



Junos[®] OS

Loopback Interface Feature Guide for Routing Devices

Release

14.1



Published: 2014-05-15

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Junos[®] OS Loopback Interface Feature Guide for Routing Devices

14.1

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About the Documentation

- Documentation and Release Notes on page vii
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Documentation and Release Notes

To obtain the most current version of all Juniper Networks® technical documentation, see the product documentation page on the Juniper Networks website at <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/>.

If the information in the latest release notes differs from the information in the documentation, follow the product Release Notes.

Juniper Networks Books publishes books by Juniper Networks engineers and subject matter experts. These books go beyond the technical documentation to explore the nuances of network architecture, deployment, and administration. The current list can be viewed at <http://www.juniper.net/books>.

Supported Platforms

For the features described in this document, the following platforms are supported:

- ACX Series
- M Series
- MX Series
- T Series
- J Series
- PTX Series

Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming configuration into the current candidate configuration. The example does not become active until you commit the candidate configuration.

If the example configuration contains the top level of the hierarchy (or multiple hierarchies), the example is a *full example*. In this case, use the **load merge** command.

If the example configuration does not start at the top level of the hierarchy, the example is a *snippet*. In this case, use the **load merge relative** command. These procedures are described in the following sections.

Merging a Full Example

To merge a full example, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration example into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following configuration to a file and name the file **ex-script.conf**. Copy the **ex-script.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
system {
  scripts {
    commit {
      file ex-script.xml;
    }
  }
}
interfaces {
  fxp0 {
    disable;
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.0.0.1/24;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

2. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge** configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# load merge /var/tmp/ex-script.conf
load complete
```


Merging a Snippet

To merge a snippet, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration snippet into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following snippet to a file and name the file **ex-script-snippet.conf**. Copy the **ex-script-snippet.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
commit {  
  file ex-script-snippet.xml; }
```

2. Move to the hierarchy level that is relevant for this snippet by issuing the following configuration mode command:

```
[edit]  
user@host# edit system scripts  
[edit system scripts]
```

3. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge relative** configuration mode command:

```
[edit system scripts]  
user@host# load merge relative /var/tmp/ex-script-snippet.conf  
load complete
```

For more information about the **load** command, see the *CLI User Guide*.

Documentation Conventions

[Table 1 on page x](#) defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

| Icon | Meaning | Description |
|--|--------------------|---|
|  | Informational note | Indicates important features or instructions. |
|  | Caution | Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage. |
|  | Warning | Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death. |
|  | Laser warning | Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser. |
|  | Tip | Indicates helpful information. |
|  | Best practice | Alerts you to a recommended use or implementation. |

Table 2 on page x defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

| Convention | Description | Examples |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Bold text like this | Represents text that you type. | To enter configuration mode, type the configure command: user@host> configure |
| Fixed-width text like this | Represents output that appears on the terminal screen. | user@host> show chassis alarms No alarms currently active |
| <i>Italic text like this</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduces or emphasizes important new terms. Identifies guide names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A policy <i>term</i> is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions. <i>Junos OS CLI User Guide</i> RFC 1997, <i>BGP Communities Attribute</i> |
| <i>Italic text like this</i> | Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements. | Configure the machine's domain name: [edit] root@# set system domain-name <i>domain-name</i> |

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (*continued*)

| Convention | Description | Examples |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Text like this | Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level.The console port is labeled CONSOLE. |
| < > (angle brackets) | Encloses optional keywords or variables. | stub <default-metric <i>metric</i>>; |
| (pipe symbol) | Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity. | broadcast multicast (<i>string1</i> <i>string2</i> <i>string3</i>) |
| # (pound sign) | Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies. | rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS only |
| [] (square brackets) | Encloses a variable for which you can substitute one or more values. | community name members [<i>community-ids</i>] |
| Indentation and braces ({ }) | Identifies a level in the configuration hierarchy. | <pre>[edit] routing-options { static { route default { nexthop <i>address</i>; retain; } } }</pre> |
| ;(semicolon) | Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level. | |
| GUI Conventions | | |
| Bold text like this | Represents graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces.To cancel the configuration, click Cancel. |
| > (bold right angle bracket) | Separates levels in a hierarchy of menu selections. | In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols>Ospf . |

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can send your comments to techpubs-comments@juniper.net, or fill out the documentation feedback form at <https://www.juniper.net/cgi-bin/docbugreport/>. If you are using e-mail, be sure to include the following information with your comments:

- Document or topic name
- URL or page number

- Software release version (if applicable)

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Technical product support is available through the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC). If you are a customer with an active J-Care or JNASC support contract, or are covered under warranty, and need post-sales technical support, you can access our tools and resources online or open a case with JTAC.

- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the *JTAC User Guide* located at <http://www.juniper.net/us/en/local/pdf/resource-guides/7100059-en.pdf>.
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit <http://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/>.
- JTAC hours of operation—The JTAC centers have resources available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

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- Search for known bugs: <http://www2.juniper.net/kb/>
- Find product documentation: <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/>
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: <http://kb.juniper.net/>
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/>
- Search technical bulletins for relevant hardware and software notifications: <http://kb.juniper.net/InfoCenter/>
- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: <http://www.juniper.net/company/communities/>
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: <http://www.juniper.net/cm/>

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: <https://tools.juniper.net/SerialNumberEntitlementSearch/>

Opening a Case with JTAC

You can open a case with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at <http://www.juniper.net/cm/>.
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see <http://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html>.

PART 1

Overview

- [Loopback Interfaces on page 3](#)

CHAPTER 1

Loopback Interfaces

- [Configuring the Loopback Interface on page 3](#)

Configuring the Loopback Interface

On the router, you can configure one physical loopback interface, **lo0**, and one or more addresses on the interface.

To configure the physical loopback interface, include the following statements at the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit interfaces]
lo0 {
  unit 0 {
    family inet {
      address loopback-address;
      address <loopback-address2>;
      ...
    }
    family inet6 {
      address loopback-address;
    }
  }
}
```

When specifying the loopback address, do not include a destination prefix. Also, in most cases, do not specify a loopback address on any unit other than unit 0.



NOTE: For Layer 3 virtual private networks (VPNs), you can configure multiple logical units for the loopback interface. This allows you to configure a logical loopback interface for each virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) routing instance. For more information, see the *Junos OS VPNs Library for Routing Devices*.

For some applications, such as SSL for Junos XML protocol, the address for the interface lo0.0 must be 127.0.0.1.

You can configure loopback interfaces using a subnetwork address for both inet and inet6 address families. Many protocols require a subnetwork address as their source

address. Configuring a subnetwork loopback address as a donor interface enables these protocols to run on unnumbered interfaces.

If you configure the loopback interface, it is automatically used for unnumbered interfaces. If you do not configure the loopback interface, the router chooses the first interface to come online as the default. If you configure more than one address on the loopback interface, we recommend that you configure one to be the primary address to ensure that it is selected for use with unnumbered interfaces. By default, the primary address is used as the source address when packets originate from the interface.

For more information about unnumbered interfaces, see *Configuring an Unnumbered Interface*. For more information about primary addresses, see *Configuring the Interface Address*.

Example: Configuring the Loopback Interface

Configure two addresses on the loopback interface with host routes:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 172.16.0.1
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 10.0.0.1
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# top
[edit]
user@host# show
interfaces {
  lo0 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        10.0.0.1;
        127.0.0.1;
        172.16.0.1;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Configure two addresses on the loopback interface with subnetwork routes:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 192.16.0.1/24
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 10.2.0.1/16
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# top
[edit]
user@host# show
interfaces {
  lo0 {
    unit 0 {
```

```

        family inet {
            10.2.0.1/16;
            127.0.0.1/32;
            192.16.0.1/24;
        }
    }
}

```

Configure an IP and an IPv6 address on the loopback interface with subnetwork routes:

```

[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 192.16.0.1/24
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# up
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6]
user@host# set address 3ffe::1:200:f8ff:fe75:50df/64
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6]
user@host# top
[edit]
user@host# show
interfaces {
    lo0 {
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                127.0.0.1/32;
                192.16.0.1/24;
            }
            family inet6 {
                3ffe::1:200:f8ff:fe75:50df/64;
            }
        }
    }
}

```


PART 2

Configuration

- [Loopback Interfaces on page 9](#)
- [Network Interfaces Configuration Statements and Hierarchy on page 13](#)
- [Statement Summary on page 31](#)

CHAPTER 2

Loopback Interfaces

- [Configuring the Loopback Interface on page 9](#)

Configuring the Loopback Interface

On the router, you can configure one physical loopback interface, **lo0**, and one or more addresses on the interface.

To configure the physical loopback interface, include the following statements at the **[edit interfaces]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit interfaces]
lo0 {
  unit 0 {
    family inet {
      address loopback-address;
      address <loopback-address2>;
      ...
    }
    family inet6 {
      address loopback-address;
    }
  }
}
```

When specifying the loopback address, do not include a destination prefix. Also, in most cases, do not specify a loopback address on any unit other than unit 0.



NOTE: For Layer 3 virtual private networks (VPNs), you can configure multiple logical units for the loopback interface. This allows you to configure a logical loopback interface for each virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) routing instance. For more information, see the *Junos OS VPNs Library for Routing Devices*.

For some applications, such as SSL for Junos XML protocol, the address for the interface lo0.0 must be 127.0.0.1.

You can configure loopback interfaces using a subnetwork address for both inet and inet6 address families. Many protocols require a subnetwork address as their source

address. Configuring a subnetwork loopback address as a donor interface enables these protocols to run on unnumbered interfaces.

If you configure the loopback interface, it is automatically used for unnumbered interfaces. If you do not configure the loopback interface, the router chooses the first interface to come online as the default. If you configure more than one address on the loopback interface, we recommend that you configure one to be the primary address to ensure that it is selected for use with unnumbered interfaces. By default, the primary address is used as the source address when packets originate from the interface.

For more information about unnumbered interfaces, see *Configuring an Unnumbered Interface*. For more information about primary addresses, see *Configuring the Interface Address*.

Example: Configuring the Loopback Interface

Configure two addresses on the loopback interface with host routes:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 172.16.0.1
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 10.0.0.1
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# top
[edit]
user@host# show
interfaces {
  lo0 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        10.0.0.1;
        127.0.0.1;
        172.16.0.1;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Configure two addresses on the loopback interface with subnetwork routes:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 192.16.0.1/24
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 10.2.0.1/16
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# top
[edit]
user@host# show
interfaces {
  lo0 {
    unit 0 {
```



```
        family inet {
            10.2.0.1/16;
            127.0.0.1/32;
            192.16.0.1/24;
        }
    }
}
```

Configure an IP and an IPv6 address on the loopback interface with subnetwork routes:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# set address 192.16.0.1/24
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet]
user@host# up
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6]
user@host# set address 3ffe::1:200:f8ff:fe75:50df/64
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet6]
user@host# top
[edit]
user@host# show
interfaces {
    lo0 {
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                127.0.0.1/32;
                192.16.0.1/24;
            }
            family inet6 {
                3ffe::1:200:f8ff:fe75:50df/64;
            }
        }
    }
}
```


CHAPTER 3

Network Interfaces Configuration Statements and Hierarchy

- [\[edit interfaces\] Hierarchy Level](#) on page 13

[\[edit interfaces\] Hierarchy Level](#)

The statements at the `[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]` hierarchy level can also be configured at the `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]` hierarchy level.



NOTE: The `accounting-profile` statement is an exception to this rule. The `accounting-profile` statement can be configured at the `[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]` hierarchy level, but it cannot be configured at the `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]` hierarchy level.

```
interfaces {
  traceoptions {
    file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size size> <world-readable |
      no-world-readable> ;
    flag flag <disable>;
  }
  interface-name {
    accounting-profile name;
    aggregated-ether-options {
      (flow-control | no-flow-control);
      lacp {
        (active | passive);
        link-protection {
          disable;
          (revertive | non-revertive);
          periodic interval;
          system-priority priority;
        }
      }
      link-protection;
      link-speed speed;
      (loopback | no-loopback);
      mc-ae{
```

```
chassis-id chassis-id;  
mc-ae-id mc-ae-id;  
mode (active-active | active-standby);  
redundancy-group group-id;  
status-control (active | standby);  
}  
minimum-links number;  
source-address-filter {  
    mac-address;  
}  
(source-filtering | no-source-filtering);  
}  
shared-scheduler;  
aggregated-sonet-options {  
    link-speed speed | mixed;  
    minimum-links number;  
}  
atm-options {  
    cell-bundle-size cells;  
    ilmi;  
    linear-red-profiles profile-name {  
        high-plp-max-threshold percent;  
        low-plp-max-threshold percent;  
        queue-depth cells high-plp-threshold percent low-plp-threshold percent;  
    }  
}  
mpls {  
    pop-all-labels {  
        required-depth number;  
    }  
}  
pic-type (atm1 | atm2);  
plp-to-clp;  
promiscuous-mode {  
    vpi vpi-identifier;  
}  
scheduler-maps map-name {  
    forwarding-class class-name {  
        epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;  
        linear-red-profile profile-name;  
        priority (high | low);  
        transmit-weight (cells number | percent number);  
    }  
    vc-cos-mode (alternate | strict);  
}  
use-null-cw;  
vpi vpi-identifier {  
    maximum-vcs maximum-vcs;  
    oam-liveness {  
        down-count cells;  
        up-count cells;  
    }  
    oam-period (seconds | disable);  
    shaping {  
        (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained rate  
        burst length);  
        queue-length number;  
    }  
}
```

```

    }
  }
}
clocking clock-source;
damping {
  enable;
  half-life seconds;
  max-suppress seconds;
  reuse number;
  suppress number;
}
data-input (system | interface interface-name);
dce;
serial-options {
  clock-rate rate;
  clocking-mode (dce | internal | loop);
  control-polarity (negative | positive);
  cts-polarity (negative | positive);
  dcd-polarity (negative | positive);
  dce-options {
    control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
    cts (ignore | normal | require);
    dcd (ignore | normal | require);
    dsr (ignore | normal | require);
    dtr signal-handling-option;
    ignore-all;
    indication (ignore | normal | require);
    rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
    tm (ignore | normal | require);
  }
  dsr-polarity (negative | positive);
  dte-options {
    control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
    cts (ignore | normal | require);
    dcd (ignore | normal | require);
    dsr (ignore | normal | require);
    dtr signal-handling-option;
    ignore-all;
    indication (ignore | normal | require);
    rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
    tm (ignore | normal | require);
  }
  dtr-circuit (balanced | unbalanced);
  dtr-polarity (negative | positive);
  encoding (nrz | nrzi);
  indication-polarity (negative | positive);
  line-protocol protocol;
  loopback mode;
  rts-polarity (negative | positive);
  tm-polarity (negative | positive);
  transmit-clock invert;
}
description text;
alias alias-name;
dialer-options {
  pool pool-name <priority priority>;

```

```

}
disable;
ds0-options {
    bert-algorithm algorithm;
    bert-error-rate rate;
    bert-period seconds;
    byte-encoding (nx56 | nx64);
    fcs (16 | 32);
    idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
    invert-data;
    loopback payload;
    start-end-flag (filler | shared);
}
e1-options {
    bert-error-rate rate;
    bert-period seconds;
    fcs (16 | 32);
    framing (g704 | g704-no-crc4 | unframed);
    idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
    invert-data;
    loopback (local | remote);
    start-end-flag (filler | shared);
    timeslots time-slot-range;
}
e3-options {
    atm-encapsulation (direct | plcp);
    bert-algorithm algorithm;
    bert-error-rate rate;
    bert-period seconds;
    framing feet;
    compatibility-mode (digital-link | kentrox | larscom) <subrate value>;
    fcs (16 | 32);
    framing (g.751 | g.832);
    idle-cycle-flag (filler | shared);
    invert-data;
    loopback (local | remote);
    (payload-scrambler | no-payload-scrambler);
    start-end-flag (filler | shared);
    (unframed | no-unframed);
}
encapsulation type;
es-options {
    backup-interface es-fpc/pic/port;
}
fastether-options {
    802.3ad aex;
    (flow-control | no-flow-control);
    ignore-l3-incompletes;
    ingress-rate-limit rate;
    (loopback | no-loopback);
    mpls {
        pop-all-labels {
            required-depth number;
        }
    }
}
source-address-filter {

```

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```
    differential-delay number;  
    frame-length (32 | 64 | 128 | 256);  
    frame-synchronization {  
        alpha number;  
        beta number;  
        gamma number;  
    }  
    minimum-links number;  
    symmetry (symmetrical-config-and-operation |  
        symmetrical-config-asymmetrical-operation);  
    test-procedure {  
        ima-test-start;  
        ima-test-stop;  
        interface name;  
        pattern number;  
        period number;  
    }  
    transmit-clock (common | independent);  
    version (1.0 | 1.1);  
}  
ima-link-options group-id group-id;  
interface-set interface-set-name {  
    interface ethernet-interface-name {  
        (unit unit-number | vlan-tags-outer vlan-tag);  
    }  
    interface interface-name {  
        (unit unit-number);  
    }  
}  
isdn-options {  
    bchannel-allocation (ascending | descending);  
    calling-number number;  
    pool pool-name <priority priority>;  
    spid1 spid-string;  
    spid2 spid-string;  
    static-tei-val value;  
    switch-type (att5e | etsi | nil | ntdms100 | ntt);  
    t310 seconds;  
    tei-option (first-call | power-up);  
}  
keepalives <down-count number> <interval seconds> <up-count number>;  
link-mode mode;  
lmi {  
    lmi-type (ansi | itu | c-lmi);  
    n391dte number;  
    n392dce number;  
    n392dte number;  
    n393dce number;  
    n393dte number;  
    t391dte seconds;  
    t392dce seconds;  
}  
lsq-failure-options {  
    no-termination-request;  
    [ trigger-link-failure interface-name ];  
}
```



```

mac mac-address;
mlfr-uni-nni-bundle-options {
    acknowledge-retries number;
    acknowledge-timer milliseconds;
    action-red-differential-delay (disable-tx | remove-link);
    drop-timeout milliseconds;
    fragment-threshold bytes;
    cisco-interoperability send-lip-remove-link-for-link-reject;
    hello-timer milliseconds;
    link-layer-overhead percent;
    lmi-type (ansi | itu | c-lmi);
    minimum-links number;
    mrru bytes;
    n391 number;
    n392 number;
    n393 number;
    red-differential-delay milliseconds;
    t391 seconds;
    t392 seconds;
    yellow-differential-delay milliseconds;
}
modem-options {
    dialin (console | routable);
    init-command-string initialization-command-string;
}
mtu bytes;
multi-chassis-protection {
    peer a.b.c.d {
        interface interface-name;
    }
}
multiservice-options {
    (core-dump | no-core-dump);
    (syslog | no-syslog);
}
native-vlan-id number;
no-gratuitous-arp-request;
no-keepalives;
no-partition {
    interface-type type;
}
no-vpivci-swapping;
otn-options {
    fec (efec | gfec | none);
    (laser-enable | no-laser-enable);
    (line-loopback | no-line-loopback);
    pass-thru;
    rate (fixed-stuff-bytes | no-fixed-stuff-bytes | pass-thru);
    transmit-payload-type number;
    trigger (oc-lof | oc-lom | oc-los | oc-wavelength-lock | odu-ais | odu-bbe-th | odu-bdi
        | odu-es-th | odu-lck | odu-oci | odu-sd | odu-ses-th | odu-ttim | odu-uas-th |
        opu-ptm | otu-ais | otu-bbe-th | otu-bdi | otu-es-th | otu-fec-deg | otu-fec-exe |
        otu-iae | otu-sd | otu-ses-th | otu-ttim | otu-uas-th);
    tti;
}
optics-options {

```

```
wavelength nm;
alarm alarm-name {
    (syslog | link-down);
}
warning warning-name {
    (syslog | link-down);
}
}
partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range interface-type type;
timeslots time-slot-range;
passive-monitor-mode;
per-unit-scheduler;
ppp-options {
    chap {
        access-profile name;
        default-chap-secret name;
        local-name name;
        passive;
    }
    compression {
        acfc;
        pfc;
    }
    dynamic-profile profile-name;
    no-termination-request;
    pap {
        access-profile name;
        local-name name;
        local-password password;
        compression;
    }
}
}
psn-vc psn-vci-identifier;
psn-vp psn-vpi-identifier;
receive-bucket {
    overflow (discard | tag);
    rate percentage;
    threshold bytes;
}
redundancy-options {
    priority sp-fpc/pic/port;
    secondary sp-fpc/pic/port;
    hot-standby;
}
satop-options {
    payload-size n;
}
}
schedulers number;
serial-options {
    clock-rate rate;
    clocking-mode (dce | internal | loop);
    control-polarity (negative | positive);
    cts-polarity (negative | positive);
    dcd-polarity (negative | positive);
    dce-options {
        control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
```

```

cts (ignore | normal | require);
dcd (ignore | normal | require);
dsr (ignore | normal | require);
dtr signal-handling-option;
ignore-all;
indication (ignore | normal | require);
rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
tm (ignore | normal | require);
}
dsr-polarity (negative | positive);
dte-options {
  control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
  cts (ignore | normal | require);
  dcd (ignore | normal | require);
  dsr (ignore | normal | require);
  dtr signal-handling-option;
  ignore-all;
  indication (ignore | normal | require);
  rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
  tm (ignore | normal | require);
}
dtr-circuit (balanced | unbalanced);
dtr-polarity (negative | positive);
encoding (nrz | nrzi);
indication-polarity (negative | positive);
line-protocol protocol;
loopback mode;
rts-polarity (negative | positive);
tm-polarity (negative | positive);
transmit-clock invert;
}
services-options {
  inactivity-timeout seconds;
  open-timeout seconds;
  session-limit {
    maximum number;
    rate new-sessions-per-second;
  }
  syslog {
    host hostname {
      facility-override facility-name;
      log-prefix prefix-number;
      services priority-level;
    }
  }
}
shdsl-options {
  annex (annex-a | annex-b);
  line-rate line-rate;
  loopback (local | remote);
  snr-margin {
    current margin;
    snext margin;
  }
}
sonet-options {

```

```
aggregate asx;
aps {
    advertise-interval milliseconds;
    annex-b;
    authentication-key key;
    fast-aps-switch;
    force;
    hold-time milliseconds;
    lockout;
    neighbor address;
    paired-group group-name;
    preserve-interface;
    protect-circuit group-name;
    request;
    revert-time seconds;
    switching-mode (bidirectional | unidirectional);
    working-circuit group-name;
}
bytes {
    c2 value;
    e1-quiet value;
    f1 value;
    f2 value;
    s1 value;
    z3 value;
    z4 value;
}
fcs (16 | 32);
loopback (local | remote);
mpls {
    pop-all-labels {
        required-depth number;
    }
}
path-trace trace-string;
(payload-scrambler | no-payload-scrambler);
rfc-2615;
trigger {
    defect ignore;
    hold-time up milliseconds down milliseconds;
}
vtmapping (itu-t | klm);
(z0-increment | no-z0-increment);
}
speed (10m | 100m | 1g | oc3 | oc12 | oc48);
stacked-vlan-tagging;
switch-options {
    switch-port port-number {
        (auto-negotiation | no-auto-negotiation);
        speed (10m | 100m | 1g);
        link-mode (full-duplex | half-duplex);
    }
}
}
t1-options {
    bert-algorithm algorithm;
    bert-error-rate rate;
```

```

    bert-period seconds;
    buildout value;
    byte-encoding (nx56 | nx64);
    crc-major-alarm-threshold (1e-3 | 5e-4 | 1e-4 | 5e-5 | 1e-5);
    crc-minor-alarm-threshold (1e-3 | 5e-4 | 1e-4 | 5e-5 | 1e-5 | 5e-6 | 1e-6);
    fcs (16 | 32);
    framing (esf | sf);
    idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
    invert-data;
    line-encoding (ami | b8zs);
    loopback (local | payload | remote);
    remote-loopback-respond;
    start-end-flag (filler | shared);
    timeslots time-slot-range;
}
t3-options {
    atm-encapsulation (direct | plcp);
    bert-algorithm algorithm;
    bert-error-rate rate;
    bert-period seconds;
    buildout feet;
    (cbit-parity | no-cbit-parity);
    compatibility-mode (adtran | digital-link | kentrox | larscom | verilink) <subrate
        value>;
    fcs (16 | 32);
    (feac-loop-respond | no-feac-loop-respond);
    idle-cycle-flag value;
    (long-buildout | no-long-buildout);
    (loop-timing | no-loop-timing);
    loopback (local | payload | remote);
    (mac | no-mac);
    (payload-scrambler | no-payload-scrambler);
    start-end-flag (filler | shared);
}
traceoptions {
    flag flag <flag-modifier> <disable>;
}
transmit-bucket {
    overflow discard;
    rate percentage;
    threshold bytes;
}
(traps | no-traps);
unidirectional;
vlan-tagging;
vlan-vci-tagging;
unit logical-unit-number {
    accept-source-mac {
        mac-address mac-address {
            policer {
                input cos-policer-name;
                output cos-policer-name;
            }
        }
    }
}
accounting-profile name;

```

```
advisory-options {
    downstream-rate rate;
    upstream-rate rate;
}
allow-any-vci;
atm-scheduler-map (map-name | default);
backup-options {
    interface interface-name;
}
bandwidth rate;
cell-bundle-size cells;
clear-dont-fragment-bit;
compression {
    rtp {
        f-max-period number;
        maximum-contexts number <force>;
        queues [ queue-numbers ];
        port {
            minimum port-number;
            maximum port-number;
        }
    }
}
compression-device interface-name;
copy-tos-to-outer-ip-header;
demux-destination family;
demux-source family;
demux-options {
    underlying-interface interface-name;
}
description text;
alias alias-name;
interface {
    l2tp-interface-id name;
    (dedicated | shared);
}
dialer-options {
    activation-delay seconds;
    callback;
    callback-wait-period time;
    deactivation-delay seconds;
    dial-string [ dial-string-numbers ];
    idle-timeout seconds;
    incoming-map {
        caller (caller-id | accept-all);
        initial-route-check seconds;
        load-interval seconds;
        load-threshold percent;
        pool pool-name;
        redial-delay time;
        watch-list {
            [ routes ];
        }
    }
}
disable;
```

```

disable-mlppp-inner-ppp-pfc;
dlci dlci-identifier;
drop-timeout milliseconds;
dynamic-call-admission-control {
    activation-priority priority;
    bearer-bandwidth-limit kilobits-per-second;
}
encapsulation type;
epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
fragment-threshold bytes;
inner-vlan-id-range start start-id end end-id;
input-vlan-map {
    (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap | swap-push | swap-swap);
    inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
    inner-vlan-id number;
    tag-protocol-id tpid;
    vlan-id number;
}
interleave-fragments;
inverse-arp;
layer2-policer {
    input-policer policer-name;
    input-three-color policer-name;
    output-policer policer-name;
    output-three-color policer-name;
}
link-layer-overhead percent;
minimum-links number;
mrru bytes;
multicast-dlci dlci-identifier;
multicast-vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
multilink-max-classes number;
multipoint;
oam-liveness {
    down-count cells;
    up-count cells;
}
oam-period (seconds | disable);
output-vlan-map {
    (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap | swap-push | swap-swap);
    inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
    inner-vlan-id number;
    tag-protocol-id tpid;
    vlan-id number;
}
passive-monitor-mode;
peer-unit unit-number;
plp-to-clp;
point-to-point;
ppp-options {
    chap {
        access-profile name;
        default-chap-secret name;
        local-name name;
        passive;
    }
}

```

```
compression {
  acfc;
  pfc;
  pap;
  default-pap-password password;
  local-name name;
  local-password password;
  passive;
}
dynamic-profile profile-name;
lcp-max-conf-req number;
lcp-restart-timer milliseconds;
loopback-clear-timer seconds;
ncp-max-conf-req number;
ncp-restart-timer milliseconds;
}
pppoe-options {
  access-concentrator name;
  auto-reconnect seconds;
  (client | server);
  service-name name;
  underlying-interface interface-name;
}
proxy-arp;
service-domain (inside | outside);
shaping {
  (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained rate
  burst length);
  queue-length number;
}
short-sequence;
transmit-weight number;
(traps | no-traps);
trunk-bandwidth rate;
trunk-id number;
tunnel {
  backup-destination address;
  destination address;
  key number;
  routing-instance {
    destination routing-instance-name;
  }
  source source-address;
  ttl number;
}
vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
vci-range start start-vci end end-vci;
vpi vpi-identifier;
vlan-id number;
vlan-id-list [vlan-id vlan-id-vlan-id];
vlan-id-range number-number;
vlan-tags inner tpid.vlan-id outer tpid.vlan-id;
vlan-tags-outer tpid.vlan-id inner-list [vlan-id vlan-id-vlan-id];
family family {
  accounting {
    destination-class-usage;
```



```

    source-class-usage {
        direction;
    }
}
access-concentrator name;
address address {
    destination address;
}
bundle ml-fpc/pic/port | ls-fpc/pic/port);
direct-connect;
duplicate-protection;
dynamic-profile profile-name;
filter {
    group filter-group-number;
    input filter-name;
    input-list {
        [ filter-names ];
        output filter-name;
    }
    output-list {
        [ filter-names ];
    }
}
ipsec-sa sa-name;
keep-address-and-control;
max-sessions number;
max-sessions-vs-a-ignore;
mtu bytes;
multicast-only;
negotiate-address;
no-redirects;
policer {
    arp policer-template-name;
    disable-arp-policer;
    input policer-template-name;
    output policer-template-name;
}
primary;
proxy inet-address address;
receive-options-packets;
receive-ttl-exceeded;
remote (inet-address address | mac-address address);
rpf-check {
    fail-filter filter-name;
    mode loose;
}
sampling {
    direction;
}
service {
    input {
        service-set service-set-name <service-filter filter-name>;
        post-service-filter filter-name;
    }
    output {
        service-set service-set-names <service-filter filter-name>;
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
service-name-table table-name;
short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
    maximum-seconds>;
targeted-broadcast {
    forward-and-send-to-re;
    forward-only;
}
(translate-discard-eligible | no-translate-discard-eligible);
(translate-fecn-and-becn | no-translate-fecn-and-becn);
translate-plp-control-word-de;
unnumbered-address interface-name <destination address destination-profile
    profile-name | preferred-source-address address>;
address address {
    arp ip-address (mac | multicast-mac) mac-address <publish>;
    broadcast address;
    destination address;
    destination-profile name;
    eui-64;
    multipoint-destination address (dlci dlci-identifier | vci vci-identifier);
    multipoint-destination address {
        epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
        inverse-arp;
        oam-liveness {
            up-count cells;
            down-count cells;
        }
        oam-period (seconds | disable);
        shaping {
            (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained
                rate burst length);
            queue-length number;
        }
        vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
    }
    preferred;
    primary;
    (vrrp-group | vrrp-inet6-group) group-number {
        (accept-data | no-accept-data);
        advertise-interval seconds;
        authentication-type authentication;
        authentication-key key;
        fast-interval milliseconds;
        (preempt | no-preempt) {
            hold-time seconds;
        }
    }
    priority-number number;
    track {
        priority-cost seconds;
        priority-hold-time interface-name {
            bandwidth-threshold bits-per-second {
                priority;
            }
            interface priority;
        }
    }
}

```

```
        route ip-address/mask routing-instance instance-name priority-cost cost;  
    }  
    virtual-address [ addresses ];  
}  
}  
}  
}  
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- *Junos OS Hierarchy and RFC Reference*
- *Ethernet Interfaces*
- *Junos OS Network Interfaces Library for Routing Devices*

CHAPTER 4

Statement Summary

- [address](#) on page 32
- [family](#) on page 34
- [fast-aps-switch](#) on page 38
- [loopback \(ADSL, DS0, E1/E3, SONET/SDH, SHDSL, and T1/T3\)](#) on page 39
- [loopback \(Aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, and Gigabit Ethernet\)](#) on page 41
- [loopback \(Serial\)](#) on page 42
- [unit](#) on page 43

address

```

Syntax  address address {
        arp ip-address (mac | multicast-mac) mac-address <publish>;
        broadcast address;
        destination address;
        destination-profile name;
        eui-64;
        master-only;
        multipoint-destination address dlcid dlcid-identifier;
        multipoint-destination address {
            epd-threshold cells;
            inverse-arp;
            oam-liveness {
                up-count cells;
                down-count cells;
            }
            oam-period (disable | seconds);
            shaping {
                (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained rate burst
                 length);
                queue-length number;
            }
            vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
        }
        primary;
        preferred;
        (vrrp-group | vrrp-inet6-group) group-number {
            (accept-data | no-accept-data);
            advertise-interval seconds;
            authentication-type authentication;
            authentication-key key;
            fast-interval milliseconds;
            (preempt | no-preempt) {
                hold-time seconds;
            }
            priority-number number;
            track {
                priority-cost seconds;
                priority-hold-time interface-name {
                    interface priority;
                    bandwidth-threshold bits-per-second {
                        priority;
                    }
                }
            }
            route ip-address/mask routing-instance instance-name priority-cost cost;
        }
        virtual-address [ addresses ];
    }
}

```

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces *interface-name* unit *logical-unit-number* family *family*],
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* interfaces *interface-name* unit *logical-unit-number*
 family *family*]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.

Description Configure the interface address.

Options *address*—Address of the interface.

- In Junos OS Release 13.3 and later, when you configure an IPv6 host address and an IPv6 subnet address on an interface, the commit operation fails.
- In releases earlier than Junos OS Release 13.3, when you use the same configuration on an interface, the commit operation succeeds, but only one of the IPv6 addresses that was entered is assigned to the interface. The other address is not applied.

The remaining statements are explained separately.



NOTE: The `edit logical-systems` hierarchy is not available on QFabric systems.

Required Privilege Level interface—To view this statement in the configuration.
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- *Configuring the Protocol Family*
- *Junos OS Administration Library for Routing Devices*
- *family*
- *negotiate-address*
- *unnumbered-address (Ethernet)*

family

```

Syntax  family family {
        accounting {
            destination-class-usage;
            source-class-usage {
                (input | output | input output);
            }
        }
        access-concentrator name;
        address address {
            ... the address subhierarchy appears after the main [edit interfaces interface-name unit
                logical-unit-number family family-name] hierarchy ...
        }
        bundle interface-name;
        core-facing;
        demux-destination {
            destination-prefix;
        }
        demux-source {
            source-prefix;
        }
        direct-connect;
        duplicate-protection;
        dynamic-profile profile-name;
        filter {
            group filter-group-number;
            input filter-name;
            input-list [ filter-names ];
            output filter-name;
            output-list [ filter-names ];
        }
        interface-mode (access | trunk);
        ipsec-sa sa-name;
        keep-address-and-control;
        mac-validate (loose | strict);
        max-sessions number;
        max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
        mtu bytes;
        multicast-only;
        negotiate-address;
        no-redirects;
        policer {
            arp policer-template-name;
            input policer-template-name;
            output policer-template-name;
        }
        primary;
        protocols [inet iso mpls];
        proxy inet-address address;
        receive-options-packets;
        receive-ttl-exceeded;
        remote (inet-address address | mac-address address);
        rpf-check {

```



```

fail-filter filter-name
mode loose;
}
sampling {
input;
output;
}
service {
input {
post-service-filter filter-name;
service-set service-set-name <service-filter filter-name>;
}
output {
service-set service-set-name <service-filter filter-name>;
}
}
service-name-table table-name
short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
maximum-seconds>;
(translate-discard-eligible | no-translate-discard-eligible);
(translate-fecn-and-becn | no-translate-fecn-and-becn);
translate-plp-control-word-de;
unnumbered-address interface-name destination address destination-profile profile-name;
vlan-id number;
vlan-id-list [number number-number];
address address {
arp ip-address (mac | multicast-mac) mac-address <publish>;
broadcast address;
destination address;
destination-profile name;
eui-64;
master-only;
multipoint-destination address dlci dlci-identifier;
multipoint-destination address {
epd-threshold cells;
inverse-arp;
oam-liveness {
up-count cells;
down-count cells;
}
oam-period (disable | seconds);
shaping {
(cbr rate | rtvbr burst length peak rate sustained rate | vbr burst length peak rate
sustained rate);
queue-length number;
}
vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
}
preferred;
primary;
vrrp-group group-id {
(accept-data | no-accept-data);
advertise-interval seconds;
authentication-key key;
authentication-type authentication;
fast-interval milliseconds;

```

```
(preempt | no-preempt) {  
    hold-time seconds;  
}  
priority number;  
track {  
    interface interface-name {  
        bandwidth-threshold bits-per-second priority-cost priority;  
        priority-cost priority;  
    }  
    priority-hold-time seconds;  
    route prefix routing-instance instance-name priority-cost priority;  
}  
}  
virtual-address [ addresses ];  
}  
virtual-link-local-address ipv6-address;  
}
```

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Hierarchy Level | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Option max-sessions-vs-a-ignore introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4. |
| Description | Configure protocol family information for the logical interface. |



NOTE: Not all subordinate stanzas are available to every protocol family.

Options *family*—Protocol family:

- **any**—Protocol-independent family used for Layer 2 packet filtering



NOTE: This option is not supported on T4000 Type 5 FPCs.

- **bridge**—(M Series and T Series routers only) Configure only when the physical interface is configured with **ethernet-bridge** type encapsulation or when the logical interface is configured with **vlan-bridge** type encapsulation
- **ethernet-switching**—(M Series and T Series routers only) Configure only when the physical interface is configured with **ethernet-bridge** type encapsulation or when the logical interface is configured with **vlan-bridge** type encapsulation
- **ccc**—Circuit cross-connect protocol suite
- **inet**—Internet Protocol version 4 suite
- **inet6**—Internet Protocol version 6 suite
- **iso**—International Organization for Standardization Open Systems Interconnection (ISO OSI) protocol suite
- **mlfr-end-to-end**—Multilink Frame Relay FRF.15
- **mlfr-uni-nni**—Multilink Frame Relay FRF.16
- **multilink-ppp**—Multilink Point-to-Point Protocol
- **mpls**—Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)
- **pppoe**—Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet
- **tcc**—Translational cross-connect protocol suite
- **tnp**—Trivial Network Protocol
- **vpls**—(M Series and T Series routers only) Virtual private LAN service

The remaining statements are explained separately.

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration. |
| | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | • <i>Configuring the Protocol Family</i> |
| | • <i>Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices</i> |

fast-aps-switch

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Syntax | fast-aps-switch; |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> sonet-options aps] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1. |
| Description | (M320 routers with Channelized OC3/STM1 Circuit Emulation PIC with SFP only and EX Series switches) Reduce the Automatic Protection Switching (APS) switchover time in Layer 2 circuits. |

**NOTE:**

- Configuring this statement reduces the APS switchover time only when the Layer 2 circuit encapsulation type for the interface receiving traffic from a Layer 2 circuit neighbor is SAToP.
 - When the fast-aps-switch statement is configured in revertive APS mode, you must configure an appropriate value for revert time to achieve reduction in APS switchover time.
 - To prevent the logical interfaces in the data path from being shut down, configure appropriate hold-time values on all the interfaces in the data path that support TDM.
 - The fast-aps-switch statement cannot be configured when the APS annex-b option is configured.
 - The interfaces that have the fast-aps-switch statement configured cannot be used in virtual private LAN service (VPLS) environments.
-

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration. interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Reducing APS Switchover Time in Layer 2 Circuits</i> |

loopback (ADSL, DS0, E1/E3, SONET/SDH, SHDSL, and T1/T3)

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Syntax | loopback (local payload remote); |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit interfaces ce1- <i>fpc/pic/port</i>], [edit interfaces ct1- <i>fpc/pic/port</i>], [edit interfaces t1- <i>fpc/pic/port</i>], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> ds0-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> dsl-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> e1-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> e3-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> shdsl-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> sonet-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> t1-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> t3-options] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access Routers. |
| Description | Configure a loopback connection. To turn off the loopback capability, remove the loopback statement from the configuration. |



NOTE: When configuring CE1 or CT1 interfaces on 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PICs, the **loopback** statement must be included with the **local** or **remote** option at the [edit interfaces ce1-*fpc/pic/port*] or [edit interfaces ct1-*fpc/pic/port*] hierarchy level as appropriate.

When configuring T1 interfaces on 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PICs, the **loopback** statement must be included with the **payload** option at the [edit interfaces t1-*fpc/pic/port*] hierarchy level.



NOTE: When configuring CE1 or CT1 interfaces on the 16-port Channelized E1/T1 MIC (MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE), you must include the **loopback** statement at the [edit interfaces ce1-*fpc/pic/port*] hierarchy level, or [edit interfaces ct1-*fpc/pic/port*]

To configure loopback on channelized IQ and IQE PICs, SONET/SDH level, use the **sonet-options loopback** statement **local** and **remote** options at the controller interface (coc48, cstm16, coc12, cstm4, coc3, cstm1). It is ignored for path-level interfaces **so-fpc/pic/port** or **so-fpc/pic/port:channel**.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Options | local —Loop packets, including both data and timing information, back on the local router's PIC. NxDS0 IQ interfaces do not support local loopback. |
|----------------|--|

payload—For channelized T3, T1, and NxDSO IQ interfaces only, loop back data only (without clocking information) on the remote router's PIC. With payload loopback, overhead is recalculated. Neither ATM-over-asymmetrical digital subscriber line (ADSL) interfaces nor ATM-over-SHDSL interfaces support payload loopback.

remote—Loop packets, including both data and timing information, back on the remote router's interface card. NxDSO IQ interfaces do not support remote loopback.

Required Privilege Level interface—To view this statement in the configuration.
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- *Configuring E3 and T3 Parameters on ATM Interfaces*
- *Configuring E1 Loopback Capability*
- *Configuring E3 Loopback Capability*
- *Configuring SONET/SDH Loopback Capability*
- *Configuring SHDSL Operating Mode on an ATM Physical Interface*
- *Configuring T1 Loopback Capability*
- *Configuring T3 Loopback Capability*
- *feac-loop-respond*

loopback (Aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, and Gigabit Ethernet)

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Syntax | (loopback no-loopback); |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> aggregated-ether-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> ether-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> fastether-options], [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> gigether-options], [edit interfaces interface-range <i>name</i> ether-options] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches. Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for ACX Series Universal Access Routers. |
| Description | For aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, and 10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, enable or disable loopback mode. |



NOTE:

- By default, local aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Tri-Rate Ethernet copper, Gigabit Ethernet, and 10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces connect to a remote system.
- IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP) addresses are not supported on Gigabit Ethernet interfaces when loopback mode is enabled on the interface. That is, if the loopback statement is configured at the [edit interfaces *ge-fpc/pic/port* gigether-options] hierarchy level, an NDP address cannot be configured at the [edit interfaces *ge-fpc/pic/port* unit *logical-unit-number* family inet6 address] hierarchy level.

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration. interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Configuring Ethernet Loopback Capability</i> |

loopback (Serial)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>loopback mode;</code> |
| Hierarchy Level | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> serial-options] |
| Release Information | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | Configure a loopback connection. |
| Default | If you do not include this statement, there is no loopback connection. |
| Options | mode —You can specify the one of the following loopback modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• dce-local—For EIA-530 interfaces only, loop packets back on the local DCE.• dce-remote—For EIA-530 interfaces only, loop packets back on the remote DCE.• local—Loop packets back on the local router's PIC.• remote—Loop packets back on the line interface unit (LIU). |
| Required Privilege Level | interface—To view this statement in the configuration. interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Configuring Serial Loopback Capability</i> |

unit

```

Syntax  unit logical-unit-number {
    accept-source-mac {
        mac-address mac-address {
            policer {
                input cos-policer-name;
                output cos-policer-name;
            }
        }
    }
    accounting-profile name;
    advisory-options {
        downstream-rate rate;
        upstream-rate rate;
    }
    allow-any-vci;
    atm-scheduler-map (map-name | default);
    backup-options {
        interface interface-name;
    }
    bandwidth rate;
    cell-bundle-size cells;
    clear-dont-fragment-bit;
    compression {
        rtp {
            maximum-contexts number <force>;
            f-max-period number;
            queues [queue-numbers];
            port {
                minimum port-number;
                maximum port-number;
            }
        }
    }
    compression-device interface-name;
    copy-tos-to-outer-ip-header;
    demux-destination family;
    demux-source family;
    demux-options {
        underlying-interface interface-name;
    }
    description text;
    interface {
        l2tp-interface-id name;
        (dedicated | shared);
    }
    dialer-options {
        activation-delay seconds;
        callback;
        callback-wait-period time;
        deactivation-delay seconds;
        dial-string [dial-string-numbers];
        idle-timeout seconds;
    }
  }

```

```
incoming-map {
  caller caller-id | accept-all;
  initial-route-check seconds;
  load-interval seconds;
  load-threshold percent;
  pool pool-name;
  redial-delay time;
  watch-list {
    [routes];
  }
}
}
disable;
disable-mlppp-inner-ppp-pfc;
dlci dlci-identifier;
drop-timeout milliseconds;
dynamic-call-admission-control {
  activation-priority priority;
  bearer-bandwidth-limit kilobits-per-second;
}
encapsulation type;
epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
family family-name {
  ... the family subhierarchy appears after the main [edit interfaces interface-name unit
    logical-unit-number] hierarchy ...
}
fragment-threshold bytes;
inner-vlan-id-range start start-id end end-id;
input-vlan-map {
  (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap |
  swap-push | swap-swap);
  inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
  inner-vlan-id number;
  tag-protocol-id tpid;
  vlan-id number;
}
interleave-fragments;
inverse-arp;
layer2-policer {
  input-policer policer-name;
  input-three-color policer-name;
  output-policer policer-name;
  output-three-color policer-name;
}
link-layer-overhead percent;
minimum-links number;
mrru bytes;
multicast-dlci dlci-identifier;
multicast-vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
multilink-max-classes number;
multipoint;
oam-liveness {
  up-count cells;
  down-count cells;
}
oam-period (disable | seconds);
```

```

output-vlan-map {
    (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap |
    swap-push | swap-swap);
    inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
    inner-vlan-id number;
    tag-protocol-id tpid;
    vlan-id number;
}
passive-monitor-mode;
peer-unit unit-number;
plp-to-clp;
point-to-point;
ppp-options {
    chap {
        access-profile name;
        default-chap-secret name;
        local-name name;
        passive;
    }
    compression {
        acfc;
        pfc;
    }
    dynamic-profile profile-name;
    lcp-restart-timer milliseconds;
    loopback-clear-timer seconds;
    ncp-restart-timer milliseconds;
    pap {
        access-profile name;
        default-pap-password password;
        local-name name;
        local-password password;
        passive;
    }
}
pppoe-options {
    access-concentrator name;
    auto-reconnect seconds;
    (client | server);
    service-name name;
    underlying-interface interface-name;
}
pppoe-underlying-options {
    access-concentrator name;
    direct-connect;
    dynamic-profile profile-name;
    max-sessions number;
}
proxy-arp;
service-domain (inside | outside);
shaping {
    (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained rate burst
    length);
    queue-length number;
}
short-sequence;

```

```
targeted-distribution;
transmit-weight number;
(traps | no-traps);
trunk-bandwidth rate;
trunk-id number;
tunnel {
    backup-destination address;
    destination address;
    key number;
    routing-instance {
        destination routing-instance-name;
    }
    source source-address;
    ttl number;
}
vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
vci-range start start-vci end end-vci;
vpi vpi-identifier;
vlan-id number;
vlan-id-range number-number;
vlan-tags inner tpid.vlan-id outer tpid.vlan-id;
family family {
    accounting {
        destination-class-usage;
        source-class-usage {
            (input | output | input output);
        }
    }
}
access-concentrator name;
address address {
    ... the address subhierarchy appears after the main [edit interfaces interface-name unit
    logical-unit-number family family-name] hierarchy ...
}
bundle interface-name;
core-facing;
demux-destination {
    destination-prefix;
}
demux-source {
    source-prefix;
}
direct-connect;
duplicate-protection;
dynamic-profile profile-name;
filter {
    group filter-group-number;
    input filter-name;
    input-list [filter-names];
    output filter-name;
    output-list [filter-names];
}
interface-mode (access | trunk);
ipsec-sa sa-name;
keep-address-and-control;
mac-validate (loose | strict);
max-sessions number;
```

```

mtu bytes;
multicast-only;
no-redirects;
policer {
    arp policer-template-name;
    input policer-template-name;
    output policer-template-name;
}
primary;
protocols [inet iso mpls];
proxy inet-address address;
receive-options-packets;
receive-ttl-exceeded;
remote (inet-address address | mac-address address);
rpf-check {
    fail-filter filter-name
    mode loose;
}
sampling {
    input;
    output;
}
service {
    input {
        post-service-filter filter-name;
        service-set service-set-name <service-filter filter-name>;
    }
    output {
        service-set service-set-name <service-filter filter-name>;
    }
}
service-name-table table-name
(translate-discard-eligible | no-translate-discard-eligible);
(translate-fecn-and-becn | no-translate-fecn-and-becn);
translate-plp-control-word-de;
unnumbered-address interface-name destination address destination-profile profile-name;
vlan-id number;
vlan-id-list [number number-number];
address address {
    arp ip-address (mac | multicast-mac) mac-address <publish>;
    broadcast address;
    destination address;
    destination-profile name;
    eui-64;
    master-only;
    multipoint-destination address {
        dlci dlci-identifier;
        epd-threshold cells <plp1 cells>;
        inverse-arp;
        oam-liveness {
            up-count cells;
            down-count cells;
        }
        oam-period (disable | seconds);
        shaping {

```

```

        (cbr rate | rtvbr burst length peak rate sustained rate | vbr burst length peak rate
         sustained rate);
        queue-length number;
    }
    vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
}
preferred;
primary;
(vrrp-group | vrrp-inet6-group) group-number {
    (accept-data | no-accept-data);
    advertise-interval seconds;
    authentication-type authentication;
    authentication-key key;
    fast-interval milliseconds;
    (preempt | no-preempt) {
        hold-time seconds;
    }
    priority number;
    track {
        interface interface-name {
            bandwidth-threshold bits-per-second priority-cost number;
        }
        priority-hold-time seconds;
        route ip-address/prefix-length routing-instance instance-name priority-cost cost;
    }
    virtual-address [addresses];
    virtual-link-local-address ipv6-address;
    vrrp-inherit-from {
        active-interface interface-name;
        active-group group-number;
    }
}
}
}
}

```

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces *interface-name*],
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* interfaces *interface-name*],
 [edit interfaces interface-set *interface-set-name* interface *interface-name*]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description Configure a logical interface on the physical device. You must configure a logical interface to be able to use the physical device.

Options *logical-unit-number*—Number of the logical unit.

Range: 0 through 1,073,741,823 for demux and PPPoE static interfaces. 0 through 16,385 for all other static interface types.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

Required Privilege Level interface—To view this statement in the configuration.
 interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- *Configuring Logical Interface Properties*
 - *Junos OS Services Interfaces Library for Routing Devices*

PART 3

Administration

- [Monitoring Commands on page 53](#)

CHAPTER 5

Monitoring Commands

- `show interfaces` (10-Gigabit Ethernet)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized DS3-to-DS0)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized DS3-to-DS1)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized E1 IQ)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized E1)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized OC12)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized STM1 IQ)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized STM1)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized T1 IQ)
- `show interfaces` (Channelized T3 IQ)
- `show interfaces` (Fast Ethernet)
- `show interfaces` (Gigabit Ethernet)
- `show interfaces` (M Series, MX Series and T Series Routers, and PTX Series Packet Transport Routers Management and Internal Ethernet)
- `show interfaces` (SONET/SDH)
- `show interfaces` (Serial)
- `show interfaces` (T1, E1, or DS)
- `show interfaces` (T3 or E3)

show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>show interfaces <i>xe-fpc/pic/port</i></code> <code><brief detail extensive terse></code> <code><descriptions></code> <code><media></code> <code><snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>></code> <code><statistics></code> |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 8.0. |
| Description | (M320, M120, MX Series, and T Series routers and EX Series switches only) Display status information about the specified 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |
| Options | <p><code><i>xe-fpc/pic/port</i></code>—Display standard information about the specified 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.</p> <p><code>brief detail extensive terse</code>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><code>descriptions</code>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><code>media</code>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><code>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i></code>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><code>statistics</code>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, IQ2) on page 69</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, WAN PHY Mode) on page 72</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, DWDM OTN PIC) on page 74</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode) on page 76</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode, Transmit-Only) on page 76</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode, Receive-Only) on page 77</p> |
| Output Fields | See Table 3 on page 55 for the output fields for the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command. |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Loopback status: Enabled or Disabled . If loopback is enabled, type of loopback: Local or Remote . | All levels |
| Source filtering | Source filtering status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| LAN-PHY mode | 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Local Area Network Physical Layer Device (LAN PHY) mode. LAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use existing Ethernet applications. | All levels |
| WAN-PHY mode | 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Wide Area Network Physical Layer Device (WAN PHY) mode. WAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use fiber-optic cables and other devices intended for SONET/SDH. | All levels |
| Unidirectional | Unidirectional link mode status for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface: Enabled or Disabled for parent interface; Rx-only or Tx-only for child interfaces. | All levels |
| Flow control | Flow control status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| Auto-negotiation | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Autonegotiation status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| Remote-fault | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Remote fault status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online—Autonegotiation is manually configured as online. • Offline—Autonegotiation is manually configured as offline. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output | |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Links Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels | |
| Wavelength | (10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing [DWDM] interfaces) Displays the configured wavelength, in nanometers (nm). | All levels | |
| Frequency | (10-Gigabit Ethernet DWDM interfaces only) Displays the frequency associated with the configured wavelength, in terahertz (THz). | All levels | |
| CoS queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none | |
| Schedulers | (Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces only) Number of CoS schedulers configured. | extensive | |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive | |
| Current address | Configured MAC address. | detail extensive none | |
| Hardware address | Hardware MAC address. | detail extensive none | |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none | |
| Input Rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for ingress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. | None specified | |
| Output Rate | Output rate in bps and pps. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for egress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. | None specified | |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive | |
| Egress account overhead | Layer 2 overhead in bytes that is accounted in the interface statistics for egress traffic. | detail extensive | |
| Ingress account overhead | Layer 2 overhead in bytes that is accounted in the interface statistics for ingress traffic. | detail extensive | detail extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for ingress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for egress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. <p>Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs count the overhead and CRC bytes.</p> <p>For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the input byte counts vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 3 on page 55.</p> | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L3 incomplete errors can be ignored by configuring the ignore-l3-incompletes statement. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Collisions—Number of Ethernet collisions. The Gigabit Ethernet PIC supports only full-duplex operation, so for Gigabit Ethernet PICs, this number should always remain 0. If it is nonzero, there is a software bug. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the send direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Egress queues | Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface. | detail extensive |
| Queue counters (Egress) | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | detail extensive |
| Ingress queues | Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces. | extensive |
| Queue counters (Ingress) | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Active alarms and Active defects | <p>Ethernet-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the routing device configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the routing device, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. These fields can contain the value None or Link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None—There are no active defects or alarms. • Link—Interface has lost its link state, which usually means that the cable is unplugged, the far-end system has been turned off, or the PIC is malfunctioning. | detail extensive none |
| OTN alarms | Active OTN alarms identified on the interface. | detail extensive |
| OTN defects | OTN defects received on the interface. | detail extensive |
| OTN FEC Mode | <p>The FECmode configured on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • efec—Enhanced forward error correction (EFEC) is configured to detect and correct bit errors. • gfec—G.709 Forward error correction (GFEC) mode is configured to detect and correct bit errors. • none—FEC mode is not configured. | detail extensive |
| OTN Rate | <p>OTN mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fixed-stuff-bytes—Fixed stuff bytes 11.0957 Gbps. • no-fixed-stuff-bytes—No fixed stuff bytes 11.0491 Gbps. • pass-through—Enable OTN passthrough mode. • no-pass-through—Do not enable OTN passthrough mode. | detail extensive |
| OTN Line Loopback | Status of the line loopback, if configured for the DWDM OTN PIC. Its value can be: enabled or disabled . | detail extensive |
| OTN FEC statistics | <p>The forward error correction (FEC) counters for the DWDM OTN PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corrected Errors—The count of corrected errors in the last second. • Corrected Error Ratio—The corrected error ratio in the last 25 seconds. For example, 1e-7 is 1 error per 10 million bits. | detail extensive |
| OTN FEC alarms | <p>OTN FEC excessive or degraded error alarms triggered on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FEC Degrade—OTU FEC Degrade defect. • FEC Excessive—OTU FEC Excessive Error defect. | detail extensive |
| OTN OC | <p>OTN OC defects triggered on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LOS—OC Loss of Signal defect. • LOF—OC Loss of Frame defect. • LOM—OC Loss of Multiframe defect. • Wavelength Lock—OC Wavelength Lock defect. | detail extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| OTN OTU | OTN OTU defects detected on the interface <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AIS—OTN AIS alarm. • BDI—OTN OTU BDI alarm. • IAE—OTN OTU IAE alarm. • TTIM—OTN OTU TTIM alarm. • SF—OTN ODU bit error rate fault alarm. • SD—OTN ODU bit error rate defect alarm. • TCA-ES—OTN ODU ES threshold alarm. • TCA-SES—OTN ODU SES threshold alarm. • TCA-UAS—OTN ODU UAS threshold alarm. • TCA-BBE—OTN ODU BBE threshold alarm. • BIP—OTN ODU BIP threshold alarm. • BBE—OTN OTU BBE threshold alarm. • ES—OTN OTU ES threshold alarm. • SES—OTN OTU SES threshold alarm. • UAS—OTN OTU UAS threshold alarm. | detail extensive |
| Received DAPI | Destination Access Port Interface (DAPI) from which the packets were received. | detail extensive |
| Received SAPI | Source Access Port Interface (SAPI) from which the packets were received. | detail extensive |
| Transmitted DAPI | Destination Access Port Interface (DAPI) to which the packets were transmitted. | detail extensive |
| Transmitted SAPI | Source Access Port Interface (SAPI) to which the packets were transmitted. | detail extensive |
| PCS statistics | (10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Displays Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) fault conditions from the WAN PHY or the LAN PHY device. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bit errors—High bit error rate. Indicates the number of bit errors when the PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. • Errored blocks—Loss of block lock. The number of errored blocks when PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. | detail extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| MAC statistics | <p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC subsystem, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total octets and total packets—Total number of octets and packets. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the received octets count varies by interface type. For more information, see Table 4 on page 69 • Unicast packets, Broadcast packets, and Multicast packets—Number of unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets. • CRC/Align errors—Total number of packets received that had a length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) of between 64 and 1518 octets, inclusive, and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a nonintegral number of octets (Alignment Error). • FIFO error—Number of FIFO errors that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC or a cable is probably malfunctioning. • MAC control frames—Number of MAC control frames. • MAC pause frames—Number of MAC control frames with pause operational code. • Oversized frames—Number of frames that exceed 1518 octets. • Jabber frames—Number of frames that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition in which any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is from 20 ms to 150 ms. • Fragment frames—Total number of packets that were less than 64 octets in length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. Fragment frames normally increment because both runts (which are normal occurrences caused by collisions) and noise hits are counted. • VLAN tagged frames—Number of frames that are VLAN tagged. The system uses the TPID of 0x8100 in the frame to determine whether a frame is tagged or not. • Code violations—Number of times an event caused the PHY to indicate "Data reception error" or "invalid data symbol error." | extensive |
| OTN Received Overhead Bytes | APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58 Payload Type: 0x08 | extensive |
| OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes | APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00 Payload Type: 0x08 | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------|--|-----------------|
| Filter statistics | <p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC address filter subsystem. The filtering is done by the content-addressable memory (CAM) on the PIC. The filter examines a packet's source and destination MAC addresses to determine whether the packet should enter the system or be rejected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input packet count—Number of packets received from the MAC hardware that the filter processed. • Input packet rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because of either the source MAC address or the destination MAC address. • Input DA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the destination MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. It is normal for this value to increment. When it increments very quickly and no traffic is entering the routing device from the far-end system, either there is a bad ARP entry on the far-end system, or multicast routing is not on and the far-end system is sending many multicast packets to the local routing device (which the routing device is rejecting). • Input SA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the source MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. The value in this field should increment only if source MAC address filtering has been enabled. If filtering is enabled, if the value increments quickly, and if the system is not receiving traffic that it should from the far-end system, it means that the user-configured source MAC addresses for this interface are incorrect. • Output packet count—Number of packets that the filter has given to the MAC hardware. • Output packet pad count—Number of packets the filter padded to the minimum Ethernet size (60 bytes) before giving the packet to the MAC hardware. Usually, padding is done only on small ARP packets, but some very small IP packets can also require padding. If this value increments rapidly, either the system is trying to find an ARP entry for a far-end system that does not exist or it is misconfigured. • Output packet error count—Number of packets with an indicated error that the filter was given to transmit. These packets are usually aged packets or are the result of a bandwidth problem on the FPC hardware. On a normal system, the value of this field should not increment. • CAM destination filters, CAM source filters—Number of entries in the CAM dedicated to destination and source MAC address filters. There can only be up to 64 source entries. If source filtering is disabled, which is the default, the values for these fields should be 0. | extensive |
| PMA PHY | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PHY Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------|---|------------------|
| WIS section | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • SEF—Severely errored framing • LOL—Loss of light • LOF—Loss of frame • ES-S—Errored seconds (section) • SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) • SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) | extensive |
| WIS line | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead • REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) • RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) • AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) • SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) • UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) • ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) • SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) • UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-----------------|---|------------------|
| WIS path | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • REI-P—Remote error indication • LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) • AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal • RDI-P—Path remote defect indication • UNEQ-P—Path unequipped • PLM-P—Path payload label mismatch • ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) • UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) • UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|-----------------|
| Autonegotiation information | <p>Information about link autonegotiation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Negotiation status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incomplete—Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured. • No autonegotiation—Remote Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured, or does not perform autonegotiation. • Complete—Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. • Link partner status—OK when Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. • Link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Link mode—Depending on the capability of the attached Ethernet device, either Full-duplex or Half-duplex. • Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Fast Ethernet interfaces, the type is None. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). • Remote fault—Remote fault information from the link partner—Failure indicates a receive link error. OK indicates that the link partner is receiving. Negotiation error indicates a negotiation error. Offline indicates that the link partner is going offline. • Local resolution—Information from the link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). • Remote fault—Remote fault information. Link OK (no error detected on receive), Offline (local interface is offline), and Link Failure (link error detected on receive). | extensive |
| Received path trace, Transmitted path trace | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the routing device at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this routing device transmits.</p> | extensive |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| CoS information | Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP interface index number for the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the "Logical Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| VLAN-Tag | <p>Rewrite profile applied to incoming or outgoing frames on the outer (Out) VLAN tag or for both the outer and inner (In) VLAN tags.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. • pop—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed. • swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is overwritten with the user specified VLAN tag information. • push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. • push-push—Two VLAN tags are pushed in from the incoming frame. • swap-push—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by a user-specified VLAN tag value. A user-specified outer VLAN tag is pushed in front. The outer tag becomes an inner tag in the final frame. • swap-swap—Both the inner and the outer VLAN tags of the incoming frame are replaced by the user specified VLAN tag value. • pop-swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed, and the inner VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by the user-specified VLAN tag value. The inner tag becomes the outer tag in the final frame. • pop-pop—Both the outer and inner VLAN tags of the incoming frame are removed. | brief detail extensive none |
| Demux: | <p>IP demultiplexing (demux) value that appears if this interface is used as the demux underlying interface. The output is one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source Family Inet • Destination Family Inet | detail extensive none |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Protocol | Protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Maximum labels | Maximum number of MPLS labels configured for the MPLS protocol family on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for ingress or egress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. • Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. | detail extensive |
| IPv6 transit statistics | Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. | extensive |
| Local statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets destined to the routing device. | extensive |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Transit statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets transiting the switch. NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the Output bytes and Output packets interface counters. However, correct values display for both of these egress statistics when per-unit scheduling is enabled for the Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 physical interface, or when a single logical interface is actively using a shared scheduler. | extensive |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route Table | Route table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0. | detail extensive none |
| Flags | Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive |
| Donor interface | (Unnumbered Ethernet) Interface from which an unnumbered Ethernet interface borrows an IPv4 address. | detail extensive none |
| Preferred source address | (Unnumbered Ethernet) Secondary IPv4 address of the donor loopback interface that acts as the preferred source address for the unnumbered Ethernet interface. | detail extensive none |
| Input Filters | Names of any input filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces. | detail extensive |
| Output Filters | Names of any output filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces. | detail extensive |
| Mac-Validate Failures | Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| <i>protocol-family</i> | Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the IP address of the interface is also displayed. | brief |
| Flags | Information about address flag (possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address of the logical interlace. | detail extensive none |

Table 3: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------|---|------------------|
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, traffic and MAC statistics output varies. [Table 4 on page 69](#) describes the traffic and MAC statistics for two sample interfaces, each of which is sending traffic in packets of 500 bytes (including 478 bytes for the Layer 3 packet, 18 bytes for the Layer 2 VLAN traffic header, and 4 bytes for cyclic redundancy check [CRC] information). In [Table 4 on page 69](#), the **ge-0/3/0** interface is the inbound physical interface, and the **ge-0/0/0** interface is the outbound physical interface. On both interfaces, traffic is carried on logical unit .50 (VLAN 50).

Table 4: Gigabit Ethernet IQ PIC Traffic and MAC Statistics by Interface Type

| Interface Type | Sample Command | Byte and Octet Counts Include | Comments |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---|
| Inbound physical interface | show interfaces ge-0/3/0 extensive | Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 496 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet MAC statistics: Received octets: 500 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet + 4 bytes | The additional 4 bytes are for the CRC. |
| Inbound logical interface | show interfaces ge-0/3/0.50 extensive | Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet | |
| Outbound physical interface | show interfaces ge-0/0/0 extensive | Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 490 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet + 12 bytes MAC statistics: Received octets: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet | For input bytes, the additional 12 bytes includes 6 bytes for the destination MAC address + 4 bytes for VLAN + 2 bytes for the Ethernet type. |
| Outbound logical interface | show interfaces ge-0/0/0.50 extensive | Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet | |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, IQ2)

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-5/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: xe-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 177, SNMP ifIndex: 99, Generation: 178
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1518, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps, Loopback:

```

```

None, Source filtering: Enabled,
Flow control: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : None
CoS queues    : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Schedulers    : 1024
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:14:f6:b9:f1:f6, Hardware address: 00:14:f6:b9:f1:f6
Last flapped  : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :          6970332384          0 bps
Output bytes  :              0          0 bps
Input packets :          81050506          0 pps
Output packets:              0          0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes   :              0
Output bytes  :              0
Input packets :              0
Output packets:              0
Ingress traffic statistics at Packet Forwarding Engine:
Input bytes   :          6970299398          0 bps
Input packets :          81049992          0 pps
Drop bytes    :              0          0 bps
Drop packets  :              0          0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runt: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3
incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,
FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 best-effort          81049992          81049992          0

1 expedited-fo              0              0          0

2 assured-forw              0              0          0

3 network-cont              0              0          0

Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 best-effort          0              0          0

1 expedited-fo          0              0          0

2 assured-forw          0              0          0

3 network-cont          0              0          0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
PCS statistics
Bit errors          Seconds
Errorred blocks          0
Errorred blocks          0

```

```

MAC statistics:
Total octets          6970332384
Total packets        81050506
Unicast packets      81050000
Broadcast packets    506
Multicast packets    0
CRC/Align errors     0
FIFO errors          0
MAC control frames   0
MAC pause frames     0
Oversized frames     0
Jabber frames        0
Fragment frames      0
VLAN tagged frames   0
Code violations       0

Filter statistics:
Input packet count    81050506
Input packet rejects  506
Input DA rejects      0
Input SA rejects      0
Output packet count   0
Output packet pad count 0
Output packet error count 0
CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 5

CoS information:
Direction : Output
CoS transmit queue   Bandwidth      Buffer Priority Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort        95    950000000  95      0      low  none
3 network-control    5     50000000   5      0      low  none

Direction : Input
CoS transmit queue   Bandwidth      Buffer Priority Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort        95    950000000  95      0      low  none
3 network-control    5     50000000   5      0      low  none

Logical interface xe-5/0/0.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 95) (Generation 195)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.100 ] Encapsulation: ENET2
Egress account overhead: 100
Ingress account overhead: 90

Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 46
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 1

IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

Local statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 46
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 1

Transit statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0

```

```

Input packets:                0                0 pps
Output packets:               0                0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :                0
  Output bytes :               0
  Input packets:              0
  Output packets:             0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 253, Route table: 0
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.1.1/24, Local: 192.1.1.1, Broadcast: 192.1.1.255,
Generation: 265
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 254, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

```

show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, WAN PHY Mode)

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-1/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: xe-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 141, SNMP ifIndex: 34, Generation: 47
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 10Gbps, Loopback: Disabled
WAN-PHY mode
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags : None
CoS queues : 4 supported
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:a2:10:9d, Hardware address: 00:05:85:a2:10:9d
Last flapped : 2005-07-07 11:22:34 PDT (3d 12:28 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                0                0 bps
  Output bytes :               0                0 bps
  Input packets:              0                0 pps
  Output packets:             0                0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS Link CRC errors: 0, HS Link FIFO overflows: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0,
  Aged packets: 0, FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:
  Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
0 best-effort    0                0                0
1 expedited-fo   0                0                0
2 assured-forw   0                0                0
3 network-cont   0                0                0
Active alarms : LOL, LOS, LBL
Active defects: LOL, LOS, LBL, SEF, AIS-L, AIS-P
PCS statistics
  Seconds  Count
Bit errors 0        0
Errored blocks 0      0
MAC statistics:
  Receive  Transmit
Total octets 0        0
Total packets 0       0
Unicast packets 0      0
Broadcast packets 0     0
Multicast packets 0     0

```

```

CRC/Align errors                0                0
FIFO errors                     0                0
MAC control frames              0                0
MAC pause frames                0                0
Oversized frames                0
Jabber frames                   0
Fragment frames                 0
VLAN tagged frames              0
Code violations                  0
Filter statistics:
  Input packet count             0
  Input packet rejects           0
  Input DA rejects               0
  Input SA rejects               0
  Output packet count            0
  Output packet pad count        0
  Output packet error count      0
CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0
PMA PHY:
  Seconds      Count  State
  PLL lock     0      0  OK
  PHY light    63159  1  Light Missing
WIS section:
  BIP-B1        0      0
  SEF           434430  434438  Defect Active
  LOS           434430  1  Defect Active
  LOF           434430  1  Defect Active
  ES-S          434430
  SES-S         434430
  SEFS-S        434430
WIS line:
  BIP-B2        0      0
  REI-L         0      0
  RDI-L         0      0  OK
  AIS-L         434430  1  Defect Active
  BERR-SF       0      0  OK
  BERR-SD       0      0  OK
  ES-L          434430
  SES-L         434430
  UAS-L         434420
  ES-LFE        0
  SES-LFE       0
  UAS-LFE       0
WIS path:
  BIP-B3        0      0
  REI-P         0      0
  LOP-P         0      0  OK
  AIS-P         434430  1  Defect Active
  RDI-P         0      0  OK
  UNEQ-P        0      0  OK
  PLM-P         0      0  OK
  ES-P          434430
  SES-P         434430
  UAS-P         434420
  ES-PFE        0
  SES-PFE       0
  UAS-PFE       0
Received path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted path trace: orissa so-1/0/0
6f 72 69 73 73 61 20 73 6f 2d 31 2f 30 2f 30 00   orissa so-1/0/0.
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:

```

```

Destination slot: 1
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority  Limit
                           %      bps      %      bytes
  0 best-effort           95      950000000  95        0      low     none
  3 network-control       5       50000000   5         0      low     none

```

show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, DWDM OTN PIC)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-7/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: ge-7/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 143, SNMP ifIndex: 508, Generation: 208
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 10Gbps, BPDU Error: None,
MAC-REWRITE Error: None, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled,
Flow control: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : None
Wavelength     : 1550.12 nm, Frequency: 193.40 THz
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:70:2b:72, Hardware address: 00:05:85:70:2b:72
Last flapped   : 2011-04-20 15:48:54 PDT (18:39:49 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   : 0          0 bps
Output bytes  : 0          0 bps
Input packets: 0          0 pps
Output packets: 0         0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes   : 0
Output bytes  : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0,
L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 2, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,
FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort           0              0              0

  1 expedited-fo         0              0              0

  2 assured-forw         0              0              0

  3 network-cont
Queue number:      Mapped forwarding classes
  0                best-effort
  1                expedited-forwarding
  2                assured-forwarding
  3                network-control
Active alarms  : LINK
Active defects : LINK
MAC statistics:
Total octets      Receive      Transmit
Total packets     0              0

```



```

Unicast packets                0                0
Broadcast packets              0                0
Multicast packets              0                0
CRC/Align errors               0                0
FIFO errors                    0                0
MAC control frames             0                0
MAC pause frames               0                0
Oversized frames               0
Jabber frames                  0
Fragment frames                0
VLAN tagged frames             0
Code violations                 0
Total octets                   0                0
Total packets                  0                0
Unicast packets                0                0
Broadcast packets              0                0
Multicast packets              0                0
CRC/Align errors               0                0
FIFO errors                    0                0
MAC control frames             0                0
MAC pause frames               0                0
Oversized frames               0
Jabber frames                  0
Fragment frames                0
VLAN tagged frames             0
Code violations                 0
OTN alarms                     :   None
OTN defects                    :   None
OTN FEC Mode                   :   GFEC
OTN Rate                       :   Fixed Stuff Bytes 11.0957Gbps
OTN Line Loopback              :   Enabled
OTN FEC statistics :
  Corrected Errors              0
  Corrected Error Ratio (      0 sec average) 0e-0
OTN FEC alarms:                Seconds    Count  State
  FEC Degrade                   0          0   OK
  FEC Excessive                 0          0   OK
OTN OC:                        Seconds    Count  State
  LOS                           2          1   OK
  LOF                          67164        2 Defect Active
  LOM                          67164       71 Defect Active
  Wavelength Lock               0          0   OK
OTN OTU:
  AIS                           0          0   OK
  BDI                          65919     4814 Defect Active
  IAE                          67158        1 Defect Active
  TTIM                          7          1   OK
  SF                           67164        2 Defect Active
  SD                           67164        3 Defect Active
  TCA-ES                        0          0   OK
  TCA-SES                       0          0   OK
  TCA-UAS                       80         40   OK
  TCA-BBE                       0          0   OK
  BIP                           0          0   OK
  BBE                           0          0   OK
  ES                            0          0   OK
  SES                           0          0   OK
  UAS                           587         0   OK
Received DAPI:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Received SAPI:

```

```

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted DAPI:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted SAPI:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
OTN Received Overhead Bytes:
  APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x42, APS/PCC2: 0xa2, APS/PCC3: 0x48
  Payload Type: 0x03
OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes:
  APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00
  Payload Type: 0x03
Filter statistics:
  Input packet count                0
  Input packet rejects              0
  Input DA rejects                  0
  Input SA rejects                  0
  Output packet count                0
  Output packet pad count            0
  Output packet error count          0
  CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 7
CoS information:
  Direction : Output
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority
Limit                    %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort            95    9500000000    95      0      low
none
3 network-control        5     500000000     5      0      low
none
...

```

show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode)

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-7/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: xe-7/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 173, SNMP ifIndex: 212, Generation: 174
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps,
  Unidirectional: Enabled,
  Loopback: None, Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
...

```

show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode, Transmit-Only)

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-7/0/0-tx extensive
Physical interface: xe-7/0/0-tx, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 176, SNMP ifIndex: 137, Generation: 177
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps,
  Unidirectional: Tx-Only
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:05:85:73:e4:83, Hardware address: 00:05:85:73:e4:83
  Last flapped   : 2007-06-01 09:08:19 PDT (3d 02:31 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                0                0 bps

```

```

Output bytes :      322891152287160      9627472888 bps
Input packets:              0              0 pps
Output packets:    328809727380      1225492 pps

...

Filter statistics:
  Output packet count      328810554250
  Output packet pad count      0
  Output packet error count    0
...

Logical interface xe-7/0/0-tx.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 138) (Generation 139)

Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Egress account overhead: 100
Ingress account overhead: 90
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :      0
  Output bytes :    322891152287160
  Input packets:      0
  Output packets:    328809727380
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :      0
  Output bytes :      0
  Input packets:      0
  Output packets:      0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :      0
  Output bytes :      0
  Input packets:      0
  Output packets:      0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :      0      0 bps
  Output bytes :    322891152287160      9627472888 bps
  Input packets:      0      0 pps
  Output packets:    328809727380      1225492 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :      0
  Output bytes :      0
  Input packets:      0
  Output packets:      0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 147, Route table: 0
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.11.12/24, Local: 10.11.12.13, Broadcast: 10.11.12.255,
  Generation: 141
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 148, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

```

show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode, Receive-Only)

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-7/0/0-rx extensive
Physical interface: xe-7/0/0-rx, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 174, SNMP ifIndex: 118, Generation: 175
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps,
  Unidirectional: Rx-Only
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues

```

```

Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:73:e4:83, Hardware address: 00:05:85:73:e4:83
Last flapped   : 2007-06-01 09:08:22 PDT (3d 02:31 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :      322857456303482      9627496104 bps
Output bytes :              0          0 bps
Input packets:      328775413751      1225495 pps
Output packets:              0          0 pps

...

Filter statistics:
Input packet count      328775015056
Input packet rejects    1
Input DA rejects        0

...

Logical interface xe-7/0/0-rx.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 120) (Generation 138)

Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :      322857456303482
Output bytes :              0
Input packets:      328775413751
Output packets:              0
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :              0
Output bytes :              0
Input packets:              0
Output packets:              0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :              0
Output bytes :              0
Input packets:              0
Output packets:              0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :      322857456303482      9627496104 bps
Output bytes :              0          0 bps
Input packets:      328775413751      1225495 pps
Output packets:              0          0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :              0
Output bytes :              0
Input packets:              0
Output packets:              0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 145, Route table: 0
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 192.1.1/24, Local: 192.1.1.1, Broadcast: 192.1.1.255,
Generation: 139
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 146, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

```

show interfaces (Channelized DS3-to-DS0)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces ds-fpc/pic/port:t1channel:ds0channel <brief detail extensive> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS0 interface. |
| Options | <p>ds-fpc/pic/port:t1channel:ds0channel—Display standard information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS0 interface.</p> <p>brief detail extensive—(Optional) Display the specified level of output interface.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces extensive (Channelized DS3-to-DS0) on page 87 |
| Output Fields | Table 5 on page 79 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (all Channelized DS3 interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the "Enabled Field" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits. | All levels |
| Mode | Whether C-bit parity mode or M13 mode is enabled. | All levels |
| Framing | Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be ESF or SF . The default is ESF . | All levels |
| Parent | (Channelized IQ interfaces only) Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the "Device Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the "Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the "Link Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Keepalive settings | (PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. down-count number—The number of keepalive packets that a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. | detail extensive none |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Keepalive statistics | <p>(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. | detail extensive none |
| LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI) can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: value, value, value...xx seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) | detail extensive none |
| LMI | <p>(Frame Relay) LMI packet statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). | detail extensive none |
| LCP state | <p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| NCP state | <p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| CHAP state | <p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. • Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. • Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication). • Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. • Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. • Failure—CHAP authentication failed. • Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. • Success—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone hh:mm:ss</i> ago). For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. • Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|--|------------------|
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Counter increments when the software could not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Count of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value in this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. • HS link CRC errors—Count of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. | extensive |
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. | extensive |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------|---|------------------------------|
| DS1 alarms | Media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. | detail extensive none |
| DS1 defects | Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LOS—Loss of signal. • LOF—Loss of frame. • AIS—Alarm indication signal. • YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. | |
| T1 media | Counts of T1 media-specific errors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The T1 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SEF—Severely errored framing • BEE—Bit error event • AIS—Alarm indication signal • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver • BPV—Bipolar violation • EXZ—Excessive zeros • LCV—Line code violation • PCV—Pulse code violation • CS—Carrier state • LES—Line error seconds • ES—Errored seconds • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (section) • SES—Severely errored seconds • BES—Bit error seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds | extensive |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| DS3 media | <p>Counts of T3 media-specific errors. For detailed definitions of the T3 (DS-3) error events (BPV, EXZ, LCV, PCV, and CCV) and performance parameters (LES, PES, PSES, CES, CSES, SEFS, and UAS), see RFC 2496.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop out of lock • Reframing—Frame alignment recovery time • AIS—Alarm indication signal • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • IDLE—Idle code detected • YELLOW—Remote defect indication • BPV—Bipolar violation • EXZ—Excessive zeros • LCV—Line code violation • PCV—Pulse code violation • CCV—C-bit coding violation • LES—Line error seconds • PES—P-bit errored seconds • PSES—P-bit errored seconds (section) • CES—C-bit errored seconds • CSES—C-bit severely errored seconds • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds | extensive |
| HDLC configuration | <p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. • Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. • Byte encoding—Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. • Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled | extensive |
| Interface transmit queues | <p>Name of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each DS1 channel on the Channelized DS3-to-DS1 PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. • WRR—Weighted round-robin (in percent). • Packets—Number of packets transmitted. • Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. • Drops—Number of packets dropped. • Errors—Number of packet errors. | extensive |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| DS1 or DS3 BERT configuration | <p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. | detail extensive none |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |
| CoS information | <p>Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Bandwidth | Bandwidth configured on the interface. | All levels |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mpls . | detail extensive none |

Table 5: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive none |
| Redundant Link | (LSQ redundancy) Backup link for Link Services IQ redundancy. | detail extensive none |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (Channelized DS3-to-DS0)

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/0/0:0:0 extensive
Physical interface: ds-0/0/0:0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 174, SNMP ifIndex: 4298, Generation: 177
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps, FCS: 16,
  Mode: C/Bit parity, Framing: ESF
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 280 (last seen 00:00:09 ago)
    Output: 286 (last sent 00:00:00 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Not-configured
  Last flapped   : 2002-05-23 17:53:29 PDT (00:46:46 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :           6814           16 bps
    Output bytes  :          28840           72 bps
    Input packets :           568           0 pps
    Output packets:           893           0 pps
  Input errors:

```

```

Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 39, Policed discards: 0,
L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 2, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
HS link CRC errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS1  alarms   : None
DS3  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
DS3  defects  : None
T1  media:
Seconds      Count  State
SEF          0        0 OK
BEE          5        1 OK
AIS          0        0 OK
LOF          0        0 OK
LOS          0        0 OK
YELLOW       17        1 OK
BPV          0         0
EXZ          0         0
LCV          5       27765
PCV          0         0
CS           0         0
LES          0
ES           0
SES          5
SEFS         10
BES          0
UAS          0
DS3  media:
Seconds      Count  State
PLL Lock     0        0 OK
Reframing    0        0 OK
AIS          0        0 OK
LOF          0        0 OK
LOS          0        0 OK
IDLE         0        0 OK
YELLOW       0         0 OK
BPV          1       65535
EXZ          1       65535
LCV          2     131070
PCV          1       1825
CCV          0         0
LES          1
PES          1
PSES         1
CES          0
CSES         0
SEFS         0
UAS          0
Interface transmit queues:
      B/W  WRR  Packets      Bytes      Drops      Errors
Queue0  95  95      0         0         0         0
Queue1   5   5     893     28840         0         0
HDLC configuration:
Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
Timeslots      : 1-10
Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled
DS3 BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, Induced error rate: 10e-0
DS1 BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)

```

```
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 2 (0x01)
  CoS information:      CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer
Priority  Limit
          %      bps  %      usec
0 best-effort      95      608000  95      0      low  none
3 network-control  5      32000   5      0      low  none
Logical interface ds-0/0/0:0:0.0 (Index 5) (SNMP ifIndex 4299)
(Generation 943)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 949, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 18.18.18.1, Local: 18.18.18.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
  Generation: 1849
```

show interfaces (Channelized DS3-to-DS1)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>show interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port:t1channel</code> <code><brief detail extensive terse></code> <code><descriptions></code> <code><media></code> <code><snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>></code> <code><statistics></code> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS1 interface. |
| Options | <p><code>t1-fpc/pic/port:t1channel</code>—Display standard information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS1 interface.</p> <p><code>brief detail extensive terse</code>—(Optional) Display brief interface information.</p> <p><code>descriptions</code>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><code>media</code>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><code>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i></code>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><code>statistics</code>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces extensive (channelized DS3-to-DS1) on page 90 |
| Output Fields | See the output field table for the show interfaces (Channelized DS3-to-DS0) command . |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (channelized DS3-to-DS1)

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-0/0/0:0 extensive
Physical interface: t1-0/0/0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 210, SNMP ifIndex: 14, Generation: 2977
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity, Framing: ESF
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 30 (last seen 00:00:05 ago)
    Output: 29 (last sent 00:00:00 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
  Not-configured

```



```

CHAP state: Not-configured
Last flapped   : 2002-05-23 17:30:12 PDT (17:29:43 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :          944          16 bps
Output bytes  :         1162          16 bps
Input packets :          66           0 pps
Output packets:          82           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 1, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 1, Policed discards: 8,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 1, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS1  alarms   : None
DS3  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
DS3  defects  : None
T1  media:
Seconds      Count  State
SEF          0        0 OK
BEE         11         5 OK
AIS         28         1 OK
LOF         27         1 OK
LOS          0         0 OK
YELLOW      23         1 OK
BPV          0         0
EXZ          0         0
LCV         11       20574
PCV          0         0
CS           0         0
LES         28
ES          28
SES         39
SEFS        50
BES         0
UAS         0
DS3  media:
Seconds      Count  State
PLL Lock     0         0 OK
Reframing    0         0 OK
AIS          0         0 OK
LOF          1         1 OK
LOS          1         1 OK
IDLE         0         0 OK
YELLOW      0         0 OK
BPV          2       131070
EXZ          3       49910
LCV          5       180980
PCV          2        327
CCV         12       264558
LES          3
PES          3
PSES         2
CES         13
CSES         13
SEFS         1
UAS         35
Interface transmit queues:
      B/W  WRR  Packets  Bytes  Drops  Errors
Queue0  95  95      0      0      0      0
Queue1   5   5     82     1162    0      0
HDLC configuration:

```

```
Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
Timeslots      : 1-10
Line encoding: B8ZS, Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled
DS3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, Induced error rate: 10e-0
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 2 (0x00) CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority  Limit
                           %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort             95      608000  95      0      low  none
3 network-control         5       32000   5       0      low  none
Logical interface t1-0/0/0:0.0 (Index 11) (SNMP ifIndex 23) (Generation 497)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Bandwidth: 0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 576, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 21.21.21.2, Local: 21.21.21.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
  Generation: 977
```

show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <code>show interfaces (ce1-fpc/pic/port type-fpc/pic/port<:channel>)</code> <code><brief detail extensive terse></code> <code><descriptions></code> <code><media></code> <code><snmp-index snmp-index></code> <code><statistics></code> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized E1 IQ interface. |
| Options | <p>type-fpc/pic/port:<channel>—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels. For the physical channelized E1 IQ interface, type is ce. For the clear channel, type is e1. At the first level of channelization, type is ds.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ) (Physical) on page 93 show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ Multilink PPP Encapsulation) on page 94 show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ MLFR Encapsulation) on page 95 show interfaces detail (Clear Channel E1) on page 96 |
| Output Fields | For information about output fields, see the output field table for the show interfaces (Channelized E1) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Sample Output

show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ) (Physical)

```

user@host> show interfaces ce1-1/2/3
Physical interface: ce1-1/2/3, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 18, SNMP ifIndex: 1128
  Link-level type: Frame-relay, Controller, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal,  Speed:
E1, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704, Parent: None
  Device flags      : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags       : Keepalives DTE
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds

```

```

LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Last flapped : 2002-10-04 17:52:51 PDT (00:32:57 ago)
Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
DS1 alarms : None
DS1 defects : None

```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ Multilink PPP Encapsulation)

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/3/4:1 extensive
Physical interface: ds-0/3/4:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 151, SNMP ifIndex: 63, Generation: 34
Link-level type: Multilink-PPP, MTU: 1518, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
Parent: ce1-0/3/4 Interface index 150
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : None
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: 2005-12-21 10:32:15 PST (1w0d 03:10 ago)
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 6070570 224 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 209330 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 3, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
HDLC configuration:
  Giant threshold: 1528, Runt threshold: 2
  Timeslots : 1
  Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared

```

```

DSO BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

Logical interface ds-0/3/4:1.0 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 64) (Generation 13)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol mlppp, Multilink bundle: ls-0/1/0.0, MTU: 1514, Generation: 24,
  Route table: 0

```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ MLFR Encapsulation)

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/3/4:5 extensive
Physical interface: ds-0/3/4:5, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 155, SNMP ifIndex: 72, Generation: 38
  Link-level type: Multilink-FR, MTU: 1518, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Parent: ce1-0/3/4 Interface index 150
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : No-Keepalives DCE
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  ANSI LMI settings: n392dce 3, n393dce 4, t392dce 15 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 0
    Full enquiries sent      : 0
    Enquiry responses received : 0
    Full enquiry responses received : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received   : 0
    Enquiry responses sent    : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timeout : 0
  CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2005-12-21 09:59:01 PST (1w0d 03:44 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: 2005-12-21 10:32:15 PST (1w0d 03:10 ago)
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 0 0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 3, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
    L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0
  HDLC configuration:
    Giant threshold: 1528, Runt threshold: 2
    Timeslots : 5
    Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared

```

```

DSO BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x01)

Logical interface ds-0/3/4:5.0 (Index 78) (SNMP ifIndex 73) (Generation 17)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol mlfrr, Multilink bundle: ls-0/1/0.1, MTU: 1514, Generation: 28, Route
table: 0
  DLCI 10
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes : 0
      Output bytes : 0
      Input packets: 0
      Output packets: 0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI :1 Inactive DLCI :0

```

show interfaces detail (Clear Channel E1)

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-1/2/6 detail
Physical interface: e1-1/2/6, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 89, SNMP ifIndex: 1278, Generation: 341
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1, Loopback:None,
...
  Logical interface e1-1/2/6.0 (Index 52) (SNMP ifIndex 1279) (Generation 169)
    Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
    Bandwidth: 0
...

```

show interfaces (Channelized E1)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces ds-fpc/pic/port:ds0channel <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information the specified channelized E1 interface. |
| Options | <p>ds-fpc/pic/port:ds0channel—Display standard information about the specified channelized E1 interface.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1) on page 105 |
| Output Fields | Table 6 on page 97 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the "Enabled Field" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | Reference clock source: Internal or External . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits. | All levels |
| Framing | Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 . | All levels |
| Parent | (Channelized E1 IQ interfaces only) Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the "Device Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the "Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the "Link Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Keepalive settings | (PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interval seconds—Time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. Down-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. Up-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. | detail extensive none |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Keepalive statistics | <p>(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. | detail extensive none |
| LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Settings for link management can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: value, value...xx seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) | detail extensive none |
| LMI | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about the link management.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago) Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). | detail extensive none |
| DTE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| DCE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. | detail extensive none |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Common statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. • Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. • Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. • Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for <code>n392dte</code> or <code>n393dce</code> intervals. (See LMI settings). | detail extensive none |
| Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs | (Frame Relay, displayed only from the DTE) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| LCP state | <p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| CHAP state | <p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. • Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. • Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) • Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. • Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. • Failure—CHAP authentication failed. • Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. • Success—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| CoS Queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Input Rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). | None specified |
| Output Rate | Output rate in bps and pps. | None specified |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), then either the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| DS1 alarms DS1 defects | <p>E1 media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LOS—Loss of signal. • LOF—Loss of frame. • AIS—Alarm indication signal. • YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. | detail extensive none |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| E1 media | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific E1 errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The E1 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SEF—Severely errored framing • BEE—Bit error • AIS—Alarm indication signal • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver • BPV—Bipolar violation • EXZ—Excessive zeros • LCV—Line code violation • PCV—Pulse code violation • CS—Carrier state • FEBE—Far-end block error • LES—Line error seconds • ES—Errored seconds • BES—Bursty errored seconds • SES—Severely errored seconds • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds | extensive |
| HDLC configuration | <p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. • Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. • Line encodingHDB3—Line encoding used. | extensive |
| Interface transmit queues | <p>Names of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each DSO channel on the Channelized E1 to DSO PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. • WRR—Weighted round robin (in percent). • Packets—Number of packets transmitted. • Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. • Drops—Number of packets dropped. • Errors—Number of packet errors. | extensive |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| DSx BERT configuration | <p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. | detail extensive none |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |
| CoS information | <p>Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the "Logical Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Input packets | Number of packets received on the logical interface. | None specified |
| Output packets | Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface. | None specified |

Table 6: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Traffic statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Local statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than one second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |
| Transit statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mpls . | detail extensive none |
| Multilink bundle | (Multilink) Interface name for the multilink bundle, if configured. | detail extensive none |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| DLCI | (Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics . Flags is one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. • Down—Set when link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. • Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. • Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. • Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI statistics | (Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. • Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. | detail extensive none |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1)

```
user@host> show interfaces ds-0/1/1:1 extensive
```

```

Physical interface: ds-0/1/1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 163, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 46
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2005-12-28 14:44:06 PST (00:00:30 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :                0                0 bps
Output bytes :                0                0 bps
Input packets:                0                0 pps
Output packets:                0                0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
DS1 alarms   : LOF, LOS
DS1 defects  : LOF, LOS
E1 media:
Seconds      Count  State
SEF          982318    1 Defect Active
BEE           0         0 OK
AIS           0         0 OK
LOF          982318    1 Defect Active
LOS          982318    1 Defect Active
YELLOW        0         0 OK
BPV           1         1
EXZ           1         1
LCV           1         1
PCV           1         2
CS            0         0
FEBE          1         9
LES           1
ES          982318
SES          982318
SEFS          982318
BES           1
UAS           0
Interface transmit queues:
      B/W  WRR    Packets    Bytes    Drops    Errors
Queue0   95  95         0         0         0         0
Queue1    5   5         0         0         0         0
HDLC configuration:
Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
Timeslots      : 31
Line encoding: HDB3, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 0 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^11 - 1, 0.152 and 0.153 (2047 type),
Pseudorandom (8)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 2 (0x1b)
CoS information:
CoS transmit queue    Bandwidth    Buffer    Priority    Limit

```


| | | % | bps | % | usec | | |
|---|-----------------|----|---------|----|------|-----|------|
| 0 | best-effort | 95 | 1945600 | 95 | 0 | low | none |
| 3 | network-control | 5 | 102400 | 5 | 0 | low | none |

show interfaces (Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE)

Syntax `show interfaces (type-fpc/pic/port<:channel><:channel><:channel>)
<brief | detail | extensive | terse>
<descriptions>
<media>
<snmp-index snmp-index>
<statistics>`

Release Information Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description Display status information about the specified channelized OC12 IQ and IQE interface.

Options `type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel`—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels.
For SONET mode, the interface type can be one of the following:

- `type-fpc/pic/port`—For the physical channelized OC12 IQ or IQE interface, **type** is `coc12`. For the clear channel, **type** is `so` (for OC12).
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel`—At the first level of channelization, **type** can be `coc1` (channelized OC1), `ct3` (from `coc1`), `so` (for OC3), or `t3`.
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel`—At the second level of channelization, **type** can be `ct1` (from `ct3` or `coc1`) or `t1` (from `ct3` or `coc1`).
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel`—At the third level of channelization, **type** is `ds` (from `ct1`).

For SDH mode, the interface type can be one of the following:

- `type-fpc/pic/port`—For the physical channelized OC12 IQ or IQE interface, **type** is `cstm4`. For the clear channel, **type** is `so` (for SONET/SDH (vc-4-4c)).
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel`—At the first level of channelization, **type** can be `so` (from `cstm4`) or `cau4` (from `cstm4`).
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel`—At the second level of channelization, **type** can be `ct3` or `t3` (from or `cau4`).
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel`—At the third level of channelization, **type** is `ct1` or `t1` (from `ct3`).
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel:channel`—At the fourth level of channelization, **type** is `ds` (from `ct1`).

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces extensive (CAU4 on Channelized OC-12 IQ) on page 109 show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC1 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 109 show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC12 IQ) (Physical) on page 109 show interfaces extensive (Channelized T1 from Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 110 show interfaces extensive (Channelized T3 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 110 show interfaces extensive (CSTM4 on Channelized OC-12 IQ) on page 110 show interfaces extensive (DS0 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 110 show interfaces extensive (SONET Interface on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 110 show interfaces extensive (T1 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 111 |
| Output Fields | See the output field table for the show interfaces (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE) command. |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (CAU4 on Channelized OC-12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces cau4-0/2/0:1 extensive
Physical interface: cau4-0/2/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 219, SNMP ifIndex: 139, Generation: 221
  Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, Parent: cstm4-0/2/0 Interface index 216
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
...
```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC1 on Channelized OC12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive coc1-4/2/0:7
Physical interface: coc1-4/2/0:7, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 381, SNMP ifIndex: 2524, Generation: 728
  Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: 51840kbps, Loopback: None,
  FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Disabled, Parent: coc12-4/2/0 (Index 266)
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : None
...
```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC12 IQ) (Physical)

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive coc12-4/2/0
Physical interface: coc12-4/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 266, SNMP ifIndex: 1269, Generation: 601
  Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC12, Loopback: None,
  FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Disabled, Parent: None Device flags   : Present
Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
...
```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized T1 from Channelized OC12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-4/2/0:7:1
Physical interface: ct1-4/2/0:4:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 305, SNMP ifIndex: 2410, Generation: 640
  Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Framing: ESF, Parent: coc1-4/2/0:7 (Index 304)
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : None
...
```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized T3 on Channelized OC12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces ct3-0/2/0:1 extensive
Physical interface: ct3-0/2/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 220, SNMP ifIndex: 140, Generation: 222
  Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3, Loopback: None,
  Mode: C/Bit parity, Parent: cau4-0/2/0:1 Interface index 219
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
...
```

show interfaces extensive (CSTM4 on Channelized OC-12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces cstm4-0/2/0 extensive
Physical interface: cstm4-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 216, SNMP ifIndex: 33, Generation: 218
  Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC12,
  Loopback: None, Parent: None   Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
...
```

show interfaces extensive (DS0 on Channelized OC12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-4/2/0:7:1:1
Physical interface: ds-4/2/0:4:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 306, SNMP ifIndex: 2411, Generation: 641
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-4/2/0:7:1 (Index 305)
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives
...
```

show interfaces extensive (SONET Interface on Channelized OC12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces so-0/2/0:1 extensive
Physical interface: so-0/2/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 750, SNMP ifIndex: 23, Generation: 11709
  Link-level type: Multilink-FR, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Payload scrambler: Enabled, Parent: coc12-0/2/0 Interface index 749
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
...
```

show interfaces extensive (T1 on Channelized OC12 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces t1-0/2/0:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: t1-0/2/0:1:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 222, SNMP ifIndex: 143, Generation: 226
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF, Parent: ct3-0/2/0:1:1
Interface index 221
Device flags      : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags       : Keepalives
...
```

show interfaces (Channelized OC12)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces t3-fpc/pic/port:t3channel <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | Display status information about the specified channelized OC12 interface. |
| Options | <p>t3-fpc/pic/port:t3channel—Display standard information about the specified channelized OC12 interface.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC12) on page 112 |
| Output Fields | See the output field table for the show interfaces (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE) command. |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC12)

```
user@host> show interfaces t3-0/3/0:0 extensive
Physical interface: t3-0/3/0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 32, SNMP ifIndex: 21, Generation: 2719
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: T3, Loopback: None, SONET Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 43186
    Full enquiries sent      : 8515
    Enquiry responses received : 43185
    Full enquiry responses received : 8515
  DCE statistics:
```

```

Enquiries received           : 0
Full enquiries received      : 0
Enquiry responses sent       : 0
Full enquiry responses sent   : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received   : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Last flapped    : 2002-05-23 16:59:03 PDT (18:23:58 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :           1700           0 bps
  Output bytes :          1714           0 bps
  Input packets:           123           0 pps
  Output packets:          124           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 1100817, Bucket drops: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS3 alarms : None
SONET alarms : None
DS3 defects : None
SONET defects : None
DS3 media:
  Seconds      Count  State
  AIS          0       0 OK
  LOF          18       1 OK
  LOS          0       0 OK
  IDLE         0       0 OK
  YELLOW       0       0 OK
  BPV          0       0
  EXZ          0       0
  LCV          0       0
  PCV          36      122399
  CCV          72      91948
  LES          0
  PES          18
  PSES         18
  CES          18
  CSES         18
  SEFS         18
  UAS          0
HDLCD configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
DSU configuration:
  Compatibility mode: None, Scrambling: Disabled, Subrate: Disabled
  FEAC loopback: Inactive, Response: Disabled, Count: 0
DS3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: Unknown (0), Induced error rate: 10e-0
Interface transmit queues:
  B/W  WRR      Packets      Bytes      Drops      Errors
Queue0  95  95         0         0         0         0
Queue1   5   5        529       6348        0         0

```

```

SONET PHY:                Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock                  0           0  OK
  PHY Light                 20           1  OK
SONET section:
  BIP-B1                    0           0
  SEF                      20           1  OK
  LOS                      20           1  OK
  LOF                      20           1  OK
  ES-S                     20
  SES-S                    20
  SEFS-S                   20
SONET line:
  BIP-B2                    0           0
  REI-L                    0           0
  RDI-L                    0           0  OK
  AIS-L                    0           0  OK
  BERR-SF                  18           1  OK
  BERR-SD                   2           1  OK
  ES-L                     20
  SES-L                    20
  UAS-L                    10
  ES-LFE                   0
  SES-LFE                  0
  UAS-LFE                  0
SONET path:
  BIP-B3                    0           0
  REI-P                    0           0
  LOP-P                    20           1  OK
  AIS-P                    0           0  OK
  RDI-P                    0           0  OK
  UNEQ-P                   0           0  OK
  PLM-P                    20           1  OK
  ES-P                     20
  SES-P                    20
  UAS-P                    10
  ES-PFE                   0
  SES-PFE                  0
  UAS-PFE                  0
Received SONET overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x04, C2(cmp) : 0x04, F2      : 0x00
  Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00, V5      : 0x00
  V5(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x04, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
  Z4      : 0x00, V5      : 0x00
Received path trace: t3-0/3/0:0
  74 33 2d 30 2f 33 2f 30 3a 30 00 00 00 00 0d 0a  t3-0/3/0:0:0.....
Transmitted path trace: t3-0/3/0:0
  74 33 2d 30 2f 33 2f 30 3a 30 00 00 00 00 00 00  t3-0/3/0:0:0.....
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority  Limit
                           %      bps      %      usec
  0 best-effort           95      42499200 95         0      low  none
  3 network-control        5       2236800  5         0      low  none
Logical interface t3-0/3/0:0.0 (Index 11) (SNMP ifIndex 268) (Generation 499)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 578, Route table: 0

```



```
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 22.22.22.1, Local: 22.22.22.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 98
DLCI 100
  Flags: Active, Dce-configured
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI :2 Inactive DLCI : 0
```

show interfaces (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces (type-fpc/pic/port <:channel><:channel><:channel>) <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized OC3 IQ or IQE interface. |
| Options | <p>type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels. The interface type can be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> type-fpc/pic/port—For the physical interface, type is coc3. For the clear channel, type is so (for OC3). type-fpc/pic/port:channel—At the first level of channelization, type can be coc1 (channelized OC1), ct3 (from coc1), or t3 (from coc1). type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel—At the second level of channelization, type can be ct1 (from coc1 or ct3) or t1 (from coc1 or ct3). type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel—At the third level of channelization, type can be ds (from ct1). <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC3 IQ) (Physical) on page 130</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC1 on Channelized OC3 IQ) on page 131</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Channelized T1 on Channelized OC3 IQ) on page 132</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (DSO on Channelized OC3 IQ) on page 133</p> |
| Output Fields | Table 7 on page 117 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (all Channelized OC interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Description | Interface description. | All levels |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | SONET/SDH reference clock source. It can be Internal or External . Clocking is configured and displayed only for channel 0. | All levels |
| Framing mode | Framing mode: SONET or SDH . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| SONET loopback | Whether loopback is enabled on a SONET/SDH interface, and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16-bit . | All levels |
| Payload scrambler | Whether payload scrambling is enabled. | All levels |
| Parent | Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| ANSI or ITU LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI). The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value</i>, <i>value...</i> <i>nn</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) • n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) • n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) • n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) • n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) • t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) • t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) | All levels |
| LMI statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about the link management.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: <i>nn</i> (last sent <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). • Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: <i>nn</i> (last sent <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). | detail extensive |
| DTE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. • Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. • Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. • Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| DCE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. • Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. • Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. • Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| Common statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. • Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. • Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. • Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) | detail extensive none |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs | (Frame Relay) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE, displayed only from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hh:mm:ss timezone year-month-day (hh:mm:ss ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| CoS Queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| DS1 alarms DS1 defects | <p>Elor T1 media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See the following list for all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LOS—Loss of signal. • LOF—Loss of frame. • AIS—Alarm indication signal. • YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. | detail extensive none |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| T1 media | <p>Counts of T1 or E1 media-specific errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The T1 or E1 media-specific error types are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SEF—Severely errored framing • BEE—Bit error • AIS—Alarm indication signal • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver • BPV—Bipolar violation • EXZ—Excessive zeros • LCV—Line code violation • PCV—Pulse code violation • CS—Carrier state • FEBE—Far-end block error (E1 only) • LES—Line error seconds • ES—Errored seconds • BES—Bit error seconds • SES—Severely errored seconds • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds | extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------|--|------------------|
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. • Bucket Drops—Drops caused by traffic load exceeding the interface transmit/receive leaky bucket configuration. The default is off. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value of this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. • HS link FIFO overflows—Number of FIFO overflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • HS link FIFO underflows—Number of FIFO underflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Egress queues | Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface. | detail extensive |
| Queue counters | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | detail extensive |
| Active alarms | Defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets: | detail extensive |
| Active defects | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None—There are no active defects or alarms. • LOF—Loss of frame. | |
| SONET alarms | Media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. | All levels |
| SONET defects | Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SONET PHY , SONET section , SONET line , and SONET path . | |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------|--|-----------------|
| SONET vt | <p>SONET virtual-tributary (VT) alarms and defects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead • REI-V—Remote error indication (near-end VT) • LOP-V—Loss of pointer (near-end VT) • AIS-V—Alarm indication signal (near-end VT) • RDI-V—Remote defect indication (near-end VT) • UNEQ-V—Unequipped (near-end VT) • PLM-V—Payload label mismatch (near-end VT) • ES-V—Errored seconds (near-end VT) • SES-V—Severely errored seconds (near-end VT) • UAS-V—Unavailable seconds (near-end VT) • ES-VFE—Errored seconds (far-end VT) • SES-VFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end VT) • UAS-VFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end VT) | extensive |
| SONET PHY | <p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |
| SONET section | <p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • SEF—Severely errored framing • LOS—Loss of signal • LOL—Loss of light • LOF—Loss of frame • ES-S—Errored seconds (section) • SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) • SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) | extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------|---|------------------|
| SONET line | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead • REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) • RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) • AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) • SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) • UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) • ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) • SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) • UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) | extensive |
| SONET path | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • REI-P—Remote error indication • LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) • AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal • RDI-P—Path remote defect indication • UNEQ-P—Path unequipped • PLM-P—Path payload (signal) label mismatch • ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) • UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) • ES-PFE—Errored seconds (far-end STS path) • SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) • UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) | extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Received SONET overhead | Values of the received and transmitted SONET/SDH overhead: | extensive |
| Transmitted SONET overhead | <p>F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users.</p> <p>S1—Synchronization Status (S1). The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N. Bits 5 through 8 convey the synchronization status of the network element.</p> <p>Z3 and Z4—Path overhead.</p> <p>V5—Virtual Tributary (VT) path overhead byte.</p> | |
| SDH alarms | SDH media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SDH PHY, SDH regenerator section, SDH multiplex section, and SDH path. | All levels |
| SDH defects | <p>NOTE: For controller based SONET PICs, the SDH alarms and SDH defects output in the show interface coc3 extensive command output only shows the section and line level defects. The path level defects can be found under the SONET (so) interface output.</p> | |
| SDH PHY | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |
| SDH regenerator section | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RS-BIP8—24-bit BIP for multiplex section overhead (B2 bytes) • OOF—Out of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • LOF—Loss of frame • RS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) • RS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) • RS-SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (regenerator section) | extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| SDH multiplex section | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MS-BIP24—8-bit BIP for high-order path overhead (B3 byte) • MS-FEBE—Far-end block error (multiplex section) • MS-FERF—Far-end remote fail (multiplex section) • MS-AIS—alarm indication signal (multiplex section) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • MS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) • MS-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) • MS-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end multiplex section) | extensive |
| SDH path | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP-BIP8—8-bit BIP for regenerator section overhead (B1 byte) • HP-FEBE—Far-end block error (high-order path) • HP-LOP—Loss of pointer (high-order path) • HP-AIS—High-order-path alarm indication signal • HP-FERF—Far-end remote fail (high-order path) • HP-UNEQ—Unequipped (high-order path) • HP-PLM—Payload label mismatch (high-order path) • HP-ES—Errored seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end high-order path) • HP-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end high-order path) • HP-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end high-order path) | extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Received SDH overhead | Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead: | extensive |
| Transmitted SDH overhead | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. • F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. • K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. • J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-<i>N</i> signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. • S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-<i>N</i>. • Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. | |
| Received path trace | Channelized OC12 interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits. This information is specific to each of the 12 channelized OC12 interfaces. | extensive |
| Transmitted path trace | | |
| DS3 media | <p>Counts of T3 media-specific errors. For detailed definitions of the T3 (DS-3) error events (BPV, EXZ, LCV, PCV, and CCV) and performance parameters (LES, PES, PSES, CES, CSES, SEFS, and UAS), see RFC 2496.</p> <p>The DS3 or E3 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop out of lock • Reframing—Frame alignment recovery time • AIS—Alarm indication signal • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • IDLE—Idle code detected • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver • BPV—Bipolar violation • EXZ—Excessive zeros • LCV—Line code violation • PCV—(DS3 only) Pulse code violation • CCV—(DS3 only) C-bit coding violation • FEBE—(DS3 only) Far-end block error • LES—Line error seconds • PES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds • PSES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds (section) • CES—(DS3 only) C-bit errored seconds • CSES—(DS3 only) C-bit severely errored seconds • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds | extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| HDLC configuration | <p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. • Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. • Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. • Line encoding—Line encoding used. It is always HDB3. • Byte encoding—(T1 only) Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. • Line encoding—Line encoding used. For T1, the value can be B8ZS or AMI. For E1, the value is HDB3. • Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled. • Idle cycle flag—Idle cycle flags. • Start end flag—Start and end flag. | extensive |
| Interface transmit queues | <p>Name of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each DS3 channel on the Channelized OC12 PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. • WRR—Weighted round-robin (in percent). • Packets—Number of packets transmitted. • Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. • Drops—Number of packets dropped. • Errors—Number of packet errors. | extensive |
| DSU configuration | <p>Information about the DSU configuration. The last three lines (Bit count, Error bit count, and LOS information) are displayed only if a BERT has ever been run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compatibility mode—CSU/DSU compatibility mode: None, Larscom, Kentrox, or Digital-Link. • Scrambling—Payload scrambling. It can be Enabled or Disabled. • Subrate—Configured subrate setting. Applies only when Digital-Link compatibility mode is used. It can be Disabled or display units in kbps. • FEAC loopback—(T3) Whether a far-end alarm and control (FEAC) loopback is Active or Inactive. This feature is used to send alarm or status information from the far-end terminal back to the near-end terminal and to initiate T3 loopbacks at the far-end terminal from the near-end terminal. • Response—Whether the FEAC signal is Enabled or Disabled. • Count—Number of FEAC loopbacks. | extensive |
| BERT configuration | <p>(DS interfaces) BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. | detail extensive none |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |
| CoS information | Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Traffic statistics | Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input rate—Rate of bits and packets received on the interface. • Output rate—Rate of bits and packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Local statistics | Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |

Table 7: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Transit statistics | Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , or mpls . | detail extensive none |
| Multilink bundle | (If the logical interface is configured as part of a multilink bundle.) Interface name for the multilink bundle. | detail extensive none |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the "Addresses Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI | (Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics . Flags is one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. • Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. • Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. • Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. • Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI statistics | (Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. • Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. | detail extensive none |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC3 IQ) (Physical)

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive coc3-0/0/0
Physical interface: coc3-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22, Generation: 11
  Description: pink coc3-0/0/0

```



```

Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, Parent: None
Device flags : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags : None
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2005-01-27 16:39:21 PST (1w0d 22:09 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
SONET alarms : PLL, LOS
SONET defects : PLL, LOF, LOS, SEF, AIS-L
SONET PHY:
  Seconds      Count      State
  PLL Lock     681767      1 PLL Lock Error
  PHY Light    0           0 OK
SONET section:
  BIP-B1       0           0
  SEF          681767      1 Defect Active
  LOS          681767      1 Defect Active
  LOF          681767      1 Defect Active
  ES-S         681767
  SES-S        681767
  SEFS-S       681767
SONET line:
  BIP-B2       0           0
  REI-L        0           0
  RDI-L        0           0 OK
  AIS-L        681767      1 Defect Active
  BERR-SF      0           0 OK
  BERR-SD      0           0 OK
  ES-L         681767
  SES-L        681767
  UAS-L        681757
  ES-LFE       0
  SES-LFE      0
  UAS-LFE      0
Received SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x00, K1 : 0xff, K2 : 0xff
  S1 : 0xff
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x01, K1 : 0x00, K2 : 0x00
  S1 : 0x00

```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC1 on Channelized OC3 IQ)

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive coc1-0/0/0:1
Physical interface: coc1-0/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 133, SNMP ifIndex: 27, Generation: 16
Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: 51840kbps,

Loopback: None, Parent: coc3-0/0/0
Interface index 128
Device flags : Present Running Down 16384
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags : None
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2005-02-04 14:51:07 PST (00:00:35 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : AIS-P
SONET path:

```

```

BIP-B3                0          0
REI-P                 0          0
LOP-P                 0          0 OK
AIS-P                 36         1 Defect Active
RDI-P                 0          0 OK
UNEQ-P                0          0 OK
PLM-P                 0          0 OK
ES-P                  36
SES-P                  36
UAS-P                  26
ES-PFE                 0
SES-PFE                 0
UAS-PFE                 0
Received SONET overhead:
  C2      : 0xff, C2(cmp) : 0x01, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
  Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  C2      : 0x01, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00
Received path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted path trace: router-1 coc1-0/0/0:1
6b 61 76 65 72 69 20 63 6f 63 31 2d 30 2f 30 2f   router-1 coc1-0/0/0:1
30 3a 31 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0 (0x00)

```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized T1 on Channelized OC3 IQ)

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-0/0/0:1:1
Physical interface: ct1-0/0/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 134, SNMP ifIndex: 62, Generation: 17
Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1, Loopback: None,
Framing: ESF, Parent: coc1-0/0/0:1 Interface index 133
Device flags   : Present Running Down 16384
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : None
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 4 supported
Last flapped   : 2005-02-04 14:54:35 PST (00:00:18 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
DS1 alarms     : None
DS1 defects    : AIS, LOF
T1 media:
  Seconds      Count  State
SEF            1       1 OK
BEE            1       1 OK
AIS           18       1 Defect Active
LOF           18       1 Defect Active
LOS            0       0 OK
YELLOW         0       0 OK
BPV            0       0
EXZ            0       0
LCV            0       0
PCV            0       0
CS             0       0
LES           18
ES            18

```

```

SES                      18
SEFS                     18
BES                      0
UAS                      14
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
SONET vt:
  BIP-BIP2      0          0
  REI-V         0          0
  LOP-V         0          0 OK
  AIS-V        19          1 Defect Active
  RDI-V        19          1 Defect Active
  UNEQ-V        0          0 OK
  PLM-V        19          1 Defect Active
  ES-V         19
  SES-V        19
  UAS-V         9
  ES-VFE       0
  SES-VFE      0
  UAS-VFE      0
Received SONET overhead:
  V5          : 0x07, V5(cmp) : 0x02
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  V5          : 0x02
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0 (0x00)

```

show interfaces extensive (DS0 on Channelized OC3 IQ)

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-0/0/0:1:1
Physical interface: ds-0/0/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 135, SNMP ifIndex: 63, Generation: 18
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 320kbps,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-0/0/0:1:1 Interface index 134
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 4 supported
Last flapped   : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes  :          0          0 bps
  Input packets :          0          0 pps
  Output packets:          0          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort      0              0              0
  1 expedited-fo     0              0              0

```

| | | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| 2 assured-forw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 0 | 0 | 0 |

HDLC configuration:

Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 2

Timeslots : 1-5

Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,

Start end flag: shared

DS0 BERT configuration:

BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds

Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:

Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

show interfaces (Channelized STM1 IQ)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>show interfaces (<i>type-fpc/pic/port</i> <:<i>channel</i>><:<i>channel</i>>)</code> <code><brief detail extensive terse></code> <code><descriptions></code> <code><media></code> <code><snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>></code> <code><statistics></code> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized STM1 IQ interface. |
| Options | <p><i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel</i>—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels. The interface type can be one of the following types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—For the physical channelized STM1 IQ interface, <i>type</i> is cstm1. For the clear channel, <i>type</i> is so. For channelization, the STM1 IQ interface must be converted to interface type cau4. • <i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—At the first level of channelization, <i>type</i> can be ce1 or e1 (clear channel or fractional channel from cau4). • <i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel</i>—At the second level of channelization, <i>type</i> is ds (from ce1). <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces (Channelized STM1 IQ) (Physical) on page 135 show interfaces (Channelized AU-4) (Physical) on page 136 show interfaces (Channelized E1) (Physical) on page 136 show interfaces (DS) on page 137 |
| Output Fields | See the output field table for the show interfaces (Channelized STM1) command. |

Sample Output

show interfaces (Channelized STM1 IQ) (Physical)

```
user@host> show interfaces cstm1-0/0/0
```

```

Physical interface: cstm1-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 35
Link-level type: Frame-relay, Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Parent: None Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent : 43186
  Full enquiries sent : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received : 0
  Full enquiries received : 0
  Enquiry responses sent : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Last flapped : 2003-02-06 15:01:56 PST (07:15:06 ago)
...

```

show interfaces (Channelized AU-4) (Physical)

```

user@host> show interfaces cau4-0/0/0
Physical interface: cau4-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 147, SNMP ifIndex: 36
Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, Parent: cstm1-0/0/0 Interface index 146
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : None
Last flapped : 2003-02-06 19:36:31 PST (02:40:42 ago)
SDH alarms : None
SDH defects : None
...

```

show interfaces (Channelized E1) (Physical)

```

user@host> show interfaces ce1-0/0/0:11
Physical interface: ce1-0/0/0:11, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 169, SNMP ifIndex: 288
Link-level type: Frame-relay, Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
Loopback: None, Framing: G704, Parent: cau4-0/0/0 Interface index 147
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent : 43186
  Full enquiries sent : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:

```

```

    Enquiries received           : 0
    Full enquiries received      : 0
    Enquiry responses sent       : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent  : 0
Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received    : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout  : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
    2
Last flapped   : 2003-02-06 22:05:23 PST (00:13:45 ago)
DS1  alarms    : None
DS1  defects   : None
SDH   alarms   : None
SDH   defects   : None
...

```

show interfaces (DS)

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/0/0:11:1
Physical interface: ds-0/0/0:11:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 170, SNMP ifIndex: 289
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps,
  Loopback: Illegal, FCS: 16, Parent: ce1-0/0/0:11 Interface index 169
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  CoS Queues: 8 maximum usable queues, 4 in use
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
  LCP state: Conf-req-sent
  Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
...
Logical interface ds-0/0/0:11:1.0 (Index 77) (SNMP ifIndex 290)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Bandwidth: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: Protocol-Down
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.134.1.0/30, Local: 10.134.1.1
DLCI 100
  Flags: Active, Dce-configured
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   : 0
    Output bytes  : 0
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
...

```

show interfaces (Channelized STM1)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces e1-fpc/pic/port:elchannel <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized STM1 interface. |
| Options | <p>e1-fpc/pic/port:elchannel—Display standard status information about the specified channelized STM1 interface.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces extensive (Channelized STM1, SDH) on page 149 |
| Output Fields | Table 8 on page 138 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (all Channelized STM1 interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the "Enabled Field" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits. | All levels |
| Framing | Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 . | All levels |
| Parent | (Channelized STM1 IQ interfaces only) Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the "Device Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the "Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the "Link Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Keepalive settings | (PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> intervalseconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. | detail extensive none |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Keepalive statistics | <p>(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. | detail extensive none |
| ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Local Management Interface settings. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value, value...xx</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1-255) n392dce—DCE error threshold (1-10) n392dte—DTE error threshold (1-10) n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1-10) n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1-10) t391dte—DTE polling timer (5-30 seconds) t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5-30 seconds) | detail extensive none |
| LMI | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about the link management.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: <i>nn</i> (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: <i>nn</i> (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). | detail extensive none |
| DTE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| DCE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. | detail extensive none |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Common statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. • Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. • Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. • Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) | detail extensive none |
| Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs | (Frame Relay, displayed only from the DTE) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| LCP state | (PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| NCP state | (PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| CHAP state | (PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. • Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. • Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) • Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. • Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. • Failure—CHAP authentication failed. • Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. • Success—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value of this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. | extensive |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. | extensive |
| DS1 alarms DS1 defects | <p>E1 media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LOS—Loss of signal. • LOF—Loss of frame. • AIS—Alarm indication signal. • YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. | detail extensive none |
| SDH alarms SDH defects | <p>SDH media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SDH PHY, SDH regenerator section, SDH multiplex section, and SDH path.</p> <p>NOTE: For controller-based SONET PICs, the SDH alarms and SDH defects output in the show interface cstm1 extensive command output only shows the section and line level defects. The path level defects can be found under the SONET (so) interface output.</p> | All levels |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------|
| E1 media | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific E1 errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AIS—Alarm indication signal • BEE—Bit error • BES—Bit error seconds • BPV—Bipolar violation • CS—Carrier state • ES—Errored seconds • EXZ—Excessive zeros • FEBE—Far-end block error • LCV—Line code violation • LES—Line error seconds • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • PCV—Pulse code violation • SEF—Severely errored framing • SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) • SES—Severely errored seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver | extensive |
| Interface transmit queues | <p>Names of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each E1 channel on the Channelized STM1-to-E1 PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. • WRR—Weighted round-robin (in percent). • Packets—Number of packets transmitted. • Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. • Drops—Number of packets dropped. • Errors—Number of packet errors. | extensive |
| HDLC configuration | <p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. • Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. • Line encoding—Line encoding used. It is always HDB3. | extensive |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| DS1 BERT configuration | <p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. | detail extensive none |
| SDH PHY | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |
| SDH regenerator section | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RS-BIP8—24-bit BIP for multiplex section overhead (B2 bytes) • OOF—Out of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • LOF—Loss of frame • RS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) • RS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) • RS-SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (regenerator section) | extensive |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| SDH multiplex section | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MS-BIP24—8-bit BIP for high-order path overhead (B3 byte) • MS-FEBE—Far-end block error (multiplex section) • MS-FERF—Far-end remote fail (multiplex section) • MS-AIS—alarm indication signal (multiplex section) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • MS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) • MS-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) • MS-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end multiplex section) | extensive |
| SDH path | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP-BIP8—8-bit BIP for regenerator section overhead (B1 byte) • HP-FEBE—Far-end block error (high-order path) • HP-LOP—Loss of pointer (high-order path) • HP-AIS—High-order-path alarm indication signal • HP-FERF—Far-end remote fail (high-order path) • HP-UNEQ—Unequipped (high-order path) • HP-PLM—Payload label mismatch (high-order path) • HP-ES—Errored seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end high-order path) • HP-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end high-order path) • HP-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end high-order path) | extensive |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--|--|-----------------|
| SDH tu | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH tributary unit (TU) errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TU-BIP-2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead • TU-FEBE—(near-end TU) • TU-LOP—Loss of pointer (near-end TU) • TU-AIS—Alarm indication signal (near-end TU) • TU-FERF—(near-end TU) • TU-UNEQ—Unequipped (near-end TU) • TU-PLM—Payload label mismatch (near-end TU) • TU-ES—Errored seconds (near-end TU) • TU-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end TU) • TU-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end TU) • TU-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end TU) • TU-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end TU) • TU-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end TU) | extensive |
| Received SDH overhead | Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead: | extensive |
| Transmitted SDH overhead | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. • F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. • K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. • J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-<i>N</i> signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. • S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-<i>N</i> signal. • Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. | |
| Received path trace | Channelized OC12 interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits. This information is specific to each of the 12 channelized OC12 interfaces. | extensive |
| Transmitted path trace | | |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| CoS information | <p>Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , or mpls . | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |

Table 8: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI | (Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics . Flags is one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. • Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. • Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. • Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. • Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI statistics | (Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. • Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. | detail extensive none |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (Channelized STM1, SDH)

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-1/0/0:1 extensive
Physical interface: e1-1/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 148, SNMP ifIndex: 285, Generation: 2915
  Link-level type: Frame-relay, MTU: 1504, SDH mode, Speed: E1, Loopback: None,
  FCS: 16, Framing: G704
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 43186
    Full enquiries sent      : 8515
    Enquiry responses received : 43185
    Full enquiry responses received : 8515
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received  : 0
    Enquiry responses sent   : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout : 0
  Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
    2
  Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms

```

```

Last flapped   : 2002-05-23 17:02:59 PDT (17:23:45 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :           592           48 bps
  Output bytes  :           644           48 bps
  Input packets :            46            0 pps
  Output packets:            46            0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 9, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 11, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS1 alarms   : None
DS1 defects  : None
SDH alarms   : None
SDH defects  : None
E1 media:
  Seconds      Count  State
SEF            0        0 OK
BEE            0        0 OK
AIS           124        1 OK
LOF           124        1 OK
LOS            0        0 OK
YELLOW         0        0 OK
BPV            0         0
EXZ            0         0
LCV            0         0
PCV            0         0
CS             0         0
FEBE           0         0
LES           124
ES            125
SES           124
SEFS          124
BES            0
UAS            37
Interface transmit queues:
      B/W  WRR  Packets      Bytes      Drops      Errors
Queue0   95  95         0         0         0         0
Queue1    5   5       529       6348         0         0
HDLC configuration:
  Giant threshold: 0, Runt threshold: 0
  Timeslots      : All active
  Line encoding: HDB3
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
SDH PHY:
  Seconds      Count  State
PLL Lock       0        0 OK
PHY Light      0        0 OK
SDH regenerator section:
  RS-BIP8       0        0
  OOF           125        1 OK
  LOS           125        1 OK
  LOF           125        1 OK
  RS-ES         125
  RS-SES        125
  RS-SEFS       125
SDH multiplex section:
  MS-BIP24      0        0
  MS-FEBE       0        0

```

```

MS-FERF          0          0 OK
MS-AIS           125        1 OK
BERR-SF          0          0 OK
BERR-SD          0          0 OK
MS-ES            125
MS-SES           125
MS-UAS           115
MS-ES-FE         0
MS-SES-FE        0
MS-UAS-FE        0
SDH path:
HP-BIP8          0          0
HP-FEBE          0          0
HP-LOP           0          0 OK
HP-AIS           125        1 OK
HP-FERF          0          0 OK
HP-UNEQ          0          0 OK
HP-PLM           125        1 OK
HP-ES            125
HP-SES           125
HP-UAS           115
HP-ES-FE         0
HP-SES-FE        0
HP-UAS-FE        0
SDH tu:
TU-BIP2          0          0
TU-FEBE          124        1
TU-LOP           0          0 OK
TU-AIS           124        1 OK
TU-FERF          124        1 OK
TU-UNEQ          0          0 OK
TU-PLM           124        1 OK
TU-ES            125
TU-SES           125
TU-UAS           115
TU-ES-FE         0
TU-SES-FE        0
TU-UAS-FE        0
Received SDH overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x02, C2(cmp) : 0x02, F2      : 0x00
Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00, V5      : 0x02
V5(cmp) : 0x02
Transmitted SDH overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x02, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
Z4      : 0x00, V5      : 0x02
Received path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 1, PLP byte: 2 (0x07)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority  Limit
                           %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort             95      1945600  95         0      low      none
3 network-control         5       102400   5         0      low      none
Logical interface e1-1/0/0:1.0 (Index 10) (SNMP ifIndex 369) (Generation 496)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 575, Route table: 0

```

```
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 19.19.19.3, Local: 19.19.19.4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
  Generation: 975
DLCI 100
  Flags: Active, Dce-configured
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :2 Inactive DLCI : 0
```

show interfaces (Channelized T1 IQ)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces (ct1-fpc/pic/port type-fpc/pic/port<:channel><:channel>) <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized T1 IQ interface. |
| Options | <p>type-fpc/pic/port:channel—Interface type. With optional corresponding channel levels, the interface type can be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> type-fpc/pic/port—For the physical channelized T1 IQ interface, type is ct1. type-fpc/pic/port:channel—For the clear channel, type is t1. At the first level of channelization, type can be ct1 or t1. type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel—At the second level of channelization, type can be ds. <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces extensive (CT1) on page 161</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (T1) on page 162</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (DS0) on page 163</p> |
| Output Fields | Table 9 on page 153 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits. | All levels |
| Framing | Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be ESF or SF . The default is ESF . | All levels |
| Parent | Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Keepalive settings | Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. | detail extensive none |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Keepalive statistics | <p>Information about keepalive packets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. | detail extensive none |
| LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI) can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: value, value... xx seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) | detail extensive none |
| LMI | <p>(Frame Relay) LMI packet statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). | detail extensive none |
| DTE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data communication equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| DCE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. | detail extensive none |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Common statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. • Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. • Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. • Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) | detail extensive none |
| Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs | (Frame Relay) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE, displayed only from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| LCP state | <p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| NCP state | <p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| CHAP state | <p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. • Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. • Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) • Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. • Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. • Failure—CHAP authentication failed. • Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. • Success—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| CoS queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. • Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Counter increments when the software could not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Count of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • HS link CRC errors—Count of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value in this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Queue counters | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | detail extensive |
| DS1 alarms DS1 defects | <p>Media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LOS—Loss of signal. • LOF—Loss of frame. • AIS—Alarm indication signal. • YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. | detail extensive none |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------|
| T1 media | <p>Counts of T1 media-specific errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The T1 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AIS—Alarm indication signal • BEE—Bit error event • BES—Bit error seconds • BPV—Bipolar violation • CS—Carrier state • ES—Errored seconds • EXZ—Excessive zeros • FEBE—Far-end block error • LCV—Line code violation • LES—Line error seconds • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • PCV—Pulse code violation • SEF—Severely errored framing • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (section) • SES—Severely errored seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver | extensive |
| Line encoding | Line encoding used: B8ZS or AMI . | All levels |
| Buildout | Buildout setting. | All levels |
| HDLC configuration | <p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. • Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. • Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. • Line encoding—Line encoding used: B8ZS or AMI. • Byte encoding—Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. • Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled. • Idle cycle Flag—Idle cycle flags. • Start end Flag—Start and end flag. | extensive |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| DSO or DS1 BERT configuration | <p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. | detail extensive none |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , or mpls . | detail extensive none |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address. | detail extensive none |

Table 9: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| DLCI | <p>(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags, Total down time, Last down, and Traffic statistics. Flags is one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. • Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. • Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. • Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. • Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. • Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. | detail extensive none |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (CT1)

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-0/1/1
Physical interface: ct1-0/1/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 32, Generation: 28
  Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
  Loopback: None, Framing: ESF, Parent: None
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : None
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 4 supported
Last flapped   : 2005-08-17 11:47:09 PDT (1d 03:38 ago)
Statistics last cleared: 2005-08-18 15:25:37 PDT (00:00:27 ago)
DS1 alarms     : None
DS1 defects    : None
T1 media:
      Seconds    Count  State
      SEF        0       0  OK
      BEE        0       0  OK
      AIS        0       0  OK
      LOF        0       0  OK
      LOS        0       0  OK
      YELLOW     0       0  OK
      BPV        0       0
      EXZ        0       0
      LCV        0       0
      PCV        0       0
      CS         0       0
      LES        0
      ES         0
      SES        0
      SEFS       0
      BES        0

```

```

UAS                                0
Line encoding: B8ZS
Buildout       : 0 to 132 feet
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0 (0x00)

```

show interfaces extensive (T1)

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive t1-0/2/0
Physical interface: t1-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 161, SNMP ifIndex: 33, Generation: 61
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Speed: T1, Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Parent: ct1-0/2/0 Interface index 148
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timeout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Hold-times   : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues   : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2005-09-07 15:43:47 PDT (00:00:06 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes  : 0          0 bps
  Output bytes : 14         0 bps
  Input packets: 0          0 pps
  Output packets: 1         0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,
  L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
  MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
  0 best-effort      0          0          0
  1 expedited-fo     0          0          0
  2 assured-forw     0          0          0
  3 network-cont     1          1          0
DS1 alarms   : None

```



```

DS1  defects  : None
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 2
  Timeslots      : All active
  Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag:
  flags, Start end flag: shared
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

```

show interfaces extensive (DS0)

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-0/1/0:0
Physical interface: ds-0/1/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 157, SNMP ifIndex: 52, Generation: 46
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal,
  Speed: 640kbps, Loopback: None, FCS:16,
  Parent: ct1-0/1/0 Interface index 143
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 8 (last seen 00:00:12 ago)
  Output: 8 (last sent 00:00:07 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Not-configured
CoS queues   : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2005-08-18 15:23:46 PDT (00:03:17 ago)
Statistics last cleared: 2005-08-18 15:25:37 PDT (00:01:26 ago)
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes  : 840 0 bps
  Output bytes : 912 0 bps
  Input packets: 25 0 pps
  Output packets: 26 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,

```

```

    L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
    MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Queue counters:
    Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
    0 best-effort      0                0                0
    1 expedited-fo     0                0                0
    2 assured-forw     0                0                0
    3 network-cont     26               26               0
  HDLC configuration:
    Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 2
    Timeslots       : 1-10
    Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
    Start end flag: shared
  DSO BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
  Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
    Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)
  Logical interface ds-0/1/0:1.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 53) (Generation 11)
    Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
    Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 26, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 11.11.11.0/30, Local: 11.11.11.2, Broadcast: 11.11.11.3,
      Generation: 39
  DLCI 100
    Flags: Active, Dce-configured
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes : 0
      Output bytes : 0
      Input packets: 0
      Output packets: 0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI :2 Inactive DLCI : 0
  ...

```

show interfaces (Channelized T3 IQ)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces (ct3-fpc/pic/port type-fpc/pic/port<:channel><:channel>) <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized T3 IQ interface. |
| Options | <p>type-fpc/pic/port:channel—Interface type. With optional corresponding channel levels, the interface type can be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • type-fpc/pic/port—For the physical channelized T3 IQ interface, type is ct3. • type-fpc/pic/port:channel—For the clear channel, type is t3. At the first level of channelization, type can be ct1 or t1. • type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel—At the second level of channelization, type is ds. <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces extensive (Channelized T3 IQ) (Physical) on page 166</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Channelized T1 on Channelized T3 IQ) on page 166</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (DSO on Channelized T3 IQ) on page 166</p> |
| Output Fields | See the output field table for the show interfaces (Channelized T1 IQ) command. |

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (Channelized T3 IQ) (Physical)

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive ct3-0/0/1
Physical interface: ct3-0/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 30, SNMP ifIndex: 317, Generation: 29
  Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity, Parent: None
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : None
...
```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized T1 on Channelized T3 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-0/0/1:2
Physical interface: ct1-0/0/1:2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 175, SNMP ifIndex: 1505, Generation: 174
  Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF, Parent: ct3-0/0/1 (Index 32)
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : None
...
```

show interfaces extensive (DSO on Channelized T3 IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-0/0/1:2:1
Physical interface: ds-0/0/1:2:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 176, SNMP ifIndex: 1563, Generation: 175
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-0/0/1:2(Index 175)
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives
...
```

show interfaces (Fast Ethernet)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | Display status information about the specified Fast Ethernet interface. |
| Options | <p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>fe-fpc/pic/port</i>. On the J Series routers, the interface type is <i>fe-pim/O/port</i>.</p> <p><i>brief detail extensive terse</i>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><i>descriptions</i>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><i>media</i>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><i>snmp-index snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><i>statistics</i>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces (Fast Ethernet) on page 180</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Fast Ethernet) on page 181</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Fast Ethernet) on page 181</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Fast Ethernet) on page 181</p> |
| Output Fields | <p>Table 10 on page 167 lists the output fields for the show interfaces Fast Ethernet command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p> |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Link-mode | Type of link connection configured for the physical interface: Full-duplex or Half-duplex | extensive |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Loopback status: Enabled or Disabled . If loopback is enabled, type of loopback: Local or Remote . | All levels |
| Source filtering | Source filtering status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| LAN-PHY mode | 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Local Area Network Physical Layer Device (LAN PHY) mode. LAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use existing Ethernet applications. | All levels |
| WAN-PHY mode | 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Wide Area Network Physical Layer Device (WAN PHY) mode. WAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use fiber-optic cables and other devices intended for SONET/SDH. | All levels |
| Unidirectional | Unidirectional link mode status for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface: Enabled or Disabled for parent interface; Rx-only or Tx-only for child interfaces. | All levels |
| Flow control | Flow control status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| Auto-negotiation | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Autonegotiation status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| Remote-fault | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Remote fault status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online—Autonegotiation is manually configured as online. • Offline—Autonegotiation is manually configured as offline. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the "Device Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the "Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the "Links Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Wavelength | (10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing [DWDM] interfaces) Displays the configured wavelength, in nanometers (nm). | All levels |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Frequency | (10-Gigabit Ethernet DWDM interfaces only) Displays the frequency associated with the configured wavelength, in terahertz (THz). | All levels |
| CoS queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Schedulers | (GigabitEthernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces only) Number of CoS schedulers configured. | extensive |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Current address | Configured MAC address. | detail extensive none |
| Hardware address | Hardware MAC address. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| Input Rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). | None specified |
| Output Rate | Output rate in bps and pps. | None specified |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. <p>Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs count the overhead and CRC bytes.</p> <p>For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the input byte counts vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command.</p> | detail extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------|--|------------------|
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L3 incomplete errors can be ignored by configuring the ignore-l3-incompletes statement. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Collisions—Number of Ethernet collisions. The Gigabit Ethernet PIC supports only full-duplex operation, so for Gigabit Ethernet PICs, this number should always remain 0. If it is nonzero, there is a software bug. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the send direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Egress queues | Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface. | detail extensive |
| Queue counters (Egress) | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | detail extensive |
| Ingress queues | Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces. | extensive |
| Queue counters (Ingress) | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Active alarms and Active defects | <p>Ethernet-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the routing device configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the routing device, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. These fields can contain the value None or Link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None—There are no active defects or alarms. • Link—Interface has lost its link state, which usually means that the cable is unplugged, the far-end system has been turned off, or the PIC is malfunctioning. | detail extensive none |
| OTN FEC statistics | <p>The forward error correction (FEC) counters provide the following statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corrected Errors—The count of corrected errors in the last second. • Corrected Error Ratio—The corrected error ratio in the last 25 seconds. For example, 1e-7 is 1 error per 10 million bits. | |
| PCS statistics | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Displays Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) fault conditions from the WAN PHY or the LAN PHY device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bit errors—High bit error rate. Indicates the number of bit errors when the PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. • Errored blocks—Loss of block lock. The number of errored blocks when PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. | detail extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| MAC statistics | <p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC subsystem, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total octets and total packets—Total number of octets and packets. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the received octets count varies by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command. • Unicast packets, Broadcast packets, and Multicast packets—Number of unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets. • CRC/Align errors—Total number of packets received that had a length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) of between 64 and 1518 octets, inclusive, and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a nonintegral number of octets (Alignment Error). • FIFO error—Number of FIFO errors that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC or a cable is probably malfunctioning. • MAC control frames—Number of MAC control frames. • MAC pause frames—Number of MAC control frames with pause operational code. • Oversized frames—Number of frames that exceed 1518 octets. • Jabber frames—Number of frames that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition in which any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is from 20 ms to 150 ms. • Fragment frames—Total number of packets that were less than 64 octets in length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. Fragment frames normally increment because both runts (which are normal occurrences caused by collisions) and noise hits are counted. • VLAN tagged frames—Number of frames that are VLAN tagged. The system uses the TPID of 0x8100 in the frame to determine whether a frame is tagged or not. • Code violations—Number of times an event caused the PHY to indicate "Data reception error" or "invalid data symbol error." | extensive |
| OTN Received Overhead Bytes | APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58 Payload Type: 0x08 | extensive |
| OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes | APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00 Payload Type: 0x08 | extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|--|------------------|
| Filter statistics | <p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC address filter subsystem. The filtering is done by the content-addressable memory (CAM) on the PIC. The filter examines a packet's source and destination MAC addresses to determine whether the packet should enter the system or be rejected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input packet count—Number of packets received from the MAC hardware that the filter processed. • Input packet rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because of either the source MAC address or the destination MAC address. • Input DA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the destination MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. It is normal for this value to increment. When it increments very quickly and no traffic is entering the routing device from the far-end system, either there is a bad ARP entry on the far-end system, or multicast routing is not on and the far-end system is sending many multicast packets to the local routing device (which the routing device is rejecting). • Input SA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the source MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. The value in this field should increment only if source MAC address filtering has been enabled. If filtering is enabled, if the value increments quickly, and if the system is not receiving traffic that it should from the far-end system, it means that the user-configured source MAC addresses for this interface are incorrect. • Output packet count—Number of packets that the filter has given to the MAC hardware. • Output packet pad count—Number of packets the filter padded to the minimum Ethernet size (60 bytes) before giving the packet to the MAC hardware. Usually, padding is done only on small ARP packets, but some very small IP packets can also require padding. If this value increments rapidly, either the system is trying to find an ARP entry for a far-end system that does not exist or it is misconfigured. • Output packet error count—Number of packets with an indicated error that the filter was given to transmit. These packets are usually aged packets or are the result of a bandwidth problem on the FPC hardware. On a normal system, the value of this field should not increment. • CAM destination filters, CAM source filters—Number of entries in the CAM dedicated to destination and source MAC address filters. There can only be up to 64 source entries. If source filtering is disabled, which is the default, the values for these fields should be 0. | extensive |
| PMA PHY | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PHY Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------|---|------------------|
| WIS section | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • SEF—Severely errored framing • LOL—Loss of light • LOF—Loss of frame • ES-S—Errored seconds (section) • SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) • SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) | extensive |
| WIS line | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead • REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) • RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) • AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) • SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) • UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) • ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) • SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) • UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) | extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-----------------|--|------------------|
| WIS path | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • REI-P—Remote error indication • LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) • AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal • RDI-P—Path remote defect indication • UNEQ-P—Path unequipped • PLM-P—Path payload (signal) label mismatch • ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) • UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) • UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) | extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|-----------------|
| Autonegotiation information | <p>Information about link autonegotiation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Negotiation status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incomplete—Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured. • No autonegotiation—Remote Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured, or does not perform autonegotiation. • Complete—Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. • Link partner status—OK when Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. • Link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Link mode—Depending on the capability of the attached Ethernet device, either Full-duplex or Half-duplex. • Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Fast Ethernet interfaces, the type is None. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). • Remote fault—Remote fault information from the link partner—Failure indicates a receive link error. OK indicates that the link partner is receiving. Negotiation error indicates a negotiation error. Offline indicates that the link partner is going offline. • Local resolution—Information from the link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). • Remote fault—Remote fault information. Link OK (no error detected on receive), Offline (local interface is offline), and Link Failure (link error detected on receive). | extensive |
| Received path trace, Transmitted path trace | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other routing device manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the routing device at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this routing device transmits.</p> | extensive |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. | extensive |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| CoS information | Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP interface index number for the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| VLAN-Tag | Rewrite profile applied to incoming or outgoing frames on the outer (Out) VLAN tag or for both the outer and inner (In) VLAN tags. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. • pop—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed. • swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is overwritten with the user specified VLAN tag information. • push-pop—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag, and then removed. • push-push—Two VLAN tags are pushed in from the incoming frame. • swap-push—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by a user-specified VLAN tag value. A user-specified outer VLAN tag is pushed in front. The outer tag becomes an inner tag in the final frame. • swap-swap—Both the inner and the outer VLAN tags of the incoming frame are replaced by the user specified VLAN tag value. • pop-swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed, and the inner VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by the user-specified VLAN tag value. The inner tag becomes the outer tag in the final frame. • pop-pop—Both the outer and inner VLAN tags of the incoming frame are removed. | brief detail extensive none |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Demux: | IP demultiplexing (demux) value that appears if this interface is used as the demux underlying interface. The output is one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Source Family Inet Destination Family Inet | detail extensive none |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Protocol | Protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Maximum labels | Maximum number of MPLS labels configured for the MPLS protocol family on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Traffic statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. | detail extensive |
| IPv6 transit statistics | Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. | extensive |
| Local statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets destined to the routing device. | extensive |
| Transit statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets transiting the switch. <p>NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the Output bytes and Output packets interface counters. However, correct values display for both of these egress statistics when per-unit scheduling is enabled for the Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 physical interface, or when a single logical interface is actively using a shared scheduler.</p> | extensive |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route Table | Route table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0. | detail extensive none |
| Flags | Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive |
| Donor interface | (Unnumbered Ethernet) Interface from which an unnumbered Ethernet interface borrows an IPv4 address. | detail extensive none |

Table 10: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Preferred source address | (Unnumbered Ethernet) Secondary IPv4 address of the donor loopback interface that acts as the preferred source address for the unnumbered Ethernet interface. | detail extensive none |
| Input Filters | Names of any input filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces. | detail extensive |
| Output Filters | Names of any output filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces. | detail extensive |
| Mac-Validate Failures | Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| <i>protocol-family</i> | Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the IP address of the interface is also displayed. | brief |
| Flags | Information about address flag (possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i>). | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Sample Output

show interfaces (Fast Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0
Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:00, Hardware address: 00:05:85:02:38:00
  Last flapped   : 2006-01-20 14:50:58 PST (2w4d 00:44 ago)
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Active alarms  : None
  Active defects : None
  Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 198)
    Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2

```

```

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.10.10/24, Local: 10.10.10.1, Broadcast: 10.10.10.255

```

show interfaces brief (Fast Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 brief
Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
inet 10.10.10.1/24

```

show interfaces detail (Fast Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 detail
Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22, Generation: 5391
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:00, Hardware address: 00:05:85:02:38:00
Last flapped : 2006-01-20 14:50:58 PST (2w4d 00:45 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 42 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 1 0 pps
Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 198) (Generation 67)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 105, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary, Mac-Validate-Strict
Mac-Validate Failures: Packets: 0, Bytes: 0
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.10.10/24, Local: 10.10.10.1, Broadcast: 10.10.10.255,
Generation: 136

```

show interfaces extensive (Fast Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22, Generation: 5391
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Link-mode: Full-duplex, Speed:
100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:00, Hardware address: 00:05:85:02:38:00
Last flapped : 2006-01-20 14:50:58 PST (2w4d 00:46 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never

```

```

Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :         42          0 bps
Input packets:         0          0 pps
Output packets:        1          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,

  FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
MAC statistics:
Total octets          Receive          Transmit
Total packets         0              1
Unicast packets       0              0
Broadcast packets     0              1
Multicast packets     0              0
CRC/Align errors      0              0
FIFO errors           0              0
MAC control frames    0              0
MAC pause frames      0              0
Oversized frames      0
Jabber frames         0
Fragment frames       0
VLAN tagged frames    0
Code violations        0
Filter statistics:
Input packet count    0
Input packet rejects  0
Input DA rejects      0
Input SA rejects      0
Output packet count   1
Output packet pad count 0
Output packet error count 0
CAM destination filters: 1, CAM source filters: 0
Autonegotiation information:
Negotiation status: Complete
Link partner:
  Link partner: Full-duplex, Flow control: None, Remote fault: Ok
Local resolution:
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 0
CoS information:
      Bandwidth          Buffer Priority  Limit
      %                bps  %          usec
0 best-effort          95    950000000  95         0    low  none
3 network-control      5     50000000   5         0    low  none
Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 198) (Generation 67)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 105, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.10.10/24, Local: 10.10.10.1, Broadcast: 10.10.10.255,
  Generation: 136

```

show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces <i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i> <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series, T Series, and MX Series routers and EX Series switches only) Display status information about the specified Gigabit Ethernet interface. |
| Options | <p><i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified Gigabit Ethernet interface.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Additional Information | In a logical system, this command displays information only about the logical interfaces and not about the physical interfaces. |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verifying and Managing Agent Circuit Identifier-Based Dynamic VLAN Configuration |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 198</p> <p>show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet on MX Series Routers) on page 198</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Gigabit Ethernet on MX Series Routers showing interface transmit statistics configuration) on page 199</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 199</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 200</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Gigabit Ethernet IQ2) on page 201</p> <p>show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet Unnumbered Interface) on page 204</p> <p>show interfaces (ACI Interface Set Configured) on page 204</p> |
| Output Fields | <p>Table 11 on page 184 describes the output fields for the show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ and IQE PICs, the traffic and MAC statistics vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 12 on page 197.</p> |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Loopback status: Enabled or Disabled . If loopback is enabled, type of loopback: Local or Remote . | All levels |
| Source filtering | Source filtering status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| LAN-PHY mode | 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Local Area Network Physical Layer Device (LAN PHY) mode. LAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use existing Ethernet applications. | All levels |
| WAN-PHY mode | 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Wide Area Network Physical Layer Device (WAN PHY) mode. WAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use fiber-optic cables and other devices intended for SONET/SDH. | All levels |
| Unidirectional | Unidirectional link mode status for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface: Enabled or Disabled for parent interface; Rx-only or Tx-only for child interfaces. | All levels |
| Flow control | Flow control status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| Auto-negotiation | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Autonegotiation status: Enabled or Disabled . | All levels |
| Remote-fault | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Remote fault status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Online—Autonegotiation is manually configured as online. Offline—Autonegotiation is manually configured as offline. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Links Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Wavelength | (10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing [DWDM] interfaces) Displays the configured wavelength, in nanometers (nm). | All levels |
| Frequency | (10-Gigabit Ethernet DWDM interfaces only) Displays the frequency associated with the configured wavelength, in terahertz (THz). | All levels |
| CoS queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Schedulers | (Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 [IQ2] interfaces only) Number of CoS schedulers configured. | extensive |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds (ms). | detail extensive |
| Current address | Configured MAC address. | detail extensive none |
| Hardware address | Hardware MAC address. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| Input Rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for ingress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. | None |
| Output Rate | Output rate in bps and pps. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for egress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. | None |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Egress account overhead | Layer 2 overhead in bytes that is accounted in the interface statistics for egress traffic. | detail extensive |
| Ingress account overhead | Layer 2 overhead in bytes that is accounted in the interface statistics for ingress traffic. | detail extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for ingress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for egress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. <p>Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs count the overhead and CRC bytes.</p> <p>For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the input byte counts vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command.</p> | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L3 incomplete errors can be ignored by configuring the ignore-l3-incompletes statement. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. <p>NOTE: Due to accounting space limitations on certain Type 3 FPCs (which are supported in M320 and T640 routers), the Drops field does not always use the correct value for queue 6 or queue 7 for interfaces on 10-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet PICs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collisions—Number of Ethernet collisions. The Gigabit Ethernet PIC supports only full-duplex operation, so for Gigabit Ethernet PICs, this number should always remain 0. If it is nonzero, there is a software bug. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the send direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Egress queues | Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface. | detail extensive |
| Queue counters (Egress) | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. <p>NOTE: Due to accounting space limitations on certain Type 3 FPCs (which are supported in M320 and T640 routers), the Dropped packets field does not always display the correct value for queue 6 or queue 7 for interfaces on 10-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet PICs.</p> | detail extensive |
| Ingress queues | Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces. | extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Queue counters (Ingress) | CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | extensive |
| Active alarms and Active defects | Ethernet-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. These fields can contain the value None or Link . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None—There are no active defects or alarms. • Link—Interface has lost its link state, which usually means that the cable is unplugged, the far-end system has been turned off, or the PIC is malfunctioning. | detail extensive none |
| Interface transmit statistics | (On MX Series devices) Status of the interface-transmit-statistics configuration: Enabled or Disabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enabled—When the interface-transmit-statistics statement is included in the configuration. If this is configured, the interface statistics show the actual transmitted load on the interface. • Disabled—When the interface-transmit-statistics statement is not included in the configuration. If this is not configured, the interface statistics show the offered load on the interface. | detail extensive |
| OTN FEC statistics | The forward error correction (FEC) counters provide the following statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corrected Errors—The count of corrected errors in the last second. • Corrected Error Ratio—The corrected error ratio in the last 25 seconds. For example, 1e-7 is 1 error per 10 million bits. | detail extensive |
| PCS statistics | (10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Displays Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) fault conditions from the WAN PHY or the LAN PHY device. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bit errors—High bit error rate. Indicates the number of bit errors when the PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. • Errored blocks—Loss of block lock. The number of errored blocks when the PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. | detail extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| MAC statistics | <p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC subsystem, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total octets and total packets—Total number of octets and packets. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the received octets count varies by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command. • Unicast packets, Broadcast packets, and Multicast packets—Number of unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets. • CRC/Align errors—Total number of packets received that had a length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) of between 64 and 1518 octets, inclusive, and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a nonintegral number of octets (Alignment Error). • FIFO error—Number of FIFO errors that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC or a cable is probably malfunctioning. • MAC control frames—Number of MAC control frames. • MAC pause frames—Number of MAC control frames with pause operational code. • Oversized frames—There are two possible conditions regarding the number of oversized frames: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Packet length exceeds 1518 octets, or • Packet length exceeds MRU • Jabber frames—Number of frames that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition in which any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is from 20 ms to 150 ms. • Fragment frames—Total number of packets that were less than 64 octets in length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. Fragment frames normally increment because both runts (which are normal occurrences caused by collisions) and noise hits are counted. • VLAN tagged frames—Number of frames that are VLAN tagged. The system uses the TPID of 0x8100 in the frame to determine whether a frame is tagged or not. <p>NOTE: The 20-port Gigabit Ethernet MIC (MIC-3D-20GE-SFP) does not have hardware counters for VLAN frames. Therefore, the VLAN tagged frames field displays 0 when the show interfaces command is executed on a 20-port Gigabit Ethernet MIC. In other words, the number of VLAN tagged frames cannot be determined for the 20-port Gigabit Ethernet MIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Code violations—Number of times an event caused the PHY to indicate "Data reception error" or "invalid data symbol error." | extensive |
| OTN Received Overhead Bytes | APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58 Payload Type: 0x08 | extensive |
| OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes | APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00 Payload Type: 0x08 | extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|--|------------------|
| Filter statistics | <p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC address filter subsystem. The filtering is done by the content-addressable memory (CAM) on the PIC. The filter examines a packet's source and destination MAC addresses to determine whether the packet should enter the system or be rejected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input packet count—Number of packets received from the MAC hardware that the filter processed. • Input packet rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because of either the source MAC address or the destination MAC address. • Input DA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the destination MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. It is normal for this value to increment. When it increments very quickly and no traffic is entering the router from the far-end system, either there is a bad ARP entry on the far-end system, or multicast routing is not on and the far-end system is sending many multicast packets to the local router (which the router is rejecting). • Input SA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the source MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. The value in this field should increment only if source MAC address filtering has been enabled. If filtering is enabled, if the value increments quickly, and if the system is not receiving traffic that it should from the far-end system, it means that the user-configured source MAC addresses for this interface are incorrect. • Output packet count—Number of packets that the filter has given to the MAC hardware. • Output packet pad count—Number of packets the filter padded to the minimum Ethernet size (60 bytes) before giving the packet to the MAC hardware. Usually, padding is done only on small ARP packets, but some very small IP packets can also require padding. If this value increments rapidly, either the system is trying to find an ARP entry for a far-end system that does not exist or it is misconfigured. • Output packet error count—Number of packets with an indicated error that the filter was given to transmit. These packets are usually aged packets or are the result of a bandwidth problem on the FPC hardware. On a normal system, the value of this field should not increment. • CAM destination filters, CAM source filters—Number of entries in the CAM dedicated to destination and source MAC address filters. There can only be up to 64 source entries. If source filtering is disabled, which is the default, the values for these fields should be 0. | extensive |
| PMA PHY | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PHY Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------|---|------------------|
| WIS section | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • SEF—Severely errored framing • LOL—Loss of light • LOF—Loss of frame • ES-S—Errored seconds (section) • SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) • SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) | extensive |
| WIS line | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead • REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) • RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) • AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) • SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) • UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) • ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) • SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) • UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) | extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-----------------|--|------------------|
| WIS path | <p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • REI-P—Remote error indication • LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) • AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal • RDI-P—Path remote defect indication • UNEQ-P—Path unequipped • PLM-P—Path payload (signal) label mismatch • ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) • UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) • UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) | extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|-----------------|
| Autonegotiation information | <p>Information about link autonegotiation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Negotiation status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incomplete—Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured. • No autonegotiation—Remote Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured, or does not perform autonegotiation. • Complete—Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. • Link partner status—OK when Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. • Link partner—Information from the remote Ethernet device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Link mode—Depending on the capability of the link partner, either Full-duplex or Half-duplex. • Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the link partner. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE on transmit), and None (link partner does not support flow control). • Remote fault—Remote fault information from the link partner—Failure indicates a receive link error. OK indicates that the link partner is receiving. Negotiation error indicates a negotiation error. Offline indicates that the link partner is going offline. • Local resolution—Information from the local Ethernet device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the local device. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, advertised capabilities are Symmetric/Asymmetric (local device supports PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE on receive) and None (local device does not support flow control). Depending on the result of the negotiation with the link partner, local resolution flow control type will display Symmetric (local device supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (local device supports PAUSE on receive), and None (local device does not support flow control). • Remote fault—Remote fault information. Link OK (no error detected on receive), Offline (local interface is offline), and Link Failure (link error detected on receive). | extensive |
| Received path trace, Transmitted path trace | (10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits. | extensive |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. | extensive |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| CoS information | <p>Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP interface index number for the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the "Logical Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| VLAN-Tag | <p>Rewrite profile applied to incoming or outgoing frames on the outer (Out) VLAN tag or for both the outer and inner (In) VLAN tags.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. • pop—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed. • swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is overwritten with the user-specified VLAN tag information. • push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. • push-push—Two VLAN tags are pushed in from the incoming frame. • swap-push—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by a user-specified VLAN tag value. A user-specified outer VLAN tag is pushed in front. The outer tag becomes an inner tag in the final frame. • swap-swap—Both the inner and the outer VLAN tags of the incoming frame are replaced by the user-specified VLAN tag value. • pop-swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed, and the inner VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by the user-specified VLAN tag value. The inner tag becomes the outer tag in the final frame. • pop-pop—Both the outer and inner VLAN tags of the incoming frame are removed. | brief detail extensive none |
| Demux | <p>IP demultiplexing (demux) value that appears if this interface is used as the demux underlying interface. The output is one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source Family Inet • Destination Family Inet | detail extensive none |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| ACI VLAN: Dynamic Profile | Name of the dynamic profile that defines the agent circuit identifier (ACI) interface set. If configured, the ACI interface set enables the underlying Ethernet interface to create dynamic VLAN subscriber interfaces based on ACI information. | brief detail extensive none |
| Protocol | Protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Dynamic Profile | (MX Series routers with Trio MPCs only) Name of the dynamic profile that was used to create this interface configured with a Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) family. | detail extensive none |
| Service Name Table | (MX Series routers with Trio MPCs only) Name of the service name table for the interface configured with a PPPoE family. | detail extensive none |
| Max Sessions | (MX Series routers with Trio MPCs only) Maximum number of PPPoE logical interfaces that can be activated on the underlying interface. | detail extensive none |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Duplicate Protection | (MX Series routers with Trio MPCs only) State of PPPoE duplicate protection: On or Off . When duplicate protection is configured for the underlying interface, a dynamic PPPoE logical interface cannot be activated when an existing active logical interface is present for the same PPPoE client. | detail extensive none |
| Direct Connect | State of the configuration to ignore DSL Forum VSAs: On or Off . When configured, the router ignores any of these VSAs received from a directly connected CPE device on the interface. | detail extensive none |
| AC Name | Name of the access concentrator. | detail extensive none |
| Maximum labels | Maximum number of MPLS labels configured for the MPLS protocol family on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set. The value in this field also includes the Layer 2 overhead bytes for ingress or egress traffic on Ethernet interfaces if you enable accounting of Layer 2 overhead at the PIC level or the logical interface level. Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. | detail extensive |
| IPv6 transit statistics | Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. | extensive |
| Local statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets destined to the router. | extensive |
| Transit statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets transiting the switch.</p> <p>NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the Output bytes and Output packets interface counters. However, correct values display for both of these egress statistics when per-unit scheduling is enabled for the Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 physical interface, or when a single logical interface is actively using a shared scheduler.</p> | extensive |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route Table | Route table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0. | detail extensive none |
| Flags | Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive |
| Donor interface | (Unnumbered Ethernet) Interface from which an unnumbered Ethernet interface borrows an IPv4 address. | detail extensive none |

Table 11: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Preferred source address | (Unnumbered Ethernet) Secondary IPv4 address of the donor loopback interface that acts as the preferred source address for the unnumbered Ethernet interface. | detail extensive none |
| Input Filters | Names of any input filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parentheses next to all interfaces. | detail extensive |
| Output Filters | Names of any output filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parentheses next to all interfaces. | detail extensive |
| Mac-Validate Failures | Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| <i>protocol-family</i> | Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the IP address of the interface is also displayed. | brief |
| Flags | Information about the address flag. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Table 12: Gigabit Ethernet IQ PIC Traffic and MAC Statistics by Interface Type

| Interface Type | Sample Command | Byte and Octet Counts Include | Comments |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|
| Inbound physical interface | show interfaces ge-0/3/0 extensive | <p>Traffic statistics:</p> <p>Input bytes: 496 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet</p> <p>MAC statistics:</p> <p>Received octets: 500 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet + 4 bytes</p> | The additional 4 bytes are for the CRC. |
| Inbound logical interface | show interfaces ge-0/3/0.50 extensive | <p>Traffic statistics:</p> <p>Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet</p> | |

Table 12: Gigabit Ethernet IQ PIC Traffic and MAC Statistics by Interface Type (*continued*)

| Interface Type | Sample Command | Byte and Octet Counts Include | Comments |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Outbound physical interface | show interfaces ge-0/0/0 extensive | <p>Traffic statistics:</p> <p>Input bytes: 490 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet + 12 bytes</p> <p>MAC statistics:</p> <p>Received octets: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet</p> | For input bytes, the additional 12 bytes include 6 bytes for the destination MAC address plus 4 bytes for VLAN plus 2 bytes for the Ethernet type. |
| Outbound logical interface | show interfaces ge-0/0/0.50 extensive | <p>Traffic statistics:</p> <p>Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet</p> | |

Sample Output

show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-3/0/2
Physical interface: ge-3/0/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 167, SNMP ifIndex: 35
  Link-level type: 52, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled
  Remote fault: Online
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Current address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c, Hardware address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c
  Last flapped   : 2006-08-10 17:25:10 PDT (00:01:08 ago)
  Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Ingress rate at Packet Forwarding Engine : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Ingress drop rate at Packet Forwarding Engine : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Active alarms   : None
  Active defects  : None

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 69)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.512 0x8100.513 ] In(pop-swap 0x8100.530) Out(swap-push
  0x8100.512 0x8100.513)
  Encapsulation: VLAN-CCC
  Egress account overhead: 100
  Ingress account overhead: 90
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol ccc, MTU: 1522
  Flags: Is-Primary

```

show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet on MX Series Routers)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-2/2/2
Physical interface: ge-2/2/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 156, SNMP ifIndex: 188
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, MAC-REWRITE Error: None,
  Loopback: Disabled,

```

```

Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
Remote fault: Online
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : None
CoS queues    : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Schedulers    : 0
Current address: 00:1f:12:b7:d7:c0, Hardware address: 00:1f:12:b7:d6:76
Last flapped  : 2008-09-05 16:44:30 PDT (3d 01:04 ago)
Input rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)
Active alarms  : None
Active defects : None
Logical interface ge-2/2/2.0 (Index 82) (SNMP ifIndex 219)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x20000000 Encapsulation: Ethernet-Bridge
  Egress account overhead: 100
  Ingress account overhead: 90
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol aenet, AE bundle: ae0.0    Link Index: 4

```

show interfaces extensive (Gigabit Ethernet on MX Series Routers showing interface transmit statistics configuration)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-2/1/2 extensive | match "output|interface"
Physical interface: ge-2/1/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 151, SNMP ifIndex: 530, Generation: 154
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Output bytes   :      240614363944      772721536 bps
Output packets :      3538446506      1420444 pps
Direction : Output
Interface transmit statistics: Enabled

Logical interface ge-2/1/2.0 (Index 331) (SNMP ifIndex 955) (Generation 146)
Output bytes   :      195560312716      522726272 bps
Output packets :      4251311146      1420451 pps

```

show interfaces brief (Gigabit Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-3/0/2 brief
Physical interface: ge-3/0/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: 52, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
Remote fault: Online
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : None

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.0
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.512 0x8100.513 ] In(pop-swap 0x8100.530) Out(swap-push
0x8100.512 0x8100.513)
  Encapsulation: VLAN-CCC
  ccc

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.32767
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x0000.0 ] Encapsulation: ENET2

```

show interfaces detail (Gigabit Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-3/0/2 detail
Physical interface: ge-3/0/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 167, SNMP ifIndex: 35, Generation: 177
  Link-level type: 52, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
  Remote fault: Online
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c, Hardware address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c
  Last flapped  : 2006-08-09 17:17:00 PDT (01:31:33 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes  :                0                0 bps
    Output bytes :                0                0 bps
    Input packets:                0                0 pps
    Output packets:              0                0 pps
  Ingress traffic statistics at Packet Forwarding Engine:
    Input bytes  :                0                0 bps
    Input packets:                0                0 pps
    Drop bytes   :                0                0 bps
    Drop packets:                0                0 pps
  Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:

```

| | Queued packets | Transmitted packets | Dropped packets |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 0 best-effort | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 assured-forw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 0 | 0 | 0 |

```

  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:

```

| | Queued packets | Transmitted packets | Dropped packets |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 0 best-effort | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 assured-forw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 0 | 0 | 0 |

```

  Active alarms : None
  Active defects : None

  Logical interface ge-3/0/2.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 69) (Generation 140)
    Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000
    VLAN-Tag [0x8100.512 0x8100.513 ] In(pop-swap 0x8100.530)
  Out(swap-push 0x8100.512 0x8100.513)
    Encapsulation: VLAN-CCC
    Egress account overhead: 100
    Ingress account overhead: 90
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes  :                0
      Output bytes :                0

```

```

Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :           0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :           0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol ccc, MTU: 1522, Generation: 149, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary

```

```

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.32767 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 70)
(Generation 139)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x0000.0 ] Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :           0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :           0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :           0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps

```

show interfaces extensive (Gigabit Ethernet IQ2)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-7/1/3 extensive
Physical interface: ge-7/1/3, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 170, SNMP ifIndex: 70, Generation: 171
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
Remote fault: Online
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4004000
Link flags : None
CoS queues : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Schedulers : 256
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:14:f6:30:5e:74, Hardware address: 00:14:f6:30:5e:74
Last flapped : 2007-11-07 21:31:41 PST (02:03:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          38910844056          7952 bps
Output bytes :           7174605          8464 bps
Input packets:         418398473           11 pps
Output packets:          78903           12 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :           0
Output bytes :           0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:          0

```

Ingress traffic statistics at Packet Forwarding Engine:

```

Input bytes :          38910799145          7952 bps
Input packets:         418397956           11 pps
Drop bytes :           0                  0 bps
Drop packets:          0                  0 pps

```

Input errors:

```

Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0,
L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0

```

Output errors:

```

Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,

```

```

FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0

```

```

Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use

```

| Queue counters: | Queued packets | Transmitted packets | Dropped packets |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 0 best-effort | 418390823 | 418390823 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 assured-forw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 7133 | 7133 | 0 |

```

Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use

```

| Queue counters: | Queued packets | Transmitted packets | Dropped packets |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 0 best-effort | 1031 | 1031 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 assured-forw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 77872 | 77872 | 0 |

```

Active alarms : None

```

```

Active defects : None

```

MAC statistics:

| | Receive | Transmit |
|--------------------|--------------|----------|
| Total octets | 38910844056 | 7174605 |
| Total packets | 418398473 | 78903 |
| Unicast packets | 408021893366 | 1026 |
| Broadcast packets | 10 | 12 |
| Multicast packets | 418398217 | 77865 |
| CRC/Align errors | 0 | 0 |
| FIFO errors | 0 | 0 |
| MAC control frames | 0 | 0 |
| MAC pause frames | 0 | 0 |
| Oversized frames | 0 | |
| Jabber frames | 0 | |
| Fragment frames | 0 | |
| VLAN tagged frames | 0 | |
| Code violations | 0 | |

OTN Received Overhead Bytes:
APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58
Payload Type: 0x08

```

OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes:

```

```

APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00
Payload Type: 0x08

```

Filter statistics:

```

Input packet count      418398473
Input packet rejects    479
Input DA rejects        479

```



```

Input SA rejects                                0
Output packet count                            78903
Output packet pad count                        0
Output packet error count                      0
CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0
Autonegotiation information:
Negotiation status: Complete
Link partner:
  Link mode: Full-duplex, Flow control: Symmetric/Asymmetric,
  Remote fault: OK
Local resolution:
  Flow control: Symmetric, Remote fault: Link OK
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 7
CoS information:
Direction : Output
CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority      Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort           95      950000000  95      0
low  none
3 network-control       5      500000000   5      0
low  none
Direction : Input
CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority      Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort           95      950000000  95      0
low  none
3 network-control       5      500000000   5      0
low  none

Logical interface ge-7/1/3.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 85) (Generation 150)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :      812400
Output bytes :    1349206
Input packets:    9429
Output packets:   9449
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:      0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :      812400
Output bytes :    1349206
Input packets:    9429
Output packets:   9449
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :      0      7440 bps
Output bytes :      0      7888 bps
Input packets:      0      10 pps
Output packets:      0      11 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:      0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 169, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary, Mac-Validate-Strict
Mac-Validate Failures: Packets: 0, Bytes: 0
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

```

```

Input Filters: F1-ge-3/0/1.0-in, F3-ge-3/0/1.0-in
Output Filters: F2-ge-3/0/1.0-out (53)
Destination: 10.74.2/24, Local: 10.74.2.2, Broadcast: 10.74.2.255,
Generation: 196
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 170, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary
Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

```

NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics displayed in the **show interfaces** command output might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the interface counters. For detailed information, see the description of the logical interface **Transit statistics** fields in [Table 11 on page 184](#).

show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet Unnumbered Interface)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-3/2/0
Physical interface: ge-3/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 148, SNMP ifIndex: 50
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
  Remote fault: Online
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Current address: 00:14:f6:11:26:f8, Hardware address: 00:14:f6:11:26:f8
  Last flapped   : 2006-10-27 04:42:23 PDT (08:01:52 ago)
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 624 bps (1 pps)
  Active alarms  : None
  Active defects : None

Logical interface ge-3/2/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 85)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 6
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: Unnumbered
  Donor interface: lo0.0 (Index 64)
  Preferred source address: 22.22.22.22

```

show interfaces (ACI Interface Set Configured)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-1/0/0.4001
Logical interface ge-1/0/0.4001 (Index 340) (SNMP ifIndex 548)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.4001 ] Encapsulation: PPP-over-

Ethernet
ACI VLAN:
  Dynamic Profile: aci-vlan-set-profile
PPPoE:
  Dynamic Profile: aci-vlan-pppoe-profile,
  Service Name Table: None,
  Max Sessions: 32000, Max Sessions VSA Ignore: Off,
  Duplicate Protection: On, Short Cycle Protection: Off,
  Direct Connect: Off,
  AC Name: nbc

```

Input packets : 9
Output packets: 8
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited

show interfaces (M Series, MX Series and T Series Routers, and PTX Series Packet Transport Routers Management and Internal Ethernet)

| | |
|---|--|
| Syntax (M Series, MX Series T Series, and PTX Series Routers Management Ethernet Interface) | <pre>show interfaces em0 fxp0 <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre> |
| Syntax (M Series, MX Series, T Series, and PTX Series Routers Internal Ethernet Interface) | <pre>show interfaces bcm0 em0 em1 fxp1 fxp2 ixgbe0 ixgbe1 <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | <p>Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Command introduced on PTX Series Packet Transport Routers for Junos OS Release 12.1.</p> |
| Description | (M Series, T Series, TX Matrix Plus, and PTX Series devices only) Display status information about the management Ethernet and internal Ethernet interfaces. |
| Options | <p>em0 fxp0—(M Series, MX Series, T Series, and PTX Series) Display standard information about the management Ethernet interface. For supported Ethernet interface by chassis and Routing Engine, see <i>Supported Routing Engines by Router</i>.</p> <p>bcm0 em0 em1 fxp1 fxp2 ixgbe0 ixgbe1—(M Series, MX Series, T Series, and PTX Series) Display standard information about the internal Ethernet interfaces. See <i>Supported Routing Engines by Router</i> for the internal Ethernet interface names for each Routing Engine by hardware platform.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet) on page 210</p> <p>show interfaces (Management Ethernet) on page 210</p> <p>show interfaces (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 211</p> <p>show interfaces (Management Ethernet [PTX Series Packet Transport Routers]) on page 211</p> |

[show interfaces detail \(Management Ethernet\) on page 211](#)
[show interfaces detail \(Management Ethernet \[TX Matrix Plus Router\]\) on page 212](#)
[show interfaces detail \(Management Ethernet \[PTX Packet Transport Routers\]\) on page 213](#)
[show interfaces extensive \(Management Ethernet\) on page 213](#)
[show interfaces extensive \(Management Ethernet \[TX Matrix Plus Router\]\) on page 214](#)
[show interfaces extensive \(Management Ethernet \[PTX Series Packet Transport Routers\]\) on page 215](#)
[show interfaces brief \(Management Ethernet\) on page 216](#)
[show interfaces brief \(Management Ethernet \[TX Matrix Plus Router\]\) on page 216](#)
[show interfaces brief \(Management Ethernet \[PTX Series Packet Transport Routers\]\) on page 216](#)
[show interfaces \(Internal Ethernet\) on page 216](#)
[show interfaces \(Internal Ethernet \[TX Matrix Plus Router\]\) on page 217](#)
[show interfaces detail \(Internal Ethernet\) on page 217](#)
[show interfaces detail \(Internal Ethernet \[TX Matrix Plus Router\]\) on page 218](#)
[show interfaces extensive \(internal Ethernet\) on page 219](#)
[show interfaces extensive \(internal Ethernet \[TX Matrix Plus Router\]\) on page 220](#)

Output Fields Table 13 on page 207 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces** (management) command on the M Series routers, T Series routers, TX Matrix Plus routers, and PTX Series Packet Transport Routers. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 13: M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Type | Type of interface. | All levels |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation type used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit (MTU)—Size of the largest packet to be transmitted. | All levels |
| Clocking | Reference clock source of the interface. | All levels |
| Speed | Network speed on the interface. | All levels |

Table 13: M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link type | Data transmission type. | detail extensive none |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive |
| Physical info | Information about the physical interface. | detail extensive |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Current address | Configured MAC address. | detail extensive none |
| Hardware address | Media access control (MAC) address of the interface. | detail extensive none |
| Alternate link address | Backup link address. | detail extensive |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| Input packets | Number of packets received on the physical interface. | None specified |
| Output packets | Number of packets transmitted on the physical interface. | None specified |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical and physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. • Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |

Table 13: M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Input errors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Input errors on the interface. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. • Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. • Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that Junos does not support. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Output errors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| inet | IP address of the logical interface. | brief |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface (such as iso or inet6). | detail extensive none |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Table 13: M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Route table | Route table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Sample Output

show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp0 brief
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

Logical interface fxp0.0
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  inet  192.168.70.143/21

```

show interfaces (Management Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp0
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 1, SNMP ifIndex: 1
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Half-Duplex
  Current address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89, Hardware address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89
  Last flapped   : Never
    Input packets : 80804
    Output packets: 1105

Logical interface fxp0.0 (Index 2) (SNMP ifIndex 13)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

```



```

Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.70.143,
Broadcast: 192.168.71.255

```

show interfaces (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router])

```

user@host> show interfaces em0
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 17
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Current address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0
  Last flapped   : Never
    Input packets : 1424
    Output packets: 5282

Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 18)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Input packets : 1424
  Output packets: 5282
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.178.0/25, Local: 192.168.178.11, Broadcast:
192.168.178.127

```

show interfaces (Management Ethernet [PTX Series Packet Transport Routers])

```

user@host> show interfaces em0
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 0
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Current address: 00:80:f9:25:00:1b, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:25:00:1b
  Last flapped   : Never
    Input packets : 212581
    Output packets: 71

Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 0)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Input packets : 212551
  Output packets: 71
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.3/24, Local: 192.168.3.30,
Broadcast: 192.168.3.255

```

show interfaces detail (Management Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp0 detail
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 1, SNMP ifIndex: 1, Generation: 0
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Half-Duplex
  Physical info   : Unspecified

```

```

Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89, Hardware address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped    : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          6484031
  Output bytes :          167503
  Input packets:          81008
  Output packets:         1110

Logical interface fxp0.0 (Index 2) (SNMP ifIndex 13) (Generation 1)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 6, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.70.143,
    Broadcast: 192.168.71.255, Generation: 1

```

show interfaces detail (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router])

```

user@host> show interfaces em0 detail
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 17, Generation: 2
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info  : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          124351
    Output bytes :         1353212
    Input packets:          1804
    Output packets:         5344
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes :            0
    Output bytes :            0
    Input packets:            0
    Output packets:            0

Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 18) (Generation 1)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          117135
    Output bytes :         1331647
    Input packets:          1804
    Output packets:         5344
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes :          117135
    Output bytes :         1331647
    Input packets:          1804
    Output packets:         5344
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 1, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

```

Destination: 192.168.178.0/25, Local: 192.168.178.11, Broadcast:
192.168.178.127, Generation: 1

show interfaces detail (Management Ethernet [PTX Packet Transport Routers])

```
user@host> show interfaces detail em0
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 0, Generation: 3
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,

  Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info  : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:80:f9:25:00:1b, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:25:00:1b
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          15255909
    Output bytes  :           4608
    Input packets :         214753
    Output packets:           72
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes   :           0
    Output bytes  :           0
    Input packets :           0
    Output packets:           0

  Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 0) (Generation 1)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :         14394630
    Output bytes  :           3024
    Input packets :         214723
    Output packets:           72
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes   :         14394630
    Output bytes  :           3024
    Input packets :         214723
    Output packets:           72
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 1, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.3/24, Local: 192.168.3.30,
    Broadcast: 192.168.3.255, Generation: 1
```

show interfaces extensive (Management Ethernet)

```
user@host> show interfaces fxp0 extensive
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 1, SNMP ifIndex: 1, Generation: 0
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Half-Duplex
  Physical info  : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
```

```

Current address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89, Hardware address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped   : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :          6678904
  Output bytes  :          169657
  Input packets :          83946
  Output packets:          1127
Input errors:
  Errors: 12, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0

Logical interface fxp0.0 (Index 2) (SNMP ifIndex 13) (Generation 1)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 6, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.70.143,
  Broadcast: 192.168.71.255, Generation: 1

```

show interfaces extensive (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router])

```
user@host> show interfaces em0 extensive
```

```

Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 17, Generation: 2
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info   : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          127120
    Output bytes  :          1357414
    Input packets :          1843
    Output packets:          5372
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes   :          0
    Output bytes  :          0
    Input packets :          0
    Output packets:          0
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
    0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
    0

Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 18) (Generation 1)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:

```

```

Input bytes :          119748
Output bytes :         1335719
Input packets:          1843
Output packets:         5372
Local statistics:
Input bytes :          119748
Output bytes :         1335719
Input packets:          1843
Output packets:         5372
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 1, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 192.168.178.0/25, Local: 192.168.178.11, Broadcast:
192.168.178.127, Generation: 1

```

show interfaces extensive (Management Ethernet [PTX Series Packet Transport Routers])

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive em0
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 0, Generation: 3
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,

  Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info  : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:80:f9:25:00:1b, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:25:00:1b
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          15236459
    Output bytes :           4608
    Input packets:         214482
    Output packets:           72
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes :           0
    Output bytes :           0
    Input packets:           0
    Output packets:           0
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0

  Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 0) (Generation 1)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :         14376264
    Output bytes :           3024
    Input packets:         214452
    Output packets:           72
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes :         14376264
    Output bytes :           3024
    Input packets:         214452
    Output packets:           72

```

```

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 1, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 192.168.3/24, Local: 192.168.3.30,
  Broadcast: 192.168.3.255, Generation: 1

```

show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp1 brief
Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

Logical interface fxp1.0
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  inet  10.0.0.4/8
  inet6 fe80::200:ff:fe00:4/64
        fec0::10:0:0:4/64
  tnp   4

```

show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router])

```

user@host> show interfaces em0 brief
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

Logical interface em0.0
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  inet  192.168.178.11/25

```

show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet [PTX Series Packet Transport Routers])

```

user@host> show interfaces em0 brief
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,

  Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

  Logical interface em0.0
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  inet  192.168.3.30/24

```

```

root@absolutely> show interfaces em0 terse
Interface      Admin Link Proto  Local      Remote
em0            up    up
em0.0          up    up  inet    192.168.3.30/24

```

show interfaces (Internal Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp1
Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 2
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

```

```

Link type      : Full-Duplex
Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:04
Last flapped   : Never
  Input packets : 30655
  Output packets: 33323

Logical interface fxp1.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 14)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.0.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255
  Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe00:4
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::10:0:0:4
  Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
    Addresses
      Local: 4

```

show interfaces (Internal Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router])

```

user@host> show interfaces ixgbe0
Physical interface: ixgbe0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 116
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Current address: 02:00:00:22:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:22:00:04
  Last flapped   : Never
    Input packets : 2301738
    Output packets: 3951155

Logical interface ixgbe0.0 (Index 4) (SNMP ifIndex 117)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Input packets : 2301595
  Output packets: 3951155
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.34.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255
    Addresses, Flags: Primary Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 128/2, Local: 162.0.0.4, Broadcast: 191.255.255.255
  Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::a:22:0:4
  Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
    Addresses
      Local: 0x22000004

```

show interfaces detail (Internal Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp1 detail

```

```

Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 2, Generation: 1
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info  : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:04
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          2339969
    Output bytes  :          15880707
    Input packets :           30758
    Output packets:           33443

Logical interface fxp1.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 14) (Generation 2)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 7, Route table: 1
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.0.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255,
      Generation: 3
  Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 8, Route table: 1
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe00:4,
      Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 5
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::10:0:0:4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
      Generation: 7
  Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 9, Route table: 1
    Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: None
      Destination: Unspecified, Local: 4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
      Generation: 8

```

show interfaces detail (Internal Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router])

```

user@host> show interfaces ixgbe0 detail
Physical interface: ixgbe0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 116, Generation: 3
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info  : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 02:00:00:22:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:22:00:04
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          238172825
    Output bytes  :          1338948955
    Input packets :          2360984
    Output packets:          4061512

```



```

IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0

Logical interface ixgbe0.0 (Index 4) (SNMP ifIndex 117) (Generation 2)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 228720309
    Output bytes : 1261387447
    Input packets: 2360841
    Output packets: 4061512
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 228720309
    Output bytes : 1261387447
    Input packets: 2360841
    Output packets: 4061512
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 2, Route table: 1
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.34.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255, Generation:
2
      Addresses, Flags: Primary Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
        Destination: 128/2, Local: 162.0.0.4, Broadcast: 191.255.255.255,
Generation: 3
    Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 3, Route table: 1
      Flags: Is-Primary
      Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
        Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
Generation: 4
      Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
        Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::a:22:0:4
    Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 5
    Generation: 4, Route table: 1
      Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
      Addresses, Flags: None
        Destination: Unspecified, Local: 0x22000004, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 6

```

show interfaces extensive (internal Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp1 extensive
Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 2, Generation: 1
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type : Full-Duplex
  Physical info : Unspecified
  Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:04
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never

```

```

Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          2349897
Output bytes :        15888605
Input packets:         30896
Output packets:        33607
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0

Logical interface fxp1.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 14) (Generation 2)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 7, Route table: 1
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.0.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255,
    Generation: 3
  Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 8, Route table: 1
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe00:4,
      Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 5
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::10:0:0:4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
      Generation: 7
  Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 9, Route table: 1
    Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: None
      Destination: Unspecified, Local: 4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
      Generation: 8

```

show interfaces extensive (internal Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router])

```

user@host> show interfaces ixgbe0 extensive
Physical interface: ixgbe0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 116, Generation: 3
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info   : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 02:00:00:22:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:22:00:04
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          242730780
Output bytes :        1348312269
Input packets:         2398737
Output packets:        4133510
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:         0
Output packets:        0
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:

```

```

0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
0

```

```

Logical interface ixgbe0.0 (Index 4) (SNMP ifIndex 117) (Generation 2)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          233127252
    Output bytes :         1269350897
    Input packets:         2398594
    Output packets:        4133510
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes :          0
    Output bytes :          0
    Input packets:          0
    Output packets:         0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes :          233127252
    Output bytes :         1269350897
    Input packets:         2398594
    Output packets:        4133510
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 2, Route table: 1
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.34.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255, Generation:
2
      Addresses, Flags: Primary Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 128/2, Local: 162.0.0.4, Broadcast: 191.255.255.255,
Generation: 3
    Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 3, Route table: 1
      Flags: Is-Primary
      Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
        Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
      Generation: 4
        Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
        Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::a:22:0:4
    Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 5
      Generation: 4, Route table: 1
        Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
        Addresses, Flags: None
        Destination: Unspecified, Local: 0x22000004, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 6

```

show interfaces (SONET/SDH)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | <code>show interfaces so-fpc/pic/port</code> <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified SONET/SDH interface. |
| Options | so-fpc/pic/port —Display standard information about the specified SONET/SDH interface. brief detail extensive terse —(Optional) Display the specified level of output. descriptions —(Optional) Display interface description strings. media —(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces. snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> —(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface. statistics —(Optional) Display static interface statistics. |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• SONET/SDH Interfaces Overview |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 235 show interfaces brief (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 236 show interfaces detail (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 236 show interfaces extensive (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 237 show interfaces brief (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 239 show interfaces (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 239 show interfaces detail (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 240 show interfaces extensive (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 242 show interfaces extensive (OC768-over-4xOC192 Mode) on page 244 show interfaces detail (IPv6 Tracking) on page 247 show interfaces (shared interface) on page 248 |
| Output Fields | Table 14 on page 223 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (SONET/SDH) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | SONET/SDH reference clock source: Internal or External . Clocking is configured and displayed only for channel 0. | All levels |
| Framing mode | Framing mode: SONET or SDH . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits. | All levels |
| Payload scrambler | Whether payload scrambling is enabled. | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Shared-interface | Indicates whether the routing domain is the owner or non-owner of the shared interface. If the routing domain is the Root System Domain (RSD), the value is Owner . If the routing domain is a Protected System Domain (PSD) under the RSD, the value is Non-owner . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| ANSI or ITU LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI). The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: value, value... xx seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1-255) • n392dce—DCE error threshold (1-10) • n392dte—DTE error threshold (1-10) • n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1-10) • n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1-10) • t391dte—DTE polling timer (5-30 seconds) • t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5-30 seconds) | All levels |
| LMI | Input: value (hh:mm:ss ago), Output: value (hh:mm:ss ago) | brief none |
| LMI statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) LMI packet statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). • Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). | detail extensive |
| DTE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. • Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. • Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. • Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| DCE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. • Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. • Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. • Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. | detail extensive none |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| Common statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. • Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. • Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. • Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) | detail extensive none |
| Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs | (Frame Relay. Displayed only from the DTE) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE. | detail extensive |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Keepalive settings | (PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. • down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. • up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. | All levels |
| Keepalive or Keepalive statistics | (PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format hh:mm:ss. • Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format hh:mm:ss. | All levels |
| LCP state | (PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| NCP state | (PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| CHAP state | (PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. • Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. • Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) • Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. • Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. • Failure—CHAP authentication failed. • Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. • Success—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| CoS queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| Input rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). | None specified |
| Output rate | Output rate in bps and pps. | None specified |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | Number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface, and the traffic rate in bits per seconds (bps). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|-----------------|
| Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics | (Frame Relay) LSI traffic statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes and speed, in bits per second (bps), received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets and speed, in bps, transmitted on the interface. | extensive |
| Input errors | Input errors on the interface whose definitions are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. • Bucket Drops—Drops resulting from the traffic load exceeding the interface transmit/receive leaky bucket configuration. The default is off. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • HS link FIFO overflows—Number of FIFO overflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. | extensive |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • HS link FIFO underflows—Number of FIFO underflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. | extensive |
| IPv6 transit statistics | <p>Number of transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Egress queues | Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface. | detail extensive |
| Queue counters | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | extensive |
| SONET alarms SONET defects | (SONET) SONET media-specific alarms and defects that prevents the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SONET PHY , SONET section , SONET line , and SONET path . | All levels |
| Link | (For 4-port OC192c PIC operating in OC768-over-4xOC192 mode) The link number. Errors and alarms are displayed for each link. | extensive |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|--|------------------|
| SONET PHY | <p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |
| SONET section | <p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • SEF—Severely errored framing • LOL—Loss of light • LOF—Loss of frame • ES-S—Errored seconds (section) • SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) • SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) | extensive |
| SONET line | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead • REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) • RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) • AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) • SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) • UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) • ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) • SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) • UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) | extensive |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------|
| SONET path | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead • REI-P—Remote error indication • LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) • AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal • RDI-P—Path remote defect indication • UNEQ-P—Path unequipped • PLM-P—Path payload (signal) label mismatch • ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) • SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) • UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) • ES-PFE—Errored seconds (far-end STS path) • SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) • UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) | extensive |
| Received SONET overhead Transmitted SONET overhead | <p>Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. • F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. • K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. • J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-<i>N</i> signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. • S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-<i>N</i>. • Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. | extensive |
| SDH alarms SDH defects | <p>SDH media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SDH PHY, SDH regenerator section, SDH multiplex section, and SDH path.</p> | All levels |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------|
| SDH PHY | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop • PHY Light—Loss of optical signal | extensive |
| SDH regenerator section | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RS-BIP8—24-bit BIP for multiplex section overhead (B2 bytes) • OOF—Out of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • LOF—Loss of frame • RS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) • RS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) • RS-SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (regenerator section) | extensive |
| SDH multiplex section | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MS-BIP24—8-bit BIP for high-order path overhead (B3 byte) • MS-FEBE—Far-end block error (multiplex section) • MS-FERF—Far-end remote fail (multiplex section) • MS-AIS—Alarm indication signal (multiplex section) • BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) • BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) • MS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end multiplex section) • MS-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) • MS-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) • MS-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end multiplex section) | extensive |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------|
| SDH path | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HP-BIP8—8-bit BIP for regenerator section overhead (B1 byte) • HP-FEBE—Far-end block error (high-order path) • HP-LOP—Loss of pointer (high-order path) • HP-AIS—High-order-path alarm indication signal • HP-FERF—Far-end remote fail (high-order path) • HP-UNEQ—Unequipped (high-order path) • HP-PLM—Payload label mismatch (high-order path) • HP-ES—Errored seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end high-order path) • HP-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end high-order path) • HP-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end high-order path) • HP-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end high-order path) | extensive |
| Received SDH overhead Transmitted SDH overhead | <p>Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. • F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. • K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. • J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-<i>N</i> signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. • S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-<i>N</i>. • Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. | extensive |
| Received path trace Transmitted path trace | <p>SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits.</p> | extensive |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| HDLC configuration | Information about the HDLC configuration. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. • Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. | extensive |
| CoS information | Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the "Logical Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| PPP parameters | The PPP loopback clear timer value. | extensive |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Shared interface | Provides the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> shared with—(RSD only) Indicates which PSD owns the logical shared interface. For example, psd3. peer interface—(PSD only) Lists the logical tunnel interface that peers with the logical shared interface. For example, ut-2/1/0.2. tunnel token—Specifies the receive (RX) and transmit (TX) tunnel tokens. For example, Rx: 5.519, Tx: 13.514. | All levels |
| Input packets | Number of packets received on the logical interface. | None specified |
| Output packets | Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface. | None specified |
| Traffic statistics | Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |
| Local statistics | Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |
| Transit statistics | Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , or mpls . | detail extensive none |
| <i>protocol-family</i> | Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the IP address of the interface is also displayed. | brief |
| Multilink bundle | (If the logical interface is configured as part of a multilink bundle.) Interface name for the multilink bundle. | detail extensive none |
| AS bundle | (If the logical interface is configured as part of an aggregated SONET bundle.) AS bundle number. | detail extensive |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |

Table 14: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address of the interface. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI | <p>(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags, Total down time, Last down, and Traffic statistics. Flags is one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. • Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. • Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. • Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. • Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. | detail extensive |
| DLCI statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. • Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. | detail extensive none |

Sample Output

show interfaces (SDH Mode, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 66
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : Keepalives
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 30 (00:00:07 ago), Output: 29 (00:00:05 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mp1s:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : 2006-03-24 13:20:56 PST (00:05:09 ago)
Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
SDH alarms : None
SDH defects : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 43)

```

```

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.12.0/30, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: 10.0.12.3
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470
  Flags: Protocol-Down
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4458, Maximum labels: 3
  Flags: Protocol-Down, Is-Primary

```

show interfaces brief (SDH Mode, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 brief
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 25 (00:00:01 ago), Output: 24 (00:00:04 ago)
  SDH alarms    : None
  SDH defects   : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
  inet 10.0.12.1/30
  iso
  mpls

```

show interfaces detail (SDH Mode, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 detail
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 35
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 33 (last seen 00:00:05 ago)
    Output: 32 (last sent 00:00:06 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
  Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2006-03-24 13:20:56 PST (00:05:38 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :           862           0 bps
    Output bytes  :          3592          64 bps
    Input packets :           70           0 pps
    Output packets:          330           0 pps
  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort                0                0                0

```

```

1 expedited-fo          0          0          0
2 assured-forw          0          0          0
3 network-cont          329        329          0

SDH  alarms   : None
SDH  defects  : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 19)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 48, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.12.0/30, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: 10.0.12.3,
    Generation: 48
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0
  Flags: Protocol-Down
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4458, Maximum labels: 3, Generation: 50, Route table: 0
  Flags: Protocol-Down, Is-Primary

```

show interfaces extensive (SDH Mode, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 35
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 36 (last seen 00:00:01 ago)
    Output: 35 (last sent 00:00:10 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
  Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2006-03-24 13:20:56 PST (00:06:08 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          922          0 bps
    Output bytes:         3850         64 bps
    Input packets:           75          0 pps
    Output packets:        356          0 pps
  Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :           0          0 bps
    Input packets:          0          0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Bucket drops: 0, Policed discards: 218, L3 incompletes: 0,
    L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 2, HS link CRC errors: 0,
    HS link FIFO overflows: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
    HS link FIFO underflows: 0, MTU errors: 0
  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use

```

| Queue counters: | Queued packets | Transmitted packets | Dropped packets |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 0 best-effort | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 assured-forw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 354 | 354 | 0 |

SDH alarms : None

SDH defects : None

| SDH PHY: | Seconds | Count | State |
|-----------|---------|-------|-------|
| PLL Lock | 0 | 0 | OK |
| PHY Light | 2 | 1 | OK |

SDH regenerator section:

| | | | |
|---------|---|---|----|
| RS-BIP8 | 0 | 0 | |
| OOF | 3 | 8 | OK |
| LOS | 3 | 2 | OK |
| LOF | 3 | 2 | OK |
| RS-ES | 3 | | |
| RS-SES | 3 | | |
| RS-SEFS | 3 | | |

SDH multiplex section:

| | | | |
|-----------|---|---|----|
| MS-BIP24 | 0 | 0 | |
| MS-FEBE | 0 | 0 | |
| MS-FERF | 3 | 2 | OK |
| MS-AIS | 2 | 1 | OK |
| BERR-SF | 0 | 0 | OK |
| BERR-SD | 0 | 0 | OK |
| MS-ES | 3 | | |
| MS-SES | 3 | | |
| MS-UAS | 0 | | |
| MS-SES-FE | 3 | | |
| MS-UAS-FE | 0 | | |

SDH path:

| | | | |
|-----------|---|---|----|
| HP-BIP8 | 0 | 0 | |
| HP-FEBE | 0 | 0 | |
| HP-LOP | 1 | 1 | OK |
| HP-AIS | 2 | 1 | OK |
| HP-FERF | 3 | 2 | OK |
| HP-UNEQ | 0 | 0 | OK |
| HP-PLM | 1 | 1 | OK |
| HP-ES | 3 | | |
| HP-SES | 3 | | |
| HP-UAS | 0 | | |
| HP-ES-FE | 3 | | |
| HP-SES-FE | 3 | | |
| HP-UAS-FE | 0 | | |

Received SDH overhead:

| | | | | |
|----|------------|-----------------|------------|--------|
| F1 | : 0x00, J0 | : 0x00, K1 | : 0x00, K2 | : 0x00 |
| S1 | : 0x00, C2 | : 0xcf, C2(cmp) | : 0xcf, F2 | : 0x00 |
| Z3 | : 0x00, Z4 | : 0x00, S1(cmp) | : 0x00 | |

Transmitted SDH overhead:

| | | | | |
|----|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| F1 | : 0x00, J0 | : 0x01, K1 | : 0x00, K2 | : 0x00 |
| S1 | : 0x00, C2 | : 0xcf, F2 | : 0x00, Z3 | : 0x00 |
| Z4 | : 0x00 | | | |

Received path trace: R2 so-0/0/0

52 32 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 R2 so-0/0/0.....

Transmitted path trace: R1 so-0/0/0

52 31 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 R1 so-0/0/0.....

```

HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue    Bandwidth      Buffer Priority  Limit
                        %          bps    %    usec
  0 best-effort         95  147744000  95     0      low  none
  3 network-control     5   7776000   5     0      low  none

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 19)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
PPP parameters:
  PPP loopback clear timer: 3 sec
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 48, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.0.12.0/30, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: 10.0.12.3,
  Generation: 48
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4458, Maximum labels: 3, Generation: 50, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down, Is-Primary
MS-ES-FE                      3

```

show interfaces brief (SONET Mode, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 brief
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 29 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 28 (00:00:01 ago)
SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
inet  10.0.12.1      --> 10.0.12.2
iso
mpls
DLCI 16
Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
Total down time: 00:04:12 sec, Last down: 00:04:12 ago

```

show interfaces (SONET Mode, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 66
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds

```

```

LMI: Input: 23 (00:00:05 ago), Output: 22 (00:00:03 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent                : 19
  Full enquiries sent           : 3
  Enquiry responses received    : 20
  Full enquiry responses received : 3
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received            : 0
  Full enquiries received       : 0
  Enquiry responses sent        : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent    : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received     : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout   : 1
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped    : 2006-03-06 11:53:20 PST (3d 03:09 ago)
Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate     : 56 bps (0 pps)
SONET alarms    : None
SONET defects   : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 43)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10.0.12.2, Local: 10.0.12.1
  Protocol iso, MTU: 4470
    Flags: None
  Protocol mpls, MTU: 4450, Maximum labels: 3
  DLCI 16
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:03:11 sec, Last down: 00:03:11 ago
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces detail (SONET Mode, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 detail
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 11
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 33 (last seen 00:00:09 ago)
    Output: 32 (last sent 00:00:01 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent                : 27
    Full enquiries sent           : 5
    Enquiry responses received    : 28

```

```

    Full enquiry responses received      : 5
DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received                  : 0
    Full enquiries received              : 0
    Enquiry responses sent               : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent          : 0
Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received           : 0
    Asynchronous updates received       : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received    : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout        : 1
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2006-03-06 11:53:20 PST (3d 03:10 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes      :          495368          0 bps
    Output bytes     :          2765014         56 bps
    Input packets    :           41165          0 pps
    Output packets   :          133530          0 pps
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort          18              18              0

    1 expedited-fo         0              0              0

    2 assured-forw         0              0              0

    3 network-cont        133506          133506          0

SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 28)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes      :           0
    Output bytes     :           0
    Input packets    :           0
    Output packets   :           0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes      :           0
    Output bytes     :           0
    Input packets    :           0
    Output packets   :           0
  Transit statistics:
    Input bytes      :           0          0 bps
    Output bytes     :           0          0 bps
    Input packets    :           0          0 pps
    Output packets   :           0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.12.2, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 61
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 50, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4450, Maximum labels: 3, Generation: 51, Route table: 0
  DLCI 16
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:04:54 sec, Last down: 00:04:54 ago
    Traffic statistics:

```

```

        Input bytes : 0
        Output bytes : 0
        Input packets: 0
        Output packets: 0
    DLCI statistics:
        Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces extensive (SONET Mode, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 11
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : Keepalives DTE
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI statistics:
    Input : 39 (last seen 00:00:02 ago)
    Output: 36 (last sent 00:00:07 ago)
DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent : 30
    Full enquiries sent : 6
    Enquiry responses received : 33
    Full enquiry responses received : 6
DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received : 0
    Full enquiries received : 0
    Enquiry responses sent : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout : 1
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : 2006-03-06 11:53:20 PST (3d 03:11 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 495452 56 bps
    Output bytes : 2765074 0 bps
    Input packets: 41171 0 pps
    Output packets: 133534 0 pps
Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Bucket drops: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,
    L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
    HS link FIFO overflows: 0
Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
    HS link FIFO underflows: 0, MTU errors: 0
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets

    0 best-effort 18 18 0

```



```

1 expedited-fo          0          0          0
2 assured-forw          0          0          0
3 network-cont          133510      133510      0

SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
SONET PHY:
Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock      0      0  OK
  PHY Light     60      1  OK
SONET section:
BIP-B1         0        0
SEF            108      158 OK
LOS            108       2  OK
LOF            108       2  OK
ES-S           108
SES-S           108
SEFS-S         108
SONET line:
BIP-B2         0        0
REI-L          0        0
RDI-L          1        1  OK
AIS-L         107       1  OK
BERR-SF        0        0  OK
BERR-SD        44       2  OK
ES-L           108
SES-L           108
UAS-L          97
ES-LFE         1
SES-LFE         1
UAS-LFE         0
SONET path:
BIP-B3         0        0
REI-P          0        0
LOP-P          1        1  OK
AIS-P         107       1  OK
RDI-P          1        1  OK
UNEQ-P         0        0  OK
PLM-P          1        1  OK
ES-P           108
SES-P           108
UAS-P          97
ES-PFE         1
SES-PFE         1
UAS-PFE         0
Received SONET overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, C2(cmp) : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00
Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
Z4      : 0x00
Received path trace: R2 so-0/0/0
52 32 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 00  R2 so-0/0/0.....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0d 0a .....
Transmitted path trace: R1 so-0/0/0
52 31 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 00  R1 so-0/0/0.....

```

```

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer  Priority  Limit
                           bps                usec
0 best-effort             95      147744000  95        0        low    none
3 network-control         5       7776000    5         0        low    none

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 28)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.12.2, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 61
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 50, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4450, Maximum labels: 3, Generation: 51, Route table: 0
DLCI 16
  Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
  Total down time: 00:05:42 sec, Last down: 00:05:42 ago
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces extensive (OC768-over-4xOC192 Mode)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-7/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: so-7/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 163, SNMP ifIndex: 23, Generation: 186
  Link-level type: Cisco-HDLC, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed:
  OC768,
  Loopback: Local, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

```

```

Link flags      : No-Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2006-01-13 10:43:39 PST (01:05:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :          76992          200 bps
  Output bytes  :          83707          216 bps
  Input packets :          1343           0 pps
  Output packets:          1343           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 3885, Framing errors: 68154624, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Bucket
drops: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 95040248, L2 channel errors: 0, L2
mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, HS link FIFO overflows: 30742070
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, HS link FIFO
underflows: 0,
  MTU errors: 0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          2              2              0

  1 expedited-fo         0              0              0

  2 assured-forw         0              0              0

  3 network-cont        1341            1341            0

SONET alarms      : None
SONET defects     : None
Link : 0
SONET alarms      : None
SONET defects     : None
SONET PHY:
  Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock     0       0 OK
  PHY Light    0       0 OK
SONET section:
  BIP-B1       0       0
  SEF          2       1 OK
  LOS          0       0 OK
  LOF          3       2 OK
  ES-S         2
  SES-S        2
  SEFS-S       2
SONET line:
  BIP-B2       0       0
  REI-L        0       0
  RDI-L        1       1 OK
  AIS-L        2       1 OK
  BERR-SF      0       0 OK
  BERR-SD      0       0 OK
  ES-L         3
  SES-L        3
  UAS-L        0
  ES-LFE       1
  SES-LFE      1
  UAS-LFE      0
SONET path:

```

```

BIP-B3                0          0
REI-P                 0          0
LOP-P                 0          0 OK
AIS-P                 2          1 OK
RDI-P                 0          0 OK
UNEQ-P                0          0 OK
PLM-P                 0          0 OK
ES-P                  3
SES-P                  3
UAS-P                  0
ES-PFE                 0
SES-PFE                 0
UAS-PFE                 0
Payload pointer:
  Current pointer      : 522
  Pointer increment count : 0
  Pointer decrement count : 0
  New pointer NDF count  : 0
Received SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x01, K1 : 0x00, K2 : 0x00
  S1 : 0x00, C2 : 0xcf, C2(cmp) : 0xcf, F2 : 0x00
  Z3 : 0x00, Z4 : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x01, K1 : 0x00, K2 : 0x00
  S1 : 0x00, C2 : 0xcf, F2 : 0x00, Z3 : 0x00
  Z4 : 0x00
Received path trace: fold so-7/0/0
  66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 fold so-7/0/0...
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0d 0a .....
Transmitted path trace: fold so-7/0/0
  66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 fold so-7/0/0...
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Link : 1
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : None
SONET PHY:
  Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock     0      0 OK
  PHY Light     0      0 OK
SONET section:
  BIP-B1        0      0
  SEF           2      1 OK
  LOS           0      0 OK
  LOF           3      2 OK
  ES-S          2
  SES-S         2
  SEFS-S        2
SONET line:
  BIP-B2        0      0
  REI-L         0      0
  RDI-L         0      0 OK
  AIS-L         2      1 OK
  BERR-SF       0      0 OK
  BERR-SD       0      0 OK
  ES-L          3
  SES-L         3
  UAS-L         0
  ES-LFE        0

```

```

    SES-LFE                0
    UAS-LFE                0
    SONET path:
    BIP-B3                 0          0
    REI-P                  0          0
    LOP-P                  0          0 OK
    AIS-P                  2          1 OK
    RDI-P                  0          0 OK
    UNEQ-P                 0          0 OK
    PLM-P                  0          0 OK
    ES-P                   3
    SES-P                   3
    UAS-P                   0
    ES-PFE                  0
    SES-PFE                 0
    UAS-PFE                 0
    Payload pointer:
    Current pointer         : 522
    Pointer increment count : 0
    Pointer decrement count : 0
    New pointer NDF count   : 0
    Received SONET overhead:
    F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
    S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, C2(cmp) : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00
    Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
    Transmitted SONET overhead:
    F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
    S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
    Z4      : 0x00
    Received path trace: fold so-7/0/0
    66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00    fold so-7/0/0...
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00    .....
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00    .....
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0d 0a    .....
    Transmitted path trace: fold so-7/0/0
    66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00    fold so-7/0/0...
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00    .....
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00    .....
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00    .....
    ...

```

show interfaces detail (IPv6 Tracking)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/2/0 detail
Physical interface: so-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 130, SNMP ifIndex: 26, Generation: 131
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONEt mode,
  Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 7 (last seen 00:00:01 ago)
    Output: 6 (last sent 00:00:08 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Opened, iso: Not- configured, mp1s:
  Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed

```

```

PAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2007-11-29 08:45:47 PST (1d 03:44 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :          7407782          40 bps
  Output bytes  :          7307322          48 bps
  Input packets :          107570           0 pps
  Output packets:          108893           0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes   :          57328
  Output bytes  :          57400
  Input packets :          1024
  Output packets:          1025
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
  0 best-effort      1191             1191                 0
  1 expedited-fo      0               0                     0
  2 assured-forw      0               0                     0
  3 network-cont     107700            107700                0
SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None

Logical interface so-0/2/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 47) (Generation 231)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet6, MTU: 4470, Generation: 433, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: abcd::a18:104/126, Local: abcd::a18:105,
  Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 683
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
  Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::2a0:a5ff:fe56:52a,
  Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 684

```

show interfaces (shared interface)

```

user@rsd1> show interfaces so-7/2/0
Physical interface: so-7/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 109
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC192, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Shared-interface : Owner
Link flags      : No-Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 0
  Full enquiries sent       : 0
  Enquiry responses received : 0
  Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received        : 0
  Full enquiries received    : 0
  Enquiry responses sent     : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0

```

```
    Keepalive responses timedout      : 0
CoS queues      : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped    : 2008-08-11 10:51:51 PDT (1w1d 04:47 ago)
Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
SONET alarms    : LOL, PLL
SONET defects   : LOL, PLL, LOF, SEF, AIS-L, AIS-P

Logical interface so-7/2/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 117)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Shared interface:
    Shared with: psd5
    Tunnel token: Rx: 2.517, Tx: 1.517
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  DLCI 700
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 00:01:09 sec, Last down: 284:58:21 ago
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI  :1 Inactive DLCI :0
```

show interfaces (Serial)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | Display status information about serial interfaces, including RS-232, RS-422/449, EIA-530, X.21, and V.35. |
| Options | <p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>se-fpc/pic/port</i>. On the J Series routers, the interface type is <i>se-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p><i>brief detail extensive terse</i>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><i>descriptions</i>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><i>media</i>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><i>snmp-index snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><i>statistics</i>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces (Serial, EIA-530) on page 256</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Serial, EIA-530) on page 256</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Serial, EIA-530) on page 257</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Serial, EIA-530) on page 257</p> <p>show interfaces (Serial, V.35) on page 258</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Serial, V.35) on page 259</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Serial, V.35) on page 259</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Serial, V.35) on page 260</p> <p>show interfaces statistics detail (RS 449) on page 261</p> |
| Output Fields | Table 15 on page 250 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Serial) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 15: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |

Table 15: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Type | Type of interface. | All levels |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit (MTU) size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Maximum speed | Maximum speed. The nonconfigurable value is 16,384 kbps. | detail extensive none |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Keepalive settings | (PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interval <i>seconds</i>—Time between successive keepalive requests. The range of values, in seconds, is 10 to 32,767. The default value is 10. Up-count <i>number</i>—Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range of values is 1 to 255. The default value is 1. Down-count <i>number</i>—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 to 255. The default value is 3. | All levels |
| Keepalive | (PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input: <i>number (hh:mm:ss ago)</i>—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was received. Output: <i>number (hh:mm:ss ago)</i>—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was sent. | brief none |

Table 15: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Keepalive statistics | (PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input: <i>number (last seen hh:mm:ssago)</i>—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was received. • Output: <i>number (last seen hh:mm:ss ago)</i>—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was sent. | detail extensive |
| LCP state | (PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| NCP state | (PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| CHAP state | (PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. • Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. • Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) • Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. • Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. • Failure—CHAP authentication failed. • Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. • Success—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| CoS queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| Input Rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). | None specified |
| Output Rate | Output rate in bps and pps. | None specified |

Table 15: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|--|------------------|
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Egress queues supported | Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed with the statistics option. | detail extensive |
| Egress queues in use | Total number of egress queues in use on the specified interface. Displayed with the statistics option. | detail extensive |

Table 15: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--|---|------------------|
| Queue counters | CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed with the statistics option. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Queued packets—Number of queued packets. Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | detail extensive |
| Serial media information | Information about the physical media: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Line protocol—eia530, eia530a, rs232, rs449, v.35, or x.21. Resync history—Information about resynchronization events: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sync loss count—Number of times the synchronization was lost. Data signal—(X.21 and V.35) Information about the data signal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rx Clock—Receive clock status: OK (DTE is receiving the receive clock signal) or Not detected (receive clock signal is not being received). Control signals—Information about modem control signals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local mode: DCE (data communication equipment) or DTE (data terminal equipment) To DCE—Control signals that the Serial PIC sent to the DCE: DTR (Data Terminal Ready: up or down) or RTS (Request To Send: up or down.) From DC—Control signals that the Serial PIC received from the DCE: CTS (Clear To Send: up or down), DCD (Data Carrier Detect: up or down), DSR (Data Set Ready: up or down), or TM (Test Mode: up or down). Clocking mode—Clocking used for the transmit clock: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> dte—Transmit clock is generated by DTE. dce—Transmit clock is generated by the DCE and is looped back as the transmit clock. loop-timed—Receive clock from the DCE is looped back as the transmit clock. Clock rate—Rate, in megahertz (MHz), at which the clock is configured. Loopback—Configured loopback mode for the interface: dce-remote, dce-local, liu, local, or none. Tx clock—Clocking phase of the transmit clock: invert (transmit clock polarity is inverted) or non-invert (transmit clock polarity is not inverted). Line encoding—Type of line encoding used: nrz (nonreturn to zero) or nrzi (return to zero inverted). | detail extensive |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Destination slot—FPC slot number. PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |

Table 15: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| CoS information | Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| <i>protocol-family</i> | Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the source and destination address are also displayed. | brief |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mpls . | detail extensive none |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route Table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive |

Table 15: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |

Sample Output

show interfaces (Serial, EIA-530)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 41
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 32 (00:00:10 ago), Output: 31 (00:00:07 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mp1s:
  Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues      : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped    : 2006-04-26 15:10:18 PDT (00:05:22 ago)
  Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface se-5/0/1.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 45)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 12.0.0.0/30, Local: 12.0.0.1, Broadcast: 12.0.0.3

```

show interfaces brief (Serial, EIA-530)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1 brief
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 235 (00:00:10 ago), Output: 234 (00:00:00 ago)

Logical interface se-5/0/1.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
  inet 12.0.0.1/30

```

show interfaces detail (Serial, EIA-530)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1 detail
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 25
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input  : 37 (last seen 00:00:06 ago)
    Output: 35 (last sent 00:00:01 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
  Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2006-04-26 15:10:18 PDT (00:06:02 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          928          40 bps
    Output bytes  :         1023          48 bps
    Input packets :           76           0 pps
    Output packets:           77           0 pps
  Serial media information:
    Line protocol: eia530
    Resync history:
      Sync loss count: 0
    Data signal:
      Rx Clock: OK
    Control signals:
      Local mode: DTE
      To DCE: DTR: up, RTS: up
      From DCE: CTS: up, DCD: up, DSR: up
    Clocking mode: loop-timed
    Clock rate: 8.0 MHz
    Loopback: none
    Tx clock: non-invert
    Line encoding: nrz

  Logical interface se-5/0/1.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 9)
    Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
    Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 15, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 12.0.0.0/30, Local: 12.0.0.1, Broadcast: 12.0.0.3,
      Generation: 23

```

show interfaces extensive (Serial, EIA-530)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1 extensive
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 25
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3

```

```

Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 40 (last seen 00:00:00 ago)
  Output: 37 (last sent 00:00:09 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped    : 2006-04-26 15:10:18 PDT (00:06:28 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :          988          40 bps
  Output bytes  :         1088          48 bps
  Input packets :           81           0 pps
  Output packets:           82           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 2, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Serial media information:
  Line protocol: eia530
  Resync history:
    Sync loss count: 0
  Data signal:
    Rx Clock: OK
  Control signals:
    Local mode: DTE
    To DCE: DTR: up, RTS: up
    From DCE: CTS: up, DCD: up, DSR: up
  Clocking mode: loop-timed
  Clock rate: 8.0 MHz
  Loopback: none
  Tx clock: non-invert
  Line encoding: nrz
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 5, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority      Limit
                           %          bps          %          usec
0 best-effort             95      15564800    95           0          low     none
3 network-control         5       819200      5           0          low     none

Logical interface se-5/0/1.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 9)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 15, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 12.0.0.0/30, Local: 12.0.0.1, Broadcast: 12.0.0.3,
  Generation: 23

```

show interfaces (Serial, V.35)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 39
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Loose-NCP

```



```

Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped    : 2006-04-26 14:51:27 PDT (01:02:23 ago)
Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 27)
Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 13.0.0.0/30, Local: 13.0.0.2, Broadcast: 13.0.0.3

```

show interfaces brief (Serial, V.35)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0 brief
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504
Device flags      : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags        : Loose-NCP
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0
Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
inet 13.0.0.2/30

```

show interfaces detail (Serial, V.35)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0 detail
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 39, Generation: 31
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
Device flags      : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags        : Loose-NCP
Hold-times        : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped    : 2006-04-26 14:51:27 PDT (01:03:15 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps

```

```

Serial media information:
  Line protocol: v.35
  Resync history:
    Sync loss count: 0
  Data signal:
    Rx Clock: Not Detected
  Control signals:
    Local mode: DCE
    To DTE: CTS: down, DCD: down, DSR: up
    From DTE: DTR: down, RTS: down
  DCE loopback override: Off
  Clocking mode: internal
  Clock rate: 38.4 KHz
  Loopback: none
  Tx clock: non-invert
  Line encoding: nrz

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 27) (Generation 12)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
  Flags: Protocol-Down
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 13.0.0.0/30, Local: 13.0.0.2, Broadcast: 13.0.0.3,
    Generation: 23

```

show interfaces extensive (Serial, V.35)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 39, Generation: 31
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
  Device flags   : Present Running Down
  Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Loose-NCP
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  LCP state: Down
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2006-04-26 14:51:27 PDT (01:04:17 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes  : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 0 0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0
  Serial media information:
    Line protocol: v.35
    Resync history:

```

```

    Sync loss count: 0
Data signal:
  Rx Clock: Not Detected
Control signals:
  Local mode: DCE
  To DTE: CTS: down, DCD: down, DSR: up
  From DTE: DTR: down, RTS: down
DCE loopback override: Off
Clocking mode: internal
Clock rate: 38.4 KHz
Loopback: none
Tx clock: non-invert
Line encoding: nrz
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 5, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority  Limit
                           %      bps      %      usec
  0 best-effort            95      15564800  95      0        low  none
  3 network-control        5       819200   5       0        low  none

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 27) (Generation 12)
Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 13.0.0.0/30, Local: 13.0.0.2, Broadcast: 13.0.0.3,
  Generation: 23

```

show interfaces statistics detail (RS 449)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-6/0/0 statistics detail
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 59, Generation: 150
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 8mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : No-Keepalives Loose-NCP
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
PAP state: Closed
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2007-11-28 19:38:36 PST (00:14:06 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :          744          0 bps
Output bytes  :         5978          0 bps
Input packets :          33          0 pps
Output packets:         129          0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runt: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
0,
Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 13, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 5 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

```

| | | | |
|----------------|-----|-----|---|
| 0 best-effort | 24 | 24 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 bulk | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 assured-forw | 105 | 105 | 0 |
| 4 voip | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Serial media information:

Line protocol: rs449

Resync history:

Sync loss count: 0

Data signal:

Rx Clock: OK

Control signals:

Local mode: DTE

To DCE: DTR: up, RTS: up

From DCE: CTS: up, DCD: up, DSR: up

Clocking mode: internal

Loopback: none

Tx clock: non-invert

Line encoding: nrz

Logical interface se-6/0/0.0 (Index 75) (SNMP ifIndex 69) (Generation 141)

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP

Protocol inet, MTU: 256, Generation: 145, Route table: 0

Flags: None

Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

Destination: 11.11.11/24, Local: 11.11.11.2, Broadcast: 11.11.11.255,

Generation: 157

show interfaces (T1, E1, or DS)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | Display status information about the specified T1, E1, or DS interface. |
| Options | <p><i>interface-type</i>—On ACX Series, M Series, MX Series, and T Series routers, the T1 interface type is t1-<i>fpc/pic/port</i>, whereas the E1 interface type is e1-<i>fpc/pic/port</i>, and DS interface type is ds-<i>fpc/pic/port:channel</i>. On the J Series routers, the T1 interface type is t1-<i>pim/O/port</i>, whereas the E1 interface type is e1-<i>pim/O/port</i>.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Understanding Interfaces on ACX Series Universal Access Routers</i> |
| List of Sample Output | show interfaces (T1, IMA Link) on page 275 show interfaces (T1, PPP) on page 276 show interfaces detail (T1, PPP) on page 276 show interfaces extensive (T1 CRC Errors) on page 277 show interfaces extensive (T1, PPP) on page 277 show interfaces (E1, Frame Relay) on page 279 show interfaces detail (E1, Frame Relay) on page 280 show interfaces extensive (E1, Frame Relay) on page 281 show interfaces (E1, IMA Link) on page 283 show interfaces extensive (T1, TDM-CCC-SATOP) on page 284 show interfaces extensive (DS, TDM-CCC-CESoPSN) on page 285 |
| Output Fields | Table 16 on page 264 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (T1 or E1) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | Reference clock source: Internal or External . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits. | All levels |
| Framing | Physical layer framing format used for the E1 interface on the link: G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 . Physical layer framing format used for the T1 interface on the link: SF and ESF . The default is ESF . | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| IMA Link alarms | Current active IMA link alarms, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LIF • LODS • RFI-IMA • Tx-Mis-Connected • Tx-Unusable-FE • Rx-Unusable-FE • Link Fault | detail extensive none |
| IMA Link defects | Current active IMA link defects, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LIF • LODS • RFI-IMA • Tx-Mis-Connected • Tx-Unusable-FE • Rx-Unusable-FE • Link Fault | detail extensive none |
| IMA Link state | Current active IMA link status, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Line: synchronized or not synchronized • Near end:—Status of near-end receive and transmit links <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rx: Usable or Unusable • Tx: Usable or Unusable • Far end:—Status of far-end receive and transmit links <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rx: Usable or Unusable • Tx: Usable or Unusable | detail extensive none |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| IMA link media | <p>IMA Link Media Status, which provides the seconds and count state for the following link media parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LIF • LODS • Err-ICP • IV • Rx-FC • Tx-FC • FE-Defects • FE-Rx-FC • FE-Tx-FC • Rx-ICP • Rx-Stuff • Tx-ICP • Tx-Stuff • Rx-SES • Rx-UAS • Rx-UUS • Tx-UUS • FE-Rx-SES • FE-Rx-UAS • FE-Rx-UUS • FE-Tx-UUS | detail extensive none |
| Keepalive settings | <p>(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. • down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. • up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. | detail extensive none |
| Keepalive statistics | <p>(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. (When no level of output is specified, the word statistics is not part of the field name and the last seen text is not displayed.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. • Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. | detail extensive none |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI) which can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: value, value... xx seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) • n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) • n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) • n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) • n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) • t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) • t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) | detail extensive none |
| LMI | <p>(Frame Relay) Local Management Interface (LMI) packet statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). • Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). | detail extensive none |
| DTE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data communications equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. • Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. • Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. • Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| DCE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. • Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. • Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. • Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. | detail extensive none |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Common statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. • Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. • Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. • Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no Local Management Interface (LMI) packet was reported for <code>n392dte</code> or <code>n393dce</code> intervals. (See LMI settings.) | detail extensive none |
| Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs | (Frame Relay. Displayed only from the DTE.) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| LCP state | (PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| NCP state | (PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. • Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. • Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. • Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| CHAP state | (PPP) State of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response is not yet sent. • Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. • Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) • Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. • Down—CHAP authentication is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). • Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. • Opened—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| CoS Queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |
| Input rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). | None specified |
| Output rate | Output rate in bps and pps. | None specified |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC or PIM. If the value of this field increments, the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Queue counters | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | detail extensive |
| DS1 alarms DS1 defects | <p>E1 media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AIS—Alarm indication signal. • LOF—Loss of frame. • LOS—Loss of signal. • YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. | detail extensive none |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|
| T1 media or E1 media | <p>Counts of T1 or E1 media-specific errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. The T1 or E1 media-specific error types are: • SEF—Severely errored framing • BEE—Bit error • AIS—Alarm indication signal • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver • CRC Major—Cyclic redundancy check major alarm threshold exceeded • CRC Minor—Cyclic redundancy check minor alarm threshold exceeded • BPV—Bipolar violation • EXZ—Excessive zeros • LCV—Line code violation • PCV—Pulse code violation • CS—Carrier state • CRC—Cyclic redundancy check • FEBE—Far-end block error (E1 only) • LES—Line error seconds • ES—Errored seconds • BES—Bursty errored seconds • SES—Severely errored seconds • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds | extensive |
| SAToP Configuration | <p>Information about the SAToP configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • payload-size—Configure the payload size, in bytes (from 32 through 1024 bytes). • idle-pattern—An 8-bit hexadecimal pattern to replace TDM data in a lost packet (from 0 through 255). • jitter-buffer-packets—Number of packets in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 64 packets). • jitter-buffer-latency—Time delay in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 1000 milliseconds). • excessive-packet-loss-rate—Set packet loss options. The options are groups, sample-period, and threshold. • sample-period—Time required to calculate excessive packet loss rate (from 1000 through 65,535 milliseconds). • threshold—Percentile designating the threshold of excessive packet loss rate (1–100 percent). | extensive |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| CESoPSN Configuration | <p>Information about the CESoPSN configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • packetization-latency—Time required to create packets (from 1000 through 8000 microseconds). • idle-pattern—An 8-bit hexadecimal pattern to replace TDM data in a lost packet (from 0 through 255). • jitter-buffer-packets—Number of packets in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 64 packets). • jitter-buffer-latency—Time delay in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 1000 milliseconds). • excessive-packet-loss-rate—Set packet loss options. The options are sample-period and threshold. • sample-period—Time required to calculate excessive packet loss rate (from 1000 through 65,535 milliseconds). • threshold—Percentile designating the threshold of excessive packet loss rate (1–100 percent). | extensive |
| HDLC configuration | <p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. • Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. • Timeslots—Time slots configured on the interface. • Buildout—(T1 only) Buildout setting: 0-132, 133-265, 266-398, 399-531, or 532-655 feet. • Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. • Byte encoding—(T1 only) Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. • Line encoding—Line encoding used. For T1, the value can be B8ZS or AMI. For E1, the value is HDB3. • Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled. • Idle cycle flag—Idle cycle flags. • Start end flag—Start and end flag. | extensive |
| DS1 BERT configuration | <p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. | detail extensive none |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| CoS information | Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |
| Logical Interface | | |
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | All levels |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | All levels |
| Input packets | Number of packets received on the logical interface. | None specified |
| Output packets | Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface. | None specified |
| Traffic statistics | (Frame Relay) Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Local statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes a while (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Transit statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter normally stabilizes in less than 1 second. | detail extensive |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mlfr , or mpls . | detail extensive none |
| Multilink bundle | Interface name for the multilink bundle, if configured. | detail extensive none |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI | (Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics or (Input packets , Output packets). Flags can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. • Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. • DCE-Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. • Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. • DCE-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI statistics | (Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. • Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. | detail extensive none |

Table 16: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------|--|-----------------|
| CE Info | <p>Information related to the circuit emulation statistics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE Tx—Number of transmitted packets and bytes (TDM to PSN flow). • CE Rx—Number of received packets and bytes and forward bytes (PSN to TDM flow). • CE Rx Forwarded—Number of forwarded bytes. • CE Strayed—Number of stray packets. • CE Lost—Number of lost packets. • CE Malformed—Number of malformed packets • CE Misinserted—Number of misinserted packets. • CE AIS dropped—Number of dropped bytes due to buffer overrun (PSN to TDM). • CE Dropped—Number of dropped packets during resynchronization • CE Overrun Events—Number of overrun events. • CE Underrun Events—Number of underrun events. | extensive |

Sample Output

show interfaces (T1, IMA Link)

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-1/0/0
IMA Link alarms   : None
IMA Link defects  : LIF, LODS
IMA Link state:
  Line           : Not synchronized
  Near end : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
  Far end  : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
IMA link media:      Seconds      Count  State
LIF                  0           0  OK
LODS                  0           0  OK
Err-ICP               0           0  OK
IV                    0           0  OK
Rx-FC                  0           0  OK
Tx-FC                  0           0  OK
FE-Defects            0           0
FE-Rx-FC              0           0
FE-Tx-FC              0           0
Rx-ICP                0           0
Rx-Stuff              0           0
Tx-ICP                0          11
Tx-Stuff              0           0
Rx-SES                 0
Rx-UAS                 0
Rx-UUS                 1
Tx-UUS                 0
FE-Rx-SES              0
FE-Rx-UAS              0
FE-Rx-UUS              0
FE-Tx-UUS              0

```

show interfaces (T1, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0
Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: Opened
  CHAP state: Opened
  CoS queues    : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped  : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:35 ago)
  Input rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate   : 72 bps (0 pps)
  DS1 alarms   : None
  DS1 defects   : None

Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: Protocol-Down
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255

```

show interfaces detail (T1, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0 detail
Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: Opened
  CHAP state: Opened
  CoS queues    : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped  : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:52 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 798 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 42 0 pps
  Queue counters:
    Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

    0 best-effort    0 0 0
    1 expedited-fo   0 0 0

```

```

2 assured-forw          0          0          0
3 network-cont          40         40          0

DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
DS1 BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1
Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 5)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
Generation: 18

```

show interfaces extensive (T1 CRC Errors)

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-3/2/0:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: t1-3/2/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 179, SNMP ifIndex: 79, Generation: 180
:
:
DS1  alarms   : AIS, LOF, CRC Major, CRC Minor
DS1  defects  : AIS, LOF, CRC Major, CRC Minor
T1 media:      Seconds      Count  State
SEF            1            1  OK
BEE            1            1  OK
AIS            1128          1  Defect Active
LOF            1128          1  Defect Active
LOS            0             0  OK
YELLOW         0             0  OK
CRC Major      154           1  Defect Active
CRC Minor      154           1  Defect Active
BPV            0             0
EXZ            0             0
LCV            0             0
PCV            0             0
CS             0             0
CRC            154          15400
...

```

show interfaces extensive (T1, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0 extensive
Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured

```

```

CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped    : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:54 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes  :         817         72 bps
  Input packets :          0          0 pps
  Output packets:         43          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort      0              0              0
  1 expedited-fo     0              0              0
  2 assured-forw     0              0              0
  3 network-cont     42             42             0

DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
T1  media:
      Seconds      Count  State
SEF          1         1  OK
BEE          0         0  OK
AIS          0         0  OK
LOF          1         1  OK
LOS          0         0  OK
YELLOW       1         1  OK
BPV          1         1
EXZ          1         1
LCV          1       65535
PCV          1       1023
CS           0         0
LES          1
ES           1
SES          1
SEFS         1
BES          0
UAS          0

HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
  Timeslots      : All active
  Line encoding: B8ZS
  Buildout       : 0 to 132 feet
  Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
  Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)

```

```

CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer  Priority  Limit
                           %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort             95      1459200  95        0      low  none
3 network-control         5       76800   5         0      low  none

Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 5)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
Generation: 18

```

show interfaces (E1, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI: Input: 0 (never), Output: 11 (00:00:05 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 10
    Full enquiries sent      : 1
    Enquiry responses received : 0
    Full enquiry responses received : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received  : 0
    Enquiry responses sent   : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timeout : 1
  CoS queues : 8 supported
  Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
  Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
  DS1 alarms : None
  DS1 defects : None
  Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255
  DLCI 100
  Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
  Total down time: 00:01:13 sec, Last down: 00:01:13 ago
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0

```

```

DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0  Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces detail (E1, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0 detail
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 69
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 12 (last sent 00:00:02 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 10
    Full enquiries sent      : 2
    Enquiry responses received : 0
    Full enquiry responses received : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received   : 0
    Enquiry responses sent    : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout : 1
  CoS queues : 8 supported
  Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 225 56 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 15 0 pps
  Queue counters:

```

| | Queued packets | Transmitted packets | Dropped packets |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 0 limited | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 real-plus | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 15 | 15 | 0 |

```

  DS1 alarms : None
  DS1 defects : None
  DS1 BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
  Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32) (Generation 26)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0

```

```

Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :           0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :           0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 32, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255,
Generation: 42
DLCI 100
Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
Total down time: 00:01:18 sec, Last down: 00:01:18 ago
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :           0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
DLCI statistics:
Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces extensive (E1, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 69
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags : Keepalives DTE
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI statistics:
Input : 0 (last seen: never)
Output: 12 (last sent 00:00:05 ago)
DTE statistics:
Enquiries sent : 10
Full enquiries sent : 2
Enquiry responses received : 0
Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
Enquiries received : 0
Full enquiries received : 0
Enquiry responses sent : 0
Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
Unknown messages received : 0
Asynchronous updates received : 0
Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
Keepalive responses timedout : 1
CoS queues : 8 supported
Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never

```

```

Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :        225          0 bps
Input packets:         0          0 pps
Output packets:       15          0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 17, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 limited            0              0              0

1 expedited-fo       0              0              0

2 real-plus          0              0              0

3 network-cont       15             15             0

DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
E1  media:    Seconds      Count  State
SEF           0           0  OK
BEE           5           5  OK
AIS           0           0  OK
LOF          245          15  OK
LOS          245           4  OK
YELLOW        0          11  OK
BPV           0           0
EXZ           9           9
LCV           0           0
PCV           0           0
CS            0           0
FEBE          0           0
LES           0
ES            0
SES           0
SEFS          0
BES           0
UAS          271

HDLC configuration:
Policing bucket: Disabled
Shaping bucket : Disabled
Giant threshold: 1506, Runt threshold: 0
Timeslots      : All active
Line encoding: HDB3, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 3, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
CoS transmit queue    Bandwidth      Buffer  Priority  Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 limited             95    1945600  95        0      low  none
3 network-control      5    102400   5         0      low  none
Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32) (Generation 26)

```



```

Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          0
  Output bytes :          0
  Input packets:          0
  Output packets:         0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :          0
  Output bytes :          0
  Input packets:          0
  Output packets:         0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes :          0          0 bps
  Input packets:          0          0 pps
  Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 32, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255,
    Generation: 42
  DLCI 100
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:01:21 sec, Last down: 00:01:21 ago
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes :          0
      Output bytes :          0
      Input packets:          0
      Output packets:         0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces (E1, IMA Link)

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-1/0/0
IMA Link alarms : None
IMA Link defects : LIF, LODS
IMA Link state:
  Line : Not synchronized
  Near end : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
  Far end : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
IMA link media:      Seconds      Count  State
LIF                  0          0
LODS                  0          0
Err-ICP              0          0
IV                   0          0
Rx-FC                 0          0
Tx-FC                 0          0
FE-Defects            0          0
FE-Rx-FC              0          0
FE-Tx-FC              0          0
Rx-ICP                0          0
Rx-Stuff              0          0
Tx-ICP                0          0
Tx-Stuff              0          0
Rx-SES                0          0
Rx-UAS                0          0
Rx-UUS                1          0
Tx-UUS                0          0
FE-Rx-SES             0          0
FE-Rx-UAS             0          0

```

```

FE-Rx-UUS          0
FE-Tx-UUS          0

```

show interfaces extensive (T1, TDM-CCC-SATOP)

```

user@host>show interfaces t1-1/0/0:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: t1-1/0/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 579, Generation: 817
  Link-level type: TDM-CCC-SATOP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF,
  Parent: coc1-1/0/0:1 Interface index 152
  Device flags   : Present Running Down
  Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x0
  Link flags     : None
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped  : 2012-10-28 02:12:40 PDT (22:32:13 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: 2012-10-29 00:44:52 PDT (00:00:01 ago)
  Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort          0              0              0
    1 expedited-fo        0              0              0
    2 assured-forw        0              0              0
    3 network-cont        0              0              0

Queue number:          Mapped forwarding classes
  0                    best-effort
  1                    expedited-forwarding
  2                    assured-forwarding
  3                    network-control
DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
T1  media:      Seconds      Count  State
  SEF           0           0  OK
  BEE           0           0  OK
  AIS           0           0  OK
  LOF           0           0  OK
  LOS           0           0  OK
  YELLOW        0           0  OK
  CRC Major     0           0  OK
  CRC Minor     0           0  OK
  BPV           0           0
  EXZ           0           0
  LCV           0           0
  PCV           0           0
  CS            0           0
  CRC           0           0
  LES           0
  ES            0
  SES           0
  SEFS          0
  BES           0
  UAS           0

SAToP configuration:
  Payload size: 192
  Idle pattern: 0xFF
  Octet aligned: Disabled

```

```

Jitter buffer: packets: 8, latency: 7 ms, auto adjust: Disabled
Excessive packet loss rate: sample period: 10000 ms, threshold: 30%
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : AIS-V, RDI-V
SONET vt:
  BIP-BIP2          0          0
  REI-V             0          0
  LOP-V             0          0 OK
  AIS-V             2          0 Defect Active
  RDI-V             2          0 Defect Active
  UNEQ-V            0          0 OK
  PLM-V             0          0 OK
  ES-V              0
  SES-V             0
  UAS-V             2
  ES-VFE            0
  SES-VFE           0
  UAS-VFE           0
Received SONET overhead:
V5 : 0x07
V5(cmp) : 0x02
Transmitted SONET overhead:
V5 : 0x02
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1
CoS information:
  Direction : Output
  CoS transmit queue
Limit      %      bps      %      usec      Priority
0 best-effort 95      1459200 95      0      low
none
3 network-control 5      76800 5      0      low
none

Logical interface t1-1/0/0:1:1.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 580) (Generation 525)

Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: TDM-CCC-SATOP
CE info      Packets      Bytes      Count
CE Tx        1005          192960
CE Rx        1004          192768
CE Rx Forwarded      0
CE Strayed      0
CE Lost         0
CE Malformed    0
CE Misinserted  0
CE AIS dropped   0
CE Dropped      1005          192960
CE Overrun Events      0
CE Underrun Events     0
Protocol ccc, MTU: 1504, Generation: 814, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary

```

show interfaces extensive (DS, TDM-CCC-CESoPSN)

```

user@host>show interfaces ds-1/0/0:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: ds-1/0/0:1:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 154, SNMP ifIndex: 597, Generation: 819

```

```

Link-level type: TDM-CCC-CESoPSN, MTU: 1504, Speed: 1536kbps, Loopback: None,
FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-1/0/0:1:1 Interface index 153
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x0
Link flags     : None
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2012-10-29 00:49:03 PDT (00:00:35 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:
    Queued packets    Transmitted packets    Dropped packets

    0 best-effort      0              0              0
    1 expedited-fo     0              0              0
    2 assured-forw     0              0              0
    3 network-cont     0              0              0

Queue number:      Mapped forwarding classes
0                  best-effort
1                  expedited-forwarding
2                  assured-forwarding
3                  network-control

CESoPSN configuration:
  Packetization latency: 1000 us
  Idle pattern: 0xFF
  Jitter buffer: packets: 8, latency: 8 ms, auto adjust: Disabled
  Excessive packet loss rate: sample period: 10000 ms, threshold: 30%
DSO BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1
CoS information:
  Direction : Output
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority
Limit
    %      bps      %      usec
    0 best-effort      95      1459200      95      0      low
none
    3 network-control  5       76800      5       0      low
none

Logical interface ds-1/0/0:1:1:1.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 598) (Generation 549)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: TDM-CCC-CESoPSN
CE info      Packets      Bytes      Count
CE Tx        0            0
CE Rx        35712        6856704
CE Rx Forwarded      0
CE Strayed      0
CE Lost      0
CE Malformed    0
CE Misinserted  0
CE AIS dropped  0
CE Dropped      0      0
CE Overrun Events      0
CE Underrun Events    1

```

```
Protocol ccc, MTU: 1504, Generation: 857, Route table: 0  
Flags: Is-Primary
```

show interfaces (T3 or E3)

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | <pre>show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief detail extensive terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre> |
| Release Information | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4. |
| Description | Display status information about the specified T3 or E3 interface. |
| Options | <p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the T3 interface type is t3-fpc/pic/port, whereas the E3 interface type is e3-fpc/pic/port. On the J Series routers, the T3 interface type is t3-pim/0/port, whereas the E3 interface type is e3-pim/0/port.</p> <p>brief detail extensive terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | view |
| List of Sample Output | <p>show interfaces (T3, PPP) on page 297</p> <p>show interfaces detail (T3, PPP) on page 298</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (T3, PPP) on page 299</p> <p>show interfaces (E3, Frame Relay) on page 300</p> <p>show interfaces detail (E3, Frame Relay) on page 301</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (E3, Frame Relay) on page 302</p> |
| Output Fields | Table 17 on page 288 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (T3 or E3) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Physical Interface | | |
| Physical interface | Name of the physical interface. | All levels |
| Enabled | State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface index | Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| SNMP ifIndex | SNMP index number for the physical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Link-level type | Encapsulation being used on the physical interface. | All levels |
| MTU | MTU size on the physical interface. | All levels |
| Clocking | Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External . | All levels |
| Speed | Speed at which the interface is running. | All levels |
| Loopback | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote). | All levels |
| FCS | Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits. | All levels |
| Mode | (T3 only) Whether C-bit parity mode or M13 mode is enabled. | All levels |
| Long buildout | (T3 only) Buildout setting: less than 255 feet (68 meters) or greater than 255 feet and shorter than 450 feet (137 meters). | All levels |
| Framing | (E3 only) Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be G751 or Unframed . The default is G751 . | All levels |
| Device flags | Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Interface flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Link flags | Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | All levels |
| Hold-times | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds. | detail extensive |
| Keepalive settings | (PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> interval seconds—Time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. down-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. up-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link’s status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. | detail extensive none |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Keepalive statistics or Keepalive | <p>(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. | detail extensive none |
| LMI settings | <p>(Frame Relay) Local Management Interface (LMI) settings (ANSI or ITU). ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is LMI settings: value, value... xx seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) | detail extensive none |
| LMI | <p>(Frame Relay) LMI statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). | detail extensive none |
| DTE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data communications equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| DCE statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. | detail extensive none |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Common statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) | detail extensive none |
| Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs | (Frame Relay. Displayed only from the DTE.) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE. | detail extensive none |
| LCP state | (PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| NCP state | (PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. | detail extensive none |
| CHAP state | (PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chap-Resp-received—Response received for the challenge sent, but CHAP not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) Chap-Resp-sent—Response sent for the challenge received. Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge sent. Chap-Chal-received—Challenge received but response not yet sent. Down—CHAP authentication is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. Opened—CHAP authentication was successful. | detail extensive none |
| Last flapped | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (year-month-day hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) . | detail extensive none |
| CoS queues | Number of CoS queues configured. | detail extensive none |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Input rate | Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps). | None specified |
| Output rate | Output rate in bps and pps. | None specified |
| Statistics last cleared | Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero. | detail extensive |
| Traffic statistics | <p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface • Output packets—Number of packets received on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Input errors | <p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). • Runts—(T3 only) Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. • Giants—(T3 only) Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. • Bucket Drops—Drops resulting from the traffic load exceeding the interface transmit/receive leaky bucket configuration. The default is off. • Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. • L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. • L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. • L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. • HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. • SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC or PIM. If the value of this field increments, the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Output errors | <p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. • Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. • Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. • Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. • MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. • Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. | extensive |
| Queue counters | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Queued packets—Number of queued packets. • Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. • Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. | detail extensive |
| Active alarms Active defects | <p>E3 media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AIS—Alarm indication signal • EXZ—Excessive zeros • FERF—Far-end receive failures • IDLE—Idle code detected • LCD—Loss of cell delineation • LCV—Line code violation • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • PLL—Phase-locked loop • YLW—Remote defect indication | detail extensive none |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------------------------|--|------------------|
| DS3 media or E3 media | <p>Counts of DS3 (T3) or E3 media-specific errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. • Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. • State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The DS3 or E3 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop out of lock • Reframing—Frame alignment recovery time • AIS—Alarm indication signal • LOF—Loss of frame • LOS—Loss of signal • IDLE—Idle code detected • YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver • BPV—Bipolar violation • EXZ—Excessive zeros • LCV—Line code violation • PCV—(DS3 only) Pulse code violation • CCV—(DS3 only) C-bit coding violation • FEBE—(DS3 only) Far-end block error • LES—Line error seconds • PES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds • PSSES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds (section) • CES—(DS3 only) C-bit errored seconds • CSES—(DS3 only) C-bit severely errored seconds • SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds • UAS—Unavailable seconds | extensive |
| HDLC configuration | <p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. • Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. • Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. • Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. • Idle cycle flag—Idle cycle flags. • Start end flag—Start and end flag. | extensive |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|--|---|-----------------------|
| DSU configuration | <p>Information about the DSU configuration. The last three lines (Bit count, Error bit count, and LOS information) are displayed only if a BERT has ever been run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compatibility mod—CSU/DSU compatibility mode: None, Larscom, Kentrox, or Digital-Link. • Scrambling—Payload scrambling: Enabled or Disabled. • Subrate—Configured subrate setting. Applies only when Digital-Link compatibility mode is used. The subrate can be Disabled or display units in Kbps. • FEAC loopbac—(T3) Whether a far-end alarm and control (FEAC) loopback is Active or Inactive. This feature is used to send alarm or status information from the far-end terminal back to the near-end terminal and to initiate T3 loopbacks at the far-end terminal from the near-end terminal. • Response—Whether the FEAC signal is Enabled or Disabled. • Count—Number of FEAC loopbacks. | extensive |
| DS3 (or E3) BERT configuration | <p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. | detail extensive none |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | <p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. | extensive |
| CoS information | <p>Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. • Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. • Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). • Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. • Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. • Priority—Queue priority: low or high. • Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. | extensive |

Logical Interface

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Logical interface | Name of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Index | Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence. | detail extensive none |
| SNMP ifIndex | Logical interface SNMP interface index number. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | extensive |
| Flags | Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Encapsulation | Encapsulation on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Input packets | Number of packets received on the logical interface. | None specified |
| Output packets | Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface. | None specified |
| Traffic statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. • Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. • Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. • Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. | detail extensive |
| Local statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. | detail extensive |
| Transit statistics | (Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter normally stabilizes in less than 1 second. | detail extensive |
| Protocol | Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mlfr , or mpls . | detail extensive none |
| Multilink bundle | (Multilink) Interface name for the multilink bundle. | detail extensive none |
| MTU | MTU size on the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive |
| Route table | Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 . | detail extensive |
| Flags | Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |

Table 17: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Addresses, Flags | Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> . | detail extensive none |
| Destination | IP address of the remote side of the connection. | detail extensive none |
| Local | IP address of the logical interface. | detail extensive none |
| Broadcast | Broadcast address. | detail extensive none |
| Generation | Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI | <p>(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags, Total down time, Last down, and Traffic statistics (or Input packets, Output packets). Flags is one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. • Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. • DCE Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. • Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. • DCE-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. | detail extensive none |
| DLCI statistics | <p>(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. • Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. | detail extensive none |

Sample Output

show interfaces (T3, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces t3-0/2/0
Physical interface: t3-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 35
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity,
  Long buildout: Shorter than 255 feet
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
  LCP state: Down
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped   : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:18:40 ago)
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 72 bps (0 pps)

```

```

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
DS3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced error rate: 10e-0

```

```

Logical interface t3-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 54)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255

```

show interfaces detail (T3, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces t3-0/2/0 detail
Physical interface: t3-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 35, Generation: 22
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity,
Long buildout: Shorter than 255 feet
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : Keepalives
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:18:45 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 152 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 8 0 pps
Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets

0 best-effort 0 0 0
1 expedited-fo 0 0 0
2 assured-forw 0 0 0
3 network-cont 6 6 0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
DS3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced error rate: 10e-0

Logical interface t3-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 54) (Generation 8)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down

```


Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
 Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
 Generation: 24

show interfaces extensive (T3, PPP)

```

user@host> show interfaces t3-0/2/0 extensive
Physical interface: t3-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 35, Generation: 22
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity,
  Long buildout: Shorter than 255 feet
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  LCP state: Down
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:18:47 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          0          0 bps
    Output bytes :         171         72 bps
    Input packets:          0          0 pps
    Output packets:          9          0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Bucket drops: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,
    L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
    SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

    Resource errors: 0
  Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort          0              0              0

    1 expedited-fo          0              0              0

    2 assured-forw          0              0              0

    3 network-cont          7              7              0

  Active alarms : None
  Active defects : None
  DS3 media:
    Seconds      Count  State
    PLL Lock      0      0 OK
    Reframing      0      0 OK
    AIS            0      0 OK
    LOF            0      0 OK
    LOS            0      0 OK
    IDLE           0      0 OK
    YELLOW         0      0 OK

```

```

BPV                0          0
EXZ                0          0
LCV                1          4
PCV                0          0
CCV                0          0
FEBE               1          11
LES                1
PES                0
PSES               0
CES                0
CSES               0
SEFS               0
UAS                0
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
  Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
DSU configuration:
  Compatibility mode: None, Scrambling: Disabled, Subrate: Disabled
  FEAC loopback: Inactive, Response: Disabled, Count: 0
DS3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced error rate: 10e-0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue    Bandwidth    Buffer    Priority    Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort          95    42499200    95      0      low    none
3 network-control      5     2236800     5      0      low    none

Logical interface t3-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 54) (Generation 8)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
Generation: 24

```

show interfaces (E3, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces e3-1/2/0
Physical interface: e3-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 49
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G751
Device flags    : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags      : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 0 (never), Output: 4 (00:00:06 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent                : 4
  Full enquiries sent           : 0
  Enquiry responses received    : 0
  Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received            : 0
  Full enquiries received       : 0
  Enquiry responses sent        : 0

```

```

    Full enquiry responses sent      : 0
Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received       : 0
    Asynchronous updates received   : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout    : 1
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped   : 2005-12-05 08:46:14 PST (02:27:17 ago)
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
Active alarms  : None
Active defects : None

Logical interface e3-1/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 57)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255
  DLCI 100
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:00:06 sec, Last down: 00:00:06 ago
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces detail (E3, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces e3-1/2/0 detail
Physical interface: e3-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 49, Generation: 36
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G751
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 5 (last sent 00:00:07 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 5
    Full enquiries sent      : 0
    Enquiry responses received : 0
    Full enquiry responses received : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received   : 0
    Enquiry responses sent    : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout : 1
  CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped   : 2005-12-05 08:46:14 PST (02:27:27 ago)

```

```

Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :         806          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:        44          0 pps
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

0 best-effort          0              0              0

1 expedited-fo         0              0              0

2 assured-forw         0              0              0

3 network-cont        43              43              0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None

Logical interface e3-1/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 57) (Generation 15)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 24, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
Generation: 38
DLCI 100
Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
Total down time: 00:00:16 sec, Last down: 00:00:16 ago
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
DLCI statistics:
Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

show interfaces extensive (E3, Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces e3-1/2/0 extensive
Physical interface: e3-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 49, Generation: 36
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G751
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

```

```

Link flags      : Keepalives DTE
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 6 (last sent 00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 5
  Full enquiries sent      : 1
  Enquiry responses received : 0
  Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 1
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped   : 2005-12-05 08:46:14 PST (02:27:30 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 821 56 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 45 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 21118, Bucket drops: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:

```

| | Queued packets | Transmitted packets | Dropped packets |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 0 best-effort | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 expedited-fo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 assured-forw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 network-cont | 44 | 44 | 0 |

```

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
E3 media:

```

| | Seconds | Count | State |
|-----------|---------|----------|-------|
| PLL Lock | 0 | 0 | OK |
| Reframing | 187 | 1 | OK |
| AIS | 0 | 0 | OK |
| LOF | 187 | 1 | OK |
| LOS | 187 | 1 | OK |
| IDLE | 0 | 0 | OK |
| YELLOW | 0 | 0 | OK |
| BPV | 0 | 0 | |
| EXZ | 0 | 0 | |
| LCV | 188 | 12303167 | |

```

LES                                188
SEFS                               187
UAS                                195
DSU configuration:
  Compatibility mode: None, Scrambling: Disabled
E3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced Error rate: 10e-0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority      Limit
                           %             bps        %          usec
0 best-effort             95      32649600   95           0          low     none
3 network-control         5       1718400    5           0          low     none

Logical interface e3-1/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 57) (Generation 15)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 24, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
    Generation: 38
DLCI 100
  Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
  Total down time: 00:00:19 sec, Last down: 00:00:19 ago
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

PART 4

Troubleshooting

- [Interface Diagnostics on page 307](#)

CHAPTER 6

Interface Diagnostics

- [Interface Diagnostics on page 307](#)

Interface Diagnostics

You can use two diagnostic tools to test the physical layer connections of interfaces: loopback testing and bit error rate test (BERT) testing. Loopback testing enables you to verify the connectivity of a circuit. BERT testing enables you to identify poor signal quality on a circuit. This section contains the following topics:

- [Configuring Loopback Testing on page 307](#)
- [Interface Diagnostics on page 309](#)

Configuring Loopback Testing

Loopback testing allows you to verify the connectivity of a circuit. You can configure any of the following interfaces to execute a loopback test: Aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, E1, E3, NxDS0, serial, SONET/SDH, T1, and T3.

The physical path of a network data circuit usually consists of segments interconnected by devices that repeat and regenerate the transmission signal. The transmit path on one device connects to the receive path on the next device. If a circuit fault occurs in the form of a line break or a signal corruption, you can isolate the problem by using a loopback test. Loopback tests allow you to isolate segments of the circuit and test them separately.

To do this, configure a *line loopback* on one of the routers. Instead of transmitting the signal toward the far-end device, the line loopback sends the signal back to the originating router. If the originating router receives back its own data link layer packets, you have verified that the problem is beyond the originating router. Next, configure a line loopback farther away from the local router. If this originating router does not receive its own data link layer packets, you can assume the problem is on one of the segments between the local router and the remote router's interface card. In this case, the next troubleshooting step is to configure a line loopback closer to the local router to find the source of the problem.

There are several types of loopback testing supported by the Junos OS, as follows:

- DCE local—Loops packets back on the local DCE.
- DCE remote—Loops packets back on the remote DCE.

- **Local**—Useful for troubleshooting physical PIC errors. Configuring local loopback on an interface allows transmission of packets to the channel service unit (CSU) and then to the circuit toward the far-end device. The interface receives its own transmission, which includes data and timing information, on the local router's PIC. The data received from the CSU is ignored. To test a local loopback, issue the **show interfaces *interface-name*** command. If PPP keepalives transmitted on the interface are received by the PIC, the **Device Flags** field contains the output **Loop-Detected**.
- **Payload**—Useful for troubleshooting the physical circuit problems between the local router and the remote router. A payload loopback loops data only (without clocking information) on the remote router's PIC. With payload loopback, overhead is recalculated.
- **Remote**—Useful for troubleshooting the physical circuit problems between the local router and the remote router. A remote loopback loops packets, including both data and timing information, back on the remote router's interface card. A router at one end of the circuit initiates a remote loopback toward its remote partner. When you configure a remote loopback, the packets received from the physical circuit and CSU are received by the interface. Those packets are then retransmitted by the PIC back toward the CSU and the circuit. This loopback tests all the intermediate transmission segments.

Table 18 on page 308 shows the loopback modes supported on the various interface types.

Table 18: Loopback Modes by Interface Type

| Interface | Loopback Modes | Usage Guidelines |
|--|--|--|
| Aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet | Local | <i>Configuring Ethernet Loopback Capability</i> |
| Circuit Emulation E1 | Local and remote | <i>Configuring E1 Loopback Capability</i> |
| Circuit Emulation T1 | Local and remote | <i>Configuring T1 Loopback Capability</i> |
| E1 and E3 | Local and remote | <i>Configuring E1 Loopback Capability and Configuring E3 Loopback Capability</i> |
| NxDSO | Payload | <i>Configuring Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces, Configuring T1 and NxDSO Interfaces, Configuring Channelized OC12/STM4 IQ and IQE Interfaces (SONET Mode), Configuring Channelized STM1 IQ and IQE Interfaces, and Configuring Channelized T3 IQ Interfaces</i> |
| Serial (V.35 and X.21) | Local and remote | <i>Configuring Serial Loopback Capability</i> |
| Serial (EIA-530) | DCE local, DCE remote, local, and remote | <i>Configuring Serial Loopback Capability</i> |
| SONET/SDH | Local and remote | <i>Configuring SONET/SDH Loopback Capability</i> |

Table 18: Loopback Modes by Interface Type (*continued*)

| Interface | Loopback Modes | Usage Guidelines |
|-----------|----------------------------|---|
| T1 and T3 | Local, payload, and remote | <i>Configuring T1 Loopback Capability</i> and <i>Configuring T3 Loopback Capability</i> <i>See also Configuring the T1 Remote Loopback Response</i> |

To configure loopback testing, include the **loopback** statement:

loopback mode;

You can include this statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- [edit interfaces *interface-name* aggregated-ether-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* ds0-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* e1-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* e3-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* fastether-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* gigether-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* serial-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* sonet-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* t1-options]
- [edit interfaces *interface-name* t3-options]

Interface Diagnostics

BERT allows you to troubleshoot problems by checking the quality of links. You can configure any of the following interfaces to execute a BERT when the interface receives a request to run this test: E1, E3, T1, T3; the channelized DS3, OC3, OC12, and STM1 interfaces; and the channelized DS3 IQ, E1 IQ, and OC12 IQ interfaces.

A BERT test requires a line loop to be in place on either the transmission devices or the far-end router. The local router generates a known bit pattern and sends it out the transmit path. The received pattern is then verified against the sent pattern. The higher the bit error rate of the received pattern, the worse the noise is on the physical circuit. As you move the position of the line loop increasingly downstream toward the far-end router, you can isolate the troubled portion of the link.

To configure BERT, you must configure the duration of the test, the bit pattern to send on the transmit path, and the error rate to monitor when the inbound pattern is received.

To configure the duration of the test, the pattern to send in the bit stream, and the error rate to include in the bit stream, include the **bert-period**, **bert-algorithm**, and **bert-error-rate** statements, respectively, at the [edit interfaces *interface-name* *interface-type*-options] hierarchy level:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name interface-type-options]
bert-algorithm algorithm;
bert-error-rate rate;
bert-period seconds;
```

By default, the BERT period is 10 seconds. You can configure the BERT period to last from 1 through 239 seconds on some PICs and from 1 through 240 seconds on other PICs.

rate is the bit error rate. This can be an integer from 0 through 7, which corresponds to a bit error rate from 10^{-0} (1 error per bit) to 10^{-7} (1 error per 10 million bits).

algorithm is the pattern to send in the bit stream. For a list of supported algorithms, enter a ? after the **bert-algorithm** statement; for example:

```
[edit interfaces t1-0/0/0 t1-options]
user@host# set bert-algorithm ?
Possible completions:
pseudo-2e11-o152    Pattern is 2^11 - 1 (per 0.152 standard)
pseudo-2e15-o151    Pattern is 2^15 - 1 (per 0.152 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o151    Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o153    Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.153 standard)
...
```

For specific hierarchy information, see the individual interface types.



NOTE: The 4-port E1 PIC supports only the following algorithms:

| | |
|------------------|--|
| pseudo-2e11-o152 | Pattern is 2^11 - 1 (per 0.152 standard) |
| pseudo-2e15-o151 | Pattern is 2^15 - 1 (per 0.151 standard) |
| pseudo-2e20-o151 | Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.151 standard) |
| pseudo-2e23-o151 | Pattern is 2^23 (per 0.151 standard) |

When you issue the help command from the CLI, all BERT algorithm options are displayed, regardless of the PIC type, and no commit check is available. Unsupported patterns for a PIC type can be viewed in system log messages.



NOTE: The 12-port T1/E1 Circuit Emulation (CE) PIC supports only the following algorithms:

```

all-ones-repeating    Repeating one bits
all-zeros-repeating   Repeating zero bits
alternating-double-ones-zeros Alternating pairs of ones and zeros
alternating-ones-zeros Alternating ones and zeros
pseudo-2e11-o152      Pattern is 2^11 - 1 (per 0.152 standard)
pseudo-2e15-o151      Pattern is 2^15 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o151      Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e7            Pattern is 2^7 - 1
pseudo-2e9-o153       Pattern is 2^9 - 1 (per 0.153 standard)
repeating-1-in-4       1 bit in 4 is set
repeating-1-in-8       1 bit in 8 is set
repeating-3-in-24      3 bits in 24 are set

```

When you issue the help command from the CLI, all BERT algorithm options are displayed, regardless of the PIC type, and no commit check is available. Unsupported patterns for a PIC type can be viewed in system log messages.



NOTE: The IQE PICs support only the following algorithms:

```

all-ones-repeating    Repeating one bits
all-zeros-repeating   Repeating zero bits
alternating-double-ones-zeros Alternating pairs of ones and zeros
alternating-ones-zeros Alternating ones and zeros
pseudo-2e9-o153       Pattern is 2^9 - 1 (per 0.153 (511 type) standard)
pseudo-2e11-o152      Pattern is 2^11 - 1 (per 0.152 and 0.153 (2047 type)
standards)
pseudo-2e15-o151      Pattern is 2^15 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o151      Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o153      Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.153 standard)
pseudo-2e23-o151      Pattern is 2^23 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
repeating-1-in-4       1 bit in 4 is set
repeating-1-in-8       1 bit in 8 is set
repeating-3-in-24      3 bits in 24 are set

```

When you issue the help command from the CLI, all BERT algorithm options are displayed, regardless of the PIC type, and no commit check is available. Unsupported patterns for a PIC type can be viewed in system log messages.



NOTE: BERT is supported on the PDH interfaces of the Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP and the DS3/E3 MIC. The following BERT algorithms are supported:

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| all-ones-repeating | Repeating one bits |
| all-zeros-repeating | Repeating zero bits |
| alternating-double-ones-zeros | Alternating pairs of ones and zeros |
| alternating-ones-zeros | Alternating ones and zeros |
| repeating-1-in-4 | 1 bit in 4 is set |
| repeating-1-in-8 | 1 bit in 8 is set |
| repeating-3-in-24 | 3 bits in 24 are set |
| pseudo-2e9-o153 | Pattern is $2^9 - 1$ (per 0.153 standard) |
| pseudo-2e11-o152 | Pattern is $2^{11} - 1$ (per 0.152 standard) |
| pseudo-2e15-o151 | Pattern is $2^{15} - 1$ (per 0.151 standard) |
| pseudo-2e20-o151 | Pattern is $2^{20} - 1$ (per 0.151 standard) |
| pseudo-2e20-o153 | Pattern is $2^{20} - 1$ (per 0.153 standard) |
| pseudo-2e23-o151 | Pattern is $2^{23} - 1$ (per 0.151 standard) |

Table 19 on page 312 shows the BERT capabilities for various interface types.

Table 19: BERT Capabilities by Interface Type

| Interface | T1 BERT | T3 BERT | Comments |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 12-port T1/E1 Circuit Emulation | Yes (ports 0–11) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limited algorithms |
| 4-port Channelized OC3/STM1 Circuit Emulation | Yes (port 0–3) | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limited algorithms |
| E1 or T1 | Yes (port 0–3) | Yes (port 0–3) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single port at a time Limited algorithms |
| E3 or T3 | Yes (port 0–3) | Yes (port 0–3) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single port at a time |
| Channelized OC12 | N/A | Yes (channel 0–11) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Single channel at a time Limited algorithms No bit count |
| Channelized STM1 | Yes (channel 0–62) | N/A | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple channels Only one algorithm No error insert No bit count |
| Channelized T3 and Multichannel T3 | Yes (channel 0–27) | Yes (port 0–3 on channel 0) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple ports and channels Limited algorithms for T1 No error insert for T1 No bit count for T1 |

These limitations do not apply to channelized IQ interfaces. For information about BERT capabilities on channelized IQ interfaces, see *Channelized IQ and IQE Interfaces Properties*.

Starting and Stopping a BERT Test

Before you can start the BERT test, you must disable the interface. To do this, include the **disable** statement at the **[edit interfaces *interface-name*]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
disable;
```

After you configure the BERT properties and commit the configuration, begin the test by issuing the **test interface *interface-name* *interface-type*-bert-start** operational mode command:

```
user@host> test interface interface-name interface-type-bert-start
```

The test runs for the duration you specify with the **bert-period** statement. If you wish to terminate the test sooner, issue the **test interface *interface-name* *interface-type*-bert-stop** command:

```
user@host> test interface interface-name interface-type-bert-stop
```

For example:

```
user@host> test interface t3-1/2/0 t3-bert-start
user@host> test interface t3-1/2/0 t3-bert-stop
```

To view the results of the BERT test, issue the **show interfaces extensive | find BERT** command:

```
user@host> show interfaces interface-name extensive | find BERT
```

For more information about running and evaluating the results of the BERT procedure, see the [CLI Explorer](#).



NOTE: To exchange BERT patterns between a local router and a remote router, include the **loopback remote** statement in the interface configuration at the remote end of the link. From the local router, issue the **test interface** command.

Example: Configuring Bit Error Rate Testing

Configure a BERT test on a T3 interface. In this example, the run duration lasts for 120 seconds. The configured error rate is 0, which corresponds to a bit error rate of 10^{-0} (1 error per bit). The configured bit pattern of **all-ones-repeating** means that every bit the interface sends is a set to a value of 1.

```
[edit interfaces]
t3-1/2/0 {
  t3-options {
    bert algorithm all-ones-repeating;
    bert-error-rate 0;
    bert-period 120;
```

```
}  
}
```


PART 5

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