



Junos[®] OS

System Log Messages

Release

15.1



Modified: 2016-11-22

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Junos[®] OS System Log Messages

15.1

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Supported Platforms

For the features described in this document, the following platforms are supported:

- [M Series](#)
- [MX Series](#)
- [T Series](#)
- [SRX Series](#)
- [PTX Series](#)

Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming

PART 1

Junos OS System Logging

- [Introduction to System Logging on page 3](#)

Junos OS System Log Configuration Hierarchy

To configure the router to log system messages, include the **syslog** statement at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit system]
syslog {
  archive <files number> <size size> <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
  console {
    facility severity;
  }
  file filename {
    facility severity;
    archive <archive-sites {ftp-url <password password>}> <files number> <size size>
      <start-time "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm"> <transfer-interval minutes> <world-readable |
      no-world-readable>;
    explicit-priority;
    match "regular-expression";
    structured-data {
      brief;
    }
  }
}
host (hostname | other-routing-engine | scc-master) {
  facility severity;
  explicit-priority;
  facility-override facility;
  log-prefix string
  match "regular-expression";
  source-address source-address;
  structured-data {
    brief;
  }
}
source-address source-address;
time-format (year | millisecond | year millisecond);
user (username | *) {
  facility severity;
  match "regular-expression";
}
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Junos OS System Log Overview on page 3](#)

Junos OS System Logging Facilities and Message Severity Levels

Table 3 on page 5 lists the Junos OS system logging facilities that you can specify in configuration statements at the **[edit system syslog]** hierarchy level.

Junos OS Default System Log Settings

Table 6 on page 7 summarizes the default system log settings that apply to all routers that run the Junos OS, and specifies which statement to include in the configuration to override the default value.

Table 6: Default System Logging Settings

| Setting | Default | Overriding Statement | Instructions |
|--|--|---|--|
| Alternative facility for message forwarded to a remote machine | For change-log : local6 For conflict-log : local5 For dfc : local1 For firewall : local3 For interactive-commands : local7 For pfe : local4 | [edit system syslog] host <i>hostname</i> { facility-override <i>facility</i> ; } | “Changing the Alternative Facility Name for System Log Messages Directed to a Remote Destination” on page 33 |
| Format of messages logged to a file | Standard Junos OS format, based on UNIX format | [edit system syslog] file <i>filename</i> { structured-data; } | “Logging Messages in Structured-Data Format” on page 18 |
| Maximum number of files in the archived set | 10 | [edit system syslog] archive { files <i>number</i> ; } file <i>filename</i> { archive { files <i>number</i> ; } } | “Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties” on page 19 |
| Maximum size of the log file | M Series, MX Series, and T Series: 1 megabyte (MB) TX Matrix: 10 MB | [edit system syslog] archive { size <i>size</i> ; } file <i>filename</i> { archive { size <i>size</i> ; } } | “Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties” on page 19 |
| Timestamp format | Month, date, hour, minute, second For example: Aug 21 12:36:30 | [edit system syslog] time-format <i>format</i> ; | “Including the Year or Millisecond in Timestamps” on page 24 |

CHAPTER 2

Configuring System Logging for a Single-Chassis System

- [Single-Chassis System Logging Configuration Overview on page 13](#)
- [Specifying the Facility and Severity of Messages to Include in the Log on page 15](#)
- [Directing System Log Messages to a Log File on page 17](#)
- [Logging Messages in Structured-Data Format on page 18](#)
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- [Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties on page 19](#)
- [Including Priority Information in System Log Messages on page 21](#)
- [System Log Facility Codes and Numerical Codes Reported in Priority Information on page 22](#)
- [Including the Year or Millisecond in Timestamps on page 24](#)
- [Using Regular Expressions to Refine the Set of Logged Messages on page 25](#)
- [Junos System Log Regular Expression Operators for the match Statement on page 27](#)
- [Disabling the System Logging of a Facility on page 28](#)
- [Examples: Configuring System Logging on page 28](#)

Single-Chassis System Logging Configuration Overview

The Junos system logging utility is similar to the UNIX **syslogd** utility. This section describes how to configure system logging for a single-chassis system that runs the Junos OS.

System logging configuration for the Junos-FIPS software and for Juniper Networks routers in a Common Criteria environment is the same as for the Junos OS. For more information, see the *Secure Configuration Guide for Common Criteria and Junos-FIPS*.

For information about configuring system logging for a routing matrix composed of a TX Matrix router and T640 routers, see [“Configuring System Logging for a TX Matrix Router” on page 39](#).

Each system log message belongs to a *facility*, which groups together related messages. Each message is also preassigned a *severity level*, which indicates how seriously the

Table 8: System Log Message Severity Levels (*continued*)

| Severity Level | Description |
|----------------|---|
| warning | Conditions that warrant monitoring |
| notice | Conditions that are not errors but might warrant special handling |
| info | Events or nonerror conditions of interest |

Related Documentation

- [Junos OS System Logging Facilities and Message Severity Levels on page 4](#)
- [Single-Chassis System Logging Configuration Overview on page 13](#)
- [Examples: Configuring System Logging on page 28](#)

Directing System Log Messages to a Log File

To direct system log messages to a file in the `/var/log` directory of the local Routing Engine, include the `file` statement at the `[edit system syslog]` hierarchy level:

```
[edit system syslog]
file filename {
    facility severity;
    archive <archive-sites (ftp-url <password password>)> <files number> <size size>
        <start-time "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm"> <transfer-interval minutes> <world-readable |
        no-world-readable>;
    explicit-priority;
    match "regular-expression";
    structured-data {
        brief;
    }
}
```

For the list of facilities and severity levels, see “[Specifying the Facility and Severity of Messages to Include in the Log](#)” on page 15.

To prevent log files from growing too large, the Junos OS system logging utility by default writes messages to a sequence of files of a defined size. By including the `archive` statement, you can configure the number of files, their maximum size, and who can read them, either for all log files or for a certain log file. For more information, see “[Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties](#)” on page 19.

For information about the following statements, see the indicated sections:

- **explicit-priority**—See “[Including Priority Information in System Log Messages](#)” on page 21
- **match**—See “[Using Regular Expressions to Refine the Set of Logged Messages](#)” on page 25
- **structured-data**—See “[Logging Messages in Structured-Data Format](#)” on page 18

- Related Documentation**
- [Single-Chassis System Logging Configuration Overview on page 13](#)
 - [Examples: Configuring System Logging on page 28](#)

Logging Messages in Structured-Data Format

You can log messages to a file in structured-data format instead of the standard Junos OS format. Structured-data format provides more information without adding significant length, and makes it easier for automated applications to extract information from a message.

The structured-data format complies with Internet draft draft-ietf-syslog-protocol-23, *The syslog Protocol*, which is at <http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-syslog-protocol-23>. The draft establishes a standard message format regardless of the source or transport protocol for logged messages.

To output messages to a file in structured-data format, include the **structured-data** statement at the **[edit system syslog file filename]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit system syslog file filename]
facility severity;
structured-data {
  brief;
}
```

The optional **brief** statement suppresses the English-language text that appears by default at the end of a message to describe the error or event. For information about the fields in a structured-data format message, see the *Junos OS System Log Reference for Security Devices*.

The structured format is used for all messages logged to the file that are generated by a Junos OS process or software library.



NOTE: If you include either or both of the **explicit-priority** and **time-format** statements along with the **structured-data** statement, they are ignored. These statements apply to the standard Junos OS system log format, not to structured-data format.

- Related Documentation**
- [Single-Chassis System Logging Configuration Overview on page 13](#)
 - [Examples: Configuring System Logging on page 28](#)

Directing System Log Messages to a User Terminal

To direct system log messages to the terminal session of one or more specific users (or all users) when they are logged in to the local Routing Engine, include the **user** statement at the **[edit system syslog]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit system syslog]
```



```
}  
user philip {  
    interactive-commands notice;  
}  
console {  
    interactive-commands warning;  
}  
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Single-Chassis System Logging Configuration Overview on page 13](#)

Examples: Assigning an Alternative Facility to System Log Messages Directed to a Remote Destination

Log all messages generated on the local routing platform at the error level or higher to the **local0** facility on the remote machine called **monitor.mycompany.com**:

```
[edit system syslog]
host monitor.mycompany.com {
  any error;
  facility-override local0;
}
```

Configure routing platforms located in California and routing platforms located in New York to send messages to a single remote machine called **central-logger.mycompany.com**. The messages from California are assigned alternative facility **local0** and the messages from New York are assigned to alternative facility **local2**.

- Configure California routing platforms to aggregate messages in the **local0** facility:

```
[edit system syslog]
host central-logger.mycompany.com {
  change-log info;
  facility-override local0;
}
```

- Configure New York routing platforms to aggregate messages in the **local2** facility:

```
[edit system syslog]
host central-logger.mycompany.com {
  change-log info;
  facility-override local2;
}
```

On **central-logger**, you can then configure the system logging utility to write messages from the **local0** facility to the file **california-config** and the messages from the **local2** facility to the file **new-york-config**.

Related Documentation

- [Junos OS System Log Alternate Facilities for Remote Logging on page 36](#)

CHAPTER 4

Configuring System Logging for a TX Matrix Router

- [Configuring System Logging for a TX Matrix Router on page 39](#)
- [Configuring Message Forwarding to the TX Matrix Router on page 41](#)
- [Impact of Different Local and Forwarded Severity Levels on System Log Messages on a TX Matrix Router on page 42](#)
- [Configuring Optional Features for Forwarded Messages on a TX Matrix Router on page 44](#)
- [Directing Messages to a Remote Destination from the Routing Matrix Based on the TX Matrix Router on page 46](#)
- [Configuring System Logging Differently on Each T640 Router in a Routing Matrix on page 47](#)

Configuring System Logging for a TX Matrix Router

To configure system logging for all routers in a routing matrix composed of a TX Matrix router and T640 routers, include the **syslog** statement at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level on the TX Matrix router. The **syslog** statement applies to every router in the routing matrix.

```
[edit system]
syslog {
  archive <files number> <size size> <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
  console {
    facility severity;
  }
  file filename {
    facility severity;
    archive <archive-sites {ftp-url <password password>}> <files number> <size size>
      <start-time "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm"> <transfer-interval minutes> <world-readable |
      no-world-readable>;
    explicit-priority;
    match "regular-expression";
    structured-data {
      brief;
    }
  }
}
host (hostname | other-routing-engine | scc-master) {
  facility severity;
```


CHAPTER 5

Configuring System Logging for a TX Matrix Plus Router

- [Configuring System Logging for a TX Matrix Plus Router on page 49](#)
- [Configuring Message Forwarding to the TX Matrix Plus Router on page 51](#)
- [Impact of Different Local and Forwarded Severity Levels on System Log Messages on a TX Matrix Plus Router on page 52](#)
- [Configuring Optional Features for Forwarded Messages on a TX Matrix Plus Router on page 54](#)
- [Directing Messages to a Remote Destination from the Routing Matrix Based on a TX Matrix Plus Router on page 56](#)
- [Configuring System Logging Differently on Each T1600 or T4000 Router in a Routing Matrix on page 57](#)
- [Examples: Assigning an Alternative Facility on page 59](#)

Configuring System Logging for a TX Matrix Plus Router

From the perspective of the user interface, the routing matrix appears as a single router. The TX Matrix Plus router (also called the switch-fabric chassis SFC) controls all the T1600 or T4000 routers (also called the line-card chassis LCC) in the routing matrix.

To configure system logging for all routers in a routing matrix composed of a TX Matrix Plus router with connected T1600 or T4000 LCCs, include the **syslog** statement at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level on the SFC. The **syslog** statement applies to every router in the routing matrix.

```
[edit system]
syslog {
  archive <files number> <size size <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
  console {
    facility severity;
  }
  file filename {
    facility severity;
    archive <archive-sites {ftp-url <password password>}> <files number> <size size>
      <start-time "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm"> <transfer-interval minutes> <world-readable |
      no-world-readable>;
    explicit-priority;
```


For more information about the configuration groups for a routing matrix, see the chapter about configuration groups in the *CLI User Guide*.

The following example shows how to configure the `/var/log/messages` files on three routers to include different sets of messages:

- On the TX Matrix Plus router, local messages with severity **info** and higher from all facilities. The file does not include messages from the T1600 or T4000 routers, because the **host sfc0-master** statement disables message forwarding.
- On the T1600 or T4000 router designated **LCC0**, messages from the **authorization** facility with severity **info** and higher.
- On the T1600 or T4000 router designated **LCC1**, messages with severity **notice** from all facilities.

```
[edit groups]
re0 {
  system {
    syslog {
      file messages {
        any info;
      }
      host sfc0-master {
        any none;
      }
    }
  }
}
re1 {
  ... same statements as for re0 ...
}
lcc0-re0 {
  system {
    syslog {
      file messages {
        authorization info;
      }
    }
  }
}
lcc0-re1 {
  ... same statements as for lcc0-re0 ...
}
lcc1-re0 {
  system {
    syslog {
      file messages {
        any notice;
      }
    }
  }
}
lcc1-re1 {
  ... same statements as for lcc1-re0 ...
}
```



```
user@host> show log lcc2-re0:messages  
user@host> file show lcc2:/var/log/messages
```

If the T640 routing nodes are forwarding messages to the TX Matrix platform (as in the default configuration), another way to view messages generated on a T640 routing node during a terminal session on the TX Matrix platform is simply to display a local log file. However, the messages are intermixed with messages from other T640 routing nodes and the TX Matrix platform itself. For more information about message forwarding, see [“Impact of Different Local and Forwarded Severity Levels on System Log Messages on a TX Matrix Router”](#) on page 42.

For information about the fields in a log message, see [“Interpreting Messages Generated in Structured-Data Format”](#) on page 72, [“Interpreting Messages Generated in Standard Format by Services on a PIC”](#) on page 71, and [“Interpreting Messages Generated in Standard Format by a Junos Process or Library”](#) on page 67. For examples, see [“Examples: Displaying a Log File”](#) on page 61.

Table 25: Fields in Messages Generated by a PIC (*continued*)

| Field | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| <i>message-text</i> | Text of the message. For the text of each message, see System Log Messages. |

Interpreting Messages Generated in Structured-Data Format

Beginning in Junos OS Release 8.3, when the **structured-data** statement is included in the configuration for a log file, Junos OS processes and software libraries write messages to the file in structured-data format instead of the standard Junos OS format. For information about the **structured-data** statement, see [“Logging Messages in Structured-Data Format”](#) on page 18.

Structured-format makes it easier for automated applications to extract information from the message. In particular, the standardized format for reporting the value of variables (elements in the English-language message that vary depending on the circumstances that triggered the message) makes it easy for an application to extract those values. In standard format, the variables are interspersed in the message text and not identified as variables.

The structured-data format for a message includes the following fields (which appear here on two lines only for legibility):

```
<priority code>version timestamp hostname process processID TAG [junos@2636.platform
variable-value-pairs] message-text
```

Table 26 on page 72 describes the fields. If the system logging utility cannot determine the value in a particular field, a hyphen (-) appears instead.

Table 26: Fields in Structured-Data Messages

| Field | Description | Examples |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| <i><priority code></i> | Number that indicates the message's facility and severity. It is calculated by multiplying the facility number by 8 and then adding the numerical value of the severity. For a mapping of the numerical codes to facility and severity, see “Specifying the Facility and Severity of Messages to Include in the Log” on page 15. | <165> for a message from the pfe facility (facility=20) with severity notice (severity=5). |
| <i>version</i> | Version of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) system logging protocol specification. | 1 for the initial version |

Table 28: Platform Identifiers in the platform Field (*continued*)

| Identifier | Platform Name |
|------------|-------------------------|
| 1.1.1.2.11 | M10i router |
| 1.1.1.2.13 | J2300 Services Router |
| 1.1.1.2.14 | J4300 Services Router |
| 1.1.1.2.15 | J6300 Services Router |
| 1.1.1.2.17 | TX Matrix platform |
| 1.1.1.2.18 | M120 router |
| 1.1.1.2.19 | J4350 Services Router |
| 1.1.1.2.20 | J6350 Services Router |
| 1.1.1.2.23 | J2320 Services Router |
| 1.1.1.2.24 | J2350 Services Router |
| 1.1.1.2.27 | T1600 router |
| 1.1.1.2.37 | TX Matrix Plus platform |
| 1.1.1.2.83 | T4000 router |

Examples: Displaying System Log Message Descriptions

Display the list of all currently available system log message descriptions:

```

user@host> help syslog ?

Possible completions:
<syslog-tag>   Syslog tag
. . . . .
BOOTPD_ARG_ERR   Command-line option was invalid
BOOTPD_BAD_ID    Request failed because assembly ID was unknown
BOOTPD_BOOTSTRING tnp.bootpd provided boot string
BOOTPD_CONFIG_ERR tnp.bootpd could not parse configuration file;
                  used default settings
BOOTPD_CONF_OPEN tnp.bootpd could not open configuration file
BOOTPD_DUP_REV   Extra boot string definitions for revision were
                  ignored
---(more 4%)---
```

Display the list of all currently available system log message descriptions for tags that begin with the letters **ACCT** (there is no space between **ACCT** and the question mark, and some descriptions are shortened for legibility):

```
user@host> help syslog ACCT?
```

Possible completions:

```
<syslog-tag>      System log tag or regular expression
ACCT_ACCOUNTING_FERROR    Error occurred during file processing
ACCT_ACCOUNTING_FOPEN_ERROR  Open operation failed on file
ACCT_ACCOUNTING_SMALL_FILE_SIZE Maximum file size is smaller than ...
ACCT_BAD_RECORD_FORMAT    Record format does not match accounting profile
ACCT_CU_RTSLIB_ERROR      Error occurred obtaining current class usage ...
ACCT_FORK_ERR             Could not create child process
ACCT_FORK_LIMIT_EXCEEDED  Could not create child process because of limit
ACCT_GETHOSTNAME_ERROR    gethostname function failed
ACCT_MALLOC_FAILURE       Memory allocation failed
ACCT_UNDEFINED_COUNTER_NAME Filter profile used undefined counter name
ACCT_XFER_FAILED          Attempt to transfer file failed
ACCT_XFER_POPEN_FAIL      File transfer failed
```

Display the description of the `UI_CMDLINE_READ_LINE` message:

```
user@host> help syslog UI_CMDLINE_READ_LINE
```

```
Name:      UI_CMDLINE_READ_LINE
Message:    User '<users>', command '<input>'
Help:       User entered command at CLI prompt
Description: The indicated user typed the indicated command at the CLI
              prompt and pressed the Enter key, sending the command string
              to the management process (mgd).
Type:       Event: This message reports an event, not an error
Severity:   info
```


The J-Web View Events page displays the following information about each event:

- **Process**—System process that generated the error or event.
- **Severity**— A severity level indicates how seriously the triggering event affects routing platform functions. Only messages from the facility that are rated at that level or higher are logged. Possible severities and their corresponding color code are:
 - **Debug/Info/Notice (Green)**—Indicates conditions that are not errors but are of interest or might warrant special handling.
 - **Warning (Yellow)**—Indicates conditions that warrant monitoring.
 - **Error (Blue)**—Indicates standard error conditions that generally have less serious consequences than errors in the emergency, alert, and critical levels.
 - **Critical (Pink)**—Indicates critical conditions, such as hard drive errors.
 - **Alert (Orange)**—Indicates conditions that require immediate correction, such as a corrupted system database.
 - **Emergency (Red)**—Indicates system panic or other conditions that cause the routing platform to stop functioning.
- **Event ID**—Unique ID of the error or event. The prefix on each code identifies the generating software process. The rest of the code indicates the specific event or error.
- **Event Description**—Displays a more detailed explanation of the message.
- **Time**—Time that the error or event occurred.

To control which errors and events are displayed in the list, use the following options:

- **System Log File**—Specify the name of the system log file that records the errors and events.
- **Process**—Specify the system processes that generate the events you want to display. To view all the processes running on your system, enter the **show system processes** CLI command.
- **Date From**—Specify the beginning of the date range that you want to monitor. Set the date using the calendar pick tool.
- **To**—Specify the end of the date range that you want to monitor. Set the date using the calendar pick tool.
- **Event ID**—Specify the specific ID of the error or event that you want to monitor.
- **Description**—Enter a description for the errors or events.
- **Search**—Fetches the errors and events specified in the search criteria.
- **Reset**—Clears the cache of errors and events that were previously selected.
- **Generate Report**—Creates an HTML report based on the specified parameters.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Understanding System Logging for Security Devices on page 79](#)
- [Understanding Binary Format for Security Logs on page 81](#)

- *Monitoring Overview*
- *Monitoring Interfaces*

PART 3

Configuration Statements and Operational Commands

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CHAPTER 9

Configuration Statements

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- [world-readable](#) on page 135

System Management Configuration Statements

This topic lists all the configuration statements that you can include at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level to configure system management features:

```
system {
  accounting {
    destination {
      radius {
        server {
          server-address {
            accounting-port port-number;
            retry number;
            secret password;
            source-address address;
            timeout seconds;
          }
        }
      }
    }
    tacplus {
      server {
        server-address {
          port port-number;
          secret password;
          single-connection;
          timeout seconds;
        }
      }
    }
  }
  enhanced-avs-max;
  events [ login change-log interactive-commands ];
}
archival {
  configuration {
    archive-sites {
      ftp://<username>:<password>@<host>:<port>/<url-path>;
```

```

        ftp://<username>:<password>@<host>:<port>/<url-path>;
    }
    transfer-interval interval;
    transfer-on-commit;
}
}
allow-v4mapped-packets;
arp {
    aging-timer minutes;
    gratuitous-arp-delay;
    gratuitous-arp-on-ifup;
    interfaces;
    passive-learning;
    purging;
}
authentication-order [ authentication-methods ];
backup-router address <destination destination-address>;
commit {
    delta-export;
    fast-synchronize;
    persist-groups-inheritance ;
    server;
    synchronize
}
synchronize;
(compress-configuration-files | no-compress-configuration-files);
default-address-selection;
dump-device (compact-flash | remove-compact | usb);
diag-port-authentication (encrypted-password "password" | plain-text-password);
dynamic-profile-options {
    versioning;
}
domain-name domain-name;
domain-search [ domain-list ];
host-name hostname;
inet6-backup-router address <destination destination-address>;
internet-options {
    tcp-mss mss-value;
    (gre-path-mtu-discovery | no-gre-path-mtu-discovery);
    icmpv4-rate-limit bucket-size bucket-size packet-rate packet-rate;
    icmpv6-rate-limit bucket-size bucket-size packet-rate packet-rate;
    (ipip-path-mtu-discovery | no-ipip-path-mtu-discovery);
    (ipv6-path-mtu-discovery | no-ipv6-path-mtu-discovery);
    ipv6-path-mtu-discovery-timeout;
    no-tcp-rfc1323-paws;
    no-tcp-rfc1323;
    (path-mtu-discovery | no-path-mtu-discovery);
    source-port upper-limit <upper-limit>;
    (source-quench | no-source-quench);
    tcp-drop-synfin-set;
}
location {
    altitude feet;
    building name;
    country-code code;
    floor number;

```

```
hcoord horizontal-coordinate;  
lata service-area;  
latitude degrees;  
longitude degrees;  
npa-nxx number;  
postal-code postal-code;  
rack number;  
vcoord vertical-coordinate;  
}  
login {  
  announcement text;  
  class class-name {  
    access-end;  
    access-start;  
    allow-commands "regular-expression";  
    ( allow-configuration | allow-configuration-regexps ) "regular expression 1" "regular  
    expression 2";  
    allowed-days;  
    deny-commands "regular-expression";  
    ( deny-configuration | deny-configuration-regexps ) "regular expression 1" "regular  
    expression 2";  
    idle-timeout minutes;  
    login-script  
    login-tip;  
    permissions [ permissions ];  
  }  
  message text;  
  password {  
    change-type (set-transitions | character-set);  
    format (md5 | sha1 | des);  
    maximum-length length;  
    minimum-changes number;  
    minimum-length length;  
  }  
  retry-options {  
    backoff-threshold number;  
    backoff-factor seconds;  
    minimum-time seconds;  
    tries-before-disconnect number;  
  }  
  user username {  
    full-name complete-name;  
    uid uid-value;  
    class class-name;  
    authentication {  
      (encrypted-password "password" | plain-text-password);  
      ssh-rsa "public-key";  
      ssh-dsa "public-key";  
    }  
  }  
}  
login-tip number;  
mirror-flash-on-disk;  
name-server {  
  address;  
}
```

```

no-multicast-echo;
no-redirects;
no-ping-record-route;
no-ping-time-stamp;
ntp {
    authentication-key key-number type type value password;
    boot-server address;
    broadcast <address> <key key-number> <version value> <ttl value>;
    broadcast-client;
    multicast-client <address>;
    peer address <key key-number> <version value> <prefer>;
    source-address source-address;
    server address <key key-number> <version value> <prefer>;
    trusted-key [ key-numbers ];
}
ports {
    auxiliary {
        type terminal-type;
    }
    pic-console-authentication {
        encrypted-password encrypted-password;
        plain-text-password;
        console {
            insecure;
            log-out-on-disconnect;
            type terminal-type;
            disable;
        }
    }
}
processes {
    process--name (enable | disable) failover (alternate-media | other-routing-engine);
    timeout seconds;
}
}
radius-server server-address {
    accounting-port port-number;
    port port-number;
    retry number;
    secret password;
    source-address source-address;
    timeout seconds;
}
radius-options {
    enhanced-accounting
    password-protocol mschap-v2;
}
attributes {
    nas-ip-address ip-address;
}
enhanced-accounting;
password-protocol mschap-v2;
}
root-authentication {
    (encrypted-password "password" | plain-text-password);
    ssh-rsa "public-key";
    ssh-dsa "public-key";
}

```

```
}
(saved-core-context | no-saved-core-context);
saved-core-files saved-core-files;
scripts {
  commit {
    allow-transients;
    file filename {
      optional;
      refresh;
      refresh-from url;
      source url;
    }
    traceoptions {
      file <filename> <files number> <size size> <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
      flag flag;
      no-remote-trace;
    }
  }
  op {
    file filename {
      arguments {
        argument-name {
          description descriptive-text;
        }
      }
      command filename-alias;
      description descriptive-text;
      refresh;
      refresh-from url;
      source url;
    }
    refresh;
    refresh-from url;
    traceoptions {
      file <filename> <files number> <size size> <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
      flag flag;
      no-remote-trace;
    }
  }
}
services {
  finger {
    connection-limit limit;
    rate-limit limit;
  }
  flow-tap-dtcp {
    ssh {
      connection-limit limit;
      rate-limit limit;
    }
  }
  ftp {
    connection-limit limit;
    rate-limit limit;
  }
  rest {
    control {
```

```

        allowed-sources [ value-list ];
        connection-limit limit;
    }
    enable-explorer;
    http {
        addresses [ addresses ];
        port port-number;
    }
    https {
        addresses [ addresses ];
        cipher-list [ cipher-1 cipher-2 cipher-3 ... ];
        mutual-authentication {
            certificate-authority certificate-authority-profile-name;
        }
        port port-number;
        server-certificate local-certificate-identifier;
    }
    traceoptions {
        flag flag;
    }
}
service-deployment {
    servers server-address {
        port port-number;
    }
    source-address source-address;
}
ssh {
    root-login (allow | deny | deny-password);
    protocol-version [v1 v2];
    connection-limit limit;
    rate-limit limit;
}
telnet {
    connection-limit limit;
    rate-limit limit;
}
web-management {
    http {
        interfaces [ interface-names ];
        port port;
    }
    https {
        interfaces [ interface-names ];
        local-certificate name;
        port port;
    }
    session {
        idle-timeout [ minutes ];
        session-limit [ session-limit ];
    }
}
xnm-clear-text {
    connection-limit limit;
    rate-limit limit;
}

```

```
xnm-ssl {
    connection-limit limit;
    local-certificate name;
    rate-limit limit;
}
}
static-host-mapping {
    hostname {
        alias [ alias ];
        inet [ address ];
        sysid system-identifier;
    }
}
syslog {
    archive <files number> <size size> <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
    console {
        facility severity;
    }
    file filename {
        facility severity;
        archive <archive-sites {ftp-url <password password>}> <files number> <size size>
            <start-time "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm"> <transfer-interval minutes> <world-readable |
            no-world-readable>;
        explicit-priority;
        match "regular-expression";
        structured-data {
            brief;
        }
    }
}
host (hostname | other-routing-engine | scc-master) {
    facility severity;
    explicit-priority;
    facility-override facility;
    log-prefix string;
    match "regular-expression";
    source-address source-address;
    structured-data {
        brief;
    }
}
source-address source-address;
time-format (year | millisecond | year millisecond);
user (username | *) {
    facility severity;
    match "regular-expression";
}
}
tacplus-options {
    enhanced-accounting;
    service-name service-name;
    (no-cmd-attribute-value | exclude-cmd-attribute);
}
tacplus-server server-address {
    secret password;
    single-connection;
    source-address source-address;
```

```

        timeout seconds;
    }
    time-zone (GMThour-offset | time-zone);
}
tracing {
    destination-override {
        syslog host;
    }
}
use-imported-time-zones;
}

```

allow-duplicates

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | allow-duplicates; |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog file <i>file-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog host <i>host-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog user <i>user-name</i>], [edit system syslog], [edit system syslog file <i>file-name</i>], [edit system syslog host <i>host-name</i>], [edit system syslog user <i>user-name</i>], |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1. Logical systems support introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4. |
| Description | Specify whether to allow the repeated messages in the system log output files. This can be set either at global configuration level or for individual file, host, or user. By default, this parameter is set to disable. |
| Options | file —Name of the file to log messages host —Host to receive the messages user —User to receive the notification of the event |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • syslog (System) on page 128 |

archive (All System Log Files)

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>archive <files <i>number</i>> <size <i>size</i>> <start-time<i>time</i>> <transfer-interval <i>interval</i>> <binary-data no-binary-data>; <world-readable no-world-readable> ;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series. |
| Description | Configure archiving properties for all system log files. |
| Options | <p>files <i>number</i>—Maximum number of archived log files to retain. When the Junos OS logging utility has written a defined maximum amount of data to a log file logfile, it closes the file, compresses it, and renames it logfile.0.gz (the amount of data is determined by the size statement at this hierarchy level). The utility then opens and writes to a new file called logfile. When the new file reaches the maximum size, the logfile.0.gz file is renamed to logfile.1.gz, and the new file is closed, compressed, and renamed logfile.0.gz. By default, the logging facility creates up to ten archive files in this manner. Once the maximum number of archive files exists, each time the active log file reaches the maximum size, the contents of the oldest archive file are lost (overwritten by the next oldest file).</p> <p>Range: 1 through 1000</p> <p>Default: 10 files</p> <p>size <i>size</i>—Maximum amount of data that the Junos OS logging utility writes to a log file logfile before archiving it (closing it, compressing it, and changing its name to logfile.0.gz). The utility then opens and writes to a new file called logfile.</p> <p>Syntax: <i>x k</i> to specify the number of kilobytes, <i>x m</i> for the number of megabytes, or <i>x g</i> for the number of gigabytes</p> <p>Range: 64 KB through 1 GB</p> <p>Default:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 128 KB for EX Series switches• 1 MB for M Series, MX Series, and T Series routers, OCX Series, and the QFX3500 switch• 10 MB for TX Matrix and TX Matrix Plus routers <p>binary-data no-binary-data—Mark file as containing binary data. This allows proper archiving of binary files, such as WTMP files (login records for UNIX based systems)..</p> <p>Default: no-binary-data</p> <p>world-readable no-world-readable—Grant all users permission to read archived log files, or restrict the permission only to the root user and users who have the Junos OS maintenance permission.</p> |

Default: no-world-readable

Required Privilege Level system—To view this statement in the configuration.
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation • [Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties on page 19](#)

cache (Security Log)

Syntax

```
cache {
  exclude exlude-name {
    destination-address destination-address;
    destination-port destination-port;
    event-id event-id;
    failure;
    interface-name interface-name;
    policy-name policy-name;
    process process-name;
    protocol protocol;
    source-address source-address;
    source-port source-address;
    success;
    user-name user-name;
  }
  limit value;
}
```

Hierarchy Level [edit security log]

Release Information Statement modified in Junos OS Release 9.2.

Description Cache security log events in the audit log buffer.

Options The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

Required Privilege Level security—To view this statement in the configuration.
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation • [syslog \(System\) on page 128](#)

category (Security Logging)

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Syntax | category (all content-security fw-auth screen alg nat flow sctp gtp ipsec idp rtlog pst-ds-lite appqos secintel) |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security log stream <i>stream-name</i>] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0. Statement modified in Junos OS Release 15.1X49-D40. |
| Description | Set the category of logging to all or content-security . Note that for the WELF format, the category must be set to content-security . |



NOTE: On SRX5600 and SRX5800 devices, if the stream configuration does not specify a destination port, the default destination port will be the system log port. If you specify a destination port in the stream configuration, then that port will be used instead.

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • all—All events are logged. • content-security—Only content security events are logged. • fw-auth—Firewall authentication events are logged. • screen—Screen events are logged. • alg—Application Layer Gateway (ALG) events are logged. • nat—Network Address Translation (NAT) events are logged. • flow—Flow events are logged. • sctp—Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) events are logged. • gtp—GTP events are logged. • ipsec—IPsec events are logged. • idp—Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) events are logged. • rtlog—RTLOG system log events are logged. • pst-ds-lite—PST dual-stack lite (DS-Lite) events are logged. • appqos—Application quality of service (AppQoS) events are logged. • secintel—Juniper Networks Security Intelligence (SecIntel) events are logged. |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration. security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>AppSecure Services Feature Guide for Security Devices</i> • <i>Logical Systems Feature Guide for Security Devices</i> |

console (System Logging)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>console { facility severity; }</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog] |
| Release Information | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series.</p> |
| Description | Configure the logging of system messages to the system console. |
| Options | <p>facility—Class of messages to log. To specify multiple classes, include multiple facility severity statements. For a list of the facilities, see Table 3 on page 5.</p> <p>severity—Severity of the messages that belong to the facility specified by the paired facility name. Messages with severities of the specified level and higher are logged. For a list of the severities, see Table 4 on page 5.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Directing System Log Messages to the Console on page 19 • System Log Explorer |

destination-override

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | destination-override { syslog host <i>ip-address</i> ; } |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system tracing] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. |
| Description | This option overrides the system-wide configuration under [edit system tracing] and has no effect if system tracing is not configured. |
| Options | <p>These options specify the system logs and the host to which remote tracing output is sent:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• syslog—Specify the system process log files to send to the remote tracing host.• host <i>ip-address</i>—Specify the IP address to which to send tracing information. |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Junos OS Tracing and Logging Operations</i>• tracing on page 133 |

start-time "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm"—Date and time in the local time zone for a one-time transfer of the active log file to the first reachable site in the list of sites specified by the **archive-sites** statement.

transfer-interval *interval*—Interval at which to transfer the log file to an archive site.

Range: 5 through 2880 minutes

world-readable | no-world-readable—Grant all users permission to read archived log files, or restrict the permission only to the **root** user and users who have the Junos OS **maintenance** permission.

Default: no-world-readable

Required Privilege Level system—To view this statement in the configuration.
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- [Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties on page 19](#)

console (System Logging)

Syntax console {
 facility severity;
}

Hierarchy Level [edit system [syslog](#)]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series.

Description Configure the logging of system messages to the system console.

Options ***facility***—Class of messages to log. To specify multiple classes, include multiple ***facility severity*** statements. For a list of the facilities, see [Table 3 on page 5](#).
severity—Severity of the messages that belong to the facility specified by the paired ***facility*** name. Messages with severities of the specified level and higher are logged. For a list of the severities, see [Table 4 on page 5](#).

Required Privilege Level system—To view this statement in the configuration.
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- [Directing System Log Messages to the Console on page 19](#)
- [System Log Explorer](#)

event-rate

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | Syntax event-rate <i>rate</i> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security log] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0. |
| Description | Limits the rate (0 to 1500) at which logs will be streamed per second. |
| Options | The remaining statements are explained separately. See CLI Explorer . |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration. security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• syslog (System) on page 128 |

exclude (Security Log)

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>exclude <i>exlude-name</i> { destination-address <i>destination-address</i>; destination-port <i>destination-port</i>; event-id <i>event-id</i>; failure; interface-name <i>interface-name</i>; policy-name <i>policy-name</i>; process <i>process-name</i>; protocol <i>protocol</i>; source-address <i>source-address</i>; source-port <i>source-port</i>; success; user-name <i>user-name</i>; }</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security log cache] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2. |
| Description | Configure a list of auditable events that can be excluded from the audit log. |
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• destination-ip <i>destination-address</i>—Destination IP address.• destination-port <i>destination-port</i>—Destination port number.• event-id <i>event-id</i>—Error message identification number.• failure—Failed audit event logs.• interface-name <i>interface-name</i>—Name of the interface.• policy-name <i>policy-name</i>—Policy name filter.• process <i>process-name</i>—Process that generated the event.• protocol <i>protocol</i>—Protocol that generated the event.• source-ip <i>source-address</i>—Source IP address.• source-port <i>source-port</i>—Source port number.• success—Successful audit event logs.• username <i>user-name</i>—User name filter. |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• show security log on page 151• clear security log on page 139 |

exclude-hostname

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | exclude-hostname; |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog host <i>hostname</i>] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2 |
| Description | Disable logging of hostname in the message directed to remote host. |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Directing System Log Messages to a Remote Machine or the Other Routing Engine on page 31 |

explicit-priority

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | explicit-priority; |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog file <i>filename</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog host], [edit system syslog file <i>filename</i>], [edit system syslog host] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series. |
| Description | Record the priority (facility and severity level) in each standard-format system log message directed to a file or remote destination. When the structured-data statement is also included at the [edit system syslog file <i>filename</i>] hierarchy level, this statement is ignored for the file. |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Including Priority Information in System Log Messages on page 21 • System Log Explorer • structured-data on page 127 |

facility-override (Security)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>facility-override <i>facility</i>;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security log] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D35 for SRX Series devices. |
| Description | <p>Alternate facility for logging to remote host.</p> <p>System log server is set up to use a facility-override value to filter or write log files received by a system log agent.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |

file (Security Log)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <pre>file { files <i>max-file-number</i>; name <i>file-name</i>; path <i>binary-log-file-path</i>; size <i>maximum-file-size</i>; }</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security log] |
| Release Information | Statement modified in Junos OS Release 9.2. |
| Description | Configure security log file options for logs in binary format. |
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• files <i>number</i>—Specify the maximum number of binary log files. Range: 2 through 10 files.• name <i>name</i>—Name of the file to log messages.• path <i>filepath</i>—Specify the path of the binary log file.• size <i>maximum-file-size</i>—Maximum size of each trace file, in megabytes (MB). Range: 1 KB through 10 MB |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• syslog (System) on page 128 |

file (System Logging)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre> file <i>filename</i> { <i>facility severity</i>; archive { <i>files number</i>; <i>size size</i>; (no-world-readable world-readable); } explicit-priority; match "<i>regular-expression</i>"; structured-data { brief; } } </pre> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog] |
| Release Information | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.</p> |
| Description | Configure the logging of system messages to a file. |
| Options | <p><i>facility</i>—Class of messages to log. To specify multiple classes, include multiple <i>facility severity</i> statements. For a list of the facilities, see Table 3 on page 5.</p> <p><i>file filename</i>—File in the <code>/var/log</code> directory in which to log messages from the specified facility. To log messages to more than one file, include more than one <i>file</i> statement.</p> <p><i>severity</i>—Severity of the messages that belong to the facility specified by the paired <i>facility</i> name. Messages with severities of the specified level and higher are logged. For a list of the severities, see Table 4 on page 5.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Directing System Log Messages to a Log File on page 17 • <i>Junos OS System Log Reference for Security Devices</i> |


```

    filename;
    files number;
    match regular-expression;
    size maximum-file-size (10240..1073741824);
    world-readable
    no-world-readable
  }
  flag (all | configuration | hpl | report | source);
  no-remote-trace (file | flag);
}
transport {
  protocol (udp | tcp | tls);
  tls-profile tls-profile-name;
  tcp-connections tcp-connections;
}
utc-timestamp;
}

```

Hierarchy Level [edit security]

Release Information Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

Description You can set the mode of logging (event for traditional system logging or stream for streaming security logs through a revenue port to a server). You can also specify all the other parameters for security logging.

log (Services)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>log { all; errors; info; sessions-allowed; sessions-dropped; sessions-ignored; sessions-whitelisted; warning; }</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit services ssl proxy profile <i>profile-name</i> actions] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D10. |
| Description | Specify the logging actions. |
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • all—Log all events. • errors—Log all error events. • info—Log all information events. • sessions-allowed—Log SSL session allowed events after an error. • sessions-dropped—Log only SSL session dropped events. • sessions-ignored—Log session ignored events. • sessions-whitelisted—Log SSL session whitelisted events. • warning—Log all warning events. |
| Required Privilege Level | services—To view this statement in the configuration. services-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Configuring SSL Proxy</i> |

log-prefix (System)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>log-prefix <i>string</i>;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog host] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series. |
| Description | Include a text string in each message directed to a remote destination. |
| Options | <i>string</i> —Text string to include in each message. |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Adding a Text String to System Log Messages on page 33• System Log Explorer |

log-rotate-frequency

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>log-rotate-frequency <i>frequency</i>;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [set system syslog] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.3. |
| Description | Configure the system log file rotation frequency by configuring the time interval for checking the log file size. When the log file size has exceeded the configured limit, the old log file is archived and a new log file is created. |
| Options | <i>frequency</i> —Frequency of rotation of the system log file. Range: 1 minute through 59 minutes Default: 15 minutes |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties on page 19• syslog on page 128 |

match

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>match "regular-expression";</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog file <i>filename</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system syslog user (<i>username</i> *)], [edit system syslog file <i>filename</i>], [edit system syslog host <i>hostname</i> other-routing-engine scc-master)], [edit system syslog user (<i>username</i> *)] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series. |
| Description | Specify a text string that must (or must not) appear in a message for the message to be logged to a destination. |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using Regular Expressions to Refine the Set of Logged Messages on page 25 |

mode (Security Log)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>mode (event stream)</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security log] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0. |
| Description | Set the mode of logging (event for traditional system logging or stream for streaming security logs through a revenue port to a server). |
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • event—Process security logs in the control plane. • stream—Process security logs directly in the forwarding plane. <p>Default: event.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration. security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • syslog (System) on page 128 |

no-remote-trace (System)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | no-remote-trace; |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system scripts commit traceoptions] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2. |
| Description | Disable remote tracing. |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>traceoptions (Security Datapath Debug)</i> |

pic-services-logging

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | pic-services-logging { command <i>binary-file-path</i> ; disable; failover (alternate-media other-routing-engine); } |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system processes] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5. |
| Description | Enable PICs to send special logging information to the Routing Engine for archiving on a hard disk. |
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• command <i>binary-file-path</i>—Path to the binary process.• disable—Disable the PIC services logging process.• failover—Configure the device to reboot if the software process fails four times within 30 seconds, and specify the software to use during the reboot.<ul style="list-style-type: none">• alternate-media—Configure the device to switch to backup media that contains a version of the system if a software process fails repeatedly.• other-routing-engine—Instruct the secondary Routing Engine to take mastership if a software process fails. If this statement is configured for a process, and that process fails four times within 30 seconds, the device reboots from the secondary Routing Engine. |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• syslog (System) on page 128 |

port (Syslog)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>port <i>port number</i>;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog host <i>hostname</i> other-routing-engine scc-master)] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.3. |
| Description | Specify the port number for the remote syslog server. |
| Options | <i>port number</i> —Port number of the remote syslog server. Range: 0 through 65535 Default: 514 |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• syslog on page 128• <i>host</i> |

security-log

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <pre>security-log { command <i>binary-file-path</i>; disable; failover (alternate-media other-routing-engine); }</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system processes] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5. |
| Description | Specify the security log process. |
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• command <i>binary-file-path</i>—Path to the binary process.• disable—Disable the security log process.• failover—Configure the device to reboot if the software process fails four times within 30 seconds, and specify the software to use during the reboot.<ul style="list-style-type: none">• alternate-media—Configure the device to switch to backup media that contains a version of the system if a software process fails repeatedly.• other-routing-engine—Instruct the secondary Routing Engine to take mastership if a software process fails. If this statement is configured for a process, and that process fails four times within 30 seconds, then the device reboots from the secondary Routing Engine. |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• syslog (System) on page 128 |

security-log-percent-full

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>security-log-percent-full <i>percentage</i>;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security alarms potential-violation] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2. |
| Description | Raise a security alarm when security log exceeds a specified percent of total capacity. |
| Options | <i>percentage</i> —Percentage of security log capacity at which a security alarm is raised. Range: 0 through 100 percent |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration. security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • syslog (System) on page 128 |

severity (Security Log)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>severity (alert critical debug emergency error info notice warning)</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit security log stream <i>stream-name</i>] |
| Release Information | Statement modified in Junos OS Release 9.2. |
| Description | Set severity threshold for security logs. |
| Options | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • alert—Conditions that require immediate attention. • critical—Critical conditions. • debug—Information normally used in debugging. • emergency—Conditions that cause security functions to stop. • error—General error conditions. • info—Information about normal security operations. • notice—Nonerror conditions that are of interest. • warning—General warning conditions. <p>Default: debug.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration. security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • syslog (System) on page 128 |

size (System)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>size size;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog archive], [edit system syslog file <i>filename</i> archive] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series. |
| Description | Configure the maximum amount of data that the Junos OS logging utility writes to a log file <i>logfile</i> before archiving it (closing it, compressing it, and changing its name to <i>logfile.0.gz</i>). The utility then opens and writes to a new file called <i>logfile</i> . For information about the number of archive files that the utility creates in this way, see files . |
| Options | size —Maximum size of each system log file, in kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). Syntax: <i>xk</i> to specify the number of kilobytes, <i>xm</i> for the number of megabytes, or <i>xg</i> for the number of gigabytes Range: 64 KB through 1 GB Default: 1 MB for MX Series routers the QFX Series, and the OCX Series |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties on page 19• System Log Explorer• files on page 114 |

syslog (System)

Syntax `syslog {`
 `allow-duplicates;`
 `archive {`
 `(binary-data | no-binary-data);`
 `files` *number*;
 `size` *maximum-file-size*;
 `start-time` "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm";
 `transfer-interval` *minutes*;
 `(world-readable | no-world-readable);`
 `}`
 `console {`
 `facility` *severity*;
 `}`
 `file` *filename* {
 `facility` *severity*;
 `explicit-priority`;
 `match` "regular-expression";
 `archive {`
 `(binary-data | no-binary-data);`
 `files` *number*;
 `size` *maximum-file-size*;
 `start-time` "YYYY-MM-DD.hh:mm";
 `transfer-interval` *minutes*;
 `(world-readable | no-world-readable);`
 `}`
 `structured-data {`
 `brief`;
 `}`
 `}`
 `host` (*hostname* | *other-routing-engine* | *scc-master*) {
 `facility` *severity*;
 `explicit-priority`;
 `facility-override` *facility*;
 `log-prefix` *string*;
 `match` "regular-expression";
 `source-address` *source-address*;
 `structured-data {`
 `brief`;
 `}`
 `port` *port number*;
 `}`
 `log-rotate-frequency` *frequency*;
 `server` *server name*;
 `source-address` *source-address*;
 `time-format` (*millisecond* | *year* | *year millisecond*);
 `user` (*username* | ***) {
 `facility` *severity*;
 `match` "regular-expression";
 `}`
`}`

Hierarchy Level [\[edit system\]](#)

Default: 128 KB

- **world-readable | no-world-readable**—By default, log files can be accessed only by the user who configures the tracing operation. The **world-readable** option enables any user to read the file. To explicitly set the default behavior, use the **no-world-readable** option.
- **flag**—Trace operation to perform. To specify more than one trace operation, include multiple **flag** statements.
 - **all**—Trace with all flags enabled
 - **configuration**—Trace configuration events
 - **hpl**— Trace HPL logging
 - **report**— Trace HPL logging
 - **source**—Communicate with security log forwarder
- **no-remote-trace**—Set remote tracing as disabled.

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Required Privilege | trace—To view this statement in the configuration. |
| Level | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• syslog (System) on page 128 |
|------------------------------|---|

tracing

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | tracing { destination-override syslog host <i>ip-address</i> ; } |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. |
| Description | <p>Configure the router to enable remote tracing to a specified host IP address. The default setting is disabled.</p> <p>The following processes are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • chassisd—Chassis-control process • eventd—Event-processing process • cosd—Class-of-service process • spd—Adaptive-services process <p>You can use the no-remote-trace statement, under the [edit system process-name traceoptions] hierarchy, to disable remote tracing.</p> |
| Options | destination-override syslog host <i>ip-address</i> —Overrides the global config under system tracing and has no effect if system tracing is not configured. |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Junos OS Tracing and Logging Operations</i> • destination-override on page 106 • <i>no-remote-trace</i> |

user (System Logging)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>user (username *) { facility severity; match "regular-expression"; }</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series. |
| Description | Configure the logging of system messages to user terminals. |
| Options | <p>* (the asterisk)—Log messages to the terminal sessions of all users who are currently logged in.</p> <p>facility—Class of messages to log. To specify multiple classes, include multiple facility severity statements. For a list of the facilities, see Table 3 on page 5.</p> <p>severity—Severity of the messages that belong to the facility specified by the paired facility name. Messages with severities the specified level and higher are logged. For a list of the severities, see Table 4 on page 5.</p> <p>username—Junos OS login name of the user whose terminal session is to receive system log messages. To log messages to more than one user's terminal session, include more than one user statement.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Directing System Log Messages to a User Terminal on page 18• Junos OS System Logging Facilities and Message Severity Levels on page 4• Junos OS System Log Reference for Security Devices |

world-readable

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | world-readable no-world-readable; |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit system syslog archive], [edit system syslog file filename archive] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. |
| Description | Grant all users permission to read log files, or restrict the permission only to the root user and users who have the Junos OS maintenance permission. |
| Default | no-world-readable |
| Required Privilege Level | system—To view this statement in the configuration. system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Specifying Log File Size, Number, and Archiving Properties on page 19• <i>Junos OS System Log Reference for Security Devices</i> |

CHAPTER 10

Operational Commands

- clear log
- clear security log
- clear security log file
- clear security log stream file
- monitor list
- monitor start
- monitor stop
- show log
- show security log
- show security log file
- show security log severity
- show security log query

clear log

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>clear log <i>filename</i></code> <code><all></code> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series. Command introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for OCX Series switches. |
| Description | Remove contents of a log file. |
| Options | <i>filename</i> —Name of the specific log file to delete. all —(Optional) Delete the specified log file and all archived versions of it. |
| Required Privilege Level | clear |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• show log on page 147 |
| List of Sample Output | clear log on page 138 |
| Output Fields | See <i>file list</i> for an explanation of output fields. |

Sample Output

clear log

The following sample commands list log file information, clear the contents of a log file, and then display the updated log file information:

```
user@host> file list lcc0-re0:/var/log/sampled detail
lcc0-re0:
-----
-rw-r-----  1 root  wheel          26450 Jun 23 18:47 /var/log/sampled
total 1

user@host> clear log lcc0-re0:sampled
lcc0-re0:
-----

user@host> file list lcc0-re0:/var/log/sampled detail
lcc0-re0:
-----
-rw-r-----  1 root  wheel           57 Sep 15 03:44 /var/log/sampled
total 1
```

clear security log

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <pre>clear security log <all> <destination-address> <destination-port> <event-id> <failure> <interface-name> <newer-than> <older-than> <process> <protocol> <severity> <source-address> <source-port> <success> <username></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2. |
| Description | Deletes the event log. |
| Options | <p>all—Clears all audit event logs stored in the device memory.</p> <p>destination-address—Clears audit event logs with the specified destination address.</p> <p>destination-port—Clears audit event logs with the specified destination port.</p> <p>event-id—Clears audit event logs with the specified event identification number.</p> <p>failure—Clears failed audit event logs.</p> <p>interface-name—Clears audit event logs with the specified interface.</p> <p>newer-than—Clears audit event logs newer than the specified date and time.</p> <p>older-than—Clears audit event logs older than the specified date and time.</p> <p>process—Clears audit event logs with the specified process that generated the event.</p> <p>protocol—Clears audit event logs generated through the specified protocol.</p> <p>severity—Clears audit event logs generated with the specified severity.</p> <p>source-address—Clears audit event logs with the specified source address.</p> <p>source-port—Clears audit event logs with the specified source port.</p> <p>success—Clears successful audit event logs.</p> <p>username—Clears audit event logs generated for the specified user.</p> |

Required Privilege Level clear

Related Documentation

- [exclude \(Security Log\) on page 110](#)
- [show security log on page 151](#)

Sample Output

clear security log all

```
user@host> clear security log all
7905 security log events cleared
```

clear security log file

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | clear security log file |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1. |
| Description | Deletes the content of an event mode security log file stored on the device in binary format. |
| Required Privilege Level | clear |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• show security log file on page 154 |

Sample Output

clear security log file

```
user@host> clear security log file
7905 security log events cleared
```

clear security log stream file

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | clear security log query clear security log stream file <file-name> |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1X49-D70 for SRX1500, SRX4100, and SRX4200 Series devices and vSRX instances. |
| Description | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• clear security log query—Clear the content of the database.• clear security log stream file—Clear the content of the current log file. |
| Required Privilege Level | clear |
| Output Fields | The following outputs are occurred in two conditions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clear log stream file successfully, when there is log file.• Clear log stream file error or does not exists, when there is no log file. |

monitor list

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | monitor list |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. |
| Description | Display the status of monitored log and trace files. |
| Options | This command has no options. |
| Additional Information | Log files are generated by the routing protocol process or by system logging. The log files generated by system logging are configured with the syslog statement at the [edit system] hierarchy level and the options statement at the [edit routing-options] hierarchy level. The trace files generated by the routing protocol process are those configured with traceoptions statements at the [edit routing-options] , [edit interfaces] , and [edit protocols protocol] hierarchy levels. |
| Required Privilege Level | trace |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • monitor start on page 144 • monitor stop on page 146 |
| List of Sample Output | monitor list on page 143 |
| Output Fields | Table 29 on page 143 describes the output fields for the monitor list command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 29: monitor list Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description |
|----------------------|--|
| monitor start | Indicates the file is being monitored. |
| "filename" | Name of the file that is being monitored. |
| Last changed | Date and time at which the file was last modified. |

Sample Output

monitor list

```
user@host> monitor list
monitor start "vrrpd" (Last changed Dec 03:11:06 20)
monitor start "cli-commands" (Last changed Nov 07:3)
```


Sample Output

monitor start

```
user@host> monitor start system-log
*** system-log***
Jul 20 15:07:34 hang sshd[5845]: log: Generating 768 bit RSA key.
Jul 20 15:07:35 hang sshd[5845]: log: RSA key generation complete.
Jul 20 15:07:35 hang sshd[5845]: log: Connection from 204.69.248.180 port 912
Jul 20 15:07:37 hang sshd[5845]: log: RSA authentication for root accepted.
Jul 20 15:07:37 hang sshd[5845]: log: ROOT LOGIN as 'root' from host.example.com
Jul 20 15:07:37 hang sshd[5845]: log: Closing connection to 204.69.248.180
```

monitor stop

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>monitor stop <i>filename</i></code> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. |
| Description | Stop displaying the system log or trace file. |
| Options | <i>filename</i> —Specific log or trace file. |
| Additional Information | Log files are generated by the routing protocol process or by system logging. The log files generated by system logging are those configured with the syslog statement at the [edit system] hierarchy level and the options statement at the [edit routing-options] hierarchy level. The trace files generated by the routing protocol process are those configured with traceoptions statements at the [edit routing-options] , [edit interfaces] , and [edit protocols <i>protocol</i>] hierarchy levels. |
| Required Privilege Level | trace |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• monitor list on page 143• monitor start on page 144 |
| List of Sample Output | monitor stop on page 146 |
| Output Fields | This command produces no output. |

Sample Output

monitor stop

```
user@host> monitor stop
```


- **director-device**—Display logs for Director devices.
- **infrastructure-device**—Display logs for the logical components of the QFabric system infrastructure, including the diagnostic Routing Engine, fabric control Routing Engine, fabric manager Routing Engine, and the default network Node group and its backup (NW-NG-0 and NW-NG-0-backup).
- **interconnect-device**—Display logs for Interconnect devices.
- **node-device**—Display logs for Node devices.



NOTE: If you specify the **device-type** optional parameter, you must also specify either the **device-id** or **device-alias** optional parameter.

(device-id | device-alias)—If a device type is specified, display logs for a device of that type. Specify either the device ID or the device alias (if configured).

filename—(Optional) Display the log messages in the specified log file. For the routing matrix, the filename must include the chassis information.

user <username>—(Optional) Display logging information about users who have recently logged in to the router or switch. If you include **username**, display logging information about the specified user.

Required Privilege Level

trace

List of Sample Output

[show log on page 148](#)

[show log filename on page 149](#)

[show log filename \(QFabric System\) on page 149](#)

[show log user on page 150](#)

Sample Output

show log

```
user@host> show log
total 57518
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin      211663 Oct  1 19:44 dcd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin      999947 Oct  1 19:41 dcd.0
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin      999994 Oct  1 17:48 dcd.1
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin      238815 Oct  1 19:44 rpd
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1049098 Oct  1 18:00 rpd.0
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1061095 Oct  1 12:13 rpd.1
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1052026 Oct  1 06:08 rpd.2
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1056309 Sep 30 18:21 rpd.3
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1056371 Sep 30 14:36 rpd.4
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1056301 Sep 30 10:50 rpd.5
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1056350 Sep 30 07:04 rpd.6
-rw-r--r-- 1 root bin     1048876 Sep 30 03:21 rpd.7
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root bin       19656 Oct  1 19:37 wtmp
```


show log user

```
user@host> show log user
usera    mg2546          Thu Oct  1 19:37   still logged in
usera    mg2529          Thu Oct  1 19:08 - 19:36 (00:28)
usera    mg2518          Thu Oct  1 18:53 - 18:58 (00:04)
root     mg1575          Wed Sep 30 18:39 - 18:41 (00:02)
root     tty2           aaa.bbbb.com      Wed Sep 30 18:39 - 18:41 (00:02)
userb    tty1           192.0.2.0         Wed Sep 30 01:03 - 01:22 (00:19)
```

show security log

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>show security log {<i>all</i> <i>destination-address</i> <i>destination-port</i> <i>event-id</i> <i>failure</i> <i>interface-name</i> <i>newer-than</i> <i>older-than</i> <i>process</i> <i>protocol</i> <i>severity</i> <i>sort-by</i> <i>source-address</i> <i>source-port</i> <i>success</i> <i>user</i>}</code> |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2 . |
| Description | Display security event logs. This command continuously displays security events on the screen. To stop the display, press Ctrl+c. |
| Options | <p>all—Displays all audit event logs stored in the device memory.</p> <p>destination-address—Displays audit event logs with the specified destination address.</p> <p>destination-port—Displays audit event logs with the specified destination port.</p> <p>event-id—Displays audit event logs with the specified event identification number.</p> <p>failure—Displays failed audit event logs.</p> <p>interface-name—Displays audit event logs with the specified interface.</p> <p>newer-than—Displays audit event logs newer than the specified date and time.</p> <p>older-than—Displays audit event logs older than the specified date and time.</p> <p>process—Displays audit event logs with the specified process that generated the event.</p> <p>protocol—Displays audit event logs generated through the specified protocol.</p> <p>severity—Displays audit event logs generated with the specified severity.</p> <p>sort-by—Displays audit event logs generated sorted with the specified options.</p> <p>source-address—Displays audit event logs with the specified source address.</p> <p>source-port—Displays audit event logs with the specified source port.</p> <p>success—Displays successful audit event logs.</p> <p>username—Displays audit event logs generated for the specified user.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • exclude (Security Log) on page 110 • clear security log on page 139 |
| List of Sample Output | show security log on page 152 |

show security log file

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | show security log file |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1. |
| Description | Enables customers to view event-mode log files stored on the device in binary format. |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> show security log on page 151 |
| List of Sample Output | show security log file on page 154 |
| Output Fields | Table 32 on page 154 lists the output fields for the show security log file command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 32: show security log file Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description |
|------------|---|
| Event time | The timestamp when the security event was received. |
| Message | The message describing the security event. |

Sample Output

show security log file

```

user@host> show security log file
<14>1 2011-08-28T21:14:43 topstar RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_CREATE
[junos@2636.1.1.1.2.34 source-address="7.7.7.2" source-port="1"
destination-address="8.8.8.2" destination-port="5636" service-name="icmp"
nat-source-address="7.7.7.2" nat-source-port="1" nat-destination-address="8.8.8.2"
nat-destination-port="5636" src-nat-rule-name="None" dst-nat-rule-name="None"
protocol-id="1" policy-name="client-to-server" source-zone-name="client"
destination-zone-name="server" session-id-32="60000442" username="N/A" roles="N/A"
packet-incoming-interface="ge-0/0/0.0"]

<14>1 2011-08-28T21:14:45 topstar RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_CLOSE
[junos@2636.1.1.1.2.34 reason="response received" source-address="7.7.7.2"
source-port="0" destination-address="8.8.8.2" destination-port="5636"
service-name="icmp" nat-source-address="7.7.7.2" nat-source-port="0"
nat-destination-address="8.8.8.2" nat-destination-port="5636"
src-nat-rule-name="None" dst-nat-rule-name="None" protocol-id="1"
policy-name="client-to-server" source-zone-name="client"
destination-zone-name="server" session-id-32="60000441" packets-from-client="1"
bytes-from-client="84" packets-from-server="1" bytes-from-server="84"
elapsed-time="3" application="UNKNOWN" nested-application="UNKNOWN" username="N/A"
roles="N/A" packet-incoming-interface="ge-0/0/0.0"]

...

user@host> show security log file

```

```
<14>1 2011-11-17T23:41:46 topstar RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_CREATE_LS
[junos@2636.1.1.1.2.34 logical-system-name="LSYS1" source-address="3001::2"
source-port="0" destination-address="5001::2" destination-port="17420"
service-name="icmpv6" nat-source-address="3001::2" nat-source-port="0"
nat-destination-address="5001::2" nat-destination-port="17420"
src-nat-rule-name="None" dst-nat-rule-name="None" protocol-id="58"
policy-name="lsys1trust-to-lsys1trust" source-zone-name="lsys1-trust"
destination-zone-name="lsys1-trust" session-id-32="60000218" username="N/A"
roles="N/A" packet-incoming-interface="ge-0/0/2.0"]
```

```
<14>1 2011-11-17T23:41:48 topstar RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_CLOSE
[junos@2636.1.1.1.2.34 reason="response received" source-address="3001::2"
source-port="0" destination-address="5001::2" destination-port="17420"
service-name="icmpv6" nat-source-address="3001::2" nat-source-port="0"
nat-destination-address="5001::2" nat-destination-port="17420"
src-nat-rule-name="None" dst-nat-rule-name="None" protocol-id="58"
policy-name="lsys1trust-to-lsys1trust" source-zone-name="lsys1-trust"
destination-zone-name="lsys1-trust" session-id-32="60000218"
packets-from-client="1" bytes-from-client="104" packets-from-server="1"
bytes-from-server="104" elapsed-time="3" application="UNKNOWN"
nested-application="UNKNOWN" username="N/A" roles="N/A"
packet-incoming-interface="ge-0/0/2.0" encrypted="No "]
```

```
<14>1 2011-11-17T23:41:48 topstar RT_FLOW - RT_FLOW_SESSION_CLOSE_LS
[junos@2636.1.1.1.2.34 logical-system-name="LSYS1" reason="response received"
source-address="3001::2" source-port="0" destination-address="5001::2"
destination-port="17420" service-name="icmpv6" nat-source-address="3001::2"
nat-source-port="0" nat-destination-address="5001::2" nat-destination-port="17420"
src-nat-rule-name="None" dst-nat-rule-name="None" protocol-id="58"
policy-name="lsys1trust-to-lsys1trust" source-zone-name="lsys1-trust"
destination-zone-name="lsys1-trust" session-id-32="60000218"
packets-from-client="1" bytes-from-client="104" packets-from-server="1"
bytes-from-server="104" elapsed-time="3" application="UNKNOWN"
nested-application="UNKNOWN" username="N/A" roles="N/A"
packet-incoming-interface="ge-0/0/2.0" encrypted="No "]
```

```
...
```

show security log severity

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | show security log severity |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1X49-D40. |
| Description | Display severity information for the event. |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• show security log on page 151 |
| Output Fields | Table 32 on page 154 lists the output fields for the show security log severity command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 33: show security log severity Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description |
|------------|----------------------|
| alert | Alert severity |
| crit | Critical severity |
| debug | Debug severity |
| emerg | Emergency severity |
| err | Error severity |
| info | Information severity |
| notice | Notice severity |
| warning | Warning severity |

PART 4

Index

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