

Configuring Firewall Filters (J-Web Procedure)

To configure firewall filters settings using the J-Web interface:

1. Select **Configure > Security > Filters**.

The Firewall Filter Configuration screen displays a list of all configured VLAN or router filters and the ports or VLANs associated with a particular filter.

2. Click one:
 - **Add**—Select this option to create a new filter. Enter information as specified in Table 1.
 - **Edit**—Select this option to edit an existing filter settings. Enter information as specified in Table 1.
 - **Delete**—Select this option to delete a filter.
 - **Term Up**—Select this option to move a term up in the filter term list.
 - **Term Down**—Select this option to move a term down in the filter term list.

Table 1: Create a New Filter

Field	Function	Your Action
Filter tab		
Filter type	Specifies the filter type: Port/VLAN firewall filter or Router firewall filter.	Select the filter type.
Filter name	Specifies the name for the filter.	Enter a name.
Select terms to be part of the filter	Specifies the terms to be associated with the filter. Add new terms or edit existing terms.	Click Add to add new terms. Enter information as specified in Table 2.
Association tab		
Port Associations	Specifies the ports with which the filter is associated. NOTE: For a Port/VLAN filter type only Ingress direction is supported for port association.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Click Add.2. Select the direction: Ingress or Egress.3. Select the ports.4. Click OK.
VLAN Associations	Specifies the VLANs with which the filter is associated. NOTE: Because Router firewall filters can be associated with ports only, this section is not displayed for a Router firewall filter.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Click Add.2. Select the direction: Ingress or Egress.3. Select the VLANs.4. Click OK.

Table 2: Create a New Term

Field	Function	Your Action
Term Name	Specifies the name of the term.	Enter a name.
Protocols	Specifies the protocols to be associated with the term.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click Add. 2. Select the protocols. 3. Click OK.
Source/Destination	Specifies the IP address, MAC address, and available ports. NOTE: MAC address is specified only for a Port/VLAN filters.	Click Edit to enter the IP address and select the ports for the source and destination.
Action	Specifies the packet actions for the term.	Select one: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Accept ■ Discard
More	Specifies advanced configuration options for the filter.	Select the Match conditions as specified in Table 3. Select the packet actions for the term as specified in Table 3.

Table 3: Term-Advanced Options

Table	Function	Your Action
ICMP Type	Specifies the ICMP packet type field. Typically, you specify this match in conjunction with the protocol match to determine which protocol is being used on the port.	Select the option from the list.
ICMP Code	Specifies more specific information than icmp-type. Because the value's meaning depends upon the associated icmp-type, you must specify icmp-type along with icmp-code. The keywords are grouped by the ICMP type with which they are associated.	Select one: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Parameter-problem ■ Redirect ■ Time-exceeded ■ Unreachable
Fragment Flags	Specifies the IP fragmentation flags. NOTE: Fragment flags is supported on ingress ports, VLANs, and router interfaces.	Select either the option is-fragment or enter a combination of fragment flags.
TCP Flags	Specifies one or more TCP flags. NOTE: TCP flags is supported on ingress ports, VLANs, and router interfaces.	Select either the option tcp-initial or enter a combination of TCP flags.

Table 3: Term-Advanced Options *(continued)*

Table	Function	Your Action
IP Precedence	Specifies IP precedence. The options are: assured forwarding, best-effort, expedited-forwarding, network-control. NOTE: IP precedence and DSCP number cannot be specified together for the same term.	Select the option from the list.
Interface	Specifies the interface association.	Select the interface from the list.
Ether Type	Specifies the ethernet type field of a packet. NOTE: This option is not applicable for a Routing filter.	Select one: ■ Arp ■ Dot 1 q
dot1q-tag	Specifies the tag field in the Ethernet header. Values can be from 1 through 4095. NOTE: This option is not applicable for a Routing filter.	Enter the required number.
Dot 1 q User Priority	Specifies the user-priority field of the tagged Ethernet packet. User-priority values can be 0–7. In place of the numeric value, you can specify one of the following text synonyms (the field values are also listed) ■ background (1)—Background ■ best-effort (0)—Best effort ■ controlled-load (4)—Controlled load ■ excellent-load (3)—Excellent load ■ network-control (7)—Network control reserved traffic ■ standard (2)—Standard or Spare ■ video (5)—Video ■ voice (6)—Voice NOTE: This option is not applicable for a Routing filter.	Enter a number or the corresponding text synonym.
DSCP Number	Specifies the Differentiated Services code point (DSCP). The DiffServ protocol uses the type-of-service (ToS) byte in the IP header. The most significant six bits of this byte form the DSCP.	Select the DSCP number from the list.
Select VLAN	Specifies the VLAN to be associated. NOTE: This option is not applicable for a Routing filter.	Select the VLAN from the list.
TTL Value	Specifies the time-to-live value. NOTE: This option is applicable for a Routing filter.	Enter a value.
Packet Length	Specifies the length of the packet. NOTE: This option is applicable for a Routing filter.	Enter a value.
Action		

Table 3: Term-Advanced Options *(continued)*

Table	Function	Your Action
Counter Name	Specifies the count of the number of packets that pass this filter, term, or policer.	Enter a value.
Forwarding Class	Classifies the packet into one of the following forwarding classes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ assured-forwarding■ best-effort■ expedited-forwarding■ network-control■ user-defined	Select the option from the list.
Loss Priority	Specifies the Packet Loss Priority. NOTE: Forwarding Class and Loss Priority should be specified together for the same term.	Enter the value.
Analyzer	Specifies whether to perform port-mirroring on packets. Port-mirroring copies all packets seen on one switch port to a network monitoring connection on another switch port.	Select the analyzer from the list.

- Related Topics**
- Configuring Firewall Filters (CLI Procedure)
 - Example: Configuring Firewall Filters for Port, VLAN, and Router Traffic on EX-series Switches
 - Verifying That Firewall Filters Are Operational
 - Firewall Filters for EX-series Switches Overview