplication;
 immediate-update;
 order [accounting-method];
 statistics (time | volume-time);
 update-interval minutes;
 }
 authentication-order [authentication-methods];
 authorization-order jsrc;
 client client-name {
 ...
 }
 provisioning-order (gx-plus | jsrc);
 radius {
 accounting-server [ip-address];
 attributes {
 exclude {
 ...
 }
 ignore {
 framed-ip-netmask;
 input-filter;
 logical-system-routing-instance;
 output-filter;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```
authentication-server [ip-address];
options {
 accounting-session-id-format (decimal | description);
 client-accounting-algorithm (detail | round-robin);
 client-authentication-algorithm(detail | round-robin);
 coa-dynamic-variable-validation;
 ethernet-port-type-virtual;
 interface-description-format {
 exclude-adapter;
 exclude-sub-interface;
 }
 nas-identifier identifier-value;
 nas-port-extended-format {
 adapter-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 stacked-vlan-width width;
 vlan-width width;
 }
 nas-port-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
 nas-port-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 nas-identifier;
 }
 nas-port-type {
 ethernet {
 port-type;
 }
 }
 revert-interval interval;
 vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;
}
}
radius-server server-address {
 accounting-port port-number;
 port port-number;
 retry attempts;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 secret password;
 max-outstanding-requests value;
 source-address source-address;
 timeout seconds;
}
service {
 accounting-order (activation-protocol | radius);
}
session-options {
 client-idle-timeout minutes;
 client-session-timeout minutes;
}
}
```



Related Documentation • [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 21](#)

## [edit access tunnel-profile] Hierarchy Level

```
access {
 tunnel-profile profile-name {
 tunnel tunnel-id {
 identification name;
 logical-system logical-system-name;
 max-sessions number;
 medium type;
 preference number;
 remote-gateway {
 address server-ip-address;
 gateway-name server-name;
 }
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 secret password;
 source-gateway {
 address client-ip-address;
 gateway-name client-name;
 }
 type tunnel-type;
 }
 }
}
```

Related Documentation • [Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321](#)

## [edit diameter] Hierarchy Level

```
diameter {
 network-element element-name {
 forwarding {
 route dne-route-name {
 destination realm realm-name <host hostname>;
 function function-name <partition partition-name>;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 }
 function function-name;
 peer peer-name {
 priority priority-number;
 }
 }
 origin {
 host hostname;
 realm realm-name;
 }
 peer peer-name {
 address ip-address;
 connect-actively {
```

```
 port port-number;
 transport transport-name;
 }
 logical-system logical-system-name <routing-instance routing-instance-name >;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
}
transport transport-name {
 address;
 logical-system logical-system-name <routing-instance routing-instance-name>;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
}
```

- Related Documentation
- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 361](#)
  - [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)

---

## [edit dynamic-profiles] Hierarchy Level

```
dynamic-profiles {
 profile-name {
 class-of-service {
 interfaces {
 interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 classifiers {
 type (classifier-name | default);
 }
 output-traffic-control-profile (profile-name |
 $junos-cos-traffic-control-profile);
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp (rewrite-name | default);
 dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name | default);
 ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name | default) vlan-tag (outer | outer-and-inner);
 inet-precedence (rewrite-name | default);
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 map-name {
 forwarding-class class-name scheduler scheduler-name;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 (scheduler-name) {
 buffer-size (percent percentage | remainder | temporal microseconds |
 $junos-cos-scheduler-bs);
 drop-profile-map loss-priority (any | low | medium-low | medium-high | high)
 protocol (any | non-tcp | tcp) drop-profile (profile-name | predefined-variable);
 excess-priority (low | high | $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority);
 excess-rate (percent percentage | percent $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate);
 overhead-accounting (shaping-mode) <bytes (byte-value>;
 priority (priority-level | $junos-cos-scheduler-priority);
```

```

 shaping-rate (rate | predefined-variable);
 transmit-rate (rate | percent percentage | remainder | percent percentage
 $junos-cos-scheduler-tx) <exact | rate-limit>;
}
}
traffic-control-profiles profile-name {
 delay-buffer-rate (percent percentage | rate);
 excess-rate (percent percentage | proportion value | percent
 $junos-cos-excess-rate);
 guaranteed-rate (percent percentage | rate);
 overhead-accounting (shaping-mode) <bytes (byte-value)>;
 scheduler-map map-name;
 shaping-rate (percent percentage | rate | predefined-variable);
}
}
firewall {
 family family {
 fast-update-filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [match-order];
 term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 }
 only-at-create;
 filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
 term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 policer policer-name {
 filter-specific;
 if-exceeding {
 (bandwidth-limit bps | bandwidth-percent percentage);
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 logical-bandwidth-policer;
 logical-interface-policer;
 physical-interface-policer;
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
 }
 }
 hierarchical-policer policer-name {
 aggregate {
 if-exceeding {

```

```
 bandwidth-limit-limit bps;
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
}
premium {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit bps;
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
}
}
three-color-policer policer-name {
 action {
 loss-priority high then discard;
 }
 logical-interface-policer;
 single-rate {
 (color-aware | color-blind);
 committed-burst-size bytes;
 committed-information-rate bps;
 excess-burst-size bytes;
 }
 two-rate {
 (color-aware | color-blind);
 committed-burst-size bytes;
 committed-information-rate bps;
 peak-burst-size bytes;
 peak-information-rate bps;
 }
}
}
}
policy-options {
 prefix-listname {
 ip-addresses;
 }
}
interfaces {
 interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;
 input-precedence precedence;
 output-precedence precedence;
```

```

 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
}
max-sessions number;
max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
}
service-name-table table-name;
short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
}
ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
}
vlan-id number;
}
vlan-tagging;
}
interface-set interface-set-name {
 interface interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number;
 }
}
demux0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name
 }
 demux-source {
 source-prefix;
 }
 }
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {

```

```

 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
 }
 mac-validate (loose | strict):
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 service-name-table table-name;
 short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
 unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
}
}
}
pp0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 keepalives interval seconds;
 no-keepalives;
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name;
 server;
 }
 ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
 }
 }
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address interface-name destination address;
 address address;
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
}
}
}
}
protocols {
 igmp {
 interface interface-name {

```

```

accounting;
disable;
group-policy;
immediate-leave
no-accounting;
promiscuous-mode;
ssm-map ssm-map-name;
static {
 group group {
 source source;
 }
}
version version;
}
mld {
 interface interface-name {
 disable;
 (accounting | no-accounting);
 group-policy;
 immediate-leave;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 static {
 group multicast-group-address {
 exclude;
 group-count number;
 group-increment increment;
 source ip-address {
 source-count number;
 source-increment increment;
 }
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
}
router-advertisement {
 interface interface-name {
 current-hop-limit number;
 default-lifetime seconds;
 (managed-configuration | no-managed-configuration);
 max-advertisement-interval seconds;
 min-advertisement-interval seconds;
 (other-stateful-configuration | no-other-stateful-configuration);
 prefix prefix {
 (autonomous | no-autonomous);
 (on-link | no-on-link);
 preferred-lifetime seconds;
 valid-lifetime seconds;
 }
 reachable-time milliseconds;
 retransmit-timer milliseconds;
 }
}
}

```

```
 }
 }
 routing-instances {
 interface interface-name;
 }
 routing-options {
 access {
 route prefix {
 next-hop next-hop;
 metric route-cost;
 preference route-distance;
 tag route-tag;
 }
 }
 access-internal {
 route subscriber-ip-address {
 qualified-next-hop underlying-interface {
 mac-address address;
 }
 }
 }
 multicast {
 interface interface-name {
 no-qos-adjust;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [CoS for Subscriber Access Overview on page 721](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)
- [Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729](#)
- [Two-Color Policer Configuration Overview](#)
- [Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview](#)
- [Hierarchical Policer Configuration Overview](#)
- [Guidelines for Applying Traffic Policers](#)

---

## [\[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay\] Hierarchy Level](#)

```
forwarding-options {
 dhcp-relay {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 }
 }
 }
}
```



```

 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 [circuit-id] [remote-id];
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
}
dhcpv6 {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
}
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
group group-name {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 ...
 }
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 overrides {
 ...
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
overrides {
 ...
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 ...
}

```

```

 }
 server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 send-release-on-delete;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
}
server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
}
duplicate-clients-on-interface;
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 ...
 }
}
interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 overrides {
 ...
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
overrides {
 ...
}
relay-option-60 {
 ...
}
relay-option-82 {
 ...
}
}

```

```

 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 }
 overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
 always-write-option-82;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 disable-relay;
 interface-client-limit number;
 layer2-unicast-replies;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-arp;
 no-bind-on-request;
 proxy-mode;
 replace-ip-source-with;
 send-release-on-delete;
 trust-option-82;
 }
 relay-option-60 {
 vendor-option {
 (equals | starts-with) (ascii match-string | hexadecimal match-hex) {
 (default-relay-server-group server-group-name |
 default-local-server-group local-server-group-name |
 drop);
 }
 (default-relay-server-group server-group-name |
 default-local-server-group local-server-group-name |
 drop);
 }
 }
 relay-option-82 {
 circuit-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
 }
 server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)

## [\[edit jsr\] Hierarchy Level](#)

```

jsr {
 partition partition-name {
 diameter-instance instance-name;
 destination-host hostname;
 destination-realm realm-name;
 }
}

```

```
}
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 389](#)
- [Configuring JSRC on page 395](#)

## [\[edit protocols ancp\] Hierarchy Level](#)

---

```
protocols {
 ancp {
 adjacency-timer seconds;
 interfaces {
 interface-set interface-set-name {
 access-identifier identifier-string;
 neighbor ip-address;
 }
 interface-name {
 access-identifier identifier-string;
 neighbor ip-address;
 overhead-accounting;
 }
 }
 maximum-discovery-table-entries entry-number;
 maximum-helper-restart-time;
 neighbor ip-address {
 adjacency-timer;
 ietf-mode;
 maximum-discovery-table-entries entry-number;
 pre-ietf-mode;
 }
 pre-ietf-mode;
 qos-adjust;
 qos-adjust-adsl adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-adsl2 adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-adsl2-plus adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-sds1 adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-vds1 adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-vds2 adjustment-factor;
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
 }
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [ANCP Topology Discovery and Traffic Monitoring Overview on page 1033](#)
- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)

## [edit services captive-portal-content-delivery] Hierarchy Level

```

services {
 captive-portal-content-delivery {
 rule rule-name {
 match-direction (input | output | input-output);
 term term-name {
 from {
 application [application-name];
 destination-address address <except>;
 destination-prefix-list list-name <except>;
 }
 then {
 action;
 <action-modifiers>;
 }
 }
 }
 rule-set rule-set-name {
 [rule rule-names];
 }
 }
}

```

### Related Documentation

- Notational Conventions Used in Junos OS Configuration Hierarchies
- [edit services] Hierarchy Level

## [edit services l2tp] Hierarchy Level

```

services {
 l2tp {
 destruct-timeout seconds;
 disable-calling-number-avp;
 disable-failover-protocol;
 fail-over-within-preference;
 traceoptions {
 debug-level level;
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 filter {
 protocol name;
 user-name username;
 }
 flag flag;
 interfaces interface-name {
 debug-level severity;
 flag flag;
 }
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
 tunnel {

```

```
assignment-id-format (assignment-id | client-server-id);
idle-timeout seconds;
retransmission-count-established count;
retransmission-count-not-established count;
}
tunnel-group group-name {
 aaa-access-profile profile-name;
 dynamic-profile;
 hello-interval seconds;
 hide-avps;
 l2tp-access-profile profile-name;
 local-gateway address address;
 maximum-send-window packets;
 ppp-access-profile profile-name;
 receive-window packets;
 retransmit-interval seconds;
 service-device-pool;
 service-interface interface-name;
 syslog {
 host hostname {
 facility-override facility-name;
 log-prefix prefix-value;
 services severity-level;
 }
 }
 tos-reflect;
 tunnel-timeout seconds;
}
tx-connect-speed-method (advisory | dsl-forum);
weighted-load-balancing;
}
}
```

**Related Documentation**

- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329](#)

---

**[edit services mobile-ip] Hierarchy Level**

---

```
services {
 mobile-ip {
 access-type {
 (generic | wimax);
 }
 authenticate {
 order (aaa | local);
 }
 dynamic-home-assignment {
 home-agent {
 nai (name@domain | @domain) {
 home-agent ip-address;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

}
home-agent {
 enable-service interface-name;
 virtual-network {
 home-agent-address ip-address {
 registration-lifetime seconds;
 revocation-required;
 timestamp-tolerance seconds;
 }
 }
}
peer {
 (ip-address address | nai name@domain) {
 spi hexadecimal-value {
 algorithm (hmac-md5 | md5);
 entity-type (host | mobility-agent);
 key (hex | ascii) string;
 replay-method (none | timestamp seconds);
 }
 }
}
traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level <all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning>;
 no-remote-trace;
}
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [Mobile IP Home Agent Elements and Behavior on page 457](#)
  - [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)

## [\[edit services radius-flow-tap\] Hierarchy Level](#)

```

services {
 radius-flow-tap {
 forwarding-class class-name;
 interfaces interface-name;
 multicast-interception;
 source-ipv4-address ipv4-address;
 }
}

```

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)
  - [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)

## [\[edit system services dhcp-local-server\] Hierarchy Level](#)

```

system {
 services {

```

```
dhcp-local-server {
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
}
dhcpv6 {
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
}
group group-name {
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
}
interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 overrides {
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 }
}
```



```

 }
 rapid-commit;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
overrides {
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
}
overrides {
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
duplicate-clients-on-interface;
dynamic-profile profile-name (aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
primary-profile-name);
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {

```

```
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;
 overrides;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
}
dynamic-profile profile-name <aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
primary-profile-name>;
interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
}
```

```

 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 pool-match-order {
 external-authority;
 ip-address-first;
 option-82;
 }
 reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
 }
}
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

**Related Documentation** • [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)

## [\[edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers\] Hierarchy Level](#)

```

system {
 services {
 packet-triggered-subscribers {
 partition partition-name {
 destination-host hostname;
 destination-realm realm;
 diameter-instance instance-name;
 }
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 no-remote-trace;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring the PTSP Application on page 429](#)

## [\[edit system services static-subscribers\] Hierarchy Level](#)

```

system {
 services {
 static-subscribers {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```
 username-include {
 domain-name domain-name;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 }
 group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 domain-name domain-name;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 }
 interface interface-name <exclude> <upto upto-interface-name>;
 }
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview on page 399](#)
  - [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)

---

## [edit system services subscriber-management] Hierarchy Level

```
system {
 services {
 subscriber-management {
 enforce-strict-scale-limit-license;
 gres-route-flush-delay;
 maintain-subscriber {
 interface-delete;
 }
 traceoptions {
```

```
 file <filename> <files number> <match regular-expression > <size
 maximum-file-size> <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 }
}
}
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 173](#)
- [Configuring the Router to Strictly Enforce the Subscriber Scaling License on page 177](#)
- [Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 531](#)



# Subscriber Access Configuration Statements

## aaa-access-profile (L2TP LNS)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>aaa-access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <a href="#">tunnel-group name</a> ]<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> l2tp]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Support at the [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> l2tp] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a AAA access profile that overrides the AAA access profile configured for the routing instance with the <b>access-profile</b> statement. You can configure a profile to specify the RADIUS server settings for a tunnel group or for a LAC client, or both. The AAA access profile configured for the client takes precedence over the AAA access profile configured for the tunnel group, which takes precedence over the access profile configured for the routing instance. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of the local access profile for the tunnel group or client.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## aaa-logical-system (Domain Maps)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>aaa-logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> {<br/>    aaa-routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;<br/>}</code>                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <code>map</code> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a non-default logical system in which the <b>authd</b> daemon sends AAA requests for the domain map.                                  |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Default logical system for the subscriber.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>logical-system-name</i> —Name of the logical system.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately.                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 130</a></li></ul> |

## aaa-routing-instance (Domain Maps)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>aaa-routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <code>map</code> <i>domain-map-name</i> ],<br>[edit access domain <code>map</code> <i>domain-map-name</i> <code>aaa-logical-system</code> <i>logical-system-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a non-default routing instance in which the <b>authd</b> daemon sends AAA requests for the domain map.                                                                           |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Default routing instance for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>routing-instance-name</i> —Name of the routing instance.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 130</a></li></ul>                                            |



## abated-utilization (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>abated-utilization <i>percentage</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate SNMP traps for DHCP address pools or linked set of address pools. No SNMP traps are generated unless a value is configured.                                                                               |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Abated utilization is not set. Delete the abated-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>percentage</i> —Threshold below which an SNMP trap clear is generated.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 98                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 118</a></li> </ul> |

## abated-utilization-v6 (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>abated-utilization-v6 <i>percentage</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate SNMP traps for DHCPv6 address pools or linked set of address pools. No SNMP traps are generated unless a value is configured.                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Abated utilization is not set. Delete the abated-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>percentage</i> —Threshold below which an SNMP trap clear is generated.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 98                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 118</a></li> </ul> |

## access

---

**Syntax**    `access {  
              route prefix {  
                  next-hop next-hop;  
                  metric route-cost;  
                  preference route-distance;  
                  tag route-tag;  
              }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit dynamic-profiles [routing-options](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.

**Description**    Dynamically configure access routes.




.....  
**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you always include the [access-internal](#) stanza in the dynamic-profile when the `access` stanza is present for framed-route support.  
.....

**Options**    The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)

## access-concentrator

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-concentrator <i>name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-options</b>],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-underlying-options</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-options</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-underlying-options</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Support at the [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-underlying-options</b>] and [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-underlying-options</b>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>family pppoe</b>] hierarchies introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>(J Series Services Routers with Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) interfaces) Configure the name of the access concentrator. If you configure a specific access concentrator name on the client and the same access concentrator name server is available, then a PPPoE session is established. If there is a mismatch between the access concentrator names of the client and the server, the PPPoE session gets closed.</p> <p>If you do not configure the access concentrator name, the PPPoE session starts using any available server in the network.</p> <p>(Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2) PICs on M120 and M320 routers; Trio MPCs on MX Series routers) Configure an alternative access concentrator name in the AC-NAME tag in a PPPoE control packet for use with a dynamic PPPoE subscriber interface. If you do not configure the access concentrator name, the AC-NAME tag contains the system name.</p>                                                                                                                                               |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The [edit ... <b>family pppoe</b>] hierarchies are supported only on MX Series routers with Trio MPCs.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>name</i></b> —Name of the access concentrator.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>interface</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>interface-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

- Related Documentation**
- Identifying the Access Concentrator
  - [Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638](#)
  - [Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles on page 695](#)
  - *Junos OS Interfaces and Routing Configuration Guide*

---

## access-identifier

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-identifier <i>identifier-string</i> &lt;neighbor <i>ip-address</i>&gt;;</code>                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp interfaces <a href="#">interface-set</a> ]                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate the specified access node with the set of VLANs that carry traffic to the subscriber using that access node; identify a particular subscriber.                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>identifier-string</i>—Unique identifier string for the access node; also configured on the access node.</p> <p><i>ip-address</i>—IP address of the ANCP neighbor.</p>                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Operations on page 1044</a></li></ul> |

## access-internal

**Syntax**

```
access-internal {
 route subscriber-ip-address {
 qualified-next-hop underlying-interface {
 mac-address address;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit dynamic-profiles [routing-options](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.

**Description** Dynamically configure access-internal routes. Access-internal routes are optional, but are used instead of access routes if the next-hop address is not specified in the Framed-Route Attribute [22] for IPv4 or the Framed-IPv6-Route attribute [99] for IPv6.



**BEST PRACTICE:** We recommend that you always include the `access-internal` stanza in the dynamic-profile when the `access` stanza is present for framed-route support.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**

|                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| routing—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for PPP Subscriber Management on page 530](#)

## access-profile (Domain Maps)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Access profile that defines the AAA services and options for subscribers associated with the domain map.                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of access profile.                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map on page 128</a></li></ul> |

## access-profile (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the access profile that triggers AAA services for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the [edit system services static-subscribers interface] hierarchy level or for the static subscribers in a specific group. The group version of this statement overrides the global configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>profile-name</i></b> —Name of the static subscriber access profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>access</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>access-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile on page 405</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile on page 409</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## access-type

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-type {<br/>    (<a href="#">generic</a>   <a href="#">wimax</a>);<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the access type for Mobile IP.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The generic access type is used by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP on page 473</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                         |



## accounting (access profile)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> accounting {   accounting-stop-on-access-deny;   accounting-stop-on-failure;   coa-immediate-update;   coa-no-override service-class-attribute;   duplication;   immediate-update;   order [ <i>accounting-method</i> ];   statistics (time   volume-time);   update-interval <i>minutes</i>; }</pre>                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <i>profile profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure RADIUS accounting parameters and enable RADIUS accounting for an access profile.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 27</a></li> </ul> |

## accounting (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (accounting   no-accounting);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <i>igmp interface interface-name</i> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable or disable the collection of IGMP join and leave event statistics for dynamically created IGMP interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li> <li>• For information about recording IGMP join and leave events, see “Recording IGMP Join and Leave Events” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li> </ul> |

## accounting (Dynamic MLD Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (accounting   no-accounting);                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mls interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable or disable the collection of MLD join and leave event statistics for a dynamic interface.                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Recording MLD Join and Leave Events</a></li></ul>      |

## accounting-order (Service Accounting)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-order (activation-protocol   radius);                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>service</b> ]                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify which method is used for reporting subscriber service accounting.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>                  | activation-protocol                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>activation-protocol</b> —Send service accounting reports by means of the application that activates services, such as JSRC.<br><br><b>radius</b> —Send service accounting reports by means of the RADIUS protocol. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 398</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Service Accounting with JSRC on page 390</a></li></ul>                             |

## accounting-port

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>accounting-port <i>port-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the port number on which to contact the accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>port-number</i> —Port number on which to contact the accounting server. Most RADIUS servers use port number 1813 (as specified in RFC 2866).                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</a></li> </ul> |

## accounting-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>accounting-server [ <i>ip-address</i> ];</code>                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius</a> ]                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a list of the RADIUS accounting servers used for accounting for DHCP, L2TP, and PPP clients.                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP version 4 (IPv4) address.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> </ul> |

## accounting-session-id-format

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-session-id-format (decimal   description);                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the format the router or switch uses to identify the accounting session.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Default</b>                  | decimal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>decimal</b> —Use the decimal format.<br><br><b>description</b> —Use the generic format, in the form: <b>jnpr</b><br><i>interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id</i> .                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li></ul> |

## accounting-stop-on-access-deny

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-stop-on-access-deny;                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">accounting</a> ]                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure RADIUS accounting to send an Acct-Stop message when the AAA server refuses a client request for access.                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li></ul> |

## accounting-stop-on-failure

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-stop-on-failure;                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure RADIUS accounting to send an Acct-Stop message when client access fails AAA but the AAA server grants access.                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li></ul> |

## action

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>action {<br/>    loss-priority high then discard;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer name</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer name</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer name</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.2.<br>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... three-color-policer</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                           |
| <b>Description</b>         | Discard traffic on a logical interface using tricolor marking policing.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



**NOTE:** This statement is supported only on IQ2 interfaces.

The remaining statement is explained separately.

|                           |                                                              |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Basic Single-Rate Three-Color Policers</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Basic Two-Rate Three-Color Policers</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Two-Color and Three-Color Logical Interface Policers</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Two-Color and Three-Color Physical Interface Policers</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Two-Color and Three-Color Policers at Layer 2</a></li><li>• <a href="#">loss-priority high then discard on page 1386</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## active-server-group

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>active-server-group <i>server-group-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay]<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Apply a DHCP relay agent configuration to the named group of DHCP server addresses. Use the statement at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>A group-specific configuration overrides a global option.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>server-group-name</i></b> —Name of the group of DHCP or DHCPv6 server addresses to which the DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent configuration applies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Active Server Groups on page 267</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li> <li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

- Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches
- Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)

## address

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <code>address (<i>ip-address</i>   <i>ipv6-address</i>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family <i>family</i> ],<br>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family <i>family</i> ],<br>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family <i>family</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family <i>family</i> ] |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br>Support at the [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family <i>family</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Description              | Configure the interface address. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Options                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IPv4 address of the interface.<br><br><i>ipv6-address</i> —IPv6 address of the interface. When configuring an IPv6 address on a dynamically created interface, use the <i>\$junos-ipv6-address</i> dynamic variable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• "Configuring the Protocol Family," in <i>Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i>.</li><li>• <i>Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



## address (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address <i>ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the IP address for a Diameter remote peer.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP address of remote Diameter peer.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378</a></li></ul> |

## address (Diameter Transport)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address <i>ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>transport</b> <i>transport-name</i> ]                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the source (local) IP address for the Diameter local transport connection.                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP address of remote Diameter peer.                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li></ul>              |

## address (Tunnel Profile Remote Gateway)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address <i>server-ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> tunnel <i>tunnel-id</i> <a href="#">remote-gateway</a> ]                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP address of the remote gateway device at the L2TP tunnel endpoint, the LNS.                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>server-ip-address</i> —IP address of the remote gateway device.<br><b>Default:</b> 0.0.0.0.                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul> |

## address (Tunnel Profile Source Gateway)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address <i>client-ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> tunnel <i>tunnel-id</i> <a href="#">source-gateway</a> ]                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP address of the source gateway device at the local L2TP tunnel endpoint, the LAC. This value overrides the default address for the logical system or routing instance. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>client-ip-address</i> —IP address of the source gateway device.<br><b>Default:</b> 0.0.0.0.                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul>                                                     |

## address-assignment (Address-Assignment Pools)

```
Syntax address-assignment {
 abated-utilization percentage;
 abated-utilization-v6 percentage;
 high-utilization percentage;
 high-utilization-v6 percentage;
 neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-pool-name;
 pool pool-name {
 family family {
 dhcp-attributes {
 protocol-specific attributes;
 }
 host hostname {
 hardware-address mac-address;
 ip-address ip-address;
 }
 network ip-prefix / <prefix-length>;
 prefix ipv6-prefix;
 range range-name {
 high upper-limit;
 low lower-limit;
 prefix-length prefix-length;
 }
 }
 link pool-name;
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.

**Description** Configure address-assignment pools that can be used by different client applications.



**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.

**Options** *pool-name*—Name assigned to an address-assignment pool.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for L2TP LNS with Inline Services on page 333](#)

## address-pool (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address-pool <i>pool-name</i>;</code>                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the address pool used to assign addresses to subscribers associated with the domain map.                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name of address pool.                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map on page 129</a></li></ul> |

## adf (Dynamic Firewalls)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> adf {     counter;     input-precedence <i>precedence</i>;     output-precedence <i>precedence</i>;     rule <i>rule-value</i>; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">filter</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an Ascend-Data-Filter that the dynamic profile applies to a subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>counter</b>—Enable a counter that increments each time the Ascend-Data-Filter rule is used. Typically used for testing purposes.</p> <p><b><i>precedence</i></b>—Precedence value that sets the order in which dynamic service filters are applied on the interface. The lower the precedence value, the higher the precedence that is given. The precedence setting is used in conjunction with the precedence settings of all dynamic service filters configured (not only Ascend-Data-Filters) on the same interface to establish the order. For example, the order also includes any configured <b>input <i>filter-name</i> precedence <i>precedence</i></b> and <b>output <i>filter-name</i> precedence <i>precedence</i></b> statements.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 0</p> <p><b><i>rule-value</i></b>—Ascend-Data-Filter rule. You can specify either a Junos predefined variable that maps the Ascend-Data-Filter actions to Junos filter functionality or you can manually configure the Ascend-Data-Filter rule. The router supports two predefined variables depending on family type: <b>\$junos-adf-rule-v4</b> for family <b>inet</b> and <b>\$junos-adf-rule-v6</b> for family <b>inet6</b>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Classic Filters Overview on page 873</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Basic Classic Filter Syntax on page 875</a></li> <li>• For general information about configuring firewall filters, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide</a>.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## adjacency-timer

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | adjacency-timer <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ],<br>[edit protocols ancp <a href="#">neighbor</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the interval between adjacency messages sent to ANCP adjacency peer (access node) for all peers or a specific peer.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Number of seconds between adjacency messages.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 25 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 10 seconds                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages on page 1044</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043</a></li></ul> |

## adjust-minimum (Dynamic Shaping and Scheduling)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>adjust-minimum (rate   \$junos-cos-adjust-minimum);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service <a href="#">schedulers scheduler-name</a> ],<br>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles traffic-control-profile-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For adjustments performed by the ANCP or multicast applications on EQ DPCs and MPC/MIC interfaces, specify the minimum shaping rate for an adjusted scheduler node. The node is associated with a traffic-control profile.</p> <p>For adjustments performed by the multicast application on MPC/MIC interfaces, specify the minimum shaping rate for an adjusted queue. The queue is associated with a scheduler.</p>                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rate</b>—Minimum shaping rate for a node or a queue, in Mbps</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-adjust-minimum</b>—Junos OS predefined variable that is replaced with the minimum shaping rate for a node that is obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached. Use this variable at the [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service <b>traffic-control-profiles</b>] hierarchy level.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Minimum Adjusted Shaping Rate on Scheduler Nodes on page 841</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Shaping-Rate Adjustment for Queues on page 842</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## adjust-percent (Dynamic Schedulers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>adjust-percent <i>percentage</i>;</code>                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service schedulers <i>scheduler-name</i> ]                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | For a MPC/MIC interface, determine the percentage of adjustment for the shaping rate of a queue.                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>percentage</i></b> —Percentage of the shaping rate to adjust.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Shaping-Rate Adjustment for Queues on page 842</a></li></ul> |

## advisory-options (ANCP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>advisory-options (downstream-rate   upstream-rate) <i>rate</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a recommended shaping rate to be applied to downstream or upstream traffic on an interface. For ANCP interfaces, these configured rates are used as the default values for the Juniper VSAs Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (26-141) and Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (26-142) if the router has not received and processed the attributes from the access node. For L2TP, the rates are configured on an underlying PPPoE logical interface for a subscriber on an MX Series router acting as a LAC. When the subscriber is tunneled, these speeds are sent to the LNS in the ICCN message as AVP 24 (downstream) and AVP 38 (upstream), respectively. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>downstream-rate</i></b> —Specify the downstream traffic rate.<br><br><b><i>upstream-rate</i></b> —Specify the upstream traffic rate.<br><br><b><i>rate</i></b> —Traffic rate in bits per second.<br><b>Range:</b> 1000 through 4,294,967,295 bits per second                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 1049</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



## aggregate (Hierarchical Policier)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> aggregate {     if-exceeding {         bandwidth-limit <i>bandwidth</i>;         burst-size-limit <i>burst</i>;     }     then {         discard;     } } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer</a> <i>name</i> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... hierarchical-policer</a> <i>name</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>On M40e, M120, and M320 edge routers with Flexible PIC Concentrator (FPC) input as FFPC and FPC output as SFPC, and on MX Series, T320, T640, and T1600 edge routers with Enhanced Intelligent Queuing (IQE) PICs, configure an aggregate hierarchical policer.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Hierarchical Policier Configuration Overview</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Hierarchical Policers</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">bandwidth-limit (Hierarchical Policier) on page 1146</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">burst-size-limit (Hierarchical Policier) on page 1154</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">hierarchical-policer on page 1312</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">if-exceeding (Hierarchical Policier) on page 1326</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">premium (Hierarchical Policier) on page 1496</a></li> </ul> |

## aggregate-clients (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | aggregate-clients (merge   replace);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">dynamic-profile profile-name</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Options <b>merge</b> and <b>replace</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the router merge (chain) client attributes such as firewall filters and CoS attributes or replace them when multiple client sessions exist on the same underlying VLAN.</p> <p>Not supported for IP demux subscriber interfaces.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>merge</b>—Aggregate multiple clients attributes for the same subscriber (logical interface)</p> <p><b>replace</b>—Replace the entire logical interface whenever a new client logs in to the network using the same VLAN logical interface</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## aggregate-clients (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>aggregate-clients (merge   replace);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Options <b>merge</b> and <b>replace</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Specify that the router merge (chain) client attributes such as firewall filters and CoS attributes or replace them when multiple client sessions exist on the same underlying VLAN. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p> <p>Not supported for IP demux subscriber interfaces.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>merge</b>—Aggregate multiple client attributes for the same subscriber (logical interface)</p> <p><b>replace</b>—Replace the entire logical interface whenever a new client logs in to the network using the same VLAN logical interface</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230</a></li></ul> |


## aggregate-clients (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | aggregate-clients (merge   replace);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify for all static subscribers or for a group of static subscribers that the router merge (chain) subscriber (client) attributes such as firewall filters and CoS attributes or replace them when multiple subscriber sessions exist on the same underlying VLAN. The group version of this statement overrides the global version.</p> <p>This statement is not supported for IP demux subscriber interfaces.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | By default, multiple subscribers cannot be on the same logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>merge</b>—Aggregate the attributes of multiple subscribers for the logical interface.</p> <p><b>replace</b>—Replace the entire logical interface whenever a new client logs in to the network using the same VLAN logical interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers on page 406</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## algorithm

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | algorithm (hmac-md5   md5);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip peer nai <i>user@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer nai <i>user@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer nai <i>user@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit services mobile-ip peer nai <i>user@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the algorithm used for authenticating Mobile IP messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | hmac-md5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>hmac-md5</b>—Specifies algorithm hmac-md5</p> <p><b>md5</b>—Specifies algorithm md5</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## allow-snooped-clients

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | allow-snooped-clients;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Explicitly enable DHCP snooping support on the router.</p> <p>Use the statement at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels to explicitly enable snooping support on the router for DHCPv6 relay agent.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> In Junos OS Release 10.0 and earlier, DHCP snooping is <i>enabled</i> by default. In Release 10.1 and later, DHCP snooping is <i>disabled</i> by default.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Snooping Support on page 237</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## always-write-giaddr

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>always-write-giaddr;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Overwrite the gateway IP address (giaddr) of every DHCP packet with the giaddr of the DHCP relay agent before forwarding the packet to the DHCP server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



## always-write-option-82

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>always-write-option-82;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Override the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server. The use of this option causes the DHCP relay agent to perform one of the following actions, depending on how it is configured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the DHCP relay agent is configured to add option 82 information to DHCP packets, it clears the existing option 82 values from the DHCP packets and inserts the new values before forwarding the packets to the DHCP server.</li> <li>• If the DHCP relay agent is not configured to add option 82 information to DHCP packets, it clears the existing option 82 values from the packets, but does not add any new values before forwarding the packets to the DHCP server.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## ancp

```
Syntax ancp {
 adjacency-timer seconds;
 adjustment-factor dsl-type adjustment-factor;
 interfaces {
 interface-set interface-set-name {
 access-identifier identifier-string <neighbor ip-address>;
 }
 interface-name {
 access-identifier identifier-string <neighbor ip-address>;
 overhead-accounting;
 }
 }
 maximum-discovery-table-entries entry-number;
 maximum-helper-restart-time;
 neighbor ip-address {
 adjacency-timer;
 ietf-mode;
 maximum-discovery-table-entries entry-number;
 pre-ietf-mode;
 }
 pre-ietf-mode;
 qos-adjust;
 qos-adjust-adsl adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-adsl2 adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-adsl2-plus adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-sdsl adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-vdsl adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-vdsl2 adjustment-factor;
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit protocols]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.

**Description** Configure Junos OS ANCP features.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)


## application

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>application <i>application-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services application-identification rule <i>rule-name</i> ]                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Identify the application for inclusion in a rule.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>application-name</i> —Identifier for the application.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring APPID Rules</a></li></ul> |

## assignment-id-format (L2TP LAC)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | assignment-id-format (assignment-id   client-server-id);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <a href="#">tunnel</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the format for the name used for a tunnel, the tunnel assignment ID. <div></div> <div><p><b>NOTE:</b> Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, unconfigure the statement by issuing <code>no services l2tp tunnel assignment-id-format</code>.</p></div> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | assignment-Id                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>assignment-Id</b>—The tunnel name corresponds to RADIUS attribute Tunnel-Assignment-Id [82].</p> <p><b>client-server-id</b>—The tunnel name is a combination of RADIUS attributes Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id [90], Tunnel-Server-Auth-Id [91], and Tunnel-Assignment-Id [82].</p>                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting the Format for the Tunnel Name on page 326</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## attempts (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>attempts <i>attempt-count</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... dhcpv6 ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure how many attempts are made to reconfigure all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces before reconfiguration is considered to have failed. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>attempt-count</i></b>—Maximum number of attempts.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 8</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients on page 187</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## attribute

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>attribute <i>attribute-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">variables</a> <a href="#">radius</a> <a href="#">vendor-id</a> ]           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a RADIUS attribute as a variable in a dynamic profile.                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>attribute-number</i> —Number of the RADIUS attribute.                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li></ul> |

## attributes

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>attributes {<br/>  <a href="#">exclude</a> {<br/>    ...<br/>  }<br/>  <a href="#">ignore</a> {<br/>    framed-ip-netmask;<br/>    input-filter;<br/>    logical-system-routing-instance;<br/>    output-filter;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how the router or switch processes RADIUS attributes.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring How RADIUS Attributes Are Used for Subscriber Access on page 40</a></li></ul>                                                                                             |

## authenticate

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>authenticate {   order (aaa   local); }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>         [edit services <b>mobile-ip</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br/>         Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the authentication method performed for Mobile IP.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>         system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP on page 473</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## authentication (DHCP Local Server)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>authentication {<br/>  password <i>password-string</i>;<br/>  username-include {<br/>    circuit-type;<br/>    client-id;<br/>    delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;<br/>    domain-name <i>domain-name-string</i>;<br/>    interface-name;<br/>    logical-system-name;<br/>    mac-address;<br/>    option-60;<br/>    option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;<br/>    relay-agent-interface-id;<br/>    relay-agent-remote-id;<br/>    relay-agent-subscriber-id;<br/>    routing-instance-name;<br/>    user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                        |
| Hierarchy Level          | <pre>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name</a>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system<br/>  services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</pre> |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Description              | <p>Configure the parameters the router sends to the external AAA server. A group configuration takes precedence over a global DHCP relay or DHCP local server configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |



## authentication (DHCP Relay Agent)


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> authentication {   password <i>password-string</i>;   username-include {     circuit-type;     client-id;     delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;     domain-name <i>domain-name-string</i>;     interface-name;     logical-system-name;     mac-address;     option-60;     option-82 [circuit-id] [remote-id];     relay-agent-interface-id;     relay-agent-remote-id;     relay-agent-subscriber-id;     routing-instance-name;     user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;   } }</pre>                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre> [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>  forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the parameters the router sends to the external AAA server. A group configuration takes precedence over a global DHCP relay configuration. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit...dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## authentication (Static Subscribers)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>authentication {<br/>    password <i>password-string</i>;<br/>    username-include {<br/>        domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;<br/>        interface;<br/>        logical-system-name;<br/>        routing-instance-name;<br/>        user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;<br/>    }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description              | <p>Specify the authentication parameters that trigger the Access-Request message to AAA for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the <b>[edit system services static-subscribers interface]</b> hierarchy level, or for the static subscribers in a specific group. The group version of this statement overrides the global configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 407</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 410</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## authentication-order

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>authentication-order [ <i>authentication-methods</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access <i>profile</i> <i>profile-name</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.<br><b>none</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the order in which the Junos OS tries different authentication methods when verifying that a client can access the router or switch. For each login attempt, the software tries the authentication methods in order, from first to last.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Default</b>                  | <code>password</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>authentication-methods</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>none</b>—Grants authentication without examining the client credentials. Can be used, for example, when the Diameter function Gx-Plus is employed for notification during subscriber provisioning.</li> <li>• <b>password</b>—Verify the client using the information configured at the <code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level.</li> <li>• <b>radius</b>—Verify the client using RADIUS authentication services.</li> </ul> |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> For subscriber access management, you must always specify the <b>radius</b> method. Subscriber access management does not support the <b>password</b> option (the default), and authentication fails when no method is specified.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><code>admin</code>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><code>admin-control</code>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access on page 24</a></li> <li>• Configuring Access Profiles for L2TP or PPP Parameters</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## authentication-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | authentication-server [ <i>ip-address</i> ];                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a list of the RADIUS authentication servers used to authenticate DHCP, L2TP, and PPP clients. The servers in the list are also used as RADIUS dynamic-request servers, from which the router accepts and processes RADIUS disconnect requests, CoA requests, and dynamic service activations and deactivations. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IPv4 address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## authorization-order

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | authorization-order jsrsrc;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure AAA to use JSRC in an SRC environment to request authorization from the SAE when verifying that a DHCP subscriber can access the router. When you include this statement, AAA ignores any configured authentication order settings. This statement is ignored for non-DHCP subscribers. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | jsrsrc—Use JSRC application to communicate with the SAE for subscriber authorization. JSRC is the only application that is currently available.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC on page 397</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                            |

## autonomous (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (autonomous   no-autonomous);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> <i>prefix</i> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify whether prefixes in the router advertisement messages are used for stateless address autoconfiguration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>autonomous</b>—Use prefixes for address autoconfiguration.</li> <li>• <b>no-autonomous</b>—Do not use prefixes for address autoconfiguration.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | autonomous                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Prefix Information Included in Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                 |

## bandwidth (Inline Services)


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | bandwidth (1g   10g);                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit chassis <i>fpc slot-number</i> pic <i>number</i> inline-services]                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the amount of bandwidth reserved on each Packet Forwarding Engine for tunnel traffic using inline services.                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>1g</b> —Reserves 1 Gbps of bandwidth for tunnel traffic.<br><br><b>10g</b> —Reserves 10 Gbps of bandwidth for tunnel traffic.                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Inline Service Interfaces on page 336</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li> </ul> |

## bandwidth-limit (Hierarchical Policer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>bandwidth-limit <i>bps</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall hierarchical-policer aggregate if-exceeding</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall hierarchical-policer premium if-exceeding</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer aggregate if-exceeding</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer premium if-exceeding</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... if-exceeding</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | For M40e, M120, and M320 (with FFPC and SFPC) edge routers and T320, T640, and T1600 core routers with Enhanced Intelligent Queuing (IQE) PICs, configure the maximum average bandwidth for premium or aggregate traffic in a hierarchical policer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>bps</i></b> —You can specify the number of bits per second either as a decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).<br><b>Range:</b> 32,000 through 50,000,000,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>firewall</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>firewall-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Hierarchical Policer Configuration Overview</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policer Color-Marking and Actions</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Single Token Bucket Algorithm</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit</a></li><li>• <a href="#">aggregate (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1125</a></li><li>• <a href="#">burst-size-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1154</a></li><li>• <a href="#">premium (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1496</a></li></ul> |

## bandwidth-limit (Policer)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>bandwidth-limit <i>bps</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <code>dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> if-exceeding</code> ],<br>[edit firewall <code><b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> if-exceeding</code> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <code><i>logical-system-name</i> <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> if-exceeding</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <code>dynamic-profiles ... if-exceeding</code> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>For a single-rate two-color policer, configure the bandwidth limit as a number of bits per second. Single-rate two-color policing uses the single token bucket algorithm to measure traffic-flow conformance to a two-color policer rate limit.</p> <p>Traffic at the interface that conforms to the bandwidth limit is categorized green. Traffic that exceeds the specified rate is also categorized as green provided that sufficient tokens remain in the single token bucket. Packets in a green flow are implicitly marked with <b>low</b> packet loss priority (PLP) and then passed through the interface.</p> <p>Traffic that exceeds the specified rate when insufficient tokens remain in the single token bucket is categorized red. Depending on the configuration of the two-color policer, packets in a red traffic flow might be implicitly discarded; or the packets might be re-marked with a specified forwarding class, a specified PLP, or both, and then passed through the interface.</p> <div style="margin-top: 20px;">  <p><b>NOTE:</b> This statement specifies the bandwidth limit as an absolute number of bits per second. Alternatively, for single-rate two-color policers only, you can use the <code>bandwidth-percent <i>percentage</i></code> statement to specify the bandwidth limit as a percentage of either the physical interface port speed or the configured logical interface shaping rate.</p> </div> <p>Single-rate two-color policing allows bursts of traffic for short periods, whereas single-rate and two-rate three-color policing allows more sustained bursts of traffic.</p> <p>Hierarchical policing is a form of two-color policing that applies different policing actions based on whether the packets are classified for expedited forwarding (EF) or for a lower priority. You apply a hierarchical policer to ingress Layer 2 traffic to allow bursts of EF traffic for short period and bursts of non-EF traffic for short periods, with EF traffic always taking precedence over non-EF traffic.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b><i>bps</i></b>—You can specify the number of bits per second either as a decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).</p> <p><b>Range:</b> (M Series, MX Series, and T Series routers) 8000 through 50,000,000,000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> None.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

**Required Privilege Level** firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.  
firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Two-Color Policer Configuration Overview
- Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits
- Policer Color-Marking and Actions
- Single Token Bucket Algorithm
- Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit
- [bandwidth-percent on page 1149](#)
- [burst-size-limit \(Policer\) on page 1155](#)



## bandwidth-percent

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>bandwidth-percent <i>percentage</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <code>dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> if-exceeding</code> ],<br>[edit firewall <code><b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> if-exceeding</code> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <code><i>logical-system-name</i> <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> if-exceeding</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <code>dynamic-profiles ... if-exceeding</code> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>         | For a single-rate two-color policer, configure the bandwidth limit as a percentage value. Single-rate two-color policing uses the <i>single token bucket algorithm</i> to measure traffic-flow conformance to a two-color policer rate limit.<br><br>Traffic at the interface that conforms to the bandwidth limit is categorized green. Traffic that exceeds the specified rate is also categorized as green provided that sufficient tokens remain in the single token bucket. Packets in a green flow are implicitly marked with <b>low</b> packet loss priority and then passed through the interface.<br><br>Traffic that exceeds the specified rate when insufficient tokens remain in the single token bucket is categorized red. Depending on the configuration of the two-color policer, packets in a red traffic flow might be implicitly discarded; or the packets might be re-marked with a specified forwarding class, a specified PLP, or both, and then passed through the interface. |



**NOTE:** This statement specifies the bandwidth limit as a percentage of either the physical interface port speed or the configured logical interface shaping rate. Alternatively, you can use the `bandwidth-limit bps` statement to specify the bandwidth limit as an absolute number of bits per second.

The function of the bandwidth limit is extended by the burst size (configured using the `burst-size-limit bytes` statement) to allow bursts of traffic up to a limit based on the overall traffic load:

- When a single-rate two-color policer is applied to the input or output traffic at an interface, the initial capacity for traffic bursting is equal to the number of bytes specified by this statement.
- During periods of relatively low traffic (traffic that arrives at or departs from the interface at overall rates below the token arrival rate), unused tokens accumulate in the bucket, but only up to the configured token bucket depth.

Single-rate two-color policing allows bursts of traffic for short periods, whereas single-rate and two-rate three-color policing allows more sustained bursts of traffic.

Hierarchical policing is a form of two-color policing that applies different policing actions based on whether the packets are classified for expedited forwarding (EF) or for a lower

priority. You apply a hierarchical policer to ingress Layer 2 traffic to allows bursts of EF traffic for short period and bursts of non-EF traffic for short periods, with EF traffic always taking precedence over non-EF traffic.

**Options** *percentage*—Traffic rate as a percentage of either the physical interface media rate or the logical interface configured shaping rate. You can configure a shaping rate on a logical interface by using class-of-service statement.



**NOTE:** You cannot rate-limit based on bandwidth percentage for aggregate, tunnel, and software interfaces. The bandwidth percentage policer cannot be used for forwarding table filters. Bandwidth percentage policers can only be used for interface-specific filters.

**Range:** 0 through 100

**Default:** None.

**Required Privilege Level** firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.  
firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Two-Color Policer Configuration Overview
- Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits
- Policer Color-Marking and Actions
- Single Token Bucket Algorithm
- Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit
- Bandwidth Policers
- [bandwidth-limit \(Policer\) on page 1147](#)
- [burst-size-limit \(Policer\) on page 1155](#)

## bfd

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> bfd {   version (0   1   automatic);   minimum-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;   minimum-receive-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;   multiplier <i>number</i>;   no-adaptation;   transmit-interval {     minimum-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;     threshold <i>milliseconds</i>;   }   detection-time {     threshold <i>milliseconds</i>;   }   session-mode (automatic   multihop   singlehop);   holddown-interval <i>milliseconds</i>; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection <a href="#">method</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) as the liveness detection method.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## boot-file

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>boot-file <i>filename</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the boot file advertised to DHCP clients. After the client receives an IP address and the boot file location from the DHCP server, the client uses the boot image stored in the boot file to complete DHCP setup. This is equivalent to DHCP option 67. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>filename</i> —Location of the boot file on the boot server. The filename can include a pathname.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li><li>• <a href="#">boot-server on page 1152</a></li></ul>                                                                                       |

## boot-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>boot-server (<i>address</i>   <i>hostname</i>);</code>                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the name of the boot server advertised to DHCP clients. The client uses a boot file located on the boot server to complete DHCP setup. This is equivalent to DHCP option 66. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>address</i> —IPv4 address of a boot server.<br><br><i>hostname</i> —Fully qualified hostname of a boot server.                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li><li>• <a href="#">boot-file on page 1152</a></li></ul>                    |

## buffer-size (Dynamic Scheduling)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | buffer-size (percent ( <i>percentage</i>   \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs)   remainder   temporal ( <i>microseconds</i>   \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs));                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">schedulers</a> <i>scheduler-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>The \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs predefined variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify buffer size.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include this statement, the default scheduler transmission rate and buffer size percentages for queues 0 through 7 are 95, 0, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, and 0 percent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>percent</b> <i>percentage</i>—Buffer size as a percentage of total buffer.</p> <p><b>remainder</b>—Remaining buffer available.</p> <p><b>temporal</b> <i>microseconds</i>—Buffer size as a temporal value. The queuing algorithm starts dropping packets when it queues more than a computed number of bytes. This maximum is computed by multiplying the logical interface speed by the configured temporal value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> The ranges vary by platform as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For IQ PICs on M320 routers: 1 through 50,000 microseconds.</li> <li>For IQ PICs on other M Series routers: 1 through 100,000 microseconds.</li> <li>For other M Series routers: 1 through 200,000 microseconds.</li> </ul> <p><b>\$junos-scheduler-bs</b>—Junos predefined variable that is replaced with the buffer size obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li> <li><a href="#">scheduler (Dynamic Scheduler Maps) on page 1559</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## burst-size-limit (Hierarchical Policer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>burst-size-limit bytes;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer aggregate if-exceeding</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer premium if-exceeding</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer aggregate if-exceeding</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer premium if-exceeding</a> ]                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... if exceeding</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | For M40e, M120, and M320 (with FFPC and SFPC) edge routers and T320, T640, and T1600 core routers with Enhanced Intelligent Queuing (IQE) PICs, configure the burst-size limit for premium or aggregate traffic in a hierarchical policer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>bytes</b> —Burst-size limit in bytes. The minimum recommended value is the maximum transmission unit (MTU) of the IP packets being policed. You can specify the value either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).<br><b>Range:</b> 1500 through 2,147,450,880                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>firewall</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>firewall-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hierarchical Policer Configuration Overview</li><li>• Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits</li><li>• Policer Color-Marking and Actions</li><li>• Single Token Bucket Algorithm</li><li>• Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit</li><li>• Hierarchical Policers</li><li>• <a href="#">aggregate (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1125</a></li><li>• <a href="#">bandwidth-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1146</a></li><li>• <a href="#">premium (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1496</a></li></ul> |

## burst-size-limit (Policer)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>burst-size-limit bytes;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> <b>if-exceeding</b> ],<br>[edit firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> <b>if-exceeding</b> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> <b>if-exceeding</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> ... <b>if-exceeding</b> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>For a single-rate two-color policer, configure the burst size as a number of bytes. The burst size allows for short periods of traffic bursting (back-to-back traffic at average rates that exceed the configured bandwidth limit). Single-rate two-color policing uses the <i>single token bucket algorithm</i> to measure traffic-flow conformance to a two-color policer rate limit.</p> <p>Traffic at the interface that conforms to the bandwidth limit is categorized green. Traffic that exceeds the specified rate is also categorized as green provided that sufficient tokens remain in the single token bucket. Packets in a green flow are implicitly marked with <b>low</b> packet loss priority and then passed through the interface.</p> <p>Traffic that exceeds the specified rate when insufficient tokens remain in the single token bucket is categorized red. Depending on the configuration of the two-color policer, packets in a red traffic flow might be implicitly discarded; or the packets might be re-marked with a specified forwarding class, a specified PLP, or both, and then passed through the interface.</p> <p>The burst size extends the function of the bandwidth limit (configured using either the <b>bandwidth-limit</b> <i>bps</i> statement or the <b>bandwidth-percent</b> <i>percentage</i> statement) to allow bursts of traffic up to a limit based on the overall traffic load:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When a single-rate two-color policer is applied to the input or output traffic at an interface, the initial capacity for traffic bursting is equal to the number of bytes specified by this statement.</li> <li>• During periods of relatively low traffic (traffic that arrives at or departs from the interface at overall rates below the token arrival rate), unused tokens accumulate in the bucket, but only up to the configured token bucket depth.</li> </ul> <p>Single-rate two-color policing allows bursts of traffic for short periods, whereas single-rate and two-rate three-color policing allows more sustained bursts of traffic.</p> <p>Hierarchical policing is a form of two-color policing that applies different policing actions based on whether the packets are classified for expedited forwarding (EF) or for a lower priority. You apply a hierarchical policer to ingress Layer 2 traffic to allow bursts of EF traffic for short period and bursts of non-EF traffic for short periods, with EF traffic always taking precedence over non-EF traffic.</p> |

**Options** *bytes*—Burst size limit in bytes. The minimum recommended value is the maximum transmission unit (MTU) of the IP packets being policed. You can specify the value either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation **k** (1000), **m** (1,000,000), or **g** (1,000,000,000).

**Range:** 1500 through 100,000,000,000

**Default:** None

**Required Privilege Level** firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.  
firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Two-Color Policer Configuration Overview](#)
- [Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits](#)
- [Policer Color-Marking and Actions](#)
- [Single Token Bucket Algorithm](#)
- [Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit](#)
- [bandwidth-limit \(Policer\) on page 1147](#)
- [bandwidth-percent on page 1149](#)



## captive-portal-content-delivery

```
Syntax captive-portal-content-delivery {
 rule rule-name {
 match-direction (input | output | input-output);
 term term-name {
 from {
 application [junos-http, junos-https, junos-httpproxy];
 destination-address address <except>;
 destination-prefix-list list-name <except>;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 }
 }
 rule-set rule-set-name {
 [rule rule-names];
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit services]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description** Configure the HTTP redirect service by specifying the location to which a subscriber's initial Web browser session is redirected, enabling initial provisioning and service selection for the subscriber.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** services—To view this statement in the configuration.  
services—control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953](#)

## **captive-portal-content-delivery-rule**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>captive-portal-content-delivery-rule <i>rule-name</i>;</code>                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services</a> ]                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the HTTP rule for inclusion in a service set.                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>rule-name</i> —Identifier for the rule.                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li></ul>        |

## **captive-portal-content-delivery-rule-set**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>captive-portal-content-delivery-rule-set <i>rule-set-name</i>;</code>                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services</a> ]                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the HTTP rule set for inclusion in a service set.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>rule-set-name</i> —Identifier for the rule set.                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li></ul>        |

## chap (Dynamic PPP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | chap;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">ppp-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify CHAP authentication in a PPP dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298</a></li> </ul> |

## chap (L2TP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | chap;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> ppp <a href="#">ppp-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | (MX Series routers only) Specify CHAP authentication for PPP subscribers in an L2TP LNS user group profile.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li> </ul> |

## circuit-id (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>circuit-id <i>value</i> range <i>named-range</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet dhcp-attributes option-match <a href="#">option-82</a> ]                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the address-assignment pool <i>named-range</i> to use for a particular option 82 Agent Circuit ID value.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>value</i></b>—String for the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets.</p> <p><b><i>range named-range</i></b>—Name of the address-assignment pool range to use.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                  |

## circuit-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>circuit-id {   prefix <i>prefix</i>;   use-interface-description (logical   device); }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i>   relay-option-82], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay   relay-option-82], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group   <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82]</pre>                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) to include in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server. Optionally specify that the suboption include a prefix or textual description, or both, instead of the circuit-id.</p> <p>The format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that do not use virtual local area networks (VLANs) or stacked VLANs (S-VLANs) is as follows:</p> <pre>(fe   ge)-fpc/pic/port</pre> <p>The format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use VLANs is as follows:</p> <pre>(fe   ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-id</pre> <p>The format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use S-VLANs is as follows:</p> <pre>(fe   ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id</pre> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information on page 263</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Agent Circuit ID Information on page 263</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## circuit-type (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | circuit-type;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the circuit type is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## circuit-type (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | circuit-type;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Support at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the circuit type is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. Use the statement at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## class-of-service (Dynamic Profiles)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | class-of-service { ... }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure Junos OS CoS features in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not configure any CoS features, all packets are transmitted from output transmission queue 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Static Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 729</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Hierarchical Scheduling and Queuing in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 731</a></li> </ul> |

## classifiers (Dynamic CoS Application)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>classifiers {<br/>    dscp (classifier-name   default);<br/>    dscp-ipv6 (classifier-name   default);<br/>    ieee-802.1 (classifier-name   default) vlan-tag (inner   outer)<br/>    inet-precedence (classifier-name   default);<br/>}</pre>                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply a CoS behavior aggregate classifier to a dynamic interface. You can apply a default classifier or one that is previously defined.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 747</a></li><li>• classifiers (Definition)</li></ul> |



## clear-on-abort (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear-on-abort;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... dhcpv6 ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Delete all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces when reconfiguration fails; that is, when the maximum number of retry attempts have been made without success. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Restores the original client configuration when reconfiguration fails.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails on page 188</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## client

**Syntax**    client *client-name* {  
               chap-secret *chap-secret*;  
               group-profile *profile-name*;  
               ike {  
                   allowed-proxy-pair {  
                       remote *remote-proxy-address* local *local-proxy-address*;  
                   }  
                   pre-shared-key (ascii-text *character-string* | hexadecimal *hexadecimal-digits*);  
                   ike-policy *policy-name*;  
                   interface-id *string-value*;  
               }  
               l2tp {  
                   aaa-access-profile *profile-name*;  
                   interface-id *interface-id*;  
                   lcp-renegotiation;  
                   local-chap;  
                   maximum-sessions-per-tunnel *number*;  
                   multilink {  
                       drop-timeout *milliseconds*;  
                       fragment-threshold *bytes*;  
                   }  
                   ppp-authentication (chap | pap);  
                   ppp-profile *profile-name*;  
                   shared-secret *shared-secret*;  
               }  
               pap-password *pap-password*;  
               ppp {  
                   cell-overhead;  
                   encapsulation-overhead *bytes*;  
                   framed-ip-address *ip-address*;  
                   framed-pool *framed-pool*;  
                   idle-timeout *seconds*;  
                   interface-id *interface-id*;  
                   keepalive *seconds*;  
                   primary-dns *primary-dns*;  
                   primary-wins *primary-wins*;  
                   secondary-dns *secondary-dns*;  
                   secondary-wins *secondary-wins*;  
               }  
               user-group-profile *profile-name*;  
           }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access *profile* *profile-name*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description**    Configure the peer identity.



**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.

**Options** *client-name*—A peer identity. For L2TP clients, you can use a special name to configure a default client. This client enables the LNS to accept any LAC to establish the session. On M Series routers, use \* for the default client configuration. On MX Series routers, use **default**.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the L2TP Client](#)
- [Configuring Access Profiles for L2TP or PPP Parameters](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)

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## client-accounting-algorithm

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**Syntax** client-accounting-algorithm (direct | round-robin);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [options](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.

**Description** Configure the access method the router uses to access RADIUS accounting servers.

**Default** direct

**Options** **direct**—Use the direct method.  
**round-robin**—Use the round-robin method.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37](#)

## client-authentication-algorithm

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-authentication-algorithm (direct   round-robin);                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the access method the router uses to access RADIUS authentication servers.                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Default</b>                  | direct                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>direct</b> —Use the direct method.<br><br><b>round-robin</b> —Use the round-robin method.                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li></ul> |

## client-discover-match (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCP local server to use option 60 and option 82 information to uniquely identify DHCP subscribers when primary subscriber identification fails. The statement always uses the <b>option60-and-option82</b> option. Specifying the option has no effect.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## client-discover-match (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCP relay to use option 60 and option 82 information to uniquely identify DHCP subscribers when primary subscriber identification fails. The statement always uses the <b>option60-and-option82</b> option. Specifying the option has no effect.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## client-id (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Client-ID option (option 1) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## client-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the client ID is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## client-idle-timeout

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-idle-timeout <i>minutes</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">session-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | (J Series, MX Series, and SRX Series devices) Specify the grace period that begins after an authenticated user terminates all sessions and connections. Authentication is not required if a new connection is initiated during the grace period by the same user.                               |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The timeout is not configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>minutes</i> —Number of minutes of idle time that elapse before the session is terminated.<br><b>Range:</b> 10 through 1440 minutes                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | access—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 100</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscriber Session Options on page 102</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 103</a></li></ul> |



## client-session-timeout

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>client-session-timeout <i>minutes</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>session-options</b> ]                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | (J Series, MX Series, and SRX Series devices) Specify the amount of time after which user sessions are terminated, regardless of user activity (also known as a forced or hard authentication timeout).           |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The timeout is not configured.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>minutes</i></b> —Number of minutes after which user sessions are terminated.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 527040 minutes                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>access</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>access-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 100</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscriber Session Options on page 102</a></li> </ul> |

## coa-dynamic-variable-validation

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>coa-dynamic-variable-validation;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <b>options</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that when a CoA operation includes a change to a client profile dynamic variable that cannot be applied (such as an update to a non-existent filter), the router does not apply any changes to client profile dynamic variables in the request, and responds with a NACK message.                                 |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not configure this statement, the router does not apply any incorrect variable updates but does make any other changes to the client profile dynamic variables, and then responds with an ACK message.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 31</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li> </ul> |

## coa-immediate-update

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | coa-immediate-update;                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server immediately following a CoA operation.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27</a></li></ul> |

## coa-no-override service-class-attribute

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | coa-no-override service-class-attribute;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that, after a CoA action that changes the RADIUS Class attribute, accounting reports for the subscriber's service sessions continue to use the original Class attribute that was assigned when the service sessions were created. The new Class attribute value is used in accounting reports for the subscriber session only. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27</a></li></ul>                                                                                                             |

## color-aware

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | color-aware;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>name</i> <a href="#">single-rate</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>name</i> <a href="#">two-rate</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> <a href="#">single-rate</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> <a href="#">two-rate</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... single-rate</a> ] and [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... two-rate</a> ] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For a three-color policer, configure the way preclassified packets are metered. In color-aware mode, the local router can assign a higher packet loss priority, but cannot assign a lower packet loss priority.</p> <p>For example, suppose an upstream router assigned medium-high packet loss priority to a packet because the packet exceeded the committed information rate on the upstream router interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the local router applies color-aware policing to the packet, the router <i>cannot</i> change the packet loss priority to low, even if the packet conforms to the configured committed information route on the local router interface.</li> <li>• If the local router applies color-blind policing to the packet, the router <i>can</i> change the packet loss priority to low if the packet conforms to the configured committed information route on the local router interface.</li> </ul> |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> A color-aware policer cannot be applied to Layer 2 traffic.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you omit the <b>color-aware</b> statement, the default behavior is color-aware mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</li> <li>• Color Modes for Three-Color Policers</li> <li>• <a href="#">color-blind on page 1176</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## color-blind

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | color-blind;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>name</i> <a href="#">single-rate</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>name</i> <a href="#">two-rate</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> <a href="#">single-rate</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> <a href="#">two-rate</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> ... <a href="#">single-rate</a> ] and [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> ... <a href="#">two-rate</a> ] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For a three-color policer, configure the way preclassified packets are metered. In color-blind mode, the local router ignores the preclassification of packets and can assign a higher or lower packet loss priority.</p> <p>For example, suppose an upstream router assigned medium-high packet loss priority to a packet because the packet exceeded the committed information rate on the upstream router interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the local router applies color-aware policing to the packet, the router <i>cannot</i> change the packet loss priority to low, even if the packet conforms to the configured committed information route on the local router interface.</li></ul> <div> <b>NOTE:</b> A color-aware policer cannot be applied to Layer 2 traffic.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the local router applies color-blind policing to the packet, the router <i>can</i> change the packet loss priority to low if the packet conforms to the configured committed information route on the local router interface.</li></ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you omit the <b>color-blind</b> statement, the default behavior is color-aware mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</li><li>• Color Modes for Three-Color Policers</li><li>• <a href="#">color-aware on page 1175</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## committed-burst-size

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>committed-burst-size bytes;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i> <b>single-rate</b> ],<br>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i> <b>two-rate</b> ],<br>[edit firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> <b>single-rate</b> ],<br>[edit firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> <b>two-rate</b> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> ... <b>single-rate</b> ] and [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> ... <b>two-rate</b> ] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>         | For a three-color policer, configure the committed burst size (CBS) as a number of bytes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |



**NOTE:** When you include the **committed-burst-size** statement in the configuration, you must also include the **committed-information-rate** statement at the same hierarchy level.

In three-color policing, a committed information rate (CIR) defines the guaranteed bandwidth for traffic arriving at or departing from the interface under normal line conditions. A flow of traffic at an average rate that conforms to the CIR is categorized green.

During periods of average traffic rates below the CIR, any unused bandwidth capacity accumulates up to a maximum amount defined by the CBS. Short periods of bursting traffic (back-to-back traffic at averages rates that exceed the CIR) are also categorized as green provided that unused bandwidth capacity is available.

Traffic that exceeds both the CIR and the CBS is considered nonconforming.

Single-rate three-color policers use a *dual token bucket algorithm* to measure traffic against a single rate limit. Nonconforming traffic is categorized as yellow or red, based on the **excess-burst-size** statement included in the policer configuration.

Two-rate three-color policers use a *dual-rate dual token bucket algorithm* to measure traffic against two rate limits. Nonconforming traffic is categorized as yellow or red based on the **peak-information-rate** and **peak-burst-rate** statements included in the policer configuration.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>bytes</b> —Number of bytes. You can specify a value in bytes either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).<br><b>Range:</b> 1500 through 100,000,000,000 bytes |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                           |

**Related  
Documentation**

- Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview
- Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits
- Policer Color-Marking and Actions
- Dual Token Bucket Algorithms
- Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit
- [committed-information-rate on page 1179](#)
- [excess-burst-size on page 1262](#)
- [peak-burst-size on page 1467](#)
- [peak-information-rate on page 1469](#)

## committed-information-rate

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>committed-information-rate <i>bps</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <code>dynamic-profiles</code> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <code>three-color-policer</code> <i>name</i> <code>single-rate</code> ],<br>[edit <code>dynamic-profiles</code> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <code>three-color-policer</code> <i>name</i> <code>two-rate</code> ],<br>[edit firewall <code>three-color-policer</code> <i>policer-name</i> <code>single-rate</code> ],<br>[edit firewall <code>three-color-policer</code> <i>policer-name</i> <code>two-rate</code> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <code>dynamic-profiles</code> ... <code>single-rate</code> ] and [edit <code>dynamic-profiles</code> ... <code>two-rate</code> ] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>         | For a three-color policer, configure the committed information rate as a number of bits per second. The committed information rate (CIR) is the guaranteed bandwidth for traffic arriving at or departing from the interface under normal line conditions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |



**NOTE:** When you include the `committed-information-rate` statement in the configuration, you must also include the `committed-burst-size` statement at the same hierarchy level.

In three-color policing, a CIR defines the guaranteed bandwidth for traffic arriving at or departing from the interface under normal line conditions. A flow of traffic at an average rate that conforms to the CIR is categorized green.

During periods of average traffic rates below the CIR, any unused bandwidth capacity accumulates up to a maximum amount defined by the committed burst size (CBS). Short periods of bursting traffic (back-to-back traffic at averages rates that exceed the CIR) are also categorized as green provided that unused bandwidth capacity is available.

Traffic that exceeds both the CIR and the CBS is considered nonconforming.

Single-rate three-color policers use a *dual token bucket algorithm* to measure traffic against a single rate limit. Nonconforming traffic is categorized as yellow or red, based on the **excess-burst-size** statement included in the policer configuration.

Two-rate three-color policers use a *dual-rate dual token bucket algorithm* to measure traffic against two rate limits. Nonconforming traffic is categorized as yellow or red based on the **peak-information-rate** and **peak-burst-rate** statements included in the policer configuration.

**Options** *bps*—Number of bits per second. You can specify a value in bits per second either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation **k** (1000), **m** (1,000,000), or **g** (1,000,000,000).

**Range:** 32,000 through 40,000,000,000 bps

**Required Privilege Level** firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.  
firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview
- Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits
- Policer Color-Marking and Actions
- Dual Token Bucket Algorithms
- Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit
- [committed-burst-size on page 1177](#)
- [excess-burst-size on page 1262](#)
- [peak-burst-size on page 1467](#)
- [peak-information-rate on page 1469](#)

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## concurrent-data-sessions

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**Syntax** concurrent-data-sessions *max-session-number*;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit services service-set *services-set-name* subscriber-profile *profile-name* enable *service-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description** Specify the maximum number of sessions that are concurrently enabled for the named service. The system randomly selects the number of sessions and enables the named service, whereas other sessions are not allotted the named service. This facilitates to increase the limit on the number of resources a service can use.

**Options** *max-session-number*—Maximum number of sessions concurrently enabled for the named service.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.



## connect-actively

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | connect-actively {<br><code>port</code> <i>port-number</i> ;<br><code>transport</code> <i>transport-name</i> ;<br>}                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <code>peer</code> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the destination port and transport connection used to establish active connections to Diameter peer.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.  |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Port 3868 and an automatically assigned local address are used to establish active connections to a peer.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378</a></li> </ul> |

## current-hop-limit (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | current-hop-limit <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Default value placed in the hop count field of the IP header for outgoing packets.                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —Hop limit. A value of 0 means the limit is unspecified by this router.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255<br><b>Default:</b> 64 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Hop Count in Outgoing Neighbor Discovery Packets</a></li> </ul>       |

## database-replication (Subscriber Session Database)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>database-replication {<br/>  traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define operations for subscriber management session database replication processes.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                  |

## default-lifetime (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>default-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Lifetime associated with a default router.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>seconds</i></b>—Default lifetime. A value of 0 means this router is not the default router.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> Maximum advertisement interval value through 9000 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> Three times the maximum advertisement interval value</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• max-advertisement-interval</li><li>• Configuring the Lifetime for the Default Neighbor Discovery Router</li></ul>                                                                                                           |

## default-local-server-group

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>default-local-server-group <i>local-server-group-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <a href="#">vendor-option</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Forward DHCP client packets to a default extended DHCP local server when you use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers.</p> <p>If the option 60 string received in the DHCP client packet does not match the ASCII or hexadecimal match string and match criteria (exact match or partial match) that you specify, the extended DHCP relay agent forwards the client packets to the specified default DHCP local server group configured with the <b>dhcp-local-server</b> statement at the <b>[edit system services]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>local-server-group-name</i></b> —Name of the default extended DHCP local server group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li> <li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li> <li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li> <li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## default-relay-server-group

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>default-relay-server-group <i>server-group-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <i>vendor-option</i>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Relay DHCP client packets to a default group of extended DHCP relay servers when you use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers.</p> <p>If the option 60 string received in the DHCP client packet does not match the ASCII or hexadecimal match string and match criteria (exact match or partial match) that you specify, the extended DHCP relay agent relays the client packets to the specified default group of servers configured with the <a href="#">server-group</a> statement at the <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]</code> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>server-group-name</i> —Name of the default DHCP relay server group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259</a></li><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## default-value

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>default-value <i>default-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">variables</a> <i>variable-name</i> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a default value for a user-defined variable in a dynamic profile. The values that the system uses for these variables are applied when the subscriber authenticates. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>default-value</i> —Default value for the variable.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li> </ul>                            |

## delay-buffer-rate (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>delay-buffer-rate (percent <i>percentage</i>   <i>rate</i>   <code>\$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate</code>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br>The <code>\$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate</code> variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Base the delay-buffer calculation on a delay-buffer rate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include this statement, the delay-buffer calculation is based on the guaranteed rate if one is configured, or the shaping rate if no guaranteed rate is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>rate</i>—Delay-buffer rate, in bits per second (bps). You can specify a value in bits per second either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1000 through 160,000,000,000 bps</p> <p><code>\$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate</code>—Junos predefined variable that is replaced with the delay-buffer rate obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## delegated-pool (DHCP Local Server)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>delegated-pool <i>pool-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name</a> interface <i>interface-name</i></code><br><code><a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system</code><br><code>services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services system services dhcp-local-server</code><br><code><a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services system services</code><br><code>dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the address pool that assigns the IA_PD address. A pool specified by RADIUS VSA 26-161 takes precedence over the pool specified by this <b>delegated-pool</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>pool-name</i></b> —Name of the address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>system</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>system-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Delegated Address Pool for IPv6 Prefix Assignment on page 172</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## delimiter (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the character used as the delimiter between the concatenated components of the username.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>delimiter-character</i></b> —Character that separates components that make up the concatenated username. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)



## delimiter (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the character used as the delimiter between the concatenated components of the username. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>delimiter-character</i></b> —Character that separates components that make up the concatenated username. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## delimiter (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>delimiter [<i>delimiter-character</i>];</code>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">domain</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the characters that the router uses to separate usernames from domain names.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The @ character.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>delimiter-character</i></b> —One or more characters used as delimiters. You can specify a maximum of eight delimiters. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter. Do not include spaces between characters. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying Domain Name Delimiters on page 133</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 132</a></li></ul>                     |

## demux0 (Dynamic Interface)

```
Syntax demux0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name
 }
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 demux-source {
 source-prefix;
 }
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
 }
 mac-validate (loose | strict);
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 service-name-table table-name
 short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
 unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
 }
 vlan-id number;
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Configure the logical demultiplexing (demux) interface in a dynamic profile.  
The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)
- For information about static IP demux interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## demux-options

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>demux-options {<br/>    <a href="#">underlying-interface</a> <i>interface-name</i><br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">demux0</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i>]</code>                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure logical demultiplexing (demux) interface options in a dynamic profile.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><code>interface</code>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><code>interface-control</code>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579</a></li><li>• For information about static IP demux interfaces, see the <i><a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></i></li></ul> |

## demux-source (Dynamic IP Demux Interface)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | demux-source {<br>source-address;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> <a href="#">interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number</a> <a href="#">family family</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a logical demultiplexing (demux) source address for a subscriber in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>source-address</b> —Either the specific source address you want to assign to the subscriber interface or the source address variable. For IPv4, specify <b>\$junos-subscriber-ip-address</b> ; for IPv6, specify <b>\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-address</b> ). The source address for the interface is dynamically supplied by DHCP when the subscriber accesses the router. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579</a></li> <li>• For information about static IP demux interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul>                                                                |

## demux-source (Dynamic Underlying Interface)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>demux-source <i>family</i>;</code>                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]      |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure the logical demultiplexing (demux) source family type on the IP demux underlying interface within a dynamic profile. |



**NOTE:** The IP demux interface feature currently supports only Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, or aggregated Ethernet underlying interfaces.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>family</i> —Protocol family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>inet</b>—Internet Protocol version 4 suite</li><li>• <b>inet6</b>—Internet Protocol version 6 suite</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>interface</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>interface-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                  |

## destination (Diameter Network Element)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination realm <i>realm-name</i> &lt;host <i>hostname</i>&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">diameter network-element</a> <i>element-name</i> <a href="#">forwarding route</a> <i>dne-route-name</i> ]                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate the route with all hosts of the specified realm or with a specific host of the specified realm. Together with the function and metric, defines a route reachable through a Diameter network element. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>host <i>hostname</i></b> —(Optional) Name of the destination host associated with the route.<br><b>realm <i>realm-name</i></b> —Name of the destination realm associated with the route.                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li></ul>                                 |

## destination (Dynamic PPPoE)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination address;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> unit "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <a href="#">inet</a> <a href="#">unnumbered-address</a> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | For dynamic PPPoE interfaces, specify the IP address of the remote interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>address</b> —IP address of the remote interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options on page 699</a></li> <li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul> |

## destination-address

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-address address &lt;except&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services</a> <a href="#">captive-portal-content-delivery</a> <a href="#">rule</a> <i>rule-name</i> <a href="#">term</a> <i>term-name</i> <a href="#">from</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.<br>Option <b>address</b> enhanced to support IPv4 and IPv6 addresses in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the destination address for rule matching.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>address</b> —Destination IPv4 or IPv6 address or prefix value.<br><b>except</b> —(Optional) Exclude the specified prefix list from rule matching.                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li> </ul>                                                                |

## destination-host

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-host <i>hostname</i></code>                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit jsrsrc <b>partition</b> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the host on which the SAE application resides.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hostname</i> —Host on which the SAE is installed.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 396</a></li></ul> |

## destination-host (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-host <i>hostname</i>;</code>                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <b>partition</b> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the host on which the PCRF application resides.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hostname</i> —Host on which the PCRF is installed.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 452</a></li></ul> |



## destination-host (PTSP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-host <i>hostname</i>;</code>                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">packet-triggered-subscribers</a> partition <i>partition-name</i> ]            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the host on which the SAE application resides.                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hostname</i> —Host on which the SAE is installed.                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PTSP Partition on page 430</a></li> </ul>  |

## destination-prefix-list

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-prefix-list <i>list-name</i> &lt;except&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services</a> captive-portal-content-delivery <a href="#">rule</a> <i>rule-name</i> <a href="#">term</a> <i>term-name</i> <a href="#">from</a> ]                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the destination prefix list for rule matching. You configure the prefix list by including the <code>prefix-list</code> statement at the [edit <code>policy-options</code> ] hierarchy level. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>list-name</i> —Destination prefix list.<br><br><i>except</i> —(Optional) Exclude the specified prefix list from rule matching.                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Junos OS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul>          |

## destination-realm (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-realm <i>realm</i>;</code>                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the realm in which the PCRF host resides.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>realm</i> —Realm in which the PCRF host resides.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 452</a></li></ul> |

## destination-realm (JSRC)


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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-realm <i>realm</i></code>                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit jsrc <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the realm in which the SAE host resides.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>realm</i> —Realm in which the SAE host resides.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 396</a></li></ul> |

## destination-realm (PTSP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-realm <i>realm</i></code>                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">packet-triggered-subscribers</a> partition <i>partition-name</i> ]            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the realm in which the SAE host resides.                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>realm</i> —Realm in which the SAE host resides.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PTSP Partition on page 430</a></li> </ul>  |

## destruct-timeout (L2TP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destruct-timeout <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">l2tp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set how long the router attempts to maintain dynamic destinations, tunnels, and sessions after they have been destroyed.                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, unconfigure the statement by issuing <code>no services l2tp destruct-timeout</code>.</p> </div> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>seconds</i> —Length of the idle timeout.<br><b>Range:</b> 10 through 3600<br><b>Default:</b> 300                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Setting the L2TP Destruct Timeout on page 329</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li> </ul>                      |

## detection-time

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>detection-time {<br/>    <b>threshold</b> <i>milliseconds</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ], [edit forwarding-options<br>dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method<br><a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method<br><a href="#">bfd</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable failure detection. The BFD failure detection timers are adaptive and can be adjusted to be faster or slower. For example, the timers can adapt to a higher value if the adjacency fails, or a neighbor can negotiate a higher value for a timer than the one configured.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## dhcp-attributes (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> dhcp-attributes {   boot-file filename;   boot-server (address   hostname);   dns-server [ ipv6-address ];   domain-name domain-name;   grace-period seconds;   maximum-lease-time seconds;   name-server [ server-list ];   netbios-node-type node-type;   option {     [ (id-number option-type option-value)       (id-number array option-type option-value) ];   }   option-match {     option-82 {       circuit-id value range named-range;       remote-id value range named-range;     }   }   router [ router-address ];   server-identifier ip4-address;   sip-server-address [ ipv6-address ];   sip-server-domain-name domain-name;   tftp-server address;   wins-server [ servers ]; } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> <i>family</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure address pools that can be used by different client applications.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes on page 118</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## dhcp-local-server

---

```
Syntax dhcp-local-server {
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dhcpv6 {
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 group group-name {
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 overrides {
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 }
 }
```

```

 rapid-commit;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
overrides {
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;

```

```

}
duplicate-clients-on-interface;
dynamic-profile profile-name <aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
 primary-profile-name>;
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
 non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 authentication {
 ...
 }
}
dynamic-profile profile-name <aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
 primary-profile-name>;
interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
trace;
upto upto-interface-name;
}
overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
}
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;

```



```

}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
}
pool-match-order {
 external-authority;
 ip-address-first;
 option-82;
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services],  
[edit system services]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.

**Description** Configure Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server options on the router and enable the router to function as an extended DHCP local server. The DHCP local server receives DHCP request and reply packets from DHCP clients and then responds with an IP address and other optional configuration information to the client.

The extended DHCP local server is incompatible with the DHCP server on J Series routers and so is not supported on J Series routers. Also, the DHCP local server and the DHCP/BOOTP relay server, which are configured under the **[edit forwarding-options helpers]** hierarchy level, cannot both be enabled on the router at the same time. The extended DHCP local server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP relay feature.

The **dhcpv6** stanza configures the router to support Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6). The DHCPv6 local server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay feature.



**NOTE:** When you configure the **dhcp-local-server** statement at the routing instance hierarchy level, you must use a routing instance type of **virtual-router**.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)

## dhcp-relay

```
Syntax dhcp-relay {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 [circuit-id] [remote-id];
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dhcpv6 {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 group group-name {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 ...
 }
 }
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {

```

```
bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
}
}
}
overrides {
 ...
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
trace;
upto upto-interface-name;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
overrides {
 ...
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 ...
}
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
}
overrides {
```

```

 allow-snooped-clients;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 send-release-on-delete;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
}
server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
}
duplicate-clients-on-interface;
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
 non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
}
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 ...
}
interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 ...
}

```

```

 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
overrides {
 ...
}
relay-option-60 {
 ...
}
relay-option-82 {
 ...
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
 always-write-option-82;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 disable-relay;
 interface-client-limit number;
 layer2-unicast-replies;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-arp;
 no-bind-on-request;
 proxy-mode;
 replace-ip-source-with;
 send-release-on-delete;
 trust-option-82;
}
relay-option-60 {
 vendor-option {
 (equals | starts-with) (ascii match-string | hexadecimal match-hex) {
 default-local-server-group local-server-group-name |

```

```

 (default-relay-server-group server-group-name |
 drop);
 }
 default-local-server-group local-server-group-name |
 (default-relay-server-group server-group-name |
 drop);
}
}
relay-option-82 {
 circuit-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
}
server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*  
 forwarding-options],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.

**Description** Configure extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) relay and DHCPv6 relay options on the router and enable the router to function as a DHCP relay agent. A DHCP relay agent forwards DHCP request and reply packets between a DHCP client and a DHCP server.

The extended DHCP and DHCPv6 relay agent options configured with the **dhcp-relay** and **dhcpv6** statements are incompatible with the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent options configured with the **bootp** statement. As a result, the extended DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent and the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent cannot both be enabled on the router at the same time.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218](#)
- [DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 219](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)

## dhcpv6 (DHCP Local Server)

```
Syntax dhcpv6 {
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 logical-system-name;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 group group-name {
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
 overrides {
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
 }
}
```



```

}
overrides {
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
 reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
 }
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;

```

```
trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
}
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server**],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server**],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server**],  
[edit system services **dhcp-local-server**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Configure DHCPv6 local server options on the router and enable the router to function as a server for the DHCP protocol for IP version 6 (IPv6). The DHCPv6 local server sends and receives packets using the IPv6 protocol and informs IPv6 of the routing requirements of router clients. The local server works together with the AAA service framework to control subscriber access and accounting.

The DHCPv6 local server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 148](#)

## dhcpx6 (DHCP Relay Agent)

```
Syntax dhcpx6 {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 logical-system-name;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 group group-name {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 ...
 }
 }
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```
 overrides {
 ...
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
}
overrides {
 ...
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 ...
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
}
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 send-release-on-delete;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
}
server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
}
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure DHCPv6 relay options on the router and enable the router to function as a DHCPv6 relay agent. A DHCPv6 relay agent forwards DHCPv6 request and reply packets between a DHCPv6 client and a DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>The DHCPv6 relay agent server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent. However, the options configured with the <b>dhcpv6</b> statement are incompatible with the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent options configured with the <b>bootp</b> statement. As a result, the DHCPv6 relay agent and the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent cannot be enabled on the router at the same time.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## dial-options

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>dial-options {<br/>  ipsec-interface-id <i>name</i>;<br/>  l2tp-interface-id <i>name</i>;<br/>  (shared   dedicated);<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit interfaces <i>sp-fpc/pic/port</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>],<br/>[edit interfaces <i>si-fpc/pic/port</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>sp-fpc/pic/port</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>si-fpc/pic/port</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>]</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>The <b>[edit ...si-...]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the options for configuring logical interfaces for group and user sessions in L2TP or IPsec dynamic endpoint tunneling.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>dedicated</b>—(LNS on M Series routers and MX Series routers only) Specify that a logical interface can host only one session at a time.</p> <p><b>ipsec-interface-id <i>name</i></b>—(M Series routers only) Interface identifier for group of dynamic peers. This identifier must be replicated at the <b>[edit access profile <i>name</i> client * ike]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>l2tp-interface-id <i>name</i></b>—Interface identifier that must be replicated at the <b>[edit access profile <i>name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>shared</b>—(LNS on M Series routers only) Specify that a logical interface can host multiple (shared) sessions at a time.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>interface</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>interface-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring the Identifier for Logical Interfaces that Provide L2TP Services</li><li>Configuring Dynamic Endpoints for IPsec Tunnels</li><li><a href="#">Configuring Options for the LNS Inline Services Logical Interface on page 337</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## dial-options (Dynamic Profiles)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>dial-options {   ipsec-interface-id <i>name</i>;   l2tp-interface-id <i>name</i>;   (shared   dedicated); }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the options for configuring logical interfaces in dynamic profiles for group and user sessions in L2TP or IPsec dynamic endpoint tunneling.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>dedicated</b>—(LNS on M Series routers and MX Series routers only) Specify that a logical interface can host only one session at a time.</p> <p><b>ipsec-interface-id <i>name</i></b>—Interface identifier for group of dynamic peers. This identifier must be replicated at the [edit access profile <i>name</i> client * ike] hierarchy level. This options is not currently supported.</p> <p><b>l2tp-interface-id <i>name</i></b>—(MX Series routers only) L2TP interface identifier that must be replicated at the [edit access profile <i>name</i>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>shared</b>—(LNS on M Series routers only) Specify that a logical interface can host multiple (shared) sessions at a time</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Dynamic LNS Sessions on page 340</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## diameter

```
Syntax diameter {
 network-element element-name {
 forwarding {
 route dne-route-name {
 destination realm realm-name <host hostname>;
 function function-name <partition partition-name>;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 }
 function function-name;
 peer peer-name {
 priority priority-number;
 }
 }
 origin {
 host hostname;
 realm realm-name;
 }
 peer peer-name {
 address ip-address;
 connect-actively {
 port port-number;
 transport transport-name;
 }
 logical-system logical-system-name <routing-instance routing-instance-name>;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 transport transport-name {
 address;
 logical-system logical-system-name <routing-instance routing-instance-name>;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 }
```

Hierarchy Level [edit]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Configure the Diameter base protocol for subscriber management.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)



## diameter-instance (Gx-Plus)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Diameter instance associated with the Gx-Plus partition.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>instance-name</i> —Name of the Diameter instance. Currently, only <b>master</b> is supported.                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 452</a></li></ul> |

## diameter-instance (JSRC)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i></code>                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit jsrc <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Diameter instance associated with the JSRC partition.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>instance-name</i> —Name of the Diameter instance. Currently, only <b>master</b> is supported.                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 396</a></li></ul> |

## diameter-instance (PTSP)

---


|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i></code>                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">packet-triggered-subscribers</a> partition <i>partition-name</i> ]            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Diameter instance associated with the PTSP partition.                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>instance-name</i> —Name of the Diameter instance. Currently, only <b>master</b> is supported.                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PTSP Partition on page 430</a></li></ul>    |

## disable

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>disable <i>service-name</i>;</code>                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> ]                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable the service name of the subscriber profile.                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>service-name</i> —Name of the disabled service.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## disable (Dynamic IGMP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | "disable:\$junos-igmp-enable";                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp</b> interface <i>interface-name</i> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable IGMP on the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Though the purpose of this statement is to disable IGMP on interfaces, under the dynamic-profiles hierarchy you can use this statement and an enable variable (disable:\$junos-igmp-enable) to ensure that IGMP is not disabled by a AAA-based authentication and management method (RADIUS).</p> </div> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li> <li>• For information about disabling IGMP, see “Disabling IGMP” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                             |

## disable (Dynamic MLD)

|                                 |                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | disable;                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld</b> interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable MLD on the dynamic interface.                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabling MLD</li> </ul>                                                   |

## disable-calling-number-avp (L2TP LAC)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | disable-calling-number-avp;                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">l2tp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Prevent the LAC from sending L2TP Calling Number AVP 22 in incoming-call request (ICRQ) packets to the LNS. By default, the LAC in an L2TP network generates this AVP from the Calling-Station-Id and sends it to the LNS. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Preventing the LAC from Sending Calling Number AVP 22 to the LNS on page 325</a></li></ul>                                                                             |

## disable-failover-protocol (L2TP LAC)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | disable-failover-protocol;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">l2tp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the LAC to use only the silent failover method when resynchronizing with the peer LNS in the event of LAC failover. This command prevents the default behavior, wherein the LAC first attempts to use the failover protocol and then falls back on the silent failover method. This configuration can be useful when routers that act as the LNS are configured for silent failover or incorrectly negotiate use of the failover protocol even though they do not support it. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Preventing the LAC From Negotiating L2TP Failover Protocol on page 326</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## disable-relay

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>disable-relay;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable DHCP relay on specific interfaces in a group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## dns-server

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dns-server <i>ipv6-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet6 <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a DNS server to which clients can send DNS queries. This is equivalent to DHCPv6 option 23. To specify multiple DNS servers, add multiple <b>dns-server</b> statements in order of preference. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv6-address</i> —IPv6 address of a DNS server.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>          |

## domain (Domain Maps)

---

**Syntax**

```
domain {
 delimiter [delimiter-character];
 map domain-map-name {
 aaa-logical-system logical-system-name {
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 access-profile profile-name;
 address-pool pool-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 padn destination-address {
 mask destination-mask;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 strip-domain;
 target-logical-system logical-system-name {
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 tunnel-profile profile-name;
 }
 parse-direction (left-to-right | right-to-left);
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description** Configure domain maps, which are used to map access options and session parameters for subscriber sessions.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

## domain-name (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the name of the domain in which clients search for a DHCP server host. This is the default domain name that is appended to hostnames that are not fully qualified. This is equivalent to DHCP option 15. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>domain-name</i> —Name of the domain.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                                                                                 |

## domain-name (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>domain-name <i>domain-name-string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the domain name that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>domain-name-string</i> —Domain name formatted string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)

## domain-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>domain-name <i>domain-name-string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the domain name that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>domain-name-string</i> —Domain name formatted string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## domain-name (Static Subscribers)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the domain name that is included at the end of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>domain-name</i></b>—Domain name that ends the username created for all static subscribers. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message. The string can include the following characters: a through z, A through Z, 0 through 9, “-”, or “.”.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 407</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## drop

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | drop;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 vendor-option],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 vendor-option (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 vendor-option],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 vendor-option (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 vendor-option],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 vendor-option (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Drop (discard) DHCP client packets when you use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers.</p> <p>To drop DHCP client packets that contain an option 60 string that matches the ASCII or hexadecimal match string and match criteria (exact match or partial match) that you specify, include the <b>drop</b> statement at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)] hierarchy level.</p> <p>To drop DHCP client packets that contain an option 60 string that does <i>not</i> match the ASCII or hexadecimal match string and match criteria (exact match or partial match)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

that you specify, include the **drop** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 vendor-option]** hierarchy level.

|                           |                                                               |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

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| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259</a></li><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li></ul> |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## drop-profile (Dynamic Schedulers)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>drop-profile (profile-name   predefined-variable);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> profile-name <b>class-of-service schedulers</b> scheduler-name <b>drop-profile-map</b> loss-priority (any   low   medium-low   medium-high   high) <b>protocol</b> (any   non-tcp   tcp)]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>The <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low</code> , <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low</code> , <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high</code> , <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high</code> , and <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-any</code> predefined variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Within the drop-profile map, specify the name of the drop profile to use for random early detection (RED) for a specific packet-loss priority (PLP) level and protocol type. A drop profile maps a fill level (fullness of a queue) to a drop probability (probability that a packet will be dropped). When a packet arrives, RED checks the queue fill level. If the fill level corresponds to a nonzero drop probability, the RED algorithm determines whether to drop the arriving packet.</p> <p>You enable RED by applying a drop profile to a scheduler.</p> <p>You configure drop profiles statically (at the <b>[edit class-of-service drop-profiles]</b> hierarchy level).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>profile-name</b>—Name of the drop profile.</p> <p><b>predefined-variable</b>—One of the following Junos predefined variable that is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low</b>—Name of the drop profile for PLP level <b>low</b> and protocol <b>any</b>, specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.</li> <li>• <b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low</b>—Name of the drop profile for PLP level <b>medium-low</b> and protocol <b>any</b>, specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.</li> <li>• <b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high</b>—Name of the drop profile for PLP level <b>medium-high</b> and protocol <b>any</b>, specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.</li> <li>• <b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high</b>—Name of the drop profile for PLP level <b>high</b> and protocol <b>any</b>, specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.</li> <li>• <b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-lny</b>—Name of the drop profile for PLP level <b>any</b> and protocol <b>any</b>, specified for a scheduler configured in a dynamic profile for subscriber access.</li> </ul> |

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| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li><li>• <a href="#">scheduler (Dynamic Scheduler Maps) on page 1559</a></li><li>• For more information about configuring drop profiles and drop-profile maps, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Class of Service Configuration Guide</a> .</li></ul> |

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## drop-profile-map (Dynamic Schedulers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | drop-profile-map <b>loss-priority</b> (any   low   medium-low   medium-high   high) <b>protocol</b> (any   non-tcp   tcp) <b>drop-profile</b> ( <i>profile-name</i>   <i>predefined-variable</i> );                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>class-of-service schedulers</b> <i>scheduler-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define loss priority value for drop profile.<br><br>The statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li><li>• <a href="#">scheduler (Dynamic Scheduler Maps) on page 1559</a></li></ul> |

## dscp (Dynamic Classifiers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dscp (<i>classifier-name</i>   default);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>classifiers</b> ]                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | For IPv4 traffic, apply a Differentiated Services (DiffServ) code point (DSCP) classifier to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>classifier-name</i></b>—Name of a <b>classifier</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service classifier <b>dscp</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping.</p>                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 747</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">classifiers (Definition)</a></li> </ul> |

## dscp (Dynamic Rewrite Rules)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dscp (<i>rewrite-name</i>   default);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>rewrite-rules</b> ]                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | For IPv4 traffic, apply a Differentiated Services (DiffServ) code point (DSCP) rewrite rule to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>rewrite-name</i></b>—Name of a <b>rewrite-rules</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service <b>rewrite-rules dscp</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping.</p>                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 746</a></li><li>• <a href="#">rewrite-rules</a></li></ul> |



## dscp-ipv6 (Dynamic Classifiers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dscp-ipv6 (<i>classifier-name</i>   default);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>classifiers</b> ]                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | For IPv6 traffic, apply a Differentiated Services (DiffServ) code point (DSCP) classifier to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>classifier-name</b>—Name of a <b>classifier</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service classifier <b>ieee-802.1</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping.</p>                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 747</a></li> <li>• classifiers (Definition)</li> </ul> |

## dscp-ipv6 (Dynamic Rewrite Rules)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dscp-ipv6 (<i>rewrite-name</i>   default);</code>                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>rewrite-rules</b> ]                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | For IPv6 traffic, apply a DSCP rewrite rule to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rewrite-name</b>—Name of a <b>rewrite-rules</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service rewrite-rules <b>dscp-ipv6</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• rewrite-rules</li> </ul>                                  |

## duplication (Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | duplication;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to send accounting reports to both the RADIUS accounting server configured in the access profile for the wholesaler and the RADIUS accounting server configured in the access profile for the retailer.                     |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The router sends accounting reports to the accounting servers that are in the context in which the subscriber is authenticated.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 27</a></li></ul> |

## duplicate-clients-on-interface (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | duplicate-clients-on-interface;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ],<br>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCP local server to include the client subinterface when distinguishing between duplicate DHCP clients (clients with the same MAC address or client ID) in the same subnet. By default, DHCP distinguishes clients by subnet. This feature is supported on DHCPv4 only.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 156</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |


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## duplicate-clients-on-interface (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | duplicate-clients-on-interface;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br>forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCP relay agent to include the client subinterface when distinguishing between duplicate DHCP clients (clients with the same MAC address or client ID) in the same subnet. By default, DHCP relay distinguishes clients by subnet. This feature is supported on DHCPv4 only.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Duplicate Client Support on page 156</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information on page 263</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## duplicate-protection (Dynamic PPPoE)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | duplicate-protection;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.</p> <p>Support for the [edit ... family pppoe] hierarchies introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Prevent the activation of another dynamic PPPoE logical interface on the same underlying interface when a dynamic PPPoE logical interface for a client with the same media access control (MAC) address is already active on that interface. Duplicate protection is disabled by default. Enabling duplicate protection has no effect on dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces that are already active.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The [edit ... family pppoe] hierarchies are supported only on MX Series routers with Trio MPCs.</p> </div> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708</a></li> <li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## dynamic-class-of-service-options (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | dynamic-class-of-service-options {<br>vendor-specific-tags access-loop-encapsulation;<br>vendor-specific-tags actual-data-rate-downstream;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes based on access line parameters in PPPoE discovery packets on dynamic subscriber interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>vendor-specific-tags</b>—Use Vendor-Specific Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) Tags [TR-101] to set the rate-shaping and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Setting Class-of-Service Parameters Using PPPoE Vendor- Specific Tags on page 822</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Shaping Rate and Overhead Accounting Based on PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags on Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 837</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview on page 820</a></li> </ul> |

## dynamic-home-assignment

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>dynamic-home-assignment {<br/>  home-agent {<br/>    nai (name@domain.com   @domain.com) {<br/>      home-agent ip-address;<br/>    }<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>[edit services <b>mobile-ip</b>]</p>              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p> |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the dynamic assignment rule for the home agent.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Home Assignment for the Mobile Node on page 472</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                            |

## dynamic-profile (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {<br>aggregate-clients (merge   replace);<br>use-primary <i>primary-profile-name</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br>Options <b>aggregate-clients</b> and <b>use-primary</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit ... interface] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to all interfaces, a named group of interfaces, or a specific interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of the dynamic profile.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 868</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## dynamic-profile (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {<br/>    aggregate-clients (merge   replace);<br/>    use-primary <i>primary-profile-name</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/>    forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to all interfaces, to a named group of interfaces, or to a specific interface.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the dynamic profile.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 868</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |




## dynamic-profile (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamic profile that is used for subscriber sessions associated with the domain map.                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of dynamic profile.                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map on page 129</a></li></ul> |

## dynamic-profile (Dynamic PPPoE)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-underlying-options</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <b>pppoe</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>pppoe-underlying-options</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.</p> <p>Support for the [edit ... <b>family pppoe</b>] hierarchies introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>Attach a PPPoE dynamic profile to an underlying Ethernet interface. This underlying interface is configured with either the <b>encapsulation ppp-over-ether</b> statement or the <b>family pppoe</b> statement; the two statements are mutually exclusive. When the router creates a dynamic PPPoE logical interface on the underlying interface, it uses the information in the dynamic profile to determine the properties of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The [edit ... <b>family pppoe</b>] hierarchies are supported only on MX Series routers with Trio MPCs.</p> </div> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of a previously configured PPPoE dynamic profile, up to 64 characters in length, defined at the [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <b>pp0</b>] hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>interface</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>interface-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638</a></li> <li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <i>Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## dynamic-profile (L2TP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <b>tunnel-group</b> <i>name</i> ]                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Assign a dynamic profile to the tunnel group for dynamic LNS sessions.                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of the dynamic profile for the tunnel group.                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Dynamic LNS Sessions on page 340</a></li> </ul> |

## dynamic-profile (PPP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>ppp-options</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support for MLPPP on LSQ interfaces introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to the interface. On the MX Series routers, this statement is currently supported on PPPoE interfaces only. On the M120 and M320 routers, this statement is supported for MLPPP bundles only on LSQ interfaces on Adaptive Services PICs and Multiservices PICs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to MLPPP Bundles on page 303</a></li> <li>• For hardware requirements, see <a href="#">Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302</a></li> </ul> |

## dynamic-profile (PPPoE Service Name Tables)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Hierarchy Level          | <code>[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables <i>table-name</i> service <i>service-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables <i>table-name</i> service <i>service-name</i> agent-specifier</code><br><code>aci <i>circuit-id-string</i> ari <i>remote-id-string</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description              | <p>Specify a dynamic profile to instantiate a dynamic PPPoE interface. You can associate a dynamic profile with a named service entry, <b>empty</b> service entry, or <b>any</b> service entry configured in a PPPoE service name table, or with an agent circuit identifier/agent remote identifier (ACI/ARI) pair defined for these services.</p> <p>The dynamic profile associated with a service entry in a PPPoE service name table overrides the dynamic profile associated with the PPPoE underlying interface on which the dynamic PPPoE interface is created.</p> <p>If you include the <b>dynamic-profile</b> statement at the <code>[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables <i>table-name</i> service <i>service-name</i> agent-specifier aci <i>circuit-id-string</i> ari <i>remote-id-string</i>]</code> hierarchy level, you cannot also include the <b>static-interface</b> statement at this level. The <b>dynamic-profile</b> and <b>static-interface</b> statements are mutually exclusive for ACI/ARI pair configurations.</p> |
| Options                  | <b><i>profile-name</i></b> —Name of the dynamic profile that the router uses to instantiate a dynamic PPPoE interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables</li><li><a href="#">Assigning a Dynamic Profile and Routing Instance to a Service Name or ACI/ARI Pair for Dynamic PPPoE Interface Creation on page 706</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## dynamic-profile (Static Subscribers)

|                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                           | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {<br/>    <b>aggregate-clients</b> (merge   replace);<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                              | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Specify the dynamic client profile that is instantiated at login and de-instantiated at logout for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the <b>[edit system services static-subscribers interface]</b> hierarchy level or for the static subscribers in a specific group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Do not specify a dynamic profile that creates a dynamic interface.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                                                                                                                                                                          | By default, the <i>junos-default-profile</i> is used when you do not specify a global dynamic profile with this statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                          | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the dynamic client profile profile.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                         | <p>access—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile on page 406</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 409</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## dynamic-profiles

```
Syntax dynamic-profiles {
 profile-name {
 class-of-service {
 interfaces {
 interface-name ;
 }
 unit logical-unit-number {
 classifiers {
 type (classifier-name | default);
 }
 output-traffic-control-profile (profile-name | $junos-cos-traffic-control-profile);
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp (rewrite-name | default);
 dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name | default);
 ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name | default) vlan-tag (outer | outer-and-inner);
 inet-precedence (rewrite-name | default);
 }
 }
 }
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 map-name {
 forwarding-class class-name scheduler scheduler-name;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 (scheduler-name) {
 buffer-size (seconds | percent percentage | remainder | temporal microseconds);
 drop-profile-map loss-priority (any | low | medium-low | medium-high | high)
 protocol (any | non-tcp | tcp) drop-profile profile-name;
 excess-priority (low | high | $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority);
 excess-rate (percent percentage | percent $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate);
 overhead-accounting (shaping-mode) <bytes (byte-value)>;
 priority priority-level;
 shaping-rate (rate | predefined-variable);
 transmit-rate (percent percentage | rate | remainder) <exact | rate-limit>;
 }
 }
 traffic-control-profiles profile-name {
 delay-buffer-rate (percent percentage | rate | $junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate);
 excess-rate (percent percentage | proportion value | percent $junos-cos-excess-rate);
 guaranteed-rate (percent percentage | rate | $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate);
 overhead-accounting (shaping-mode) <bytes (byte-value)>;
 scheduler-map map-name;
 shaping-rate (rate | predefined-variable);
 }
 }
 firewall {
 family family {
 fast-update-filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [match-order];
 }
 }
 }
```

```

term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 only-at-create;
}
}
firewall {
 family family {
 fast-update-filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [match-order];
 term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 only-at-create;
 }
 }
 filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
 term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 policer policer-name {
 filter-specific;
 if-exceeding {
 (bandwidth-limit bps | bandwidth-percent percentage);
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 logical-bandwidth-policer;
 logical-interface-policer;
 physical-interface-policer;
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
 }
}
hierarchical-policer policer-name {
 aggregate {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit-limit bps;
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 then {

```

```

 policer-action;
 }
}
premium {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit bps;
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
}
}
three-color-policer policer-name {
 action {
 loss-priority high then discard;
 }
 logical-interface-policer;
 single-rate {
 (color-aware | color-blind);
 committed-burst-size bytes;
 committed-information-rate bps;
 excess-burst-size bytes;
 }
 two-rate {
 (color-aware | color-blind);
 committed-burst-size bytes;
 committed-information-rate bps;
 peak-burst-size bytes;
 peak-information-rate bps;
 }
}
}
}
policy-options {
 prefix-listname {
 ip-addresses;
 }
}
}
}
interfaces interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 encapsulation (atm-ccc-cell-relay | atm-ccc-vc-mux | atm-cisco-nlpid |
 atm-tcc-vc-mux | atm-mlppp-llc | atm-nlpid | atm-ppp-llc | atm-ppp-vc-mux |
 atm-snap | atm-tcc-snap | atm-vc-mux | ether-over-atm-llc |
 ether-vpls-over-atm-llc | ether-vpls-over-fr | ether-vpls-over-ppp | ethernet |
 frame-relay-ccc | frame-relay-ppp | frame-relay-tcc | frame-relay-ether-type |
 frame-relay-ether-type-tcc | multilink-frame-relay-end-to-end | multilink-ppp |
 ppp-over-ether | ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc | vlan-bridge | vlan-ccc | vlan-vci-ccc
 | vlan-tcc | vlan-vpls);
 family family {
 address address;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;

```



```

 input-precedence precedence;
 output-precedence precedence;
 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name (
 precedence precedence;
)
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
}
service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 input-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (push | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 output-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (pop | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
}
unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
}
ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
}
vlan-id number;
vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
}
}
interfaces {
 demux0 {...}
}
interfaces {
 pp0 {...}
}
}
protocols {
 igmp {

```

```
interface interface-name {
 accounting;
 disable;
 group-policy;
 immediate-leave;
 no-accounting;
 promiscuous-mode;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 static {
 group group {
 source source;
 }
 }
 version version;
}
mld {
 interface interface-name {
 disable;
 (accounting | no-accounting);
 group-policy;
 immediate-leave;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 static {
 group multicast-group-address {
 exclude;
 group-count number;
 group-increment increment;
 source ip-address {
 source-count number;
 source-increment increment;
 }
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
}
router-advertisement {
 interface interface-name {
 current-hop-limit number;
 default-lifetime seconds;
 (managed-configuration | no-managed-configuration);
 max-advertisement-interval seconds;
 min-advertisement-interval seconds;
 (other-stateful-configuration | no-other-stateful-configuration);
 prefix prefix;
 reachable-time milliseconds;
 retransmit-timer milliseconds;
 }
}
}
routing-instances {
 interface interface-name;
}
```

```

routing-options {
 access {
 route prefix {
 next-hop next-hop;
 metric route-cost;
 preference route-distance;
 tag route-tag;
 }
 }
 access-internal {
 route subscriber-ip-address {
 qualified-next-hop underlying-interface {
 mac-address address;
 }
 }
 }
 multicast {
 interface interface-name {
 no-qos-adjust;
 }
 }
}
variables {
 variable-name {
 mandatory;
 default-value default-value;
 radius {
 vendor-id id {
 attribute attribute-number;
 tag tag-number;
 }
 }
 }
}
}
}

```

Hierarchy Level [\[edit\]](#)

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Create dynamic profiles for use with DHCP or PPP client access.

**Options** *profile-name*—Name of the dynamic profile; string of up to 80 alphanumeric characters.  
The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile on page 511](#)

## enable

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>enable service-name {<br/>    concurrent-data-sessions <i>max-session-number</i>;<br/>}</code>                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i>]</code>                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the service name for the subscriber profile.                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>service-name</i></b> —Name of the enabled service.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration. |

## enable-service

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>enable-service interface-name;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">home-agent</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services<br/>    mobile-ip <a href="#">home-agent</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">home-agent</a>],<br/>[edit services mobile-ip <a href="#">home-agent</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...]</code> , <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> , and <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the list of interfaces on which the home agent service can be enabled. The system accepts registration requests only if it is on one of these interfaces. Include the statement once for each interface to be enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>interface-name</i></b> —Interface on which the home agent can be enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>view</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>view-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## encapsulation (Dynamic Interfaces)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | encapsulation (atm-ccc-cell-relay   atm-ccc-vc-mux   atm-cisco-nlpid   atm-tcc-vc-mux   atm-mlppp-llc   atm-nlpid   atm-ppp-llc   atm-ppp-vc-mux   atm-snap   atm-tcc-snap   atm-vc-mux   ether-over-atm-llc   ether-vpls-over-atm-llc   ether-vpls-over-fr   ether-vpls-over-ppp   ethernet   frame-relay-ccc   frame-relay-ppp   frame-relay-tcc   frame-relay-ether-type   frame-relay-ether-type-tcc   multilink-frame-relay-end-to-end   multilink-ppp   ppp-over-ether   ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc   vlan-bridge   vlan-ccc   vlan-vci-ccc   vlan-tcc   vlan-vpls);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>         | Dynamic interface configuration of the logical link-layer encapsulation type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>atm-ccc-cell-relay</b>—Use ATM cell-relay encapsulation.</p> <p><b>atm-ccc-vc-mux</b>—Use ATM virtual circuit (VC) multiplex encapsulation on circuit cross-connect (CCC) circuits. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the <b>ccc</b> family only.</p> <p><b>atm-cisco-nlpid</b>—Use Cisco ATM network layer protocol ID (NLPID) encapsulation. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the <b>inet</b> family only.</p> <p><b>atm-mlppp-llc</b>—For ATM2 IQ interfaces only, use Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol (MLPPP) over AAL5 LLC. For this encapsulation type, your router must be equipped with a link services or voice services PIC. MLPPP over ATM encapsulation is not supported on ATM2 IQ OC48 interfaces.</p> <p><b>atm-nlpid</b>—Use ATM NLPID encapsulation. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the <b>inet</b> family only.</p> <p><b>atm-ppp-llc</b>—For ATM2 IQ interfaces only, use PPP over AAL5 LLC encapsulation.</p> <p><b>atm-ppp-vc-mux</b>—For ATM2 IQ interfaces only, use PPP over ATM AAL5 multiplex encapsulation.</p> <p><b>atm-snap</b>—Use ATM subnetwork attachment point (SNAP) encapsulation.</p> <p><b>atm-tcc-snap</b>—Use ATM SNAP encapsulation on translational cross-connect (TCC) circuits.</p> <p><b>atm-tcc-vc-mux</b>—Use ATM VC multiplex encapsulation on TCC circuits. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the <b>tcc</b> family only.</p> <p><b>atm-vc-mux</b>—Use ATM VC multiplex encapsulation. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the <b>inet</b> family only.</p> <p><b>ether-over-atm-llc</b>—For interfaces that carry IPv4 traffic, use Ethernet over ATM LLC encapsulation. When you use this encapsulation type, you cannot configure multipoint interfaces.</p> |

**ether-vpls-over-atm-llc**—For ATM2 IQ interfaces only, use the Ethernet virtual private LAN service (VPLS) over ATM LLC encapsulation to bridge Ethernet interfaces and ATM interfaces over a VPLS routing instance (as described in RFC 2684, *Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM Adaptation Layer 5*). Packets from the ATM interfaces are converted to standard ENET2/802.3 encapsulated Ethernet frames with the frame check sequence (FCS) field removed.

**ether-vpls-over-fr**—For E1, T1, E3, T3, and SONET interfaces only, use the Ethernet virtual private LAN service (VPLS) over Frame Relay encapsulation to support Bridged Ethernet over Frame Relay encapsulated TDM interfaces for VPLS applications, as per *Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay* (RFC 2427 [1490]).

**ether-vpls-over-ppp**—For E1, T1, E3, T3 and SONET interfaces only, use the Ethernet virtual private LAN service (VPLS) over PPP encapsulation to support Bridged Ethernet over PPP encapsulated TDM interfaces for VPLS applications.

**ethernet**—Use Ethernet II encapsulation (as described in RFC 894, *A Standard for the Transmission of IP Datagrams over Ethernet Networks*).

**ethernet-vpls**—Use Ethernet VPLS encapsulation on Ethernet interfaces that have VPLS enabled and that must accept packets carrying standard Tag Protocol ID (TPID) values.

**extended-vlan-vpls**—Use extended virtual LAN (VLAN) VPLS encapsulation on Ethernet interfaces that have VLAN 802.1Q tagging and VPLS enabled and that must accept packets carrying TPIDs 0x8100, 0x9100, and 0x9901.



.....  
**NOTE:** The built-in Gigabit Ethernet PIC on an M7i router does not support extended VLAN VPLS encapsulation.  
.....

**frame-relay-ccc**—Use Frame Relay encapsulation on CCC circuits. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the **ccc** family only.

**frame-relay-ppp**—Use PPP over Frame Relay circuits. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the **ppp** family only. J Series routers do not support **frame-relay-ppp** encapsulation.

**frame-relay-tcc**—Use Frame Relay encapsulation on TCC circuits for connecting unlike media. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the **tcc** family only.

**frame-relay-ether-type**—Use Frame Relay ether type encapsulation for compatibility with Cisco Frame Relay. The physical interface must be configured with **flexible-frame-relay** encapsulation.

**frame-relay-ether-type-tcc**—Use Frame Relay ether type TCC for Cisco-compatible Frame Relay on TCC circuits to connect unlike media. The physical interface must be configured with **flexible-frame-relay** encapsulation.

**multilink-frame-relay-end-to-end**—Use MLFR FRF.15 encapsulation. This encapsulation is used only on multilink, link services, and voice services interfaces and their constituent T1 or E1 interfaces, and is supported on LSQ and redundant LSQ interfaces.

**multilink-ppp**—Use MLPPP encapsulation. This encapsulation is used only on multilink, link services, and voice services interfaces and their constituent T1 or E1 interfaces.

**ppp-over-ether**—For underlying Ethernet interfaces on J Series Services routers, use PPP over Ethernet encapsulation. When you use this encapsulation type, you cannot configure the interface address. Instead, configure the interface address on the PPP interface. You also use PPP over Ethernet encapsulation to configure an underlying Ethernet interface for a dynamic PPPoE logical interface on M120 and M320 Series routers with Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2) PICs, and on MX Series routers with Trio MPC/MIC interfaces.

**ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc**—For underlying ATM interfaces on J Series Services routers only, use PPP over Ethernet over ATM LLC encapsulation. When you use this encapsulation type, you cannot configure the interface address. Instead, configure the interface address on the PPP interface.

**vlan-bridge**—Use Ethernet VLAN bridge encapsulation on Ethernet interfaces that have IEEE 802.1Q tagging, flexible ethernet services, and bridging enabled, and that must accept packets carrying TPID 0x8100 or a user-defined TPID.

**vlan-ccc**—Use Ethernet virtual LAN (VLAN) encapsulation on CCC circuits. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the **ccc** family only.

**vlan-vci-ccc**—Use ATM-to-Ethernet interworking encapsulation on CCC circuits. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the **ccc** family only.

**vlan-tcc**—Use Ethernet VLAN encapsulation on TCC circuits. When you use this encapsulation type, you can configure the **tcc** family only.

**vlan-vpls**—Use Ethernet VLAN encapsulation on VPLS circuits.

|                                 |                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
|                                 | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Retail Dynamic Profile for Use in the Layer 2 Wholesale Solution</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## enforce-strict-scale-limit-license (Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | enforce-strict-scale-limit-license;                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services subscriber-management]                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to strictly enforce the subscriber scaling license, and to not allow the normal grace period. No additional subscribers are allowed to log in after the number of subscribers reaches the maximum allowed for the license. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Router to Strictly Enforce the Subscriber Scaling License on page 177</a></li></ul>                                                                                         |


## entity-type

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | entity-type (host   mobility-agent);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip peer <i>spi hexadecimal-value</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer <i>spi hexadecimal-value</i> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer <i>spi hexadecimal-value</i> ],<br>[edit services mobile-ip peer <i>spi hexadecimal-value</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the security parameter for the peer entity—, either a mobile node, home agent, or foreign agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>host</b> —Use the mobile node in home agent<br><br><b>mobility-agent</b> —Use the home agent or foreign agent                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



## ethernet-port-type-virtual

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | ethernet-port-type-virtual;                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Specify the physical port type the router or switch uses to authenticate clients. The router or switch passes a port type of <b>ethernet</b> in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type) by default. This statement specifies a port type of <b>virtual</b> . |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> This statement takes precedence over the <a href="#">nas-port-type</a> statement if you include both statements in the same access profile.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li> </ul>                  |

## exceed-action

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | exceed-action {<br>drop;<br>syslog;<br>}                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> max-data-sessions-per-subscriber]                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the action if the maximum data sessions per subscriber exceed the maximum limit. You must also specify the drop rate of the packets for <b>drop</b> and system log details for <b>syslog</b> . |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |

## excess-burst-size

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>excess-burst-size bytes;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i> <b>single-rate</b> ],<br>[edit firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>policer-name</i> <b>single-rate</b> ]                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> ... <b>single-rate</b> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos Release OS 11.4.                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>         | For a single-rate three-color policer, configure the excess burst size (EBS) as a number of bytes. The EBS allows for moderate periods of bursting traffic that exceeds both the committed information rate (CIR) and the committed burst size (CBS). |



**NOTE:** When you include the `excess-burst-size` statement in the configuration, you must also include the `committed-burst-size` and `committed-information-rate` statements at the same hierarchy level.

Traffic that exceeds both the CIR and the CBS is considered nonconforming.

Single-rate three-color policing uses a *dual token bucket algorithm* to measure traffic against a single rate limit. Nonconforming traffic is categorized as yellow or red based on the **excess-burst-size** statement included in the policer configuration.

During periods of traffic that conforms to the CIR, any unused portion of the guaranteed bandwidth capacity accumulates in the first token bucket, up to the maximum number of bytes defined by the CBS. If any accumulated bandwidth capacity overflows the first bucket, the excess accumulates in a second token bucket, up to the maximum number of bytes defined by the EBS.

A nonconforming traffic flow is categorized yellow if its size conforms to bandwidth capacity accumulated in the first token bucket. Packets in a yellow flow are marked with **medium-high** packet loss priority (PLP) and then passed through the interface.

A nonconforming traffic flow is categorized red if its size exceeds the bandwidth capacity accumulated in the second token bucket. Packets in a red traffic flow are marked with **high** PLP and then either passed through the interface or optionally discarded.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>bytes</b> —Number of bytes. You can specify a value in bytes either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).<br><b>Range:</b> 1500 through 100,000,000,000 bytes |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>firewall</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>firewall-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                           |

- Related Documentation**
- Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview
  - Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits
  - Policer Color-Marking and Actions
  - Dual Token Bucket Algorithms
  - Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit
  - [committed-burst-size on page 1177](#)
  - [committed-information-rate on page 1179](#)

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## excess-priority (Dynamic Schedulers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | excess-priority (low   high   \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority   none);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">schedulers</a> <i>scheduler-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Option <b>none</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Determine the priority of excess bandwidth traffic on a scheduler in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>low</b> —Excess traffic for this scheduler has low priority.<br><br><b>high</b> —Excess traffic for this scheduler has high priority.<br><br><b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority</b> —Variable for the excess-priority that is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.<br><br><b>none</b> —System does not demote the priority of guaranteed traffic when the bandwidth exceeds the shaping rate or the guaranteed rate. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 833</a></li><li>• <a href="#">scheduler on page 1559</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## excess-rate (Dynamic Schedulers)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | excess-rate percent ( <i>percentage</i>   \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">schedulers</a> <i>scheduler-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Determine the percentage of excess bandwidth traffic to share.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>percentage</i></b>—Percentage of the excess bandwidth to share.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate</b>—Variable for the excess rate that is specified for a scheduler. The variable is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 833</a></li><li>• <a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li></ul>                                                                        |

## excess-rate (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>excess-rate (percent <i>percentage</i>   \$junos-cos-excess-rate)   proportion <i>value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | For a Trio MPC/MIC interface, determine the percentage or proportion of excess bandwidth traffic to share for all priorities of traffic.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>percentage</i></b>—Percentage of the excess bandwidth to share.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent</p> <p><b><i>value</i></b>—Proportion of the excess bandwidth to share.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 0 through 1000</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-excess-rate</b>—Variable for the excess rate that is specified for the logical interface. The variable is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 833</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                            |

## excess-rate-high (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>excess-rate-high ((percent <i>percentage</i>   \$junos-cos-excess-rate-high)   proportion <i>value</i>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | For an MPC/MIC interface, determine the percentage of excess bandwidth for high-priority traffic to share.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>percentage</i></b>—Percentage of the excess bandwidth to share.<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent</p> <p><b><i>value</i></b>—Proportion of the excess bandwidth to share.<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 1000</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-excess-rate-high</b>—Variable for the excess rate that is specified for high-priority traffic on the logical interface. The variable is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 833</a></li><li>• <a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## excess-rate-low (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>excess-rate-low ((percent <i>percentage</i>   \$junos-cos-excess-rate-low)   proportion <i>value</i>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | For an MPC/MIC interface, determine the percentage of excess bandwidth for low-priority traffic to share.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>percentage</i></b>—Percentage of the excess bandwidth to share.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent</p> <p><b><i>value</i></b>—Proportion of the excess bandwidth to share.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 0 through 1000</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-excess-rate-low</b>—Variable for the excess rate that is specified for low-priority traffic on the logical interface. The variable is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Managing Excess Bandwidth Distribution for Dynamic CoS on MPC/MIC Interfaces on page 833</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## exclude (RADIUS)

**Syntax** `exclude {`

```

 accounting-authentic [accounting-on | accounting-off];
 accounting-delay-time [accounting-on | accounting-off];
 accounting-session-id [access-request | accounting-on | accounting-off | accounting-stop
];
 accounting-terminate-cause [accounting-off];
 called-station-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 calling-station-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 class [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dhcp-gi-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dhcp-mac-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dhcp-options [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 downstream-calculated-qos-rate [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop
];
 dsl-forum-attributes [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 event-timestamp [accounting-on | accounting-off | accounting-start | accounting-stop
];
 framed-ip-address [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ip-netmask [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 input-filter [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 input-gigapackets [accounting-stop];
 input-gigawords [accounting-stop];
 interface-description [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 nas-identifier [access-request | accounting-on | accounting-off | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
 nas-port [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 nas-port-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 nas-port-type [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 output-filter [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 output-gigapackets [accounting-stop];
 output-gigawords [accounting-stop];
 upstream-calculated-qos-rate [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [attributes](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.  
Options **downstream-calculated-qos-rate**, **dsl-forum-attributes**, and **upstream-calculated-qos-rate** introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description** Configure the router or switch to exclude the specified attributes from the specified type of RADIUS message.

Not all attributes are available in all types of RADIUS messages. By default, the router or switch includes the specified attributes in RADIUS Access-Request, Acct-On, Acct-Off, Acct-Start, and Acct-Stop messages.

**Options** RADIUS attribute type—RADIUS attribute or Juniper Networks VSA number and name.

- **accounting-authentic**—RADIUS attribute 45, Acct-Authentic.



- **accounting-delay-time**—RADIUS attribute 41, Acct-Delay-Time.
- **accounting-session-id**—RADIUS attribute 44, Acct-Session-Id.
- **accounting-terminate-cause**—RADIUS attribute 49, Acct-Terminate-Cause.
- **called-station-id**—RADIUS attribute 30, Called-Station-Id.
- **calling-station-id**—RADIUS attribute 31, Calling-Station-Id.
- **class**—RADIUS attribute 25, Class.
- **dhcp-gi-address**—Juniper VSA 26-57, DHCP-GI-Address.
- **dhcp-mac-address**—Juniper VSA 26-56, DHCP-MAC-Address.
- **dhcp-options**—Juniper VSA 26-55, DHCP-Options.
- **downstream-calculated-qos-rate**—Juniper VSA 26-141
- **dsl-forum-attributes**—DSL Forum VSA as described in RFC 4679, *DSL Forum Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes*
- **event-timestamp**—RADIUS attribute 55, Event-Timestamp.
- **framed-ip-address**—RADIUS attribute 8, Framed-IP-Address.
- **framed-ip-netmask**—RADIUS attribute 9, Framed-IP-Netmask.
- **input-filter**—Juniper VSA 26-10, Ingress-Policy-Name.
- **input-gigapackets**—Juniper VSA 26-42, Acct-Input-Gigapackets.
- **input-gigawords**—RADIUS attribute 52, Acct-Input-Gigawords.
- **interface-description**—Juniper VSA 26-53, Interface-Desc.
- **nas-identifier**—RADIUS attribute 32, NAS-Identifier.
- **nas-port**—RADIUS attribute 5, NAS-Port.
- **nas-port-id**—RADIUS attribute 87, NAS-Port-Id.
- **nas-port-type**—RADIUS attribute 61, NAS-Port-Type.
- **output-filter**—Juniper VSA 26-11, Egress-Policy-Name.
- **output-gigapackets**—Juniper VSA 25-43, Acct-Output-Gigapackets.
- **output-gigawords**—RADIUS attribute 53, Acct-Output-Gigawords.
- **upstream-calculated-qos-rate**—Juniper VSA 26-142

RADIUS message type

- **access-request**—RADIUS Access-Accept messages.
- **accounting-off**—RADIUS Accounting-Off messages.
- **accounting-on**—RADIUS Accounting-On messages.
- **accounting-start**—RADIUS Accounting-Start messages.
- **accounting-stop**—RADIUS Accounting-Stop messages.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30](#)

---

## exclude (Dynamic MLD Interface)

---

**Syntax** exclude;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols **mld interface** *interface-name* **static group** *multicast-group-address*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Configure the group to operate in exclude mode on the dynamic interface. In exclude mode all sources except the address configured are accepted for the group. By default, the group operates in include mode.

**Required Privilege Level** view-level—To view this statement in the configuration.  
control-level—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Enabling MLD Static Group Membership](#)

## external-authority

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | external-authority;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that an external authority (for example, RADIUS or Diameter) provides the address assignment.<br><br>When RADIUS is the external authority, the router uses the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute (RADIUS attribute 100) to select the pool. When Diameter is the external authority, the router uses the Diameter counterpart of RADIUS Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 157</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                          |

## fail-over-within-preference (L2TP LAC)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | fail-over-within-preference;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">l2tp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable L2TP LAC tunnel selection within a preference level. When the router is unable to connect to a destination at a given preference level, it attempts to connect to another destination at the same level. By default, when a connection attempt fails at one preference level, the next attempt is made at the next lower level. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring LAC Tunnel Selection Failover Within a Preference Level on page 323</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters on page 323</a></li> </ul>                                                                                        |

## failure-action

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | failure-action (clear-binding   clear-binding-if-interface-up   log-only);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">liveness-detection</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the action the router takes when a liveness detection failure occurs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>clear-binding</b>—The client session is cleared when a liveness detection failure occurs.</p> <p><b>clear-binding-if-interface-up</b>—The client session is cleared only when a liveness detection failure occurs and the local interface is detected as being up.</p> <p><b>log-only</b>—A message is logged to indicate the event; no action is taken and DHCP is left to manage the failure.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 191</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity on page 192</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity on page 255</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## family (Address-Assignment Pools)

**Syntax**

```
family family {
 dhcp-attributes {
 [protocol-specific attributes]
 }
 host hostname {
 hardware-address mac-address;
 ip-address ip-address;
 }
 network ip-prefix/<prefix-length>;
 prefix ipv6-prefix;
 range range-name {
 high upper-limit;
 low lower-limit;
 prefix-length prefix-length;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access address-assignment **pool** *pool-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.

**Description** Configure the protocol family for the address-assignment pool.



**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.

**Options** *family*—Protocol family:

- **inet**—Internet Protocol version 4 suite
- **inet6**—Internet Protocol version 6 suite

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)

## family (Dynamic Firewalls)

---

**Syntax**    `family family {  
              fast-update-filter filter-name {  
                  interface-specific;  
                  match-order [match-order];  
                  term term-name {  
                      from {  
                          match-conditions;  
                      }  
                      then {  
                          action;  
                          action-modifiers;  
                      }  
                      only-at-create;  
                  }  
              }  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit [dynamic-profiles profile-name firewall](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description**    Configure protocol family information for firewall filters in a dynamic profile.

**Options**    *family*—Protocol family:

- **inet**—Internet Protocol version 4 suite
- **inet6**—Internet Protocol version 6 suite

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)

## family (Dynamic Demux Interface)

**Syntax**    `family family {`  
                   `access-concentrator name;`  
                   `address address;`  
                   `demux-source {`  
                       `source-address;`  
                   `}`  
                   `duplicate-protection;`  
                   `dynamic-profile profile-name;`  
                   `filter {`  
                       `input filter-name;`  
                       `output filter-name;`  
                   `}`  
                   `mac-validate (loose | strict);`  
                   `max-sessions number;`  
                   `max-sessions-vsa-ignore;`  
                   `service-name-table table-name;`  
                   `short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max`  
                       `maximum-seconds>;`  
                   `unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;`  
                   `}`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit `dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number`]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.  
                               Option **pppoe** introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.

**Description**    Configure protocol family information for the logical interface.



**NOTE:** Not all subordinate stanzas are available to every protocol family. See the *Junos OS Configuration Statements and Commands* for details about each protocol family.

**Options**    *family*—Protocol family:

- **inet**—Internet Protocol version 4 suite
- **inet6**—Internet Protocol version 6 suite
- **pppoe**—(MX Series routers with Trio MPCs only) Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                   interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)

- For information about static IP demux interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)



## family (Dynamic PPPoE)

**Syntax**

```
family family {
 unnumbered-address interface-name destination address;
 address address;
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit **dynamic-profiles** *profile-name* **interfaces** pp0 **unit** "\$junos-interface-unit"]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Configure protocol family information for the logical interface.

**Options** *family*—Protocol family:

- **inet**—Internet Protocol version 4 suite
- **inet6**—Internet Protocol version 6 suite

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options on page 699](#)
- For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the *Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*

## family (Dynamic Standard Interface)

```
Syntax family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;
 input-precedence precedence;
 output-precedence precedence;
 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 service-name-table table-name
 short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
 unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles](#) *profile-name* [interfaces](#) *interface-name* [unit](#) *logical-unit-number*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.  
Option **pppoe** introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.

**Description** Configure protocol family information for the logical interface.



**NOTE:** Not all subordinate stanzas are available to every protocol family. See the *Junos OS Configuration Statements and Commands* for details about each protocol family.

**Options**    *family*—Protocol family:

- **inet**—IP version 4 suite
- **inet6**—IP version 6 suite
- **pppoe**—(MX Series routers with Trio MPCs only) Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet
- **vpls**—Virtual private LAN service

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level**    interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related**    • For general information about configuring static interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network](#)  
**Documentation**    [Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).  
• “Configuring the Protocol Family,” in the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#).

## fast-update-filter (Dynamic Firewalls)

---

**Syntax**    `fast-update-filter filter-name {  
                  interface-specific;  
                  match-order [match-order];  
                  term term-name {  
                    from {  
                      match-conditions;  
                    }  
                    then {  
                      action;  
                      action-modifiers;  
                    }  
                    only-at-create;  
                  }  
                }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* firewall *family* *family*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description**    Configure fast update firewall filters in a dynamic profile.

**Options**    *filter-name*—Name that identifies the filter. The name can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-) and can be up to 64 characters long. To include spaces in the name, enclose it in quotation marks (" ").

The statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)

## filter (Configuring)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> filter <i>filter-name</i> {     accounting-profile <i>name</i>;     enhanced-mode;     interface-specific;     physical-interface-filter;     term <i>term-name</i> {         filter <i>filter-name</i>;         from {             <i>match-conditions</i>;         }         then {             <i>actions</i>;         }     } } </pre>          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall family <i>family-name</i>];</p> <p>[edit firewall family <i>family-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall family <i>family-name</i>]</p>                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p><b>physical-interface-filter</b> statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles ... family</b> <i>family-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure firewall filters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>filter-name</i></b>—Name that identifies the filter. This must be a non-reserved string of not more than 64 characters. No special characters are restricted. However, to include spaces in the name, enclose it in quotation marks (" ").</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Guidelines for Configuring Standard Firewall Filters</li> <li>Guidelines for Applying Standard Firewall Filters</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## filter (Dynamic Firewalls)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> filter {   <b>adf</b> {     counter;     input-precedence <i>precedence</i>;     output-precedence <i>precedence</i>;     rule <i>rule-value</i>;   }   input <i>filter-name</i> (     <b>precedence</b> <i>precedence</i>;   )   output <i>filter-name</i> {     <b>precedence</b> <i>precedence</i>;   } } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <i>family</i>],</p> <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <b>demux0</b> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <i>family</i>],</p> <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <b>pp0</b> <b>unit</b> "\$junos-interface-unit" <b>family</b> <i>family</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <b>pp0</b> <b>unit</b> "\$junos-interface-unit" <b>family</b> <i>family</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Apply a dynamic filter to an interface. You can configure filters for either <b>family inet</b> or <b>family inet6</b>, and the filters can be classic filters, fast update filters, or (for the <b>adf</b> statement) Ascend-Data-Filters. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.</p>                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>input</b> <i>filter-name</i>—Name of one filter to evaluate when packets are received on the interface.</p> <p><b>output</b> <i>filter-name</i>—Name of one filter to evaluate when packets are transmitted on the interface.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For general information about configuring firewall filters, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide</a></li> <li><a href="#">Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872</a></li> <li><a href="#">Classic Filters Overview on page 873</a></li> <li><a href="#">Basic Classic Filter Syntax on page 875</a></li> </ul>                                                                                        |

## filter (Dynamic Interface Unit)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>filter {     input <i>filter-name</i>;     output <i>filter-name</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number</a> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in JUNOS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply a dynamic filter to an interface, regardless of its family type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>input <i>filter-name</i></b>—Name of one filter to evaluate when packets are received on the interface.</p> <p><b>output <i>filter-name</i></b>—Name of one filter to evaluate when packets are transmitted on the interface.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For general information about configuring firewall filters, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</a></li> <li><a href="#">Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872</a></li> <li><a href="#">Classic Filters Overview on page 873</a></li> <li><a href="#">Basic Classic Filter Syntax on page 875</a></li> <li><a href="#">Dynamically Attaching Statically Created Filters for Any Interface Type on page 908</a></li> </ul> |

## filter-specific

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | filter-specific;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ],<br>[edit firewall family inet prefix-action <i>name</i> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <a href="#">policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall family inet prefix-action <i>name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> ... <a href="#">policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the prefix-specific action or policer to operate in <i>filter-specific</i> mode, meaning that a single policer and counter are shared by all filter terms that reference the prefix-specific action or policer. By default, the prefix-specific action or policer operates in <i>term-specific</i> mode, meaning that a separate policer and counter are used for each filter term that references the prefix-specific action or policer.                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Filter-Specific Policer Overview</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Prefix-Specific Counting and Policing Overview</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Filter-Specific Counter and Policer Set Overview</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



## firewall (Dynamic Firewalls)

```
Syntax firewall {
 family family {
 fast-update-filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
 match-order [match-order];
 term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 only-at-create;
 }
 }
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles](#) *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Configure firewall filters in a dynamic profile.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917](#)

## forward-snooped-clients (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces   configured-interfaces   non-configured-interfaces);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ],<br>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure how the DHCP local server handles DHCP snooped packets on specific interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>all-interfaces</b> —Perform the action on all interfaces.<br><br><b>configured-interfaces</b> —Perform the action only on configured interfaces.<br><br><b>non-configured-interfaces</b> —Perform the action only on nonconfigured interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Snooping Support on page 237</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Snooped Packets Forwarding Support for DHCP Local Server on page 165</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## forward-snooped-clients (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces   configured-interfaces   non-configured-interfaces);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>]</p>                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure how DHCP relay agent handles DHCP snooped packets on specific interfaces. The router determines the DHCP snooping action to perform based on a combination of the <b>forward-snooped-clients</b> configuration and the configuration of either the <b>allow-snooped-clients</b> statement or the <b>no-allow-snooped-clients</b> statement.</p> <p>The router also uses this statement to determine how to handle snooped BOOTREPLY packets received on nonconfigured interfaces.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>all-interfaces</b>—Perform the action on all interfaces.</p> <p><b>configured-interfaces</b>—Perform the action only on configured interfaces.</p> <p><b>non-configured-interfaces</b>—Perform the action only on nonconfigured interfaces.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Snooping Support on page 237</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Snooping for DHCP Relay Agent on page 238</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## forwarding (Diameter Network Element)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>forwarding {<br/>  route <i>dne-route-name</i> {<br/>    destination realm <i>realm-name</i> &lt;host <i>hostname</i>&gt;;<br/>    function <i>function-name</i> &lt;partition <i>partition-name</i>&gt;;<br/>    metric <i>route-metric</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>network-element</b> <i>element-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the criteria that specify which destinations are reachable through the Diameter network element.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li></ul>                                                                                         |

## forwarding-class (Dynamic Scheduler Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>forwarding-class <i>class-name</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>class-of-service scheduler-maps</b> <i>map-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate a scheduler with a scheduler map.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>class-name</i> —Name of the forwarding class.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li></ul> |

## forwarding-class (Subscriber Secure Policy)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | forwarding-class <i>class-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">radius-flow-tap</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify forwarding class that is applied to mirrored packets sent to a mediation device.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>class-name</i> —Name of the forwarding class.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | flow-tap—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>flow-tap-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987</a></li></ul> |

## fpc (MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>fpc slot-number {<br/>  pic number {<br/>    inline-services {<br/>      bandwidth (1g   10g);<br/>    }<br/>    port-mirror-instance <i>port-mirroring-instance-name-pic-level</i>;<br/>    tunnel-services {<br/>      bandwidth (1g   10g);<br/>    }<br/>  }<br/>  port-mirror-instance <i>port-mirroring-instance-name-fpc-level</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit chassis]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.2.<br><b>port-mirror-instance</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Description              | <p>Configure properties for the DPC or MPC and corresponding Packet Forwarding Engines to create tunnel interfaces.</p> <p>(MX Series Virtual Chassis only) To configure properties for MPCs in a member router in an MX Series Virtual Chassis configuration, you must specify the router's Virtual Chassis member number <i>before</i> the <b>fpc</b> statement. Specify the member number in the form <b>member member-id</b>, where <i>member-id</i> is 0 or 1. If you do not specify the member number before the <b>fpc</b> statement, the commit operation fails and the software displays an error message indicating that the <b>fpc</b> statement must include the member number for routers in Virtual Chassis mode.</p> |
| Options                  | <p><b>fpc slot-number</b>—Specify the slot number of the DPC.<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 11</p> <p><b>pic number</b>—Specify the number of the Packet Forwarding Engine. Each DPC includes four Packet Forwarding Engines.<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4</p> <p><b>port-mirror-instance port-mirroring-instance-name-fpc-level</b>—Associate a port-mirroring instance with the DPC and its corresponding PICs. The port-mirroring instance is configured under the <b>[edit forwarding-options port-mirroring]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                 |
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring Port-Mirroring Instances on MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers</li><li><a href="#">Enabling Inline Service Interfaces on page 336</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

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## from

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | from {<br>applications [ <i>application-names</i> ];<br>destination-address <i>address</i> <except>;<br>destination-prefix-list <i>list-name</i> <except>;<br>}                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services</a> captive-portal-content-delivery <a href="#">rule</a> <i>rule-name</i> <a href="#">term</a> <i>term-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify input conditions for a captive portal term.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li> <li>• For information on match conditions, see the description of firewall filter match conditions in the <a href="#">Junos OS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</a>.</li> </ul> |

## function (Diameter Network Element)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | function <i>function-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <a href="#">network-element</a> <i>element-name</i> ]                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.<br>Support for PTSP introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the application (function) associated with a Diameter network element.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | By default, all functions are associated with (supported by) the network element.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>function-name</i> —Application (function) associated with the route. Gx-Plus, JSRC, and packet-triggered subscribers are the applications currently supported.                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li> </ul> |

## function (Diameter Route)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>function <i>function-name</i> &lt;partition <i>partition-name</i>&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-element <i>element-name</i> forwarding <b>route</b> <i>dne-route-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support for PTSP introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the application (function) associated with a destination and metric. Together, these three elements define a route reachable through a Diameter network element.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Default</b>                  | All functions are associated with the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>function-name</i></b> —Application (function) associated with the route. Gx-Plus, JSRC, and packet-triggered-subscribers are the applications currently supported.<br><br><b><i>partition partition-name</i></b> —(Optional) Partition associated with the application (function). |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li></ul>                                                                                                           |

## gateway-name (Tunnel Profile Remote Gateway)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>gateway-name <i>server-name</i>;</code>                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> tunnel <i>tunnel-id</i> <b>remote-gateway</b> ]                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the hostname expected by the remote gateway—the LNS—from the source gateway—the LAC—when you set up a tunnel.            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>server-name</i></b> —Name of the LNS.                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul> |



## gateway-name (Tunnel Profile Source Gateway)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>gateway-name <i>client-name</i>;</code>                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> tunnel <i>tunnel-id</i> <b>source-gateway</b> ]                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the hostname provided by the source gateway—the LAC—to the remote gateway—the LNS—when you set up a tunnel.                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>client-name</i> —Name of the LAC.                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li> </ul> |

## generic

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>generic;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b> access-type],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b> access-type],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b> access-type],<br>[edit services <b>mobile-ip</b> access-type] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable WiMAX features for Mobile IP home agent, preventing interoperability in a WiMAX environment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP on page 473</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## global (Gx-Plus)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>global {<br/>    max-outstanding-requests <i>number</i>;<br/>}</code>                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">gx-plus</a> ]                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure global attributes for the Gx-Plus application.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li></ul>                |

## grace-period

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>grace-period <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family (inet   inet6) <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the amount of time that the client retains the address lease after the lease expires. The address cannot be reassigned to another client during the grace period. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Number of seconds the lease is retained.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4,294,967,295 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 0 (no grace period)                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                                          |

## gres-route-flush-delay (Subscriber Management)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | gres-route-flush-delay;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">subscriber-management</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | For a subscriber network configured with either nonstop active routing (NSR) or graceful restart, configure the router to wait 180 seconds (3 minutes) before removing (flushing) static or dynamic access routes and access-internal routes from the forwarding table after a graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) has taken place. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 531</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overview of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes Removal After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 526</a></li></ul>           |

## group (DHCP Local Server)

```

Syntax group group-name {
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;
 relay-agent-interface-id
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name <aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
 primary-profile-name>;
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
 }
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
 }

```

```

 session-mode(automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
}
overrides {
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-arp;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p> |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Description              | Configure a group of interfaces that have a common configuration, such as authentication parameters. A group must contain at least one interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Options                  | <p><b><i>group-name</i></b>—Name of the group.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                 |

## group (DHCP Relay Agent)

---

```
Syntax group group-name {
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 [circuit-id] [remote-id];
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 overrides {
 ...
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
```

```

 upto upto-interface-name;
}
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
 always-write-option-82;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 disable-relay;
 interface-client-limit number;
 layer2-unicast-replies;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-arp;
 no-bind-on-request;
 proxy-mode;
 replace-ip-source-with;
 send-release-on-delete;
 trust-option-82;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
}
relay-option-60 {
 vendor-option {
 (equals | starts-with) (ascii match-string | hexadecimal match-hex) {
 (default-relay-server-group server-group-name |
 default-local-server-group local-server-group-name |
 drop);
 }
 (default-relay-server-group server-group-name |
 default-local-server-group local-server-group-name |
 drop);
 }
}
relay-option-82 {
 circuit-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcipv6**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options **dhcp-relay** ...],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*  
 forwarding-options **dhcp-relay** ...],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.  
 Support at the [edit ... **dhcipv6**] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the name of a group of interfaces that have a common DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent configuration. A group must contain at least one interface. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>group-name</b>—Name of a group of interfaces that have a common DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li><li>• <a href="#">Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li></ul> |



## group (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

**Syntax** For group configuration with a source, use the following syntax:

```
group ip-address {
 source ip-address;
}
```

For group configuration without a source, use the following syntax:

```
group group;
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols **igmp interface** *interface-name* **static**],

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** When configuring with a source address, configure the IGMP multicast group address that receives data on an interface and a source address for certain packets. For configuration without a source address, configure only the IGMP multicast group address that receives data on an interface.

**Options** *ip-address*—Group IP address.

*group*—Name of group.



**NOTE:** You must specify a unique address for each group.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- For information about configuring static group membership, see “Enabling IGMP Static Group Membership” in the *Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide*

## group (Dynamic MLD Interface)

---

**Syntax**    `group multicast-group-address {  
              exclude;  
              group-count number;  
              group-increment increment;  
              source ip-address {  
                    source-count number;  
                    source-increment increment;  
              }  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols **mld** interface *interface-name* **static**]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description**    The MLD multicast group address and (optionally) the source address for the multicast group being dynamically configured on an interface.

**Options**    *multicast-group-address*—Address of the group.



.....  
**NOTE:** You must specify a unique address for each group.  
.....

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • Enabling MLD Static Group Membership

## group (Static Subscribers)

**Syntax**

```
group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 }
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 domain-name domain-name;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 interface interface-name <exclude> <upto upto-interface-name>;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services [static-subscribers](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system  
services [static-subscribers](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system services [static-subscribers](#)],  
[edit system services [static-subscribers](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Configure a static subscriber group with values that override the values configured at the [\[edit system services static-subscribers\]](#) hierarchy level for subscribers outside the group. Includes the subscriber access and dynamic profiles, the authentication parameters that trigger the Access-Request message to AAA for static subscribers in the group, and the statically configured interfaces that form the group.



**NOTE:** The logical system and routing instance in which the group is configured must match the logical system and routing instance where the static interfaces are configured.

**Options** *group-name*—Name of a group that defines authentication parameters for static subscribers to override the global authentication configuration.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)
- [Creating a Static Subscriber Group on page 408](#)

## group-count (Dynamic MLD Interface)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>group-count <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>static group</b> <i>multicast-group-address</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the number of static groups to be created over the dynamic interface.                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —Number of static groups.<br><b>Default:</b> 1<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 512                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Enabling MLD Static Group Membership</li></ul>                                                                 |

## group-increment (Dynamic MLD Interface)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>group-increment <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>static group</b> <i>multicast-group-address</i> <b>source</b> ]                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the number of times the address should be incremented for each static group created on a dynamic interface. The increment is specified in a format similar to an IPv6 address. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>increment</i> —Number of times the address should be incremented.<br><b>Default:</b> ::1<br><b>Range:</b> ::1 through ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff;                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Enabling MLD Static Group Membership</li></ul>                                                                                                     |

## group-limit (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>group-limit <i>policy-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a limit for the number of multicast groups (or [S,G] channels in IGMPv3) allowed on a dynamic logical interface. After this limit is reached, new reports will be ignored and all related flows are not flooded on the logical interface.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Default</b>                  | By default, there is no limit to the number of multicast groups that can join the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>limit</b> —group limit value for the interface.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 32767                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li> <li>• For information about limiting the number of multicast group joins for an IGMP logical interface, see “Limiting the Number of IGMP Multicast Group Joins on Logical Interfaces” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li> </ul> |

## group-limit (Dynamic MLD Interface)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>group-limit <i>limit</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>ml</b> d interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a limit for the number of multicast groups (or [S,G] channels in MLDv2) allowed on a dynamic logical interface. After this limit is reached, new reports will be ignored and all related flows are not flooded on the logical interface.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Default</b>                  | By default, there is no limit to the number of multicast groups that can join the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>limit</i> —group limit value for the interface.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 32767                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li><li>• For information about limiting the number of multicast group joins for an MLD logical interface, see “Configuring the Number of MLD Multicast Group Joins on Logical Interfaces” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li></ul> |

## group-policy (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>group-policy <i>policy-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>ig</b> mp interface <i>interface-name</i> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Compare the IGMPv2 or IGMPv3 group against the specified group policy, after receiving an IGMP report, and perform the action configured in that policy (for example, reject the report).                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>policy-name</i> —Name of the group policy.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li><li>• For information about rejecting unwanted reports for an IGMP interface, see “Filtering Unwanted IGMP Reports at the IGMP Interface Level” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li></ul> |

## group-policy (Dynamic MLD Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>group-policy <i>policy-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Compare the MLDv1 or MLDv2 group against the specified group policy, after receiving an MLD report, and perform the action configured in that policy (for example, reject the report). |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>policy-name</i> —Name of the group policy.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Filtering Unwanted MLD Reports at the MLD Interface Level</li></ul>                                                                              |

## group-profile (Group Profile)

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**Syntax**    `group-profile profile-name {  
          l2tp {  
            interface-id interface-id;  
            lcp-renegotiation;  
            local-chap;  
            maximum-sessions-per-tunnel number;  
          }  
          ppp {  
            cell-overhead;  
            encapsulation-overhead bytes;  
            framed-pool pool-id;  
            idle-timeout seconds;  
            interface-id interface-id;  
            keepalive seconds;  
            ppp-options {  
              chap;  
              pap;  
            }  
            primary-dns primary-dns;  
            primary-wins primary-wins;  
            secondary-dns secondary-dns;  
            secondary-wins secondary-wins;  
          }  
        }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description**    Configure the group profile.



.....  
**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.  
.....

**Options**    *profile-name*—Name assigned to the group profile.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes](#)
- [Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331](#)



## guaranteed-rate (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>guaranteed-rate (rate   \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate) &lt;burst-size [ bytes   \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate-burst]&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> <a href="#">class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br>The <b>\$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate</b> variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.<br>Option <b>burst-size</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a guaranteed minimum rate for a logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include this statement and you do not include the <b>delay-buffer-rate</b> statement, the logical interface receives a minimal delay-buffer rate and minimal bandwidth equal to 2 MTU-sized packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rate</b>—Guaranteed rate in bits per second (bps). You can specify a value in bits per second either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).<br/> <b>Range:</b> 1000 through 160,000,000,000 bps</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate</b>—Junos predefined variable that is replaced with the guaranteed rate obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>burst-size bytes</b>—(Optional) Maximum burst size, in bytes.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 0 through 1,000,000,000</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate-burst</b>—(Optional) Variable for the burst-size that is specified for the guaranteed rate. Use this variable at the <a href="#">[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profile]</a> hierarchy level.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## gx-plus (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>gx-plus {<br/>  global {<br/>    max-outstanding-requests <i>number</i>;<br/>  }<br/>  partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>    destination-host <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    destination-realm <i>realm</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the Gx-Plus application to interact with a PCRF to authorize and provision subscribers.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                   |


## hardware-address

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|                                 |                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>hardware-address <i>mac-address</i>;</pre>                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family (inet   inet6) <i>host</i> <i>hostname</i> ]          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the MAC address of the client. This is the hardware address that identifies the client on the network.     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>mac-address</i> —MAC address of the client.                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul> |

## hello-interval

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | hello-interval <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <a href="#">tunnel-group name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the keepalive timer for L2TP tunnels.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.</p> </div> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Interval, in seconds, after which the server sends a hello message if no messages are received. A value of 0 means that no hello messages are sent.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 60 seconds</p>                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring Timers for L2TP Tunnels</li> <li><a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337</a></li> </ul>                                     |

## hierarchical-policer

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>hierarchical-policer <i>policer-name</i> {<br/>    aggregate {<br/>        if-exceeding {<br/>            bandwidth-limit <i>bps</i>;<br/>            burst-size-limit <i>bytes</i>;<br/>        }<br/>        then {<br/>            discard;<br/>        }<br/>    }<br/>    premium {<br/>        if-exceeding {<br/>            bandwidth-limit <i>bps</i>;<br/>            burst-size-limit <i>bytes</i>;<br/>        }<br/>        then {<br/>            discard;<br/>        }<br/>    }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall],<br>[edit firewall]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... firewall</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | On M40e, M120, and M320 edge routers with Flexible PIC Concentrator (FPC) input as FFPC and FPC output as SFPC, and on MX Series, T320, T640, and T1600 edge routers with Enhanced Intelligent Queuing (IQE) PICs, specify a hierarchical policer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>policer-name</i></b>—Name that identifies the policer. The name can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-), and can be up to 255 characters long. To include spaces in the name, enclose it in quotation marks (" ").</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hierarchical Policer Configuration Overview</li><li>• Hierarchical Policers</li><li>• <a href="#">aggregate (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1125</a></li><li>• <a href="#">bandwidth-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1146</a></li><li>• <a href="#">burst-size-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1154</a></li><li>• <a href="#">if-exceeding (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1326</a></li></ul>                                                                     |

- [premium \(Hierarchical Policer\) on page 1496](#)

## high-utilization (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | high-utilization <i>percentage</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate an SNMP trap when the DHCP address pool or linked set of address pools use surpasses the specified percentage.                                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | High utilization is not set. Delete the high-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>percentage</i> —Percentage used to generate a trap.<br><b>Range:</b> 2 through 99                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 118</a></li> </ul> |

## high-utilization-v6 (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | high-utilization-v6 <i>percentage</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate an SNMP trap when the DHCPv6 address pool or linked set of address pools use surpasses the specified percentage.                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | High utilization is not set. Delete the high-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>percentage</i> —Percentage used to generate a trap.<br><b>Range:</b> 2 through 99                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 118</a></li> </ul> |

## holddown-interval

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>holddown-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>], [edit forwarding-options</code><br><code>  dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method</code><br><code>  <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method</code><br><code>  <a href="#">bfd</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the time (in milliseconds) for which Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) holds a session up notification.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>milliseconds</i></b> —Interval specifying how long a BFD session must remain up before a state change notification is sent.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255,000<br><b>Default:</b> 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>routing</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>routing-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## home-agent (Mobile IP Dynamic Assignment)

|                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                       | <pre>home-agent {     nai (name@domain   @domain) {         home-agent ip-address;     } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>              | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">dynamic-home-assignment</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services<br/>         mobile-ip <a href="#">dynamic-home-assignment</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip<br/> <a href="#">dynamic-home-assignment</a>],<br/>         [edit services mobile-ip <a href="#">dynamic-home-assignment</a>]</p>                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>          | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br/>         Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip<br/> <a href="#">dynamic-home-assignment</a>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances<br/> <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">dynamic-home-assignment</a>], and [edit<br/>         routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">dynamic-home-assignment</a>]<br/>         hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p> |
| <b>Description</b>                  | <p>Configure the IP address to which registration requests are sent as part of the home<br/>         agent's dynamic assignment rule.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege<br/>Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>         system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related<br/>Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Home Assignment for the Mobile Node on page 472</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## home-agent (Mobile IP Network Address Identifier)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>home-agent <i>ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment home-agent <i>nai name@domain</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment</code><br><code>home-agent <i>nai name@domain</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services</code><br><code>mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment home-agent <i>nai name@domain</i>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment</code><br><code>home-agent <i>nai name@domain</i>],</code><br><code>[edit services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment home-agent <i>nai @domain</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment</code><br><code>home-agent <i>nai @domain</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services</code><br><code>mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment home-agent <i>nai @domain</i>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment</code><br><code>home-agent <i>nai @domain</i>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the IP address to which registration requests are sent as part of the home agent's dynamic assignment rule.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP address of the home agent                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Home Assignment for the Mobile Node on page 472</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



## home-agent (Mobile IP Networks)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> home-agent {   enable-service <i>interface-name</i>;   virtual-network {     home-agent-address <i>ip-address</i> {       registration-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;       revocation-required;       timestamp-tolerance <i>seconds</i>;     }   } } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a>],<br/> [edit services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a>]</p>                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a>], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p> |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the virtual networks and non-virtual networks for the Mobile IP home agent.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## home-agent-address

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>home-agent-address ip-address {<br/>    registration-lifetime seconds;<br/>    revocation-required;<br/>    timestamp-tolerance seconds;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent <a href="#">virtual-network</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services<br/>mobile-ip home-agent <a href="#">virtual-network</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent<br/><a href="#">virtual-network</a>],<br/>[edit services mobile-ip home-agent <a href="#">virtual-network</a>]</p>                                                                      |
| Release Information      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br/>Support at the <code>edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent <a href="#">virtual-network</a></code>, <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent <a href="#">virtual-network</a>]</code>, and <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent <a href="#">virtual-network</a>]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p> |
| Description              | Defines addressing for the virtual network of the Mobile IP home agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Options                  | <p><b><i>ip-address</i></b>—For virtual networks, the loopback IP address for the virtual network. For non-virtual networks, a public address.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## host (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>host <i>hostname</i> {<br/>    <i>hardware-address</i> <i>mac-address</i>;<br/>    <i>ip-address</i> <i>ip-address</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <i>pool pool-name family</i> (inet   inet6)]                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a static binding for the specified client.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hostname</i> —Name of the client.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul> |

## host (Diameter Origin)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>host <i>hostname</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <i>origin</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the name of the host that originates the Diameter message.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hostname</i> —Name of the message origin host. Supplied as the value of Origin-Host AVP for all messages sent by the Diameter master instance.                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance on page 378</a></li></ul> |

## identification (Tunnel Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>identification <i>name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the assignment ID of an L2TP tunnel. L2TP sessions with the same tunnel assignment identification and destination are grouped into the same tunnel. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>name</i></b> —Tunnel assignment ID; string of up to 32 alphanumeric characters.                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul>                            |

## idle-timeout

|                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                       | <code>idle-timeout seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                              | <code>[edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> ppp],</code><br><code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> ppp]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                          | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>Configure the idle timeout for a user. The router might consider a PPP session to be idle because of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is no ingress traffic on the PPP session.</li> <li>• There is no egress traffic.</li> <li>• There is neither ingress or egress traffic on the PPP session.</li> <li>• There is no ingress or egress PPP control traffic. This is applicable only if keepalives are enabled.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p><b>seconds</b>—Number of seconds a user can remain idle before the session is terminated.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4,294,967,295 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 0</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <code>[edit access]</code> hierarchy is not available on QFabric switches.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring PPP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                      |

## idle-timeout (L2TP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>idle-timeout <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <b>tunnel</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how long a tunnel is active after its last session is terminated. The timer starts when the session is terminated and the tunnel is disconnected when the timer expires.                                                                                                                                    |
|                                 | <div><p><b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, unconfigure the statement by issuing <code>no services l2tp tunnel idle-timeout</code>.</p></div>                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>seconds</i>—Length of the idle timeout. A value of <b>0</b> creates a persistent tunnel; that is, the tunnel remains active indefinitely until the remote peer disconnects it or you issue the <b>clear services l2tp tunnel</b> command.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 86,400</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 60</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting the L2TP Tunnel Idle Timeout on page 328</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li></ul>                                       |

## ieee-802.1 (Dynamic Classifiers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ieee-802.1 ( <i>classifier-name</i>   default) <b>vlan-tag</b> (inner   outer);                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>classifiers</b> ]                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply an IEEE-802.1 classifier to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>classifier-name</b>—Name of a <b>classifier</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service classifier <b>ieee-802.1</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 747</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">classifiers (Definition)</a></li> </ul> |

## ieee-802.1 (Dynamic Rewrite Rules)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ieee-802.1 ( <i>rewrite-name</i>   default) <b>vlan-tag</b> (outer   outer-and-inner);                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>rewrite-rules</b> ]                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply an IEEE-802.1 rewrite rule to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rewrite-name</b>—Name of a <b>rewrite-rules</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service <b>rewrite-rules</b> <b>ieee-802.1</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 746</a></li><li>• <a href="#">rewrite-rules</a></li></ul> |

## ietf-mode

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ietf-mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp <b>neighbor</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure ANCP to run in a mode that is not backward compatible with Internet draft-wadhwa-gsmp-l2control-configuration-00.txt, <i>GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C)</i> . Include this statement when pre-ietf mode has been configured globally for ANCP, but you want one or more neighbors to run ANCP in the default mode. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | ANCP does not run in a backward-compatible mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                      |



## if-exceeding (Policer)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>if-exceeding {   (bandwidth-limit <i>bps</i>   bandwidth-percent <i>number</i>);   burst-size-limit <i>bytes</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>], [edit firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>]</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles ... <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure rate limits for a single-rate two-color policer.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Two-Color Policer Configuration Overview</li> <li>• Hierarchical Policer Configuration Overview</li> <li>• Basic Single-Rate Two-Color Policers</li> <li>• Bandwidth Policers</li> <li>• Filter-Specific Counters and Policers</li> <li>• Prefix-Specific Counting and Policing Actions</li> <li>• Multifield Classification</li> <li>• Policer Overhead to Account for Rate Shaping in the Traffic Manager</li> <li>• Hierarchical Policers</li> </ul> |

## if-exceeding (Hierarchical Policer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>if-exceeding {<br/>    bandwidth-limit <i>bps</i>;<br/>    burst-size-limit <i>bytes</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer aggregate</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer premium</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer aggregate</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer premium</a> ]                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... aggregate</a> ] and [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... premium</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For M40e, M120, and M320 (with FFPC and SFPC) edge routers and T320, T640, and T1600 core routers with Enhanced Intelligent Queuing (IQE) PICs, specify bandwidth and burst limits for a premium or aggregate component of a hierarchical policer.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hierarchical Policer Configuration Overview</li><li>• Hierarchical Policers</li><li>• <a href="#">aggregate (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1125</a></li><li>• <a href="#">bandwidth-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1146</a></li><li>• <a href="#">burst-size-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1154</a></li><li>• <a href="#">hierarchical-policer on page 1312</a></li><li>• <a href="#">premium (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1496</a></li></ul> |

## igmp (Dynamic Profiles)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> igmp {     interface <i>interface-name</i> {         accounting;         disable;         group-limit <i>policy-name</i>;         group-policy;         immediate-leave;         no-accounting;         oif-map;         passive &lt;allow-receive&gt; &lt;send-general-query&gt; &lt;send-group-query&gt;;         promiscuous-mode;         ssm-map <i>ssm-map-name</i>;         static {             group <i>group</i> {                 source <i>source</i>;             }         }         version <i>version</i>;     } } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> protocols],<br>[edit protocols]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable IGMP on the router. IGMP must be enabled for the router to receive multicast packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | IGMP is disabled on the router. IGMP is automatically enabled on all broadcast interfaces when you configure Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li> <li>• For general information about configuring IGMP, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</a></li> <li>• For information about enabling IGMP, see “Enabling IGMP” in the <a href="#">Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                 |

## ignore

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>ignore {<br/>    framed-ip-netmask;<br/>    input-filter;<br/>    logical-system-routing-instance;<br/>    output-filter;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">attributes</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router or switch to ignore the specified attributes in RADIUS Access-Accept messages. By default, the router or switch processes the attributes it receives from the external server.                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>framed-ip-netmask</b> —Ignore Framed-IP-Netmask (RADIUS attribute 9).<br><br><b>input-filter</b> —Ignore Ingress-Policy-Name (VSA 26-10).<br><br><b>logical-system-routing-instance</b> —Ignore Virtual-Router (VSA 26-1).<br><br><b>output-filter</b> —Ignore Egress-Policy-Name (VSA 26-11). |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                           |

## immediate-leave (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>immediate-leave;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <a href="#">igmp interface interface-name</a> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the routing device to leave the multicast group immediately after the last host leaves the multicast group.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>routing</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>routing-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li><li>• For information about configuring IGMP immediate leave, see “Specifying Immediate-Leave Host Removal for IGMP” in the <a href="#">Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</a></li></ul> |

## immediate-leave (Dynamic MLD Interface)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>immediate-leave;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>The immediate leave setting is useful for minimizing the leave latency of MLD memberships. When this setting is enabled, the routing device leaves the multicast group immediately after the last host leaves the multicast group.</p> <p>The immediate-leave setting enables host tracking, meaning that the device keeps track of the hosts that send join messages. This allows MLD to determine when the last host sends a leave message for the multicast group.</p> <p>When the immediate leave setting is enabled, the device removes an interface from the forwarding-table entry without first sending MLD group-specific queries to the interface. The interface is pruned from the multicast tree for the multicast group specified in the MLD leave message. The immediate leave setting ensures optimal bandwidth management for hosts on a switched network, even when multiple multicast groups are being used simultaneously.</p> <p>When immediate leave is disabled and one host sends a leave group message, the routing device first sends a group query to determine if another receiver responds. If no receiver responds, the routing device removes all hosts on the interface from the multicast group. Immediate leave is disabled by default for both MLD version 1 and MLD version 2.</p> <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Although host tracking is enabled for IGMPv2 and MLDv1 when you enable immediate leave, use immediate leave with these versions only when there is one host on the interface. The reason is that IGMPv2 and MLDv1 use a report suppression mechanism whereby only one host on an interface sends a group join report in response to a membership query. The other interested hosts suppress their reports. The purpose of this mechanism is to avoid a flood of reports for the same group. But it also interferes with host tracking, because the router only knows about the one interested host and does not know about the others.</p> </div> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Specifying Immediate-Leave Host Removal for MLD</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## immediate-update

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | immediate-update;                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router or switch to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server on receipt of a response (for example, an ACK or timeout) to the Acct-Start message.                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 27</a></li></ul> |

## inet-precedence (Dynamic Classifiers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | inet-precedence ( <i>classifier-name</i>   default);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>classifiers</b> ]                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply a IPv4 precedence classifier to a subscriber interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>classifier-name</i></b> —Name of a <b>classifier</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service classifier <b>ieee-802.1</b> ] hierarchy level.<br><br><b>default</b> —The default mapping.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 747</a></li><li>• <a href="#">classifiers (Definition)</a></li></ul> |

## inet-precedence (Dynamic Rewrite Rules)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>inet-precedence (rewrite-name   default);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>rewrite-rules</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply a IPv4 precedence rewrite rule.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rewrite-name</b>—Name of a <b>rewrite-rules</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service <b>rewrite-rules</b> <b>inet-precedence</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping. By default, IP precedence rewrite rules alter the first three bits on the type of service (ToS) byte while leaving the last three bits unchanged.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 746</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">rewrite-rules</a></li> </ul>                                                        |

## inline-services

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>inline-services {<br/>    <b>bandwidth</b> (1g   10g);<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit chassis <b>fpc</b> <i>slot-number</i> <i>pic number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable inline services on MPCs.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Inline Service Interfaces on page 336</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li> </ul> |

## inner-tag-protocol-id (Dynamic VLANs)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>inner-tag-protocol-id <i>tpid</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">input-vlan-map</a> ]<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">output-vlan-map</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | For dynamic VLAN interfaces, configure the IEEE 802.1Q TPID value to rewrite for the inner tag. All TPIDs you include in input and output VLAN maps must be among those you specify at the [edit <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">gigether-options</a> <a href="#">ethernet-switch-profile</a> <a href="#">tag-protocol-id</a> <i>tpids</i> ] hierarchy level.    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If the <code>inner-tag-protocol-id</code> statement is not configured, the TPID value is 0x8100.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring Inner and Outer TPIDs and VLAN IDs</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



## inner-vlan-id (Dynamic VLANs)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>inner-vlan-id <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">input-vlan-map</a>]</p> <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">output-vlan-map</a>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For dynamic VLAN interfaces, specify the VLAN ID to rewrite for the inner tag of the final packet.</p> <p>You cannot include the <b>inner-vlan-id</b> statement with the <b>swap</b> statement, <b>swap-push</b> statement, <b>push-push</b> statement, or <b>push-swap</b> statement and the <b>inner-vlan-id</b> statement at the [edit <a href="#">logical-systems</a> <i>logical-system-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">output-vlan-map</a>]] hierarchy level. If you include any of those statements in the output VLAN map, the VLAN ID in the outgoing frame is rewritten to the <b>inner-vlan-id</b> statement you include at the [edit <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i>] hierarchy level.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>number</i>—VLAN ID number.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4094</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring Inner and Outer TPIDs and VLAN IDs</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## input (Dynamic Service Sets)


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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>input {<br/>    service-set <i>service-set-name</i> {<br/>        service-filter <i>filter-name</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    post-service-filter <i>filter-name</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <i>family</i> <b>service</b> ],<br>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> pp0 <b>unit</b> "\$junos-interface-unit" <b>family</b> <i>family</i> <b>service</b> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> pp0 <b>unit</b> "\$junos-interface-unit" <b>family</b> <i>family</i> <b>service</b> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the input service sets and filters to be applied to traffic by a dynamic profile. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                             |

## input-vlan-map (Dynamic Interfaces)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>input-vlan-map {     inner-tag-protocol-id <i>tpid</i>;     inner-vlan-id <i>number</i>;     (push   swap);     tag-protocol-id <i>tpid</i>;     vlan-id <i>number</i>; }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For dynamic interfaces, define the rewrite profile to be applied to incoming frames on this logical interface.</p> <p>The statements are explained separately.</p>                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stacking and Rewriting VLAN Tags for the Layer 2 Wholesale Solution</li> </ul>                                                                |

## interface (DHCP Local Server)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> interface <i>interface-name</i> {   exclude;   overrides {     client-discover-match &lt;option60-and-option82&gt;;     interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;     no-arp;     rapid-commit;   }   service-profile <i>dynamic-profile-name</i>;   trace;   upto <i>upto-interface-name</i>; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <i>group</i> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <i>dhcpv6</i> <i>group</i> <i>group-name</i>]</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <i>dhcp-local-server</i> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <i>dhcp-local-server</i> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <i>dhcp-local-server</i> ...]</p>                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p>Options <b>upto</b> and <b>exclude</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within a specified group on which the DHCP local server is enabled. You can repeat the <b>interface <i>interface-name</i></b> statement to specify multiple interfaces within a group, but you cannot specify the same interface in more than one group. Also, you cannot use an interface that is being used by the DHCP relay agent.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                            | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> DHCP values are supported in Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) configurations. When you configure an IRB interface in a network that is using DHCP, the DHCP information (for example, authentication, address assignment, and so on) is propagated in the associated bridge domain. This enables the DHCP server to configure client IP addresses residing within the bridge domain. IRB currently only supports static DHCP configurations. For additional information about how to configure IRB, see the <a href="#">Junos OS MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers Solutions Guide</a>.</p> </div> |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>exclude</b>—Exclude an interface or a range of interfaces from the group. This option and the <b>overrides</b> option are mutually exclusive.</p> <p><b><i>interface-name</i></b>—Name of the interface. You can repeat this option multiple times.</p> <p><b><i>upto-interface-name</i></b>—Upper end of the range of interfaces; the lower end of the range is the <i>interface-name</i> entry. The interface device name of the <b><i>upto-interface-name</i></b> must be the same as the device name of the <b><i>interface-name</i></b>.</p>                                                                                                                                                             |

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li></ul> |

## interface (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** `interface interface-name {  
 exclude;  
 overrides {  
 allow-snooped-clients;  
 always-write-giaddr;  
 always-write-option-82;  
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;  
 disable-relay;  
 interface-client-limit number;  
 layer2-unicast-replies;  
 no-allow-snooped-clients;  
 no-arp;  
 proxy-mode;  
 replace-ip-source-with;  
 send-release-on-delete;  
 trust-option-82;  
 }  
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;  
 trace;  
 upto upto-interface-name;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 *group group-name*],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay *group group-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options *dhcp-relay ...*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*  
 forwarding-options *dhcp-relay ...*],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.  
 Options **upto** and **exclude** introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Support at the [edit ... **dhcpv6**] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within a specified group on which the DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent is enabled. You can repeat the **interface *interface-name*** statement to specify multiple interfaces within a group, but you cannot specify the same interface in more than one group. Also, you cannot use an interface that is being used by the DHCP local server. Use the statement at the [edit ... **dhcpv6**] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.



**NOTE:** DHCP values are supported in Integrated Routing and Bridging (IRB) configurations. When you configure an IRB interface in a network that is using DHCP, the DHCP information (for example, authentication, address assignment, and so on) is propagated in the associated bridge domain. This enables the DHCP server to configure client IP addresses residing within the bridge domain. IRB currently only supports static DHCP configurations. For

additional information about how to configure IRB, see the [Junos OS MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers Solutions Guide](#).

**Options** **exclude**—Exclude an interface or a range of interfaces from the group. This option and the **overrides** option are mutually exclusive.

**interface-name**—Name of the interface. You can repeat this option multiple times.

**overrides**—Override the specified default configuration settings for the interface. The **overrides** statement is described separately.

**upto-interface-name**—Upper end of the range of interfaces; the lower end of the range is the interface-name entry. The interface device name of the **upto-interface-name** must be the same as the device name of the **interface-name**.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216](#)
- [dhcp-relay on page 1207](#)
- dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)
- Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches
- Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)

## interface (Dynamic IGMP)

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**Syntax**    `interface interface-name {  
              accounting;  
              disable;  
              group-policy;  
              immediate-leave  
              no-accounting;  
              oif-map;  
              passive;  
              promiscuous-mode;  
              ssm-map ssm-map-name;  
              static {  
                  group group {  
                      source source;  
                  }  
              }  
              version version;  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols *igmp*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description**    Enable IGMP on an interface and configure interface-specific properties.

**Options**    *interface-name*—Variable for the interface. Specify the interface variable (\$junos-interface-name) to indicate that the dynamic profile chooses an interface for the accessing DHCP client.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517](#)
- For information about configuring IGMP interfaces, see “Enabling IGMP” in the *Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide*



## interface (Dynamic Interface Sets)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>interface <i>interface-name</i> {<br/>    unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>;<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i></a> <a href="#">interfaces <i>interface-set</i></a> <i>interface-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Add a subscriber interface to a dynamic interface set.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>interface-name</i> —Name of the interface to include in the interface set.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 776</a></li></ul> |

## interface (Dynamic MLD)

---

**Syntax**    `interface interface-name {  
              disable;  
              (accounting | no-accounting);  
              group-policy;  
              immediate-leave;  
              oif-map;  
              passive;  
              ssm-map ssm-map-name;  
              static {  
                  group mcast-group-address {  
                      exclude;  
                      group-count number;  
                      group-increment increment;  
                      source ip-address {  
                          source-count number;  
                          source-increment increment;  
                      }  
                  }  
              }  
              version version;  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols `mld`]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description**    Enable MLD on a dynamic interface and configure interface-specific properties.

**Options**    *interface-name*—Variable for the interface. Specify the interface variable (\$junos-interface-name) to indicate that the dynamic profile chooses an interface for the accessing client.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • Enabling MLD

## interface (Dynamic Profiles)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>interface <i>interface-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ]<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced prior to Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ] support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Assign the specified interface to the current routing instance. When used in the [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ] hierarchy, specify the <i>\$junos-routing-instance</i> predefined variable.    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>interface-name</i> —Name of the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring Routing Instances</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                             |

## interface (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

---

**Syntax**    `interface interface-name {  
              current-hop-limit number;  
              default-lifetime seconds;  
              (managed-configuration | no-managed-configuration);  
              max-advertisement-interval seconds;  
              min-advertisement-interval seconds;  
              (other-stateful-configuration | no-other-stateful-configuration);  
              prefix prefix {  
                  (autonomous | no-autonomous);  
                  (on-link | no-on-link);  
                  preferred-lifetime seconds;  
                  valid-lifetime seconds;  
              }  
              reachable-time milliseconds;  
              retransmit-timer milliseconds;  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description**    Dynamically configure router advertisement properties on an interface. To dynamically configure interface properties, include the *\$junos-interface-name* dynamic variable for the interface name.

**Options**    *interface-name*—Name of an interface. Specify the *\$junos-interface-name* dynamic variable or the full, static interface name, including the physical and logical address components.



**NOTE:** Even though you can specify the static interface name when defining the interface, we recommend using dynamic variable when configuring this statement.

---

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • Configuring an Interface to Send Neighbor Discovery Advertisements


## interface (Dynamic Routing Options)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface <i>interface-names</i> {<br>no-qos-adjust;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> routing-options multicast],<br>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> routing-options multicast]                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the maximum bandwidth for a dynamic interface on which you want to apply bandwidth management.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>interface-name</i> —Names of the physical or logical interface. For details about specifying interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a> .<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                             |

## interface (L2TP Service Interfaces)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface <i>service-interface-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-device-pools <i>pool pool-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a service interface assigned to a service interface pool. You specify more than one interface for each pool; the interfaces are used by an L2TP tunnel group to balance traffic loads.                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>service-interface-name</i> —Name of the service interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Pool of Inline Services Interfaces for Dynamic LNS Sessions on page 339</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337</a></li> </ul> |

## interface (Static Subscriber Group)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <code>interface <i>interface-name</i> &lt;exclude&gt; &lt;upto <i>upto-interface-name</i>&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p>                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support for IPv6 and IPv4 demux static interfaces introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within a specified group on which static subscribers are created. You can repeat the <b>interface <i>interface-name</i></b> statement to specify multiple interfaces within a group. You must configure each interface in only one group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The logical system and routing instance in which the static interfaces are configured must match the logical system and routing instance where the group is configured.</p> </div> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>exclude</b>—(Optional) Exclude an interface or a range of interfaces from the group.</p> <p><b><i>interface-name</i></b>—Name of the interface on which static subscribers are created. If you do not specify a unit number for the interface, then .0 is assumed. For example, <b>ge-0/1/0</b> is interpreted as <b>ge-0/1/0.0</b>.</p> <p><b><i>upto-interface-name</i></b>—(Optional) The upper end of the range of interfaces; the lower end of the range is the <i>interface-name</i> entry. The interface device name of <i>upto-interface-name</i> must be the same as the device name of <i>interface-name</i>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p><b>interface</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>interface-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating a Static Subscriber Group on page 408</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## interface (Static Subscriber Username)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that a modified version of the interface name is included as part of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message. The interface name is modified by replacing the "/" character with the "-" character. For example, ge-0/1/2.50 is converted to ge-0-1-2.50.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 407</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## interface-client-limit (DHCP Local Server)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group</a> interface <i>interface-name</i> <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>         | Set the maximum number of DHCP subscribers per interface allowed for a specific group or for all groups. A group specification takes precedence over a global specification for the members of that group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Default</b>             | No limit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><i>number</i>—Maximum number of clients allowed.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 500,000</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface on page 163</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162</a></li></ul> |

## interface-client-limit (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Set the maximum number of DHCP (or DHCPv6) subscribers per interface allowed for a specific group or for all groups. A group specification takes precedence over a global specification for the members of that group. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Default</b>                  | No limit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>number</i>—Maximum number of clients allowed.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 500,000</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

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|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li><li>• <a href="#">Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 230</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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## interface-delete (Subscriber Management)

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|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-delete;                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services subscriber-management <a href="#">maintain-subscriber</a> ]                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to maintain, rather than log out, subscribers when the subscriber interface is deleted. By default, the router logs out subscribers when the subscriber interface is deleted. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174</a></li></ul>                                   |

## interface-description-format

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>interface-description-format {<br/>    exclude-adapter;<br/>    exclude-sub-interface;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.<br>Options <b>exclude-adapter</b> and <b>exclude-sub-interface</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the information that is excluded from the interface description that the device passes to RADIUS for inclusion in the RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-Id). By default, the device includes both the subinterface and the adapter in the interface description. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>exclude-adapter</b> —Exclude the adapter from the interface description.<br><br><b>exclude-sub-interface</b> —Exclude the subinterface from the interface description.                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 31</a></li></ul>                                                |

## interface-id

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>interface-id <i>interface-id</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> l2tp],<br>[edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> ppp],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> ike],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> l2tp],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> ppp]                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the interface identifier.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>interface-id</i> —Identifier for the interface representing a Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) session configured at the [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>local-unit-number</i> dial-options] hierarchy level. For more information about the interface ID, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide</a> .                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</li> <li>Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</li> <li>Configuring L2TP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</li> <li>Configuring PPP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</li> <li>Configuring an IKE Access Profile</li> <li><a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331</a></li> </ul> |

## interface-set

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>interface-set <i>interface-set-name</i> {<br/>    <code>access-identifier</code> <i>identifier-string</i> &lt;<code>neighbor</code> <i>ip-address</i>&gt;;<br/>}</code>                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp <code>interfaces</code> ]                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Identify a group of VLANs on which traffic is sent to a subscriber identified by the access identifier.                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>interface-set-name</i>—Name of a group of VLANs that carry traffic to the subscriber identified by the access node identifier.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Operations on page 1044</a></li></ul> |

## interface-set (Dynamic CoS)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>interface-set <i>interface-set-name</i> {   interface <i>interface-name</i> {     unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>;   } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | For MX Series routers with enhanced queuing DPCs or MPC/MIC modules, configure an interface set for dynamic CoS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>interface-set <i>interface-set-name</i></b>—Name of the scheduler to be configured or one of the following Junos OS predefined variables:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>\$junos-interface-set-name—Predefined variable that, when used, is replaced with the interface-set obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</li> <li>\$junos-svlan-interface-set-name—Locally generated interface set name for use by dual-tagged VLAN interfaces based on the outer tag of the dual-tagged VLAN. The format of the generated variable is <i>physical_interface_name - outer_VLAN_tag</i>.</li> </ul> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 776</a></li> <li><a href="#">Example: Configuring a Dynamic Service VLAN Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 812</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## interface-name (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication username-include</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication username-include</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication username-include</a> ]<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server ...</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server ...</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server ...</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the interface name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## interface-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the interface name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



## interface-traceoptions (DHCP)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> interface-traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;       &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i>;     level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);     no-remote-trace; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes dhcp-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Configure extended DHCP tracing operations that can be enabled on a specific interface or group of interfaces.</p> <p>Replaces deprecated <b>interface-traceoptions</b> statements at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay] and [edit system services dhcp-local-server] hierarchy levels.</p> <p>To enable the tracing operation on the specific interfaces, you use the <b>interface <i>interface-name</i> trace</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all events</li> <li>• <b>packet</b>—Trace packet and option decoding operations</li> <li>• <b>state</b>—Trace changes in state</li> </ul> <p><b>level</b>—Level of tracing to perform; also known as severity level. You can specify any of the following levels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Match all levels.</li> <li>• <b>error</b>—Match error conditions.</li> <li>• <b>info</b>—Match informational messages.</li> <li>• <b>notice</b>—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.</li> <li>• <b>verbose</b>—Match verbose messages.</li> </ul> |

- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

**Required Privilege Level**    trace—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 200](#)

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## interfaces (Subscriber Secure Policy)

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**Syntax**    interfaces *interface-name*;

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit services [radius-flow-tap](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.

**Description**    Specify tunnel interfaces that are used to send mirrored packets to a mediation device.

**Options**    *interface-name*—Name of the interface.

**Required Privilege Level**    flow-tap—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  flow-tap-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971](#)  
                                  • [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987](#)

## interfaces (ANCP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> interfaces {   interface-set interface-set-name {     access-identifier identifier-string &lt;neighbor ip-address&gt;;   }   interface-name {     access-identifier identifier-string &lt;neighbor ip-address&gt;     overhead-accounting;   } } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Identify the subscribers whose traffic is monitored and shaped by ANCP.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>interface-name</b>—Name of a logical interface supporting a single VLAN that carries traffic to the subscriber identified by the access node identifier.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Operations on page 1044</a></li> </ul>                                                     |

## interfaces (Dynamic CoS Definition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>interfaces {<br/>  interface-name {<br/>    unit logical-unit-number {<br/>      classifiers {<br/>        dscp (classifier-name   default);<br/>        dscp-ipv6 (classifier-name   default);<br/>        ieee-802.1 (classifier-name   default) vlan-tag (inner   outer)<br/>        inet-precedence (classifier-name   default);<br/>      }<br/>      output-traffic-control-profile (profile-name   \$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile);<br/>      rewrite-rules {<br/>        dscp (rewrite-name   default);<br/>        dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name   default);<br/>        ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name   default) vlan-tag (outer   outer-and-inner);<br/>        inet-precedence (rewrite-name   default);<br/>      }<br/>    }<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure interface-specific CoS properties for incoming packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>interface-name</b>—Either the specific name of the interface you want to assign to the dynamic profile or the interface variable (\$junos-interface-ifd-name). The interface variable is dynamically replaced with the interface the DHCP client accesses when connecting to the router.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 745</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## interfaces (Static and Dynamic Subscribers)

```

Syntax interfaces {
 interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;
 input-precedence precedence;
 output-precedence precedence;
 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name (
 precedence precedence;
)
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 rpf-check {
 mode loose;
 }
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 service-name-table table-name
 short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
 unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
 }
 ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
 }
 }
 }
 }

```

```

 }
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-id;
 vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
 }
 vlan-tagging;
}
interface-set interface-set-name {
 interface interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number;
 }
}
demux0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name
 }
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 demux-source {
 source-prefix;
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name (
 precedence precedence;
)
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
 mac-validate (loose | strict);
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 rpf-check {
 mode loose;
 }
 service-name-table table-name
 short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
 unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
 }
 vlan-id number;
 vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
 }
}
pp0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 keepalives interval seconds;
 no-keepalives;
 }
}

```

```

pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name;
 server;
}
ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
}
family inet {
 unnumbered-address interface-name destination address;
 address address;
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
}
}
}
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles](#) *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Define interfaces for dynamic profiles.

**Options** *interface-name*—The interface variable (`$junos-interface-ifd-name`). The interface variable is dynamically replaced with the interface the DHCP client accesses when connecting to the router.



**NOTE:** Though we do not recommend it, you can also enter the specific name of the interface you want to assign to the dynamic profile.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 573</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Relationship Between Subscribers and Interfaces in an Access Network on page 5</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Subscriber Interface Overview on page 567</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces Using Dynamic Profiles on page 695</a></li><li>• For general information about configuring static interfaces, see the <i><a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></i></li><li>• For information about static IP demux interfaces, see the <i><a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></i></li></ul> |

---

## interface-specific (Dynamic Firewalls)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-specific;                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall family <i>family</i> <b>fast-update-filter</b> <i>filter-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure interface-specific names for firewall counters that are based on fast update filters.                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917</a></li></ul>           |



## ip-address

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>ip-address <i>ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>host</b> <i>hostname</i> ]                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the reserved IP address assigned to the client.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP version 4 (IPv4) address.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Static Address Assignment on page 117</a></li> </ul> |

## ip-address-first

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>ip-address-first;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>pool-match-order</b> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>pool-match-order</b> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>pool-match-order</b> ],                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the extended DHCP local server to use the IP address method to determine which address-assignment pool to use. The local server uses the IP address in the gateway IP address if one is present in the DHCP client PDU. If no gateway IP address is present, the local server uses the IP address of the receiving interface to find the address-assignment pool. The DHCP local server uses this method by default when no method is explicitly specified. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 157</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                    |

## jsrc (JSRC)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>jsrc {<br/>    partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>        diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>        destination-host <i>hostname</i>;<br/>        destination-realm <i>realm-name</i>;<br/>    }<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit]                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Description              | <p>Configure JSRC to interact with an SAE in an SRC environment to authorize and provision subscribers.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                          |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                 |

## jsrc-partition

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>jsrc-partition <i>partition-name</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                                       |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit]                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                          |
| Description              | Specify the JSRC partition to use.                                                                                                                                                     |
| Options                  | <b><i>partition-name</i></b> —Name of the JSRC partition that you want JSRC to use. The name is defined with the <b>partition</b> statement at the <b>[edit jsrc]</b> hierarchy level. |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                        |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 396</a></li></ul>                    |

## juniper-dsl-attributes

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | juniper-dsl-attributes;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure AAA to add Juniper Networks DSL VSAs to the RADIUS authentication and accounting request messages for subscribers. If the router has not received and processed the corresponding ANCP attributes from the access node, then AAA provides only the following in these RADIUS messages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26-141)—Default configured advisory transmit speed.</li> <li>Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26-142)—Default configured advisory receive speed.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The Juniper Networks DSL VSAs are not added to the RADIUS authentication and accounting request messages. However, the DSL Forum VSA—if available—is added to RADIUS messages by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 1050</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## keepalive

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>keepalive seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>ppp</b> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> ppp]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the keepalive interval for an L2TP tunnel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Time period that must elapse before the Junos OS checks the status of the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) session by sending an echo request to the peer.</p> <p>For L2TP on MX Series routers, the minimum recommended interval is 30 seconds. A value of 0 disables generation of keepalive messages from the LNS.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 32,767 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 30 seconds</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</li><li>Configuring PPP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</li><li><a href="#">Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                |

## keepalives (Dynamic Profiles)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | keepalives {<br>interval <i>seconds</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit"] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>The [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit"] hierarchy introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the keepalive interval in a PPP dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Sending of keepalives is enabled by default. The default keepalive interval is 10 seconds for PPP.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>interval <i>seconds</i></b> —The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 32767 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 10 seconds                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297</a></li> </ul>                 |

## key

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>key (hex   ascii) <i>string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip peer nai <i>name@domain</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i> ],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer nai <i>name@domain</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer nai <i>name@domain</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</code><br><code>[edit services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</code><br><code>[edit services mobile-ip peer nai <i>name@domain</i> spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...]</code> , <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> , and <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the authentication key for the security association, in either HEX or ASCII format. The resulting 128-bit key is specified as a hexadecimal number with each character in the range 0x0–0xF.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <code>hex <i>string</i></code> —Key specified in HEX format<br><br><code>ascii <i>string</i></code> —Key specified in ASCII format                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>system</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>system-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## l2tp

```
Syntax l2tp {
 destruct-timeout seconds;
 disable-calling-number-avp;
 disable-failover-protocol;
 fail-over-within-preference;
 traceoptions {
 debug-level level;
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression > <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 filter {
 protocol name;
 user-name username;
 }
 flag flag;
 interfaces interface-name {
 debug-level severity;
 flag flag;
 }
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
 tunnel {
 assignment-id-format (assignment-id | client-server-id);
 idle-timeout seconds;
 retransmission-count-established count;
 retransmission-count-not-established count;
 }
 tunnel-group group-name {
 aaa-access-profile profile-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 hello-interval seconds;
 hide-avps;
 l2tp-access-profile profile-name;
 local-gateway address address;
 maximum-send-window packets;
 ppp-access-profile profile-name;
 receive-window packets;
 retransmit-interval seconds;
 service-device-pool pool-name;
 service-interface interface-name;
 syslog {
 host hostname {
 facility-override facility-name;
 log-prefix prefix-value;
 services severity-level;
 }
 }
 tos-reflect;
 tunnel-timeout seconds;
 }
 tx-connect-speed-method (advisory | dsl-forum);
 weighted-load-balancing;
}
```

```
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit services]

**Release Information** Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description** Configure L2TP services to establish PPP tunnels across a network.

The remaining statements are explained separately.



**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol Overview
- [L2TP for Subscriber Access Overview on page 307](#)

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## **l2tp-access-profile**

---

**Syntax** l2tp-access-profile *profile-name*;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit services l2tp **tunnel-group** *name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description** Specify the profile used to validate all L2TP connection requests to the local gateway address.

**Options** *profile-name*—Identifier for the L2TP connection profile.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Configuring Access Profiles for L2TP Tunnel Groups
- [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)




## layer2-unicast-replies

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | layer2-unicast-replies;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Override the setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets and instead use the Layer 2 unicast transmission method to transmit DHCP Offer reply packets and DHCP ACK reply packets from the DHCP server to DHCP clients during the discovery process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li> <li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li> <li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li> <li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## lcp-renegotiation

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | lcp-renegotiation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> l2tp],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> l2tp]                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the L2TP network server (LNS) so it renegotiates the link control protocol (LCP) with the PPP client. When LCP renegotiation is disabled, LNS uses the pre-negotiated LCP parameters between the L2TP access concentrator (LAC) and PPP client to set up the session. When LCP renegotiation is enabled, authentication is also renegotiated. |
|                                 | <div> <b>NOTE:</b> This statement is not supported at the [edit access group-profile l2tp] hierarchy level for L2TP LNS on MX Series routers.</div>                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</li><li>Configuring L2TP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</li><li><a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331</a></li></ul>                                                                                          |

## limit

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|                                 |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | limit <i>max-sub-sessions</i> ;                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> max-data-sessions-per-subscriber] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the limit for the maximum number of subscriber sessions.                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>max-sub-sessions</i> —Maximum number of subscriber sessions.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.              |

## link (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | link <i>pool-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the name of the secondary address-assignment pool that is linked to a primary address-assignment pool. The secondary pool provides backup pool for local address assignment.                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>pool-name</b> —Name assigned to the address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking on page 116</a></li> </ul> |

## local-gateway address

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | local-gateway address <i>address</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <b>tunnel-group</b> <i>name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the local (LNS) IP address for L2TP tunnel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>address</b> —Local IP address; corresponds to the IP address that is used by LACs to identify the LNS. When the LAC is an MX Series router, this address matches the remote gateway address configured in the LAC tunnel profile.                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Configuring the Local Gateway Address and PIC.</li> <li>• Configuring L2TP Tunnel Groups</li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337</a></li> </ul> |

## liveness-detection

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>liveness-detection {<br/>  failure-action (clear-binding   clear-binding-if-interface-up   log-only);<br/>  method {<br/>    bfd {<br/>      version (0   1   automatic);<br/>      minimum-interval milliseconds;<br/>      minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;<br/>      multiplier number;<br/>      no-adaptation;<br/>      transmit-interval {<br/>        minimum-interval milliseconds;<br/>        threshold milliseconds;<br/>      }<br/>      detection-time {<br/>        threshold milliseconds;<br/>      }<br/>      session-mode (automatic   multihop   singlehop);<br/>      holddown-interval milliseconds;<br/>    }<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit system services dhcp-local-server],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name]</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure bidirectional failure detection timers and authentication criteria for static routes.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Liveness Detection Overview on page 191</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Detection of DHCP Local Server Client Connectivity on page 192</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity on page 255</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

- [Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289](#)

## local-server-group

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <code>local-server-group <i>local-server-group-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)]</p> |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Description              | <p>Forward DHCP client packets to a specific extended DHCP local server when you use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers.</p> <p>If the option 60 string received in the DHCP client packet matches the ASCII or hexadecimal match string and match criteria (exact match or partial match) that you specify, the extended DHCP relay agent forwards the client packets to the specified extended DHCP local server group configured with the <b>dhcp-local-server</b> statement at the <b>[edit system services]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Options                  | <b>local-server-group-name</b> —Name of the extended DHCP local server group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## logical-bandwidth-policer

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-bandwidth-policer;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <a href="#">policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.2.<br>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | For a policer with a bandwidth limit configured as a percentage (using the <a href="#">bandwidth-percent</a> statement), specify that the percentage be based on the shaping rate defined on the logical interface, rather than on the media rate of the physical interface.                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Bandwidth Policers</li><li><a href="#">bandwidth-percent on page 1149</a></li><li>interface-specific statement in the <i>Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide</i></li></ul>                                                          |

## logical-interface-fpc-redundancy (Aggregated Ethernet Subscriber Interfaces)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-interface-fpc-redundancy;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit interfaces <i>aenumber</i> aggregated-ether-options]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Provide module redundancy for demux subscribers on aggregated Ethernet bundles configured with targeted distribution. Backup links for a subscriber are chosen on a different EQ DPC or Trio MPC from the primary link, based on the link with the fewest number of subscribers among the links on different modules. If all links are on a single module when this is configured, backup links are not provisioned.</p> <p>By default, link redundancy is provided for the aggregated Ethernet bundle.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><a href="#">Configuring Link and Module Redundancy for Demux Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 636</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## logical-interface-policer

|                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                   | logical-interface-policer;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                          | <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i>],</p> <p>[edit firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Support at the [edit firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 8.2.</p> <p>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit dynamic-profiles ... <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>] and [edit dynamic-profiles ... <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>name</i>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                              | Configure a logical interface (aggregate) policer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Logical Interface Policer is not supported on T4000 routers.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                 | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Two-Color and Three-Color Logical Interface Policers</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## logical-system (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> [&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> &gt; ;</code>                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a logical system and optionally a routing instance for a Diameter peer. Alternatively, you can include the <b>routing-instance</b> statement at the [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ] hierarchy level to configure only a routing instance.         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>logical-system-name</i></b>— Name of the logical system.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> Default logical system</p> <p><b><i>routing-instance routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) Name of the routing instance.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> Master routing instance</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378</a></li></ul>                                                                                                     |



## logical-system (Diameter Transport)

|                            |                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> [&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> &gt;];</code> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit diameter <b>transport</b> <i>transport-name</i> ]                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify a logical system and optionally a routing instance for the transport layer connection.                   |



**NOTE:** The logical system and routing instance must match that for the peer or a configuration error is reported.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>logical-system-name</i></b>—Name of the logical system.<br/> <b>Default:</b> Default logical system</p> <p><b><i>routing-instance routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) Name of the routing instance.<br/> <b>Default:</b> Master routing instance</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Diameter Transport on page 380</a></li> </ul>                                                                                     |

## logical-system (Tunnel Profile)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>;</code>                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a logical system for a tunnel. When you specify a logical system, you must also specify a routing instance.                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>logical-system-name</i></b>— Name of the logical system.<br/> <b>Default:</b> Logical system <i>default</i></p>           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li> </ul> |

## logical-system-name (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-system-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> <b>authentication</b> <b>username-include</b>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>authentication</b> <b>username-include</b>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>authentication</b> <b>username-include</b>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>authentication</b> <b>username-include</b>]<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...]<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the logical system name be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. No logical system name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default logical system.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## logical-system-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-system-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the logical system name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. No logical system name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default logical system. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## logical-system-name (Static Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-system-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the name of the logical system is included as part of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 407</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## loss-priority (Dynamic Schedulers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | loss-priority (any   low   medium-low   medium-high   high);                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service schedulers</a> <i>scheduler-name</i> <a href="#">drop-profile-map</a> ]                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a loss priority to which to apply a drop profile in a dynamic profile. The drop profile map sets the drop profile for a specific PLP and protocol type. The inputs for the map are the PLP designation and the protocol type. The output is the drop profile.                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>any</b>—The drop profile applies to packets with any PLP.</p> <p><b>high</b>—The drop profile applies to packets with high PLP.</p> <p><b>medium</b>—The drop profile applies to packets with medium PLP.</p> <p><b>low</b>—The drop profile applies to packets with low PLP.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li> </ul>                                   |

## loss-priority high then discard (Three-Color Policer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | loss-priority high then discard;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>name</i> <a href="#">action</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> <a href="#">action</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> <a href="#">action</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 8.2.<br>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... action</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For packets with high loss priority, discard the packets. The loss priority setting is implicit and is not configurable. Include this statement if you do not want the local router to forward packets that have high packet loss priority.</p> <p>For single-rate three-color policers, the Junos OS assigns high loss priority to packets that exceed the committed information rate and the excess burst size.</p> <p>For two-rate three-color policers, the Junos OS assigns high loss priority to packets that exceed the peak information rate and the peak burst size.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</li><li>• Basic Single-Rate Three-Color Policers</li><li>• Basic Two-Rate Three-Color Policers</li><li>• Two-Color and Three-Color Logical Interface Policers</li><li>• Two-Color and Three-Color Physical Interface Policers</li><li>• Two-Color and Three-Color Policers at Layer 2</li><li>• <a href="#">action on page 1114</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                     |

## mac-address (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | mac-address;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the MAC address from the client PDU be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## mac-address (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | mac-address;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the MAC address from the client PDU be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



## mac-address (Dynamic Access-Internal Routes)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>mac-address <i>address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options <a href="#">access-internal route</a> <i>subscriber-ip-address</i> <a href="#">qualified-next-hop</a> <i>underlying-interface</i> ]                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure the MAC address variable for an access-internal route for unnumbered interfaces such as DHCP subscriber interfaces.                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>address</i> —Either the specific MAC address you want to assign to the access-internal route or the MAC address variable ( <code>\$junos-subscriber-mac-address</code> ). The MAC address variable is dynamically replaced with the value supplied by DHCP when a subscriber logs in. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                  |

## mac-validate (Dynamic IP Demux Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | mac-validate (loose   strict);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable IP and MAC address validation for dynamic IP demux interfaces in a dynamic profile. Supported on MX Series routers only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>loose</b>—Forwards incoming packets when both the IP source address and the MAC source address match one of the trusted address tuples. Drops packets when the IP source address matches one of the trusted tuples, but the MAC address does not match the MAC address of the tuple. Continues to forward incoming packets when the source address of the incoming packet does not match any of the trusted IP addresses.</p> <p><b>strict</b>—Forwards incoming packets when both the IP source address and the MAC source address match one of the trusted address tuples. Drops packets when the MAC address does not match the tuple's MAC source address, or when IP source address of the incoming packet does not match any of the trusted IP addresses.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring MAC Address Validation for Subscriber Interfaces on page 581</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## maintain-subscriber (Subscriber Management)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | maintain-subscriber {<br>interface-delete;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">subscriber-management</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to maintain, rather than log out, subscribers when the specified type of event occurs (such as when an interface is deleted).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <code>maintain-subscriber</code> statement and <code>remove-when-no-subscribers</code> statement are mutually exclusive. You cannot specify that dynamically configured VLAN interfaces are removed when no subscribers exist when the router is also configured to maintain subscribers.</p> </div> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## managed-configuration (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (managed-configuration   no-managed-configuration);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify whether to enable the dynamic host to use a stateful autoconfiguration protocol for address autoconfiguration, along with any stateless autoconfiguration already configured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>managed-configuration</b>—Enable host to use stateful autoconfiguration.</li><li>• <b>no-managed-configuration</b>—Disable host from using stateful autoconfiguration.</li></ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The configured object is disabled unless explicitly enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Enabling Stateful Autoconfiguration with Neighbor Discovery</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## mandatory

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | mandatory;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>variables</b> <i>variable-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure RADIUS to return a value for a user-defined variable. If RADIUS does not return a value for the variable, the dynamic profile fails.</p> <p>When a dynamic profile has mandatory and non-mandatory variables, configure mandatory variables first in the profile.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                  |

## map (Domain Maps)

```
Syntax map domain-map-name {
 aaa-logical-system logical-system-name {
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 access-profile profile-name;
 address-pool pool-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 padn destination-address {
 mask destination-mask;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 strip-domain;
 target-logical-system logical-system-name {
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 tunnel-profile profile-name;
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [domain](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description** Specify the domain map to use to map options and parameters to subscriber sessions based on the subscriber domain.

**Options** *domain-map-name*—Name of the domain map. The name is the same as the subscriber domain to which it will apply. For example, for the username `user1@xyz.com`, the domain map name is `xyz.com`.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Domain Maps on page 127](#)

## match-direction

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>match-direction (input   output   input-output);</code>                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services</a> captive-portal-content-delivery <a href="#">rule</a> <i>rule-name</i> ]                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the direction in which the rule match is applied.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>input</b> —Apply the rule match on the input side of the interface.<br><b>output</b> —Apply the rule match on the output side of the interface.<br><b>input-output</b> —Apply the rule match bidirectionally. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>interface</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>interface-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li></ul>                                                                                                 |

## mask (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>mask <i>destination-mask</i>;</code>                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <a href="#">map</a> <i>domain-map-name</i> <a href="#">padn</a> <i>destination-address</i> ]                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the IP mask of the destination used in the PADN parameters for a domain map.                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>destination-mask</i></b> —Subnet mask of the destination.                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 135</a></li></ul>      |

## match-order (Dynamic Firewalls)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>match-order [<i>match-order</i>];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall family <i>family</i> fast-update-filter <i>filter-name</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the match conditions and the order in which the conditions are examined. Enclose a string of multiple conditions in brackets. The router examines only the conditions you specify, and examines them in the specified order.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>match-order</i></b>—One or more of the following conditions. <a href="#">“Fast Update Filter Match Conditions” on page 920</a> describes the match conditions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• destination-address</li> <li>• destination-port</li> <li>• dscp (IPv4 only)</li> <li>• protocol (IPv4 only)</li> <li>• source-address</li> <li>• source-port</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Match Order for Fast Update Filters on page 918</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Fast Update Filter Match Conditions on page 920</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                        |

## max-advertisement-interval (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-advertisement-interval <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Maximum interval between each router advertisement message.                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Maximum interval.<br><b>Range:</b> 4 through 1800 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 600 seconds                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>min-advertisement-interval</li><li>Configuring the Frequency of Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</li></ul> |

## max-data-sessions-per-subscriber

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>max-data-sessions-per-subscriber {<br/>  limit <i>max-sub-sessions</i>;<br/>  exceed-action {<br/>    drop;<br/>    syslog;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of sessions that are concurrently enabled for the named service. The system randomly selects a number of sessions and enables the named service for them. To limit the service's use of resources, other sessions cannot access these named services. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                  |



## maximum-discovery-table-entries

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | maximum-discovery-table-entries <i>entry-number</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ],<br>[edit protocols ancp <a href="#">neighbor</a> ]                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of discovery table entries accepted from a particular neighbor. The neighbor can continue to update previously created entries when the maximum has been exceeded, but no new entries are accepted. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | No limit on the number of table entries                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>entry-number</i> —Maximum number of discovery table entries.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 100,000                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043</a></li> </ul>                                                           |

## maximum-helper-restart-time

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | maximum-helper-restart-time <i>seconds</i>                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how long other router processes wait for ANCP to restart before considering it to be down.                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>seconds</i> —Number of seconds other processes wait for ANCP to restart.<br><b>Range:</b> 45 through 600 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 45 seconds                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying How Long Processes Wait for ANCP Restart to Complete on page 1046</a></li> </ul> |


## maximum-lease-time

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>maximum-lease-time <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family (inet   inet6) dhcp-attributes]</code>                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum length of time, in seconds, that the lease is held for a client if the client does not renew the lease. This is equivalent to DHCP option 51. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Maximum number of seconds the lease can be held.<br><b>Range:</b> 30 through 4,294,967,295 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 86,400 (24 hours)    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                                |

## maximum-sessions-per-tunnel

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>maximum-sessions-per-tunnel <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access group-profile l2tp],</code><br><code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> l2tp]</code>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the maximum sessions for a Layer 2 tunnel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                 | <div><b>NOTE:</b> This statement is not supported at the <code>[edit access group-profile l2tp]</code> hierarchy level for L2TP LNS on MX Series routers.</div>                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>number</i></b> —Maximum number of sessions for a Layer 2 tunnel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring L2TP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331</a></li></ul> |

## max-outstanding-requests

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-outstanding-requests requests;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | (M120, M320, MX Series routers) Configure the maximum number of outstanding requests for this RADIUS server. An increase in this value is immediate while a decrease is more gradual if the current number of outstanding requests exceeds the new value.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>requests</b> —Maximum number of outstanding requests for this RADIUS server.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 2000 outstanding requests per server<br><b>Default:</b> 1000 outstanding requests per server                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>system</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>system-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li><li>• <code>show network-access aaa statistics</code></li><li>• <code>clear network-access aaa statistics</code></li></ul> |

## max-outstanding-requests (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-outstanding-requests <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <a href="#">global</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Limit the number of outstanding requests to the PCRF that Gx-Plus can retry when the requests are improperly answered. Too many requests risks overloading the PCRF and increases the chance of losing messages. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>number</b> —Number of outstanding requests from Gx-Plus to the PCRF that can exist at any time.<br><b>Default:</b> 40<br><b>Range:</b> 2 through 40                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                |

## max-sessions (Dynamic PPPoE)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>max-sessions <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.</p> <p>Support for the [edit ... family pppoe] hierarchies introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure the maximum number of dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces that the router can activate on the underlying interface. The <b>max-sessions</b> value does not affect the maximum number of static PPPoE logical interfaces that can be configured on the underlying interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |



**NOTE:** The [edit ... family pppoe] hierarchies are supported only on MX Series routers with Trio MPCs.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>number</b>—Maximum number of dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces (sessions) that the router can activate on the underlying interface. The default value is equal to the maximum number of PPPoE sessions supported on your routing platform. You can configure from 1 to the platform-specific default for your routing platform. Changing the <b>max-sessions</b> value has no effect on dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces that are already active.</p> <p>For information about scaling values for PPPoE interfaces, access the <i>Subscriber Management Scaling Values (XLS)</i> spreadsheet from the Downloads box on the <i>Junos OS Subscriber Management</i> pathway page for the current release.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Limiting the Maximum Number of PPPoE Sessions on the Underlying Interface on page 704</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Overview on page 686</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Using PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS on page 688</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

- For information about configuring dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces, see the [Junos OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide](#)
- For information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

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## max-sessions (PPPoE Service Name Tables)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | max-sessions <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables <i>table-name</i> service <i>service-name</i> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Description              | <p>Configure the maximum number of active PPPoE sessions using either static or dynamic PPPoE interfaces that the router can establish with the specified named service, <b>empty</b> service, or <b>any</b> service entry in a PPPoE service name table. The router maintains a count of active PPPoE sessions for each service entry to determine when the maximum sessions limit has been reached.</p> <p>The router uses the <b>max-sessions</b> value for a PPPoE service name table entry in conjunction with the <b>max-sessions</b> value configured for the PPPoE underlying interface, and with the maximum number of PPPoE sessions supported on your router. If your configuration exceeds any of these maximum session limits, the router is unable to establish the PPPoE session.</p> |
| Options                  | <p><b>number</b>—Maximum number of active PPPoE sessions that the router can establish with the specified PPPoE service name table entry, in the range 1 to the platform-specific maximum PPPoE sessions supported for your router. The default value is equal to the maximum number of PPPoE sessions supported on your routing platform.</p> <p>For information about scaling values for PPPoE interfaces, access the <i>Subscriber Management Scaling Values (XLS)</i> spreadsheet from the Downloads box on the <a href="#">Junos OS Subscriber Management</a> pathway page for the current release.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Limiting the Number of Active PPPoE Sessions Established with a Specified Service Name</li><li>• Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables</li><li>• <a href="#">PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Overview on page 686</a></li><li>• For information about configuring dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide</a></li><li>• For information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## max-sessions (Tunnel Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-sessions <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of sessions allowed in the tunnel.                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —Maximum number of sessions allowed in the tunnel.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 60,000<br><b>Default:</b> 0          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul> |

## max-sessions-vsa-ignore (Static and Dynamic Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-sessions-vsa-ignore;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to ignore (clear) the value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface Juniper Networks vendor-specific attribute (VSA) [26-143], and restore the PPPoE maximum session value on the underlying interface to the value configured in the CLI with the <b>max-sessions</b> statement. The PPPoE maximum session value specifies the maximum number of concurrent static or dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces (sessions) that the router can activate on the PPPoE underlying interface, or the maximum number of active static or dynamic PPPoE sessions that the router can establish with a particular service entry in a PPPoE service name table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include the <b>max-sessions-vsa-ignore</b> statement, the maximum session value returned by RADIUS in the Max-Clients-Per-Interface VSA takes precedence over the PPPoE maximum session value configured with the <b>max-sessions</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Limiting the Maximum Number of PPPoE Sessions on the Underlying Interface on page 704</a></li><li>• <a href="#">PPPoE Maximum Session Limit Overview on page 686</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Using PPPoE Maximum Session Limit from RADIUS on page 688</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 62</a></li><li>• For information about configuring dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces, see the <i>Junos OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide</i></li><li>• For information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the <i>Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                         |



## medium (Tunnel Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>medium type;</code>                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the medium type for the tunnel.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Default</b>                  | <code>ipv4</code>                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>type</b> —Medium type for the tunnel. The only value currently available is <code>ipv4</code> .                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>admin</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>admin-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul>            |

## method

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>method {<br/>  bfd {<br/>    version (0   1   automatic);<br/>    minimum-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;<br/>    minimum-receive-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;<br/>    multiplier <i>number</i>;<br/>    no-adaptation;<br/>    transmit-interval {<br/>      minimum-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;<br/>      threshold <i>milliseconds</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    detection-time {<br/>      threshold <i>milliseconds</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    session-mode (automatic   multihop   singlehop);<br/>    holddown-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <i>liveness-detection</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <i>liveness-detection</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>liveness-detection</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <i>liveness-detection</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <i>liveness-detection</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <i>liveness-detection</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <i>liveness-detection</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <i>liveness-detection</i>]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the liveness detection method.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## metric (Dynamic Access-Internal Routes)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>metric route-cost;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options <b>access route</b> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure the cost for an access route.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>route-cost</i> —Either the specific cost you want to assign to the access route or the cost variable ( <code>\$junos-framed-route-cost</code> ). The cost variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-Route Attribute [22]. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                  |

## metric (Diameter Route)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>metric route-metric;</code>                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-statement <i>element-name</i> forwarding <b>route</b> <i>dne-route-name</i> ]                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the metric associated with a destination and function. Together, these three elements define a route reachable through a Diameter network element. A lower metric makes a route more preferred. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>route-metric</i> —Metric assigned to the route.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li> </ul>                       |

## metric (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>metric route-metric;</code>                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> <b>padn</b> <i>destination-address</i> ]                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the route metric PADN parameter for a domain map.                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>route-metric</b> —Value assigned to the route.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 135</a></li></ul> |

## min-advertisement-interval (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>min-advertisement-interval seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Minimum interval between each router advertisement message.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Minimum interval.<br><b>Range:</b> 3 seconds through three-quarter times the maximum advertisement interval value<br><b>Default:</b> One-third the maximum advertisement interval value |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• max-advertisement-interval</li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Frequency of Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</a></li></ul>                                   |

## minimum-interval

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>minimum-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the minimum intervals at which the local routing device transmits hello packets and then expects to receive a reply from a neighbor with which it has established a BFD session. This value represents the minimum interval at which the local routing device transmits hello packets as well as the minimum interval that the routing device expects to receive a reply from a neighbor with which it has established a BFD session. Optionally, instead of using this statement, you can specify the minimum transmit and receive intervals separately using the <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> <a href="#">minimal-interval</a> and <a href="#">minimum-receive-interval</a> statements.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>milliseconds</i> — Specify the minimum interval value for BFD liveliness detection.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 255,000</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## minimum-receive-interval

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>minimum-receive-interval <i>milliseconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>], [edit forwarding-options</code><br><code>  dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method</code><br><code>  <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method</code><br><code>  <a href="#">bfd</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the minimum interval at which the local routing device must receive a reply from a neighbor with which it has established a BFD session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>milliseconds</i> — Specify the minimum receive interval value.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 255,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>routing</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>routing-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## mld (Dynamic Profiles)

```
Syntax mld {
 interface interface-name {
 disable;
 (accounting | no-accounting);
 group-policy;
 immediate-leave;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 static {
 group multicast-group-address {
 exclude;
 group-count number;
 group-increment increment;
 source ip-address {
 source-count number;
 source-increment increment;
 }
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Configure interface-specific MLD values on dynamic interfaces.

**Options** The statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Enabling MLD

## mobile-ip

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax              | <pre> mobile-ip {   access-type {     (generic   wimax);   }   authenticate {     order (aaa   local);   }   dynamic-home-assignment {     home-agent {       nai (name@domain   @domain) {         home-agent ip-address;       }     }   }   home-agent {     enable-service interface-name;     virtual-network {       home-agent-address ip-address {         registration-lifetime seconds;         revocation-required;         timestamp-tolerance seconds;       }     }   }   peer {     (ip-address address   nai name@domain) {       spi hexadecimal-value {         algorithm (hmac-md5   md5);         entity-type (host   mobility-agent);         key (hex   ascii) string;         replay-method (none   timestamp seconds);       }     }   }   traceoptions {     file filename &lt;files number&gt; &lt;match regular-expression &gt; &lt;size maximum-file-size&gt;       &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag flag;     level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);     no-remote-trace;   } } </pre> |
| Hierarchy Level     | <p>[edit services],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Release Information | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br/> Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services], and [edit</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



**routing-instances** *routing-instances-name* **services**] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.

|                                 |                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure Junos Mobile IP features.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li> </ul> |

## mode

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | mode loose;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> (inet) <b>rpf-check</b> ],                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Check whether the packet has a source address with a corresponding prefix in the routing table. If a corresponding prefix is not found, unicast reverse path forwarding (RPF) loose mode does not accept the packet. Unlike strict mode, loose mode does not check whether the interface expects to receive a packet with a specific source address prefix. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include this statement, unicast RPF is in strict mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Unicast RPF</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## multicast (Dynamic Routing Options)

---

**Syntax**    multicast {  
              interface *interface-name* {  
                  no-qos-adjust;  
              }  
          }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* **routing-options**],  
                      [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* **routing-options**]



**NOTE:** You cannot apply a scope policy to a specific routing instance. That is, all scoping policies are applied to all routing instances. However, the **scope** statement does apply individually to a specific routing instance.

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description**            Dynamically configure interface-specific multicast routing options properties.  
  
                          The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • Example: Configuring the Multicast Forwarding Cache  
                                  • Example: Configuring a Multicast Flow Map  
                                  • Example: Configuring Source-Specific Multicast Groups with Any-Source Override

## multicast-interception (Subscriber Secure Policy)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | multicast-interception;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">radius-flow-tap</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enables subscriber secure policy to mirror IPv4 multicast traffic sent to subscribers. It enables the mirroring of multicast traffic for all subscribers on the chassis.</p> <p>Mirroring of multicast traffic is supported only for subscribers in the default logical system.</p>                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>flow-tap—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>flow-tap-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Subscriber Secure Policy Support for IPv4 Multicast Traffic on page 979</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DTCP-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 1007</a></li></ul> |

## multiplier

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>multiplier <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the number of hello packets not received by the neighbor before Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) declares the neighbor down.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>number</i></b> —Maximum allowable number of hello packets missed by the neighbor.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 255<br><b>Default:</b> 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## nai

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>nai (name@domain   @domain) {<br/>    home-agent ip-address;<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment <a href="#">home-agent</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment <a href="#">home-agent</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment <a href="#">home-agent</a> ],<br>[edit services mobile-ip dynamic-home-assignment <a href="#">home-agent</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure the network address identifiers (NAI) to which registration requests are sent as part of the home agent's dynamic assignment rule .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**Options**    *name@domain*—User at a specified domain  
               *@domain*—All users at a specified domain



**NOTE:** The *name* can include only alphanumeric characters, dots, hyphens, or underscores. The *name* cannot end in @; @ must be used to separate *name* and *domain*. The *domain* can include only alphanumeric characters, dots, or hyphens. The *domain* must be in the format *domain.suffix*, where the *suffix* is com, org, net, and so on. The *suffix* must consist of at least two alphanumeric characters.

The remaining statement is explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                   system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Configuring Mobile IP on page 469](#)  
                                   • [Configuring Dynamic Home Assignment for the Mobile Node on page 472](#)

## name-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>name-server [ <i>server-names</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure one or more Domain Name System (DNS) name servers available to the client to resolve hostname-to-client mappings. This is equivalent to DHCP option 6. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>server-names</i> —IP addresses of the domain name servers, listed in order of preference.                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                               |

## nas-identifier

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>nas-identifier <i>identifier-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the value for the client RADIUS attribute 32 (NAS-Identifier). This attribute is used for authentication and accounting requests.                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>identifier-value</i> —String to use for authentication and accounting requests.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 64 characters                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li></ul> |

## nas-port-extended-format

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>nas-port-extended-format {   adapter-width <i>width</i>;   port-width <i>width</i>;   slot-width <i>width</i>;   stacked-vlan-width <i>width</i>;   vlan-width <i>width</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the RADIUS client to use the extended format for RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) and specify the width of the fields in the NAS-Port attribute.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>adapter-width <i>width</i></b>—Number of bits in the adapter field.</p> <p><b>port-width <i>width</i></b>—Number of bits in the port field.</p> <p><b>slot-width <i>width</i></b>—Number of bits in the slot field.</p> <p><b>stacked-vlan-width <i>width</i></b>—Number of bits in the SVLAN ID field.</p> <p><b>vlan-width <i>width</i></b>—Number of bits in the VLAN ID field.</p> |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The total of the widths must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration will fail.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                      |

## **nas-port-id-delimiter (Subscriber Management)**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>nas-port-id-delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the character that the router uses as a separator between the concatenated values in the NAS-Port-ID string. The router uses the delimiter when you configure more than one value in the <b>nas-port-id-format</b> statement.                                                                                       |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The hash (#) character.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>delimiter-character</i> —Character used for the delimiter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 39</a></li></ul> |



## nas-port-id-format (Subscriber Management)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>nas-port-id-format {   agent-circuit-id;   agent-remote-id;   interface-description;   nas-identifier; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the information that the router includes in the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) that it is passed to the RADIUS server during authentication and accounting. You can include any combination of the optional values.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The router includes the interface description.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>agent-circuit-id</b>—Include the agent circuit ID from either DHCP option 82 or the DSL forum VSAs.</p> <p><b>agent-remote-id</b>—Include the agent remote ID from either DHCP option 82 or the DSL forum VSAs.</p> <p><b>interface-description</b>—Include the interface description.</p> <p><b>nas-identifier</b>—Include the NAS identifier value (RADIUS attribute 32).</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 39</a></li> </ul>                                                       |

## nas-port-type (Subscriber Management)

---

**Syntax**    `nas-port-type {  
          ethernet {  
            port-type;  
          }  
}`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [options](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description**    Specify the port type used to authenticate subscribers. The router includes the port type in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type attribute).



**NOTE:** This statement is ignored if the [ethernet-port-type-virtual](#) statement is included in the same access profile.

**Default**    The router uses a port type of **ethernet**.

**Options**    **port-type**—One of the following port types:

- **value**—A value from 0-65535
- **adsl-cap**—Asymmetric DSL, carrierless amplitude phase (CAP) modulation
- **adsl-dmt**—Asymmetric DSL, discrete multitone (DMT)
- **async**—Asynchronous
- **cable**—Cable
- **ethernet**—Ethernet
- **fddi**—Fiber Distributed Data Interface
- **g3-fax**—G.3 Fax
- **hdlc-clear-channel**—HDLC Clear Channel
- **iapp**—Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP)
- **isdsl**—ISDN DSL
- **isdn-sync**—ISDN Synchronous
- **isdn-v110**—ISDN Async V.110
- **isdn-v120**—ISDN Async V.120
- **piafs**—Personal Handyphone System (PHS) Internet Access Forum Standard
- **sdsl**—Symmetric DSL
- **sync**—Synchronous

- **token-ring**—Token Ring
- **virtual**—Virtual
- **wireless**—Other wireless
- **wireless-1x-ev**—Wireless 1xEV
- **wireless-cdma2000**—Wireless code division multiple access (CDMA) 2000
- **wireless-ieee80211**—Wireless 802.11
- **wireless-umts**—Wireless universal mobile telecommunications system (UMTS)
- **x25**—X.25
- **x75**—X.75
- **xdsl**—DSL of unknown type

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30](#)

## neighbor (Associate with ANCP Access Identifier)

**Syntax** `neighbor ip-address;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-set *interface-set-name* **access-identifier** *identifier-string*],  
[edit protocols ancp interfaces *interface-name* **access-identifier** *identifier-string*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.

**Description** Configure an ANCP neighbor to be monitored.

**Options** *ip-address*—IP address of the ANCP neighbor.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring ANCP on page 1042](#)
- [Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Operations on page 1044](#)

## neighbor (Define ANCP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>neighbor <i>ip-address</i> {<br/>    adjacency-timer <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    ietf-mode;<br/>    maximum-discovery-table-entries;<br/>    pre-ietf-mode;<br/>}</code> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an ANCP neighbor to be monitored.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP address of the ANCP neighbor.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043</a></li></ul>          |

## neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement (Address-Assignment Pools)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement <i>ndra-pool-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the name of the address-assignment pool used to assign the router advertisement prefix.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ndra-pool-name</i> —Name of the address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Router Advertisement on page 117</a></li></ul> |

## netbios-node-type

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>netbios-node-type <i>node-type</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the NetBIOS node type. This is equivalent to DHCP option 46.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>node-type</i></b>—One of the following node types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>b-node</b>—Broadcast node</li> <li>• <b>h-node</b>—Hybrid node</li> <li>• <b>m-node</b>—Mixed node</li> <li>• <b>p-node</b>—Peer-to-peer node</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                 |

## network

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>network <i>ip-prefix</i>&lt;/<i>prefix-length</i>&gt;;</code>                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <a href="#">pool</a> <i>pool-name</i> <a href="#">family</a> inet]                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure subnet information for an IPv4 address-assignment pool.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>ip-prefix</i></b>—IP version 4 address or prefix value.</p> <p><b><i>prefix-length</i></b>—(Optional) Subnet mask.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>            |

## network-element (Diameter Base Protocol)

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**Syntax**    `network-element element-name {  
                  forwarding {  
                    route dne-route-name {  
                      destination realm realm-name <host hostname> ;  
                      function function-name <partition partition-name>;  
                      metric route-metric;  
                    }  
                  }  
                  function function-name;  
                  peer peer-name {  
                    priority priority-number;  
                  }  
                }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit [diameter](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description**    Specify the transport layer Diameter configuration. The Diameter network element includes a list of routes reachable through the Diameter instance, associated functions, and prioritized Diameter peers.

**Options**    *element-name*—Name of the network element.  
  
The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level**    admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 377](#)
- [Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379](#)

## next-hop (Dynamic Access-Internal Routes)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>next-hop <i>next-hop</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options <b>access route</b> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure the next-hop address for an access route. Access routes are typically unnumbered interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>next-hop</i>—Either the specific next-hop address you want to assign to the access route or one of the following next-hop address predefined variables.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For IPv4 access routes, use the variable, <b>\$junos-framed-route-nexthop</b>. The route prefix variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-Route RADIUS attribute [22].</li> <li>For IPv6 access routes, use the variable, <b>\$junos-framed-route-ipv6-nexthop</b>. The variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-IPv6-Route RADIUS attribute [99].</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## no-accounting

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>no-accounting;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable the collection of IGMP join and leave event statistics on a per-interface basis.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li> <li>For information about disabling IGMP accounting on an interface, see “Recording IGMP Join and Leave Events” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li> </ul> |


## no-adaptation

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | no-adaptation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) sessions to not adapt to changing network conditions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |



## no-allow-snooped-clients

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | no-allow-snooped-clients;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>overrides</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Explicitly disable DHCP snooping support on the router.</p> <p>Use the statement at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels to explicitly disable snooping support on the router for DHCPv6 relay agent.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> In Junos OS Release 10.0 and earlier, DHCP snooping is <i>enabled</i> by default. In Release 10.1 and later, DHCP snooping is <i>disabled</i> by default.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Snooping Support on page 237</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## no-arp (DHCP Local Server)


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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | no-arp;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ]<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Turn off ARP table population in a distrusted environment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## no-arp (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | no-arp;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Turn off ARP table population in a distrusted environment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li> <li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li> <li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li> <li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## no-bind-on-request (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | no-bind-on-request;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Explicitly disable automatic binding of received DHCP request messages that have no entry in the database ( <i>stray</i> requests). Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Beginning with Junos OS Release 10.4, automatic binding of stray requests is enabled by default. In Junos OS Release 10.3 and earlier releases, automatic binding of stray requests is disabled by default.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li><a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

- [Disabling Automatic Binding of Stray DHCP Requests on page 257](#)

## no-keepalives (Dynamic Profiles)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | no-keepalives;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit"]                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support of the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support of the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit"] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1. |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable the sending of keepalives.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                              |

## no-qos-adjust (Dynamic Routing Options)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | no-qos-adjust;                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> routing-options <a href="#">multicast interface</a> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable hierarchical bandwidth adjustment for all dynamically created subscriber interfaces that are identified by their MLD or IGMP request from a specific multicast interface. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Multicast with Subscriber VLANs</a></li> </ul>                                                          |

## oif-map (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>oif-map <i>map-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp</b> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>         | Associates an OIF map to the IGMP interface using a dynamic profile. The OIF map is a routing policy statement that can contain multiple terms. |
| <b>Options</b>             | <i>map-name</i> —Name of the OIF map.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                            |
| <b>Level</b>               | routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                     |

## oif-map (Dynamic MLD Interface)

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|                              |                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                | <code>oif-map <i>map-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>       | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld</b> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>   | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>           | Associate an outgoing interface (OIF) map to a dynamic MLD logical interface. The OIF map is a routing policy statement that can contain multiple terms. |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>    | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Level</b>                 | routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Example: Configuring Multicast with Subscriber VLANs</li></ul>                                                   |

## on-link (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (on-link   no-on-link);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> <b>prefix</b> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify whether to enable prefixes to be used for onlink determination:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>no-on-link</b>—Disable prefixes from being used for onlink determination.</li><li>• <b>on-link</b>—Enable prefixes to be used for onlink determination.</li></ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The configured object is enabled unless explicitly disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Configuring the Prefix Information Included in Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                          |

## option

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>option {<br/>    [ (id-number option-type option-value)<br/>      (id-number array option-type option-value) ];<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family (inet   inet6) <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify user-defined options that are added to client packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>array</b>—An option can include an array of option types.</p> <p><b>id-number</b>—Any whole number. The ID number is used to index the option and must be unique across a DHCP server.</p> <p><b>option-type</b>—Any of the following types: byte, byte-stream, flag, integer, ip-address, short, string, unsigned-integer, or unsigned-short.</p> <p><b>option-value</b>—Value associated with an option. The option value must be compatible with the option type (for example, an On or Off value for a flag type).</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



## option-60 (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | option-60;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the payload of Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier) from the client PDU be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## option-60 (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | option-60;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the payload of the Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier) from the client PDU is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## option-82 (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>option-82 {<br/>    <b>circuit-id</b> value range <i>named-range</i>;<br/>    <b>remote-id</b> value range <i>named-range</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet dhcp-attributes <b>option-match</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the list of option 82 suboption match criteria used to select the named address range used for the client. The server matches the option 82 value in the user PDU to the specified option 82 match criteria and uses the named address range associated with the string.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## option-82 (DHCP Local Server Authentication)


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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the type of Option 82 information from the client PDU that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. You can specify either, both, or neither of the Agent Circuit ID and Agent Remote ID suboptions. If you specify both, the Agent Circuit ID is supplied first, followed by a delimiter, and then the Agent Remote ID. If you specify that neither suboption is supplied, the raw payload of Option 82 from the PDU is concatenated to the username.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>circuit-id</b>—(Optional) Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1).</p> <p><b>remote-id</b>—(Optional) Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## option-82 (DHCP Local Server Pool Matching)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | option-82;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>]</p>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the extended DHCP local server to use the option 82 value in the DHCP client DHCP PDU together with the ip-address-first method to determine which address-assignment pool to use. You must configure the <b>ip-address-first</b> statement before configuring the <b>option-82</b> statement. The DHCP local server first determines which address-assignment pool to use based on the ip-address-first method. Then, the local server matches the option 82 value in the client PDU with the option 82 configuration in the address-assignment pool. This statement is supported for IPv4 address-assignment pools only.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 157</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## option-82 (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the option 82 that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. You can specify either, both, or neither the Agent Circuit ID and the Agent Remote ID suboptions. If you specify both, the Agent Circuit ID is supplied first, followed by a delimiter, and then the Agent Remote ID. If neither suboption is supplied, the raw payload of option 82 is concatenated to the username.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The option 82 value used in creating the username is based on the option 82 value that is encoded in the outgoing (relayed) PDU.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>circuit-id</b>—(Optional) The string for the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1).</p> <p><b>remote-id</b>—(Optional) The string for the Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## option-match

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>option-match {   option-82 {     circuit-id value range named-range;     remote-id value range named-range;   } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify a list of match criteria used to determine which named address range in the address-assignment pool to use. The extended DHCP local server matches this information to the match criteria specified in the client PDUs. For example, for option 82 match criteria, the server matches the option 82 value in the user PDU to the specified option 82 string and uses the named range associated with the string.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## options

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**Syntax**    options {  
          [accounting-session-id-format](#) (decimal | description);  
          [client-accounting-algorithm](#) (direct | round-robin);  
          [client-authentication-algorithm](#) (direct | round-robin);  
          [coa-dynamic-variable-validation](#);  
          [ethernet-port-type-virtual](#);  
          [interface-description-format](#) {  
              exclude-adapter;  
              exclude-sub-interface;  
          }  
          [juniper-dsl-attributes](#);  
          [nas-identifier](#) *identifier-value*;  
          [nas-port-extended-format](#) {  
              adapter-width *width*;  
              port-width *width*;  
              slot-width *width*;  
              stacked-vlan-width *width*;  
              vlan-width *width*;  
          }  
          [nas-port-id-delimiter](#) *delimiter-character*;  
          [nas-port-id-format](#) {  
              agent-circuit-id;  
              agent-remote-id;  
              interface-description;  
              nas-identifier;  
          }  
          [nas-port-type](#) {  
              ethernet {  
                  *port-type*;  
              }  
          }  
          [revert-interval](#) *interval*;  
          [vlan-nas-port-stacked-format](#);  
          }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access profile *profile-name* [radius](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
                              Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description**    Configure the options used by RADIUS authentication and accounting servers.  
  
                      The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 31](#)



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## order

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>order [ <i>accounting-method</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the order in which the Junos OS tries different accounting methods for client activity. When a client logs in, the software tries the accounting methods in the specified order.                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>accounting-method</i></b> —One or more accounting methods. When a client logs in, the software tries the accounting methods in the following order, from first to last. The only valid value is <b>radius</b> for RADIUS accounting. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li></ul>                                                                                    |

## order (Mobile IP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>order (aaa   local);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">authenticate</a>]</code> ,<br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">authenticate</a>]</code> ,<br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip <a href="#">authenticate</a>]</code> ,<br><code>[edit services mobile-ip <a href="#">authenticate</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...]</code> , <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> , and <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the authentication method performed for Mobile IP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | AAA is the default authentication method.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>aaa</b> —Authentication is performed by AAA. This option is available only in the default router and default routing instance, and therefore only in the <code>[edit services mobile-ip]</code> hierarchy level.<br><br><b>local</b> —Authentication is performed using parameters defined in the local database.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>system</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>system-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP on page 473</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## origin (Diameter Base Protocol)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | origin {<br><code>host</code> <i>hostname</i> ;<br><code>realm</code> <i>realm-name</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <code>diameter</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify values of Origin-Realm-AVP and Origin-Host-AVP used in all messages sent by the Diameter instance.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance on page 378</a></li> </ul> |

## other-stateful-configuration (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (other-stateful-configuration   no-other-stateful-configuration);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify whether to enable autoconfiguration of other nonaddress-related information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>no-other-stateful-configuration</b>—Disable autoconfiguration of other nonaddress-related information.</li> <li>• <b>other-stateful-configuration</b>—Enable autoconfiguration of other nonaddress-related information.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The configured object is disabled unless explicitly enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Stateful Autoconfiguration with Neighbor Discovery</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## output (Dynamic Service Sets)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-set service-set-name {<br/>    service-filter filter-name;<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <code>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family family service</code> ],<br>[edit <code>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family family service</code> ]                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support of the [edit <code>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family family service</code> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the output service sets and filters to be applied to traffic by a dynamic profile. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931</a></li></ul>                                                            |

## output-traffic-control-profile (Dynamic CoS Definition)


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>output-traffic-control-profile (<i>profile-name</i>   <code>\$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile</code>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br>Variable <code>\$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile</code> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply an output traffic scheduling and shaping profile to the logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the traffic-control profile to be applied to this interface</p> <p><b><code>\$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile</code></b>—Variable for the traffic-control profile that is specified for the logical interface. The variable is replaced with the traffic-control profile when the subscriber is authenticated at login.</p>                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 745</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 865</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles on page 1640</a></li> </ul> |

## output-vlan-map (Dynamic Interfaces)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>output-vlan-map {<br/>    inner-tag-protocol-id <i>tpid</i>;<br/>    inner-vlan-id <i>number</i>;<br/>    (pop   swap);<br/>    tag-protocol-id <i>tpid</i>;<br/>    vlan-id <i>number</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For dynamic interfaces, define the rewrite profile to be applied to outgoing frames on this logical interface.</p> <p>The statements are explained separately.</p>                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Stacking and Rewriting VLAN Tags for the Layer 2 Wholesale Solution</li></ul>                                                                                          |

## overhead-accounting (ANCP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | overhead-accounting;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Prevent ANCP from performing an adjustment on the actual downstream data rate that ANCP receives from the DSLAM for the difference between the customer premise equipment (CPE) protocol overhead and the B-RAS protocol overhead. You include this statement when you want CoS to perform the adjustment on the data rate from the DSLAM according to the overhead accounting configuration in a CoS traffic control profile.</p> <p>When this statement is not configured (the default condition), ANCP makes the traffic rate adjustment according to the configuration of the <b>qos-adjust-line-type</b> statements and reports that rate to CoS. CoS then applies (if configured) the adjustment set by the <b>overhead-accounting</b> statement in the CoS traffic profile.</p> |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> ANCP reports a traffic rate to CoS only if the qos-adjust statement at the [edit protocols ancp] hierarchy level has been configured.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## overhead-accounting (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | overhead-accounting (frame-mode   cell-mode) <bytes ( <i>byte-value</i> );                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the mode to shape downstream ATM traffic based on either frames or cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The default is <b>frame-mode</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>shaping-mode</i>—One of the following shaping mode parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>frame-mode</b>—Shaping based on the number of bytes in the frame, without regard to cell encapsulation or padding overhead.</li><li>• <b>cell-mode</b>—Shaping based on the number of bytes in cells, and accounts for the ATM cell encapsulation and padding overhead. The resulting traffic stream conforms to the policing rates configured in downstream ATM switches, reducing the number of packet drops in the Ethernet network</li><li>• <b>\$junos-cos-shaping-mode</b>—Variable for the shaping mode that is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</li></ul> <p><i>byte-value</i>—Byte adjustment value for the cell or shaping mode, or the Junos predefined variable:</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-byte-adjust</b>—Variable for byte adjustment that is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> –120 through 124 bytes</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Shaping Parameters to Account for Overhead in Downstream Traffic Rates on page 835</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview on page 820</a></li><li>• egress-shaping-overhead</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



## overrides (DHCP Local Server)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> overrides {   client-discover-match;   delegated-pool;   interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;   no-arp;   process-inform {     pool <i>pool-name</i>;   }   rapid-commit; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre> [edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system   services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...] </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP local server. Specifying the <b>overrides</b> statement with no subordinate statements removes all DHCP local server overrides at that hierarchy level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To override global DHCP local server configuration options, include the <b>overrides</b> statement and its subordinate statements at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server]</b> hierarchy level.</li> <li>To override configuration options for a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</li> <li>To override configuration options for a specific interface within a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</li> <li>Use the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy level to override DHCPv6 configuration options.</li> </ul> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> <p>The <b>interface-client-limit</b> and <b>no-arp</b> statements are not supported in the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy level.</p> <p>The <b>delegated-pool</b> and the <b>rapid-commit</b> statements are supported in the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 ...]</b> hierarchy level only.</p> |

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171</a></li></ul> |

## overrides (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> overrides {   allow-snooped-clients;   always-write-giaddr;   always-write-option-82;   client-discover-match &lt;option60-and-option82&gt;;   disable-relay;   interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;   layer2-unicast-replies;   no-allow-snooped-clients;   no-arp;   no-bind-on-request;   proxy-mode;   replace-ip-source-with;   send-release-on-delete;   trust-option-82; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay], [edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</b>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...] </pre>                              |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP relay agent. Specifying the <b>overrides</b> statement with no subordinate statements removes all DHCP relay agent overrides at that hierarchy level. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p> <p>The following statements are supported at both the <b>[edit ... dhcp-relay]</b> and <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels. All other statements are supported at the <b>dhcp-relay</b> hierarchy levels only.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>allow-snooped-clients</b></li> <li>• <b>interface-client-limit</b></li> <li>• <b>no-allow-snooped-clients</b></li> <li>• <b>no-bind-on-request</b></li> <li>• <b>send-release-on-delete</b></li> </ul> |

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 171</a></li><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li></ul> |

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## packet-triggered-subscribers

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>packet-triggered-subscribers {<br/>  partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    destination-host <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    destination-realm <i>realm</i>;<br/>    diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>  }<br/>  traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>      &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i> &lt;disable&gt;;<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure PTSP to interact with an SAE in an SRC environment to provision packet-triggered subscribers.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PTSP Partition on page 430</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## packet-triggered-subscribers-partition

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>packet-triggered-subscribers-partition <i>partition-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system]                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the PTSP partition to associate with the logical system and routing instance.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>partition-name</i></b> —Name of the PTSP partition that you want PTSP to use. The name is defined with the <b>partition</b> statement at the [edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers] hierarchy level. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Assigning the PTSP Partition on page 430</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                            |

## padn (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>padn <i>destination-address</i> {     <i>mask</i> <i>destination-mask</i>;     <i>metric</i> <i>route-metric</i>; }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure PADN parameters for a domain map.                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>destination-address</i></b> —IP address of the destination.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 135</a></li> </ul>   |

## **pap (Dynamic PPP)**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>pap;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <code>pp0</code> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">ppp-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify PAP authentication in a PPP dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298</a></li></ul> |

## **pap (L2TP)**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>pap;</code>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> ppp <a href="#">ppp-options</a> ]                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | (MX Series routers only) Specify PAP authentication for PPP subscribers in an L2TP LNS user group profile.                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331</a></li></ul> |

## parse-direction (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | parse-direction (left-to-right   right-to-left);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">domain</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the direction in which the router searches for the domain name in a username.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | right-to-left                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>left-to-right</b>—The router searches starting at the left-most character. When the router reaches a domain delimiter, it uses anything to the right of the delimiter as the domain name.</p> <p><b>right-to-left</b>—The router searches starting at the right-most character. When the router reaches a domain delimiter, it uses anything to the right of the delimiter as the domain name.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain Names on page 133</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 132</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## partition

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    <i>diameter-instance</i> <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>    <i>destination-host</i> <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    <i>destination-realm</i> <i>realm</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <a href="#">jsrc</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                             |
| Description              | Configure a JSRC partition.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Options                  | <p><b><i>partition-name</i></b>—Name of the JSRC partition.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                 |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 396</a></li></ul>                                       |

## partition (Gx-Plus)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    <i>diameter-instance</i> <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>    <i>destination-host</i> <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    <i>destination-realm</i> <i>realm</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit access <a href="#">gx-plus</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                            |
| Description              | Configure a Gx-Plus partition.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Options                  | <p><b><i>partition-name</i></b>—Name of the Gx-Plus partition.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                              |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 452</a></li></ul>                                 |




## partition (PTSP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    <i>destination-host</i> <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    <i>destination-realm</i> <i>realm</i>;<br/>    <i>diameter-instance</i> <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">packet-triggered-subscribers</a> ]                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a PTSP partition.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>partition-name</i>—Name of the PTSP partition.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PTSP Partition on page 430</a></li></ul>                                                                                              |

## passive (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>passive &lt;allow-receive&gt; &lt;send-general-query&gt; &lt;send-group-query&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp</b> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br><b>allow-receive</b> , <b>send-general-query</b> , and <b>send-group-query</b> options were introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically specify that IGMP run on the interface and either not send and receive control traffic or selectively send and receive control traffic such as IGMP reports, queries, and leaves.                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                 | <div><p><b>NOTE:</b> You can selectively activate up to two out of the three available options for the <b>passive</b> statement while keeping the other functions passive (inactive). Activating all three options would be equivalent to not using the <b>passive</b> statement.</p></div> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>allow-receive</b>—Enables IGMP to receive control traffic on the interface.</p> <p><b>send-general-query</b>—Enables IGMP to send general queries on the interface.</p> <p><b>send-group-query</b>—Enables IGMP to send group-specific and group-source-specific queries on the interface.</p>                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Example: Configuring Multicast with Subscriber VLANs</li><li>• For general information about configuring IGMP, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</a>.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                   |

## passive (Dynamic MLD Interface)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>passive;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that MLD run on the interface and either not send and receive control traffic or selectively send and receive control traffic such as MLD reports, queries, and leaves.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> You can selectively activate up to two out of the three available options for the <b>passive</b> statement while keeping the other functions <b>passive</b> (inactive). Activating all three options would be equivalent to not using the <b>passive</b> statement.</p> </div> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>allow-receive</b>—Enables IGMP to receive control traffic on the interface.</p> <p><b>send-general-query</b>—Enables IGMP to send general queries on the interface.</p> <p><b>send-group-query</b>—Enables IGMP to send group-specific and group-source-specific queries on the interface.</p>                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Example: Configuring Multicast with Subscriber VLANs</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## password (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>password password-string;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the password that is sent to the external AAA authentication server for subscriber authentication.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>password-string</i> —Authentication password.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## password (DHCP Relay Agent)


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>password password-string;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the password that is sent to the external AAA authentication server for subscriber authentication. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>password-string</i> —Authentication password.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Passwords for Usernames on page 179</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## password (Static Subscribers)

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|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>password password-string;   username-include {     domain-name domain-name;     username-include;     logical-system-name;     routing-instance-name;     user-prefix user-prefix-string;   }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include], <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>]</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>]</p> |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Description              | Specify the password that is sent to AAA for user login for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the [edit system services static-subscribers interface] hierarchy level, or for the subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Options                  | <p><b>password-string</b>—String that defines the password.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system-level—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 407</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 410</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |


## peak-burst-size

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>peak-burst-size bytes;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <code>dynamic-profiles profile-name</code> firewall <code>three-color-policer name two-rate</code> ],<br>[edit firewall <code>three-color-policer policer-name two-rate</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <code>dynamic-profiles ... two-rate</code> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | For a two-rate three-color policer, configure the peak burst size (PBS) as a number of bytes. The PBS defines the maximum number of bytes of unused peak bandwidth capacity that can be accumulated. The accumulated bandwidth allows for moderate periods of bursting traffic that exceeds the peak information rate (PIR) and the committed burst size (CBS).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> When you include the <code>peak-burst-size</code> statement in the configuration, you must also include the <code>committed-burst-size</code> and <code>peak-information-rate</code> statements at the same hierarchy level.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                 | <p>Two-rate three-color policers use a <i>dual-rate dual token bucket algorithm</i> to measure traffic against two rate limits.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A traffic flow is categorized green if it conforms to both the committed information rate (CIR) and the CBS-bounded accumulation of available committed bandwidth capacity.</li> <li>• A traffic flow is categorized yellow if exceeds the CIR and CBS but conforms to the PIR. Packets in a yellow flow are marked with <b>medium-high</b> packet loss priority (PLP) and then passed through the interface.</li> <li>• A traffic flow is categorized red if exceeds the PIR and the PBS-bounded accumulation of available peak bandwidth capacity. Packets in a red traffic flow are marked with <b>high</b> PLP and then either passed through the interface or optionally discarded.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>bytes</b>—Number of bytes. You can specify a value in bytes either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1500 through 100,000,000,000 bytes</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</li> <li>• Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

- [Policer Color-Marking and Actions](#)
- [Dual Token Bucket Algorithms](#)
- [Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit](#)
- [committed-burst-size on page 1177](#)
- [committed-information-rate on page 1179](#)
- [excess-burst-size on page 1262](#)
- [peak-information-rate on page 1469](#)



## peak-information-rate

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>peak-information-rate bps;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <code>dynamic-profiles profile-name</code> firewall <code>three-color-policer name two-rate</code> ],<br>[edit firewall <code>three-color-policer policer-name two-rate</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <code>dynamic-profiles ... two-rate</code> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | For a two-rate three-color policer, configure the peak information rate (PIR) as a number of bits per second. The PIR is the maximum rate for traffic arriving at or departing from the interface under peak line conditions. Traffic that exceeds the committed information rate (CIR) and the committed burst size (CBS) is metered to the PIR.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> When you include the <code>peak-information-rate</code> statement in the configuration, you must also include the <code>committed-information-rate</code> and <code>peak-burst-size</code> statements at the same hierarchy level.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                 | <p>Two-rate three-color policers use a <i>dual-rate dual token bucket algorithm</i> to measure traffic against two rate limits.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A traffic flow is categorized green if it conforms to both the CIR and the CBS-bounded accumulation of available committed bandwidth capacity.</li> <li>• A traffic flow is categorized yellow if exceeds the CIR and CBS but conforms to the PIR. Packets in a yellow flow are marked with <b>medium-high</b> packet loss priority (PLP) and then passed through the interface.</li> <li>• A traffic flow is categorized red if exceeds the PIR and the PBS-bounded accumulation of available peak bandwidth capacity. Packets in a red traffic flow are marked with <b>high</b> PLP and then either passed through the interface or optionally discarded.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>bps</b>—Number of bits per second. You can specify a value in bits per second either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 32,000 through 40,000,000,000 bps</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</li> <li>• Policer Bandwidth and Burst-Size Limits</li> <li>• Policer Color-Marking and Actions</li> <li>• Dual Token Bucket Algorithms</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

- Calculation of Policer Burst-Size Limit
- [committed-burst-size on page 1177](#)
- [committed-information-rate on page 1179](#)
- [excess-burst-size on page 1262](#)
- [peak-burst-size on page 1467](#)

## peer

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>peer {   (ip-address <i>address</i>   nai <i>name@domain</i>) {     spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i> {       algorithm (hmac-md5   md5);       entity-type (host   mobility-agent);       key (hex   ascii) <i>string</i>;       replay-method (timestamp <i>seconds</i>   none);     }   } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/> [edit services <b>mobile-ip</b>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the authentication configurations for a home agent mobile node. An authentication enables the registration message as acceptable to the final recipient of the registration message.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>ip-address <i>address</i></b>—IP address of the peer.</p> <p><b>nai <i>name@domain</i></b>—Network address identifier (NAI) of the peer. The <i>name</i> can include only alphanumeric characters, dots, hyphens, or underscores. The <i>name</i> cannot end in @; @ must be used to separate <i>name</i> and <i>domain</i>. The <i>domain</i> can include only alphanumeric characters, dots, or hyphens. The <i>domain</i> must be in the format <i>domain.suffix</i>, where the <i>suffix</i> is com, org, net, and so on. The <i>suffix</i> must consist of at least two alphanumeric characters.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## peer (Diameter Base Protocol)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>peer <i>peer-name</i> {<br/>    address <i>ip-address</i>;<br/>    connect-actively {<br/>        port <i>port-number</i>;<br/>        transport <i>transport-name</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;;<br/>    routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <a href="#">diameter</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description              | Configure a remote peer for the Diameter instance.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## peer (Diameter Network Element)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>peer <i>peer-name</i> {<br/>    priority <i>priority-value</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                               |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <a href="#">diameter</a> <a href="#">network-element</a> <i>element-name</i> ]                                                                                           |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                  |
| Description              | Define and prioritize a peer associated with a Diameter network element.                                                                                                       |
| Options                  | <i>peer-name</i> —Name of the peer.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately.                                                                                    |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li></ul> |

## physical-interface-policer

|                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                      | physical-interface-policer;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                             | <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> firewall <b>policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> firewall <b>three-color-policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles ... policer</b> <i>policer-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos Release OS 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Configure an aggregate policer for a physical interface. A physical interface policer applies to all the logical interfaces and protocol families configured on a physical interface. As a result, a single physical interface policer can be applied to multiple routing instances because this policer includes all the logical interfaces configured on the physical interface even if they belong to different routing instances.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Physical Interface Policer is not supported on T4000 routers.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                    | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Two-Color and Three-Color Physical Interface Policers</li> <li>physical-interface-filter</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## pic (M Series, MX Series, and T Series Routers)

```
Syntax pic pic-number {
 cel {
 el port-number {
 channel-group group-number timeslots slot-number;
 }
 }
 ct3 {
 port port-number {
 tl link-number {
 channel-group group-number timeslots slot-number;
 }
 }
 }
 framing (sdh | sonet);
 idle-cell format {
 itu-t;
 payload-pattern payload-pattern-byte;
 }
 inline-services {
 bandwidth (1g | 10g);
 }
 max-queues-per-interface (8 | 4);
 no-concatenate;
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit chassis fpc *slot-number*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description** Configure properties for an individual PIC.

**Options** *pic-number*—Slot number in which the PIC is installed.

**Range:** 0 through 3

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Configuring the Junos OS to Enable SONET/SDH Framing for SONET/SDH PICs
- Configuring the Junos OS to Enable a SONET PIC to Operate in Channelized (Multiplexed) Mode
- Configuring the Junos OS to Support Channelized DS3-to-DS0 Naming for Channel Groups and Time Slots
- Configuring the Junos OS to Support Channel Groups and Time Slots for Channelized E1 PICs
- [Enabling Inline Service Interfaces on page 336](#)

## policer (Configuring)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> policer <i>policer-name</i> {     filter-specific;     if-exceeding {         bandwidth-limit <i>bps</i>;         bandwidth-percent <i>number</i>;         burst-size-limit <i>bytes</i>;     }     logical-interface-policer;     physical-interface-policer;     then {         <i>policer-action</i>;     } } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> firewall],<br>[edit firewall],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br><b>physical-interface-policer</b> statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles ... firewall</b> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure policer rate limits and actions. When included at the [edit <b>firewall</b> ] hierarchy level, the <b>policer</b> statement creates a template, and you do not have to configure a policer individually for every firewall filter or interface. To activate a policer, you must include the <b>policer-action</b> modifier in the <b>then</b> statement in a firewall filter term or on an interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>policer-action</i></b>—One or more actions to take:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>discard</b>—Discard traffic that exceeds the rate limits.</li> <li>• <b>forwarding-class <i>class-name</i></b>—Specify the particular forwarding class.</li> <li>• <b>loss-priority</b>—Set the packet loss priority (PLP) to <b>low</b>, <b>medium-low</b>, <b>medium-high</b>, or <b>high</b>.</li> </ul> <p><b><i>policer-name</i></b>—Name that identifies the policer. The name can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-), and can be up to 255 characters long. To include spaces in the name, enclose it in quotation marks (" ").</p> <p><b>then</b>—Actions to take on matching packets.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

- Related Documentation**
- Statement Hierarchy for Configuring Policers
  - Single-Rate Two-Color Policer Overview
  - Bandwidth Policer Overview
  - Physical Interface Policer Overview
  - Logical Interface (Aggregate) Policer Overview

## policy-options

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>policy-options { ... }</code>                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit],<br>[edit dynamic],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4. |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure routing policy.<br><br>The statements are explained separately.                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Defining Routing Policies</li></ul>                                                                              |



## pool (Address-Assignment Pools)

**Syntax**

```
pool pool-name {
 family family {
 dhcp-attributes {
 [protocol-specific attributes]
 }
 host hostname {
 hardware-address mac-address;
 ip-address ip-address;
 }
 network ip-prefix / <prefix-length>;
 prefix ipv6-prefix;
 range range-name {
 high upper-limit;
 low lower-limit;
 prefix-length prefix-length;
 }
 }
 link pool-name;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [address-assignment](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.

**Description** Configure the name of an address-assignment pool.



**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.

**Options** *pool-name*—Name assigned to the address-assignment pool.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114](#)

## pool (DHCP Local Server Overrides)

**Syntax** `pool pool-name;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCP or DHCPv6 local server to reply to DHCP information request messages (DHCPINFORM for DHCPv4 and INFORMATION-REQUEST for DHCPv6) with information taken from the specified pool without interacting with AAA.        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name of the address pool, which must be configured within <b>family inet</b> for DHCP local server and within <b>family inet6</b> for DHCPv6 local server.                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 169</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162</a></li></ul> |

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## pool (L2TP Service Interfaces)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>pool <i>pool-name</i> {<br/>    <i>interface</i> <i>service-interface-name</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <i>service-device-pools</i> ]                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define a pool of service interfaces that can be assigned to an L2TP tunnel group for traffic load-balancing. The service device pool is required for dynamic LNS sessions. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name of the service interface pool.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Pool of Inline Services Interfaces for Dynamic LNS Sessions on page 339</a></li></ul>                    |

## pool-match-order

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>pool-match-order {<br/>    external-authority;<br/>    ip-address-first;<br/>    option-82;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ],<br>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the order in which the DHCP local server uses information in the DHCP client PDU to determine how to obtain an address for the client.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | DHCP local server uses the <b>ip-address-first</b> method to determine which address pool to use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 157</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                              |

## pop (Dynamic VLANs)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>pop;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>output-vlan-map</b> ]                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | For dynamic VLAN interfaces, specify the VLAN rewrite operation to remove a VLAN tag from the top of the VLAN tag stack. The outer VLAN tag of the frame is removed.                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Removing a VLAN Tag</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Stacking and Rewriting VLAN Tags for the Layer 2 Wholesale Solution</a></li></ul> |

## port

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>port <i>port-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the port number on which to contact the RADIUS server.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>port-number</i> —Port number on which to contact the RADIUS server.<br><b>Default:</b> 1812 (as specified in RFC 2865)                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> </ul> |

## port (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>port <i>port-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter peer <i>peer-name</i> <a href="#">connect-actively</a> ]                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the destination TCP port used by the active connection to peer.                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>port-number</i> —Number of the TCP port.<br><b>Default:</b> 3868                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378</a></li> </ul> |

## post-service-filter (Dynamic Service Sets)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>post-service-filter <i>filter-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [ <a href="#">edit dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service input</a> ],<br>[ <a href="#">edit dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <code>pp0</code> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service input</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [ <a href="#">edit dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <code>pp0</code> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service input</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the filter to be applied to traffic after service processing. The filter is applied only if a service set is configured and selected. You can configure a postservice filter on the input side of the interface only. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>filter-name</i> —Identifier for the post-service filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>interface</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>interface-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## pp0 (Dynamic PPPoE)

```
Syntax pp0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 keepalives interval seconds;
 no-keepalives;
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name;
 server;
 }
 ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
 }
 family inet {
 unnumbered-address interface-name destination address;
 address address;
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Configure the dynamic PPPoE logical interface in a dynamic profile. When the router creates a dynamic PPPoE logical interface on an underlying Ethernet interface configured with PPPoE (**ppp-over-ether**) encapsulation, it uses the information in the dynamic profile to determine the properties of the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.


The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile with Additional Options on page 699</a></li><li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see <a href="#">Configuring PPPoE</a></li></ul> |

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## ppp (Group Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>ppp {<br/>  cell-overhead;<br/>  encapsulation-overhead <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  framed-pool <i>framed-pool</i>;<br/>  idle-timeout <i>seconds</i>;<br/>  interface-id <i>interface-id</i>;<br/>  keepalive <i>seconds</i>;<br/>  ppp-options {<br/>    chap;<br/>    pap;<br/>  }<br/>  primary-dns <i>primary-dns</i>;<br/>  primary-wins <i>primary-wins</i>;<br/>  secondary-dns <i>secondary-dns</i>;<br/>  secondary-wins <i>secondary-wins</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">group-profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure PPP properties for a group profile.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                 | <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.</div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



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## pppoe-options (Dynamic PPPoE)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>pppoe-options {<br/>    <b>underlying-interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>;<br/>    <b>server</b>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <b>pp0</b> <b>unit</b> "\$junos-interface-unit"]                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the underlying interface and PPPoE server mode for a dynamic PPPoE logical interface in a dynamic profile.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696</a></li><li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <i><a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></i></li></ul> |

## pppoe-underlying-options (Static and Dynamic Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>pppoe-underlying-options {<br/>  access-concentrator <i>name</i>;<br/>  dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i>;<br/>  duplicate-protection;<br/>  max-sessions <i>number</i>;<br/>  max-sessions-vsa-ignore;<br/>  service-name-table <i>table-name</i>;<br/>  short-cycle-protection &lt;lockout-time-min <i>minimum-seconds</i> lockout-time-max<br/>    <i>maximum-seconds</i>&gt;;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure PPPoE-specific interface properties for the underlying interface on which the router creates a static or dynamic PPPoE logical interface. The underlying interface must be configured with PPPoE (<b>ppp-over-ether</b>) encapsulation.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring PPPoE (for static interfaces)</li><li><a href="#">Configuring an Underlying Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 701</a></li><li>Assigning a Service Name Table to a PPPoE Underlying Interface</li></ul>                                                                                                                     |

## ppp-options (Dynamic PPP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ppp-options {<br>chap;<br>pap;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit"]                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure PPP-specific interface properties in a dynamic profile.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Profiles Overview on page 481</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers on page 297</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to Static PPP Subscriber Interfaces on page 298</a></li> </ul> |

## ppp-options (L2TP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ppp-options {<br>chap;<br>pap;<br>}                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">ppp</a> ]                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure PPP-specific properties in a group profile that applies to tunneled PPP subscribers at the LNS.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile on page 331</a></li> </ul>           |

## ppp-subscriber-services

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|                            |                                                                                 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | ppp-subscriber-services (disable   enable);                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit chassis]                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                  |
| <b>Description</b>         | Enable dynamic PPP subscriber services on non-PPPoE interfaces on certain PICs. |



**NOTE:** When you include this statement, the relevant PICs restart. This action disrupts subscribers already logged in through those PICs. You can confirm completion of the restart by issuing the `show chassis pic fpc-slot slot-number pic-slot slot-number` command.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>disable</b> —Disable subscriber services.<br><br><b>enable</b> —Enable subscriber services.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• show chassis pic</li><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to MLPPP Bundles on page 303</a></li><li>• For hardware requirements, see <a href="#">Hardware Requirements for PPP Subscriber Services on Non-Ethernet Interfaces on page 302</a></li></ul> |

## precedence

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>precedence <i>precedence</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">filter</a> input <i>filter-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">filter</a> output <i>filter-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">demux0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">filter</a> input <i>filter-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">demux0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">filter</a> output <i>filter-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">filter</a> input <i>filter-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">filter</a> output <i>filter-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>The [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <a href="#">inet</a> <a href="#">filter</a> input <i>filter-name</i>] hierarchy level and [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <a href="#">inet</a> <a href="#">filter</a> output <i>filter-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply a precedence to a dynamic filter. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>precedence</i></b>—Precedence value for the filter. The lower the precedence value, the higher the precedence.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 250</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 0</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For general information about configuring firewall filters, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Firewall Filter and Policer Configuration Guide</a></li> <li><a href="#">Dynamic Firewall Filters Overview on page 872</a></li> <li><a href="#">Classic Filters Overview on page 873</a></li> <li><a href="#">Fast Update Filters Overview on page 884</a></li> <li><a href="#">Basic Classic Filter Syntax on page 875</a></li> <li><a href="#">Basic Fast Update Filter Syntax on page 887</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## predefined-variable-defaults (Dynamic Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>predefined-variable-defaults predefined-variable &lt;variable-option&gt; default-value</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure default values for the predefined variables that are configured in a dynamic profile. These default values are used when RADIUS does not supply a value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>predefined-variable</i></b>—Name of the predefined variable to which you want to assign a default value. Do not include the junos prefix.</p> <p><b><i>variable-option</i></b>—Name of the specific variable option to which you want to assign a default value.</p> <p><b><i>default-value</i></b>—Default value that you want to assign to the predefined variable. Only certain predefined variables support multiple default values.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>For a list of predefined variables and options for which you can configure default values, see <a href="#">Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 501</a></li><li><a href="#">Configuring Default Values for Predefined Variables in a Dynamic Profile on page 513</a></li></ul>                                                                                   |

## preference

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preference route-distance;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> routing-options <a href="#">access route</a> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure the distance for an access route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>route-distance</i></b> —Either the specific distance you want to assign to the access route or the distance variable ( <code>\$junos-framed-route-distance</code> ). The distance variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-Route Attribute [22]. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                 |

## preference (Tunnel Profile)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preference <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the preference for a tunnel. You can specify up to 8 levels of preference, and you can assign the same preference to a maximum of 31 tunnels. When you define multiple preferences for a destination, you increase the probability of a successful connection.</p> <p>This value can be overridden by RADIUS attribute Tunnel-Preference [83].</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>number</i></b>—Number that indicates the order in which the router attempts to connect to the destination. Zero is the highest level of preference.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 2000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 2000</p>                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## preferred-lifetime (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preferred-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> <b>prefix</b> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how long the prefix generated by stateless autoconfiguration remains preferred.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>seconds</i></b>—Preferred lifetime, in seconds. If you set the preferred lifetime to <b>0xffffffff</b>, the lifetime is infinite. The preferred lifetime is never greater than the valid lifetime.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 604,800 seconds</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• valid-lifetime</li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Prefix Information Included in Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</a></li> </ul>                                                                         |

## prefix (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>prefix <i>ipv6-prefix</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> inet6]                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IPv6 prefix for the IPv6 address-assignment pool. This statement is mandatory for IPv6 address-assignment pools.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv6-prefix</i> —IPv6 prefix.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul> |



## prefix (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>prefix <i>prefix</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-agent-interface-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <i>circuit-id</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Add a prefix to the base option 82 Agent Circuit ID information in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server. The prefix can consist of any combination of the hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name. Use the statement at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>If you include only the hostname, only the logical system name, or only the routing instance name in the prefix, the format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with stacked virtual LANs (S-VLANs) is one of the following:</p> <pre> <i>host-name</i>:(fe   ge)-<i>fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id</i> <i>logical-system-name</i>:(fe   ge)-<i>fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id</i> <i>routing-instance-name</i>:(fe   ge)-<i>fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id</i> </pre> <p>If you include both the logical system name and the routing instance name in the prefix, the format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs is as follows:</p> <pre> <i>logical-system-name;routing-instance-name</i>:(fe   ge)-<i>fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id</i> </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

If you include the hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name in the prefix, the format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs is as follows:

```
host-name/logical-system-name;routing-instance-name:(fe |
ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use virtual LANs (VLANs) but not S-VLANs, only the **vlan-id** value appears in the Agent Circuit ID format. For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that do not use VLANs or S-VLANs, neither the **vlan-id** value nor the **svlan-id** value appears.

**Options** *prefix*—Any combination of the following:

- **host-name**—Prepend the hostname of the router configured with the **host-name** statement at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level to the Agent Circuit ID information.
- **logical-system-name**—Prepend the name of the logical system to the Agent Circuit ID information.
- **routing-instance-name**—Prepend the name of the routing instance to the Agent Circuit ID information.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information on page 263](#)
- [Configuring an Option 82 Prefix on page 264](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 268](#)

## prefix (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>prefix <i>prefix</i> {<br/>    (<a href="#">autonomous</a>   <a href="#">no-autonomous</a>);<br/>    (<a href="#">on-link</a>   <a href="#">no-on-link</a>);<br/>    <a href="#">preferred-lifetime</a> <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    <a href="#">valid-lifetime</a> <i>seconds</i>;<br/>}</code> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the prefix name in router advertisement messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>prefix</b>—Prefix name. For dynamic configuration, specify the <i>\$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix</i> dynamic variable.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring the Prefix Information Included in Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                |

## pre-ietf-mode

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>pre-ietf-mode</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a>],</p> <p>[edit protocols ancp <a href="#">neighbor</a>]</p>                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure ANCP to run in a mode that is backward compatible with Internet draft draft-wadhwa-gsmp-l2control-configuration-00.txt, <i>GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C)</i> for all neighbors or for a specific neighbor.                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring ANCP for Backward Compatibility on page 1045</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 1043</a></li> </ul> |

## premium (Hierarchical Policer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>premium {<br/>    if-exceeding {<br/>        bandwidth-limit <i>bandwidth</i>;<br/>        burst-size-limit <i>burst</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    then {<br/>        discard;<br/>    }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name</a> firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer</a> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">hierarchical-policer</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... hierarchical-policer name</a> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>On M40e, M120, and M320 edge routers with FPC input as FFPC and FPC output as SFPC, and on MX Series, T320, T640, and T1600 edge routers with Enhanced Intelligent Queuing (IQE) PICs, specify a premium level for a hierarchical policer.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hierarchical Policer Configuration Overview</li><li>• Hierarchical Policers</li><li>• <a href="#">aggregate (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1125</a></li><li>• <a href="#">bandwidth-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1146</a></li><li>• <a href="#">burst-size-limit (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1154</a></li><li>• <a href="#">hierarchical-policer on page 1312</a></li><li>• <a href="#">if-exceeding (Hierarchical Policer) on page 1326</a></li></ul> |

## priority (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>priority <i>priority-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-element <i>element-name</i> <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the priority for a peer within a Diameter network element. A peer with a lower number has a higher priority.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>priority-value</i></b> —Priority for the peer within the network element.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 65535                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li></ul> |

## priority (Dynamic Schedulers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>priority (priority-level   \$junos-cos-scheduler-priority);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">schedulers</a> <i>scheduler-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>The <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-bs</code> predefined variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify packet-scheduling priority value in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>priority-level</b>—one of the following packet-scheduling priority values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>low</b>—Scheduler has low priority.</li><li>• <b>medium-low</b>—Scheduler has medium-low priority.</li><li>• <b>medium-high</b>—Scheduler has medium-high priority.</li><li>• <b>high</b>—Scheduler has high priority. Assigning high priority to a queue prevents the queue from being underserved.</li><li>• <b>strict-high</b>—Scheduler has strictly high priority. Configure a <b>high</b> priority queue with unlimited transmission bandwidth available to it. As long as it has traffic to send, the <b>strict-high</b> priority queue receives precedence over <b>low</b>, <b>medium-low</b>, and <b>medium-high</b> priority queues, but not <b>high</b> priority queues. You can configure <b>strict-high</b> priority on only one queue per interface.</li></ul> <p><b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-pri</b>—Junos predefined variable that is replaced with the packet-scheduling priority value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>interface</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>interface-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484</a></li><li>• <a href="#">scheduler (Dynamic Scheduler Maps) on page 1559</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## process-inform

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|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>process-inform {     pool pool-name; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Enable the processing of DHCP information request messages (DHCPINFORM for DHCPv4 and INFORMATION-REQUEST for DHCPv6) sent from the client to request DHCP options. For DHCP local servers, the messages are also passed to the configured server list.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

The remaining statement is explained separately.

**Default** Information request messages are not processed.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 169](#)
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162](#)



## profile

```
Syntax profile profile-name {
 accounting {
 accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
 accounting-stop-on-failure;
 coa-immediate-update;
 coa-no-override service-class-attribute;
 duplication;
 immediate-update;
 order [accounting-method];
 statistics (time | volume-time);
 update-interval minutes;
 }
 authentication-order [authentication-methods];
 client client-name {
 chap-secret chap-secret;
 group-profile profile-name;
 ike {
 allowed-proxy-pair {
 remote remote-proxy-address local local-proxy-address;
 }
 pre-shared-key (ascii-text character-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-digits);
 ike-policy policy-name;
 interface-id string-value;
 }
 l2tp {
 aaa-access-profile profile-name;
 interface-id interface-id;
 lcp-renegotiation;
 local-chap;
 maximum-sessions-per-tunnel number;
 multilink {
 drop-timeout milliseconds;
 fragment-threshold bytes;
 }
 ppp-authentication (chap | pap);
 ppp-profile profile-name;
 shared-secret shared-secret;
 }
 pap-password pap-password;
 ppp {
 cell-overhead;
 encapsulation-overhead bytes;
 framed-ip-address ip-address;
 framed-pool framed-pool;
 idle-timeout seconds;
 interface-id interface-id;
 keepalive seconds;
 primary-dns primary-dns;
 primary-wins primary-wins;
 secondary-dns secondary-dns;
 secondary-wins secondary-wins;
 }
 }
}
```

```
 user-group-profile profile-name;
 }
radius {
 accounting-server [ip-address];
 authentication-server [ip-address];
 options {
 accounting-session-id-format (decimal | description);
 client-accounting-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 client-authentication-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 coa-dynamic-variable-validation;
 ethernet-port-type-virtual;
 interface-description-format {
 exclude-adapter;
 exclude-sub-interface;
 }
 juniper-dsl-attributes;
 nas-identifier identifier-value;
 nas-port-extended-format {
 adapter-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 stacked-vlan-width width;
 vlan-width width;
 }
 nas-port-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
 nas-port-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 nas-identifier;
 }
 nas-port-type {
 ethernet {
 port-type;
 }
 }
 revert-interval interval;
 vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;
 }
 attributes {
 exclude {
 ...
 }
 ignore {
 framed-ip-netmask;
 input-filter;
 logical-system::routing-instance;
 output-filter;
 }
 }
}
radius-server server-address {
 accounting-port port-number;
 port port-number;
 retry attempts;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
```

```

 secret password;
 max-outstanding-requests value;
 source-address source-address;
 timeout seconds;
 }
 service {
 accounting-order (activation-protocol | radius);
 }
 session-options {
 client-group [group-names];
 client-idle-timeout minutes;
 client-session-timeout minutes;
 }
}

```

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Description              | Configure PPP CHAP, or a profile and its subscriber access, L2TP, or PPP properties.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Options                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the profile.</p> <p>For CHAP, the name serves as the mapping between peer identifiers and CHAP secret keys. This entity is queried for the secret key whenever a CHAP challenge or response is received.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring the PPP Authentication Protocol</li> <li>Configuring Access Profiles for L2TP or PPP Parameters</li> <li>Configuring L2TP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</li> <li><a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li> <li>Configuring PPP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</li> <li><a href="#">Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 398</a></li> <li><a href="#">AAA Service Framework Overview on page 21</a></li> <li>show network-access aaa statistics</li> <li>clear network-access aaa statistics</li> </ul> |

## promiscuous-mode

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>promiscuous-mode;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp</b> interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the interface accepts IGMP reports from hosts on any subnetwork.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li><li>• For information about how to use IGMP promiscuous mode, see “Accepting IGMP Messages from Remote Subnetworks” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li></ul> |

## protocol (Dynamic Schedulers)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>protocol (any   non-tcp   tcp);</code>                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>class-of-service</b> <b>schedulers</b> <i>scheduler-name</i> <b>drop-profile-map</b> ]      |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the protocol type for the specified scheduler in a dynamic profile.                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>             | <b>any</b> —Accept any protocol type.<br><b>non-tcp</b> —Accept any protocol type other than TCP/IP.<br><b>tcp</b> —Accept only TCP/IP protocol. |



.....  
**NOTE:** Protocol types **non-tcp** and **tcp** are not supported on MX Series routers.  
.....

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li></ul> |

## protocols (Dynamic Profiles)

```
Syntax protocols {
 igmp {
 interface interface-name {
 accounting;
 disable;
 group-policy;
 immediate-leave
 no-accounting;
 promiscuous-mode;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 static {
 group group {
 source source;
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
 }
 mld {
 interface interface-name {
 disable;
 (accounting | no-accounting);
 group-policy;
 immediate-leave;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 static {
 group multicast-group-address {
 exclude;
 group-count number;
 group-increment increment;
 source ip-address {
 source-count number;
 source-increment increment;
 }
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
 }
 router-advertisement {
 interface interface-name {
 current-hop-limit number;
 default-lifetime seconds;
 (managed-configuration | no-managed-configuration);
 max-advertisement-interval seconds;
 min-advertisement-interval seconds;
 (other-stateful-configuration | no-other-stateful-configuration);
 prefix prefix;
 reachable-time milliseconds;
 retransmit-timer milliseconds;
 }
 }
}
```

```
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.  
Support at the [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols mld] and [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols router-advertisement] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Enable IGMP on the router. IGMP must be enabled for the router to receive multicast packets.

**Default** IGMP is disabled on the router. IGMP is automatically enabled on all broadcast interfaces when you configure Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP).

The statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- For general information about configuring IGMP or MLD, see the [Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide](#).

## provisioning-order

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>provisioning-order (gx-plus   jsrc);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure AAA to use the specified application for subscriber service provisioning.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><code>gx-plus</code>—Specify Gx-Plus as the application used to communicate with a PCRF for subscriber service provisioning.</p> <p><code>jsrc</code>—Specify JSRC as the application used to communicate with the SAE for subscriber service provisioning. JSRC is used in an SRC environment to request services from the SAE for an authenticated subscriber. JSRC attempts to activate these services. If successful, JSRC returns an ACK message. If unsuccessful, the subscriber is denied access.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><code>admin</code>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><code>admin-control</code>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 395</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC on page 398</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 451</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus on page 453</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## proxy-arp

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>proxy-arp;</code>                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | For Ethernet interfaces only, configure the router to respond to any ARP request, as long as the router has an active route to the target address of the ARP request.       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><code>interface</code>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><code>interface-control</code>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Restricted and Unrestricted Proxy ARP</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gratuitous ARP</a></li> </ul> |

## proxy-mode

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | proxy-mode;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable DHCP relay proxy mode on the extended DHCP relay. Proxy mode supports all extended DHCP relay functionality.</p> <p>The extended DHCP relay proxy is not supported for the J Series routers DHCP server. Also, you cannot configure both the DHCP relay proxy and the extended DHCP local server on the same interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 219</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode on page 267</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



## push (Dynamic VLANs)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | push;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">input-vlan-map</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | For dynamic VLAN interfaces, specify the VLAN rewrite operation to add a new VLAN tag to the top of the VLAN stack. An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. If you include the <b>push</b> statement in the configuration, you must also include the pop statement at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">output-vlan-map</a> ] hierarchy level. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stacking and Rewriting VLAN Tags for the Layer 2 Wholesale Solution</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## qos-adjust

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | qos-adjust;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that CoS policy for interfaces and interface sets is adjusted according to ANCP protocol messages. Updates QoS adjustments for all subscribers. When this statement is not configured, ANCP does not report any adjusted traffic rates to CoS.                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjusting by ANCP on page 1036</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring ANCP to Adjust CoS Traffic Shaping on page 1047</a></li> </ul> |

## qos-adjust-adsl

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>qos-adjust-adsl <i>adjustment-factor</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the ANCP-reported downstream and upstream data rate for all subscribers on an ADSL line. The adjusted data rate results in an accurate CoS shaping rate.               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>adjustment-factor</i></b> —CoS adjustment factor applied to upstream or downstream data rates for the DSL type.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent<br><b>Default:</b> 100 percent                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates on page 1047</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li></ul> |

## qos-adjust-adsl2

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>qos-adjust-adsl2 <i>adjustment-factor</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the ANCP-reported downstream and upstream data rate for all subscribers on an ADSL2 line. The adjusted data rate results in an accurate CoS shaping rate.              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>adjustment-factor</i></b> —CoS adjustment factor applied to upstream or downstream data rates for the DSL type.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent<br><b>Default:</b> 100 percent                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates on page 1047</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li></ul> |

## qos-adjust-adsl2-plus

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>qos-adjust-adsl2-plus <i>adjustment-factor</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the ANCP-reported downstream and upstream data rate for all subscribers on an ADSL2+ line. The adjusted data rate results in an accurate CoS shaping rate.                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>adjustment-factor</i></b>—CoS adjustment factor applied to upstream or downstream data rates for the DSL type.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 100 percent</p>                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates on page 1047</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> </ul> |

## qos-adjust-sdsl

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>qos-adjust-sdsl <i>adjustment-factor</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the ANCP-reported downstream and upstream data rate for all subscribers on an SDS1 line. The adjusted data rate results in an accurate CoS shaping rate.                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>adjustment-factor</i></b>—CoS adjustment factor applied to upstream or downstream data rates for the DSL type.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 100 percent</p>                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates on page 1047</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li> </ul> |

## qos-adjust-vds1

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>qos-adjust-vds1 <i>adjustment-factor</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the ANCP-reported downstream and upstream data rate for all subscribers on an VDS1 line. The adjusted data rate results in an accurate CoS shaping rate.               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>adjustment-factor</i></b> —CoS adjustment factor applied to upstream or downstream data rates for the DSL type.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent<br><b>Default:</b> 100 percent                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates on page 1047</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li></ul> |

## qos-adjust-vds2

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>qos-adjust-vds2 <i>adjustment-factor</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the ANCP-reported downstream and upstream data rate for all subscribers on an VDS2 line. The adjusted data rate results in an accurate CoS shaping rate.               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>adjustment-factor</i></b> —CoS adjustment factor applied to upstream or downstream data rates for the DSL type.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent<br><b>Default:</b> 100 percent                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP-Reported Traffic Rates on page 1047</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP on page 1042</a></li></ul> |

## qualified-next-hop

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>qualified-next-hop <i>interface-name</i> {<br/>    <code>mac-address</code> <i>address</i>;<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options <code>access-internal route</code> <i>subscriber-ip-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure the qualified next-hop and the MAC address for an access-internal route for DHCP and PPP subscriber interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>interface-name</i></b>—Either the specific interface you want to assign to the access route or the variable, or the <b>\$junos-interface-name</b> variable. The variable is dynamically replaced with the value supplied by DHCP or PPP when a subscriber logs in.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## radius (Access Profile)

---

```
Syntax radius {
 accounting-server [ip-address];
 attributes {
 exclude
 ...
 }
 ignore {
 framed-ip-netmask;
 input-filter;
 logical-system-routing-instance;
 output-filter;
 }
 }
 authentication-server [ip-address];
 options {
 accounting-session-id-format (decimal | description);
 client-accounting-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 client-authentication-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 coa-dynamic-variable-validation;
 ethernet-port-type-virtual;
 interface-description-format {
 exclude-adapter;
 exclude-sub-interface;
 }
 juniper-dsl-attributes;
 nas-identifier identifier-value;
 nas-port-extended-format {
 adapter-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 stacked-vlan-width width;
 vlan-width width;
 }
 nas-port-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
 nas-port-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 nas-identifier;
 }
 nas-port-type {
 ethernet {
 port-type;
 }
 }
 revert-interval interval;
 vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;
 }
}
```

Hierarchy Level [edit access [profile](#) *profile-name*]

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the RADIUS parameters that the router uses for AAA authentication and accounting for subscribers.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 30</a></li><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 31</a></li></ul> |

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## radius (Dynamic Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>radius {<br/>  vendor-id id {<br/>    attribute attribute-number;<br/>    tag tag-number;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">variables</a> ]                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure RADIUS attribute variables in a dynamic profile.<br><br>The statements are explained separately.                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li></ul> |

## radius-disconnect (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | radius-disconnect;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6 ...]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces to be reconfigured when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received by the DHCP client or group of clients. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The client is deleted when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect on page 188</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



## radius-flow-tap

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>radius-flow-tap {     forwarding-class <i>class-name</i>;     interfaces <i>interface-name</i>;     multicast-interception;     source-ipv4-address <i>ipv4-address</i>; }</pre>                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services]                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Assign parameters that are used with subscriber secure policy mirroring.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>flow-tap—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>flow-tap-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring on page 990</a></li> </ul> |

## radius-options (Edit Access)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>radius-options {     revert-interval <i>seconds</i>;     request-rate <i>rate</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure RADIUS options.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>access—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> </ul> |

## radius-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>radius-server server-address {<br/>    accounting-port port-number;<br/>    port port-number;<br/>    retry attempts;<br/>    routing-instance routing-instance-name;<br/>    secret password;<br/>    max-outstanding-requests value;<br/>    source-address source-address;<br/>    timeout seconds;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access],<br>[edit access <b>profile</b> profile-name]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure RADIUS for subscriber access management, L2TP, or PPP.</p> <p>To configure multiple RADIUS servers, include multiple <b>radius-server</b> statements. The servers are tried in order and in a round-robin fashion until a valid response is received from one of the servers or until all the configured retry limits are reached.</p>                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>server-address</b>—Address of the RADIUS authentication server.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</li><li>• Configuring the PPP Authentication Protocol</li><li>• Configuring RADIUS Authentication</li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li><li>• show network-access aaa statistics</li><li>• clear network-access aaa statistics</li></ul> |

## range (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>range <i>range-name</i> {     high <i>upper-limit</i>;     low <i>lower-limit</i>;     prefix-length <i>prefix-length</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> (inet   inet6)]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.<br>IPv6 support introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a named range of IPv4 addresses or IPv6 prefixes, used within an address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>high <i>upper-limit</i></b>—Upper limit of an address range or IPv6 prefix range.</p> <p><b>low <i>lower-limit</i></b>—Lower limit of an address range or IPv6 prefix range.</p> <p><b>prefix-length <i>prefix-length</i></b>—Assigned length of the IPv6 prefix.</p> <p><b><i>range-name</i></b>—Name assigned to the range of IPv4 addresses or IPv6 prefixes.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                              |

## rapid-commit (DHCPv6 Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | rapid-commit;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name interface interface-name overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 ...</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 ...</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 ...</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCPv6 local server to recognize the Rapid Commit option (DHCPv6 option 14) in DHCPv6 solicit messages sent from the DHCPv6 client. When rapid commit is enabled for both DHCPv6 local server and the DHCPv6 client, a two-message handshake is used instead of the standard four-message handshake. You can enable rapid commit support on DHCPv6 local server globally, for a named group, or for a specific interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Rapid commit support is not enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support on page 170</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 162</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## reachable-time (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>reachable-time <i>milliseconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the length of time that a node considers a neighbor reachable until another reachability confirmation is received from that neighbor.       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>milliseconds</i>—Reachability time limit.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 3,600,000 milliseconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 0 milliseconds</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring the Delay Before Neighbor-Discovery Neighbors Mark the Router as Down</li> </ul>             |

## rebalance-periodic (Aggregated Ethernet Subscriber Interfaces)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>rebalance-periodic time <i>hour:minute</i> &lt;interval <i>hours</i>&gt;</code>                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit interfaces ae <i>number</i> aggregated-ether-options]                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure periodic rebalancing of distribution of subscribers on an aggregated Ethernet bundle.                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>hour:minute</i>—Time at which the rebalancing occurs, in military time.</p> <p><i>hours</i>—Interval at which the rebalancing occurs, in hours. Default: 24 hours.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring Periodic Rebalancing of Subscribers in an Aggregated Ethernet Interface on page 637</a></li> </ul>            |

## realm (Diameter Origin)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>realm <i>realm-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <a href="#">origin</a> ]                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the realm of the host that originates the Diameter message.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>realm-name</i></b> —Name of the message origin realm. Supplied as the value of Origin-Realm AVP for all messages sent by the Diameter master instance.                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance on page 378</a></li></ul> |

## reconfigure (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> reconfigure {     attempts <i>attempt-count</i>;     clear-on-abort;     strict;     timeout <i>timeout-value</i>;     token <i>token-value</i>;     trigger {         radius-disconnect;     } } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable dynamic reconfiguration triggered by the DHCP local server of all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration. The <b>strict</b> statement is available only for DHCPv6.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## registration-lifetime

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>registration-lifetime seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ],<br>[edit services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure maximum period for registration lifetime that is accepted by the Mobile IP home agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>registration-lifetime seconds</b> —Maximum lifetime that the home agent accepts in any registration request. The registration lifetime is not affected if you change the system clock.<br><b>Range:</b> 7 through 65535 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 3600 seconds                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |



## relay-agent-interface-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> relay-agent-interface-id {     <i>prefix</i> <i>prefix</i>;     <i>use-interface-description</i> (logical   device); } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre> [edit forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</i>], [edit forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group</i> <i>group-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</i> ...], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</i> ...] </pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Insert the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in DHCPv6 packets destined for the DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 268</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## relay-agent-interface-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent Username)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-interface-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## relay-agent-remote-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-remote-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## relay-agent-interface-id (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-interface-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## relay-agent-remote-id (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-remote-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## relay-agent-subscriber-id (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-subscriber-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Subscriber-ID option (option 38) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## relay-agent-subscriber-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent)

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|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-subscriber-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Subscriber-ID option (option 38) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 218</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## relay-option-60

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|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>relay-option-60 {<br/>  vendor-option {<br/>    (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>) {<br/>      (relay-server-group <i>server-group-name</i>  <br/>        local-server-group <i>local-server-group-name</i>  <br/>        drop);<br/>    }<br/>    (default-relay-server-group <i>server-group-name</i>  <br/>      default-local-server-group <i>local-server-group-name</i>  <br/>      drop);<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/>  forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/>  forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b><br/> <i>group-name</i>]</p>                                                      |
| Release Information      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.<br/>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Description              | <p>Configure the extended DHCP relay agent to use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP client packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers, or to drop selected DHCP client packets. This feature is useful in network environments where DHCP clients access services provided by multiple vendors and DHCP servers.</p> <p>You can use the <b>relay-option-60</b> statement and its subordinate statements at the <b>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]</b> hierarchy level to configure option 60 support globally, or at the <b>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level to configure option 60 support for a named group of interfaces. You can also configure option 60 support for the extended DHCP relay agent on a per logical system and per routing instance basis.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li></ul> <p><a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



- Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches
- Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)
- [Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259](#)

## relay-option-82

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre> relay-option-82 {   circuit-id {     prefix <i>prefix</i>;     use-interface-description (logical   device);   } } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>]</p>                                                                    |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Description              | <p>Enable or disable the insertion of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server.</p> <p>If you enable insertion of option 82 information in DHCP packets, you must specify at least the <b>circuit-id</b> statement to include the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) of the DHCP relay agent information option.</p> <p>You can use the <b>relay-option-82</b> statement and its subordinate statements at the [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>] hierarchy level to control insertion of option 82 information globally, or at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>] hierarchy level to control insertion of option 82 information for a named group of interfaces.</p> <p>To restore the default behavior (option 82 information is not inserted into DHCP packets), use the <b>delete relay-option-82</b> statement.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information on page 263</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## relay-server-group

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>relay-server-group server-group-name;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-60 <b>vendor-option</b> (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>)]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Relay DHCP client packets to the specified group of extended DHCP relay servers when you use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers.</p> <p>If the option 60 string received in the DHCP client packet matches the ASCII or hexadecimal match string and match criteria (exact match or partial match) that you specify, the extended DHCP relay agent relays the client packets to the specified group of servers configured with the <b>server-group</b> statement at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay] hierarchy level. A server group can contain multiple server addresses and can map to more than one ASCII or hexadecimal match string.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>server-group-name</b> —Name of the extended DHCP relay server group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## remote-gateway (Tunnel Profile)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | remote-gateway {<br><b>address</b> <i>server-ip-address</i> ;<br><b>gateway-name</b> <i>server-name</i> ;<br>}                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP address and hostname of the remote gateway at the L2TP tunnel endpoint, the LNS.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li> </ul>                        |

## remote-id

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | remote-id <i>value</i> range <i>named-range</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet dhcp-attributes option-match <b>option-82</b> ]                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the address-assignment pool named range to use based on the particular option 82 Agent Remote ID value.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>range</b> <i>named-range</i>—Name of the address-assignment pool range to use.</p> <p><b>value</b>—String for Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2) of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                    |

## replace-ip-source-with

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | replace-ip-source-with giaddr;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ]<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Replace the IP source address in DHCP relay request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address on page 233</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## replay-method


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>replay-method (none   timestamp <i>seconds</i>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>].</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip peer <i>nai@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>].</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>].</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer <i>nai@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>].</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>].</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip peer <i>nai@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit services mobile-ip peer ip-address <i>address</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>],</p> <p>[edit services mobile-ip peer <i>nai@domain</i> <b>spi</b> <i>hexadecimal-value</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the replay protection method. The Identification field enables the home agent to verify that a registration message has been recently generated by the mobile node, rather than replayed by an attacker from a previous registration. You can specify a timestamp tolerance for the mobile node, which causes the request to be rejected if the tolerance is exceeded, or you can specify that the tolerance be taken from the value configured on the home agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not configure the replay protection method, then the timestamp tolerance is taken from the home agent by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Timestamp tolerance is obtained from the setting configured for the home agent</p> <p><b>timestamp <i>seconds</i></b>—Tolerance time in which a registration request timestamp and the local time of the home agent can differ.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 255 seconds</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## request-rate

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request-rate <i>rate</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | (M120, M320, and MX Series routers) Configure the number of requests the router can send per second to all configured RADIUS servers collectively. By limiting the flow of requests from the router to the RADIUS servers, you can prevent the RADIUS servers from being flooded with requests. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>rate</b> —Number of requests per second.<br><b>Range:</b> 500 through 4000 requests per second<br><b>Default:</b> 500 requests per second                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li></ul>                                                          |

## retransmission-count-established (L2TP)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <code>retransmission-count-established <i>count</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | [edit services l2tp <a href="#">tunnel</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Set the maximum number of times control messages are retransmitted for established tunnels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <div>  <p><b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, unconfigure the statement by issuing <code>no services l2tp tunnel retransmission-count-established</code>.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p><i>count</i>—Number of retransmissions.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 30</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 7</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Number of L2TP Control Message Retransmissions on page 327</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li> </ul> |

## retransmission-count-not-established (L2TP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>retransmission-count-not-established <i>count</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <a href="#">tunnel</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the maximum number of times control messages are retransmitted for tunnels that are not established.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                 | <div><div><b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> Before you downgrade to a Junos OS Release that does not support this statement, unconfigure the statement by issuing <code>no services l2tp tunnel retransmission-count-not-established</code>.</div></div> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <code><i>count</i></code> —Number of retransmissions.<br><b>Range:</b> 2 through 30<br><b>Default:</b> 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>interface</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>interface-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Number of L2TP Control Message Retransmissions on page 327</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li></ul>                       |

## retransmit-timer (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>retransmit-timer <i>milliseconds</i>;</code>                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the retransmission frequency of neighbor solicitation messages.                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <code><i>milliseconds</i></code> —Retransmission frequency.<br><b>Default:</b> 0 milliseconds                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>routing</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>routing-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Frequency of Neighbor Solicitation Messages</a></li></ul>                   |



## retry

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>retry <i>attempts</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of times that the router or switch is allowed to attempt to contact a RADIUS authentication or accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>attempts</i></b> —Number of times that the router is allowed to attempt to contact a RADIUS server.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10<br><b>Default:</b> 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">timeout on page 1610</a></li> </ul> |

## revert-interval

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>revert-interval <i>interval</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ],<br>[edit access radius-options]                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the amount of time the router or switch waits after a server has become unreachable. The router or switch rechecks the connection to the server when the specified interval expires. If the server is then reachable, it is used in accordance with the order of the server list. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>interval</i> —Amount of time to wait.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4294967295 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 60 seconds                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li></ul>                                        |

## revocation-required


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | revocation-required;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ],<br>[edit services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address ip-address</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the Mobile IP home agent to accept registration revocation requests only when the request includes the revocation extension.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The Mobile IP home agent supports registration revocation requests that include the revocation extension, but it does not require the extension.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## rewrite-rules (Dynamic CoS Interfaces)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>rewrite-rules {<br/>    dscp (rewrite-name   default);<br/>    dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name   default);<br/>    ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name   default) vlan-tag (outer   outer-and-inner);<br/>    inet-precedence (rewrite-name   default);<br/>}</pre>  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate a rewrite-rules configuration or default mapping with a specific interface in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rewrite-name</b>—Name of a <b>rewrite-rules</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service <b>rewrite-rules</b>] hierarchy level.</p> <p><b>default</b>—The default mapping.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">rewrite-rules</a></li></ul>                                                                     |

## route (Access)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>route prefix {   next-hop next-hop;   metric route-cost;   preference route-distance;   tag route-tag; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options <a href="#">access</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure the parameters for access routes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>prefix</i>—Either the specific route prefix that you want to assign to the access route or one of the following route prefix variables.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For IPv4 access routes, use the variable, <code>\$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix</code>. The route prefix variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-Route RADIUS attribute [22].</li> <li>For IPv6 access routes, use the variable, <code>\$junos-framed-route-ipv6-address-prefix</code>. The variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-IPv6-Route RADIUS attribute [99].</li> </ul> |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <code>metric</code> and <code>preference</code> statements are not supported when you specify the IPv6 route prefix variable.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                 | The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## route (Access Internal)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>route <i>subscriber-ip-address</i> {<br/>    <i>qualified-next-hop underlying-interface</i> {<br/>        <i>mac-address address</i>;<br/>    }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options <a href="#">access-internal</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure parameters for an access-internal route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>subscriber-ip-address</i>—Either the specific IP address you want to assign to the access-internal route or the subscriber IP address variable (\$junos-subscriber-ip-address). The subscriber IP address variable is dynamically replaced with the value supplied by DHCP or PPP when a subscriber logs in.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for PPP Subscriber Management on page 530</a></li></ul>                                                                                                           |

## route (Diameter Network Element)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>route <i>dne-route-name</i> {     <b>destination</b> realm <i>realm-name</i> &lt;host <i>hostname</i>&gt;;     <b>function</b> <i>function-name</i> &lt;partition <i>partition-name</i>&gt;;     <b>metric</b> <i>route-metric</i>; }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-element <i>element-name</i> <b>forwarding</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define a route reachable through the Diameter network element by associating a metric with a combination of destination and function partition.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>dne-route-name</i></b>—Route name defined for the Diameter network element.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 379</a></li> </ul>                                                                |

## router (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | router [ <i>router-address</i> ];                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ]                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify one or more routers located on the client's subnet. This statement is the equivalent of DHCP option 3.             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>router-address</i></b> —IP address of one or more routers.                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>       |

## router-advertisement (Dynamic Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | router-advertisement {...}                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols]                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable router advertisement.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring an Interface to Send Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</li></ul>  |

## routing-instance

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server server-address</a> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server server-address</a> ]                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the routing instance used to send RADIUS packets to the RADIUS server.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>routing-instance-name</i> —Routing instance name.                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring the PPP Authentication Protocol</li><li><a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li></ul> |



## routing-instance (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> ;</code>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a routing instance for a Diameter peer. Alternatively, you can include the <b>logical-system</b> statement at the [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ] hierarchy level to configure a logical and routing instance. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>routing-instance-name</i> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>Default:</b> Master routing instance                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378</a></li> </ul>                                                               |

## routing-instance (Diameter Transport)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> ;</code>                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>transport</b> <i>transport-name</i> ]                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a routing instance for the Diameter transport layer connection.                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>routing-instance-name</i> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>Default:</b> Master routing instance             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Diameter Transport on page 380</a></li> </ul> |

## routing-instance (Tunnel Profile)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;</code>                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a routing instance for a tunnel.                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>Default:</b> Routing instance <i>default</i>            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul> |

## routing-instance (PPPoE Service Name Tables)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables <i>table-name</i> service <i>service-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables <i>table-name</i> service <i>service-name</i> agent-specifier</code><br><code>aci <i>circuit-id-string</i> ari <i>remote-id-string</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Use in conjunction with the <b>dynamic-profile</b> statement at the same hierarchy levels to specify the routing instance in which to instantiate a dynamic PPPoE interface. You can associate a routing instance with a named service entry, <b>empty</b> service entry, or <b>any</b> service entry configured in a PPPoE service name table, or with an agent circuit identifier/agent remote identifier (ACI/ARI) pair defined for these services.</p> <p>The routing instance associated with a service entry in a PPPoE service name table overrides the routing instance associated with the PPPoE underlying interface on which the dynamic PPPoE interface is created.</p> <p>If you include the <b>routing-instance</b> statement at the <code>[edit protocols pppoe service-name-tables <i>table-name</i> service <i>service-name</i> agent-specifier aci <i>circuit-id-string</i> ari <i>remote-id-string</i>]</code> hierarchy level, you cannot also include the <b>static-interface</b> statement at this level. The <b>routing-instance</b> and <b>static-interface</b> statements are mutually exclusive for ACI/ARI pair configurations.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —Name of the routing instance in which the router instantiates the dynamic PPPoE interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables</li> <li><a href="#">Assigning a Dynamic Profile and Routing Instance to a Service Name or ACI/ARI Pair for Dynamic PPPoE Interface Creation on page 706</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## routing-instance-name (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the routing instance name be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. No routing instance name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default routing instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## routing-instance-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the routing instance name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. No routing instance name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default routing instance. Use the statement at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## routing-instance-name (Static Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the name of the routing instance is included as part of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in the specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 407</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## routing-instances

---

**Syntax** `routing-instances routing-instance-name {  
    interface interface-name;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit **dynamic-profiles**],

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Dynamically configure an additional routing entity for a router.

**Options** *routing-instance-name*—The routing instance variable (\$junos-routing-instance). The routing instance variable is dynamically replaced with the routing instance the accessing client uses when connecting to the router.

The remaining statement is explained separately.



**NOTE:** Though we do not recommend it, you can also enter a specific name for the routing instance, a maximum of 31 characters.

The **interface** statement is described separately.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- Configuring a Dynamic Profile for use by a Retailer in the DHCPv4 Solution

## routing-options (Dynamic Profiles)

---

**Syntax**

```
routing-options {
 access {
 route prefix {
 next-hop next-hop;
 metric route-cost;
 preference route-distance;
 tag route-tag;
 }
 }
 access-internal {
 route subscriber-ip-address {
 qualified-next-hop underlying-interface {
 mac-address address;
 }
 }
 }
 multicast {
 interface interface-name {
 no-qos-adjust;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles profile-name](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Configure protocol-independent routing properties in a dynamic profile.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Access-Internal Routes for DHCP Subscriber Management on page 529](#)



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## rpf-check (Dynamic Profiles)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>rpf-check {<br/>    mode loose;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <i>family</i> ],                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Check whether traffic is arriving on an expected path. You can include this statement with the <b>inet</b> protocol family only.</p> <p>The <b>mode</b> statement is explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring Unicast RPF</li></ul>                                                                                                                           |

## rule

---

**Syntax**     `rule rule-name {  
                  match-direction (input | output | input-output);  
                  term term-name {  
                    from {  
                      application [junos-http, junos-https, junos-httpproxy];  
                      destination-address address <except>;  
                      destination-prefix-list list-name <except>;  
                    }  
                    then {  
                      accept;  
                      rewrite {  
                        destination-address address;  
                        destination-port port;  
                      }  
                      syslog;  
                    }  
                  }  
                }`

**Hierarchy Level**     [edit services [captive-portal-content-delivery](#)]

**Release Information**     Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description**     Specify the rule the router uses when applying this service.

**Options**     *rule-name*—Identifier for the collection of terms that constitute this rule.  
  
                  The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**     services—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  services—control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**     • [Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953](#)

## rule-set

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>rule-set <i>rule-set-name</i> {<br/>    [<i>rule rule-name</i>];<br/>}</code>                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services captive-portal-content-delivery</a> ]                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the rule set the router uses when applying this service.                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>rule-set-name</i> —Identifier for the collection of rules that constitute this rule set.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li> </ul>                                  |

## scheduler (Dynamic Scheduler Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>scheduler <i>scheduler-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service scheduler-maps map-name forwarding-class class-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate a scheduler with a scheduler map in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>scheduler-name</i> —Either the specific name of the scheduler configuration block or the scheduler variable ( <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler</code> ).                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Variables Overview on page 484</a></li> </ul> |

## **scheduler-map (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>scheduler-map (<i>map-name</i>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">traffic-control-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>The <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-map</code> variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate a scheduler map name with a traffic-control profile in a dynamic profile.<br><br>The scheduler map can be defined dynamically (at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">scheduler-maps</a> ] hierarchy level) or statically (at the [edit <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">scheduler-maps</a> ] hierarchy level). |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>map-name</i> —Name of the scheduler map or the Junos predefined variable ( <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-map</code> ). When you specify the variable, the scheduler-map name is obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737</a></li><li>• <a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li></ul>                                                                                       |

## scheduler-maps (Dynamic CoS Definition)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> scheduler-maps {   map-name {     forwarding-class class-name scheduler scheduler-name;   } } </pre>                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> ]                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p>                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a scheduler map name in a dynamic profile and associate it with the scheduler configuration and forwarding class.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>map-name</b>—Name of the scheduler map.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li> </ul> |

## schedulers (Dynamic CoS Definition)

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre> schedulers {   scheduler-name {     adjust-minimum rate;     adjust-percent percentage;     buffer-size (percent percentage   remainder   temporal microseconds         \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs);     drop-profile-map loss-priority (any   low   medium-low   medium-high   high) protocol       (any   non-tcp   tcp) drop-profile (profile-name   predefined-variable);     excess-priority (low   high   \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority   none);     excess-rate (percent percentage   percent \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate);     priority (priority-level   \$junos-cos-scheduler-priority);     shaping-rate (rate   predefined-variable) &lt;burst-size bytes&gt;;     transmit-rate (rate   percent percentage   remainder   percent percentage       \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx) &lt;exact   rate-limit&gt;;   } } </pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Release Information      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>The <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler</code> predefined variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Description              | Specify scheduler name and parameter values in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Options                  | <p><b>scheduler-name</b>—Name of the scheduler to be configured or the Junos OS predefined variable (<code>\$junos-cos-scheduler</code>). The predefined variable is replaced with the scheduler name obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">scheduler on page 1559</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## secret

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>secret password;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access radius-disconnect <i>client-address</i> ],<br>[edit access <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the password to use with the RADIUS server. The secret password used by the local router or switch must match that used by the server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>password</b> —Password to use; it can include spaces if the character string is enclosed in quotation marks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li> <li>• Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</li> <li>• Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</li> <li>• Configuring the RADIUS Disconnect Server for L2TP</li> </ul> |

## secret (Tunnel Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>secret password;</code>                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the tunnel password sent to the LNS for authentication.                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>password</b> —Cleartext password.                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li> </ul> |

## send-release-on-delete (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | send-release-on-delete;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Send a release message to the DHCP (or DHCPv6) server whenever DHCP relay or relay proxy deletes a client. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 230</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted on page 249</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



## server (Dynamic PPPoE)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | server;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> unit "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">ppoe-options</a> ]                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | In a dynamic profile, configure the router to act as a PPPoE server, also known as a remote access concentrator, when a PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created.                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696</a></li><li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li></ul> |

## server-group

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>server-group {<br/>    server-group-name {<br/>        server-ip-address;<br/>    }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the name of a group of DHCP server addresses for use by the extended DHCP relay agent. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>server-group-name</b>—Name of the group of DHCP or DHCPv6 server addresses.</p> <p><b>server-ip-address</b>—IP address of the DHCP server belonging to this named server group. Use IPv6 addresses when configuring DHCPv6 support. You can configure a maximum of five IP addresses per named server group.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Server Groups on page 266</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## server-identifier (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>server-identifier <i>ipv4-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP address that is used as the source address the DHCP server includes in IP packets when communicating with clients. The address is included in the DHCP packet in option 54. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv4-address</i> —IP address.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>                                                                       |

## service (Service Accounting)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>service {   <a href="#">accounting-order</a> (activation-protocol   radius); }</pre>                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the subscriber service accounting configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 398</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Service Accounting with JSRC on page 390</a></li> </ul> |

## service (Dynamic Service Sets)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>service {<br/>  input {<br/>    service-set service-set-name {<br/>      service-filter filter-name;<br/>    }<br/>    post-service-filter filter-name;<br/>  }<br/>  output {<br/>    service-set service-set-name {<br/>      service-filter filter-name;<br/>    }<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>family</b> <i>family</i> ],<br>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> pp0 <b>unit</b> "\$junos-interface-unit" <b>family</b> <i>family</i> ] |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> pp0 <b>unit</b> "\$junos-interface-unit" <b>family</b> <i>family</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                               |
| Description              | Define the service sets and filters to be applied to an interface. This statement is not supported for <b>family inet6</b> .<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                        |
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931</a></li></ul>                                                                                               |

## service-device-pool (L2TP)

|                            |                                                                                    |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>service-device-pool <i>pool-name</i>;</code>                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit services l2tp <a href="#">tunnel-group <i>name</i></a> ]                     |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                     |
| <b>Description</b>         | Assign a pool of service interfaces to the tunnel group to balance traffic across. |



**NOTE:** The service interface configuration is required for static LNS sessions. Either the service interface configuration or the service device pool configuration can be used for dynamic LNS sessions.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name of the service device pool.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337</a></li> </ul> |

## service-device-pools (L2TP Service Interfaces)


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>service-device-pools {   pool <i>pool-name</i> {     interface <i>service-interface-name</i>;   } }</pre>                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services]                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure one or more pools of service interfaces that can be assigned to an L2TP tunnel group for traffic load-balancing. The service device pool is required for dynamic LNS sessions. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name of the service interface pool.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Pool of Inline Services Interfaces for Dynamic LNS Sessions on page 339</a></li> </ul>                                |

## service-filter (Dynamic Service Sets)


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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-filter <i>filter-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service input</a> <a href="#">service-set</a> <i>service-set-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service output</a> <a href="#">service-set</a> <i>service-set-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service input</a> <a href="#">service-set</a> <i>service-set-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service output</a> <a href="#">service-set</a> <i>service-set-name</i>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>Support at the <code>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service input</a> <a href="#">service-set</a> <i>service-set-name</i>]</code> and <code>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">pp0</a> <a href="#">unit</a> "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">family</a> <i>family</i> <a href="#">service output</a> <a href="#">service-set</a> <i>service-set-name</i>]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the filter to be applied to traffic before it is accepted for service processing. Configuration of a service filter is optional; if you include the <b>service-set</b> statement without a <b>service-filter</b> definition, the router software assumes that the match condition is true and selects the service set for processing automatically. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>filter-name</i> —Identifies the filter to be applied in service processing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>interface</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>interface-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## service-interface

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <code>service-interface <i>interface-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | [edit services l2tp <b>tunnel-group</b> <i>name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Option <b>si-fpc/pic/port</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Specify the service interface responsible for handling L2TP processing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> On MX Series routers, the service interface configuration is required for static LNS sessions. Either the service interface configuration or the service device pool configuration can be used for dynamic LNS sessions.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>interface-name</b>—Name of the service interface. The interface type depends on the line card as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>sp-fpc/pic/port</b>—On AS or Multiservices PICs on M7i, M10i, and M120 routers.</li> <li>• <b>si-fpc/pic/port</b>—On MPCs on MX Series routers.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Configuring the Local Gateway Address and PIC</li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                 |

## service-name-table

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <code>service-name-table <i>table-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">pppoe-underlying-options</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">pppoe-underlying-options</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... family pppoe] hierarchies introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Specify the PPPoE service name table assigned to a PPPoE underlying interface. This underlying interface is configured with either the <b>encapsulation ppp-over-ether</b> statement or the <b>family pppoe</b> statement; the two statements are mutually exclusive.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The [edit ... family pppoe] hierarchies are supported only on MX Series routers with Trio MPCs.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b><i>table-name</i></b> —Name of the PPPoE service name table, a string of up to 32 alphanumeric characters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring PPPoE Service Name Tables</li> <li>Assigning a Service Name Table to a PPPoE Underlying Interface</li> <li><a href="#">Configuring the PPPoE Family for an Underlying Interface on page 638</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



## service-profile (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-profile <i>dynamic-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name</b>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface interface-name</b>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name</b>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface interface-name</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server ...</b>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server ...</b>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server ...</b>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the default subscriber service, which is activated when the subscriber logs in and no other service is activated by a RADIUS server or a provisioning server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To specify the default service for all DHCP local server clients, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the [edit system services dhcp-local-server] hierarchy level.</li> <li>To specify the default service for a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i>] hierarchy level.</li> <li>To specify the default service for a particular interface within a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i>] hierarchy level.</li> <li>For DHCPv6 clients, use the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6] hierarchy level.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>dynamic-profile-name</i></b> —Name of the dynamic profile that defines the service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 144</a></li> <li><a href="#">Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 867</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 868</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## service-profile (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-profile <i>dynamic-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i></code><br><code>forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</code>                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Support at the <code>[edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b> ...]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the default subscriber service, which is activated when the subscriber logs in and no other service is activated by a RADIUS server or a provisioning server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To specify the default service for all DHCP relay agent clients, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp relay]</code> hierarchy level.</li><li>• To specify the default service for a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp relay group <i>group-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level.</li><li>• To specify the default service for a particular interface within a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level.</li></ul> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>dynamic-profile-name</i></b> —Name of the dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>interface</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>interface-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 159</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 867</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 868</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## service-set (Dynamic Service Sets)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>service-set <i>service-set-name</i> {     <i>service-filter filter-name</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit <i>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family family service input</i>],</p> <p>[edit <i>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family family service output</i>],</p> <p>[edit <i>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family family service input</i>],</p> <p>[edit <i>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family family service output</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p> <p>Support at the [edit <i>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family family service input</i>] and [edit <i>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family family service output</i>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define one or more service sets in a dynamic profile. Service sets are applied to an interface. If you define multiple service sets, the router software evaluates the filters in the order in which they appear in the configuration. Only the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) protocol family is currently supported for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.</p>                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>service-set-name</i></b>—Name of the service set.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Dynamic Service Sets Overview on page 889</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Associating Service Sets with Interfaces in a Dynamic Profile on page 931</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## services

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|                                 |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | services captive-portal-content-delivery { ... }                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit]                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the captive portal and content delivery set of the rules statements to be applied to traffic.                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li></ul>        |

## session-mode

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | session-mode (automatic   multihop   singlehop);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay<br>dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method<br><a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method<br><a href="#">bfd</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the session mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>automatic</b>—Configure single-hop BFD sessions if the peer is directly connected to the router interface and multihop BFD sessions if the peer is not directly connected to the router interface.</p> <p><b>multihop</b>—Configure multihop BFD sessions.</p> <p><b>single-hop</b>—Configure single hop BFD sessions.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## session-options

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|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>session-options {<br/>  client-group [ <i>group-names</i> ];<br/>  client-idle-timeout <i>minutes</i>;<br/>  client-session-timeout <i>minutes</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>(J Series, MX Series, and SRX Series devices) Define options that control a user's session after successful authentication.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>access—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 100</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscriber Session Options on page 102</a></li></ul> |

## shaping-rate (Dynamic Traffic Shaping and Scheduling)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>shaping-rate (rate   predefined-variable) &lt;burst-size bytes   \$junos-cos-shaping-rate-burst&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name</a> ]<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br>The <b>\$junos-cos-shaping-rate</b> variable for traffic-control profiles introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.<br>The <b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-shaping-rate</b> variable for schedulers introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Option <b>burst-size</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a shaping rate for a logical interface or a scheduler. The sum of the shaping rates for all logical interfaces on the physical interface can exceed the physical interface bandwidth. This practice is known as oversubscription of the peak information rate (PIR).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rate</b>—Peak rate in bits per second (bps). You can specify the value as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).<br/> <b>Range:</b> 1000 through 160,000,000,000 bps</p> <p><b>predefined-variable</b>—One of the following Junos predefined variables. The variable is replaced with a value obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>\$junos-cos-shaping-rate</b>—Variable for the shaping rate that is specified for the logical interface. Use this variable at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profiles profile-name</a>] hierarchy level.</li> <li><b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-shaping-rate</b>—Variable for the shaping rate that is specified for a scheduler. Use this variable at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service schedulers scheduler-name</a>] hierarchy level.</li> </ul> <p><b>burst-size bytes</b>—(Optional) Maximum burst size, in bytes.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 0 through 1,000,000,000</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-shaping-rate-burst</b>—(Optional) Variable for the burst-size that is specified for the shaping rate. Use this variable at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name class-of-service traffic-control-profile</a>] hierarchy level.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737</a></li> <li><a href="#">output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## shared-secret

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>shared-secret <i>shared-secret</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i> l2tp]                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the shared secret.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>shared-secret</i></b> —Shared secret key for authenticating the peer.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin—control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring L2TP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile</li><li><a href="#">Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331</a></li></ul> |



## short-cycle-protection (Static and Dynamic Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>short-cycle-protection &lt;lockout-time-min <i>minimum-seconds</i> lockout-time-max <i>maximum-seconds</i>&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options],</p> <p>[edit interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe]</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> family pppoe],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> pppoe-underlying-options]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to temporarily prevent (lock out) a failed or short-lived (also known as short-cycle) PPPoE subscriber session from reconnecting for a default or configurable period of time. You can optionally override the default lockout time, 1 through 300 seconds (5 minutes), by specifying the minimum lockout time and maximum lockout time as part of the <b>short-cycle-protection</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>lockout-time-min <i>minimum-seconds</i></b>—(Optional) Minimum lockout time for failed or short-lived PPPoE subscriber sessions. The <i>minimum-seconds</i> value must be less than or equal to the <i>maximum-seconds</i> value. Setting <i>minimum-seconds</i> and <i>maximum-seconds</i> to the same value causes the lockout time to become fixed at that value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 86400 (24 hours)</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 1</p> <p><b>lockout-time-max <i>maximum-seconds</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum lockout time for failed or short-lived PPPoE subscriber sessions. The <i>maximum-seconds</i> value must be equal to or greater than the <i>minimum-seconds</i> value. Setting <i>maximum-seconds</i> and <i>minimum-seconds</i> to the same value causes the lockout time to become fixed at that value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 86400 (24 hours)</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 300 (5 minutes)</p>                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Lockout of PPPoE Subscriber Sessions on page 708</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout Overview on page 689</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding the Lockout Period for PPPoE Subscriber Session Lockout on page 692</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

- For information about configuring dynamic PPPoE subscriber interfaces, see the [Junos OS Subscriber Access Configuration Guide](#)
- For information about configuring static PPPoE interfaces, see the [Junos OS Ethernet Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

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## single-rate

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|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>single-rate {<br/>  (color-aware   color-blind);<br/>  committed-information-rate <i>bps</i>;<br/>  committed-burst-size <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  excess-burst-size <i>bytes</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>name</i> ],<br>[edit firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall <a href="#">three-color-policer</a> <i>policer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles ... three-color-policer</a> <i>name</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Description              | <p>Configure a single-rate three-color policer in which marking is based on the committed information rate (CIR), committed burst size (CBS), and excess burst size (EBS).</p> <p>Packets that conform to the CIR or the CBS are assigned low loss priority (green). Packets that exceed the CIR and the CBS but are within the EBS are assigned medium-high loss priority (yellow). Packets that exceed the EBS are assigned high loss priority (red).</p> <p>Green and yellow packets are always forwarded; this action is not configurable. You can configure red packets to be discarded. By default, red packets are forwarded.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</a></li><li>• <a href="#">color-aware on page 1175</a></li><li>• <a href="#">color-blind on page 1176</a></li><li>• <a href="#">two-rate on page 1651</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## sip-server-address

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>sip-server-address <i>ipv6-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family <i>family</i> <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ]                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a SIP outbound proxy server that DHCPv6 local server clients can use. This is equivalent to DHCPv6 option 22. To specify multiple servers, add multiple <b>sip-server-address</b> statements in order of preference. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv6-address</i> —IPv6 address of a SIP outbound proxy server.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul>                                |

## sip-server-domain-name

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>sip-server-domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family <i>family</i> <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ]                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the domain name of the SIP outbound proxy server that DHCPv6 local server clients can use. This is equivalent to DHCPv6 option 21.                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>domain-name</i> —Name of the domain.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 113</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li> </ul> |

## source (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>source source;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp interface interface-name static</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP version 4 (IPv4) unicast address to send data on an interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>source</b> —IPv4 unicast address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li><li>• For information about defining an IGMP source, see “Enabling IGMP Static Group Membership” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li></ul> |

## source (Dynamic MLD Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>source ip-address {<br/>    <b>source-count</b> number;<br/>    <b>source-increment</b> increment;<br/>}</code>           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface interface-name static group multicast-group-address</b> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | IP version 6 (IPv6) unicast source address for the multicast group being configured on a dynamic interface.                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>ip-address</b> —One or more IPv6 unicast addresses.                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Enabling MLD Static Group Membership</li></ul>                                          |

## source-address

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>source-address <i>source-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i>],</code><br><code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a source address for each configured RADIUS server. Each RADIUS request sent to a RADIUS server uses the specified source address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>source-address</i></b> —Valid IPv4 address configured on one of the router or switch interfaces.<br>On M Series routers only, the source address can be an IPv6 address and the UDP source port is 514.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>admin</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>admin-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> <li>• Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</li> <li>• Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</li> </ul> |

## source-count (Dynamic MLD Interface)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>source-count <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <a href="#">mld interface</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">static group</a> <i>multicast-group-address</i> <a href="#">source</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the number of multicast source addresses that should be accepted for each static group created on dynamic interfaces.                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>number</i></b> —Number of source addresses.<br><b>Default:</b> 1<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 1024                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <code>routing</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>routing-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enabling MLD Static Group Membership</li> </ul>                                                                                                                  |

## source-gateway (Tunnel Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>source-gateway {<br/>    address <i>client-ip-address</i>;<br/>    gateway-name <i>client-name</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the IP address and hostname of the source gateway at the local L2TP tunnel endpoint, the LAC.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul>                                       |

## source-increment (Dynamic MLD Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>source-increment <i>number</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>static group</b> <i>multicast-group-address</i> <b>source</b> ]                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the number of times the address should be incremented for each static group created on the dynamic interface. The increment is specified in a format similar to an IPv6 address.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>increment</b>—Number of times the source address should be incremented.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> ::1</p> <p><b>Range:</b> ::1 through ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:</p>            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Enabling MLD Static Group Membership</a></li></ul>                                                                                            |

## source-ipv4-address

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>source-ipv4-address <i>ipv4-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">radius-flow-tap</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the source IP address used in the IP header that is prepended to mirrored packets sent to a mediation device.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv4-address</i> —IPv4 address.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | flow-tap—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>flow-tap-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Subscriber Secure Policy Overview on page 971</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview on page 987</a></li></ul> |

## spi

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>spi <i>hexadecimal-value</i> {<br/>    algorithm (hmac-md5   md5);<br/>    entity-type (host   mobility-agent);<br/>    key (hex   ascii) <i>string</i>;<br/>    replay-method (none   timestamp <i>seconds</i>);<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer</b> ip-address <i>address</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer nai</b> <i>user@domain</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer</b> ip-address <i>address</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer nai</b> <i>user@domain</i>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer</b> ip-address <i>address</i>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer nai</b> <i>user@domain</i>],<br/>[edit services <b>mobile-ip peer</b> ip-address <i>address</i>],<br/>[edit services <b>mobile-ip peer nai</b> <i>user@domain</i>]</p> |
| Release Information      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer</b> ip-address <i>address</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer nai</b> <i>user@domain</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer</b> ip-address <i>address</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer nai</b> <i>user@domain</i>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer</b> ip-address <i>address</i>], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip peer nai</b> <i>user@domain</i>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>                               |
| Description              | <p>Define the security parameter index for identifying a security context between a pair of nodes among the contexts available in the Mobility Security Association. The index selects the authentication algorithm and key.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Options                  | <p><b>hexadecimal-value</b>—Security parameter index identifier.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 100 to FFFFFFFF</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |



## ssm-map (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>ssm-map <i>ssm-map-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <a href="#">igmp interface interface-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply an SSM map to an IGMP interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ssm-map-name</i> —Name of SSM map.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li> <li>• For information about configuring SSM maps, see “Source-Specific Multicast Groups Overview” in the <a href="#">Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul> |

## ssm-map (Dynamic MLD Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>ssm-map <i>ssm-map-name</i>;</code>                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <a href="#">mld interface interface-name</a> ]                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply an SSM map to a dynamic MLD interface.                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ssm-map-name</i> —Name of SSM map.                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring SSM Mapping</a></li> </ul>                |

## static (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>static {<br/>    group group;<br/>    group group {<br/>        source source;<br/>    }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmp interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Test multicast forwarding on an interface without a receiver host.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing and trace—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control and trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li><li>• For information about testing multicast forwarding without a receiver host, see “Enabling IGMP Static Group Membership” in the <a href="#">Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</a></li></ul> |

## static (Dynamic MLD Interface)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>static {   group <i>multicast-group-address</i> {     exclude;     group-count <i>number</i>;     group-increment <i>increment</i>;     source <i>ip-address</i> {       source-count <i>number</i>;       source-increment <i>increment</i>;     }   } }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Test multicast forwarding on an interface.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing and trace—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control and trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enabling MLD Static Group Membership</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                               |

## static-subscribers

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> static-subscribers {   access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;   authentication {     password <i>password-string</i>;     username-include {       domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;       interface;       logical-system-name;       routing-instance-name;       user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;     }   }   dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {     aggregate-clients (merge   replace);   }   group <i>group-name</i> {     access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;     authentication {       password <i>password-string</i>;       username-include {         domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;         interface;         logical-system-name;         routing-instance-name;         user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;       }     }     dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {       aggregate-clients (merge   replace);     }     interface <i>interface-name</i> &lt;exclude&gt; &lt;upto <i>upto-interface-name</i>&gt;;   } } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services],<br/> [edit system services]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure and associate subscribers with statically configured interfaces for dynamic service provisioning.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404](#)

## statistics

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | statistics (time   volume-time);                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.<br>Option <b>volume-time</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router or switch to collect time statistics, or both volume and time statistics, for the sessions being managed by AAA.                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>time</b> —Collect uptime statistics only.<br><br><b>volume-time</b> —Collect both volume and uptime statistics. This option is not available for Mobile IP.                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Mobile IP Home Agent Elements and Behavior on page 457</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> </ul> |

## strict (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | strict;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify whether the server denies a client to bind when the client does not indicate that it accepts reconfigure messages. This feature is available only for DHCPv6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Accept solicit messages from clients that do not support reconfiguration and permit them to bind.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages on page 190</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## strip-domain (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | strip-domain;                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <a href="#">map</a> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Remove the domain name from the username before continuing with any AAA services specified in a domain map.                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Enabling Domain Name Stripping on page 134</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 132</a></li></ul> |

## subscriber-identification (PTSP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>subscriber-identification <i>subscriber-identification</i></code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">packet-triggered-subscribers</a> <a href="#">partition</a> radius <i>radius-partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the subscriber identification to be used in a PTSP partition. You can configure the subscriber identification only in a RADIUS partition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>subscriber-identification</i></b>—String of user-defined characters or a RADIUS attribute type that is supported by the PTSP application. To enable subscriber identification for the specified RADIUS attribute, you may configure the following RADIUS attributes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>\$attribute-1\$</code>—User-Name</li> <li>• <code>\$attribute-4\$</code>—NAS-IP-Address</li> <li>• <code>\$attribute-5\$</code>—NAS-Port</li> <li>• <code>\$attribute-8\$</code>—Framed-IP-Address</li> <li>• <code>\$attribute-32\$</code>—NAS-Identifier</li> <li>• <code>\$attribute-87\$</code>—NAS-Port-ID</li> </ul> <p>When configuring subscriber identification, you must precede the "\$" with a slash (\) to enable the CLI interface to process and store the variable correctly.</p> |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The IP address is formatted in dotted decimal notation—for example, 192.168.1.1. All the other numeric values are converted to a string of characters.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PTSP Partition on page 430</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## subscriber-management (Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>subscriber-management {<br/>  enforce-strict-scale-limit-license;<br/>  gres-route-flush-delay;<br/>  maintain-subscriber {<br/>    interface-delete;<br/>  }<br/>  traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure global services for subscriber management, such as maintaining subscribers and tracing operations.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Router to Strictly Enforce the Subscriber Scaling License on page 177</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover on page 531</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 174</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105</a></li></ul> |



## subscriber-profile

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> {   enable <i>service-name</i> {     concurrent-data-sessions <i>max-session-number</i>;   }   disable <i>service-name</i>;   max-data-sessions-per-subscriber {     limit <i>max-sub-sessions</i>;     exceed-action {       drop;       syslog;     }   } }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the subscriber profile name. A subscriber profile specifies which services should be enabled and which services should be disabled for traffic belonging to a subscriber bound to a particular subscriber profile. A subscriber is bound to a minimum of one subscriber profile at any given time.      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of the profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## swap (Dynamic VLANs)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | swap;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">input-vlan-map</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">output-vlan-map</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | For dynamic VLAN interfaces, specify the VLAN rewrite operation to replace a VLAN tag. The outer VLAN tag of the frame is overwritten with the user-specified VLAN tag information.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rewriting the VLAN Tag on Tagged Frames</li> <li>Stacking and Rewriting VLAN Tags for the Layer 2 Wholesale Solution</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## tag (Access)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>tag route-tag;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options access <a href="#">route prefix</a> ]                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamically configure the tag for an access route.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>route-tag</b> —Either the specific tag you want to assign to the access route or the tag variable ( <b>\$junos-framed-route-tag</b> ). The tag variable is dynamically replaced with the value in Framed-Route Attribute [22]. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Access Routes for Subscriber Management on page 528</a></li></ul>                                                                                         |

## tag (Dynamic Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>tag tag-number;</code>                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name variables radius vendor-id</a> ]                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a tag for a RADIUS attribute as a variable in a dynamic profile.                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>tag-number</b> —Tag number for the RADIUS attribute.                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li></ul> |

## tag-protocol-id (Dynamic VLANs)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | tag-protocol-id <i>tpid</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>input-vlan-map</b> ],<br>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>output-vlan-map</b> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | For dynamic VLAN interfaces, configure the outer TPID value. All TPIDs you include in input and output VLAN maps must be among those you specify at the <b>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>gigether-options</b> ethernet-switch-profile tag-protocol-id [ <i>tpids</i> ]]</b> hierarchy level.               |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If the <b>tag-protocol-id</b> statement is not configured, the TPID value is 0x8100.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring Inner and Outer TPIDs and VLAN IDs</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## target-logical-system (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>target-logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> {<br/>    target-routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <code>map</code> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a non-default logical system and optionally a non-default routing instance for the subscriber's interface in a domain map.</p> <p>You use the <code>target-routing-instance</code> statement at the [edit access domain map <i>domain-map-name</i>] hierarchy level to configure a non-default routing instance for the default logical system.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Default logical system for the subscriber..                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>logical-system-name</i>—Name of the logical system.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 131</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## target-routing-instance (Domain Maps)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>target-routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> <b>target-logical-system</b> <i>logical-system-name</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a non-default routing instance for the target logical system for the subscriber's interface in a domain map.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When configured at the <code>[edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level, this statement configures the routing instance used with the default target logical system.</li> <li>When configured at the <code>[edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> <b>target-logical-system</b> <i>logical-system-name</i> ]</code> hierarchy level, this statement configures the routing instance used with the specified non-default target logical system.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Default routing instance for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>routing-instance-name</i> —Name of the routing instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 131</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## targeted-distribution (Demux Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>targeted-distribution;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit interfaces demux0unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure egress data for a logical interface to be sent across a single member link in an aggregated Ethernet bundle. A backup link is provisioned with CoS scheduling resources in the event that the primary assigned link goes down. The aggregated Ethernet interface must be configured without link protection.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring the Distribution Type for Demux Subscribers on Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces on page 636</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                       |

## term

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>term <i>term-name</i> {<br/>    from {<br/>        <i>match-conditions</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    then {<br/>        <i>action</i>;<br/>        <i>action-modifiers</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    only-at-create;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall family <i>family-name</i> <a href="#">fast-update-filter</a> <i>filter-name</i> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall family <i>family-name</i> <a href="#">filter</a> <i>filter-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> ... <a href="#">filter</a> <i>filter-name</i> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define terms for fast update filters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>action</b>—(Optional) An action to take if conditions match. If you do not specify an action, the packets that match the conditions in the <b>from</b> statement are accepted.</p> <p><b>action-modifiers</b>—(Optional) One or more actions to perform on a packet.</p> <p><b>from</b>—(Optional) Match packet fields to values. If not included, all packets are considered to match and the actions and action modifiers in the <b>then</b> statement are taken.</p> <p><b>match-conditions</b>—One or more conditions to make a match.</p> <p><b>only-at-create</b>—(Optional) Specify that the term is added only when the fast update filter is first created. No subsequent changes can be made to the term in the filter. Use this option only for terms that do not include subscriber-specific data in their match conditions, such as common or default terms (for example, counting the default drop packets).</p> <p><b>term-name</b>—Name that identifies the term. The name can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-), and can be up to 64 characters long. To include spaces in the name, enclose it in quotation marks (" ").</p> <p><b>then</b>—(Optional) Actions to take on matching packets. If not included and a packet matches all the conditions in the <b>from</b> statement, the packet is accepted.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Fast Update Filters on page 917</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Terms for Fast Update Filters on page 919</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

- [Fast Update Filter Match Conditions on page 920](#)
- [Fast Update Filter Actions and Action Modifiers on page 921](#)

## term (Captive Portal Content Delivery)

**Syntax**

```
term term-name {
 from {
 application [application-name];
 destination-address address <except>;
 destination-prefix-list list-name <except>;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [services](#) captive-portal-content-delivery [rule](#) *rule-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description** Define the captive-portal-content-delivery term properties.

**Options** *term-name*—Identifier for the term.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953](#)

## tftp-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>tftp-server <i>ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server that the client uses to obtain the client configuration file. This is equivalent to DHCP option 150. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP address of the TFTP server.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                                            |



## then

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> then {     action;     &lt;action-modifiers&gt;; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">services</a> captive-portal-content-delivery <a href="#">rule</a> <i>rule-name</i> <a href="#">term</a> <i>term-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the captive-portal-content-delivery term actions and any optional action modifiers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>action</b>—Actions to accept, redirect, or rewrite packets and all subsequent packets in flows that match the rules.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>accept</b>—Accept the packets and all subsequent packets in flows that match the rules.</li> <li>• <b>redirect</b>—Redirect the packet and all subsequent packets in flows that match the rules. You can optionally configure the <i>url</i> action modifier.</li> <li>• <b>rewrite</b>— Rewrite the packet and all subsequent packets in flows that match the rules. You can optionally configure the <i>destination-address</i> and <i>destination-port</i> action modifiers.</li> <li>• <b>syslog</b>— System log information about the packet.</li> </ul> <p><b>action-modifiers (Optional)</b>—Additional actions to accept, redirect, or rewrite packets and all subsequent packets in flows that match the rules.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>destination-address</i> —(Optional) Destination address of the rewrite packet.</li> <li>• <i>destination-port</i> —(Optional) Destination address and destination port of the rewrite packet.</li> <li>• <i>url</i>—(Optional) URL of the redirect packet.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Junos OS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |


## three-color-policer (Configuring)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>three-color-policer <i>policer-name</i> {<br/>  action {<br/>    loss-priority high then discard;<br/>  }<br/>  logical-interface-policer;<br/>  physical-interface-policer;<br/>  single-rate {<br/>    (color-aware   color-blind);<br/>    committed-information-rate <i>bps</i>;<br/>    committed-burst-size <i>bytes</i>;<br/>    excess-burst-size <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  }<br/>  two-rate {<br/>    (color-aware   color-blind);<br/>    committed-information-rate <i>bps</i>;<br/>    committed-burst-size <i>bytes</i>;<br/>    peak-information-rate <i>bps</i>;<br/>    peak-burst-size <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> firewall],<br>[edit firewall],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br><b>action</b> statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.2.<br>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles ... firewall</b> ] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description              | Configure a three-color policer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Options                  | <b><i>policer-name</i></b> —Name of the three-color policer. Reference this name when you apply the policer to an interface.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Required Privilege Level | firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Statement Hierarchy for Configuring Policers</li><li>• Three-Color Policer Configuration Guidelines</li><li>• Basic Single-Rate Three-Color Policers</li><li>• Basic Two-Rate Three-Color Policers</li><li>• Two-Color and Three-Color Logical Interface Policers</li><li>• Two-Color and Three-Color Physical Interface Policers</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |


- Two-Color and Three-Color Policers at Layer 2

## threshold (detection-time)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <code>threshold <i>milliseconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">detection-time</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Specify the threshold for the adaptation of the detection time. When the BFD session detection time adapts to a value equal to or greater than the threshold, a single trap and a single system log message are sent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The threshold time must be greater than or equal to the <code>minimum-interval</code> or the <code>minimum-receive-interval</code>.</p> </div> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p><i>milliseconds</i>— Value for the detection time adaptation threshold.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 255,000</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## threshold (transmit-interval)

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|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | threshold <i>milliseconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | [edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method bfd <a href="#">transmit-interval</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Specify the threshold for detecting the adaptation of the transmit interval. When the BFD session transmit interval adapts to a value greater than the threshold, a single trap and a single system message are sent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <i>milliseconds</i> —<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4,294,967,295 ( $2^{32} - 1$ )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> The threshold value specified in the threshold statement must be greater than the value specified in the minimum-interval statement for the transmit-interval statement.</div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## timeout (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>timeout <i>timeout-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... dhcpv6 ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the initial value in seconds between attempts to reconfigure all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>timeout-value</i></b>—Initial retry timeout value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 2 seconds</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients on page 187</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## timeout (RADIUS)

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>timeout seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the amount of time that the local router or switch waits to receive a response from a RADIUS server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Amount of time to wait.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 90 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 3 seconds                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>system</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>system-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 22</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li><li>• Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</li><li>• Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</li></ul> |

## timestamp-tolerance

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>timestamp-tolerance <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address</a> <i>ip-address</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address</a> <i>ip-address</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address</a> <i>ip-address</i>],</p> <p>[edit services mobile-ip home-agent virtual-network <a href="#">home-agent-address</a> <i>ip-address</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the acceptable difference between a registration request timestamp and the local time of the home agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>timestamp-tolerance <i>seconds</i></b>—Acceptable difference in time between a registration request timestamp and the local time of the home agent.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 255 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 7 seconds</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## token (DHCP Local Server)

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|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>token <i>token-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... dhcpv6 ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a plain-text token for all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces. The token enables rudimentary entity authentication to protect against inadvertently instantiated DHCP servers. A null token (empty string) indicates that the configuration token functionality is not enabled. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration. For more information about tokens, see RFC 3118, <i>Authentication for DHCP Messages</i>, section 4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>token-value</i></b>—Plain-text alphanumeric string.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> null (empty string)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication on page 189</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



## tos-reflect (L2TP)

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | tos-reflect;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp <b>tunnel-group</b> <i>name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the LNS to reflect the IP ToS value in the inner IP header to the outer IP header. When CoS rewrite rules are also configured ([ <b>edit class-of-service interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>rewrite-rules</b> ]), the rewrite is performed only on the inner IP ToS; the outer IP TOS value is not affected. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring Access Profiles for L2TP Tunnel Groups</li><li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic CoS for an L2TP LNS Inline Service on page 774</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                       |

## trace (DHCP Local Server)

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trace;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable trace operations for a group of interfaces or for a specific interface within a group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 196</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 200</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## trace (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trace;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable trace operations for a group of interfaces or for a specific interface within a group. Use the statement at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)</li> <li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li> <li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 196</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 200</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## traceoptions (General Authentication Service)

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|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes general-authentication-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure tracing options for the general authentication service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>address-assignment</b>—Trace address-assignment pool events</li><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all tracing operations</li><li>• <b>configuration</b>—Trace configuration events</li><li>• <b>framework</b>—Trace authentication framework events</li><li>• <b>gx-plus</b>—Trace Gx-Plus events</li><li>• <b>jsrc</b>—Trace JSRC events</li><li>• <b>ldap</b>—Trace LDAP authentication events</li><li>• <b>local-authentication</b>—Trace local authentication events</li><li>• <b>radius</b>—Trace RADIUS authentication events</li></ul> <p><b>match <i>regular-expression</i></b>—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.</p> <p><b>no-remote-trace</b>—Disable remote tracing.</p> <p><b>no-world-readable</b>—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.</p> <p><b>size <i>maximum-file-size</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to</p> |

indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 120</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## traceoptions (ANCP)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i> &lt;disable&gt;;<br/>    level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit protocols <b>ancp</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for ANCP processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>— Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. Include the <b>disable</b> option after a flag to disable tracing for that flag. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li><li>• <b>config</b>—Trace configuration events.</li><li>• <b>cos</b>—Trace class-of-service events.</li><li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general flow.</li><li>• <b>packet</b>—Trace ANCP packet transmit and receive operations.</li><li>• <b>process</b>—Trace process internals.</li><li>• <b>protocol</b>—Trace protocol events.</li><li>• <b>restart</b>—Trace process restart flow</li><li>• <b>routing-socket</b>—Trace routing socket events.</li><li>• <b>session</b>—Trace connection events and flow.</li><li>• <b>startup</b>—Trace ANCP startup events and flow.</li><li>• <b>subscriber</b>—Trace subscriber events.</li><li>• <b>timer</b>—Trace timer processing.</li></ul> <p><b>level</b>—Level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:</p> |

- **all**—Match all levels.
- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing ANCP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 1054</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## traceoptions (Captive Portal Content Delivery)

---

**Syntax** traceoptions {  
    file *filename* <files *number*> <match *regular-expression*> <size *size*> <world-readable |  
        no-world-readable>;  
    flag configuration;  
    flag general;  
    flag gres;  
    flag rtsock;  
    flag statistics;  
    flag "all";  
    no-remote-trace;  
}

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [servicescaptive-portal-content-delivery](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.  
Support at the [edit [services captive-portal-content-delivery](#)] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description** Define tracing operations for captive-portal-content-delivery processes.

**Options** file *filename*—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory **/var/log**. Ensure that filenames are unique for each logical system or routing instance in which Mobile IP is configured.



**NOTE:** Global messages (common to all logical systems and routing instances) are always saved in **/var/log/mipd**. Messages that are specific to a logical system or routing instance are never saved in **/var/log/mipd**. If you do not configure a trace filename for a logical system or routing instance, then nothing is traced for that entity.

**size *size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file, in kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** **xk** to specify KB, **xm** to specify MB, or **xg** to specify GB

**Range:** 10 KB through 1 GB

**Default:** 128 KB

**files *number***—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files. When a trace file named **trace-file** reaches its maximum size, it is renamed **trace-file.0**, then **trace-file.1**, and so on, until the maximum number of trace files is reached. Then the oldest trace file is overwritten. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the **size** option.

**Range:** 2 through 1000

**Default:** 3 files



**flag flag**—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple **flag** statements. You can include the following flags:

- **all**—Trace all operations.
- **configuration**—Trace home agent state machine operations.
- **general**—Trace general operations.
- **gres**—Trace graceful routing switchover operations.
- **rtsock**—Trace routing socket operations.
- **statistics**—Trace statistics operations.

**Required Privilege Level**    trace—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                      trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Redirecting HTTP Requests Overview on page 953](#)

## traceoptions (DHCP)

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes dhcp-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Define global tracing operations for extended DHCP local server and extended DHCP relay agent processes.</p> <p>Replaces deprecated <b>traceoptions</b> statements at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay] and [edit system services dhcp-local-server] hierarchy levels.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all events.</li><li>• <b>auth</b>—Trace authentication events.</li><li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li><li>• <b>fwd</b>—Trace firewall process events.</li><li>• <b>general</b>—Trace miscellaneous events.</li><li>• <b>ha</b>—Trace high availability-related events.</li><li>• <b>interface</b>—Trace interface operations.</li><li>• <b>io</b>—Trace I/O operations.</li><li>• <b>packet</b>—Trace packet and option decoding operations.</li><li>• <b>performance</b>—Trace performance measurement operations.</li><li>• <b>profile</b>—Trace profile operations.</li><li>• <b>rpd</b>—Trace routing protocol process events.</li></ul> |

- **rtsock**—Trace routing socket operations.
- **session-db**—Trace session database events.
- **state**—Trace changes in state.
- **statistics**—Trace baseline statistics.
- **ui**—Trace user interface operations.

**level**—Level of tracing to perform; also known as severity level. You can specify any of the following levels:

- **all**—Match all levels.
- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access, allowing only the user **root** and users who have the Junos OS **maintenance** permission to access the trace files.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | • <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 196</a> |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|

## traceoptions (Diameter Base Protocol)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes diameter-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing options for Diameter processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the filename within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations</li><li>• <b>application</b>—Trace Diameter application interface events</li><li>• <b>configuration</b>—Trace configuration events</li><li>• <b>daemon</b>—Trace Diameter daemon level events</li><li>• <b>diameter-instance</b>—Trace Diameter instance events</li><li>• <b>dne</b>—Trace Diameter network element events</li><li>• <b>framework</b>—Trace Diameter framework events</li><li>• <b>memory-management</b>—Trace memory management events</li><li>• <b>messages</b>—Trace Diameter messages</li><li>• <b>node</b>—Trace Diameter node events</li><li>• <b>peer</b>—Trace Diameter peer events</li></ul> <p><b>level</b>—Level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Match all levels.</li><li>• <b>error</b>—Match error conditions.</li></ul> |

- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 381</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## traceoptions (L2TP)

---

**Syntax**    `traceoptions {  
          debug-level level;  
          file filename <files number> <match regular-expression > <size maximum-file-size>  
                  <world-readable | no-world-readable>;  
          filter {  
            protocol name;  
            user-name username;  
          }  
          flag flag;  
          interfaces interface-name {  
            debug-level level;  
            flag flag;  
          }  
          level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);  
          no-remote-trace;  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit services [l2tp](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description**    Define tracing operations for L2TP processes.

**Options**    **debug-level *level***—Trace level for PPP, L2TP, RADIUS, and UDP; this option does not apply to L2TP on MX Series routers:

- **detail**—Trace detailed debug information.
- **error**—Trace error information.
- **packet-dump**—Trace packet decoding information.

**file *filename***—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory **/var/log**.

**files *number***—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the **size** option.

**Range:** 2 through 1000

**Default:** 3 files

**filter protocol *name***—Additional filter for the specified protocol; this option does not apply to L2TP on MX Series routers:

- **l2tp**
- **ppp**
- **radius**
- **udp**

**filter user-name** *username*—Additional filter for the specified username; this option does not apply to L2TP on MX Series routers.

**flag** *flag*—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple **flag** statements. You can include the following flags:

- **all**—Trace all operations.
- **configuration**—Trace configuration events.
- **events**—Trace interface events.
- **general**—Trace general events.
- **gres**—Trace GRES events.
- **init**—Trace daemon initialization.
- **ipc-rx**—Trace IPC receive events.
- **ipc-tx**—Trace IPC transmit events.
- **memory**—Trace memory management code.
- **message**—Trace message processing code.
- **packet-error**—Trace packet error events.
- **parse**—Trace parsing events.
- **protocol**—Trace L2TP events.
- **receive-packets**—Trace received L2TP packets.
- **routing-process**—Trace routing process interactions.
- **routing-socket**—Trace routing socket events.
- **session-db**—Trace session database interactions.
- **states**—Trace state machine events.
- **timer**—Trace timer events.
- **transmit-packets**—Trace transmitted L2TP packets.
- **tunnel**—Trace tunnel events.

**interfaces *interface-name***—Apply L2TP traceoptions to a specific services interface. This option does not apply to L2TP on MX Series routers.

- **debug-level *level***—Trace level for the interface; this option does not apply to L2TP on MX Series routers:
  - **detail**—Trace detailed debug information.
  - **error**—Trace error information.
  - **extensive**—Trace all PIC debug information.
- **flag *flag***—Tracing operation to perform for the interface. This option does not apply to L2TP on MX Series routers. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple **flag** statements. You can include the following flags:
  - **all**—Trace everything.
  - **ipc**—Trace L2TP Inter-Process Communication (IPC) messages between the PIC and the Routing Engine.
  - **packet-dump**—Dump each packet content based on debug level.
  - **protocol**—Trace L2TP, PPP, and multilink handling.
  - **system**—Trace packet processing on the PIC.

**level**—Specify level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:

- **all**—Match all levels.
- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.



|                              |                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b>    | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Level</b>                 | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Tracing L2TP Operations</li><li>• <a href="#">Tracing L2TP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 341</a></li></ul> |

## traceoptions (Mobile IP)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services<br/>  <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services <b>mobile-ip</b>],<br/>[edit services <b>mobile-ip</b>]</pre>                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support at the <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...]</code> , <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> , and <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5. |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for Mobile IP processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>             | <b>file <i>filename</i></b> — Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code> . Ensure that filenames are unique for each logical system or routing instance in which Mobile IP is configured.                                                                       |



**NOTE:** Global messages (common to all logical systems and routing instances) are always saved in `/var/log/mipd`. Messages that are specific to a logical system or routing instance are never saved in `/var/log/mipd`. If you do not configure a trace filename for a logical system or routing instance, then nothing is traced for that entity.

**files *number***—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the **size** option.

**Range:** 2 through 1000

**Default:** 3 files

**flag *flag***—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple **flag** statements. You can include the following flags:

- **all**—Trace all operations.
- **authentication**—Trace authentication operations.
- **binding**—Trace bindings.

- **event**—Trace events.
- **ha-fsm**—Trace home agent state machine operations.
- **home-agent**—Trace home agent operations.
- **interface-database**—Trace interface database operations.
- **packet**—Trace packet decoding operations.
- **protocol**—Trace protocol operations.
- **rtsock**—Trace routing socket operations.
- **session-db**—Trace session database events.
- **signal**—Trace signal operations.
- **subscriber**—Trace subscriber events.
- **timer**—Trace timer events.
- **trace**—Trace changes in tracing.
- **tunnel**—Trace tunneling operations.
- **user-interface**—Trace user interface events.

**level**—Specify level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:

- **all**—Match all levels.
- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** **size***k* to specify KB, **size***m* to specify MB, or **size***g* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                              |                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b>    | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                               |
| <b>Level</b>                 | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Mobile IP Operations for Subscriber Access on page 473</a></li></ul> |

## traceoptions (PTSP)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;     &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i> &lt;disable&gt;;     no-remote-trace; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system services <a href="#">packet-triggered-subscribers</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for PTSP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li> <li>• <b>configuration</b>—Trace configuration events.</li> <li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general flow.</li> <li>• <b>peer</b>—Trace SRC peer events.</li> <li>• <b>pic</b>—Trace PIC events.</li> <li>• <b>rtsock</b>—Trace routing socket events.</li> <li>• <b>session</b>—Trace session events.</li> </ul> <p><b>disable</b>—Disable this trace flag.</p> <p><b>match <i>regular-expression</i></b>—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.</p> <p><b>no-remote-trace</b>—Disable remote tracing.</p> <p><b>no-world-readable</b>—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.</p> <p><b>size <i>maximum-file-size</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the <b>files</b> option.</p> |

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Packet-Triggered Subscriber Operations on page 431</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## traceoptions (Static Subscribers)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i>&gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;     &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i>;     level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);     no-remote-trace; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>],</p> <p>[edit system processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for static subscriber processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li> <li>• <b>authentication</b>—Trace authentication events.</li> <li>• <b>configuration</b>—Trace configuration events.</li> <li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li> <li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general events.</li> <li>• <b>gres</b>—Trace GRES events.</li> <li>• <b>profile</b>—Trace dynamic profile events.</li> <li>• <b>rtsock</b>—Trace routing socket events.</li> <li>• <b>statistics</b>—Trace statistics events.</li> <li>• <b>subscriber</b>—Trace subscriber events.</li> </ul> <p><b>level</b>—Level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Match all levels.</li> </ul> |

- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—(Optional) Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                                 |                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                 |
|                                 | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 413</a></li></ul> |



## traceoptions (Subscriber Management)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;     &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i>; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system services <a href="#">subscriber-management</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for subscriber management interface processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the filename within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li> <li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li> <li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general events.</li> <li>• <b>issu</b>—Trace unified ISSU events.</li> <li>• <b>server</b>—Trace server events.</li> <li>• <b>session-db</b>—Trace session database interactions.</li> <li>• <b>ui</b>—Trace user interface events.</li> </ul> <p><b>match <i>regular-expression</i></b>—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.</p> <p><b>no-world-readable</b>—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.</p> <p><b>size <i>maximum-file-size</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the <b>files</b> option.</p> <p><b>Syntax:</b> <b>sizek</b> to specify KB, <b>sizem</b> to specify MB, or <b>sizeg</b> to specify GB</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 10240 through 1073741824</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 128 KB</p> |

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

**Required Privilege** trace—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 105](#)

## traceoptions (Subscriber Session Database Replication)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;     &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i>;     no-remote-trace; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system services <a href="#">database-replication</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for subscriber management session database replication processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li> <li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li> <li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general flow.</li> <li>• <b>mirror</b>—Trace mirroring events.</li> <li>• <b>replication</b>—Trace database replication events.</li> <li>• <b>server</b>—Trace server events.</li> <li>• <b>session-db</b>—Trace session database interactions.</li> <li>• <b>ui</b>—Trace user interface events.</li> </ul> <p><b>match <i>regular-expression</i></b>—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.</p> <p><b>no-remote-trace</b>—Disable remote tracing.</p> <p><b>no-world-readable</b>—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.</p> <p><b>size <i>maximum-file-size</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to</p> |

indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

**Required Privilege Level** trace—To view this statement in the configuration.  
trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 108](#)

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## traffic-control-profiles (Dynamic CoS Definition)

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**Syntax** `traffic-control-profiles profile-name {  
    adjust-minimum rate;  
    delay-buffer-rate (percent percentage | rate);  
    excess-rate (percent percentage | proportion value | percent $junos-cos-excess-rate);  
    excess-rate-high (percent percentage | proportion value);  
    excess-rate-low (percent percentage | proportion value);  
    guaranteed-rate (percent percentage | rate) <burst-size bytes>;  
    overhead-accounting (frame-mode | cell-mode) <bytes byte-value>;  
    scheduler-map map-name;  
    shaping-rate (percent percentage | rate | predefined-variable) <burst-size bytes>;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles](#) *profile-name* [class-of-service](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure traffic shaping and scheduling profiles.

**Options** *profile-name*—Name of the traffic-control profile.  
  
The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [Configuring Traffic Scheduling and Shaping for Subscriber Access on page 737](#)
- [Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 865](#)
- [output-traffic-control-profile on page 1449](#)

## transmit-interval

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>transmit-interval {     threshold <i>milliseconds</i>;     minimum-interval <i>milliseconds</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/>         [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>], [edit forwarding-options<br/>         dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/>         [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/>         [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method<br/> <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method<br/> <a href="#">bfd</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) transmit interval.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## transmit-rate (Dynamic Schedulers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>transmit-rate (rate   percent <i>percentage</i>   remainder   percent <i>percentage</i> \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx) &lt;exact   rate-limit&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">schedulers</a> <i>scheduler-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>The <code>\$junos-cos-scheduler-tx</code> predefined variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the transmit rate or percentage for a scheduler in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include this statement, the default scheduler transmission rate and buffer size percentages for queues 0 through 7 are 95, 0, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, and 0 percent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rate</b>—Transmission rate, in bps. You can specify a value in bits per second either as a complete decimal number or as a decimal number followed by the abbreviation <b>k</b> (1000), <b>m</b> (1,000,000), or <b>g</b> (1,000,000,000).<br/><b>Range:</b> 3200 through 160,000,000,000 bps</p> <p><b>percent <i>percentage</i></b>—Percentage of transmission capacity. A percentage of zero drops all packets in the queue.<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent</p> <p><b>remainder</b>—Use remaining rate available.</p> <p><b>\$junos-cos-scheduler-tx</b>—Junos predefined variable that is replaced with the transmission rate obtained from the RADIUS server when a subscriber authenticates over the interface to which the dynamic profile is attached.</p> <p><b>exact</b>—(Optional) Enforce the exact transmission rate. Under sustained congestion, a rate-controlled queue that goes into negative credit fills up and eventually drops packets. Make sure this value never exceeds the rate-controlled amount.</p> <p><b>rate-limit</b>—(Optional) Limit the transmission rate to the rate-controlled amount during congestion. In contrast to the <b>exact</b> option, when there is no congestion, the scheduler with the <b>rate-limit</b> option shares unused bandwidth above the rate-controlled amount.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>interface</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>interface-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Schedulers in a Dynamic Profile for Subscriber Access on page 739</a></li><li>• <a href="#">scheduler on page 1559</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## transport (Diameter Base Protocol)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>transport <i>transport-name</i> {     address;     logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> &gt;;     routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">diameter</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the Diameter instance and the local IP address for the Diameter local transport connection.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>transport-name</i>—Name of the transport.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Diameter Transport on page 380</a></li> </ul>                                      |

## transport (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | transport <i>transport-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter peer <i>peer-name</i> <a href="#">connect-actively</a> ]                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the transport layer connection to be used for establishing active connections to the peer.                                                                     |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The transport is defined in the default logical system and master routing instance.                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>transport-name</i> —Name of the transport.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 378</a></li> </ul> |

## trigger (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>trigger {     radius-disconnect; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6 ...]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure behavior in response to a trigger for all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Extended DHCP Local Server Dynamic Client Reconfiguration on page 185</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect on page 188</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">radius-disconnect on page 1516</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |



## trust-option-82

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trust-option-82;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable processing of DHCP client packets that have a gateway IP address (giaddr) of 0 (zero) and contain option 82 information. By default, the DHCP relay agent treats such packets as if they originated at an untrusted source, and drops them without further processing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## tunnel (L2TP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>tunnel {<br/>  <b>assignment-id-format</b> (assignment-id   client-server-id);<br/>  <b>idle-timeout</b> <i>seconds</i>;<br/>  <b>retransmission-count-established</b> <i>count</i>;<br/>  <b>retransmission-count-not-established</b> <i>count</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <b>l2tp</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure L2TP tunnel characteristics.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LAC on page 320</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces on page 329</a></li></ul>                                                                    |

## tunnel (Tunnel Profile)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> tunnel <i>tunnel-id</i> {   <i>identification name</i>;   <i>logical-system logical-system-name</i>;   <i>max-sessions number</i>;   <i>medium type</i>;   <i>preference number</i>;   <i>remote-gateway</i> {     <i>address server-ip-address</i>;     <i>gateway-name server-name</i>;   }   <i>routing-instance routing-instance-name</i>;   <i>secret password</i>;   <i>source-gateway</i> {     <i>address client-ip-address</i>;     <i>gateway-name client-name</i>;   }   <i>type tunnel-type</i>; } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <i>tunnel-profile profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the attributes of a tunnel for the tunnel profile. You can define up to 31 tunnels for each tunnel profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>tunnel-id</i>—Unique integer that identifies a tunnel defined within a profile. For a subscriber, RADIUS attributes and VSAs can supply or override the attributes defined here for the tunnel.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 31</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## tunnel-group

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**Syntax**    `tunnel-group group-name {  
          aaa-access-profile profile-name;  
          dynamic-profile profile-name;  
          hello-interval seconds;  
          hide-avps;  
          l2tp-access-profile profile-name;  
          local-gateway address address;  
          maximum-send-window packets;  
          ppp-access-profile profile-name;  
          receive-window packets;  
          retransmit-interval seconds;  
          service-device-pool pool-name;  
          service-interface interface-name;  
          syslog {  
              host hostname {  
                  services severity-level;  
                  facility-override facility-name;  
                  log-prefix prefix-value;  
              }  
          }  
          tos-reflect;  
          tunnel-timeout seconds;  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit services [l2tp](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description**    Specify the L2TP tunnel properties.



.....  
**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.  
.....

**Options**    *group-name*—Identifier for the tunnel group.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring L2TP Tunnel Groups](#)
- [Configuring an L2TP Tunnel Group for LNS Sessions with Inline Services Interfaces on page 337](#)

## tunnel-profile (Domain Maps)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> ;                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Tunnel profile that provides definitions for tunnels associated with the domain map.                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of tunnel profile.                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map on page 134</a></li></ul> |

## tunnel-profile (Tunnel Profile)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> {<br/>  tunnel <i>tunnel-id</i> {<br/>    identification <i>name</i>;<br/>    logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>;<br/>    max-sessions <i>number</i>;<br/>    medium <i>type</i>;<br/>    preference <i>number</i>;<br/>    remote-gateway {<br/>      address <i>server-ip-address</i>;<br/>      gateway-name <i>server-name</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;<br/>    secret <i>password</i>;<br/>    source-gateway {<br/>      address <i>client-ip-address</i>;<br/>      gateway-name <i>client-name</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    type <i>tunnel-type</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Description              | Define a tunnel profile for subscriber access.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Options                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Unique name that identifies the tunnel profile. The profile can be referenced from within a domain map or by the RADIUS Tunnel-Group VSA [26-64].</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## two-rate

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>two-rate {   (color-aware   color-blind);   committed-information-rate <i>bps</i>;   committed-burst-size <i>bytes</i>;   peak-information-rate <i>bps</i>;   peak-burst-size <i>bytes</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> firewall three-color-policer <i>name</i>], [edit firewall three-color-policer <i>policer-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> firewall three-color-policer <i>policer-name</i>]</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles ... three-color-policer <i>name</i>]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a two-rate three-color policer in which marking is based on the committed information rate (CIR), committed burst size (CBS), peak information rate (PIR), and peak burst size (PBS).</p> <p>Packets that conform to the CIR or the CBS are assigned low loss priority (green). Packets that exceed the CIR and the CBS but are within the PIR or the PBS are assigned medium-high loss priority (yellow). Packets that exceed the PIR and the PBS are assigned high loss priority (red).</p> <p>Green and yellow packets are always forwarded; this action is not configurable. You can configure red packets to be discarded. By default, red packets are forwarded.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>firewall—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>firewall-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Three-Color Policer Configuration Overview</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">color-aware on page 1175</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">color-blind on page 1176</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">single-rate on page 1582</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## tx-connect-speed-method (L2TP LAC)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | tx-connect-speed-method (advisory   dsl-forum);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services l2tp]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the method that determines the connection speed values speed sent from the LAC to the LNS in Incoming-Call-Connected (ICCN) messages. The transmit connect speed is sent in (Tx) Connect Speed BPS AVP 24 and the receive speed is sent in Rx Connect Speed AVP 38.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Default</b>                  | advisory                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>advisory</b>—Speeds are derived from the recommended (advisory) shaping rate configured on the PPPoE logical interface underlying the subscriber interface. AVP 24 is the downstream rate. AVP 38 is the upstream rate and is sent only when the recommended upstream rate differs from the downstream rate. If the advisory speed is not configured on the underlying interface, then the speed is set to 1 Gbps and sent in both AVP 24 and AVP 38.</p> <p><b>dsl-forum</b>—Speeds are derived from the DSL Forum PPPoE IA tags. AVP 24 is the value of Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream (VSA 26-129). AVP 38 is the value of Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream (26-130), and is sent only when the VSA values differ.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Method to Set the LAC Connection Speeds to the LNS on page 325</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |



## type (Tunnel Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>type <i>tunnel-type</i>;</code>                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>tunnel</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ]                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the tunnel type (protocol).                                                                                                |
| <b>Default</b>                  | l2tp                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>tunnel-type</i></b> —Tunnel protocol type. The only value currently available is <b>l2tp</b> .                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access on page 321</a></li> </ul> |


## uid

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>uid;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>variables</b> <i>variable-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure RADIUS to return a value for a user-defined variable. If RADIUS does not return a value for the variable, the dynamic profile fails.</p> <p>When a dynamic profile has mandatory and non-mandatory variables, configure mandatory variables first in the profile.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                |

## underlying-interface (demux0)

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <code>underlying-interface <i>underlying-interface-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <a href="#">demux0</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>unit</i> <a href="#">logical-unit-number</a> <a href="#">demux-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.<br>Support for aggregated Ethernet introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Configure the underlying interface on which the demultiplexing (demux) interface is running.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p><b><i>underlying-interface-name</i></b>—Either the specific name of the interface on which the DHCP discover packet arrives or one of the following interface variables:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b><i>\$junos-underlying-interface</i></b> when configuring dynamic IP demux interfaces.</li><li>• <b><i>\$junos-interface-ifd-name</i></b> when configuring dynamic VLAN demux interfaces.</li></ul> <p>The variable is used to specify the underlying interface when a new demux interface is dynamically created. The variable is dynamically replaced with the underlying interface that DHCP supplies when the subscriber logs in.</p> |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Logical demux interfaces are currently supported on Gigabit Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, or aggregated Ethernet interfaces.</div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <code>interface</code> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><code>interface-control</code> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces on page 574</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 575</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580</a></li><li>• For information about static underlying interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li></ul>     |

## underlying-interface (Dynamic PPPoE)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>underlying-interface <i>interface-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <code>pp0</code> unit "\$junos-interface-unit" <a href="#">ppoe-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | In a dynamic profile, configure the underlying interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>interface-name</i></b> —Variable used to specify the name of the underlying interface on which the PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created. In the <b>underlying-interface</b> <b><i>interface-name</i></b> statement for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces, you must use the predefined variable <b>\$junos-underlying-interface</b> in place of <b><i>interface-name</i></b> . When the router creates the dynamic PPPoE interface, the <b>\$junos-underlying-interface</b> predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the name of the underlying interface supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696</a></li> <li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## unit (Dynamic Demux Interface)

**Syntax**

```

unit logical-unit-number {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name
 }
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 demux-source {
 source-address;
 }
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
 }
 mac-validate (loose | strict):
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 service-name-table table-name
 short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
 unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
 }
 filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
 }
}
vlan-id number;

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit **dynamic-profiles** *profile-name* **interfaces** **demux0**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Configure a dynamic logical interface on the physical device. You must configure a logical interface to be able to use the physical device.

**Options** **logical-unit-number**—Either the specific unit number of the interface or the unit number variable (**\$junos-interface-unit**). The variable is used to specify the unit of the interface when a new demux interface is dynamically created. The static unit number variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number that DHCP supplies when the subscriber logs in.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 579](#)
- For information about static IP demux interfaces, see the [Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide](#)

## unit (Dynamic PPPoE)

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>unit logical-unit-number {   keepalives interval seconds;   no-keepalives;   pppoe-options {     underlying-interface interface-name;     server;   }   ppp-options {     chap;     pap;   }   family inet {     unnumbered-address interface-name destination address;     address address;     service {       input {         service-set service-set-name {           service-filter filter-name;         }         post-service-filter filter-name;       }       output {         service-set service-set-name {           service-filter filter-name;         }       }     }     filter {       input filter-name {         precedence precedence;       }       output filter-name {         precedence precedence;       }     }   }   filter {     input filter-name;     output filter-name;   } }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <b>pp0</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>         | In a dynamic profile, configure a logical unit number for the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. You must configure a logical interface to be able to use the router.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>             | <b>logical-unit-number</b> —Variable used to specify the unit number when the PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created. In the <b>unit logical-unit-number</b> statement for dynamic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

PPPoE logical interfaces, you must use the predefined variable **\$junos-interface-unit** in place of *logical-unit-number*. The **\$junos-interface-unit** predefined variable is dynamically replaced with the unit number supplied by the router when the subscriber logs in.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                   |
|                                 | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | • <a href="#">Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696</a>                                                  |
|                                 | • For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <i>Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i> |

## unit (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> unit logical-unit-number {   classifiers {     type (classifier-name   default);   }   output-traffic-control-profile (profile-name   \$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile);   rewrite-rules {     dscp (rewrite-name   default);     dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name   default);     ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name   default) vlan-tag (outer   outer-and-inner);     inet-precedence (rewrite-name   default);   } } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>class-of-service</b> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i>]</p> <p>[edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <b>interface-set</b> <i>interface-set-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Support at the [edit <b>dynamic-profiles</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>class-of-service</b> <b>interfaces</b> <b>interface-set</b> <i>interface-set-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a logical interface on the physical device. You must configure a logical interface to be able to use the physical device.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>logical-unit-number</b>—One of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$junos-underlying-interface-unit</b>—For static VLANs, the unit number variable. The static unit number variable is dynamically replaced with the client unit number when the client session begins. The client unit number is specified by the DHCP when it accesses the subscriber network.</li> <li>• <b>\$junos-interface-unit</b>—For dynamic demux and dynamic PPPoE interfaces, the unit number variable. The static unit number variable is dynamically replaced with the client unit number when the client session begins. The client unit number is specified by the DHCP or PPP when it accesses the subscriber network.</li> <li>• <b>value</b>—Specific unit number of the interface you want to assign to the dynamic-profile</li> </ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 16385. For demux and PPPoE interfaces, the unit numbers can range from 0 through 1,073,741,823.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. The <b>classifiers</b>, <b>output-traffic-control-profile</b>, and <b>rewrite-rules</b> statements are not supported for interface sets.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



**Related  
Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722](#)
- [Applying Traffic Shaping and Scheduling to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 745](#)
- [Configuring an Interface Set of Subscribers in a Dynamic Profile on page 776](#)

## unit (Dynamic Profiles Standard Interface)

```
Syntax unit logical-unit-number {
 dial-options {
 ipsec-interface-id name;
 l2tp-interface-id name;
 (shared | dedicated);
 }
 encapsulation (atm-ccc-cell-relay | atm-ccc-vc-mux | atm-cisco-nlpid | atm-tcc-vc-mux
 | atm-mlppp-llc | atm-nlpid | atm-ppp-llc | atm-ppp-vc-mux | atm-snap | atm-tcc-snap
 | atm-vc-mux | ether-over-atm-llc | ether-vpls-over-atm-llc | ether-vpls-over-fr |
 ether-vpls-over-ppp | ethernet | frame-relay-ccc | frame-relay-ppp | frame-relay-tcc |
 frame-relay-ether-type | frame-relay-ether-type-tcc | multilink-frame-relay-end-to-end
 | multilink-ppp | ppp-over-ether | ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc | vlan-bridge | vlan-ccc |
 vlan-vci-ccc | vlan-tcc | vlan-vpls);
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;
 input-precedence precedence;
 output-precedence precedence;
 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name (
 precedence precedence;
)
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 }
 }
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vs-a-ignore;
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 input-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (push | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 output-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (pop | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
}
service-name-table table-name
short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
}
keepalives {
 interval seconds;
}
ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
}
vlan-id number;
vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
}
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit **dynamic-profiles** *profile-name* **interfaces** *interface-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure a logical interface on the physical device. You must configure a logical interface to be able to use the physical device.

**Options** ***logical-unit-number***—Either the specific unit number of the interface you want to assign to the dynamic profile or the static unit number variable (***\$junos-underlying-interface-unit***). The static unit number variable is dynamically replaced with the client unit number when the client session begins. The client unit number is specified by the DHCP client when it accesses the subscriber network.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## unnumbered-address (Dynamic Profiles)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <code>unnumbered-address interface-name &lt;preferred-source-address address&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family family</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces demux0 unit logical-unit-number family family</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br><b>\$junos-preferred-source-address</b> variable support added in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support for the <b>\$junos-loopback-interface</b> predefined variable introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Description              | <p>For Ethernet interfaces, enable the local address to be derived from the specified interface. Configuring unnumbered Ethernet interfaces enables IP processing on the interface without assigning an explicit IP address to the interface. To configure unnumbered address dynamically, include the <b>\$junos-loopback-interface-address</b> predefined variable.</p> <p>You can configure unnumbered address support on Ethernet interfaces for IPv4 and IPv6 address families.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Options                  | <p><b>interface-name</b>—Name of the interface from which the local address is derived. Use the <b>\$junos-loopback-interface</b> dynamic variable to dynamically apply a loopback interface. The loopback interface used is based on the routing instance of the subscriber. The specified interface must have a logical unit number and a configured IP address, and must not be an unnumbered interface.</p> <p><b>preferred-source-address address</b>—Secondary IP address of the donor loopback interface. Use the <b>\$junos-preferred-source-address</b> dynamic variable to dynamically apply a preferred source address to the unnumbered Ethernet interface. When you use the dynamic variable, the address that is selected resides in the same network as the IP address of the subscriber. Configuring the preferred source address enables you to use an IP address other than the primary IP address on some of the unnumbered Ethernet interfaces in your network</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Configuring an Unnumbered Interface in <a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a>.</li><li><a href="#">Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |


## unnumbered-address (Dynamic PPPoE)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>unnumbered-address interface-name destination address;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <code>dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" family inet</code> ]                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | For dynamic PPPoE interfaces, enable the local address to be derived from the specified interface. Configuring unnumbered Ethernet interfaces enables IP processing on the interface without assigning an explicit IP address to the interface.             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>interface-name</i>—Interface from which the local address is derived. The interface name must include a logical unit number and must have a configured address.</p> <p>The <b>destination</b> statement is explained separately.</p>                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Basic PPPoE Dynamic Profile on page 696</a></li> <li>• For information about creating static PPPoE interfaces, see the <i>Junos OS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i></li> </ul> |

## update-interval

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>update-interval minutes;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <code>accounting</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the amount of time that the router or switch waits before sending a new accounting update.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | No updates                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>minutes</i>—Amount of time between updates, in minutes. All values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10. For example, the values 811 through 819 are all accepted by the CLI, but are all rounded up to 820.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 10 through 1440 minutes</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                       |

## use-interface-description

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>use-interface-description (logical   device);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Use the textual interface description instead of the interface identifier when creating the agent-circuit-id suboption of the DHCP relay agent option 82. Use the statement at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b>] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>If you specify that the textual description is used and no description is configured for the interface, DHCP relay defaults to using the interface identifier. The textual description is configured using the <b>description</b> statement at the [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i>] hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                            | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> By default, DHCP relay accepts a maximum of 253 ASCII characters. If the textual interface description is longer than 253 characters, DHCP relay drops the packet, which results in the DHCP client failing to bind.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>logical</b>—Use the textual description that is configured for the logical interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**device**—Use the textual description that is configured for the device interface.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling and Disabling Insertion of Option 82 Information on page 263</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using a Textual Description in Option 82 on page 266</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 268</a></li> </ul> |

## use-primary (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>use-primary <i>primary-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the dynamic profile to configure as the primary dynamic profile. The primary dynamic profile is instantiated when the first subscriber logs in. Subsequent subscribers are not assigned the primary dynamic profile; instead, they are assigned the dynamic profile specified for the interface. When the first subscriber logs out, the next subscriber that logs in is assigned the primary dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>primary-profile-name</i></b> —Name of the dynamic profile to configure as the primary dynamic profile                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## use-primary (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>use-primary <i>primary-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the dynamic profile to configure as the primary dynamic profile. The primary dynamic profile is instantiated when the first subscriber logs in. Subsequent subscribers are not assigned the primary dynamic profile; instead, they are assigned the dynamic profile specified for the interface. When the first subscriber logs out, the next subscriber that logs in is assigned the primary dynamic profile.</p> <p>Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>primary-profile-name</i></b> —Name of the dynamic profile to configure as the primary dynamic profile                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



- Related Documentation**
- [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces on page 177](#)
  - dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)
  - Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches
  - Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)

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## user-group-profile

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- Syntax** `user-group-profile profile-name;`
- Hierarchy Level** `[edit access profile profile-name]`
- Release Information** Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.
- Description** Apply a configured PPP group profile to PPP users.
- Options** *profile-name*—Name of a PPP group profile configured at the `[edit access group-profile profile-name]` hierarchy level.
- Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.
- Related Documentation**
- Applying a Configured PPP Group Profile to a Tunnel
  - [Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS on page 331](#)

## user-prefix (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the user prefix that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>user-prefix-string</i> —User prefix string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156](#)

## user-prefix (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the user prefix that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>user-prefix-string</i> —User prefix string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## user-prefix (Static Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that a string is included as the beginning of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>user-prefix-string</i></b> —String that begins the username. The string can include the following characters: a through z, A through Z, 0 through 9, "-", or ".".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 407</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## username-include (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>username-include {   circuit-type;   client-id;   delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;   domain-name <i>domain-name-string</i>;   interface-name;   logical-system-name;   mac-address;   option-60;   option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;   relay-agent-interface-id;   relay-agent-remote-id;   relay-agent-subscriber-id;   routing-instance-name;   user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the username that the router passes to the external AAA server. You must include at least one of the optional statements for the username to be valid. If you do not configure a username, the router accesses the local authentication service only and does not use external authentication services, such as RADIUS.</p> <p>The statements are explained separately. The <a href="#">option-60</a> and <a href="#">option-82</a> statements are not supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels. The <a href="#">client-id</a>, <a href="#">relay-agent-interface-id</a>, <a href="#">relay-agent-remote-id</a> and <a href="#">relay-agent-subscriber-id</a> statements are supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels only.</p>                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## username-include (DHCP Relay Agent)

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**Syntax**    username-include {  
              circuit-type;  
              client-id;  
              delimiter *delimiter-character*;  
              domain-name *domain-name-string*;  
              interface-name;  
              logical-system-name;  
              mac-address;  
              option-60;  
              option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;  
              relay-agent-interface-id;  
              relay-agent-remote-id;  
              relay-agent-subscriber-id;  
              routing-instance-name;  
              user-prefix *user-prefix-string*;  
              }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],  
                          [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*  
                              forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],  
                          [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
                              Support at the [\[edit ... dhcpv6\]](#) hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description**    Configure the username that the router passes to the external AAA server. You must include at least one of the optional statements for the username to be valid. If you do not configure a username, the router accesses the local authentication service only and does not use external authentication services, such as RADIUS. Use the statement at the [\[edit...dhcpv6\]](#) hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

The following statements are not supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels:

- **mac-address**
- **option-60**
- **option-82**

The following statements are supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels only:

- **relay-agent-interface-id**
- **relay-agent-remote-id**
- **relay-agent-subscriber-id**

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 180</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 156</a></li> </ul> |

## username-include (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>username-include {     domain-name domain-name;     interface;     logical-system-name;     routing-instance-name;     user-prefix user-prefix-string; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the information included in the username created for all static subscribers or for static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 404</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 407</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 411</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## valid-lifetime (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>valid-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> prefix <i>prefix</i> ]                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how long the prefix remains valid for onlink determination.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Valid lifetime, in seconds. If you set the valid lifetime to <b>0xffffffff</b> , the lifetime is infinite.<br><b>Default:</b> 2,592,000 seconds |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• preferred-lifetime</li><li>• Configuring the Prefix Information Included in Neighbor Discovery Advertisements</li></ul>        |



## variables

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> variables {   variable-name {     mandatory;     default-value default-value;     uid     uid-reference     radius {       vendor-id id {         attribute attribute-number;         tag tag-number;       }     }   } } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure user-defined variables in a dynamic profile. The values that the system uses for these variables are applied when the subscriber authenticates.                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>variable-name</i></b>—Name of the variable.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li> </ul>                                                                                    |

## vendor-id

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>vendor-id id;</code>                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">variables</a> <i>radius</i> ]                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the vendor ID as a variable in a dynamic profile.                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>id</i> —Vendor ID for the RADIUS attribute.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately.                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring User-Defined CoS Variables in a Dynamic Service Profile on page 758</a></li></ul> |

## vendor-option

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> vendor-option {     (equals   starts-with) (ascii <i>match-string</i>   hexadecimal <i>match-hex</i>) {         (relay-server-group <i>server-group-name</i>            local-server-group <i>local-server-group-name</i>            drop);     }     (default-relay-server-group <i>server-group-name</i>        default-local-server-group <i>local-server-group-name</i>        drop); } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>relay-option-60</b>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>relay-option-60</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>relay-option-60</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i>  <b>relay-option-60</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>  forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>relay-option-60</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>  forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>relay-option-60</b>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay  <b>relay-option-60</b>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group  <i>group-name</i> <b>relay-option-60</b>] </pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Configure the match criteria when you use the DHCP vendor class identifier option (option 60) in DHCP client packets to forward client traffic to specific DHCP servers. The extended DHCP relay agent compares the option 60 vendor-specific strings received in DHCP client packets against the match criteria that you specify. If there is a match, you can define certain actions for the associated DHCP client packets.</p> <p>The <b>vendor-option</b> statement enables you to specify either an exact, left-to-right match (with the <b>equals</b> statement) or a partial match (with the <b>starts-with</b> statement), and configure either an ASCII match string (with the <b>ascii</b> statement) or a hexadecimal match string (with the <b>hexadecimal</b> statement).</p> <p>You can configure an unlimited number of match strings. Match strings do not support the use of wildcard attributes.</p>                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>equals</b>—Use exact, left-to-right match of the ASCII or hexadecimal match string with the option 60 string.</p> <p><b>starts-with</b>—Use partial match of the ASCII or hexadecimal match string with the option 60 string. The option 60 string can contain a superset of the ASCII or hexadecimal match string, provided that the leftmost characters of the option 60 string entirely match the characters in the configured match string. When you use</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

the **starts-with** statement, the longest match rule applies; that is, the router matches the string "test123" before it matches the string "test".

**ascii *match-string***—ASCII match string of 1 through 255 alphanumeric characters.

**hexadecimal *match-hex***—Hexadecimal match string of 1 through 255 hexadecimal characters (0 through 9, a through f, A through F).

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1207</a></li><li>• dhcp-relay (EX Series switches only)<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 216</a></li><li>• Understanding Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</li><li>• Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</li><li>• <a href="#">Using Option 60 Information to Forward Client Traffic to Specific DHCP Servers on page 259</a></li></ul></li></ul> |
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## vendor-specific-tags (Dynamic Traffic Shaping)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | vendor-specific-tags actual-data-rate-downstream;<br>vendor-specific-tags access-loop-encapsulation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">class-of-service</a> <a href="#">dynamic-class-of-service-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes based on Vendor-Specific Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) Tags [TR-101].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p>vendor-specific-tags can be set to one or both of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>access-loop-encapsulation</b>—Set the overhead-accounting class-of-service attribute based on access line parameters in PPPoE discovery packets on dynamic subscriber interfaces.</li><li>• <b>actual-data-rate-downstream</b>—Set the shaping-rate class-of-service attribute based on the actual-data-rate-downstream attribute.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting Class-of-Service Parameters Using PPPoE Vendor- Specific Tags on page 822</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Shaping Rate and Overhead Accounting Based on PPPoE Vendor-Specific Tags on Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces on page 837</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Bandwidth Management for Downstream Traffic in Edge Networks Overview on page 820</a></li></ul>                                 |

## version (BFD)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | version (0   1   automatic);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> liveness-detection method <a href="#">bfd</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the BFD protocol version to detect.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>0</b> —Use BFD protocol version 0.<br><br><b>1</b> —Use BFD protocol version 1.<br><br><b>automatic</b> —Autodetect the BFD protocol version.<br><b>Default:</b> automatic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Group Liveness Detection for DHCP Local Server Clients on page 209</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring Global Liveness Detection for DHCP Relay Agent Clients on page 289</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## version (Dynamic IGMP Interface)

|                            |                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>version version;</code>                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>igmpinterface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the version of IGMP.                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>version</b>—IGMP version number.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1, 2, or 3</p> <p><b>Default:</b> IGMP version 2</p> |



**NOTE:** Routers running different versions of IGMP negotiate the lowest common version of IGMP that is supported by hosts on their subnet and operate in that version.

If you have already configured the router to use IGMP version 1 and then configure it to use IGMP version 2, the router continues to use IGMP version 1 for up to 6 minutes and then uses IGMP version 2.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Dynamic Profile for Client Access on page 517</a></li> <li>• For information about specifying a different IGMP version, see “Changing the IGMP Version” in the <i>Junos OS Multicast Protocols Configuration Guide</i></li> </ul> |

## version (Dynamic MLD Interface)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>version <i>version</i>;</code>                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols <b>mld interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the MLD version explicitly on the dynamic interface. MLD version 2 (MLDv2) is used only to support source-specific multicast (SSM).   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>version</b> —MLD version to run on the interface.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 or 2<br><b>Default:</b> 1 (MLDv1)                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing and trace—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control and trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Modifying the MLD Version</a></li></ul>                                                     |



## virtual-network

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>virtual-network {   home-agent-address ip-address {     registration-lifetime seconds;     revocation-required;     timestamp-tolerance seconds;   } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services mobile-ip <b>home-agent</b>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip <b>home-agent</b>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> services mobile-ip <b>home-agent</b>],<br/>         [edit services mobile-ip <b>home-agent</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...], and [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p>                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the virtual network for the Mobile IP home agent. Only one virtual network is supported.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Mobile IP Home Agent on page 470</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## vlan-id (Dynamic Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | vlan-id ( <i>number</i>   none);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>VLAN demux interface support introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | For VLAN demux, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, and Aggregated Ethernet interfaces only, bind a 802.1Q VLAN tag ID to a logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>number</b>—A valid VLAN identifier. When used in the <b>dynamic-profiles</b> hierarchy, specify the <code>\$junos-vlan-id</code> predefined variable to dynamically obtain the VLAN identifier.</p> <p><b>none</b>—Enable the use of untagged pseudo-wire frames on dynamic interfaces.</p> <p><b>Range:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For aggregated Ethernet, 4-port, 8-port, and 12-port Fast Ethernet PICs, and for management and internal Ethernet interfaces, 1 through 1023.</li><li>• For 48-port Fast Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet PICs, 1 through 4094.</li><li>• VLAN ID 0 is reserved for tagging the priority of frames.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces on page 575</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using VLAN Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles on page 580</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## vlan-id (Dynamic VLANs)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>vlan-id <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">input-vlan-map</a> ],<br>[edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">output-vlan-map</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For dynamic VLAN interfaces, specify the line VLAN identifiers to be rewritten at the input or output interface.</p> <p>You cannot include the <code>vlan-id</code> statement with the <code>swap</code> statement, <code>swap-push</code> statement, <code>push-push</code> statement, or <code>push-swap</code> statement at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">output-vlan-map</a>] hierarchy level. If you include any of those statements in the output VLAN map, the VLAN ID in the outgoing frame is rewritten to the <code>vlan-id</code> statement that you include at the [edit <a href="#">dynamic-profiles</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">unit</a> <i>logical-unit-number</i>] hierarchy level.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Rewriting the VLAN Tag on Tagged Frames</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Binding VLAN IDs to Logical Interfaces</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## vlan-nas-port-stacked-format

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) to include the S-VLAN ID, in addition to the VLAN ID, for subscribers on Ethernet interfaces.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 37</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 23</a></li> </ul> |

## vlan-tag (Dynamic Classifiers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | vlan-tag (inner   outer);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>classifiers</b> <b>ieee-802.1</b> ]                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply this IEEE-802.1 classifier to the inner or outer VLAN tags in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include this statement, the classifier applies to the outer VLAN tag only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>inner</b> —Apply the classifier to the inner VLAN tag only.<br><b>outer</b> —Apply the classifier to the outer VLAN tag only.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Applying a Classifier to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 747</a></li><li>• <a href="#">classifiers (Definition)</a></li></ul> |

## vlan-tag (Dynamic Rewrite Rules)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | vlan-tag (outer   outer-and-inner);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>rewrite-rules</b> <b>ieee-802.1</b> ]                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Apply this IEEE-802.1 rewrite rule to the outer or outer and inner VLAN tags in a dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include this statement, the rewrite rule applies to the outer VLAN tag only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>outer</b>—Apply the rewrite rule to the outer VLAN tag only.</p> <p><b>outer-and-inner</b>—Apply the rewrite rule to both the outer and inner VLAN tags.</p>                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access on page 722</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Applying a Rewrite Rule Definition to a Subscriber Interface in a Dynamic Profile on page 746</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">rewrite-rules</a></li> </ul> |

## vlan-tagging

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | vlan-tagging;                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> ],<br>[edit <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>         | For Fast Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet interfaces and aggregated Ethernet interfaces configured for VPLS, enable the reception and transmission of 802.1Q VLAN-tagged frames on the interface. |




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**NOTE:** For Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Tri-Rate Ethernet copper, Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, and aggregated Ethernet interfaces supporting VPLS, the Junos OS supports a subset of the IEEE 802.1Q standard for channelizing an Ethernet interface into multiple logical interfaces, allowing many hosts to be connected to the same Gigabit Ethernet switch, but preventing them from being in the same routing or bridging domain.

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|                           |                                                               |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## vlan-tags

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <code>vlan-tags outer [<i>tpid</i>].<i>vlan-id</i> [inner [<i>tpid</i>].<i>vlan-id</i>];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                           | <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>unit</b> <i>logical-unit-number</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                       | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.<br>VLAN demux interface support introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                               | For Gigabit Ethernet IQ and IQE interfaces only, binds TPIDs and 802.1Q VLAN tag IDs to a logical interface. You must include the <b>stacked-vlan-tagging</b> statement at the <code>[edit <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The inner-range <i>vid1–vid2</i> option is supported on MX Series routers with IQE PICs only.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p><b>inner [<i>tpid</i>].<i>vlan-id</i></b>—A TPID (optional) and a valid VLAN identifier in the format <i>tpid.vlan-id</i>. When used in the <b>dynamic-profiles</b> hierarchy, specify the <code>\$junos-vlan-id</code> predefined variable to dynamically obtain the VLAN ID.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> For VLAN ID, 1 through 4094. VLAN ID 0 is reserved for tagging the priority of frames.</p> <p><b>outer [<i>tpid</i>].<i>vlan-id</i></b>—A TPID (optional) and a valid VLAN identifier in the format <i>tpid.vlan-id</i>. When used in the <b>dynamic-profiles</b> hierarchy, specify the <code>\$junos-stacked-vlan-id</code> predefined variable.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> For VLAN ID, 1 through 511 for normal interfaces, and 512 through 4094 for VLAN CCC interfaces. VLAN ID 0 is reserved for tagging the priority of frames.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring Dual VLAN Tags</li> <li>stacked-vlan-tagging</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |


## weighted-load-balancing (L2TP LAC)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | weighted-load-balancing;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">l2tp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the router chooses among multiple tunnels that share the same preference level by considering the maximum sessions configured per tunnel. The tunnel configured with the highest maximum number of sessions in the preference level has the highest weight. This tunnel is selected until the maximum number of sessions for the tunnel is reached. Then the router selects the tunnel with the next higher weight to establish connections until that tunnel's maximum session limit is reached, and so on. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Weighted Load Balancing for LAC Tunnel Sessions on page 324</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the L2TP LAC Tunnel Selection Parameters on page 323</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## wimax

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|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | wimax;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | [edit services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> access-type],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> access-type],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> access-type],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> services <a href="#">mobile-ip</a> access-type] |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Enable WiMAX features for Mobile IP home agent, including the ability to process, send, and receive WiMAX Vendor Specific Attributes (VSAs).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Although this statement is available in the CLI for both default and nondefault router contexts, the commit operation is disallowed when you configure the statement in a nondefault router context.</div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Mobile IP on page 469</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Access Type for Mobile IP on page 473</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



---

## wins-server

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>wins-server {<br/>    <i>ipv4-address</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ]                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify one or more NetBIOS name servers (NBNS) that the client uses to resolve NetBIOS names. This is equivalent to DHCP option 44. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv4-address</i> —IP address of each NetBIOS name server; add them to the configuration in order of preference.                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 114</a></li></ul>                   |



## PART 19

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